

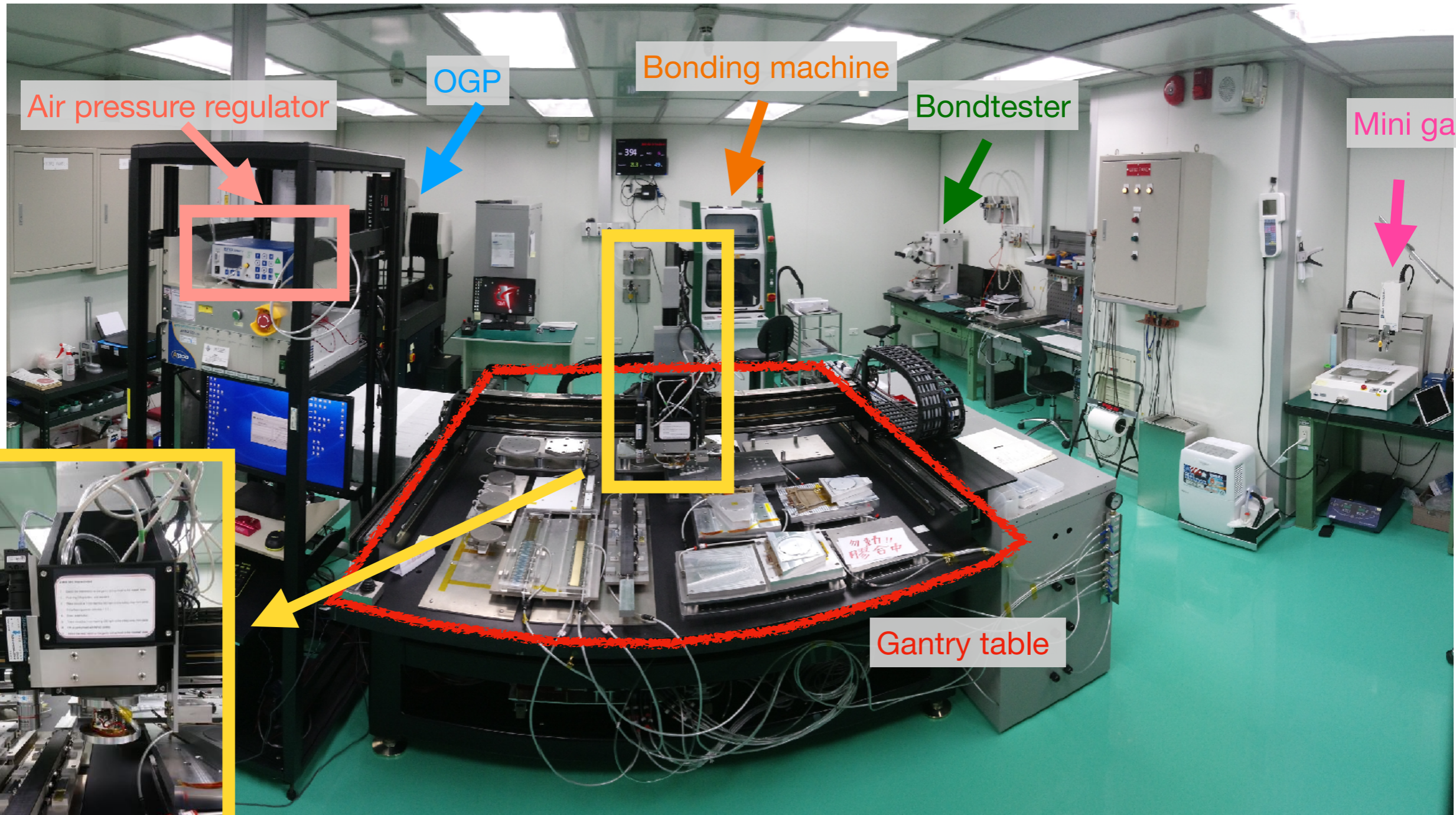
# Final Design of the INTT Ladder and Production Readiness Review (PRR)

## Ladder Assembly at NCU/NTU

WBS : 3.01

Cheng-Wei Shih,  
National Central University & National Taiwan University, Taiwan  
March 2<sup>nd</sup>, 2021

- Introduction of TSIDF
- Ladder assembly
  - equipments
  - principles
  - procedures
- Production readiness



Gantry head, 4 dimensions available



Bonding machine  
Wire bond



Bondtester  
Bonding wire quality test

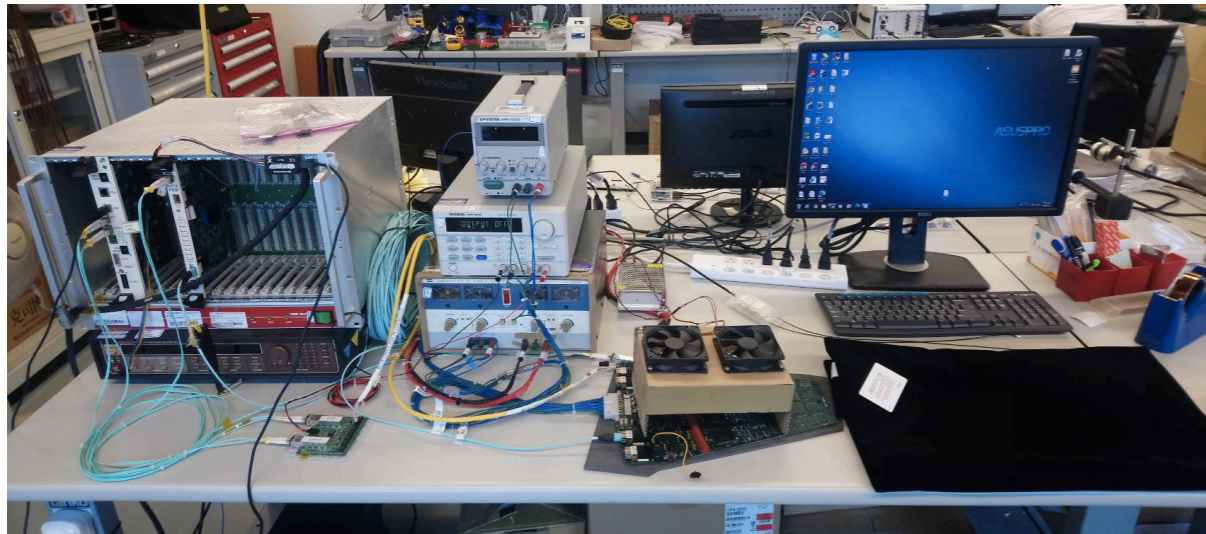


OGP  
Flatness & position measurement

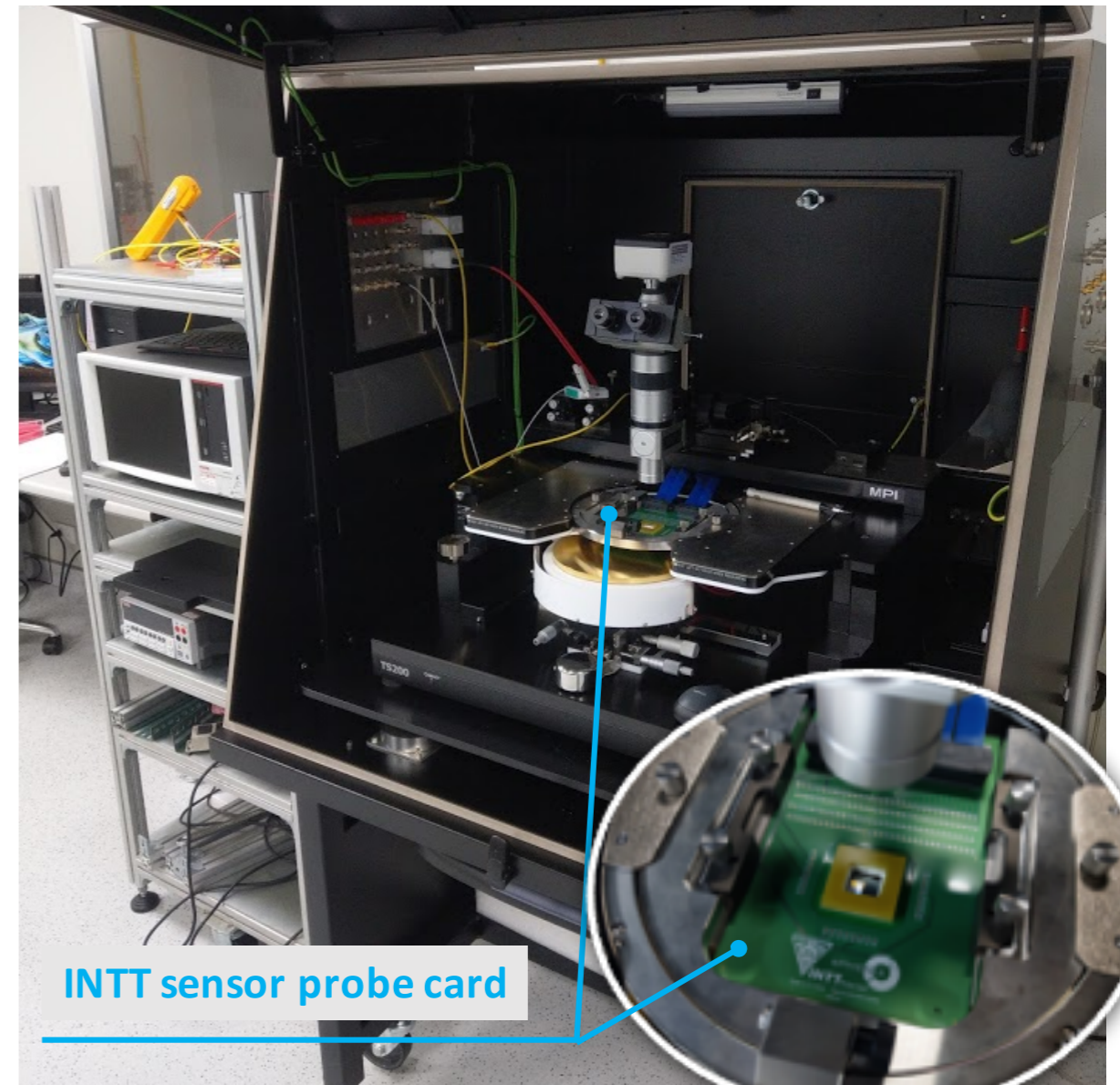


Mini gantry  
Encapsulation

Testbench  
DAQ, Calibration test



Probe station  
INTT sensor characterization

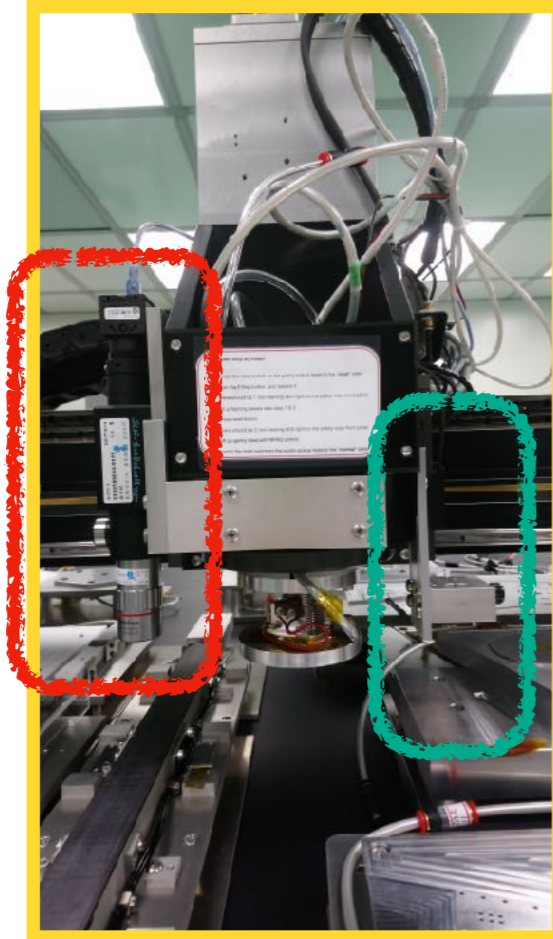
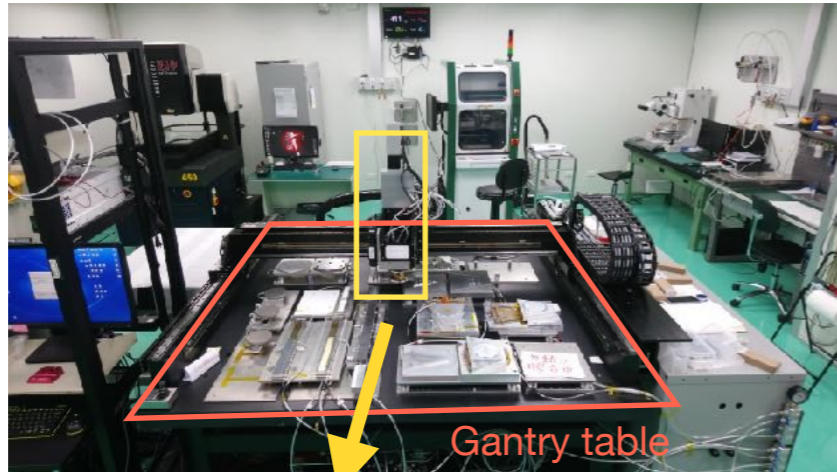


Temperature & humidity chamber  
Half-ladder/Ladder thermal cycle



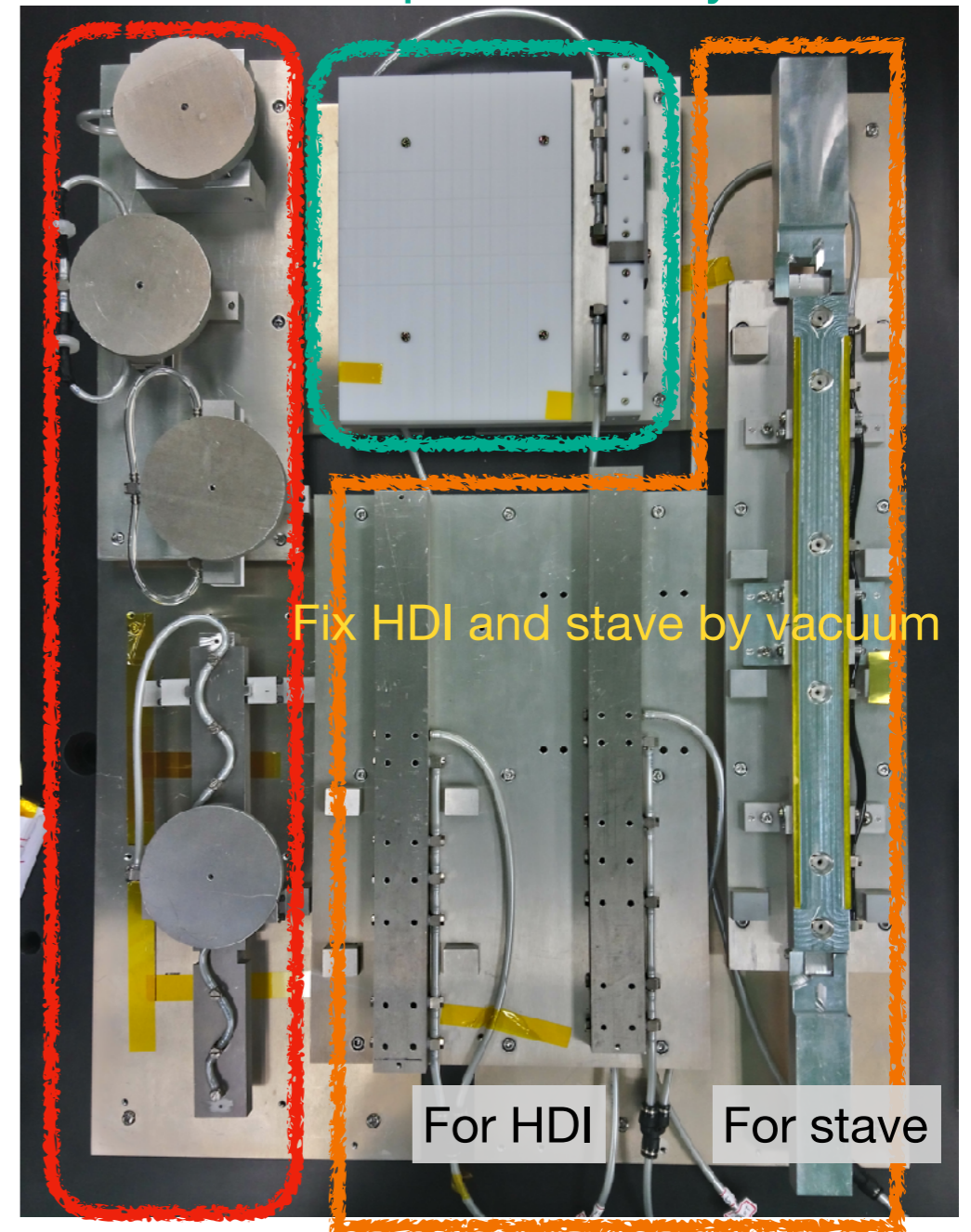
# Ladder assembly equipments

The assembly mainly runs on gantry table



Ladder assembly fixtures

Components tray



Camera

Glue holder

Fix HDI and stave by vacuum

For HDI

For stave

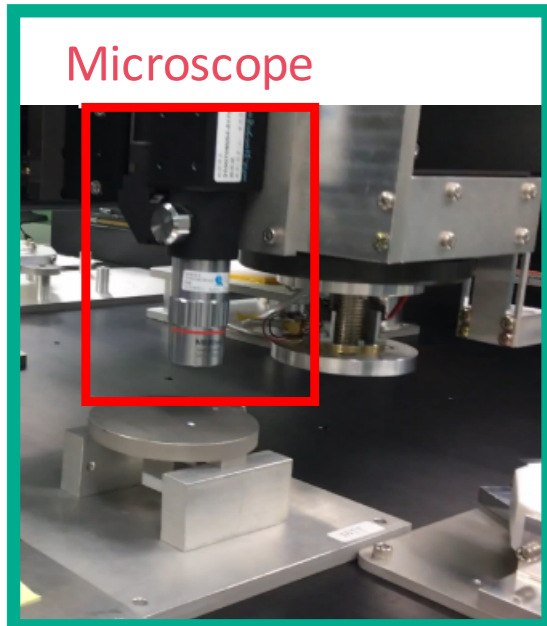
Pick up tools

Assembly tray

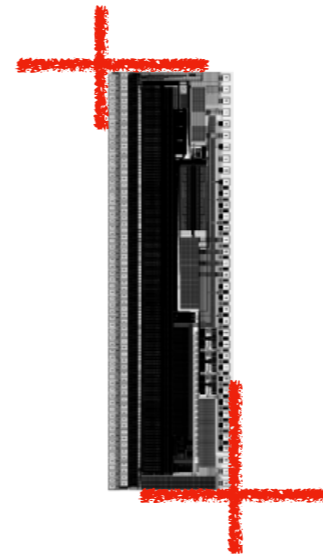
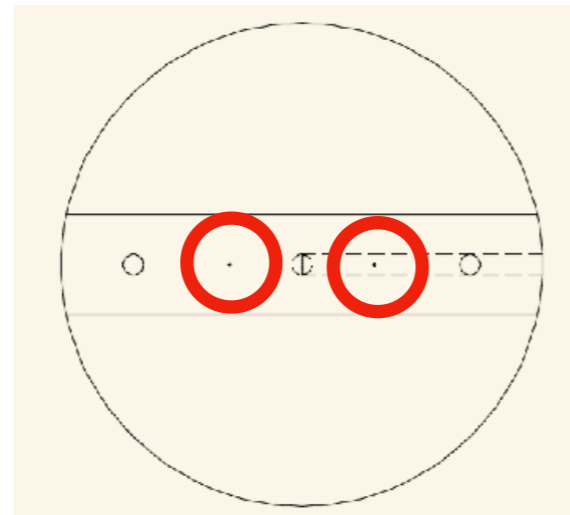
4 dimensional freedom : X, Y, Z & rotation  
Gantry head moving accuracy : ~ 5um

# Component position measurements

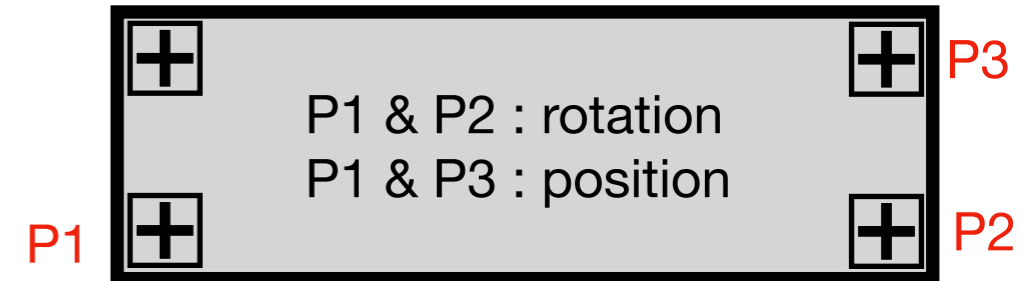
The measured positions for each component



