



Illinois Center for Advanced Studies of the Universe



Connections between heavy-ion collisions and neutron star mergers

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RHIC & AGS User's Meeting 2021

QCD Phase Diagram in Equilibrium

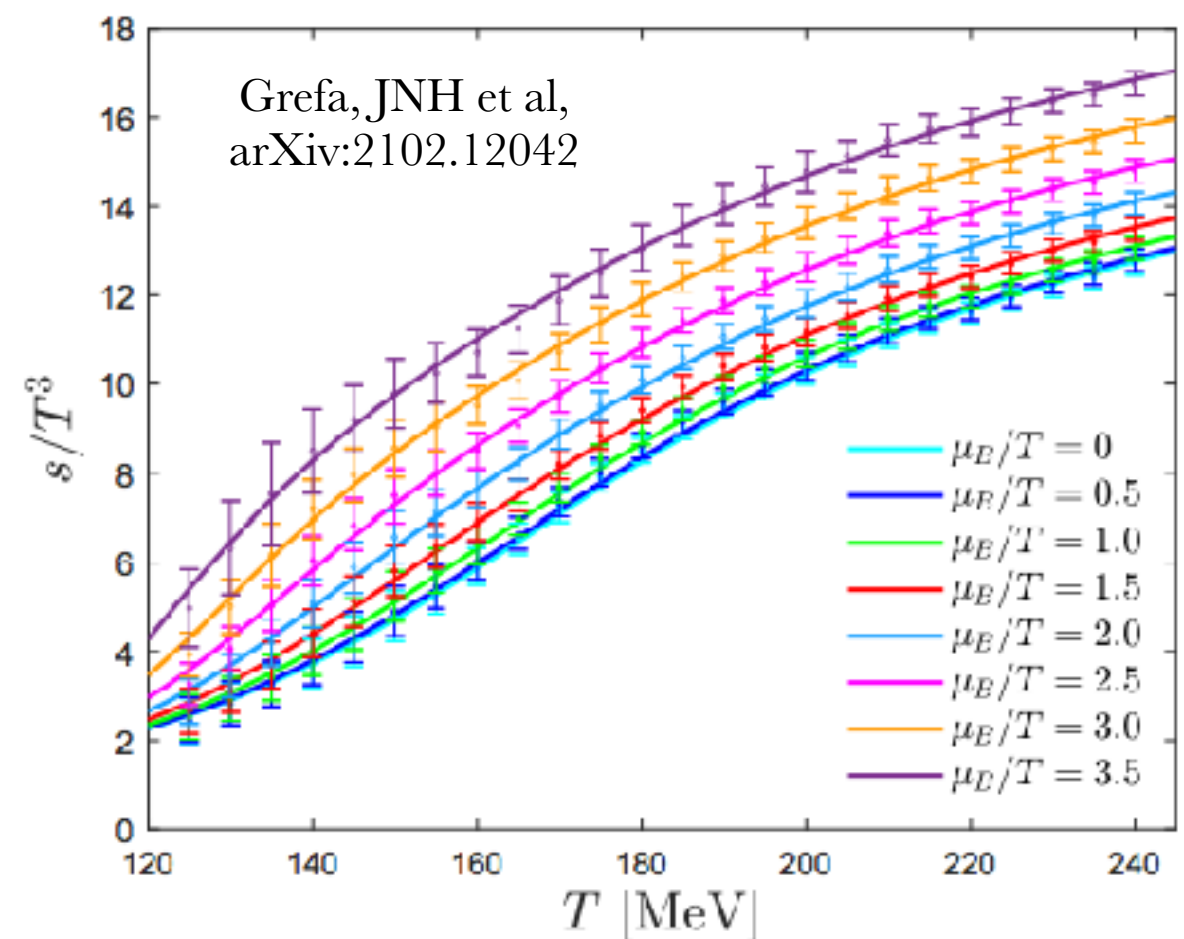
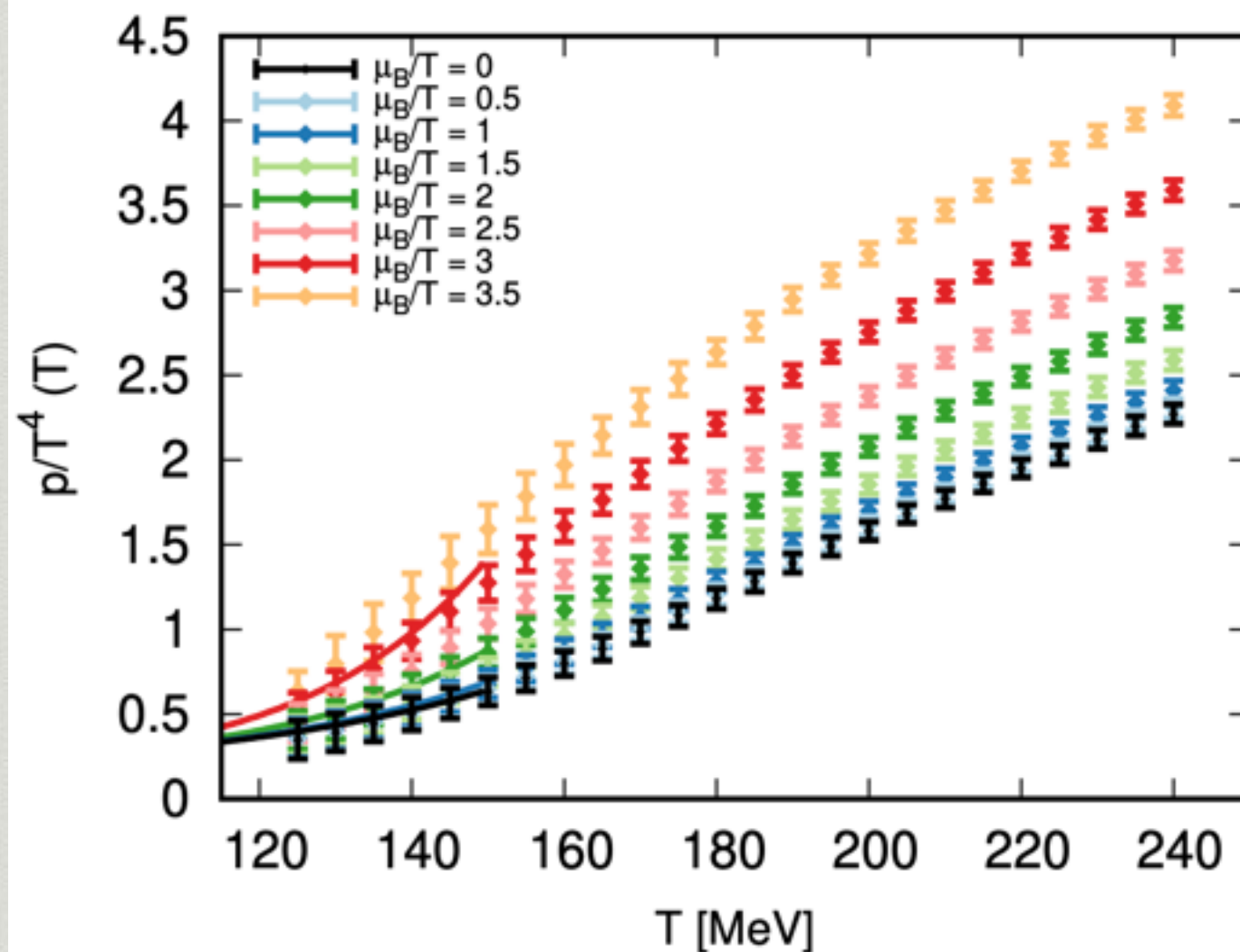
Lattice QCD and holography



Joaquin Grefa
UH PhD Student

New resummation
scheme to reach larger μ_B

Predicts CP at
 $\{T_c = 89, \mu_B = 724\}$ MeV

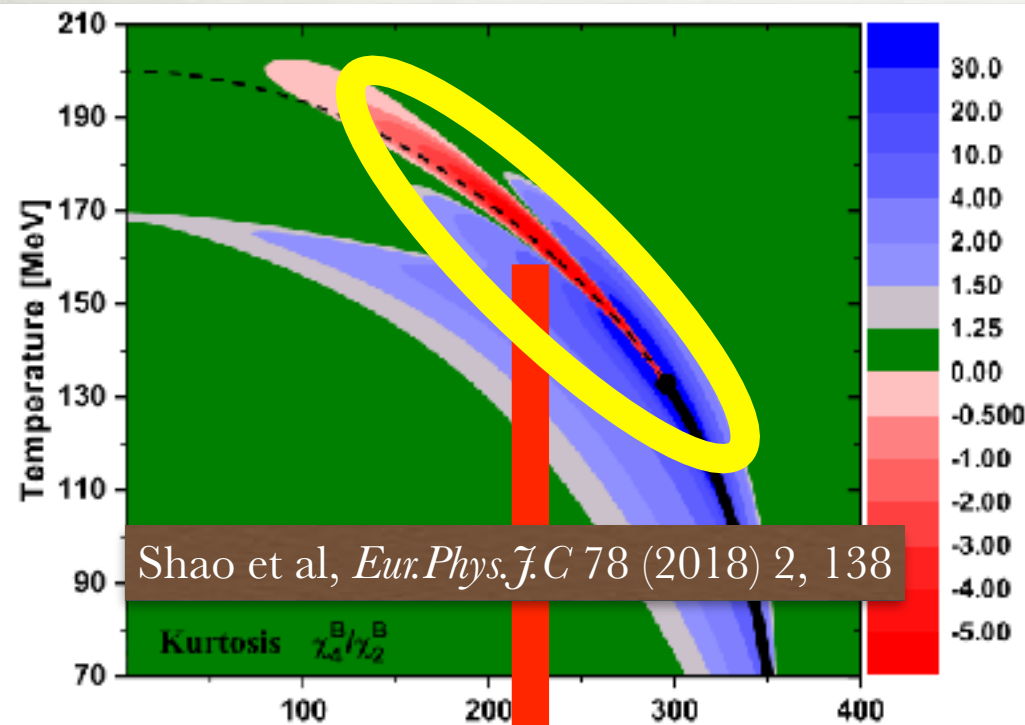


For $T \sim 150$ MeV
reaches $\mu_B \sim 525$ MeV

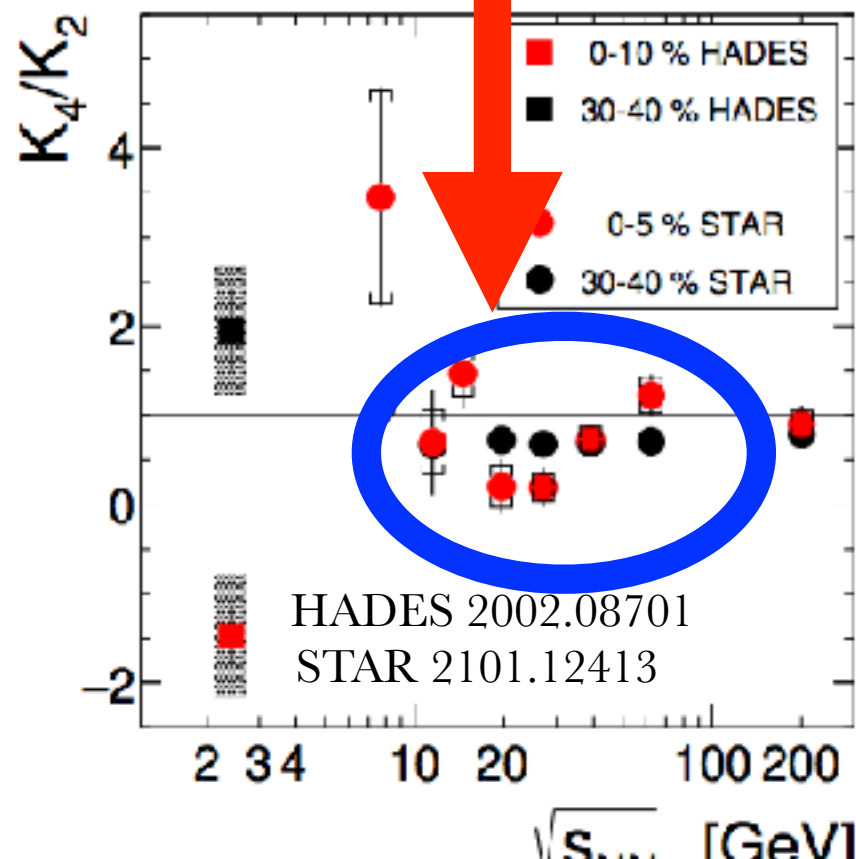
Fitting to just Lattice
QCD at $\mu_B = 0$ captures
 $\mu_B > 0$ EOS

