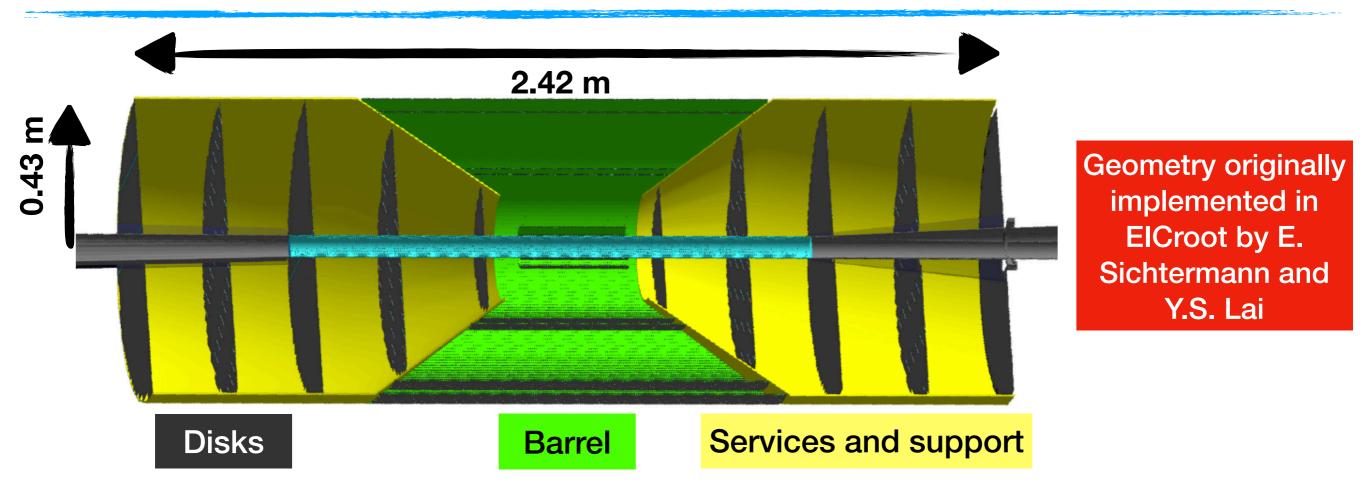
# Aspects of all-silicon concept simulation in Fun4All for the YR



