

MX3 Beamline – Automation

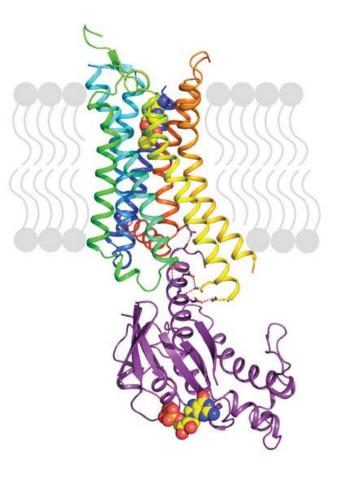
March 2021

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Overview of High performance Macromolecular Crystallography (MX3)



- High Flux Microfocus MX line first users July 2023.
- Endstation optimised for single crystal and serial crystallography
- Will complement the existing MX1/MX2 beamlines.
 MX3 will be able to measure smaller and more weakly diffracting crystals.
- MX3 will also be capable of *in-tray screening*, breaking the current bottleneck in crystal production to understand disease pathologies and drug development.
- Highly automated (crystal location, data collection and merging).



Existing MX beamlines at the AS:

MX1:

BM source

180x150 micron beam, 3.4e11 ph/s flux.

MAD capable (6-18 keV energy range)

Eiger2 9M

MX2:

3m u22 IVU source

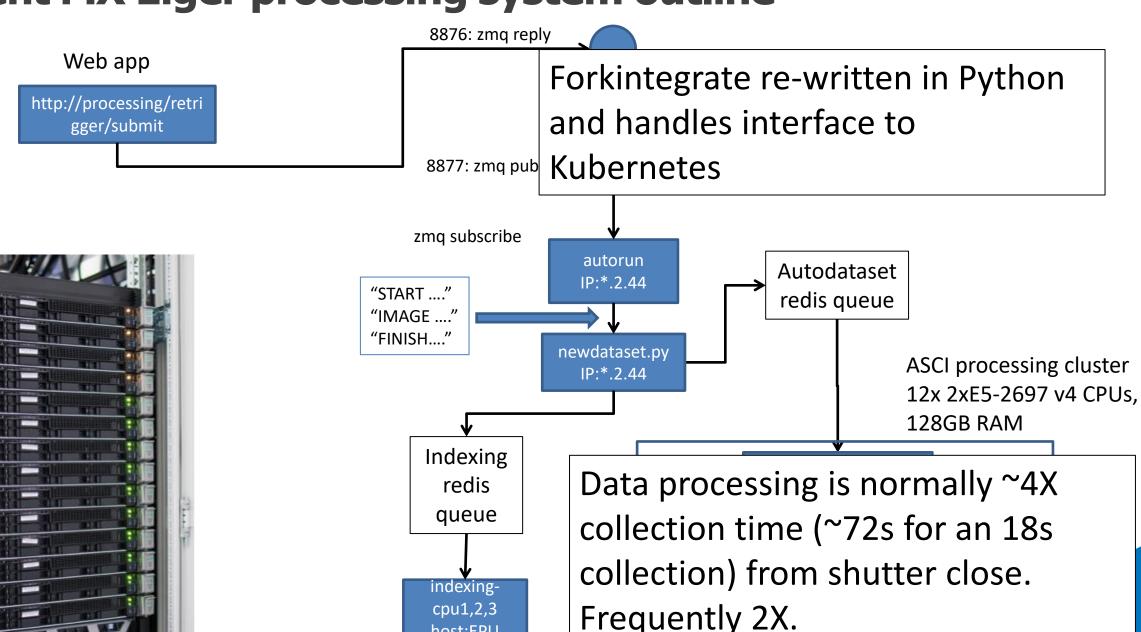
22x12 micron beam, 2.4e12 ph/s flux

MAD capable (5-21 keV energy range)

