# ECCE IB Meeting

Monday, April 26 2021

## Meeting Agenda

- ECCE Status: Member institutions and convener assignments.
- Follow-up on previous IB meeting:
  - ECCE Advantages
  - Decision making process
  - DEI and code of conduct
- General updates:
  - Communication with project and EICUG
  - IP8 optics

## €CC€ Consortium: Feb. 26

- 1. AANL\*
- 2. AUGIE
- 3. BGU\*
- 4. BNL
- 5. Charles U\*
- 6. Columbia
- 7. CUA
- 8. FIU
- 9. Georgia State
- 10. Glasgow\*
- 11. GWU
- 12. IJCLab-Orsay\*

- 13. Iowa State
- 14. IPAS\*
- 15. JLab
- 16. LANL
- 17. Lehigh University
- 18. LLNL
- 19. MIT
- 20. NCKU\*
- 21. NCU\*
- 22. NRNU MEPhI\*
- 23. NTHU\*
- 24. NTU\*

- 25. ODU
- 26. Ohio U
- 27. ORNL
- 28. PNNL
- 29. Rice
- 30. Rutgers
- 31. Saha\*
- 32. SBU
- 33. TAU
- 34. CU Boulder
- 35. UConn
- **36. UIUC**

- 37. UKY
- 38. UNH
- 39. UTSM\*
- 40. UVA
- 41. Vanderbilt
- 42. Virginia Tech
- 43. Virginia Union
- 44. Wayne State
- 45. Weizmann\*
- 46. Zagreb University\*

## €CC€ Consortium: April 26

Up by 40%!

- 1. AANL\*
- 2. AUGIE
- 3. BGU\*
- 4. BNL
- 5. CCNU\*
- 6. Charles U.\*
- 7. CNU
- 8. Columbia
- 9. CUA
- 10. Czech. Tech. Univ.\*
- 11. Duke
- 12. FIU
- 13. Georgia State
- 14. Glasgow\*
- 15. GSI\*
- 16. GWU

- 17. HUJI\*
- 18. IJCLab-Orsay\*
- 19. IMP\*
- 20. Iowa State
- 21. IPAS\*
- 22. JLab
- 23. LANL
- 24. LBNL/Berkeley
- 25. Lehigh University
- 26. LLNL
- 27. Morehead State
- 28. MIT
- 29. MSU
- 30. NCKU\*
- 31. NCU\*
- 32. NMSU

- 33. NRNU MEPhI\*
- 34. NTHU\*
- 35. NTU\*
- 36. ODU
- 37. Ohio U
- 38. ORNL
- 39. PNNL
- 40. Rice
- 41. RIKEN\*
- 42. Rutgers
- 43. Saha\*
- 44. SBU
- 45. SCNU\*
- 46. TAU\*
- 47. Tsukuba U.\*
- 48. CU Boulder

- 49. UConn
- 50. UH
- 51. UIUC
- 52. UKY
- 53. UNH
- 54. USTC\*
- 55. UTK
- 56. UTSM\*
- 57. UVA
- 58. Vanderbilt
- 59. Virginia Tech
- 60. Virginia Union
- 61. Wayne State
- 62. WI\*
- 63. York\*
- 64. Zagreb U.\*

## €CCE Consortium: April 26

### **EIC Project POC**

Rolf Ent (JLab)

### **Computing Team**

Cristiano Fanelli (MIT)
TBA

### **Computing Working Groups:**

- Artificial Intelligence
- Computing and Software Joe Osborn (ORNL)

#### **Detector Team**

Doug Higinbotham (JLab) Ken Read (ORNL)

### **Detector Working Groups:**

- IP8/Equipment Re-use John Haggerty (BNL)
- Far Forward/Far Backward\*
   Michael Murray (KU)
- Tracking
   Xuan Li (LANL)
- Calorimetry
   Friederike Bock (ORNL), Yongsun
   Kim (Sejong U.)
- Particle ID Greg Kalicy (CUA)
- Magnetic Field
  Paul Brindza (JLab)
- DAQ/Electronics/Readout Chris Cuevas (JLab)

### **ECCE Steering Committee**

Or Hen (MIT) Tanja Horn (CUA) John Lajoie (ISU)

### Physics Benchmarks Team

Carlos Camacho (IJCLab-Orsay) Rosi Reed (Lehigh U.)