Critical Point: Peak in κ_4/κ_2 only clear signature

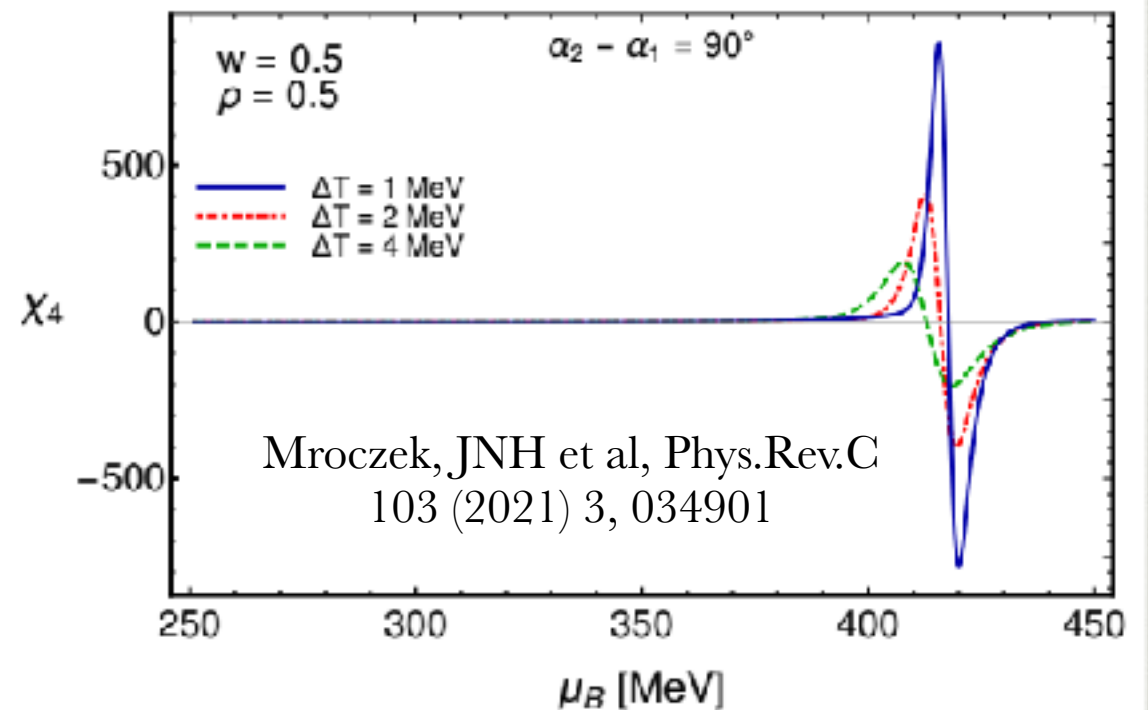
3D Ising (leading order terms only) Stephanov. PRL 107 (2011)



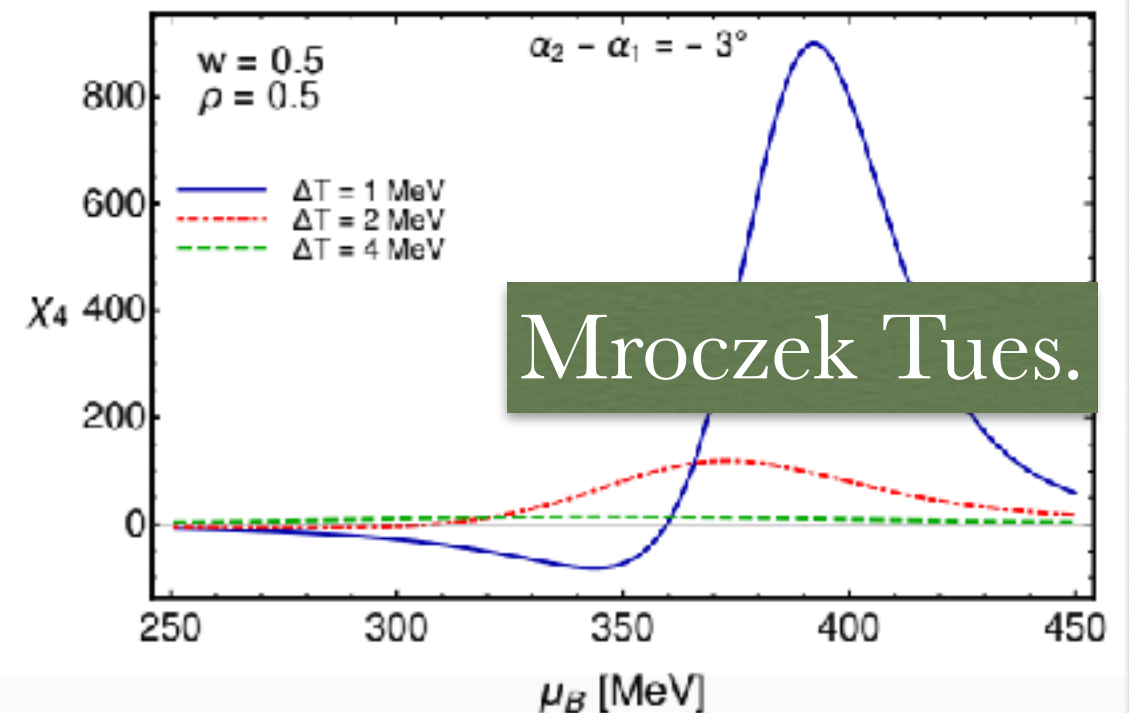
Shao et al, *Eur.Phys.J.C* 78 (2018) 2, 138



HADES 2002.08701
STAR 2101.12413

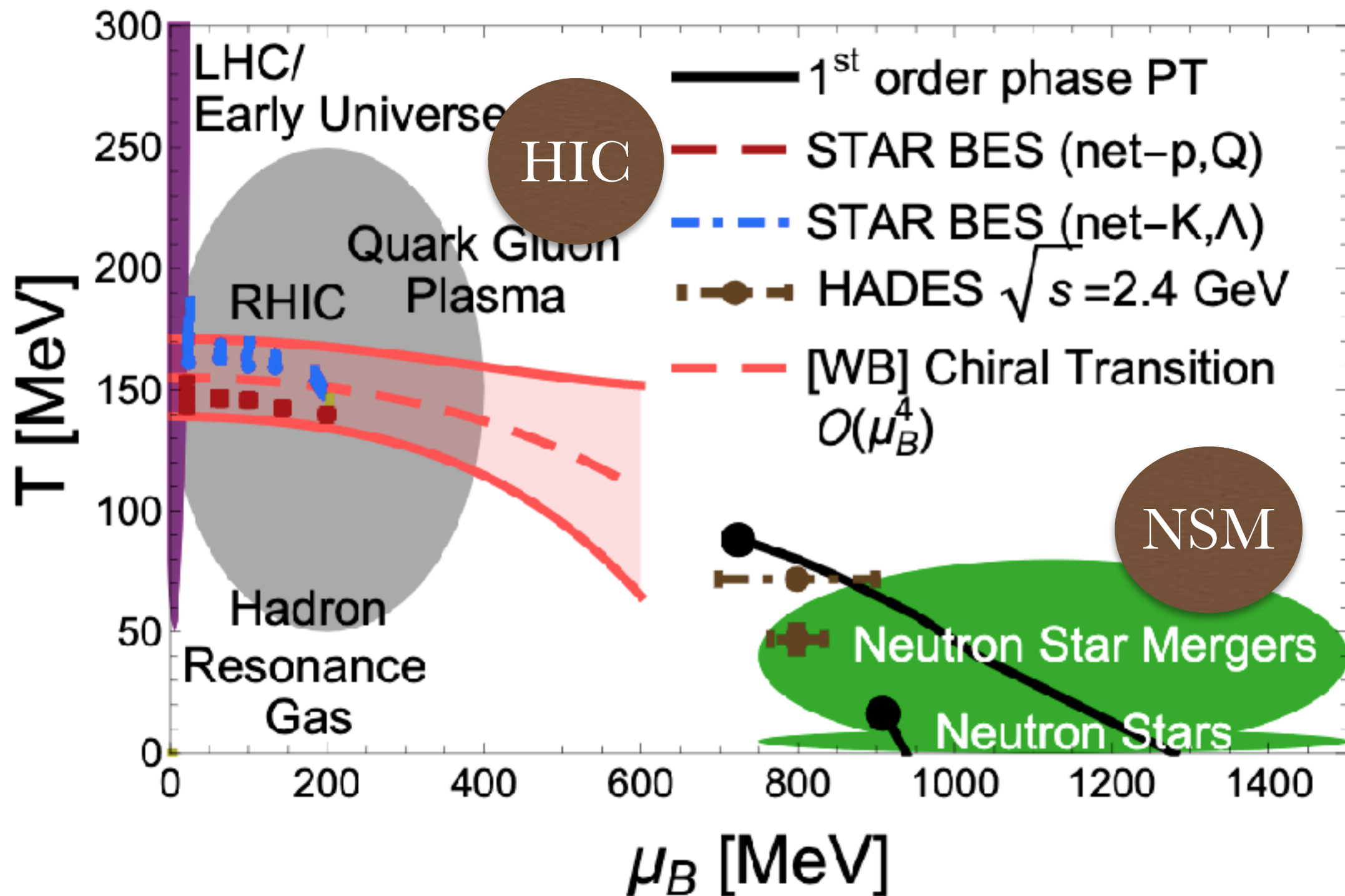


Mroczek, JNH et al, *Phys.Rev.C*
103 (2021) 3, 034901

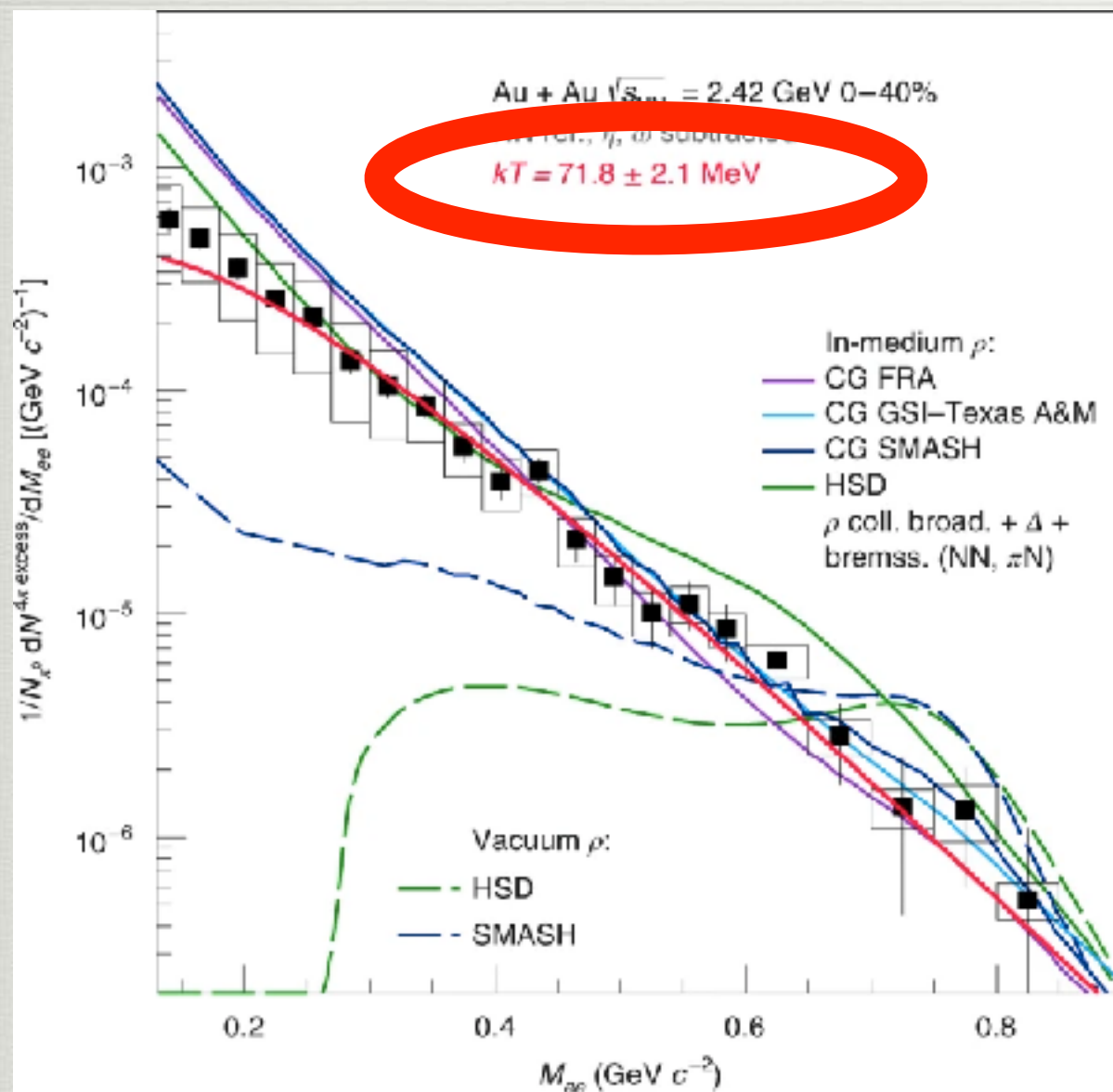


Mroczek Tues.