Eiger 16M

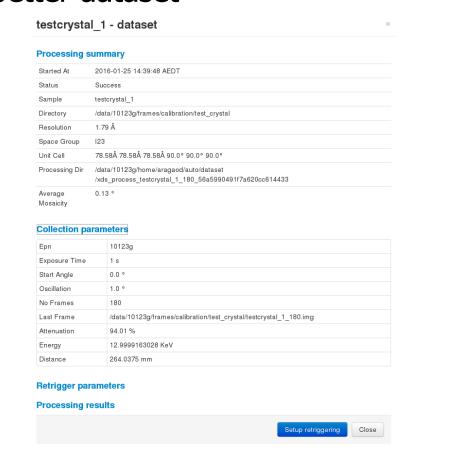


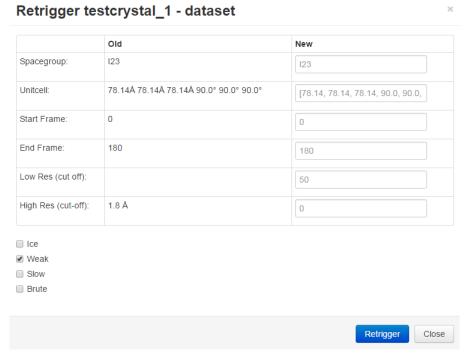
Current MX Eiger processing system outline



Processing GUI

- Retriggering automatic processing is run on all data, with best estimates for parameters
 - Retriggering allows the user to feed information back into the system to get a better dataset







MX3 Scientific computing

- A database to manage sample/experiment data (ISpyB)
- User GUI (MXCubev3)
- Tray screening GUI (SynchWeb)
- Python logic code (similar to ZOO¹, some in-house)
- Ophyd+Bluesky
- Autoprocessing code
- Cluster management
- Data management



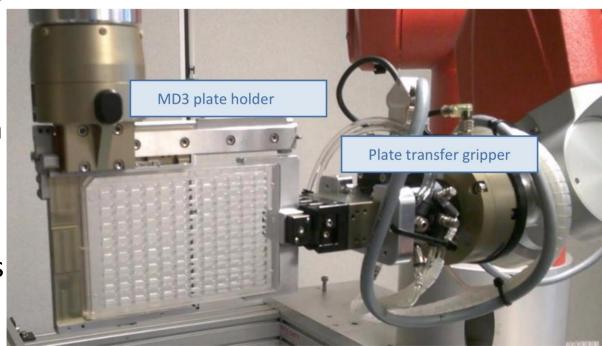
Scientific Capabilities that MX3 will add:

- 1. In-tray screening
- 2. High flux micro crystallography (GPCRs)
- 3. Serial Crystallography
- 4. Automated crystal location and collection



1. In-tray

- ISARA robot will load trays from a 20-tray hotel in the hutch onto the MX3.
- "Tray Tuesdays"
- Tray shipping trial Q1 2012. Trays shipped from users to and from the AS
- Seeking volunteers to take part
- Goal is to develop and test shipper, procedures and tracking software
- Goal is to have a "blanket" proposal for the program = no paperwork for users.