### **Physics Working Groups:**

- Simulations
  Cameron Dean (LANL), Jin Huang (BNL)
- Inclusive Processes
- Semi-Inclusive
   Ralf Seidl (RIKEN), Charlotte Van Hulse (Orsay)
- Exclusive
  - Rachel Montgomery (Glasgow), Julie Roche (OU)
- Diffractive and Tagging
  Wenliang Li (W&M), Axel Schmidt (GWU)
- Jets and Heavy Flavor Cheuk-Ping Wong (LANL)
- BSM and Precision Electroweak
   Sonny Mantry (UNG), Xiaochao Zheng (UVa)

### Institutional Board

## Diversity, Equity and Inclusion

Narbe Kalantarians (VUU) Simonetta Liuti (UVA) Elena Long (UNH) Christine Nattrass (UTK)

#### **Editorial Team**

Tom Cormier (ORNL) Richard Milner (MIT) Peter Steinberg (BNL)

### **Editorial Working Groups:**

- Proposal Editing, Verification and Version Control
- Costing and Management

\*Alex Jentsch, Yulia Furletova (far-forward/backward POC)

## €CC€ Consortium: April 26

### **Computing Working Groups:**

- Artificial Intelligence
- Computing and Software Joe Osborn (ORNL)

### **Detector Working Groups:**

- IP8/Equipment Re-use John Haggerty (BNL)
- Far Forward/Far Backward\*
   Michael Murray (KU)
- TrackingXuan Li (LANL)
- Calorimetry
   Friederike Bock (ORNL), Yongsun
   Kim (Sejong U.)
- Particle ID
  Greg Kalicy (CUA)
  Magnetic Field
  Paul Brindza (JLab)
- DAQ/Electronics/Readout Chris Cuevas (JLab)

### **Physics Working Groups:**

- Simulations
   Cameron Dean (LANL), Jin Huang (BNL)
- Inclusive Processes
- Semi-Inclusive
   Ralf Seidl (RIKEN), Charlotte Van Hulse (Orsay)
- Exclusive
   Rachel Montgomery (Glasgow), Julie Roche (OU)
- Diffractive and Tagging
   Wenliang Li (W&M), Axel Schmidt (GWU)
- Jets and Heavy Flavor Cheuk-Ping Wong (LANL)
- BSM and Precision Electroweak
   Sonny Mantry (UNG), Xiaochao Zheng (UVa)

\*Alex Jentsch, Yulia Furletova (far-forward/backward POC)

## From Previous IB Meeting

### W.A. Zajc to Everyone

10:56 AM

I too have to leave this very interesting discussion. It's pretty clear the people very much want to understand both the strategy (What strengths make ECCE the "obvious" choice?) and the process (precisely who will make decisions?)

### Rosi Reed to Everyone

10:53 AM

I will have to leave - but I do think a lightweight bylaws could be useful - hard to have a code-of-conduct without some "rules" but I don't think a 10 page document such as other experiments have is necessary at this point.

## €CCE 101

- ECCE consortium comprises 64 institutions assembled around the idea of developing an EIC detector envisioned to offer full energy coverage and an optimized far forward detection region.
- ECCE is investigating a detector based on an existing 1.5T solenoid in both EIC interaction regions, ready for the beginning of EIC accelerator operation.
- ECCE consortium will respond to the EIC call for detector proposals with a plan to address the full range of EIC physics outlined in the NAS study and the Yellow Report, as the EIC project detector ("Detector 1").
- ECCE shares the vision of the Nuclear Physics community that the EIC science mission is best served by two detectors.
- ECCE is open to all to participate freedom of choice to also work on other proposals

ECCE is a low-risk, Inexpensive, flexible and optimized EIC detector!

## ECCE is a low-risk, Inexpensive, flexible and optimized EIC detector!

- Low risk due to re-use of existing magnet and various detectors.
- Inexpensive due to magnet and detector reuse (we hope)
- Flexible and optimized by studying both IRs
- Most realistic detector to be ready by CD4a.

## ECCE is a low-risk, Inexpensive, flexible and optimized EIC detector!

- Low risk due to re-use of existing magnet and various detectors.
- Inexpensive due to magnet and detector reuse (we hope)
- Flexible and optimized by studying both IRs
- Most realistic detector to be ready by CD4a.

## Decision Makin Process

### Three key decision-making points:

- What technologies do we wish to simulate
- Which physics channels do we wish to study
- What technologies go into the proposal (based on simulations results)

## Detector Tech Decision Makin Process

### Detectors: based on a matrix of:

- IB interests,
- Cost,
- Risk,
- Performance.