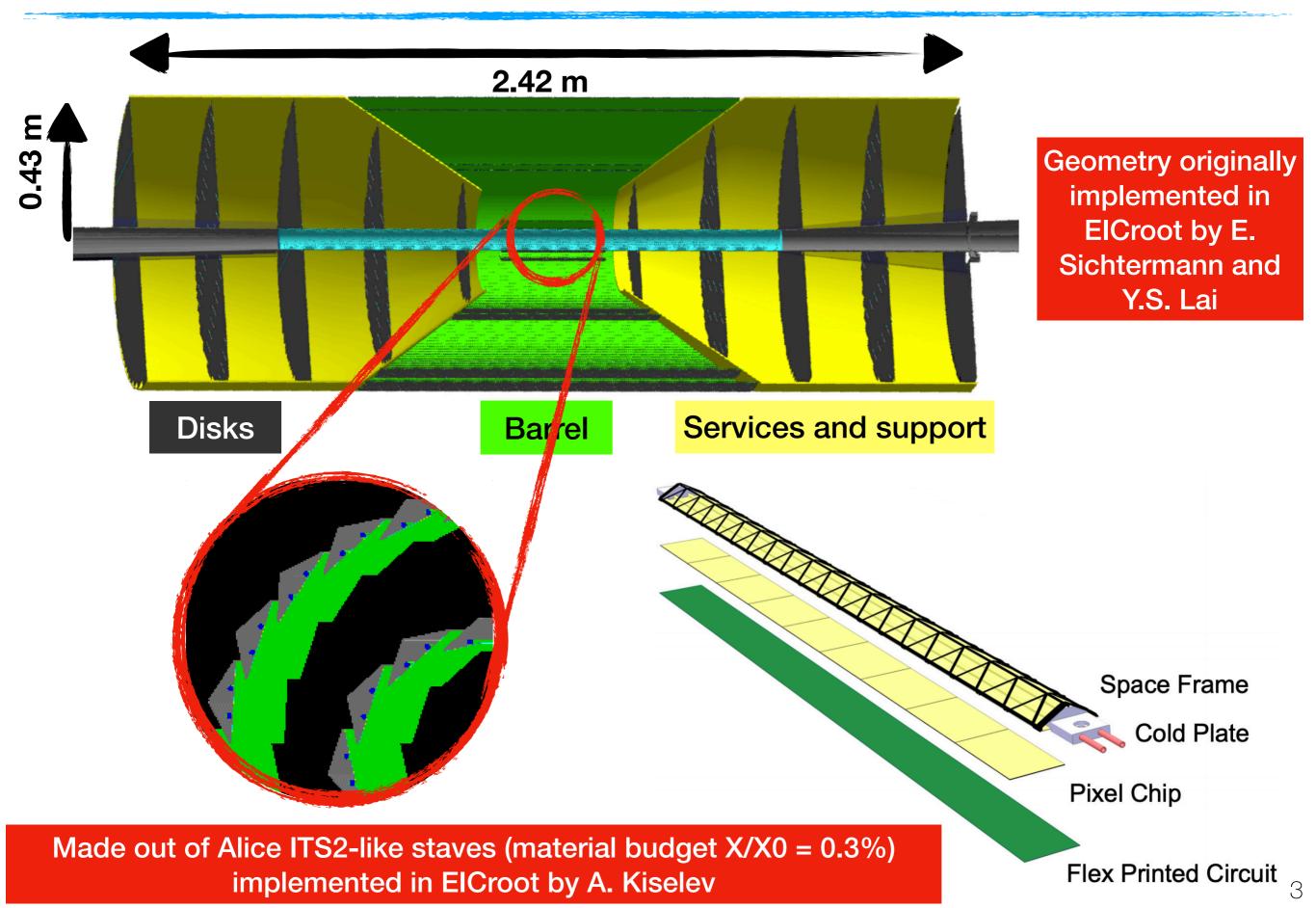
Rey Cruz-Torres\* (lots of help from Chris Pinkenburg and Jin Huang) EIC@IP6 tracking meeting 05/12/2021

\* full disclosure: I'm far from a Fun4All expert

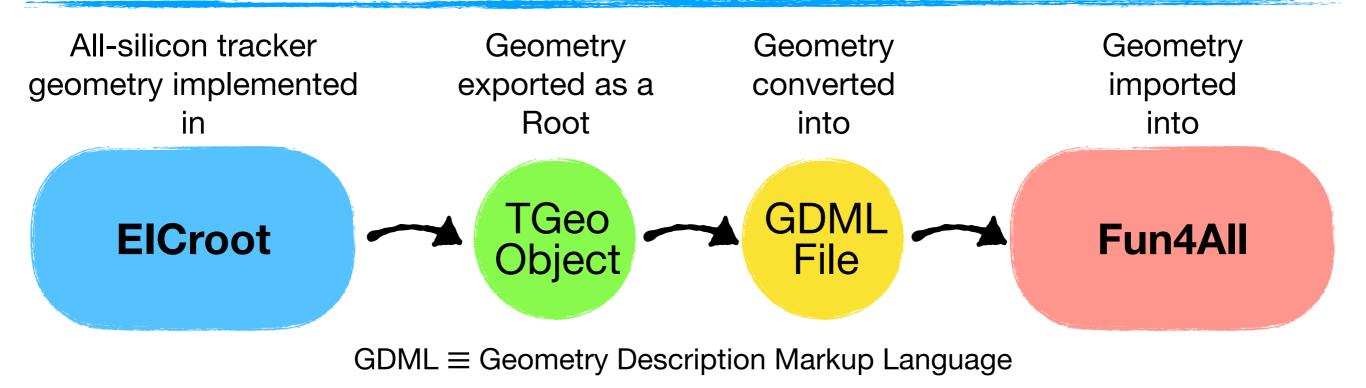
#### Integrated (Barrel+Disks) All-Silicon Tracker Concept