2. High flux micro crystallography

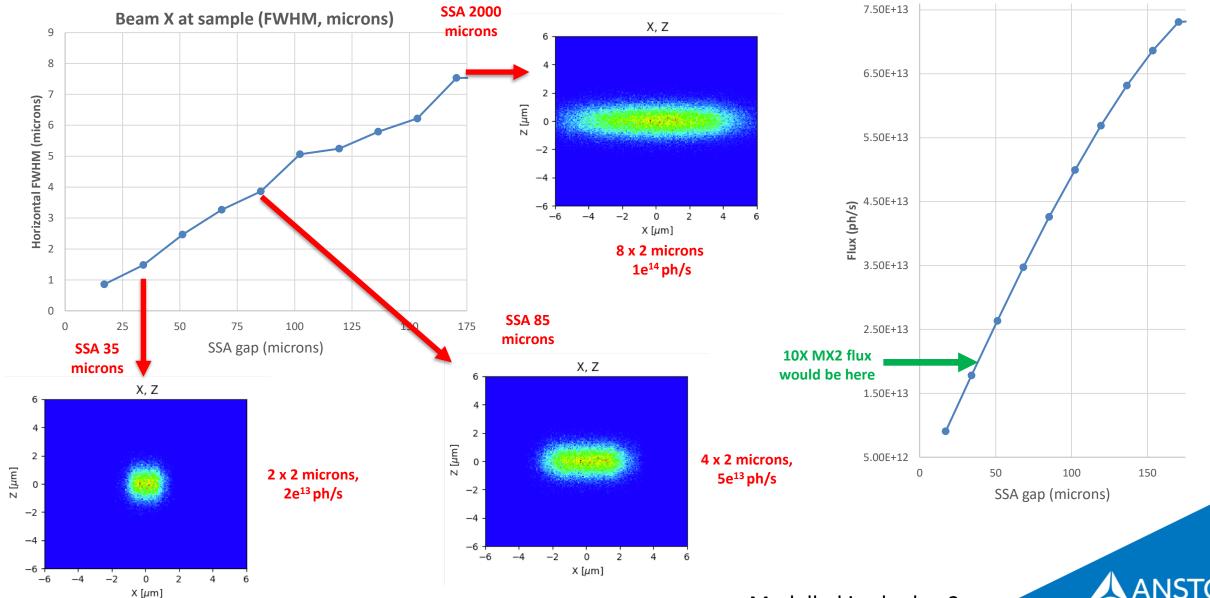
Source

Detector (37.4m) Need DMM to get high enough flux on our ring Eiger2 XE 16M Sample (37m): Fixed post 3 stripes: 0.3%, 0.5% and 1% Mini-kappa Fixed Target HFM, Horizontal In-tray Energy range 10-15keV Focussing Mirror (36.4m) Injector Not MAD capable (future DCM upgrade possible) VFM. Vertical Focussing Mirror (35.9m) CRL, Compound Refractive Lenses (26m) SSA, Secondary Source Aperture (25.5m) PFM, Pre-Focussing Mirror (20m) DMM, Double Multilayer Monochromator (16m) three stripes, 0.9%, 0.5%, 0.3% ΔΕ/Ε Filters (14.3m) WBS, White Beam Slits (14m)



2. MX3 Beam performance (1% stripe)

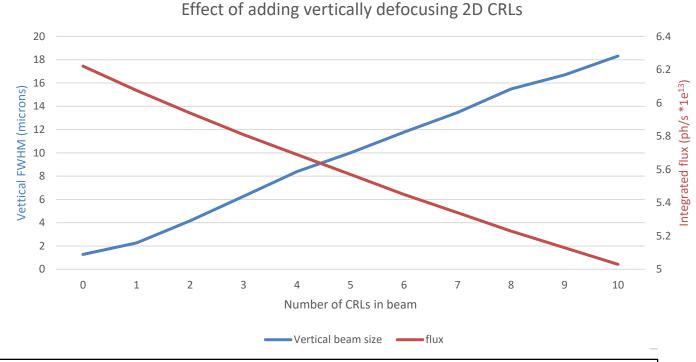
Flux at sample (ph/s)