Pick up tools : alignment holes

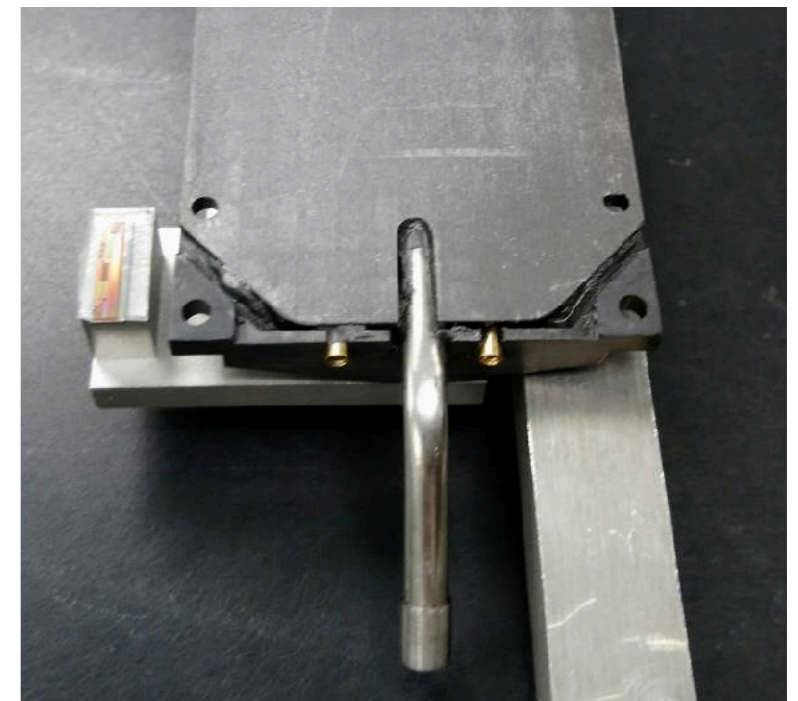
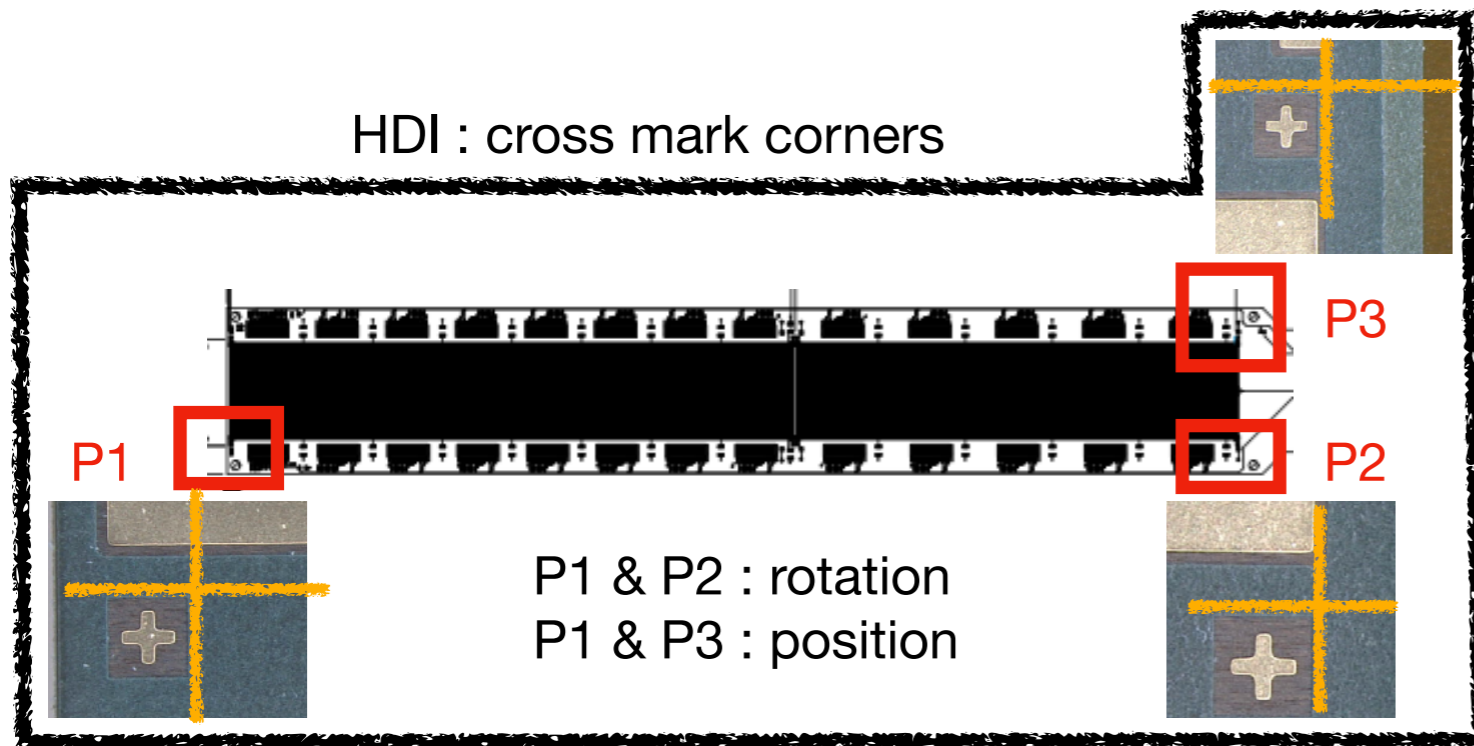


Chip : corners



Sensor : cross marks

HDI : cross mark corners



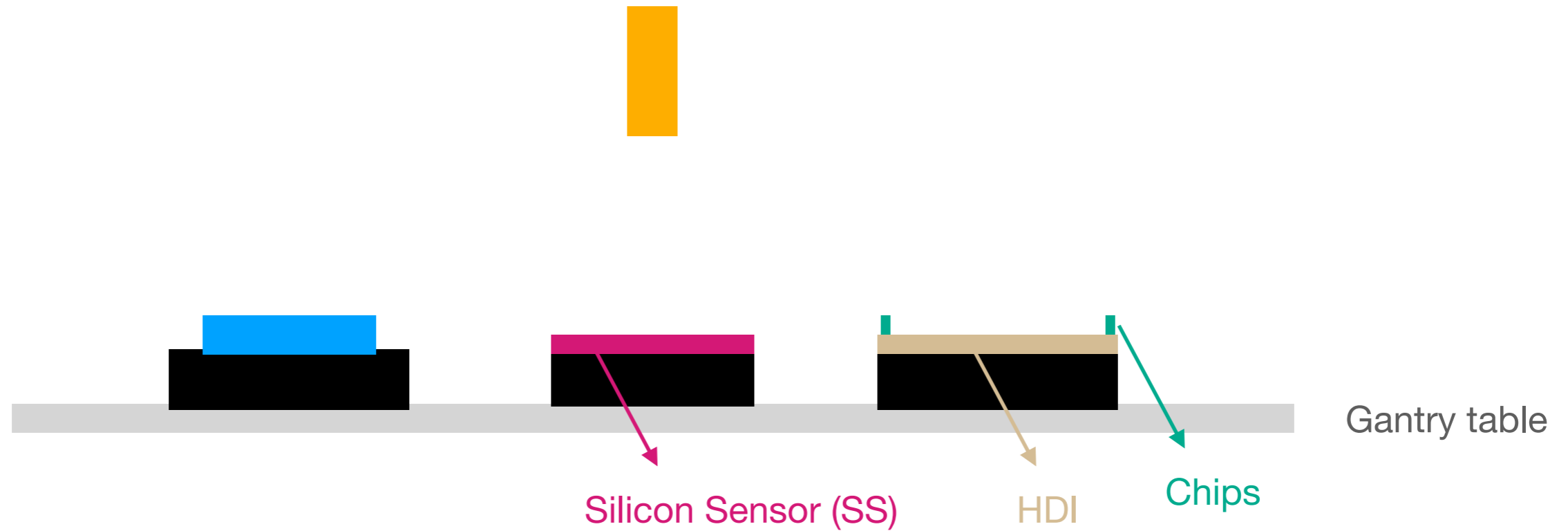
Stave : chip cross marks

# Ladder assembly principle

 : Gantry Head (GH)

 : Trays for placing components

 : Pick Up Tool (PUT)



## Procedures

1	GH	pick up	PUT
2	PUT	pick up	SS
3	PUT	place	SS
4	GH	return	PUT

All the components (chips & sensors) are mounted in an automatic way with gantry



## Components test before assembly

- HDI : pads continuity probing
- Sensor : CV measurement
- Stave : flatness measurement, flow & leakage test

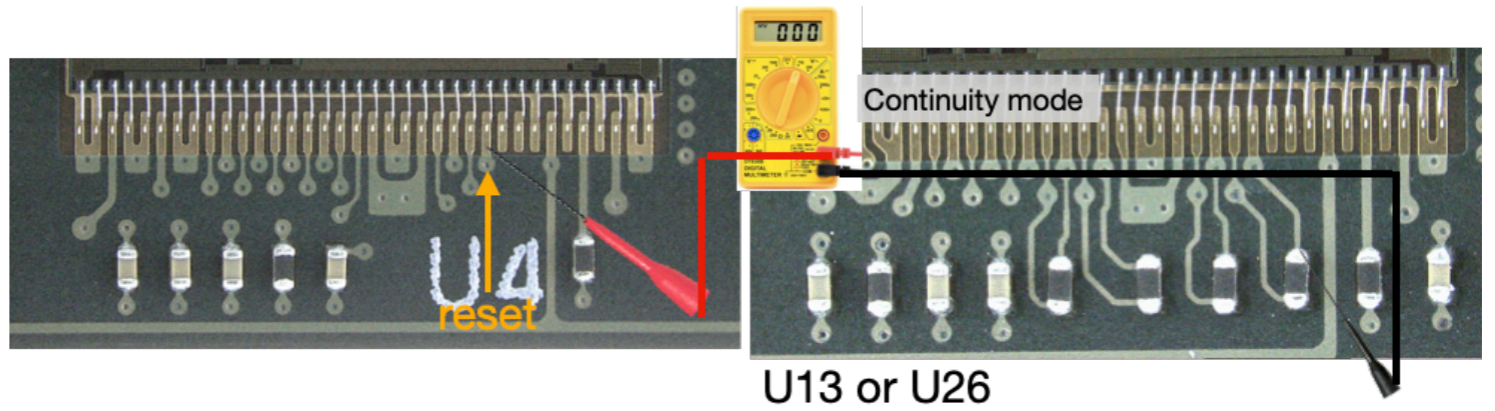
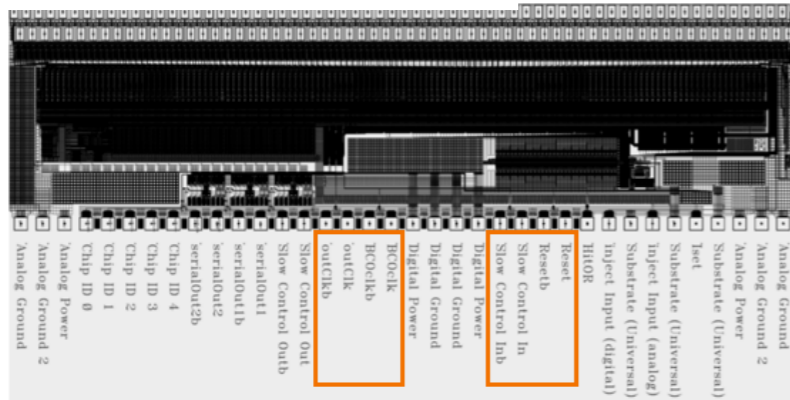
Assembly unit : **Half-ladder** (26 chips + 2 sensors + HDI)

	Assembly step		Calibration test
Half-ladder	Assembly	Chip → HDI	
	Wire bond	Chip → HDI	V
	Assembly	Sensor → HDI	
	Wire bond	Sensor → Chip	V
	Encapsulation	Wire bonding	V
	Thermal cycle		V
Ladder	Assembly	Half-ladder → Stave	V

# Components test before assembly SPHENIX



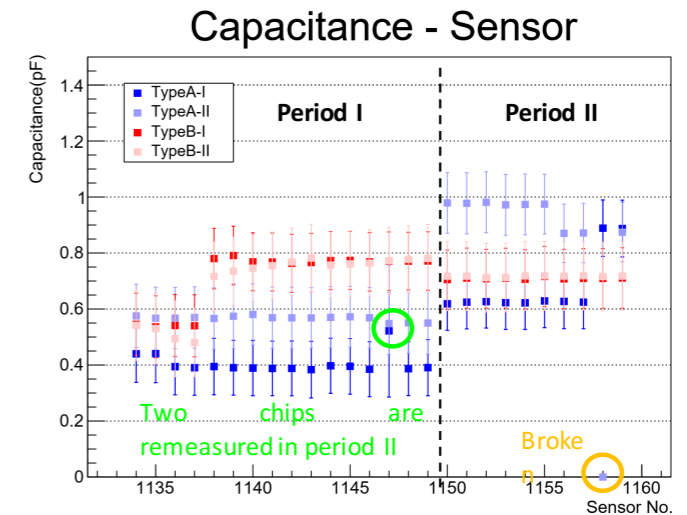
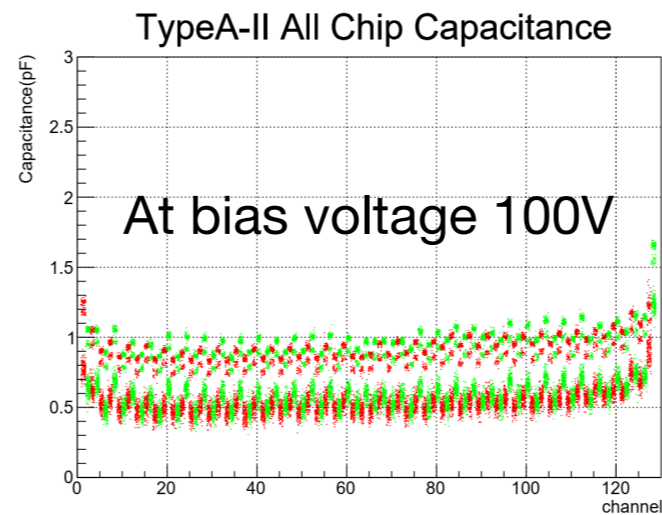
## HDI pads continuity probing



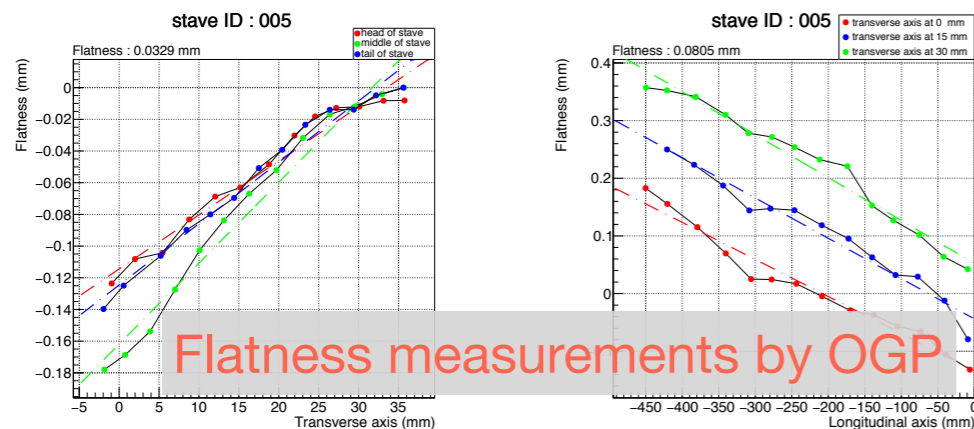
8 \* 26 = 208 receiver pads were tested

## Sensor CV measurement

Measurements are on going



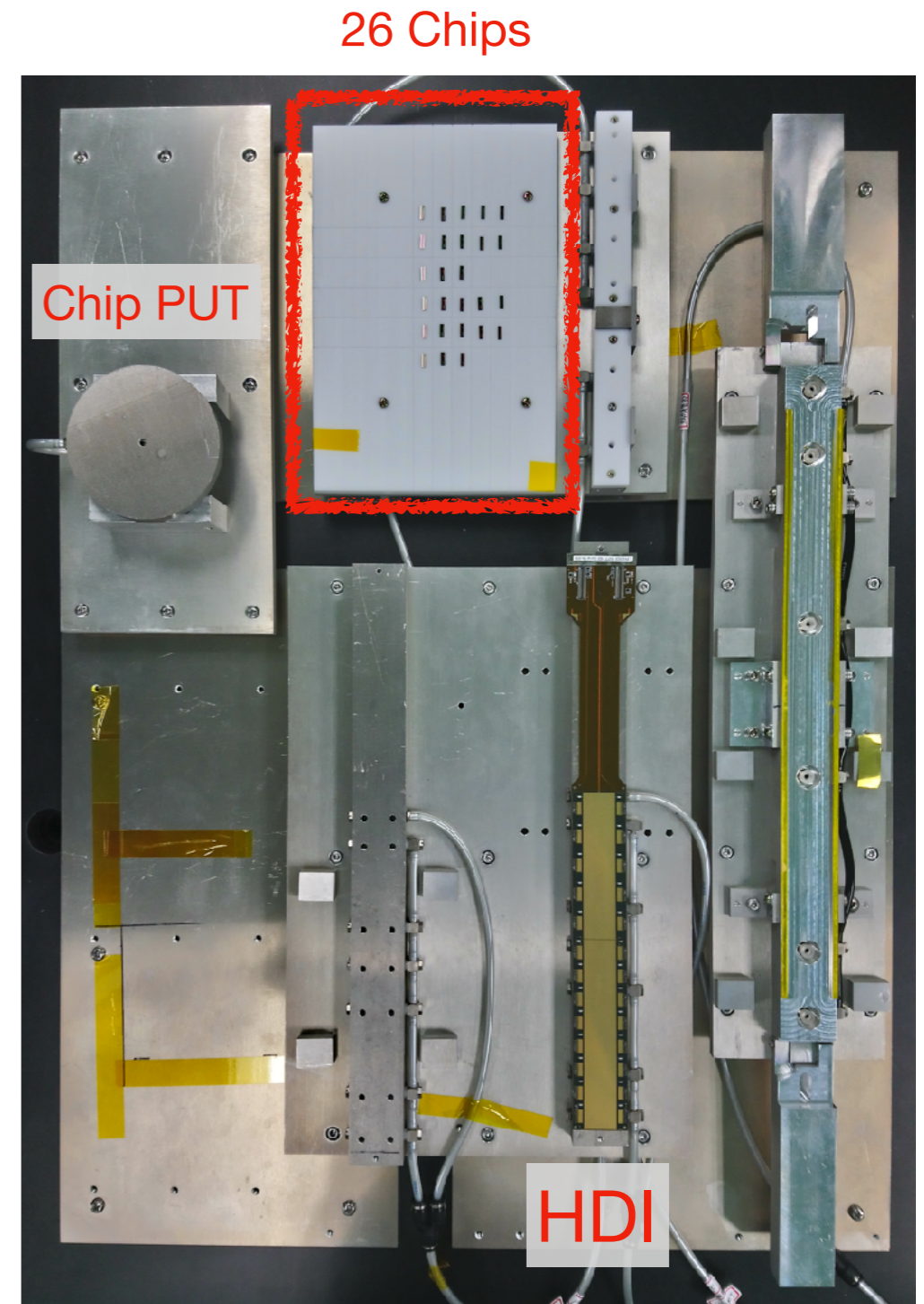
## Stave flatness measurement, flow & leakage test



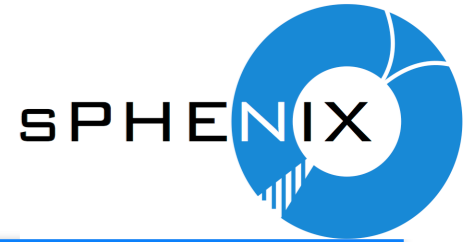
Flow & leakage test is exactly the same with BNL. Setup is on going.