QCD phase diagram



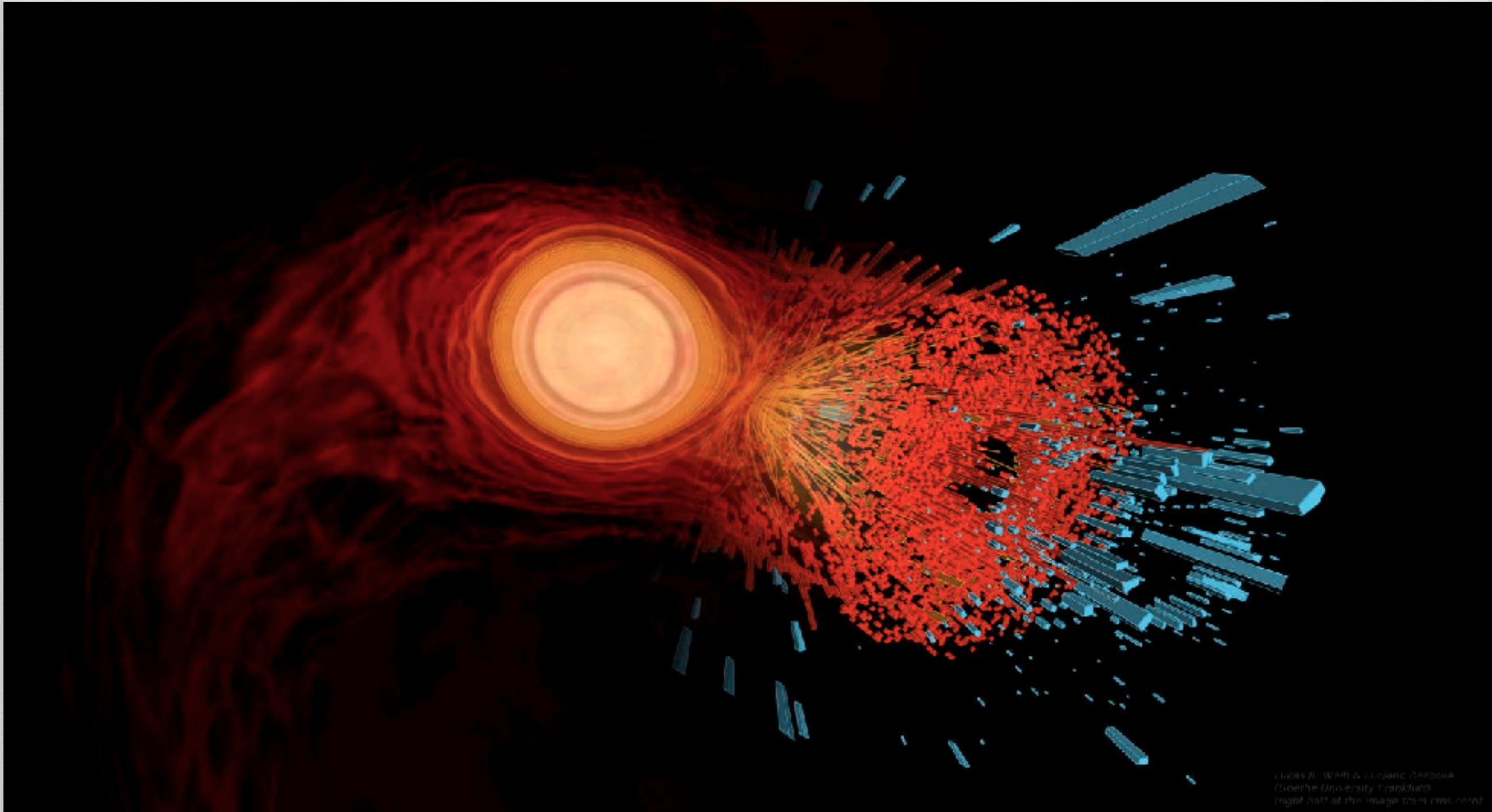
HADES best for EOS at finite T



- Extracted average temp
 $T = 71 \pm 2.1$ MeV
- Density estimates highly model dependent but
 $\rho \sim 2\rho_0$
- Min. Measurable T from thermal fits:
 $\{T_{chem}, \mu_B^{chem}\} = \{47 \pm 5, 799 \pm 22\}$

[HADES] Nature Physics volume 15, pages
 1040–1045(2019)

Nucleus-Nucleus collisions = mini-neutron star mergers?



Ulrich H. Wirth & Volker J. Jurek
(Goethe University Frankfurt)
(right half of the image from 2007)

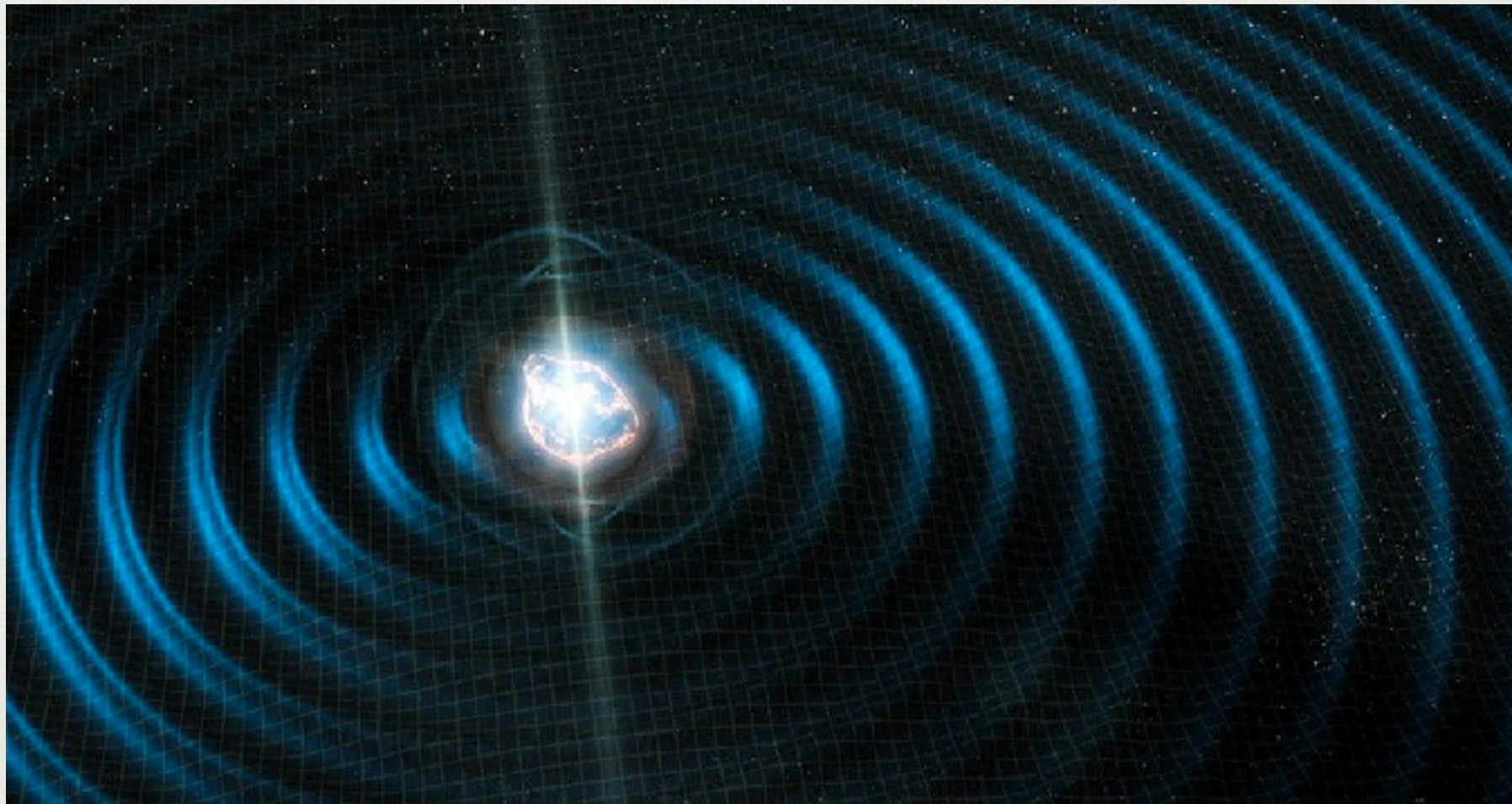
Neutron star mergers combine the fundamental forces

Electromagnetism

Large B field, visual signals

Gravity

Gravitational Waves



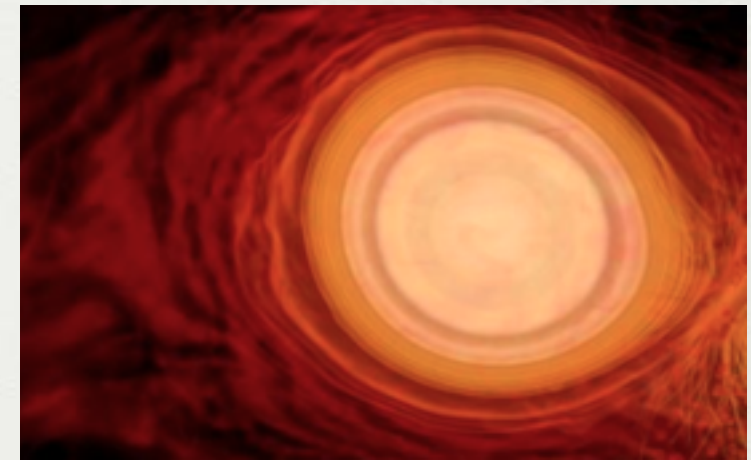
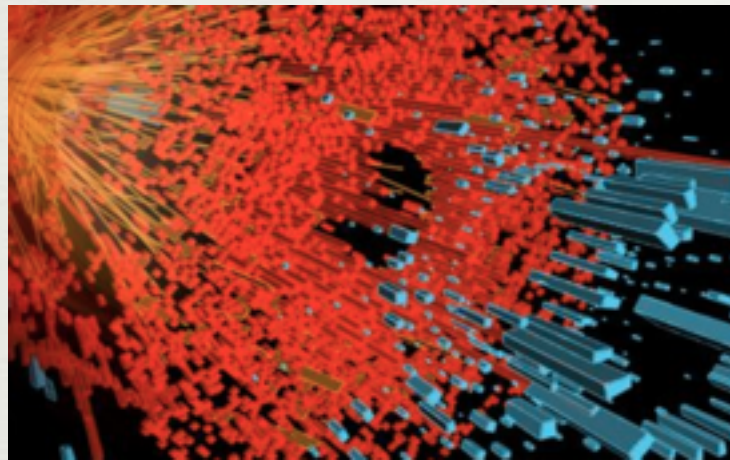
Strong Force