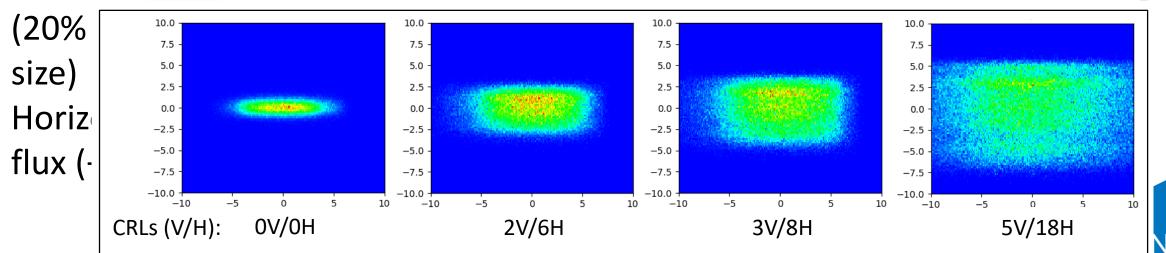


Modelled in shadow3

2. Making the beam BIGGER

Will use beryllium compound refractive lenses (1D)
Fast
User selectable
Max beam size now 15x15
microns
Separate H and V defocus
Vertical defocus costs flux





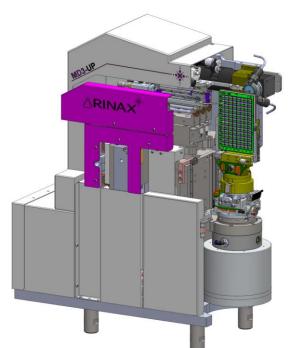
2. Goniometer

High performance goniometer

- MD3 ordered Jan 2021.
- Single axis, kappa and tray-holder heads

Static target systems

- In tray screening using MD3
- Tray hotel in cabin (20 trays)
- Robot can transfer trays from hotel to goniometer.





Arinax



2. MX3 Robot

ISARA robot from Irelec ordered Jan 2021.

Dewar capacity is 29 pucks (pin-up).

Integration with MD3 and ISARA is well established.

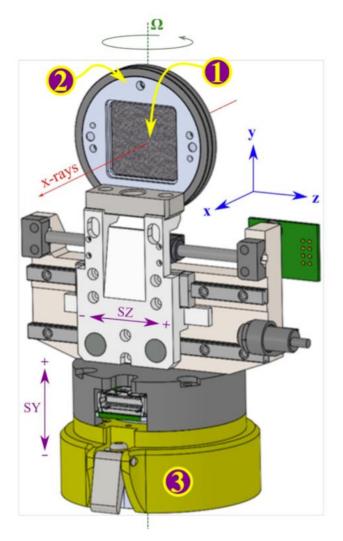


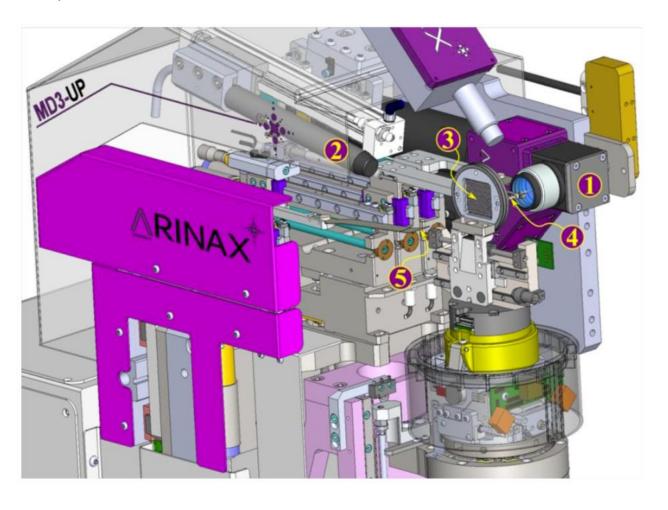
Standard	Gripper	
Unipuck	Simple Unipuck gripper	Double Unipuck grippers
		designed for MD3-Down
MiniSpine / Newpin	MiniSpine gripper	Double MiniSpine gripper
same Dewar interface as for the Unipuck		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
Crystallization Plates (SBS standard)	Plate Gripper	Gripper for transferring plates onto the goniometer
		adapted to EMBL plate holder to be mounted on MD3



3. Serial Crystallography – Large Fixed Target

Now run on MD3 (same system as new ID29 at ESRF)





<u>1Sherrel D. A. et al.</u> "A modular and compact portable mini-endstation for high-precision, high-speed fixed target serial crystallography at FEL and synchrotron sources". Journal of Synchrotron Radiation. Volume 22 | Part 6 | November 2015 | Pages 1372-1378



4. Automation, the core problem

At modern data rates humans can't keep up:

What sample is this?