## Assembly procedures :

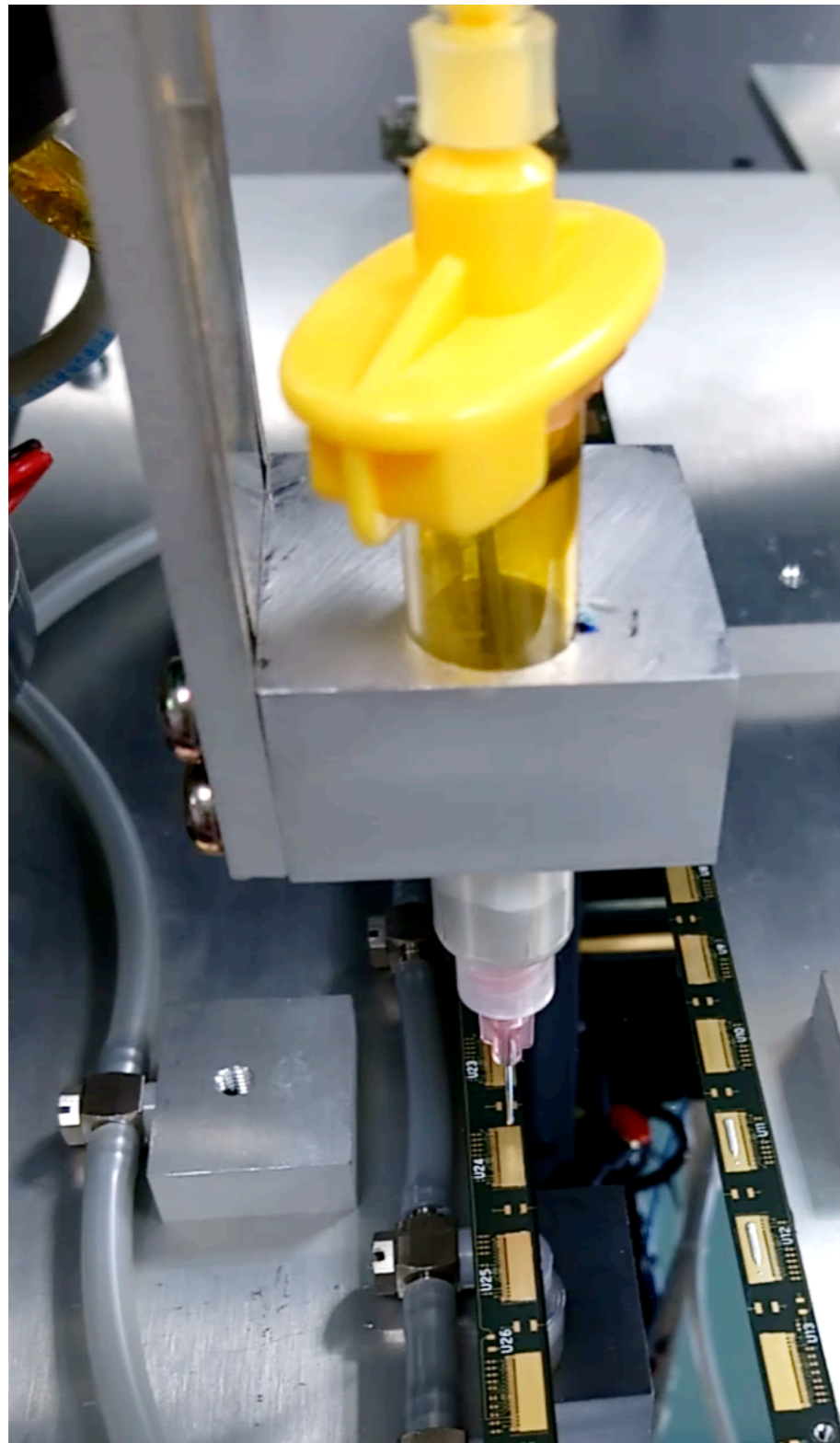
1. Place HDI, 26 chips, chip PUT on tray
2. Measure position & rotation of chips and HDI
3. Glue deposit
4. Measure chip PUT position
5. Chips assembly with chip PUT



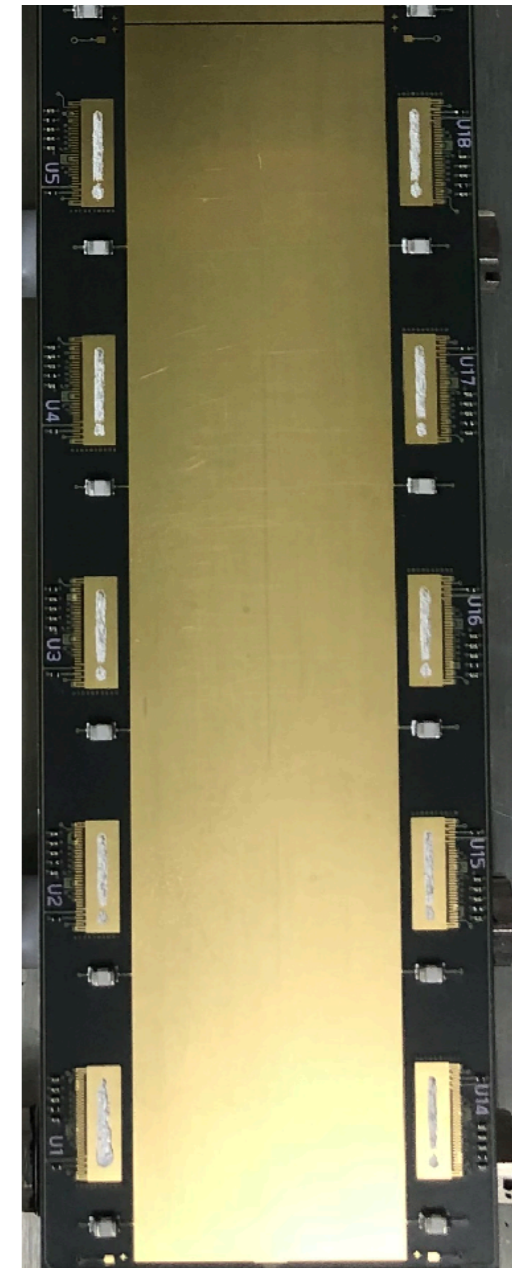
# Half-ladder assembly : Chip to HDI



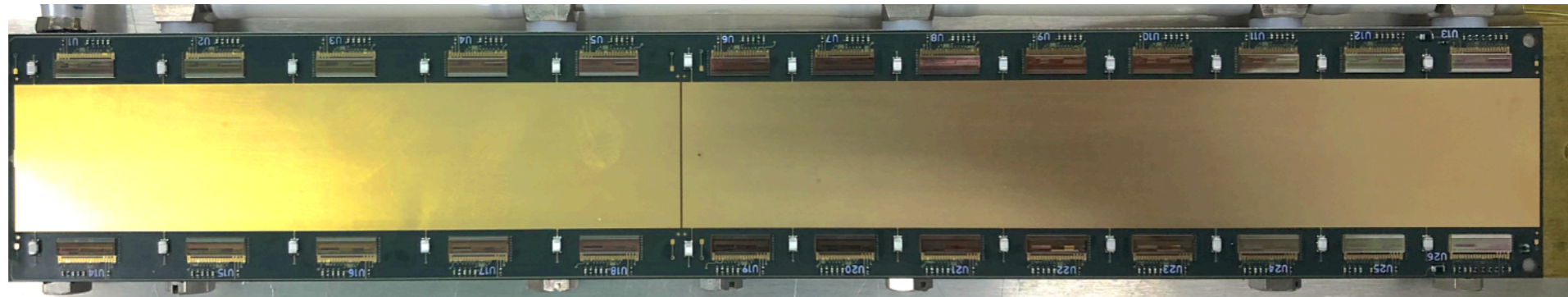
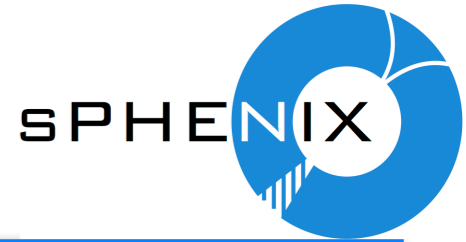
Glue dispensing by air pressure regulator



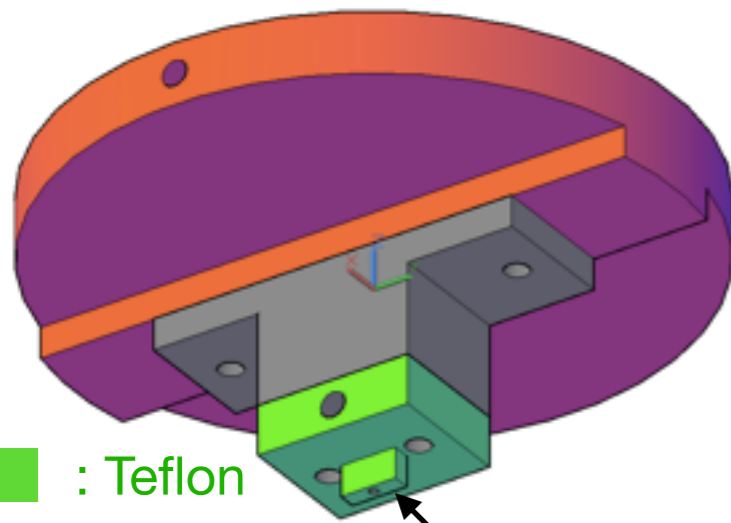
Chip glue pattern



# Half-ladder assembly : Chip to HDI

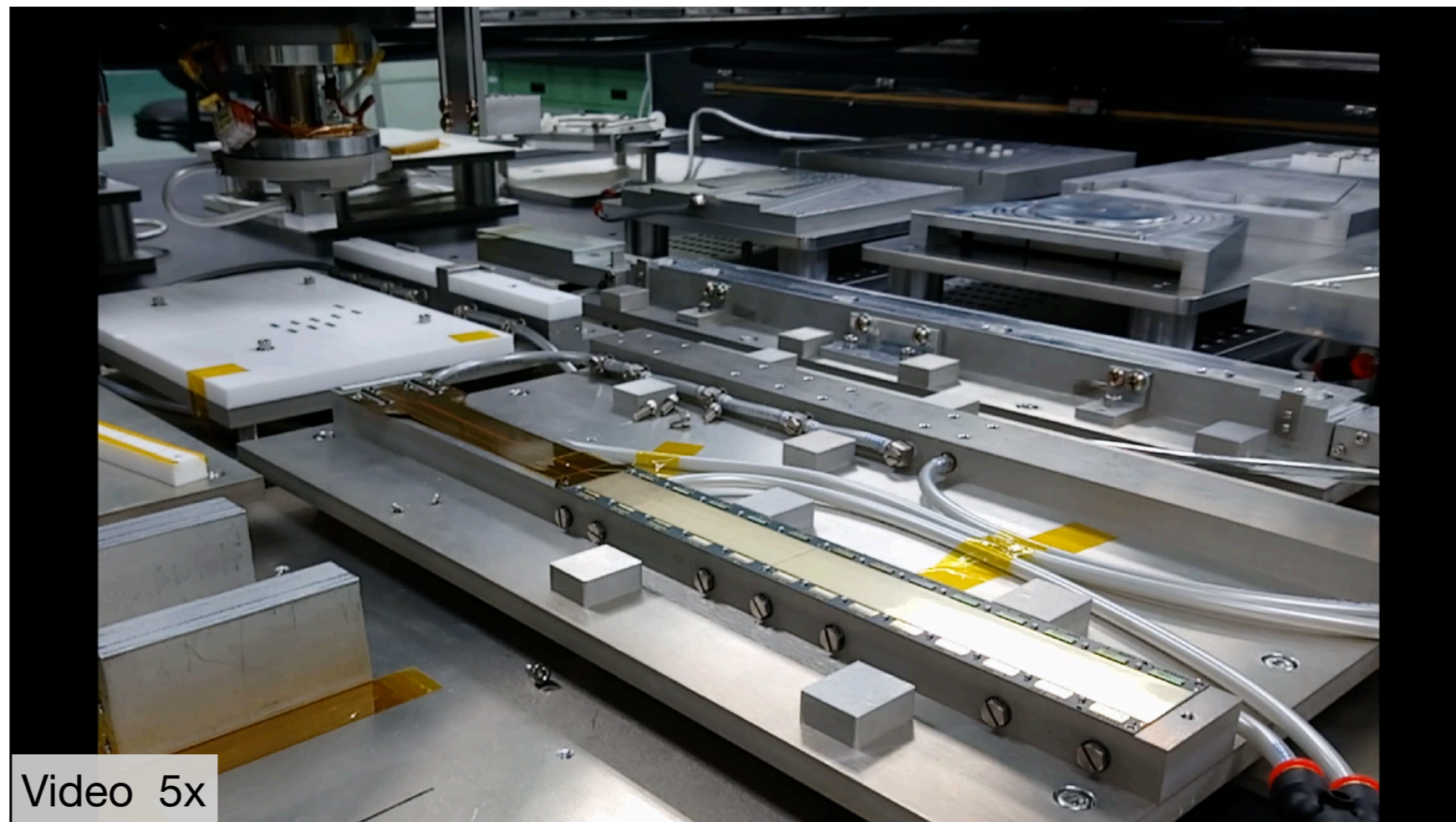


Chip PUT



: Teflon

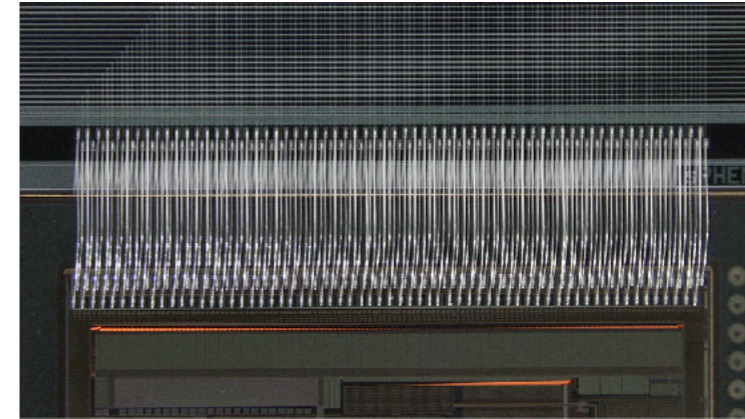
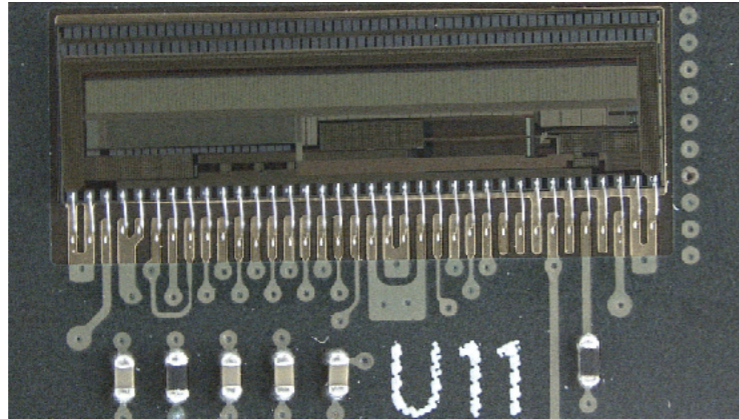
Chip contact surface