#### Integrated (Barrel+Disks) All-Silicon Tracker Concept



# **From Geometry Implementation to Simulations**



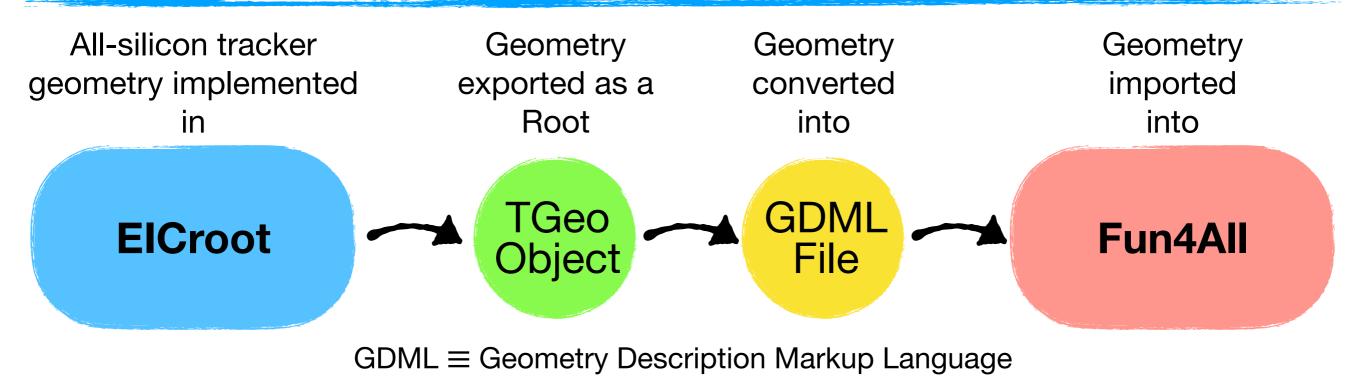
#### Functionality to import GDML into Fun4All implemented by C. Pinkenburg

https://github.com/reynier0611/g4lblvtx/blob/master/source/AllSiliconTrackerDetector.cc

See, e.g., function AllSiliconTrackerDetector::InsertVolumes

These classes require some fine tuning to work with different gdml files (e.g. some strings are hardcoded)

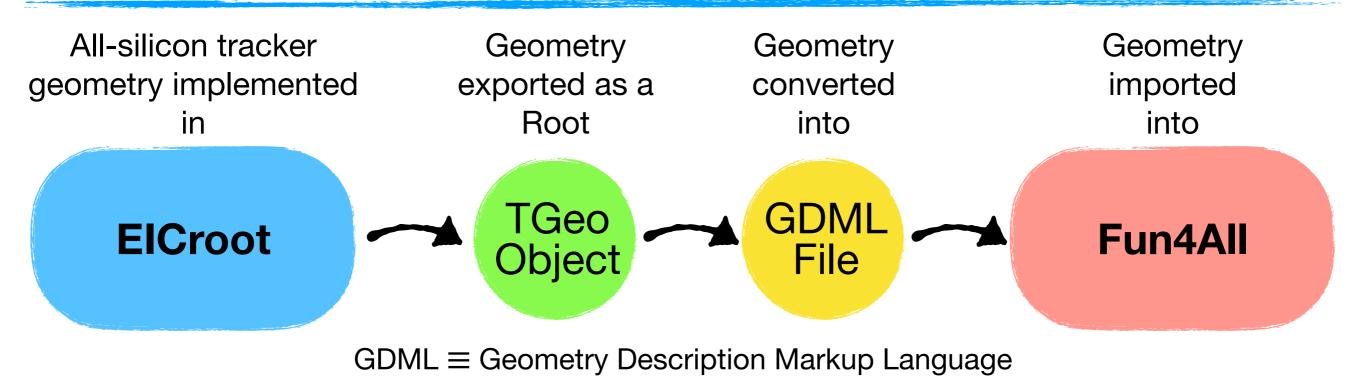
### **From Geometry Implementation to Simulations**