Nuclei, nucleons, quarks

Weak Force

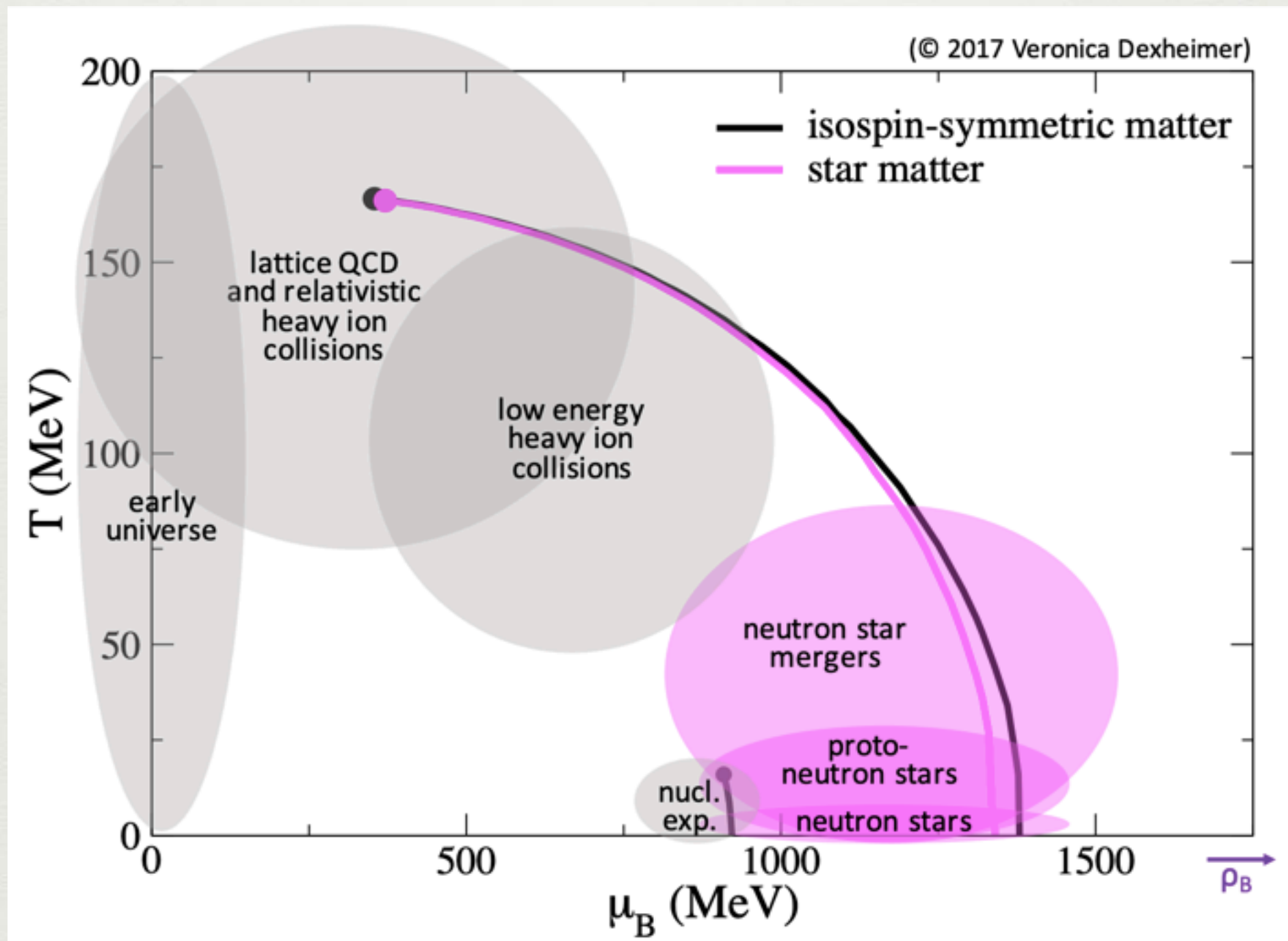
Neutrinos, Strange decays

Caveats: Strangeness and Electric Charge

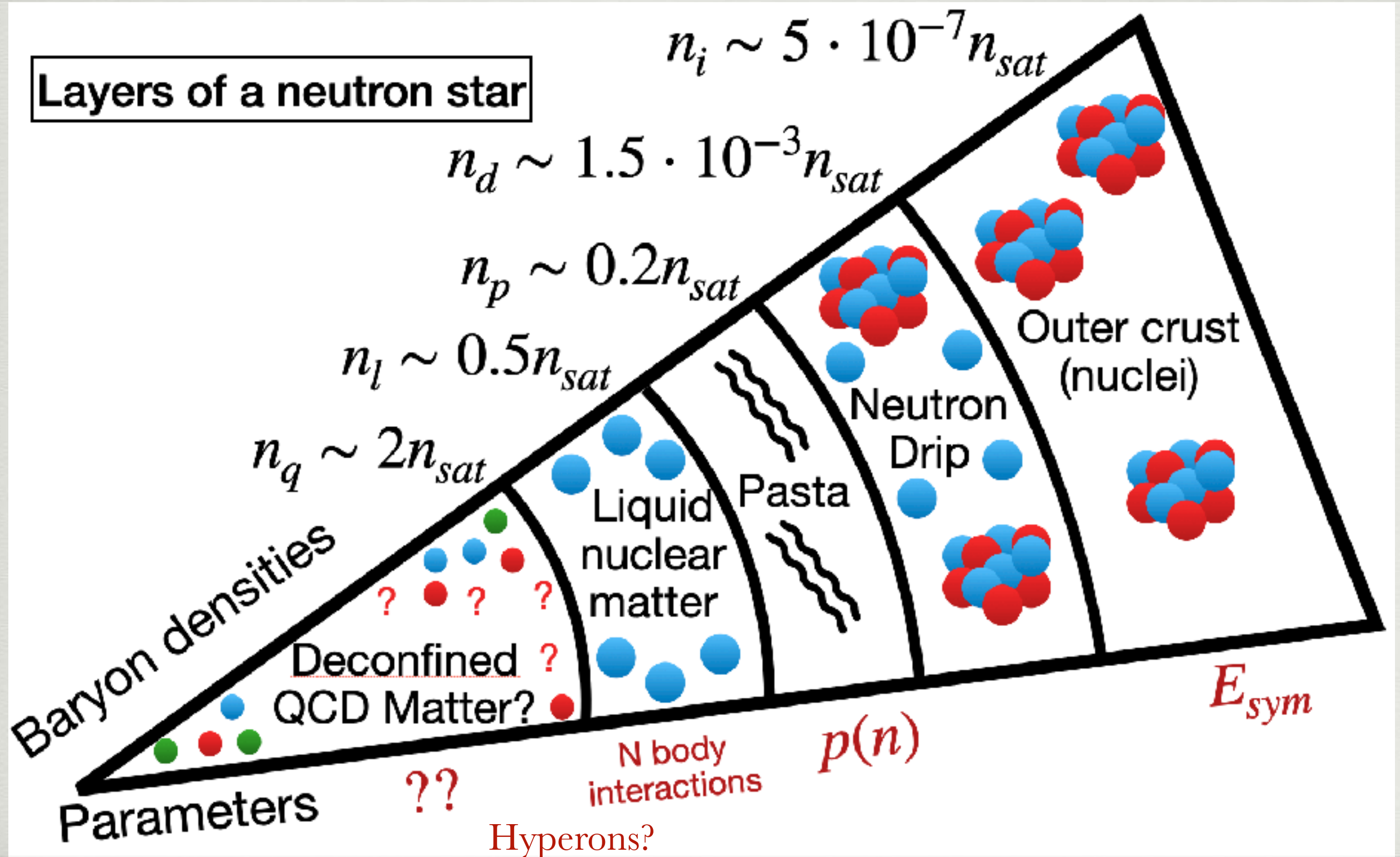


- Strangeness neutrality
 $\langle \rho_S \rangle = 0$
- Short lifetime,
strangeness conserved
- Charge: p vs. n in ions
 $0.4 \langle \rho_Q \rangle \sim \langle \rho_B \rangle$
- Long lifetime, weak
decay: $s \rightarrow u + W^-$
- Strangeness most likely
not in equilibrium
- Electrically neutral for
stability $\langle \rho_Q \rangle = 0$

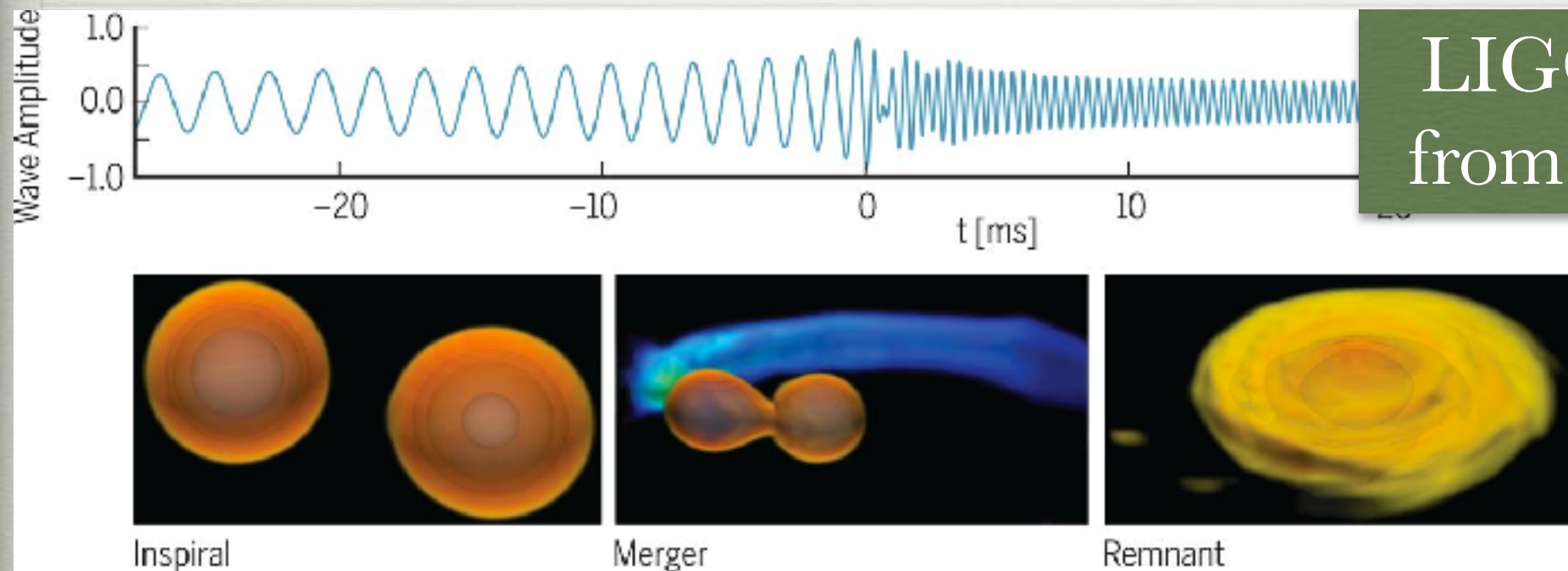
Heavy-ions: phase transition at larger μ_B



Degrees of freedom by density



Constraints at low T and large ρ_B



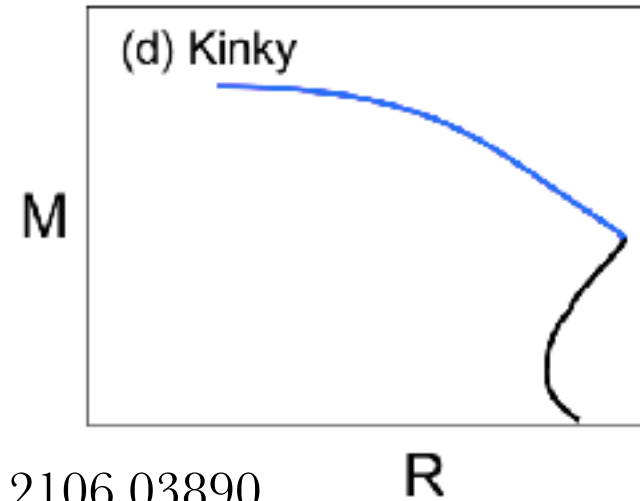
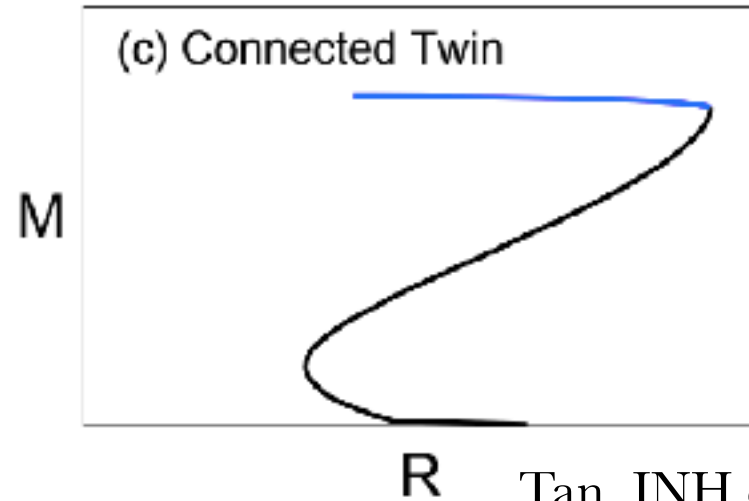
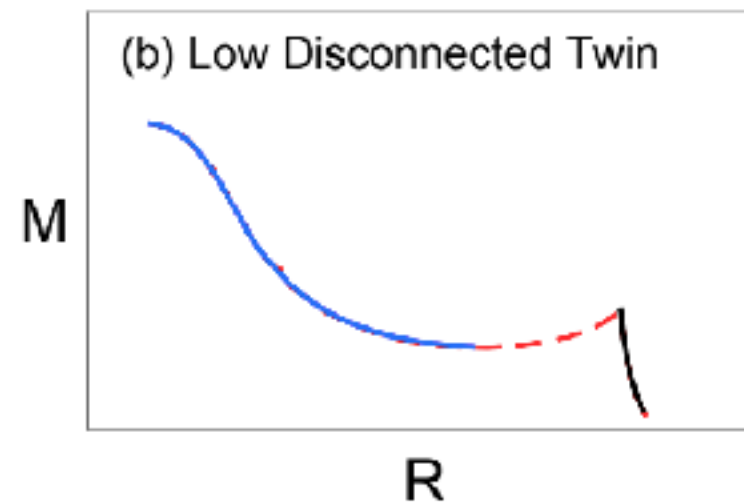
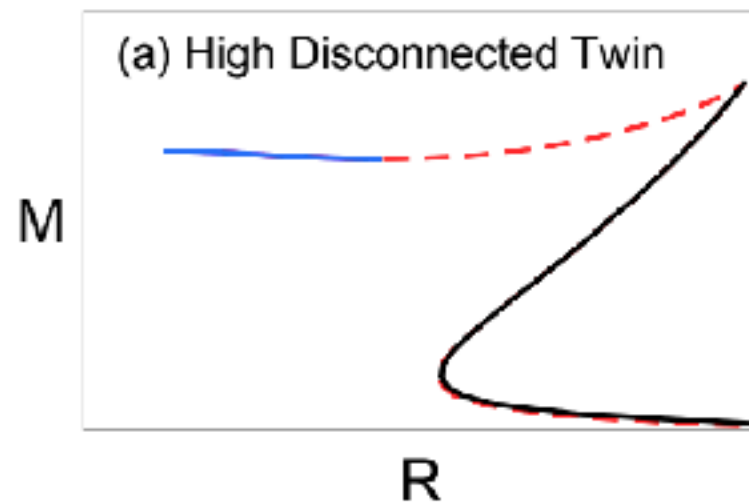
LIGO/VIRGO: Inspiral
from Gravitational Waves

NICER: Observations
of isolated Neutron Star



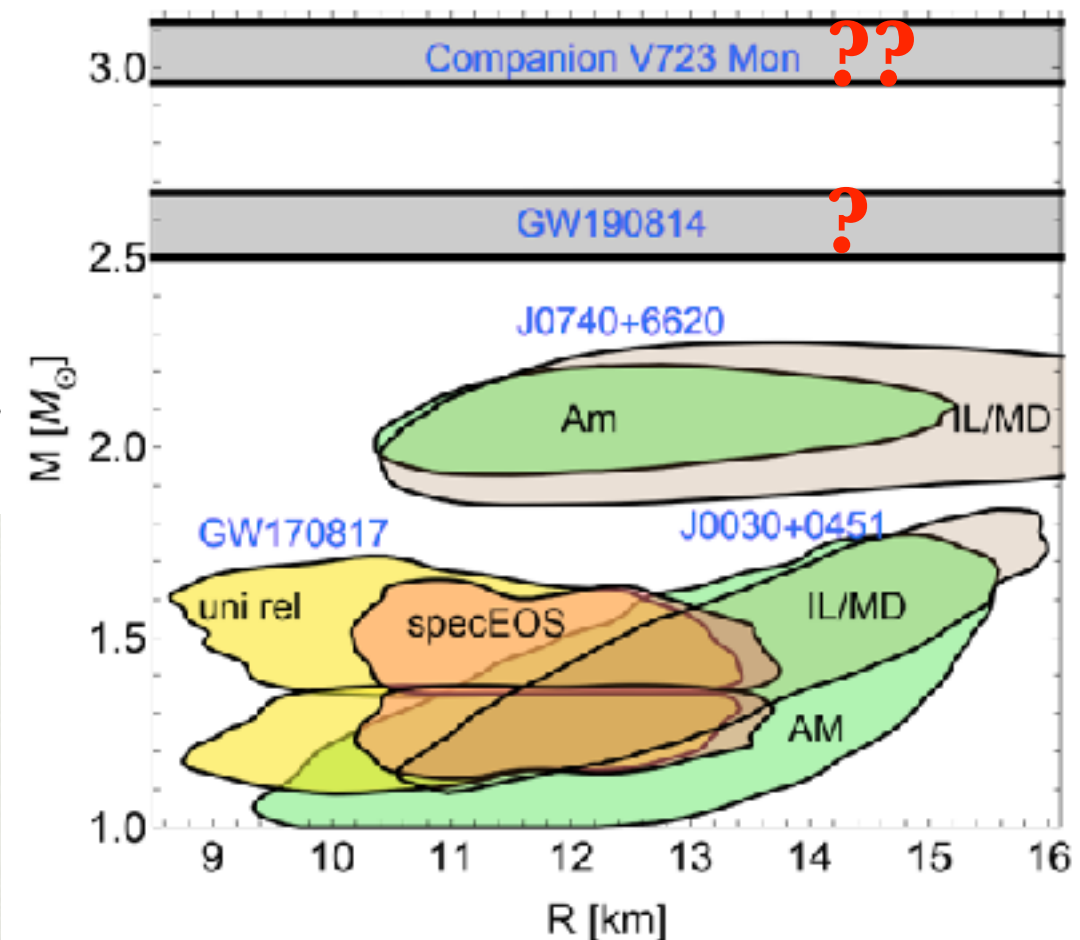
Late-stage Inspiral,
Merger, Post-merger, ...