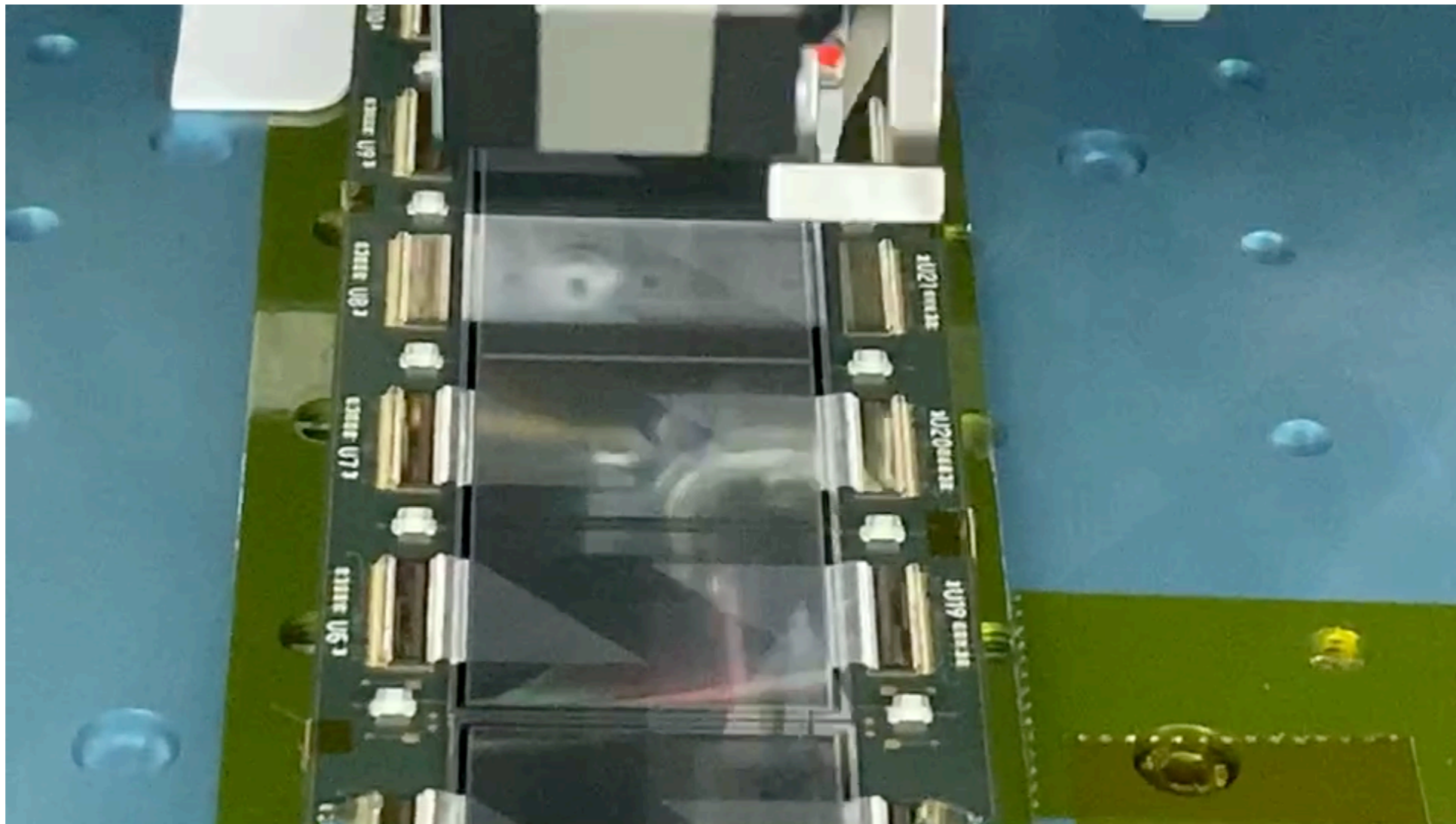
Video 5x

# Wire bond

Chip to HDI



Sensor to chip

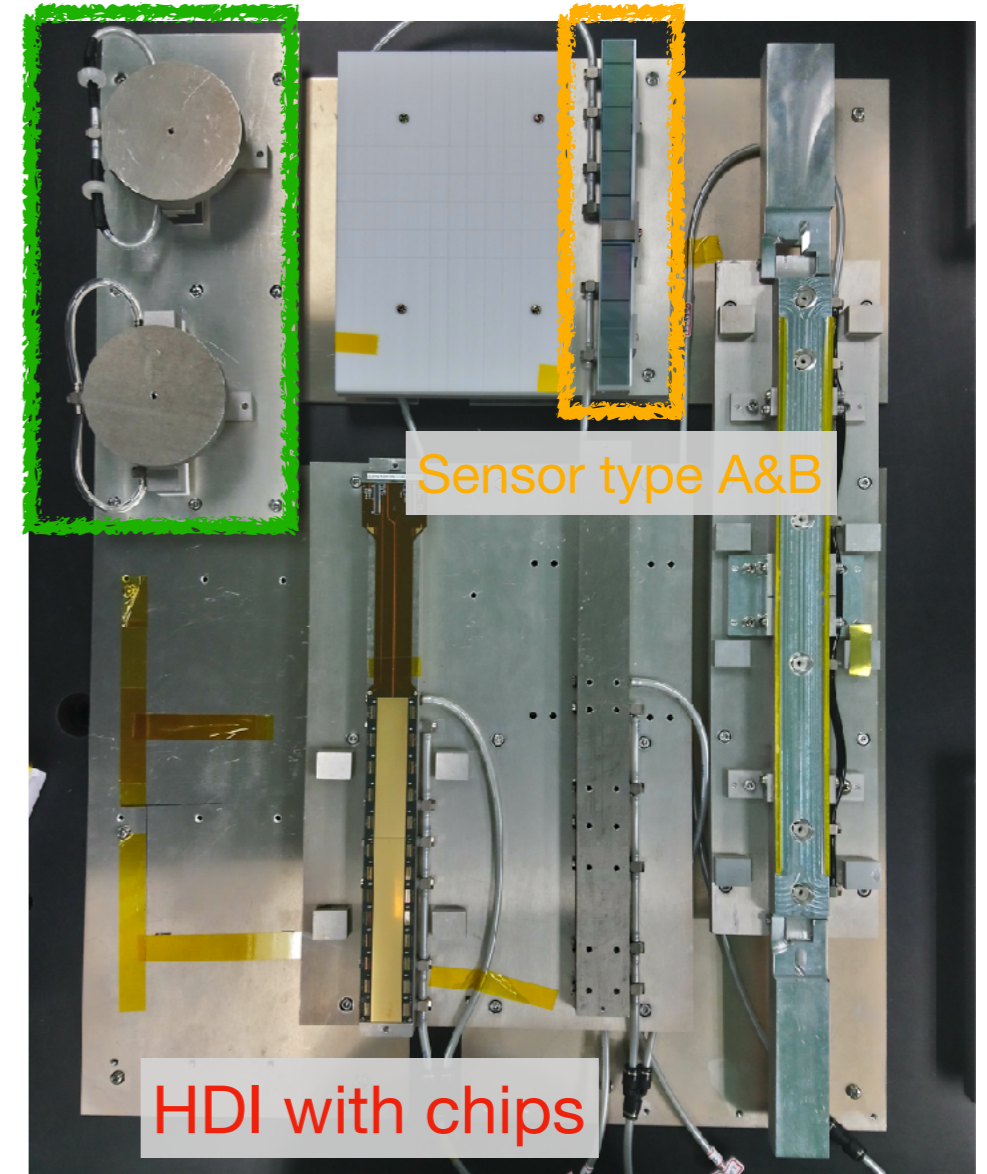


Sensor to chip bonding

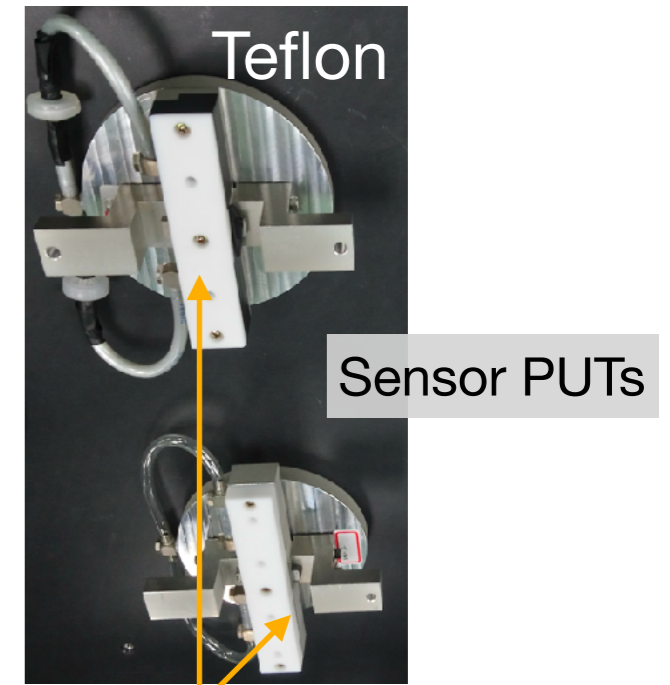
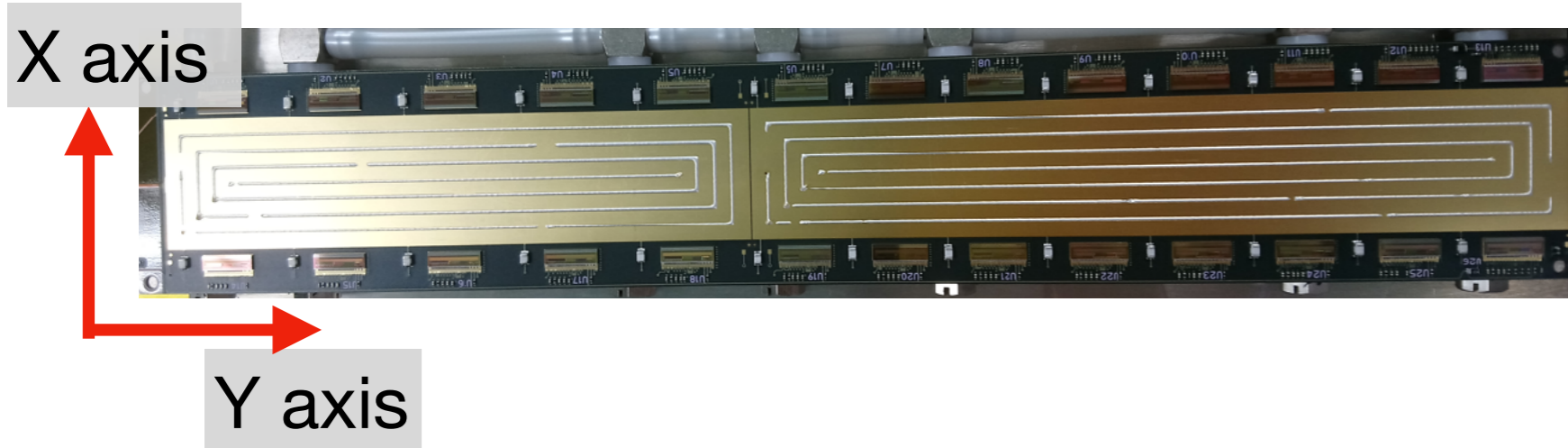
Assembly procedures :

1. Place HDI, sensors and sensor PUTs on tray
2. Measure position & rotation of sensors and HDI
3. Glue deposit
4. Measure sensor PUTs
5. Sensors assembly with sensor PUTs

Sensor PUTs



# Half-ladder assembly : Sensor to HDI

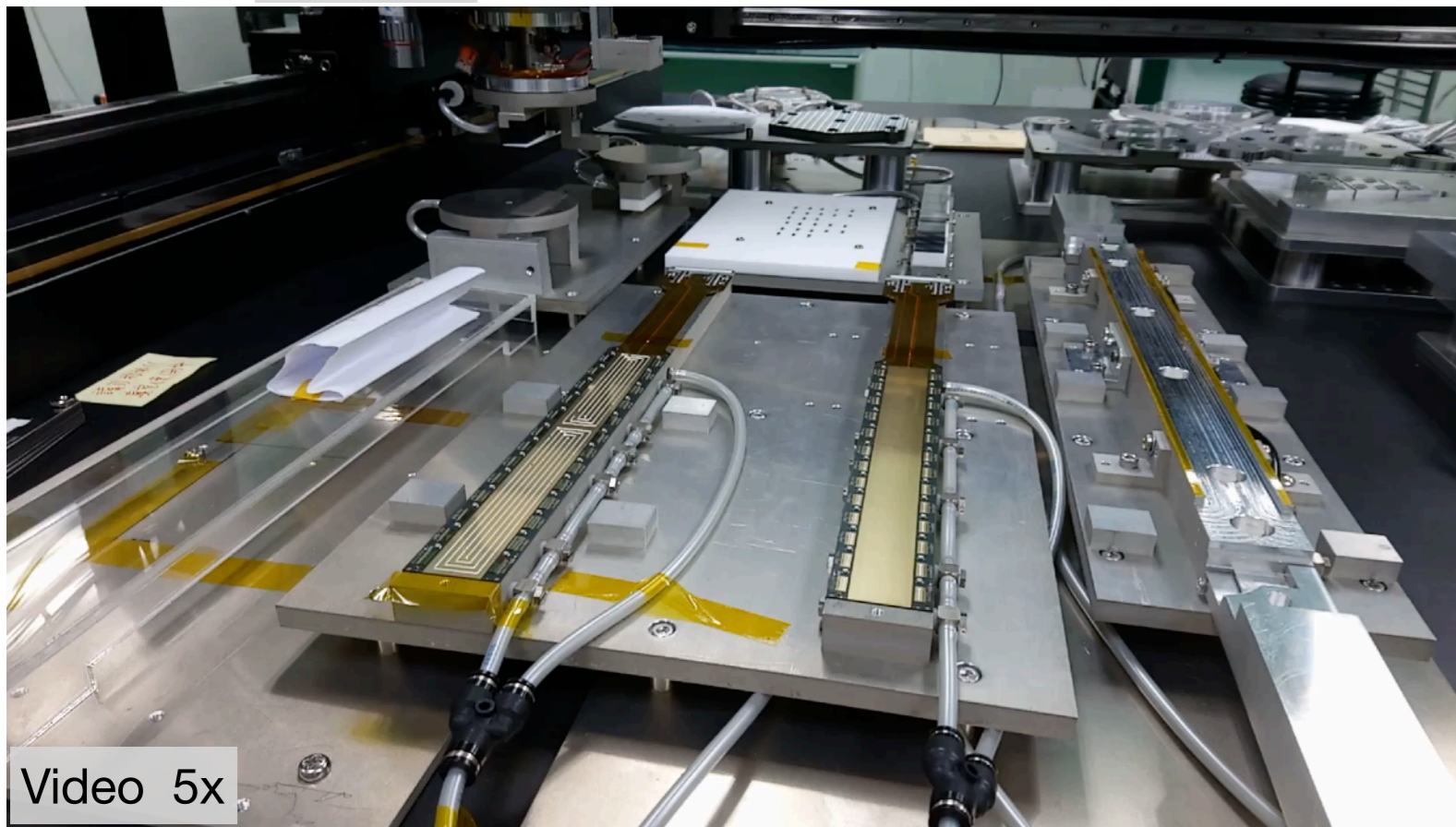


Sensor contact surface

Average sensors placing error  
(According to latest 4 half-ladders)

	Type A	Type B
<b>X axis (um)</b>	-7.6925	-3.2225
<b>Y axis (um)</b>	14.7925	-8.715
<b>Rotation (rad)</b>	-1.91E-04	-7.91E-05

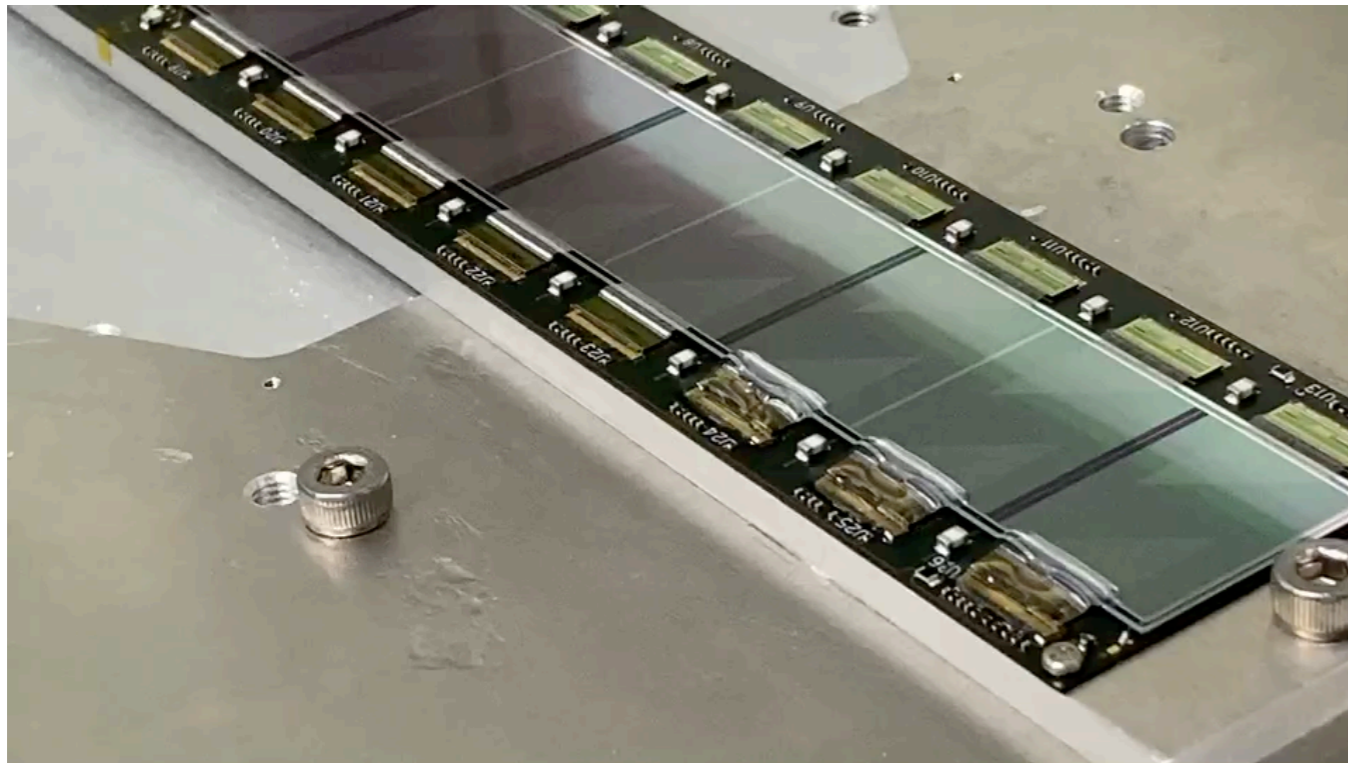
X axis  $\sim -5.46 \mu m$ , Y axis :  $\sim -11.75 \mu m$



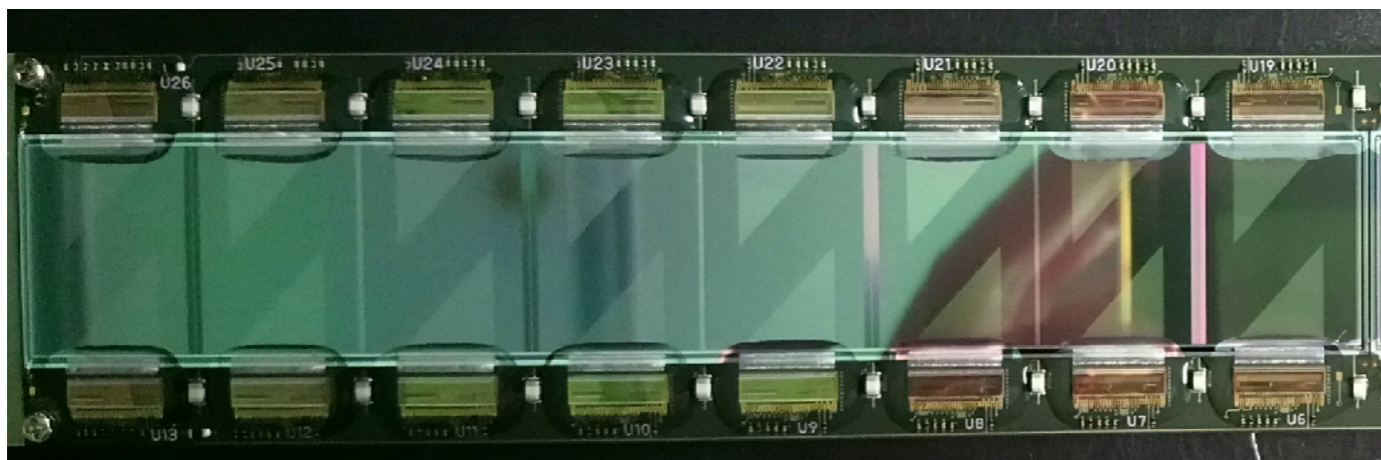
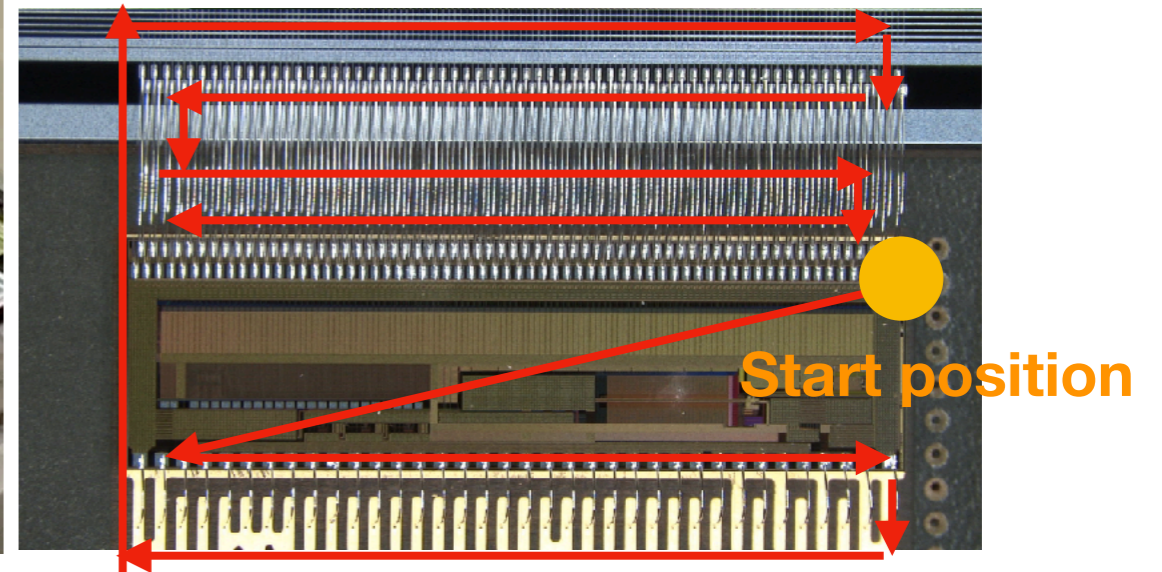
Video 5x



# Encapsulation



Sylgard 186 is used  
Needle size of syringe : 0.6 mm  
Waiting time : 30 ~ 40 mins after mixing

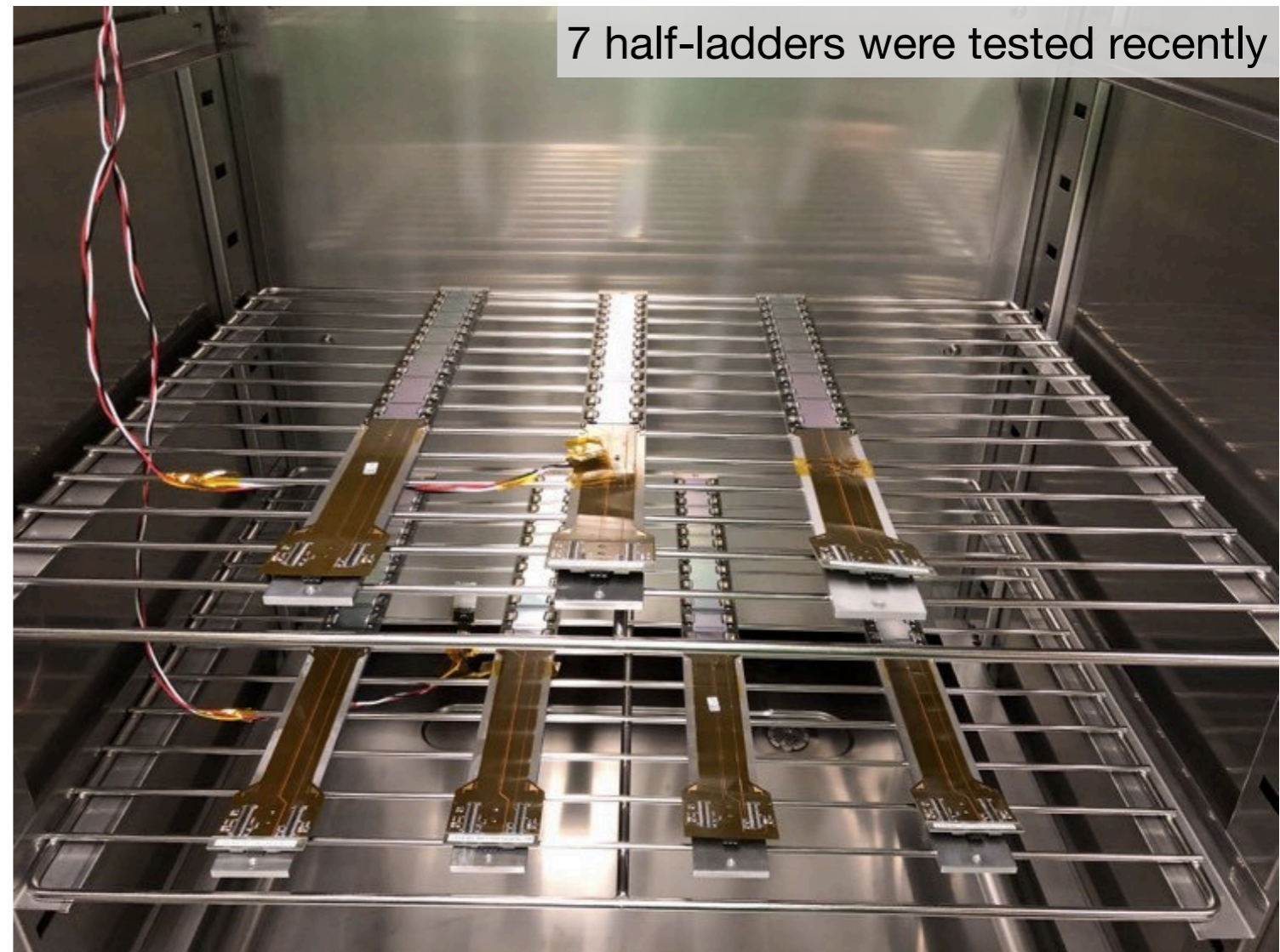
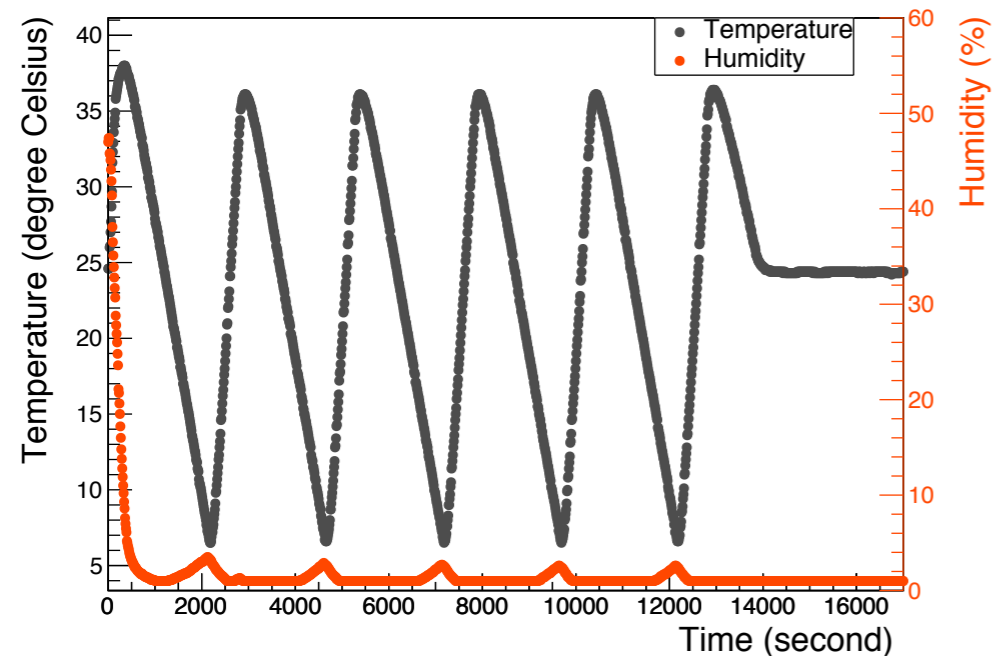