Typing info into a GUI

Writing notes

Assessing data quality

Making good collection decisions

Automated crystal location

Automated collection plans





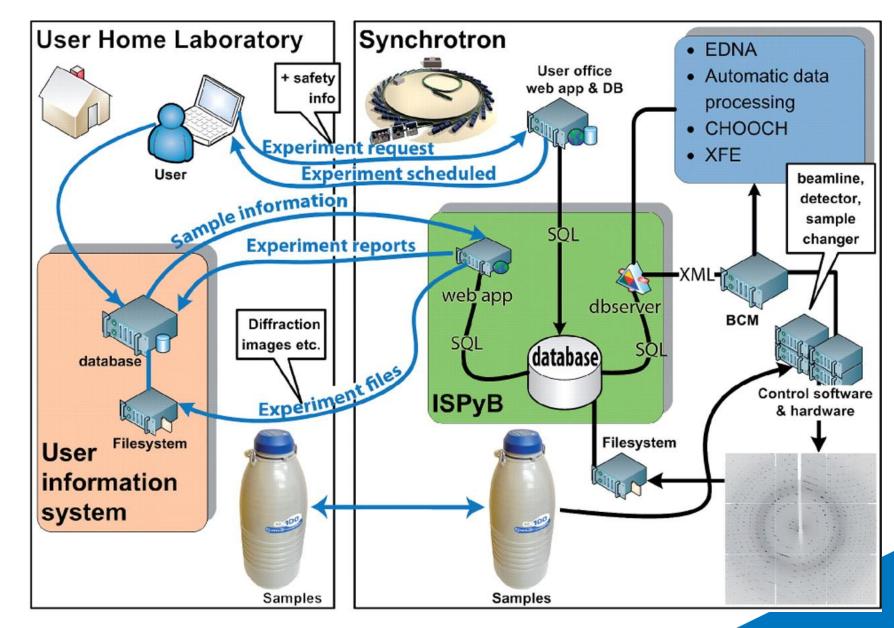


ISPyB

Interest in Python re-write of IspyB backend

Has possible use across more new beamlines at AS (we are building 8)

Ideally deployed to MX1/2 as well.



