Fast Simulations (Plans) for CORE

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- Why?
- How?









Why we need fast simulations

- The physics studies of the Yellow report relied heavily on fast simulations
- CORE has different geometry/detector technology than reference detector
- → Fast simulations of benchmark physics channels needed to validate performance
- →e.g. how does KLM work for jets, JB method..

How?

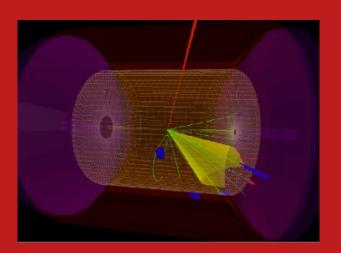
- During YR report processes mainly two fast simulation packages were used
 - EICSmear (→see Kolja's talk) direct or within escalate
 - Delphes
- Both frameworks are easy to setup, learn and use
- I advocate to use Delphes (exclusively)
 - Support only one framework to optimize disk/CPU usage
- Advantages of Delphes
 - Widely used
 - stable
 - Very good support
 - Object oriented
 - Easy to learn and use (e.g. gives 'combined' resolutions in physics objects)
 - Powerful and feature rich
 - · Limited magnetic field propagation
 - Visualization
 - Integration of jet algorithms/particle flow
 - Validation plots
 - ...
- Introduction and use of Delphes for the EIC see S. Sekula's talk here: https://indico.bnl.gov/event/9062/contributions/40123/attachments/29762/46419/Sekula 2020-07-31-DelphesGuide 2020-07-31.pdf

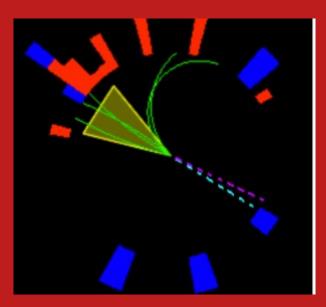
Some Examples

- Used in the YR for
 - Jet studies (M. Arratia, S. Sekula)
 - SIDIS di-hadron studies (A. Vossen)
 - Studies of event reconstruction from hadronic final state (A. Vossen)

S. Ovyn, X. Rouby, V. Lemaitre, : arXiV:<u>0903.2225</u>

Event Displays





From S. Sekula' talk

Plans and Outlook

- Duke has plans to implement the Delphes Geometry in Delphes over the summer
- Interest by others would be very welcome
- Significant people power will be needed to run validation suite
- Generating common simulation output files will lower hurdles to contribution significantly