Thickness of encapsulation ~ 1.2 mm

# Thermal cycle



5 °C ~ 40 °C, for 5 cycles  
~ 4 hours operation

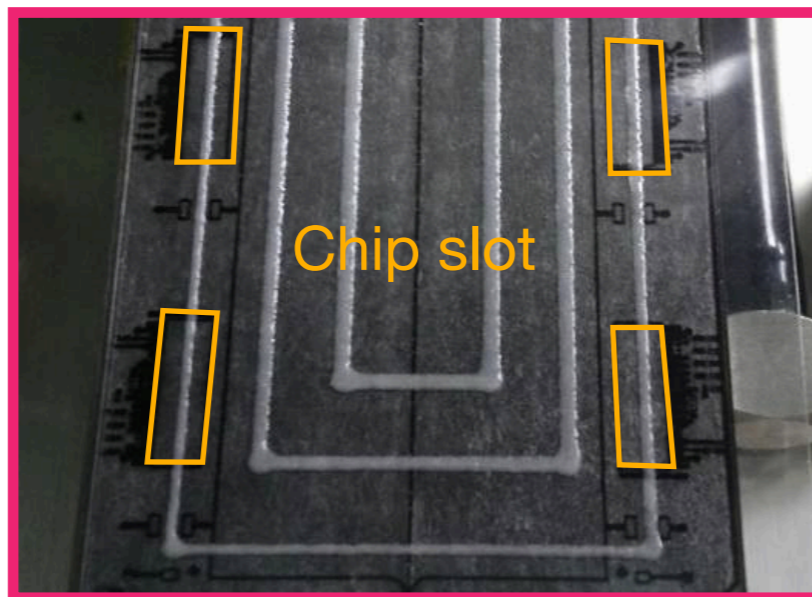
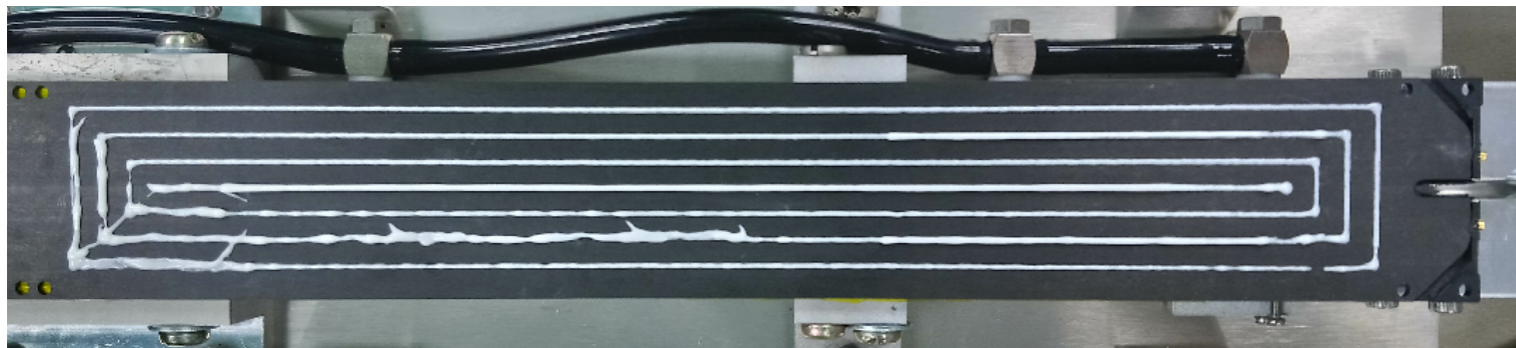


Half-ladders function well before and after thermal cycle

# Ladder assembly

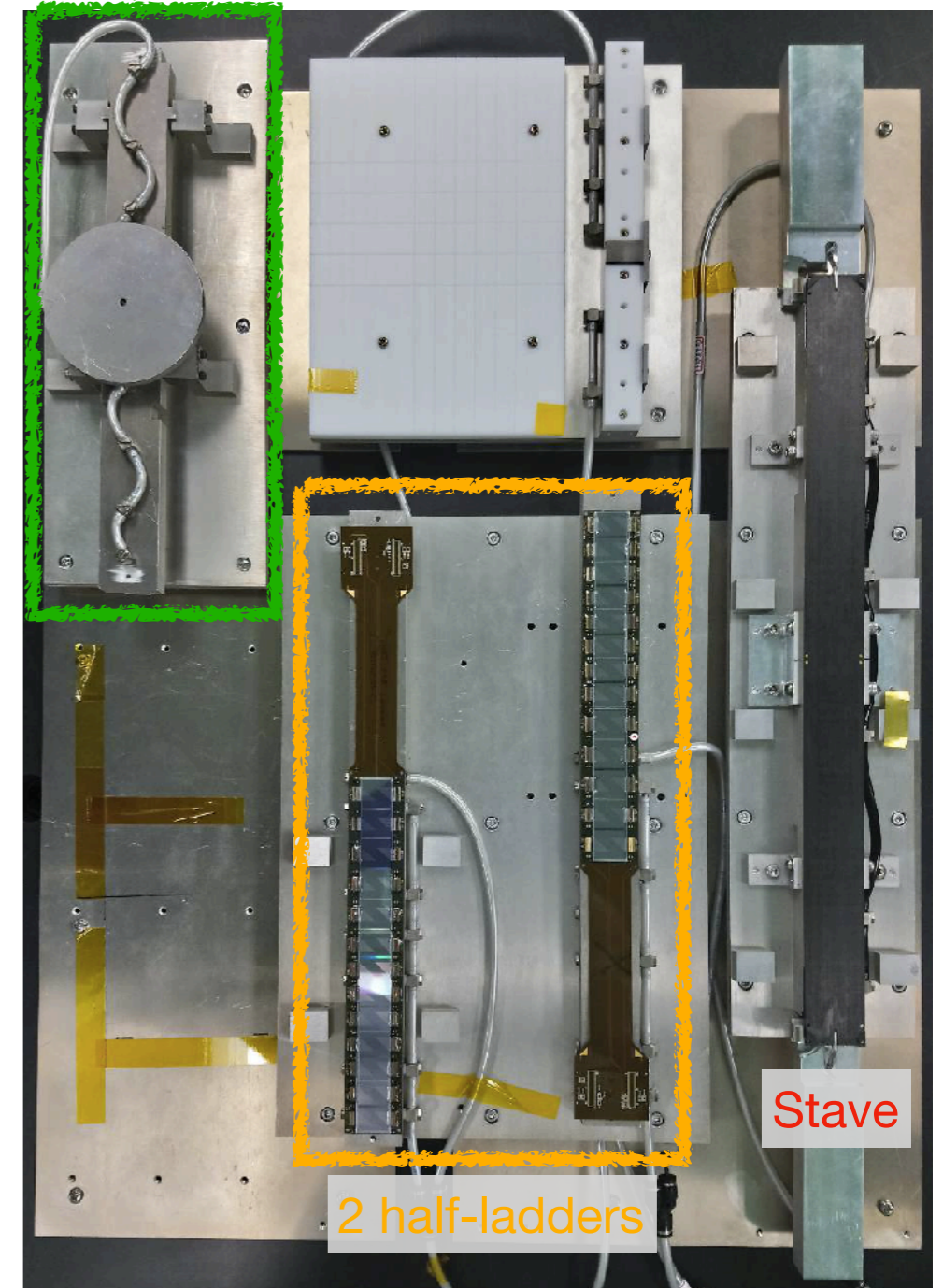
Assembly procedures :

1. Place stave, half-ladders and half-ladder PUT on tray
2. Measure position & rotation of half-ladders and stave
3. Glue deposit
4. Measure half-ladder PUT
5. Half-ladders assembly with half-ladder PUT

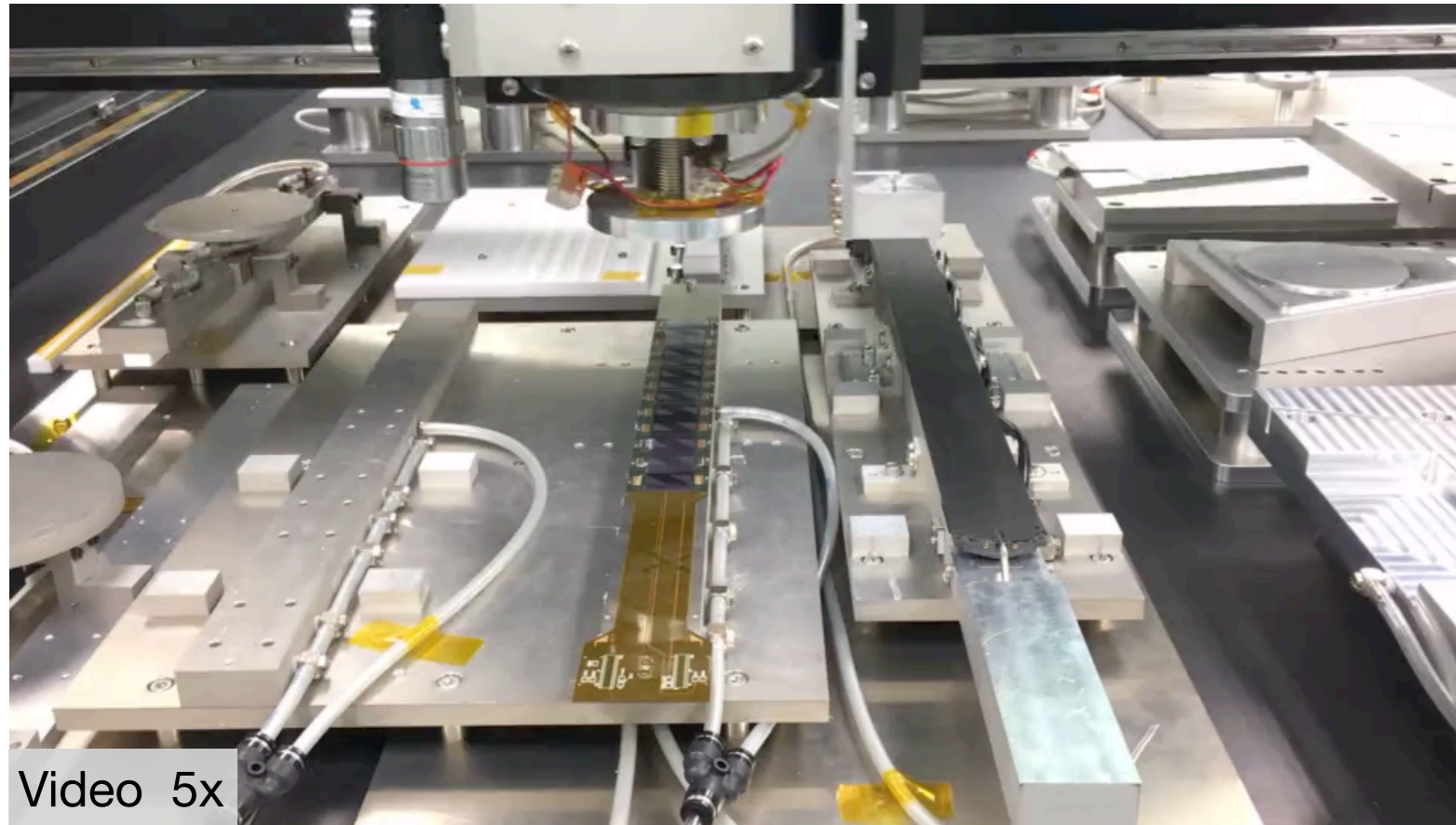


Two glue lines under chip

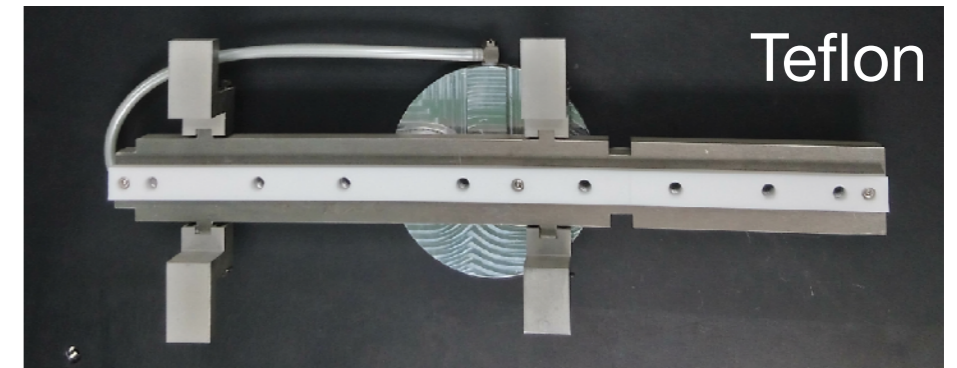
Half-ladder PUT



# Ladder assembly



Back side of half-ladder PUT



Half-ladder placing error on stave

<b>X axis (um)</b>	<b>&lt; 5</b>
<b>Y axis (um)</b>	<b>&lt;10</b>
<b>Rotation (rad)</b>	<b>&lt; 1E-4</b>

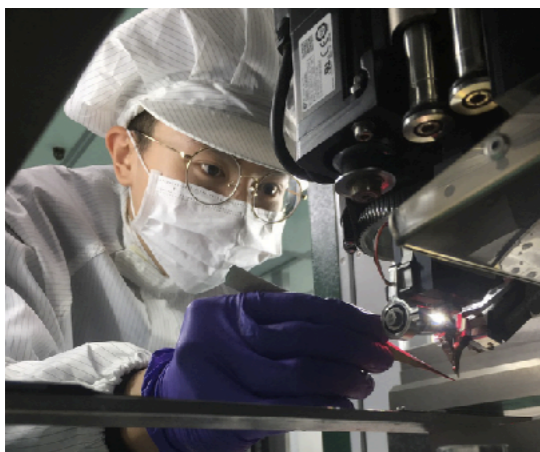
Assembly procedures : verified

First dummy ladder assembly



- Assembly fixtures on hand ✓
- Half-ladder assembly ✓
  - Chips and sensors mounted on HDI ✓
  - Wire bond ✓
  - Encapsulation ✓
  - Thermal cycle ✓
- Ladder assembly ✓
  - Half-ladder on stave assembly ✓

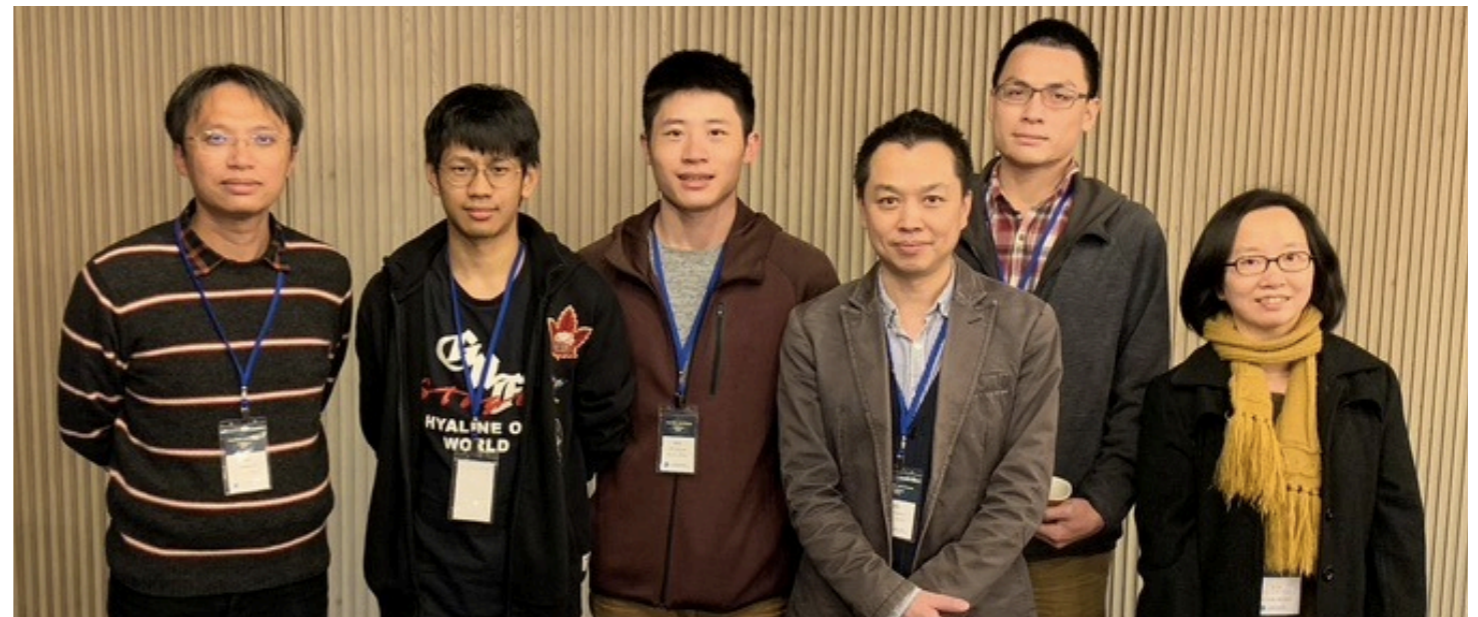
Ready for full scale production



Ou-Wei Cheng



Kai-Yu Cheng



Chia-Ming Kuo

Cheng-Wei Shih

Lian-Sheng Tsai

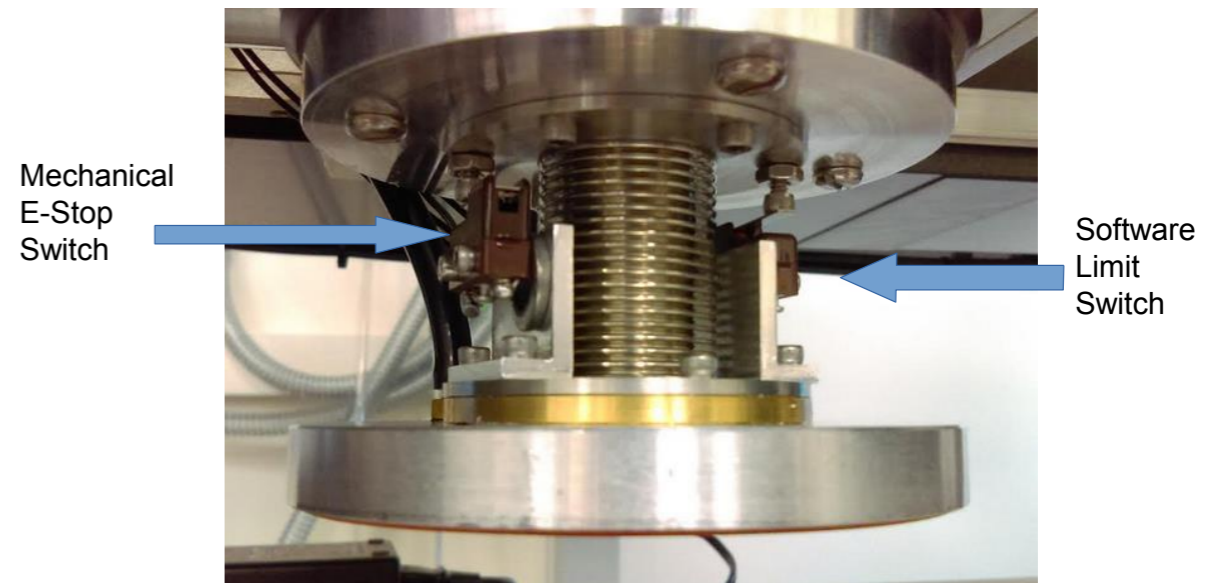
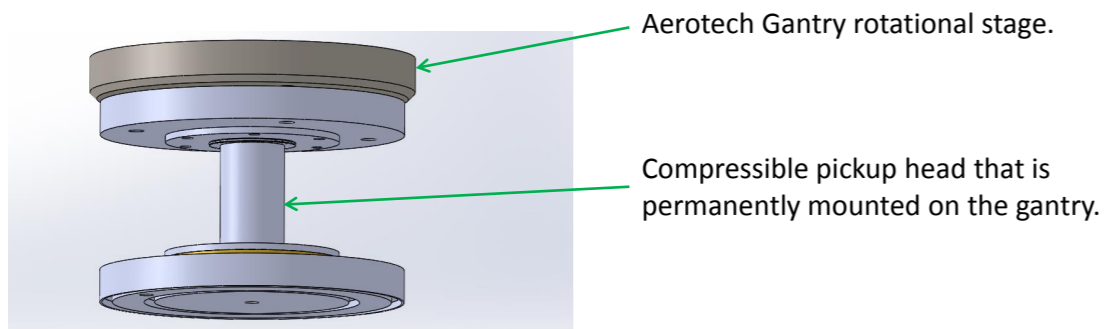
Wei-Che Tang