Mass Twins: 1st-order PT in Neutron Stars



Tan, JNH et al, 2106.03890

Current constrain
not yet precise
enough to confirm/
deny



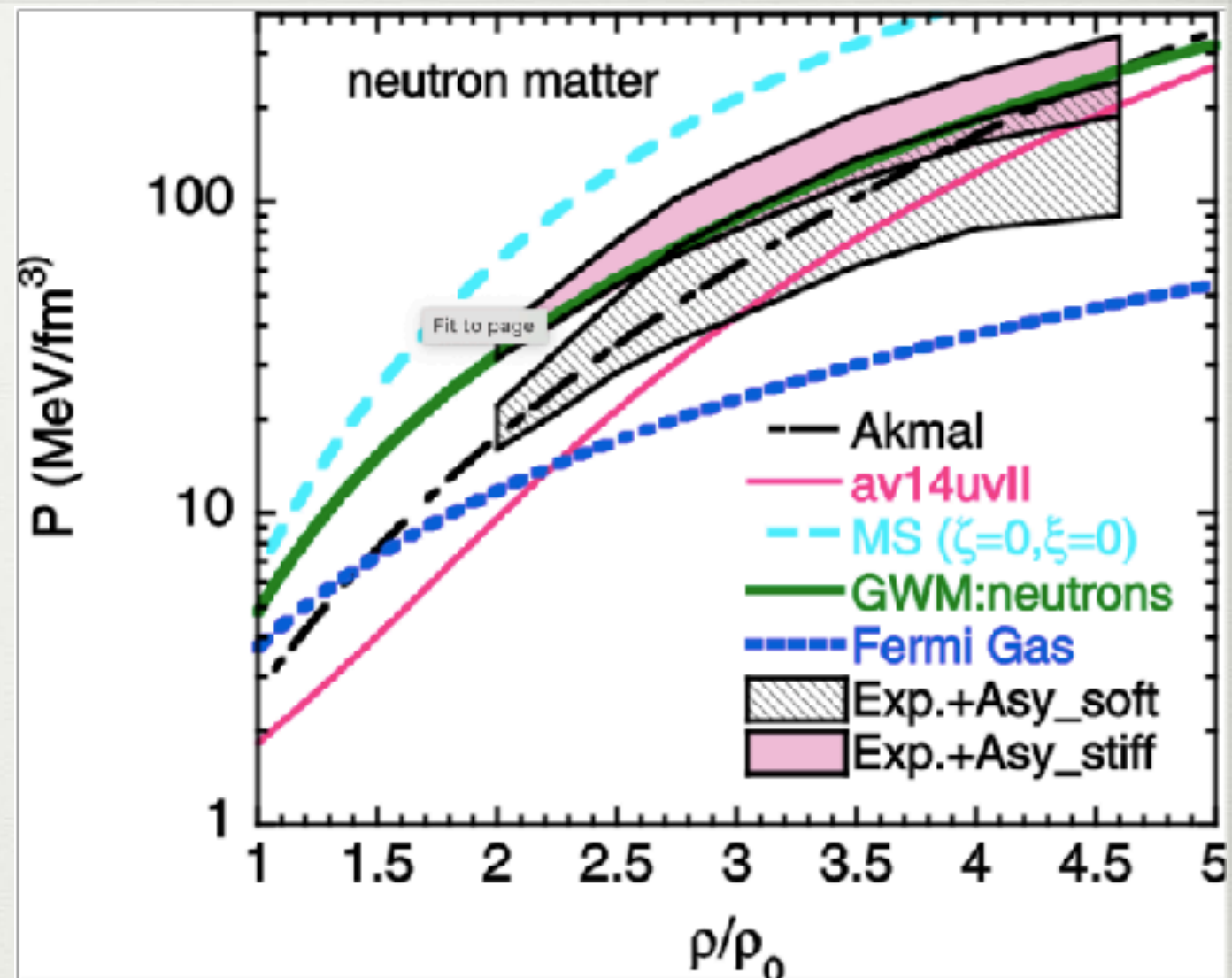
See also Alford, Han, Prakash
Phys.Rev.D 88 (2013) 8, 083013

Can we directly compare heavy-ions to neutron
stars?

Previous attempts: Heavy-Ion “Data”

- Fermi-liquid/ π , p, n transport assumed
- quarks d.o.f not checked
- Extrapolate to $T=0$, neutron matter
- Compare to v_1 and v_2 only in mid-central collisions

$$\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 1.5 - 4.7 \text{ GeV}$$

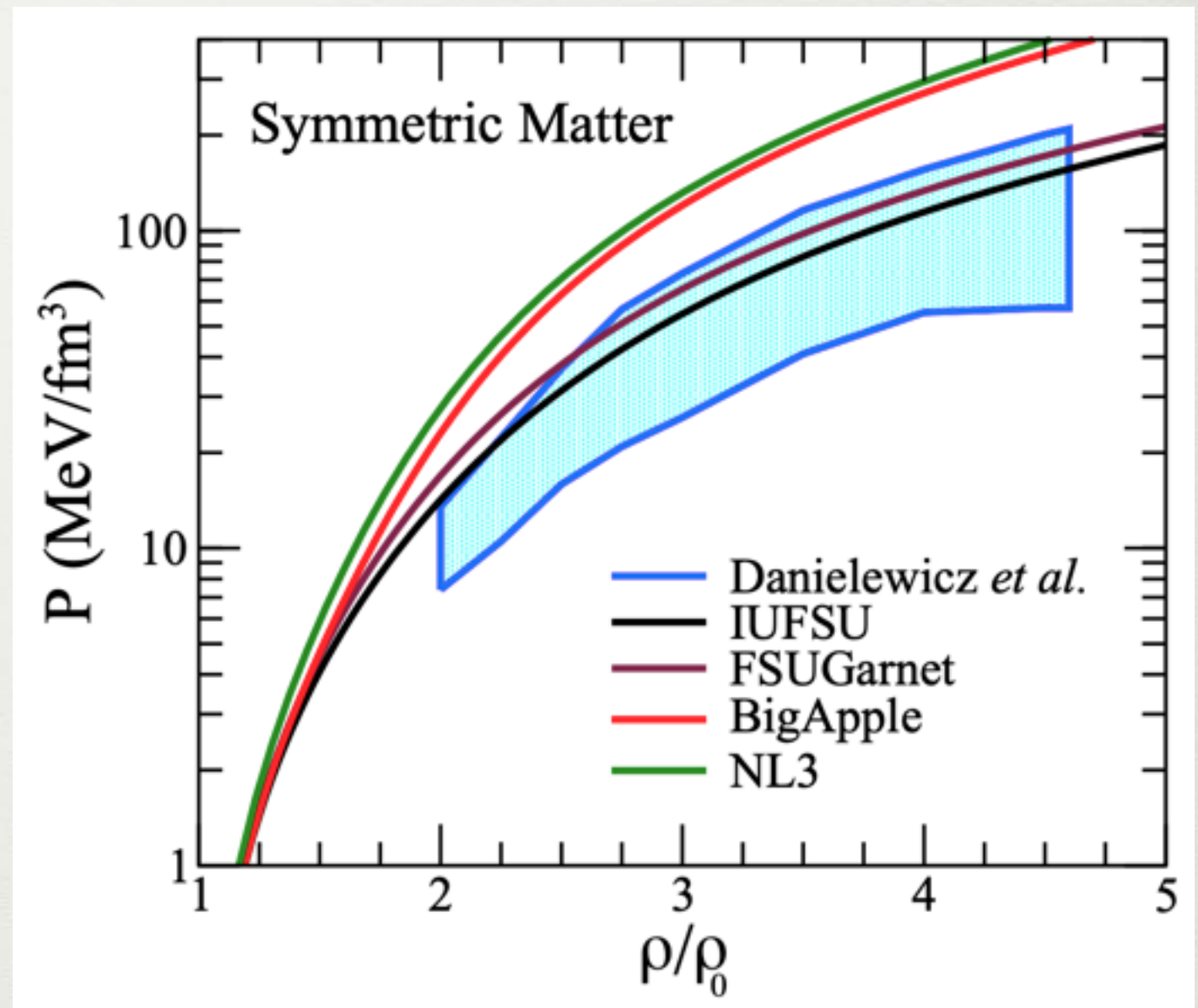


Danielewicz, Lacey, Lynch *Science* 298 (2002) 1592-1596

Used **extensively** in nuclear astrophysics to exclude EOS

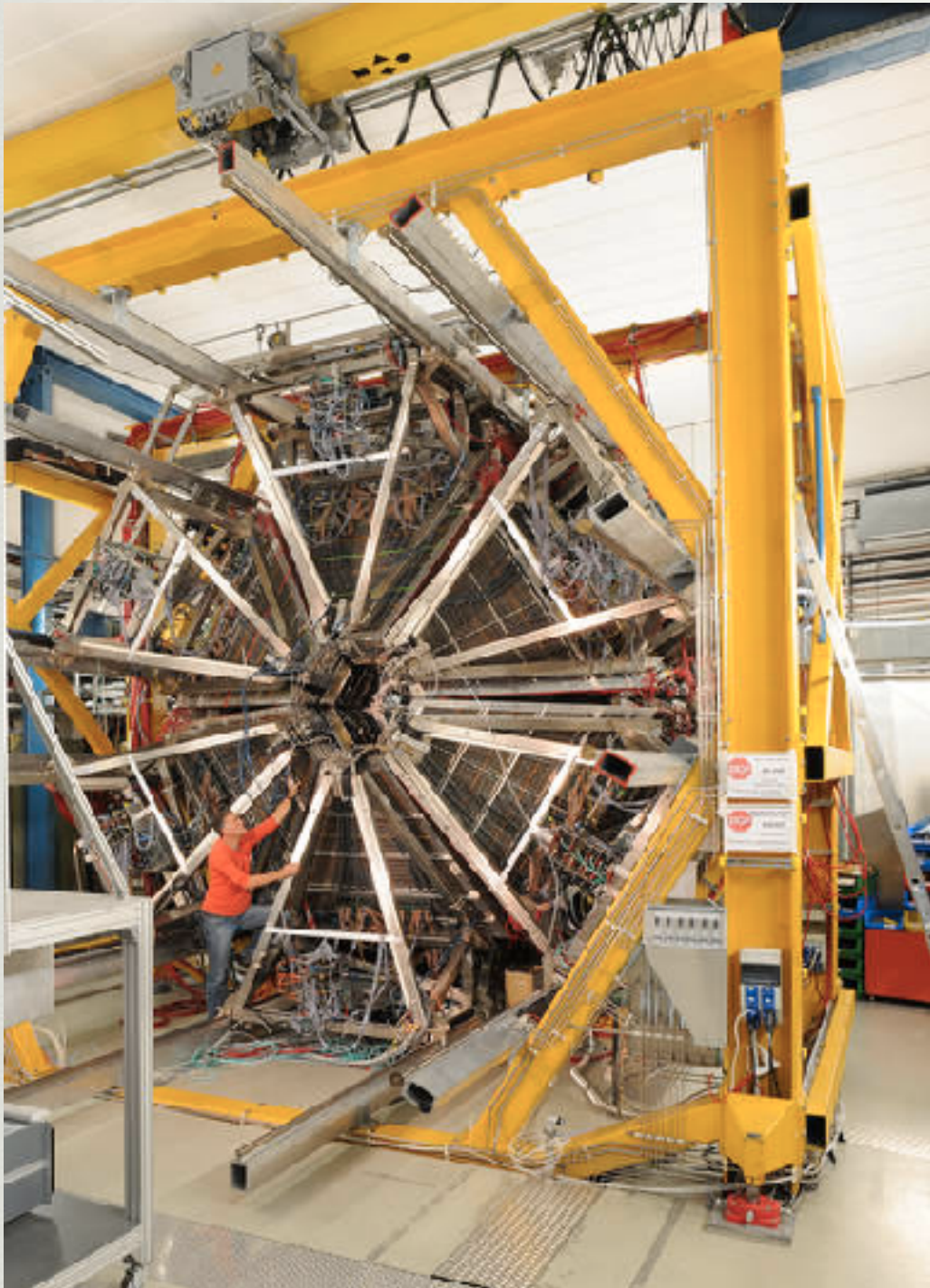
20 year old heavy-ion “data” used to exclude $M > 2.5M_{\odot}$

- Stiff EOS are excluded because of this heavy-ion “data”
- Does a hadronic transport model/fermi-liquid actually work well compared to modern low-energy heavy-ion collisions?