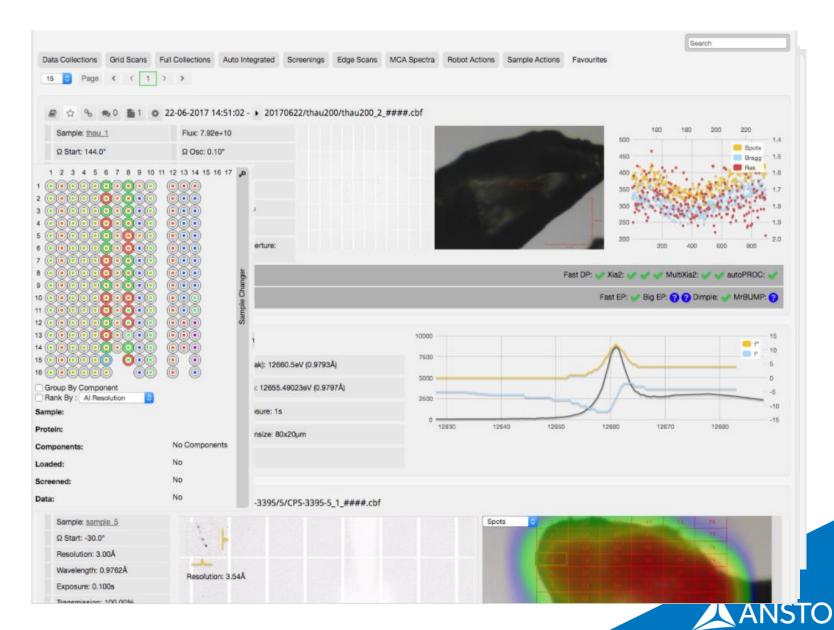




GUIs – ISPyB, SyncWEB etc etc

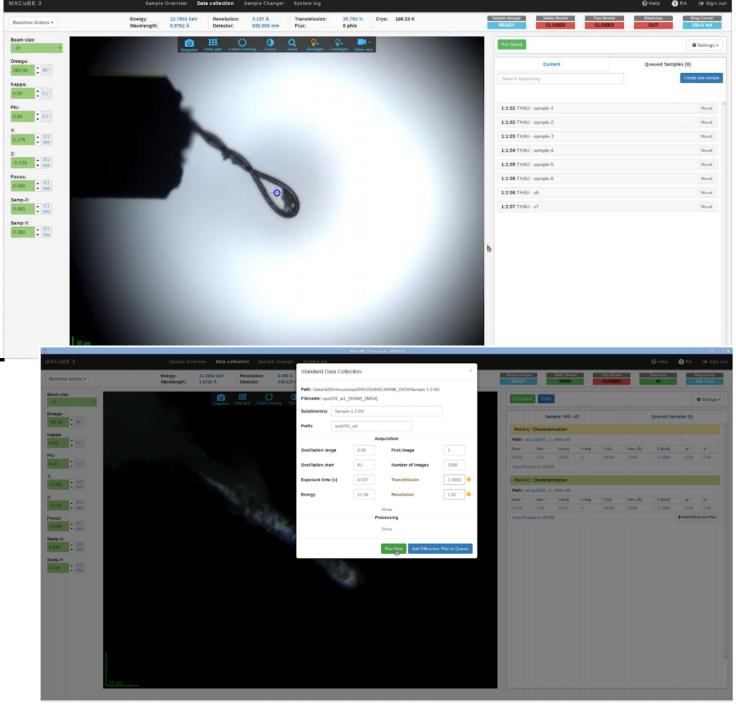
SynchWEB – WebAPP (PHP).

(https://github.com/is
pyb/ispyb-js-api)



MXCUBEv3

- 1. WebAPP
- Backend: Python-flask, SocketIO, REST API
- Aligns with new code architecture for BRIGHT beamlines.
- 4. Deployed on ESRF MX lines now



http://esrf.eu/files/live/sites/www/files/UsersAndScience/Experiments/MX/Software0/MXCuBE3/MXCuBE3%20manual%20v0.1.1.pdf

We need automation!

- 1. MX3 will be the most highly automated beamline at the AS
- 2. Scientific computing will drive the useability and thoughput of the beamline
- 3. Plan is to join ISpyB and MXCUBE consortiums
- 4. Automated (no-user) queued collection.





The Team

MX

Alan Riboldi-Tunnicliffe Rachel Williamson

Jun Aishima (now at NSLS II)

David Aragao (now at Diamond)

Kate Smith (now at PSI)

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Santosh Panjikar

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Not pictured:

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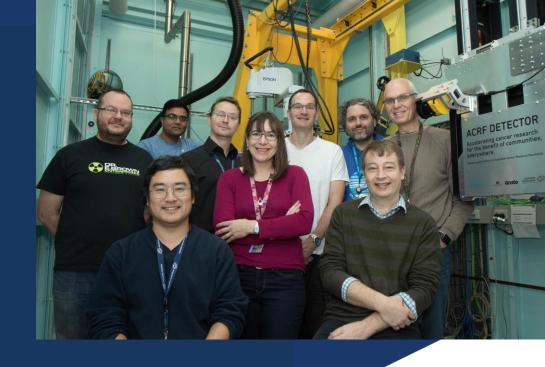
IT Group

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Scientific Computing

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Thank you!

Questions?