Rong-Shyang Lu

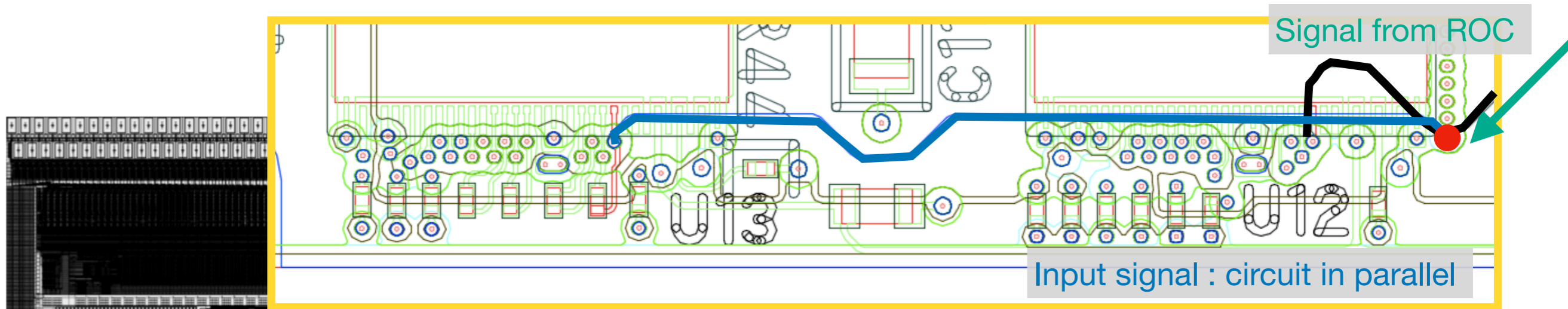
Janny Huang

# Back up

## Compression switches



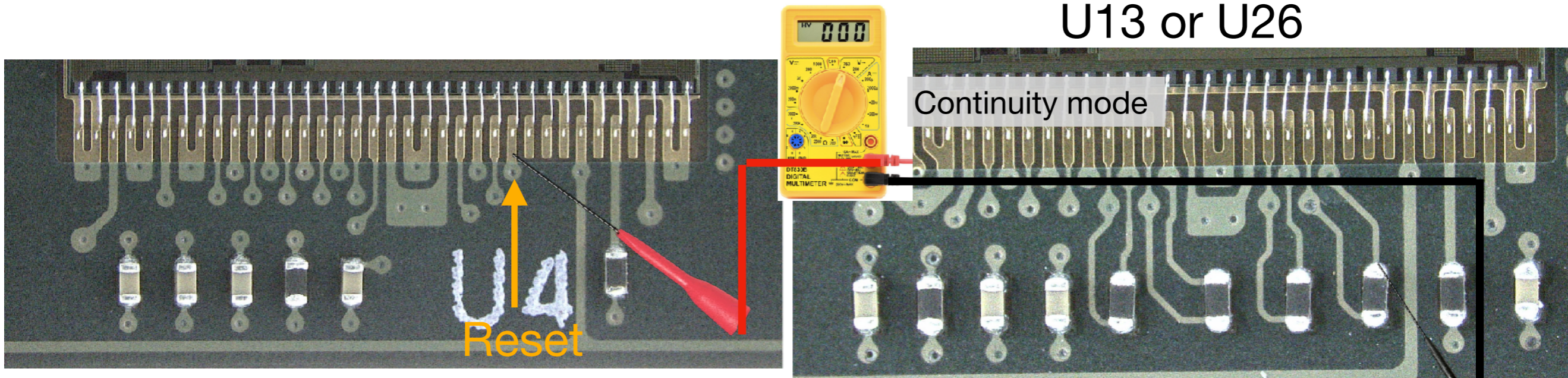
# HDI pad continuity test



Analog Ground
Analog Ground 2
Analog Power
Substrate (Universal)
Iset
Substrate (Universal)
inject Input (analog)
Substrate (Universal)
inject Input (digital)
HitOr
Reset
Resetb
Slow Control In
Slow Control Inb
Digital Power
Digital Ground
Digital Ground
Digital Power
BCOclk
BCOclkb
outClk
outClkb
Slow Control Out
Slow Control Outb
serialOut1
serialOut1b
serialOut2
serialOut2b
Chip ID 4
Chip ID 3
Chip ID 2
Chip ID 1
Chip ID 0
Analog Power
Analog Ground 2
Analog Ground

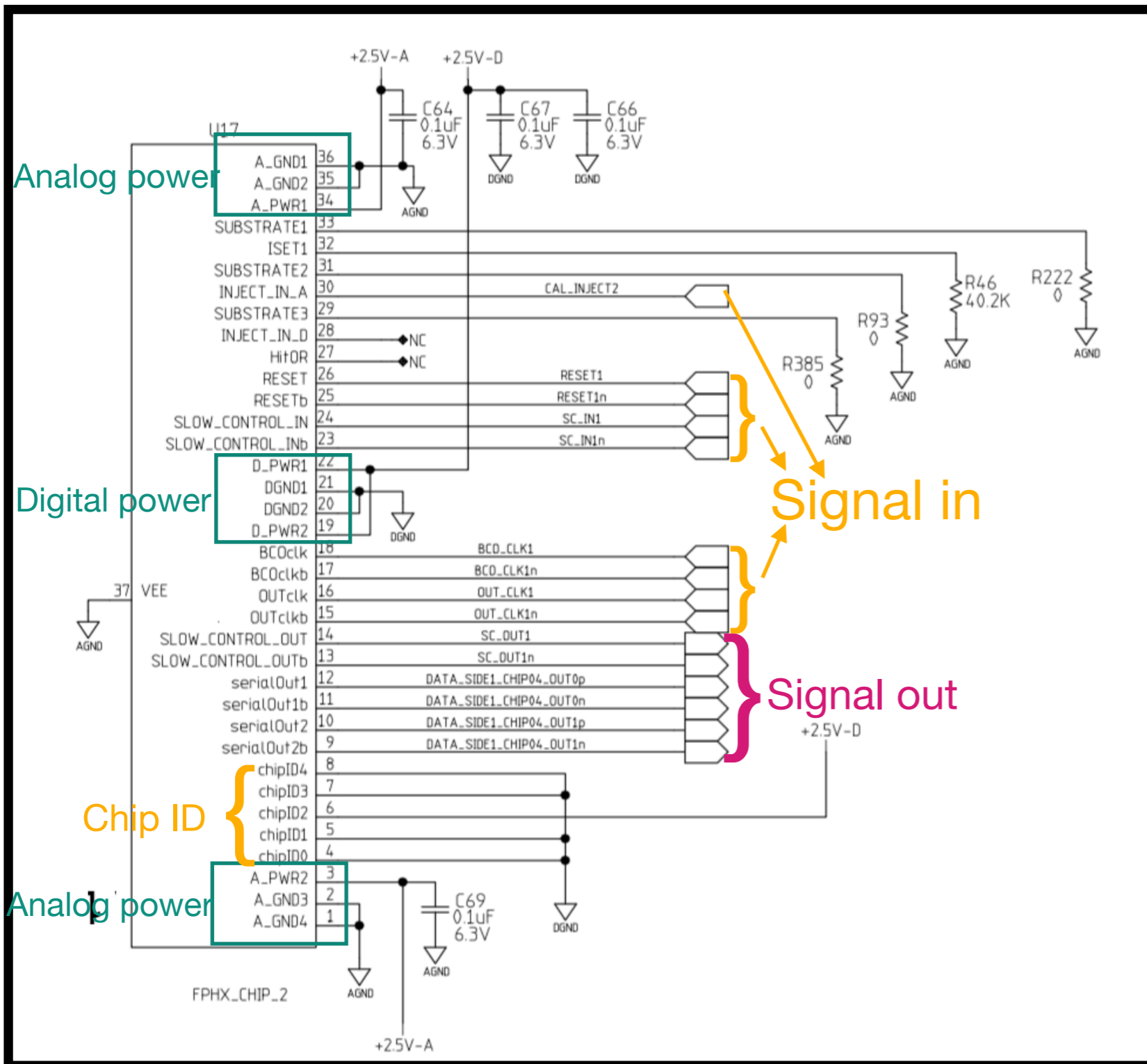
The receiver pads are tested

U13 or U26

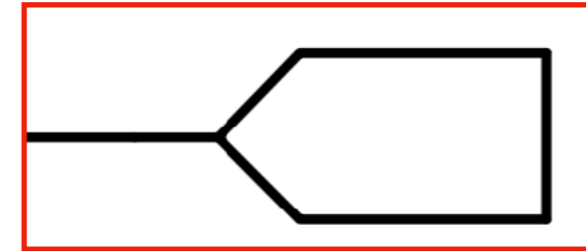




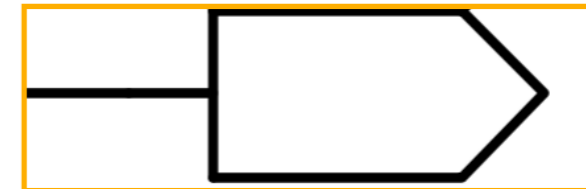
# HDI pad continuity test



Signal from ROC to HDI



Signal to ROC from HDI



Check the continuity of circuit embedded in HDI

Analog power

Digital power

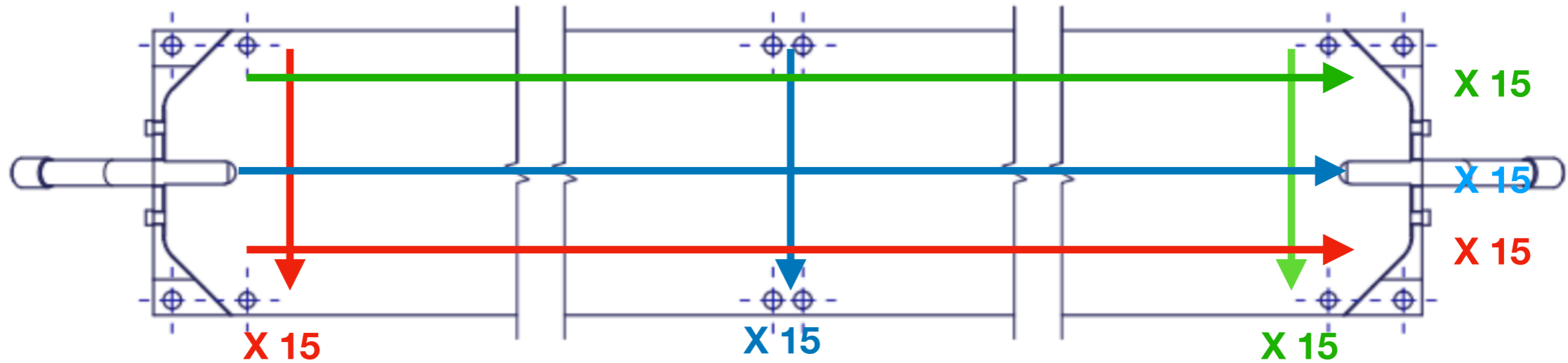
Signal out

9 signal in

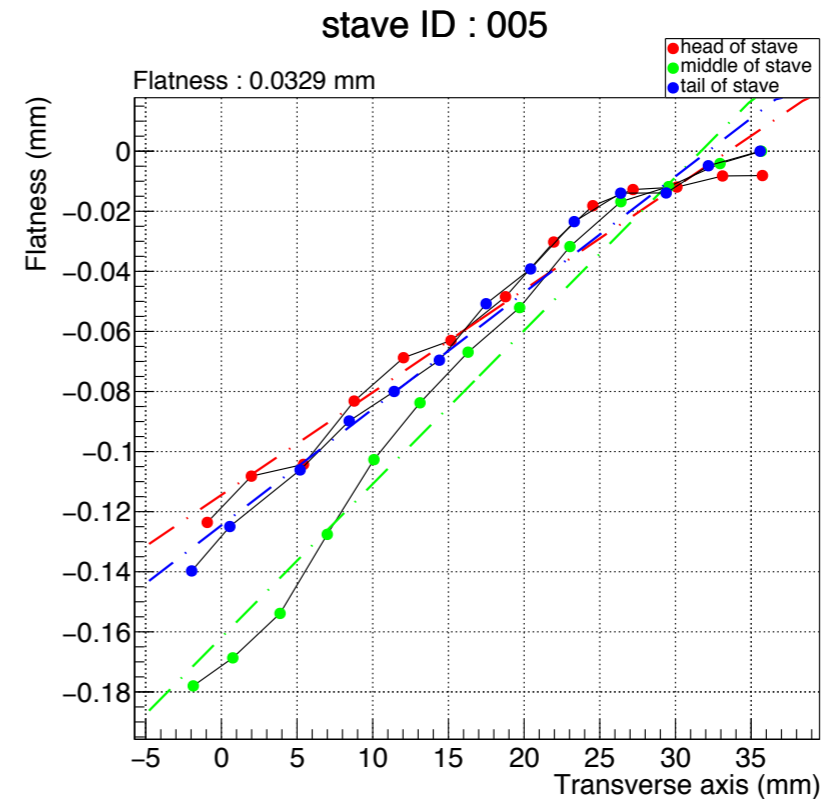
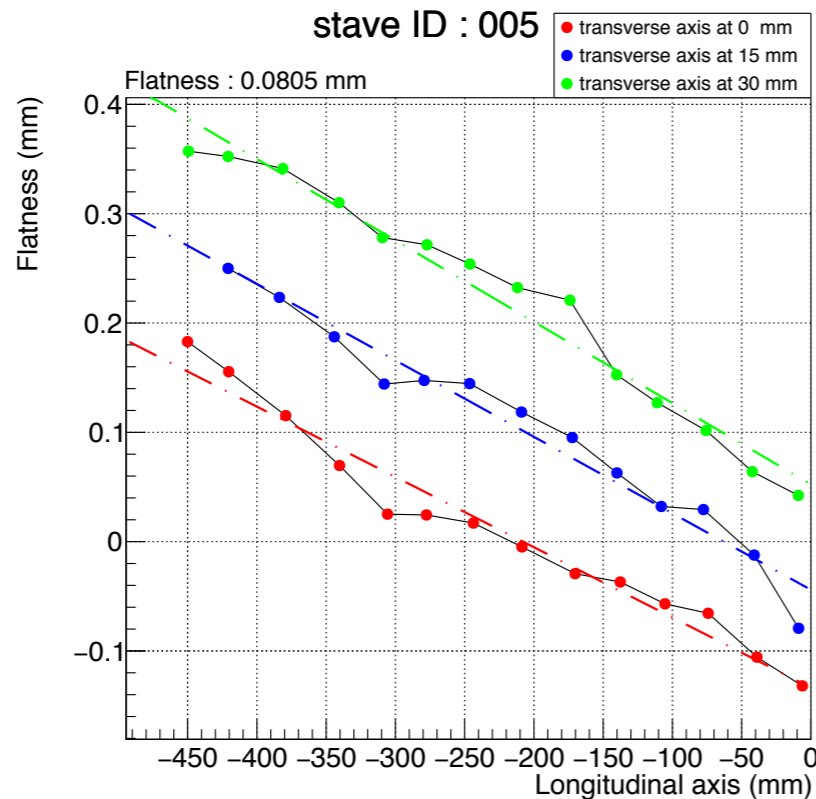
Chip ID



## Measurements done by OGP

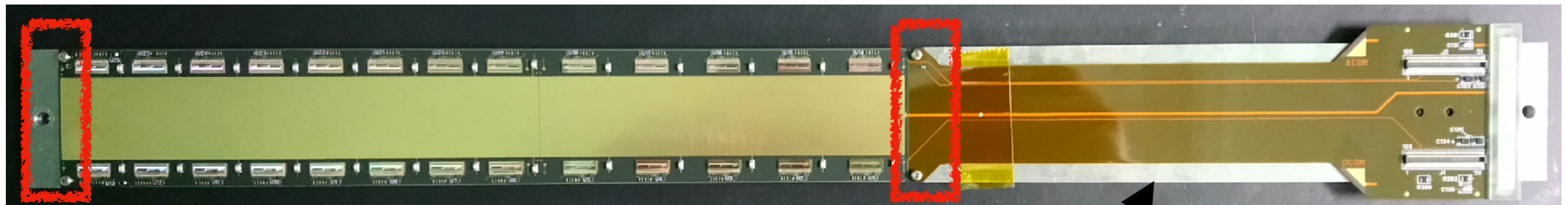


**Transverse / Longitudinal directions : 45 measurements data**



# Half-ladder transportation

- Gantry table to bonding machine
- Gantry table to min gantry (encapsulation)