Horowitz et al, *Phys.Rev.C* 102 (2020) 4, 044321

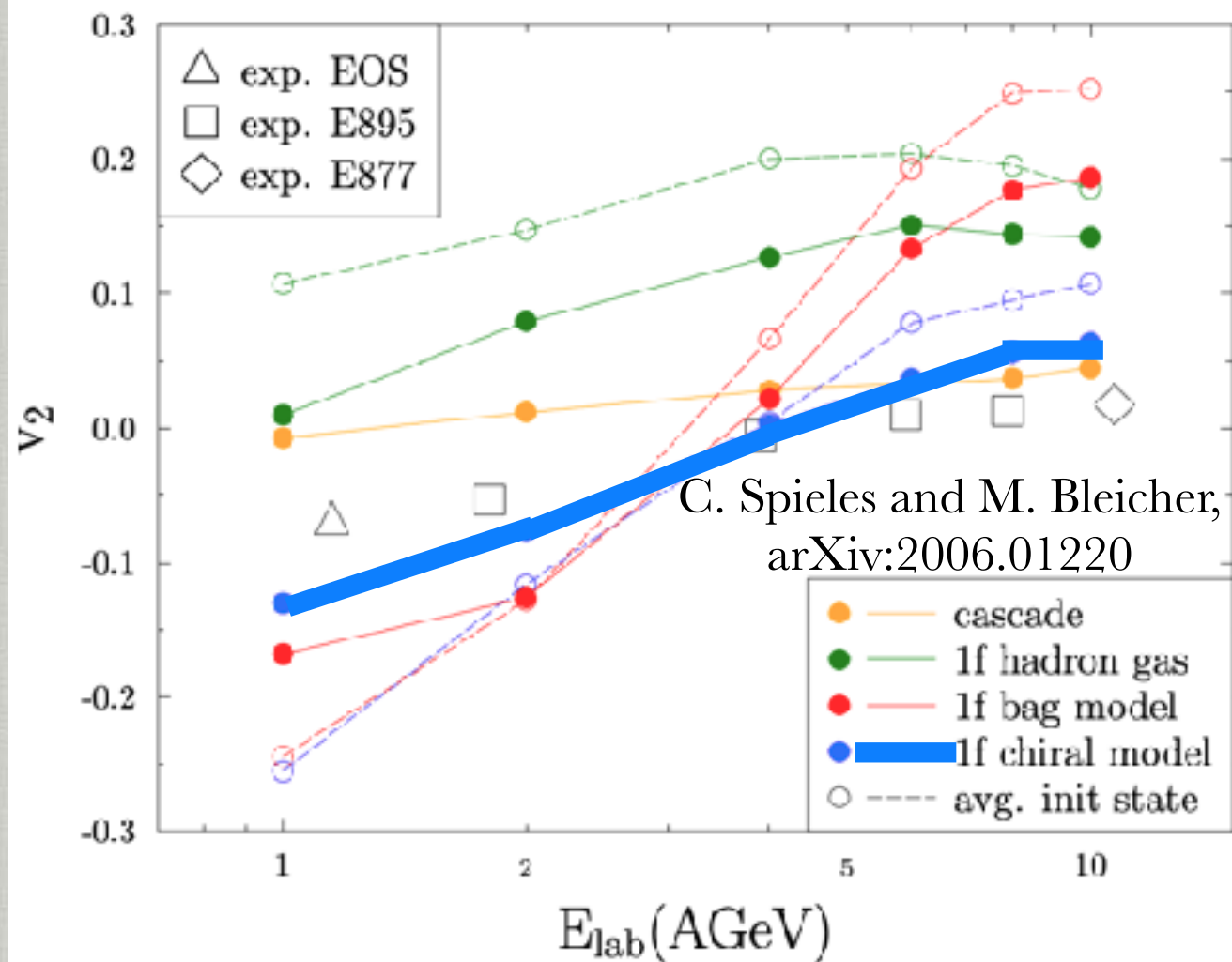
HADES can shed-light on the heavy-ions to neutron stars?



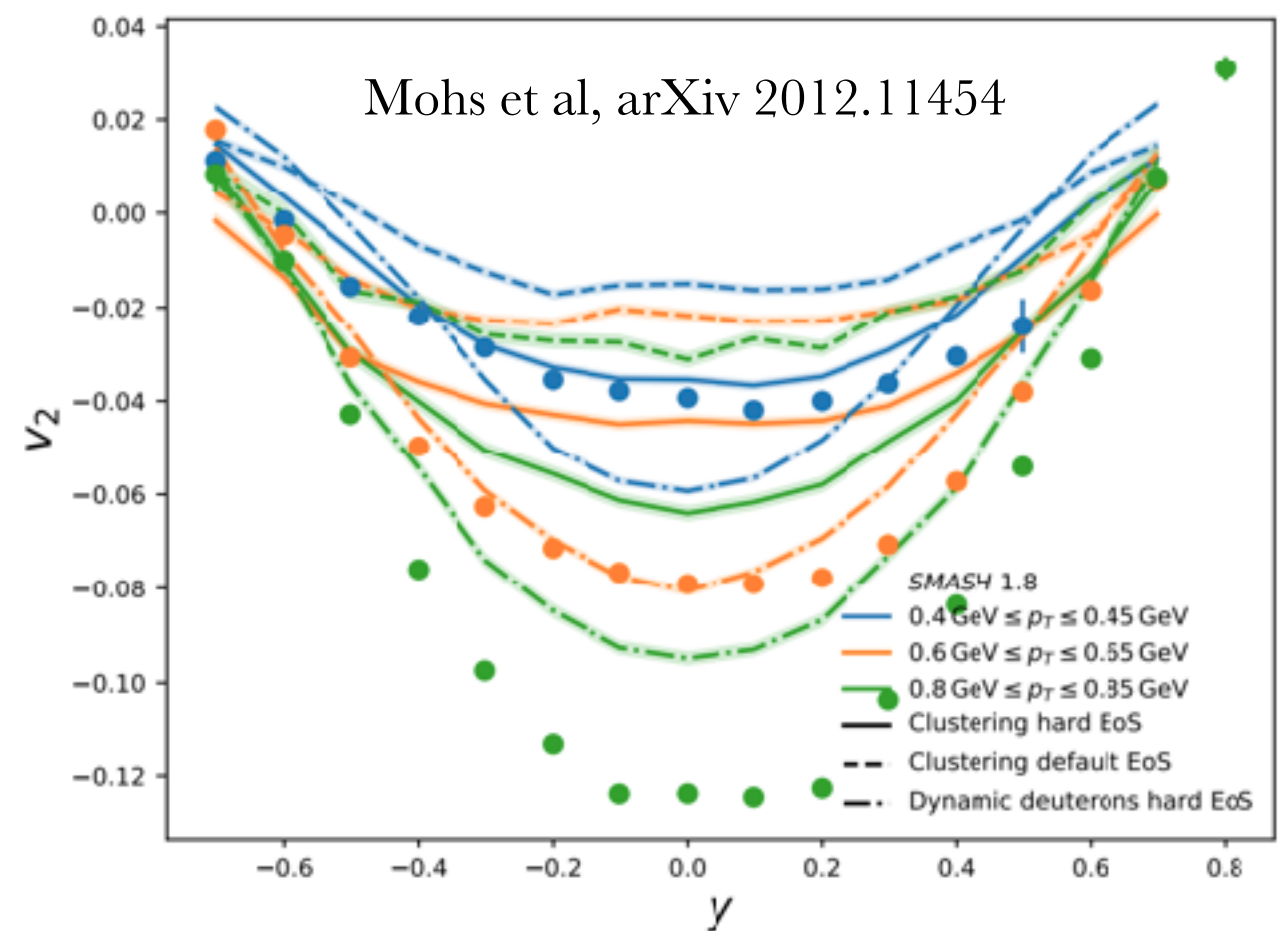
- $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 1 - 3 \text{ GeV}$
- Modern flow measurements
- Studies of kurtosis (looking for 1st order phase transition)
- Multi-particle flow cumulants
- More centralities, p_T , η dependence

HADES *almost* a mini NS-NS merger

QGP+Hadrons



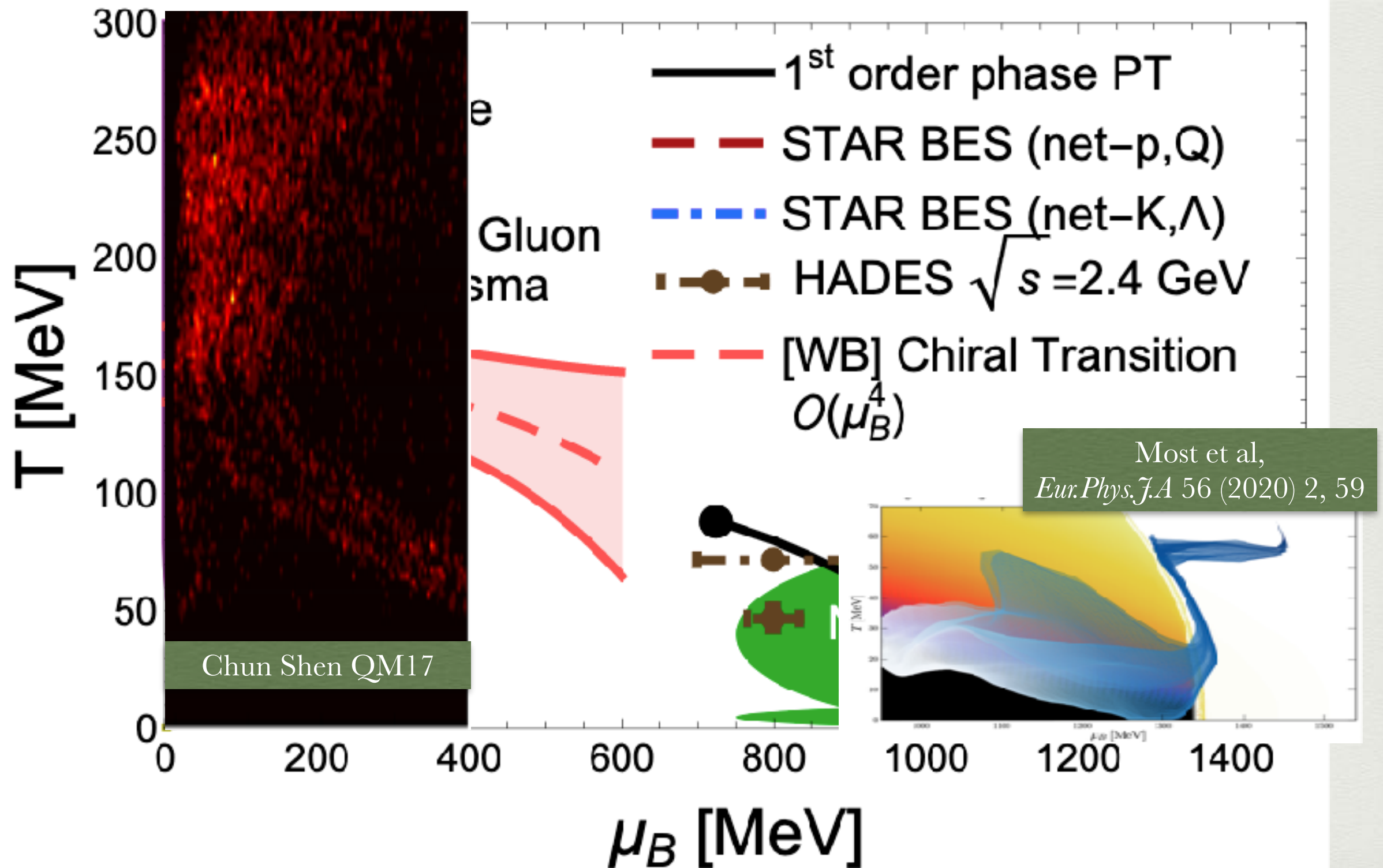
Hadrons only



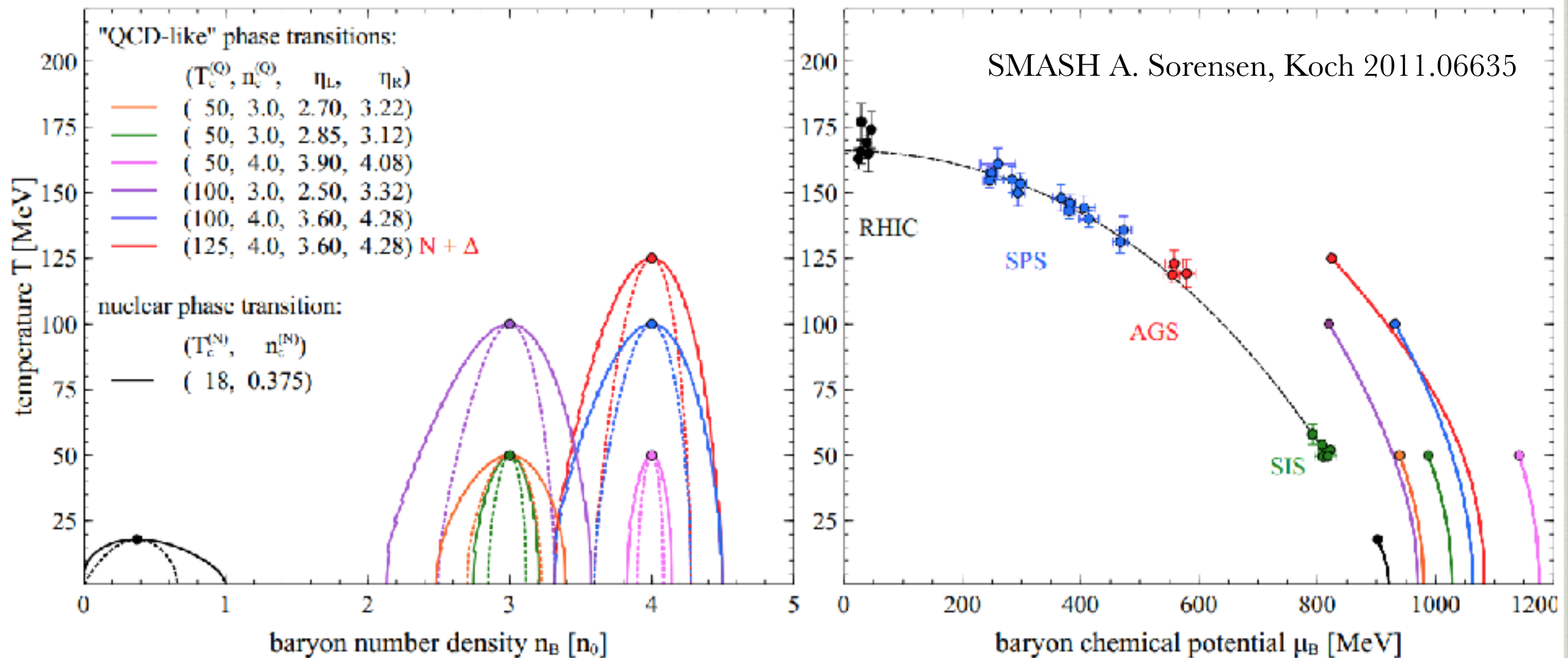
Not clear if HADES can be best described by transport or hydrodynamics + transport. Neither fits all data.