Main discussions will take place in DWG meetings – **join to impact**!

We think most major decisions will arrive at consensus based on DWG/PWG studies. If there is a case that doesn't, and the decision is fundamental to the direction ECCE takes, the Steering Committee will put the question to the IB for a binding vote.

## But... Not starting from scratch

Using lots of knowledge accumulated during the YR process

Have some sense of IB preferences from EOI process and discussions with groups when joining ECCE

See current thinking in previous IB meeting opening talk: (https://indico.bnl.gov/event/11120/)

#### ECCE Detector – central barrel

#### FOR CENTRAL BARREL NEED:

- Tracking resolution pT
- Tracking resolution vertex
- Electron PID (e/h separation)
- Solenoid (reuse) bore diameter fixed: 2.8 m constraint for detector technology selection

#### ECCE CENTRAL BARREL STRAWMAN

#### **Tracking: Silicon barrel tracker**

- Allows to focus on projectivity no impact of nonuniformity of magnetic field in central region
- Electron PID: SciGlass (backup: W/Sc (Pb/Sc) shashlik) SciGlass remains to be demonstrated
  - Several backup options lower resolution though

#### h-PID: hpDIRC & AC-LGAD

- Compact
- > AC-LGAD never been shown for barrel configuration
- > AC-LGAD backup: dE/dx (needs more space) HCAL: magnet steel (reuse) - Fe/Sc

#### Space budget:

Function	Maximum
	[cm]
Tracking (incl. 5 cm support)	50
Hadron particle	10
identification	
Low energy particle	15
identification	
EM Calorimetry	50
PID & EMCal support	15
structure	
Total	140

#### **ECCE Detector – electron endcap**



#### FOR ELECTRON ENDCAP NEED:

- · Tracking resolution
- · Electron Detection with high precision
- Hadron PID

#### **ECCE ELECTRON ENDCAP STRAWMAN**

Tracking: MAPS, Micro Pattern Gaseous Detectors (MPGD) **Electron Detection: PWO&SciGlass** 

- Inner part: PWO crystals (reuse some)
- Outer part: SciGlass (backup PbGI)

> From yellow report

#### HCAL: Steel from magnet or Pb/Sc or Fe/Sc

- > Not instrumented and only serve as flux return?
- > Instrumented with reduced thickness lower particle energies

#### **ECCE Detector – hadron endcap**



#### FOR HADRON ENDCAP NEED:

- · Tracking forward resolution
- h-PID
- Reasonable electron PID
- Good hadron calorimetry and desire for high resolution calorimetry

#### **ECCE HADRON ENDCAP STRAWMAN**

Tracking: MAPS, Micro Pattern Gaseous Detectors (MPGD)

#### h-PID: dRICH&TOF

e/h separation: TOF & aerogel

> TRD to separate electrons from high momentum hadrons?

#### Electron PID: W/ScFi, Pb/Sc or W/Sc shashlik

- **HCAL:** Pb/Sc or Fe/Sc
  - > Alternative for improved resolution: dual readout, high-granularity

11

## Physics Decision Makin Process

ECCE

A lot is already decided for us by the need to demonstrate EIC NAS Study and EIC white Paper

Still can choose between several observables.

+ we want to do several 'ECCE Strength' studies.

→ Join PWG meetings and workshop!

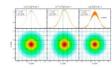
### **Physics Studies Focus: a first look**

## Plots to demonstrate EIC NAS Study, White Paper

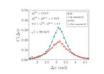
- Origin of Nucleon
   Spin
- Confined motion of partons
- 3D imaging quarks and gluons
- Nucleon mass
- High gluon densities in nuclei
- Quarks and gluons in the nucleus

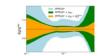












### Plots to show unique ECCE strengths

• Light-ion tagging



Pion/Kaon structure



- nuclear modifications and in-medium evolution
  - D/D\* reconstruction and heavyflavor in jets.
  - showcasing ECCE lower pT-cutoff due to the 1.5T field

## Bylaws and code of conduct

DEI committee working hard on our code of conduct.

Taking examples from existing consortia

 Code of conduct will be discussed with the IB which will also ecide on the need for bylaws.

Takes time to do this right.

## Communication with Project and EICUG

• We, like others, are disappointed that EIC@IP6 added an exclusivity claw to their convener invitations, preventing them from collaborating with other efforts. We think its counter productive to our goals as a community and expressed this view to the project, EIC@IP6, and EICUG steering committee leadership.