HDI is fixed on HDI handle by screws

HDI handle

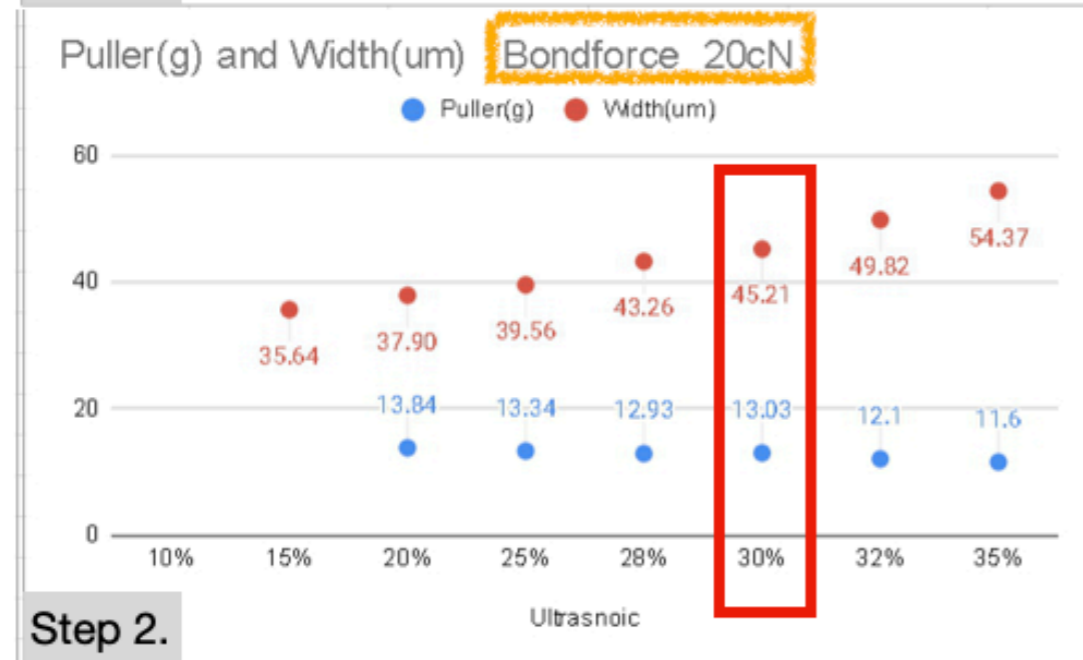
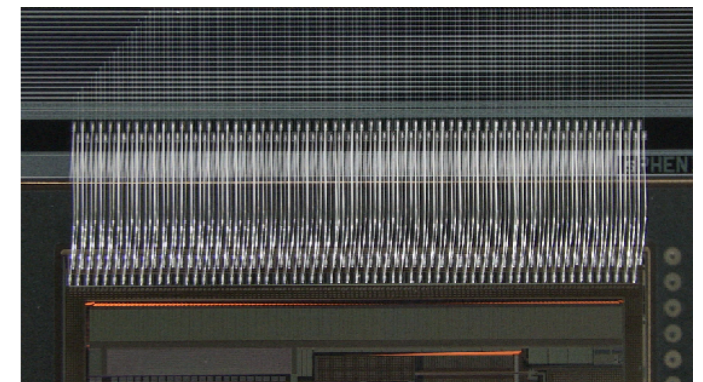
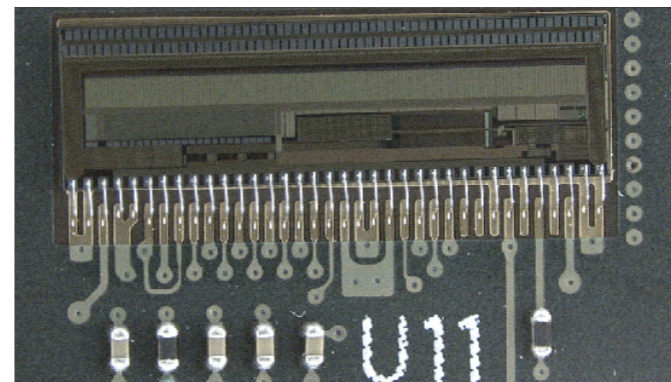
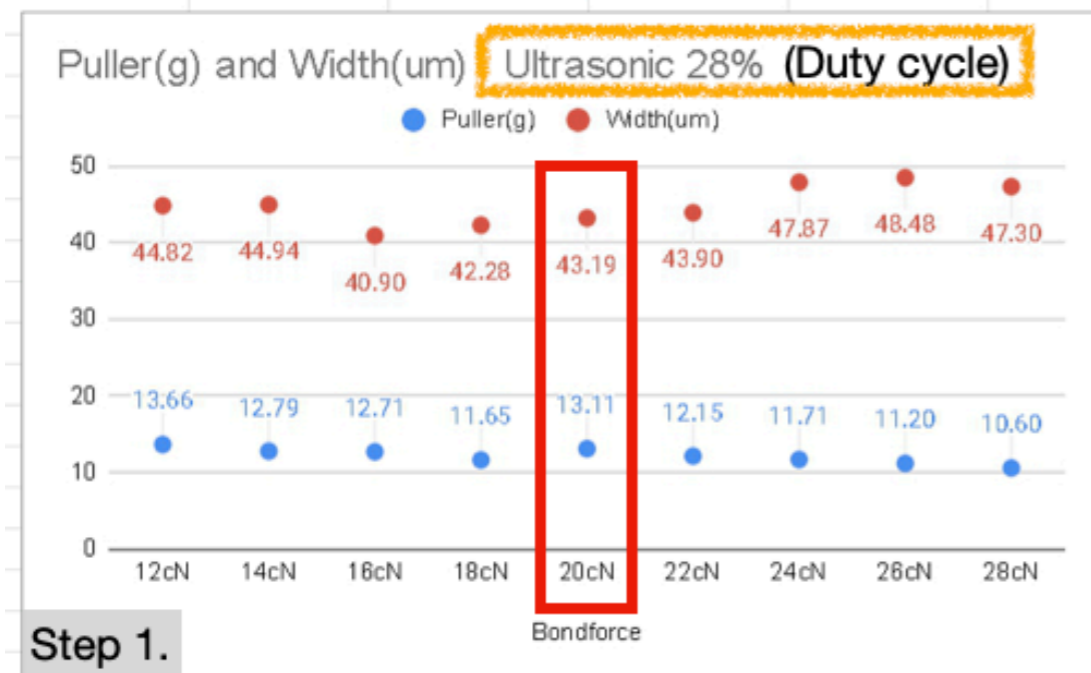
Half-ladder transportation box : Gantry table to testbench



HDI handle

HDI handle is fixed in box by screws

To find the best bond parameters  
 “Chip to HDI” bonding parameter scan

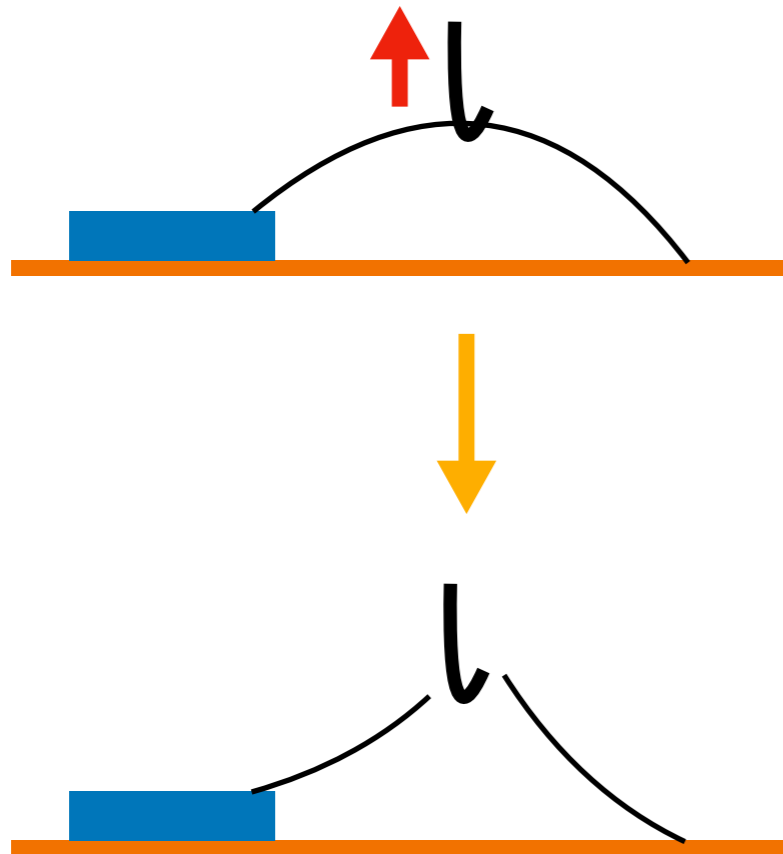


- Chip to sensor, un-bonded result
  - < 6 channels : 10 half-ladders
  - 33 channels : 1 half-ladder

Chip to HDI parameter  
 Old -> BF : 28cN, UI 28%  
 New -> BF : 20cN, UI 30%

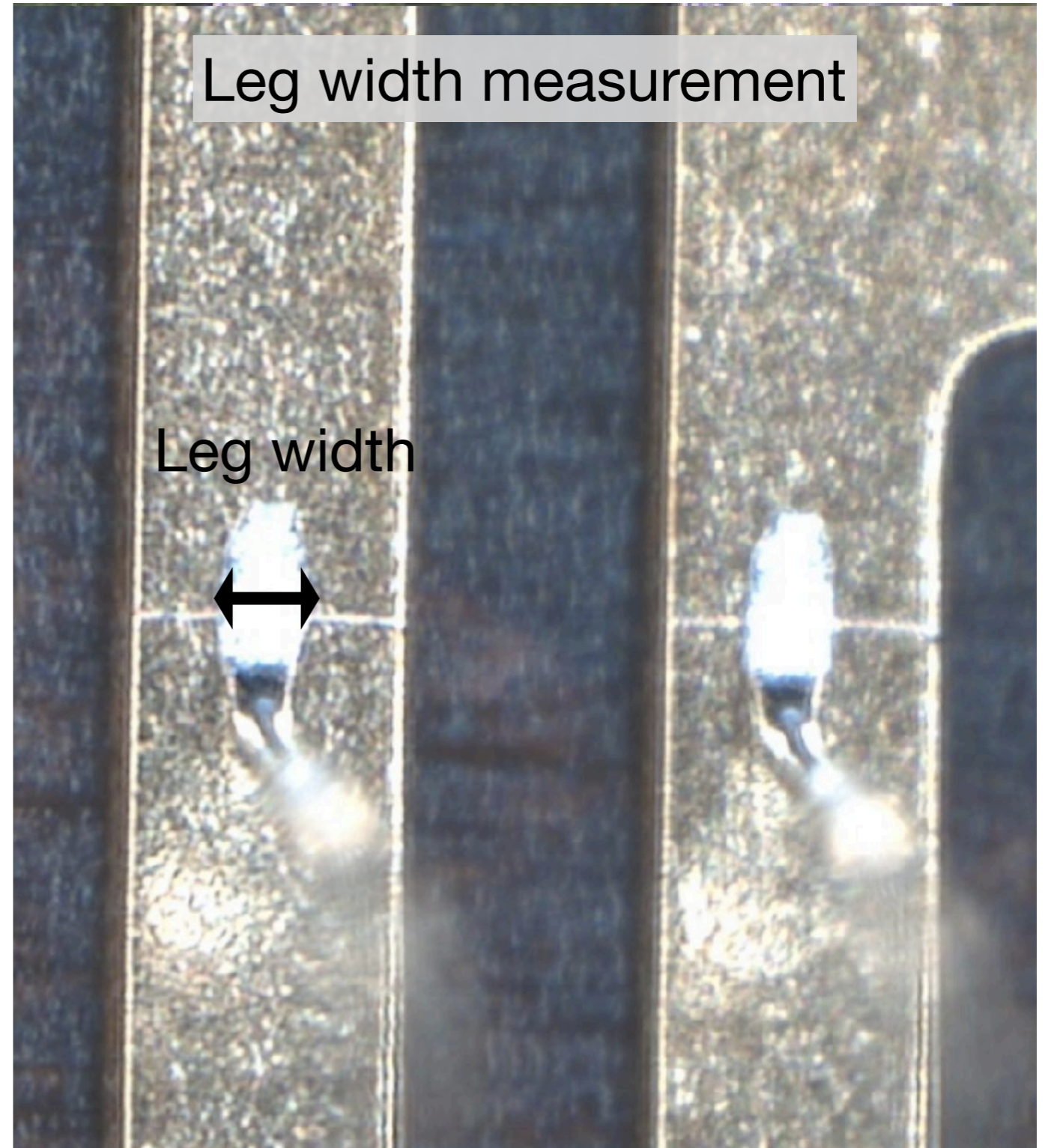
# Bonding parameters test

Pull test

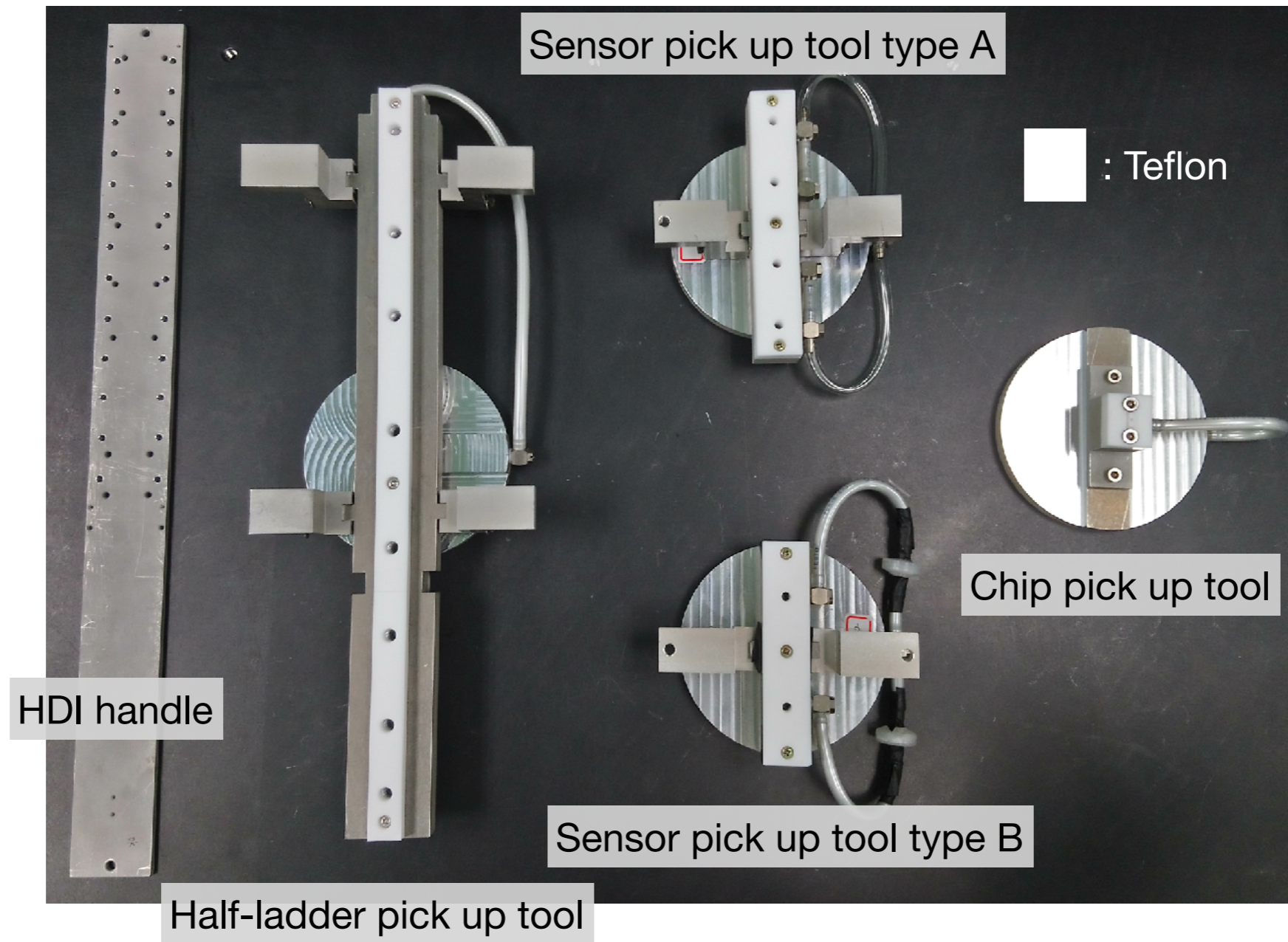


Bonding leg still connects to HDI

Leg width measurement



# Assembly tools



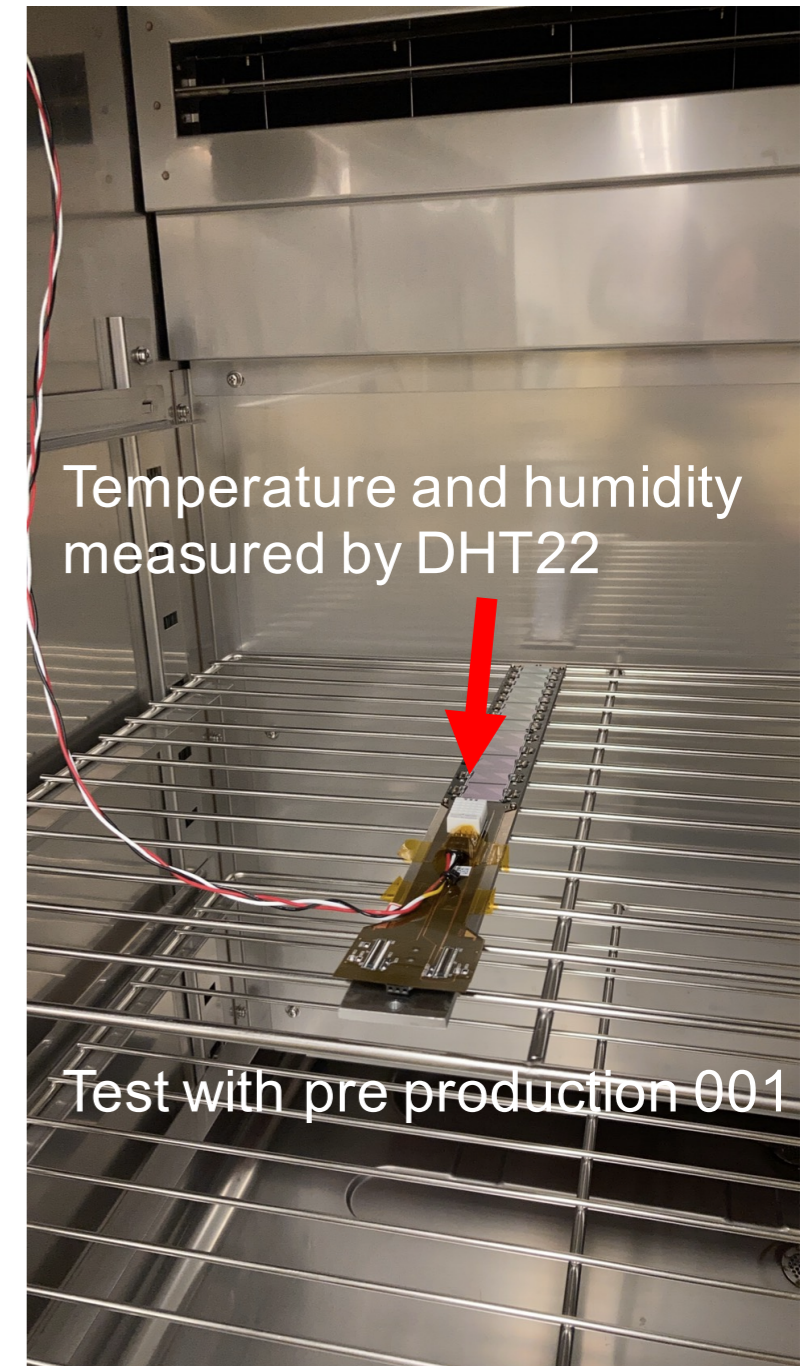
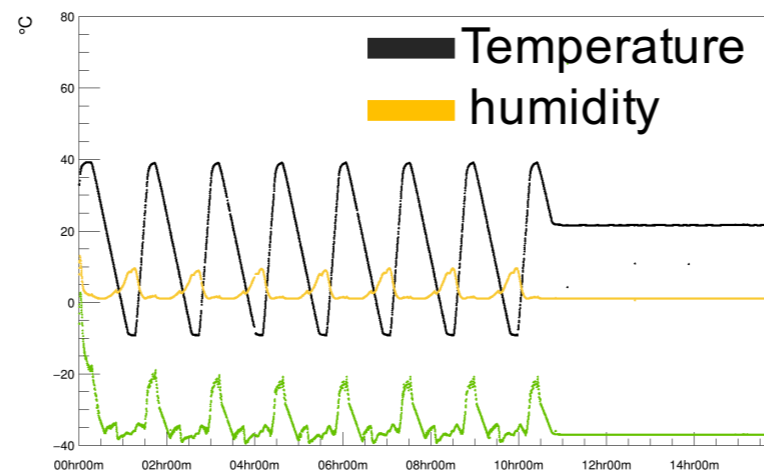
# Thermal cycle

$$\text{AccelerationFactor} = \left( \frac{\Delta T_{\text{test}}}{\Delta T_{\text{use}}} \right)^m, \quad m = 3$$

$$\frac{\text{AF} * \text{cycles}}{\text{cycles/day}} = \text{Lifetime(day)}$$

- $\Delta T_{\text{use}} = 20^\circ\text{C}$ , assuming detector runs on  $5^\circ\text{C}$  and warms up to  $25^\circ\text{C}$
- $\Delta T_{\text{test}} = 50^\circ\text{C}$ , thermal cycles between  $-10^\circ\text{C}$  and  $40^\circ\text{C}$
- $\text{AF} = (50/20)^3 = 15.625$
- Assuming one cycle for every 10 days, 3 year of lifetime test needs  $3*365*0.1/15.625 = 7$  cycles

Temperature :  $-10^\circ\text{C} \sim 40^\circ\text{C}$   
Heating time : 17 mins  
Cooling time : 50 mins  
Repeat : 7 times