QCD Phase Diagram in Out-of-Equilibrium

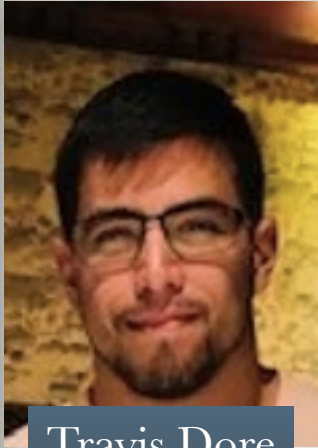
QCD Phase Diagram Out-of-Equilibrium



Phase transitions in hadronic transport



Such an approach allows for better systematic checks



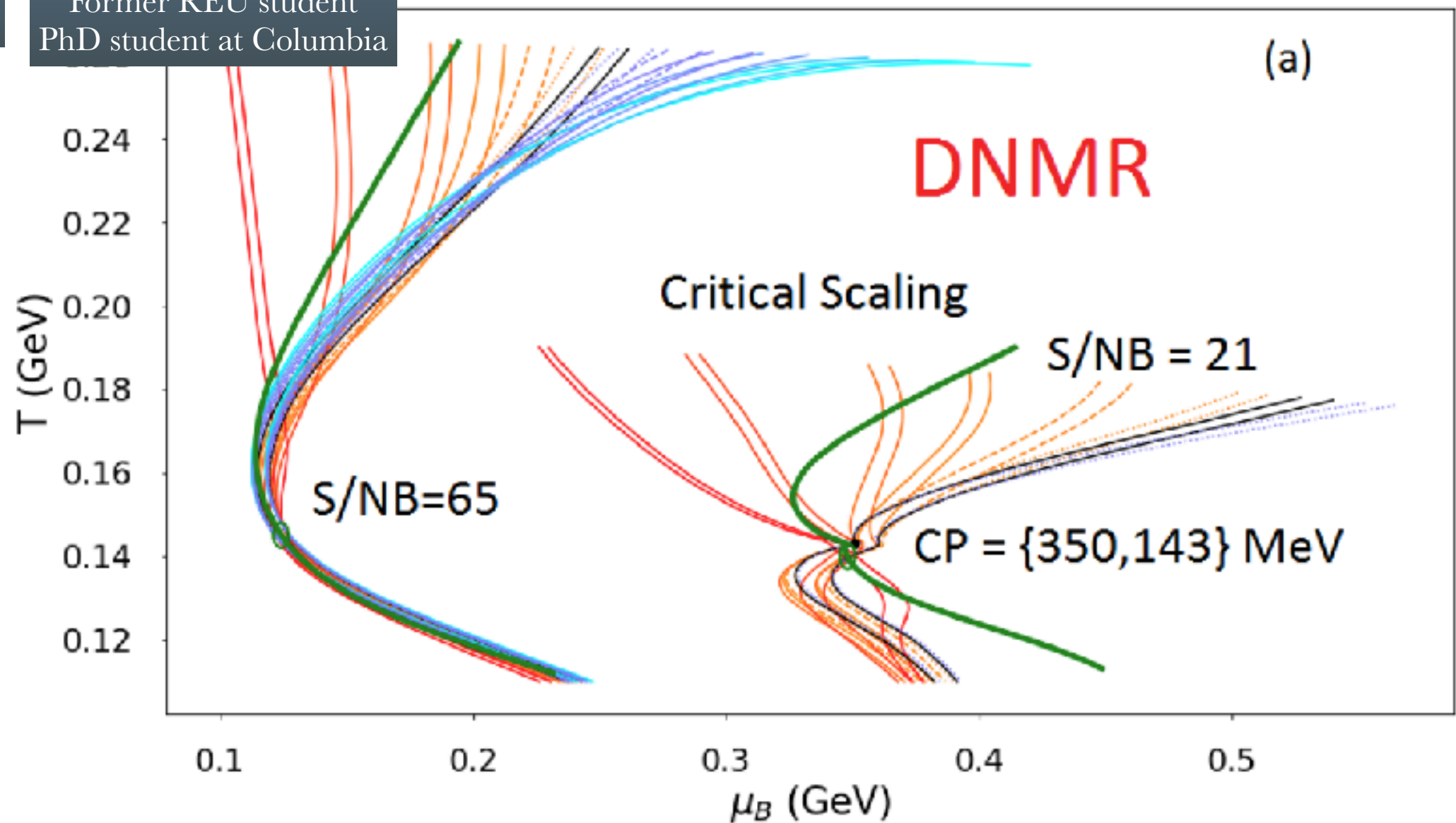
Travis Dore
PhD student



Emma McLaughlin
Former REU student
PhD student at Columbia

Far from equilibrium

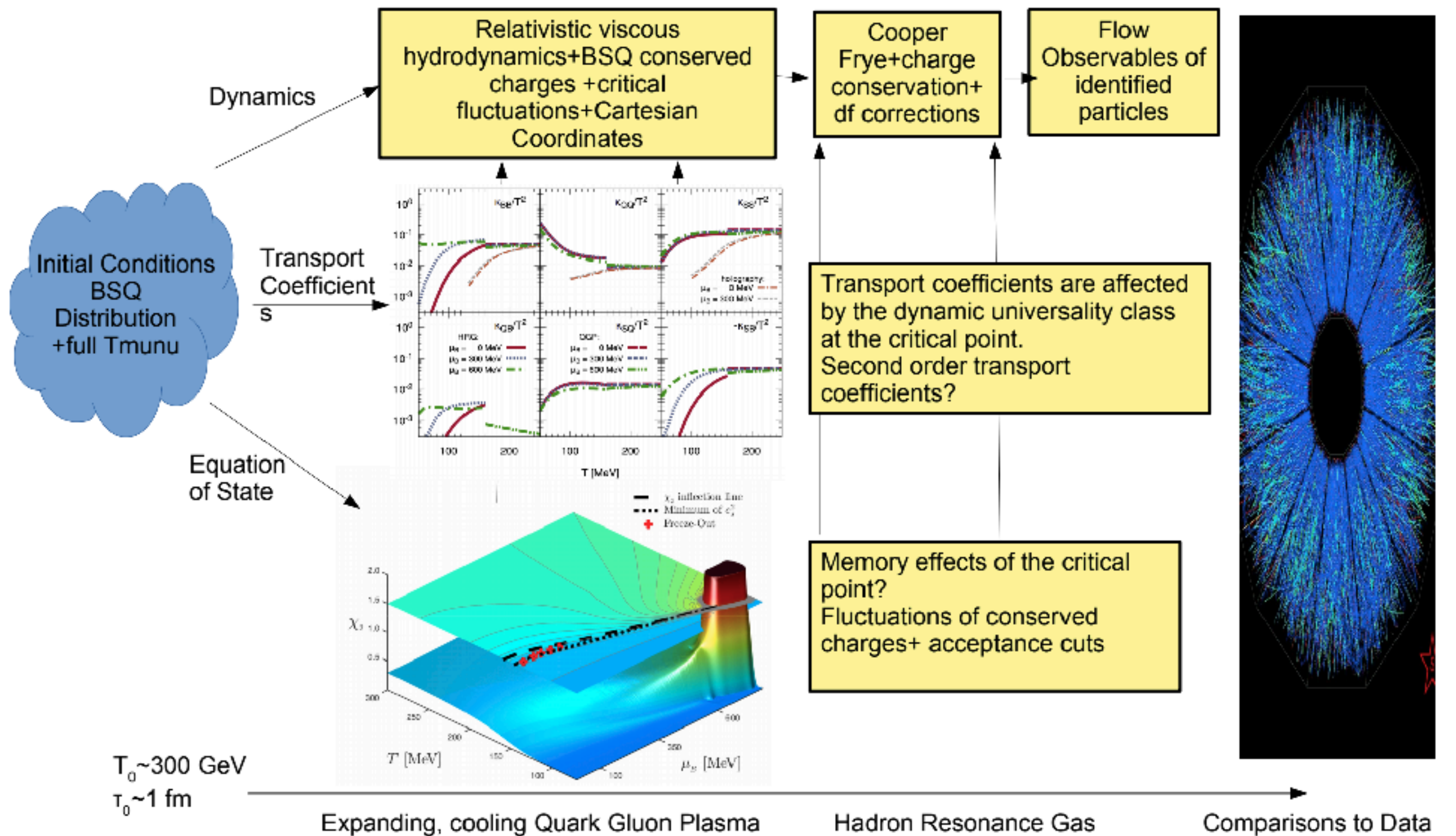
Dore, McLaughlin, JNH [2007.15083](#)



Far-from-equilibrium initial conditions in heavy-ion collisions can dramatically affect the extraction of the EOS

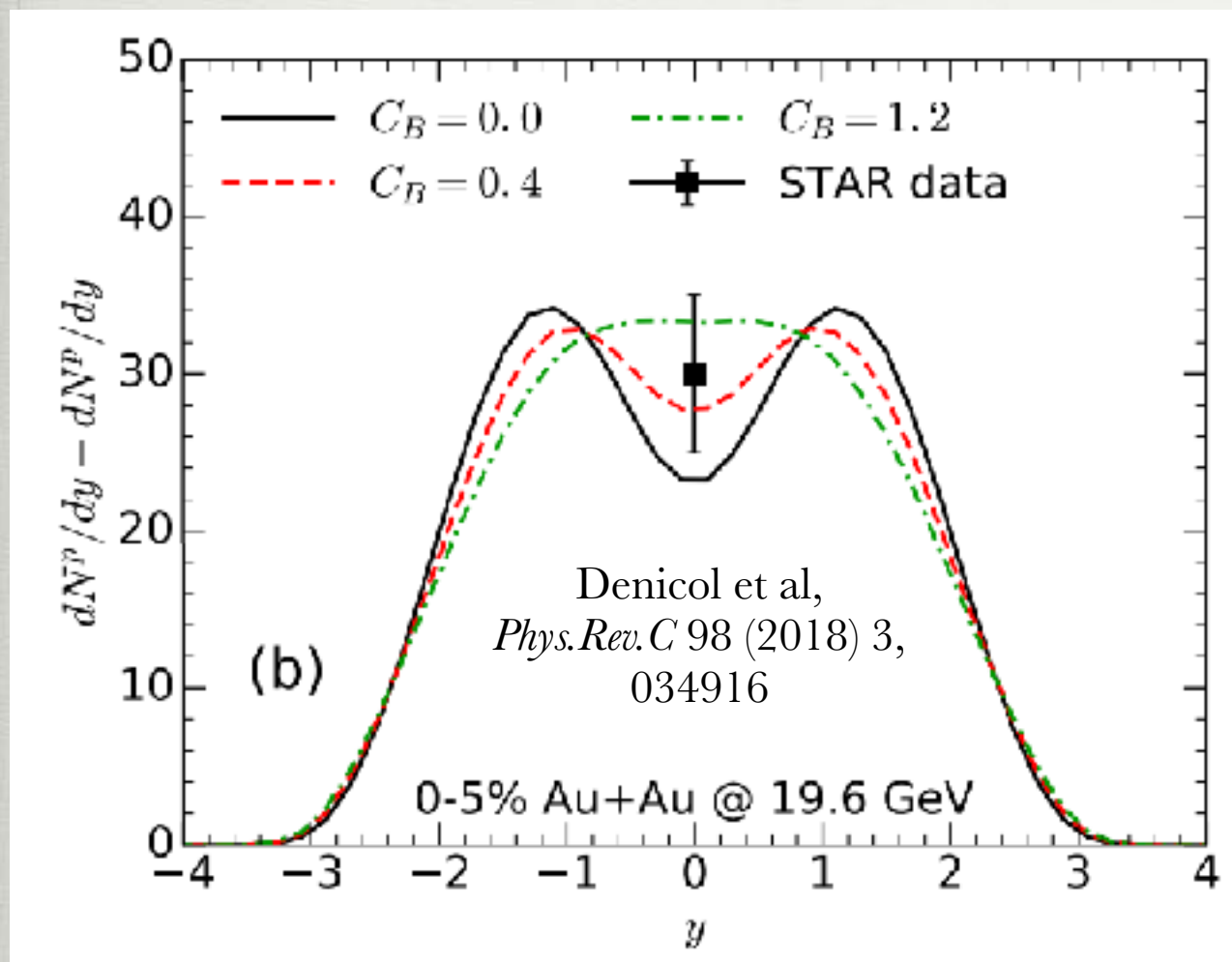
3+1 BSQ hydro needed for low-beam energies