 A meeting will be held on May 6 in which the project, EICUG steering committee leadership and ECCE, CORE and EIC@IP6 leaderships will discuss costing templates and proposals review process. We will update the IB with what we learn.

## IP8 status



4) Will there be any support from the Project to optimize the interaction region design? The design for Detector 1 should be compatible with that of the accelerator and interaction region layout of the CDR. Some interaction region optimization may be implemented during the year and, if approved, will be passed on to the EICUG. The design for Detector 2 should be based on the interaction region conceptual layout shown at <a href="https://indico.bnl.gov/event/10677/timetable/#9-ir2-development-status">https://indico.bnl.gov/event/10677/timetable/#9-ir2-development-status</a>, with perhaps some interaction region optimization. Support for the latter should be requested through the Project Executive Management Team.

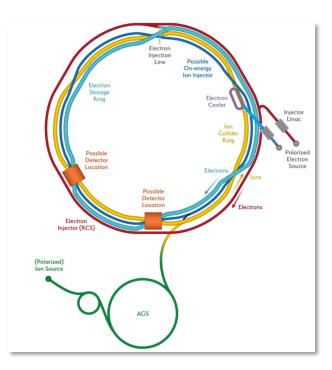
"Detector 1 ... Some interaction region optimization may be implemented during the year and, if approved, will be passed on to the EICUG."

The Project is trying to fold in the option to rewire for lower proton energies the final focus lens into triplet focusing. This is applicable at **both IP6 and IP8** and could increase the luminosity  $@E_{cm} \sim 40 - 60$  GeV by a factor of almost 2 (work in progress!)

"Detector 2 ... with perhaps some interaction region optimization. "

See next slides

## 2<sup>nd</sup> IR Position Paper



https://indico.bnl.gov/event/10677/sessions/4108/attachments/33241/53351/IP-for-2ndIR.v3 post.pptx

### IP6 - planned EIC project detector location

hadrons "going from inner to outer arc"

### IP8 - viable location for complementary detector/IR

hadrons "going from outer to inner arc"

### → IR designs NOT interchangeable with each other

→ EIC Project position paper for 2<sup>nd</sup> IR to define commitment of layout and compatibility verification, and trigger point for further work. Scope agreed upon.

From Position paper: "It is important to realize that the IR designs are not interchangeable with each other, with the hadrons going from inner arc to outer arc in IR6 and in opposite direction in IR8. The physical layout of the IR halls (IR6 and IR8) and adjacent tunnel sections differ significantly such that the IR designs are not interchangeable. Two different dedicated designs are required that can directly lead to complementarity in science reach. The path length for the hadron and electrons in the IR varies between different IR designs. The overall path length difference in electron and hadron collider rings is a design constraint with little margin for modification once the lattice design, the placement of the hardware components in the tunnel, is frozen. From this it follows that the path length and therefore the conceptual lattice design of the second IR must be part of the integrated EIC design from the beginning. Otherwise, we risk excluding specific designs required for maximal science reach. Lastly, a 2nd IR will add a second beam collision per turn once operational, and viability of stable beams with a potential 2nd detector and IR deliverable must be ensured."

## 2<sup>nd</sup> IR Progress and Status

- Position paper for 2<sup>nd</sup> IR to define commitment of layout and compatibility verification, and trigger point for further work. Scope agreed upon.
- Basic concept of a 2<sup>nd</sup> IR option fulfilling many RHIC boundary conditions (crossing angle can not be too large, < 50 mr, and not too small, > 25 mr) was presented by Vasiliy Morozov at 2<sup>nd</sup> IR meeting.
  - In this lattice more space was required for positioning crab cavities, etc.
- Have now integrated this 2<sup>nd</sup> IR design into the overall EIC layout, with as goal to
  minimize need for new RHIC magnets far away from the IP (J. Scott Berg) this also
  constrains crab cavities to "existing" locations.
- Laid out two configurations
  - 35 mrad, beam lines converging on forward hadron side
  - 25 mrad, beam lines diverging on forward hadron side (i.e., extra beam kink)
- Ongoing work:
  - Fold in secondary focus think this is doable within available lattice space.
  - First acceptance tests show a "cut", and that some optimization of magnets and optics is still required to obtain good acceptance (this has to do with that for IR-8 the Zero-Degree Calorimeter is "on the other side" of the beam).
- We plan to pass things on to EICUG next month (May) for further discussion and physics simulations - we first need to ensure we have a quasi-stable optics layout and give the right acceptance.

# We're Making Great Progress! [tune in to Teams talks for details]