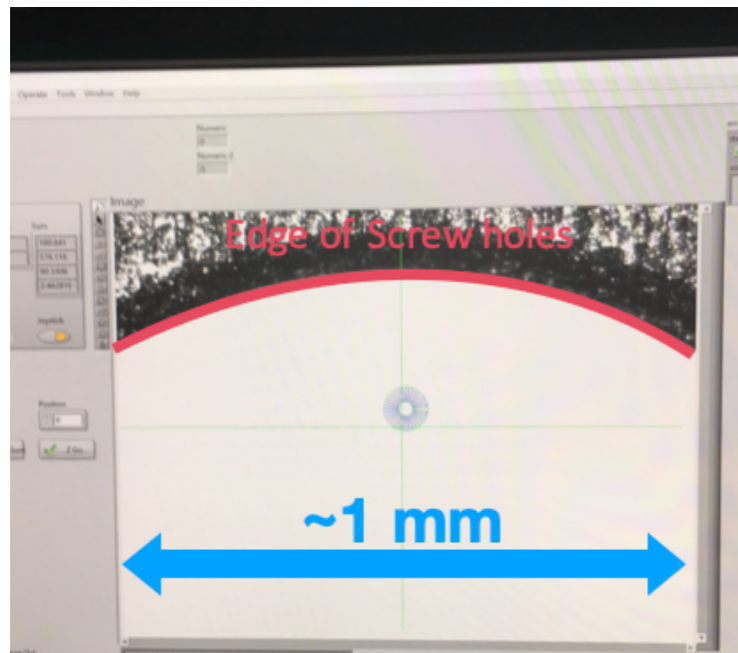


# Photo of assembled half-ladders

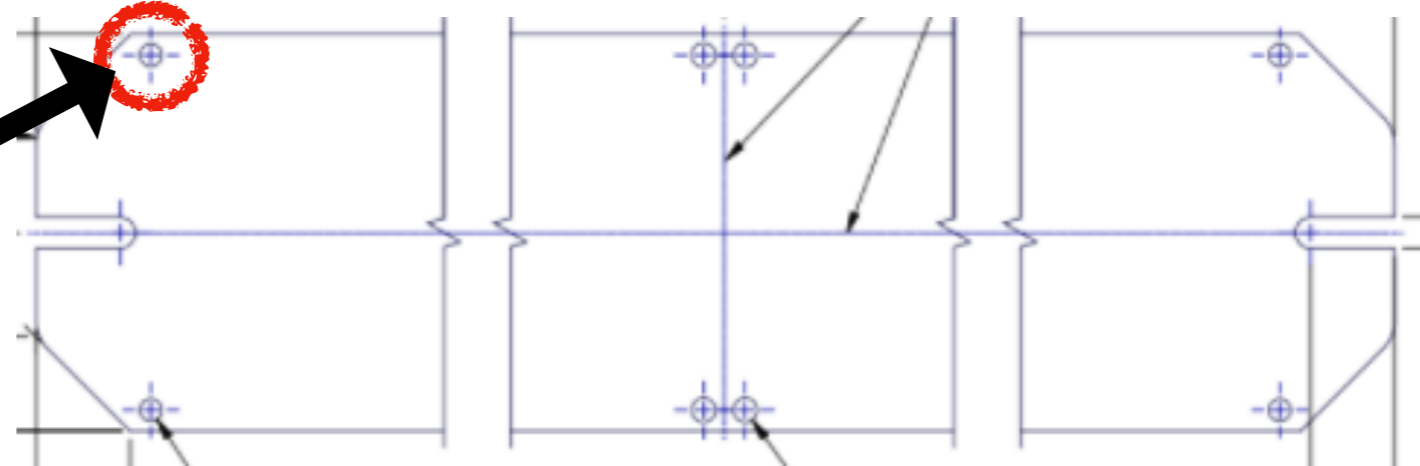




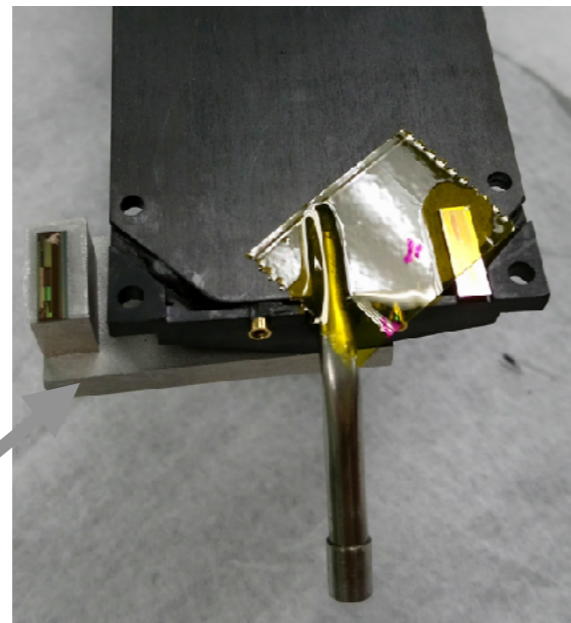
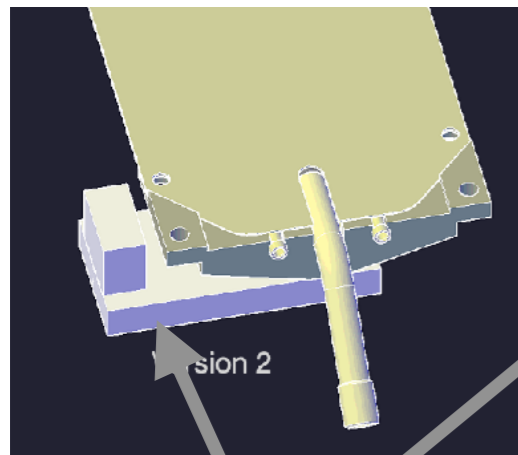
Holes on stave are too big for camera



D : 2.1 mm



solution



1. Assemble "Stave chip holder" on each edge of stave
2. Measure cross marks of **chips** by **OGP**
3. Measure the **holes** of stave by **OGP**
4. Move stave back to **gantry**
5. Measure the cross marks of **chips** by **gantry camera**
6. By step 2, 3 and 5 -> obtain stave position

**Procedures 1&2 : obtain stave's relative position**

Stave chip holder, fix by screw on back side

# Production tracking



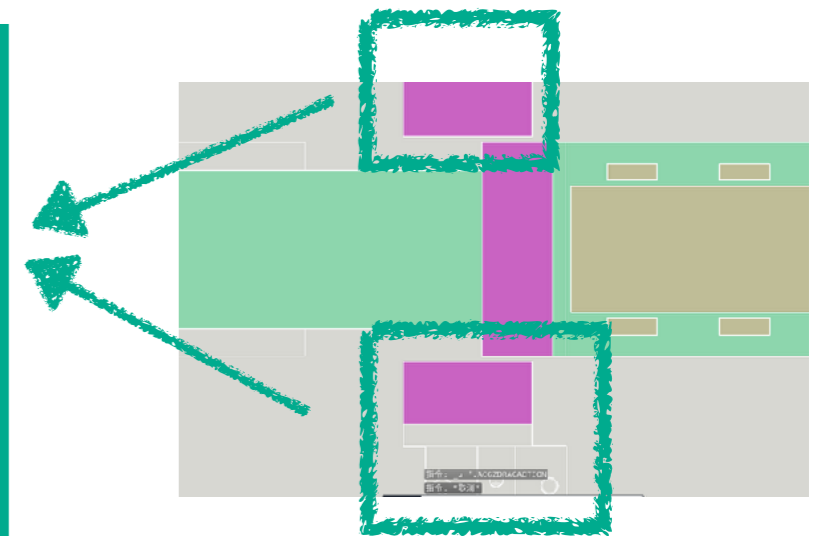
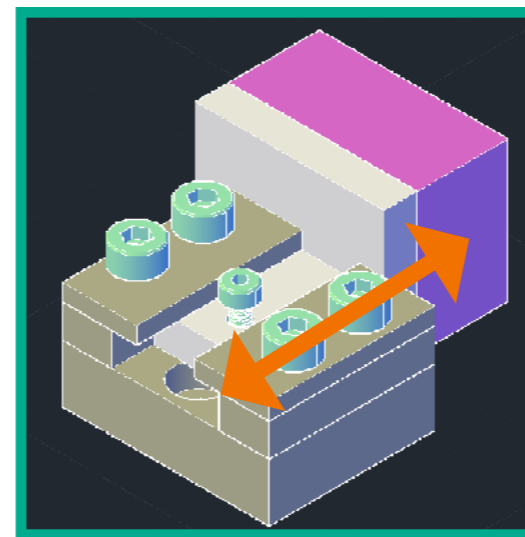
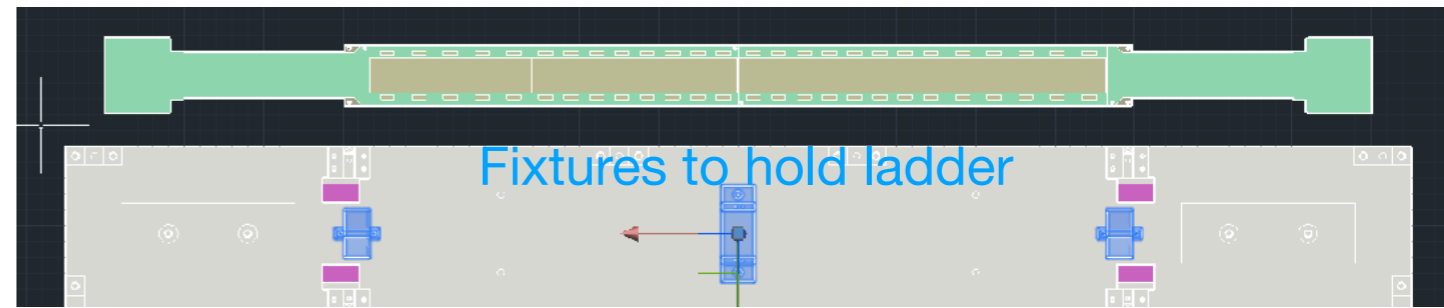
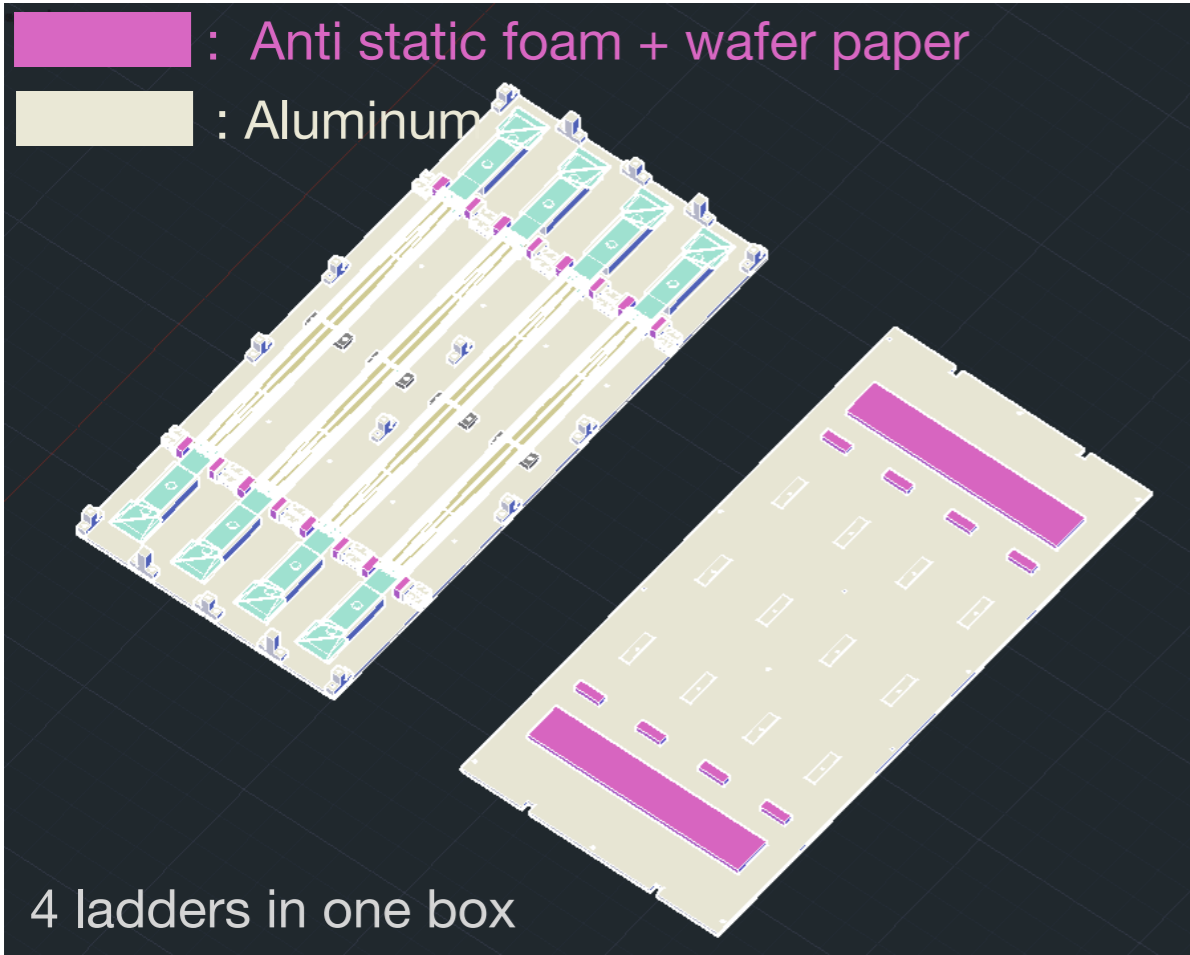
Module ID	status	sensor ID	calibration test	HDI pads test (8 pads)	X error um (A/B)	Y error um (A/B)	rotate error rad (A/B)	bonding
	0 : pad measurement 1 : chip to HDI 2 : sesnor to HDI 3 : post-encapsulation 4 : post - thermal cycle		NaN : not yet test G : good G* : good by different set up (in note) B : bad	G : all good serial out 1/1b 2/2b : not test	Placing error = HDI-sensor, unit : micrometer			All : All channels are bounded
Pre 001		4 S14629-01, 1131	G					39 channels unbounded
Pre 002		3 S14629-01, 1132	G					All
Pre 003		4 S14629-01, 1139	G		47.8/-41.66	18.60/15.33	5.13E-5/-3.21E-5	All
Pre 004		4 S14629-01, 1142	G*	G	-17.5/-12.04	-42.32/-37.76	-1.2e-4/6.7e-5	2 : number of unbounded channels chip : channel 8 : 124 20 : 6
first batch								
Module 041		4 S14629-01, 1134	G		84.86/89.53	-11.40/-27.38	4.19E-4/2.91E-4	All
Module 042		4 S14629-01, 1135	G		44.17/12.76	-0.72/-9.63	8.9E-5/2.16E-4	All
Module 044		4 S14629-01, 1136	G		77.91/32.73	-21.87/-11.73	6.77E-4/8.6E-4	All
Module 071		4 S14629-01, 1137	G	G	5.35/-7.83	-21.56/-39.9	-6.43e-5/3.09e-4	All
Module 073		3 S14629-01, 1141	G*	G	8.66/-2.4	19.2/-9.68	-7.82E-5/2.5E-5	5 unbound channels 4:90, 7:3, 8:100, 18:33, 22:79
Module 074		2 S14629-01, 1148	G*	G	-3.04/-2.34	17.18/-2.01	1.68E-4/-1.17E-4	33 unbond channels : 7 : 116,  8 : 24,  8 : 26 , 10 : 6 , 12 : 122 17 : 106 , 17 : 108 , 17 : 110 , 18 : 113 19 : 18,  19 : 24,  19 : 26,  19 : 28 19 : 106,  19 : 108,  19 : 126,  20 : 10 20 : 19,  20 : 104,  20 : 108,  21 : 104 21 : 106,  21 : 108,  21 : 110 , 22 : 16 24 : 18,  24 : 20,  24 : 22,  25 : 16 25 : 22,  25 : 23 , 25 : 24,  26 : 14
Module 076		2 S14629-01, 1138	NaN	G	7.35/1.1	12.62/13.41	-1.6E-4/-5.73E-5	
Module 077		2 S14629-01, 1147	NaN	G	-11.72/-7.05	10.17/9.76	-3.58E-4/-1.17E-4	
Module 078	2	S14629-01, 1146	NaN	G	12.151/6.872	-9.175/-0.578	-2.80E-4/-1.52E-4	
Module 079	1		G	G				
Module 024	1		G	G				

# Half-ladder storage in Taiwan

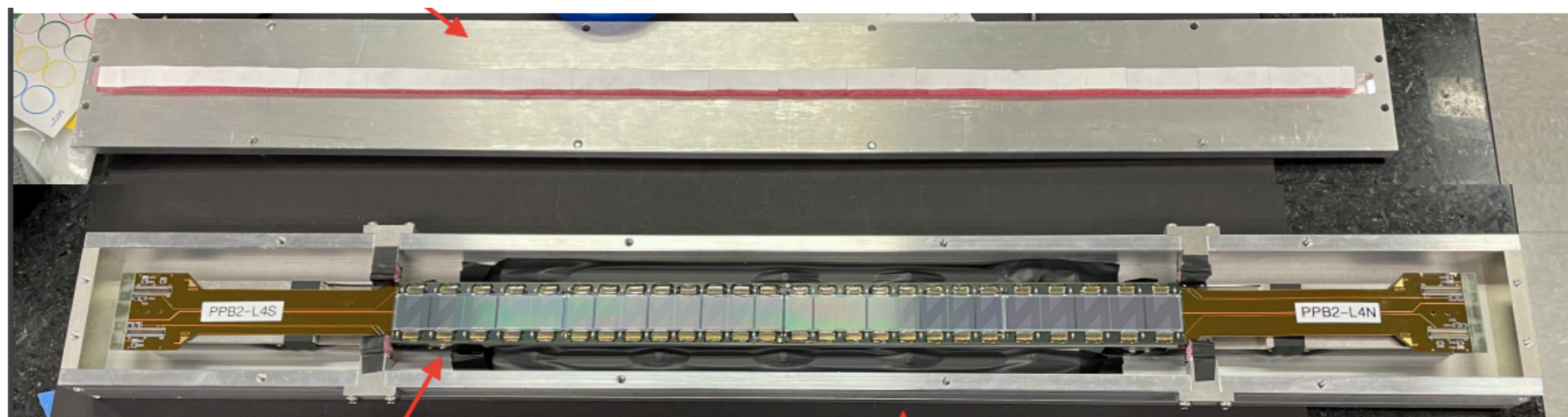


Half-ladders are stored in clean room

# Ladder transportation & storage



The box is capable for ladder transportation and storage



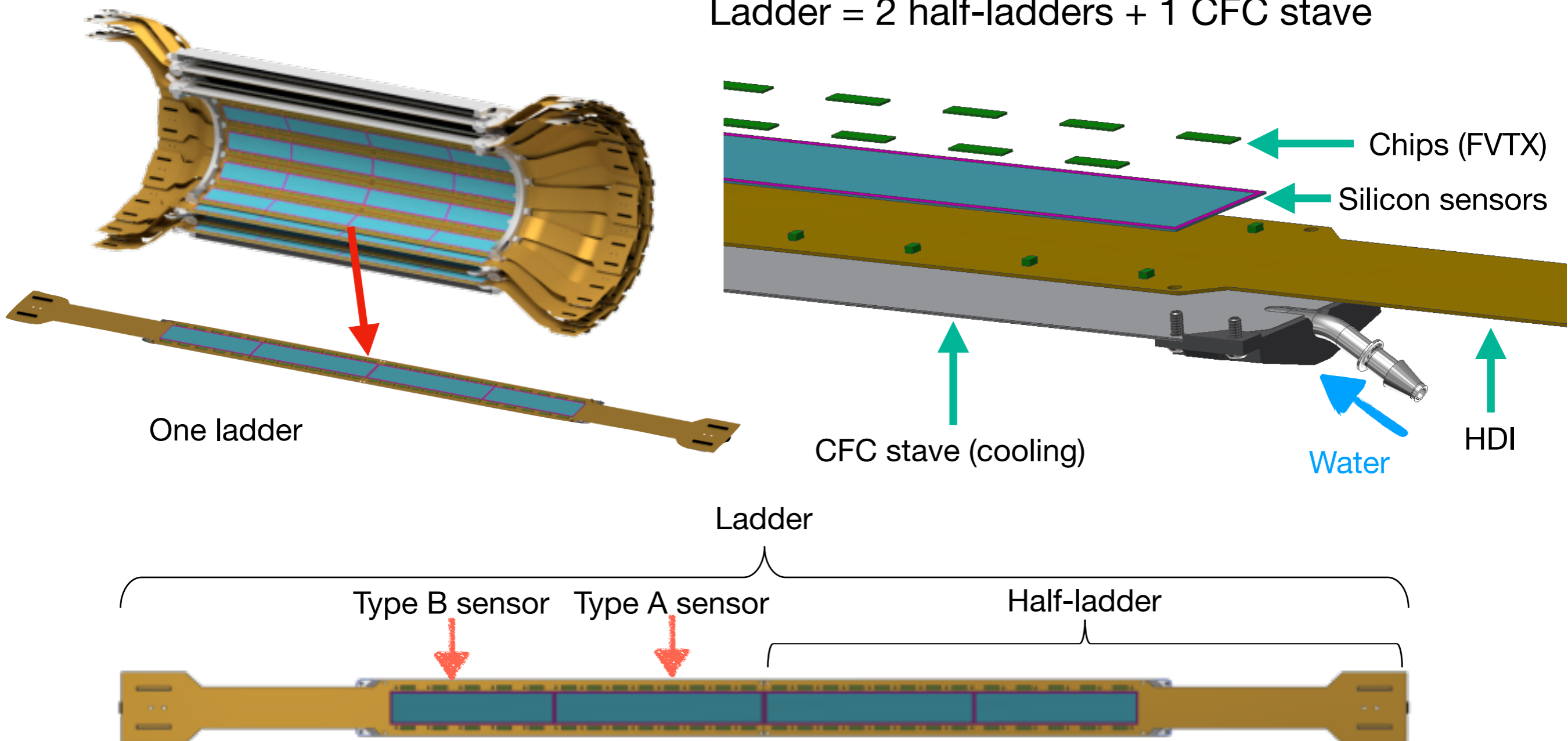
Prototype box is produced, shipping 1 ladder from BNL to NWU

# INTermediate Tracker (INTT)

2 layers of silicon strip detector

Half-ladder = 1 HDI + 26 chips + 2 silicon sensors

Ladder = 2 half-ladders + 1 CFC stave



INTT : 56 ladders + 64 spares = 120 ladders -> 40 ladders in Taiwan