Dexheimer, Noronha, JNH, Ratti, Yunes [arXiv:2010.08834](https://arxiv.org/abs/2010.08834)

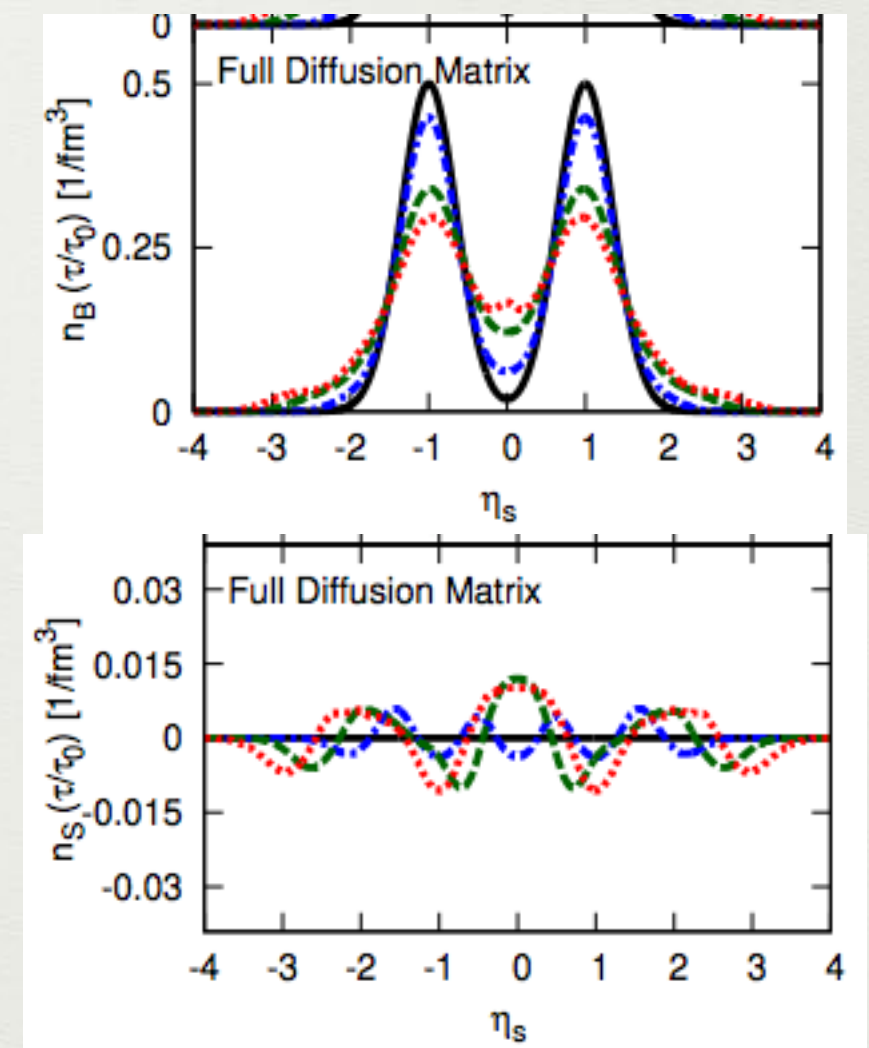


Initial hydro results

3+1 B hydro



1+1 BS hydro



Fotakis et al *Phys.Rev.D* 101 (2020) 7, 076007

See also, Du, Heinz *Comput.Phys.Commun.* 251 (2020) 107090

BSQ equations of motion



Lydia Spychalla
REU UIUC



Dekra Almaalol
PhD Kent
Soon UIUC postdoc

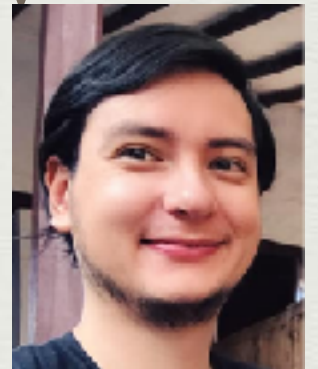
2+1 BSQ relativistic viscous
hydrodynamics+ICcing

Coming Soon!

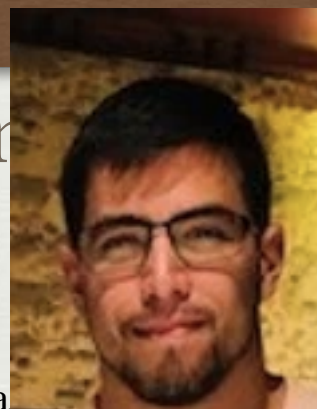
Almaalol, Carzon, Cruz Camacho,
Dore, Mroczek, Plumberg, Spychalla,
Sievert, JNH



Christopher Plumberg
UIUC postdoc



Nikolas Cruz Camacho
PhD UIUC



Travis Dore
PhD student



Debora Mroczek
UIUC PhD Student

- Addition

- Criticality +

Stephanov, Na

tic viscous hydro

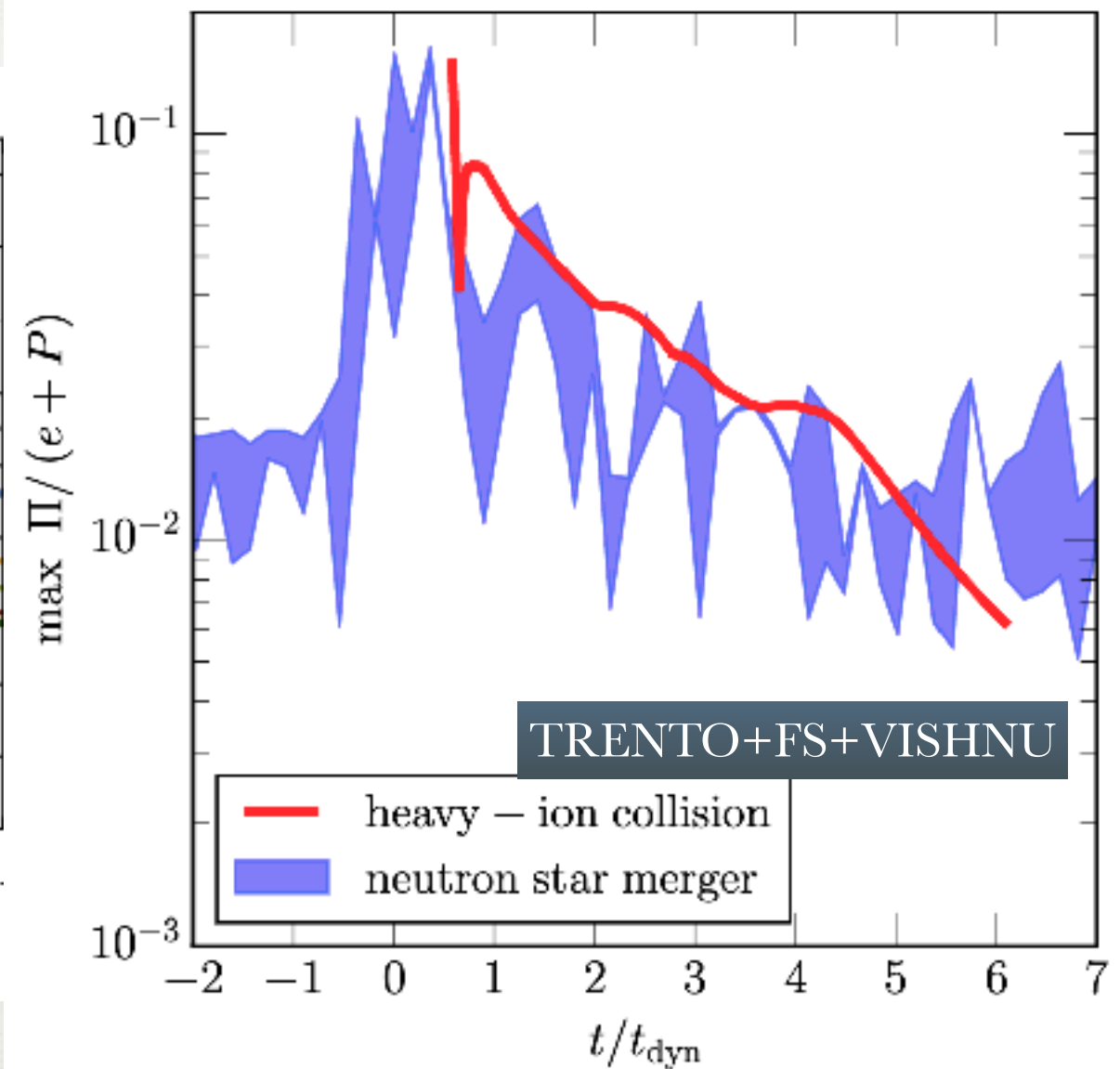
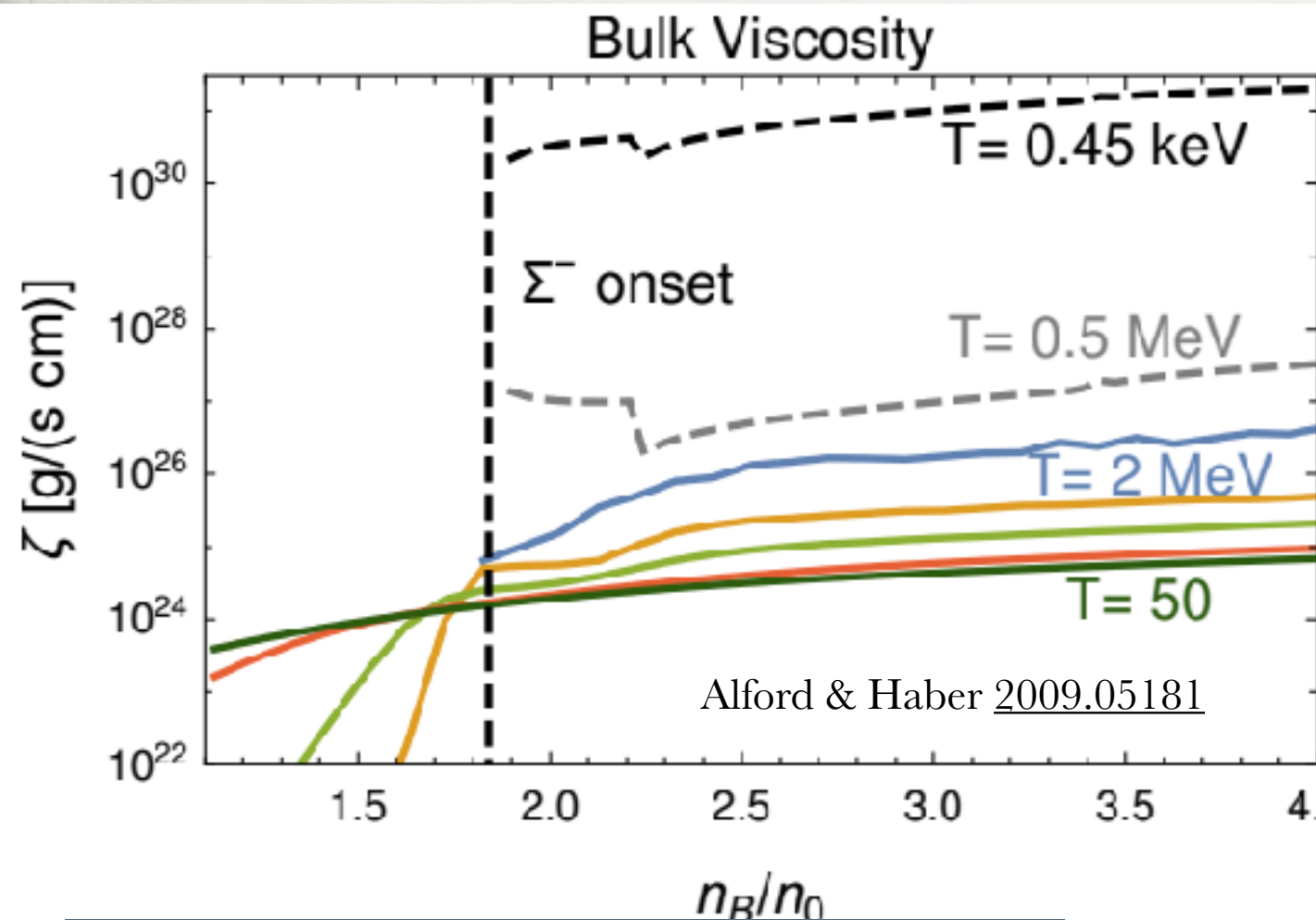
in, Schaeffer, Yee, An, Marti

al, Weller, Ridgway, Du, He

open question!

matsu, Yan,

Bulk viscosity in neutron star mergers, comparable to heavy-ions!



New approach to understand the microscopic degrees of freedom in neutron stars

Alford, Harris, Most, Noronha, JNH, Pretorius, Plumberg, Witek, Yunes
To appear soon

Summary

- STAR Fixed Target: NEED for low-energy heavy-ion collisions to constrain EOS at finite T
 - What is important to measure? Spectra, fluctuations, flow, HBT, ...
- Equation of State: lots of progress but hydrodynamics needs a wider range of μ_B, μ_S, μ_Q
- BSQ hydrodynamics needed, critical fluctuations.
- Neutron star mergers now incorporating viscosity