#### Excerpt from the All-Si tracker GDML file

Modifying the geometry once it has been exported into GDML is not practical

# **From Geometry Implementation to Simulations**



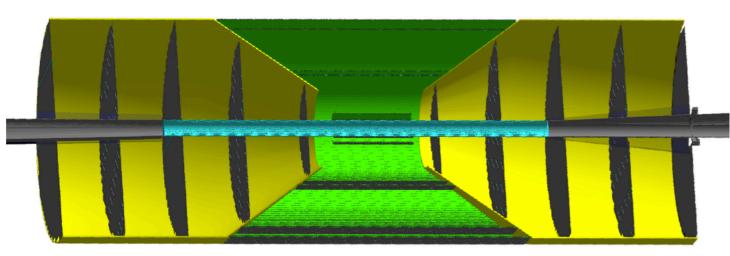
Alternative Directly implement geometry in Fun4All

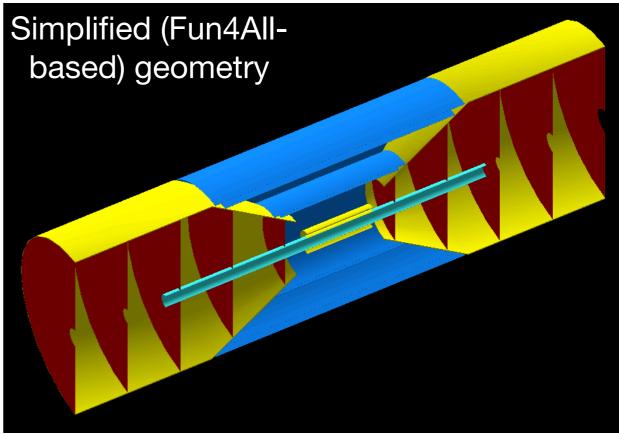
Implementing realistic stave-based geometry: see presentation by A. Kiselev

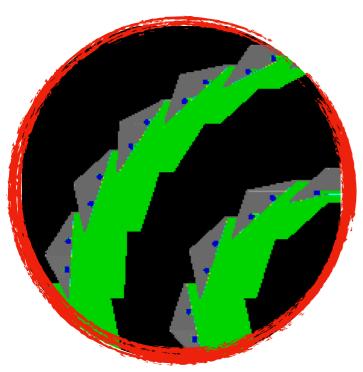
Implementing simplified geometry

#### Simplified all-si tracker geometry

#### Realistic stave-based geometry







Identical detector layouts (i.e. number and placement of layers, equivalent average material budget, ...)

Allows for quick geometry modifications, e.g.:

- adding or removing layers
- changing layer coordinates
- altering material budget

Besides providing ease of geometry modifications, it also avoids issues with other parameters such as #staves per layer, stave rotations, ...

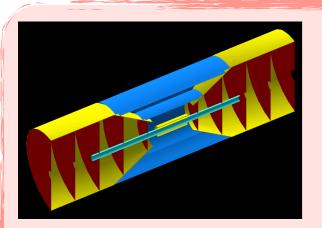
#### How to load these geometries

Example of code using stave-based geometry:

https://github.com/reynier0611/g4lblvtx/blob/master/macros/Fun4All\_G4\_FastMom.C#L169

This macro uses functions from the G4\_AllSi.C macro. Specifically, the geometry is loaded in the "load\_AllSi\_geom" function

https://github.com/reynier0611/g4lblvtx/blob/master/macros/G4\_AllSi.C#L13

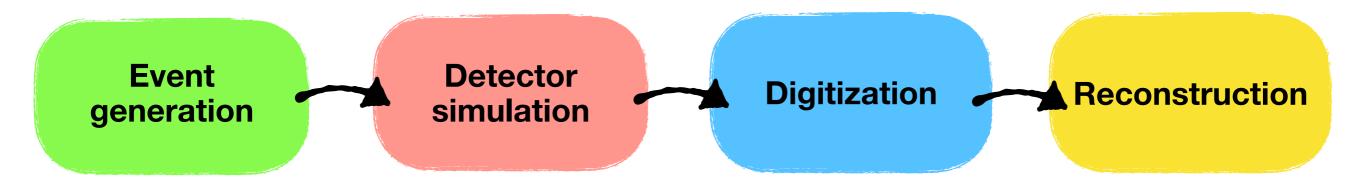


**Example of code using simplified geometry:** 

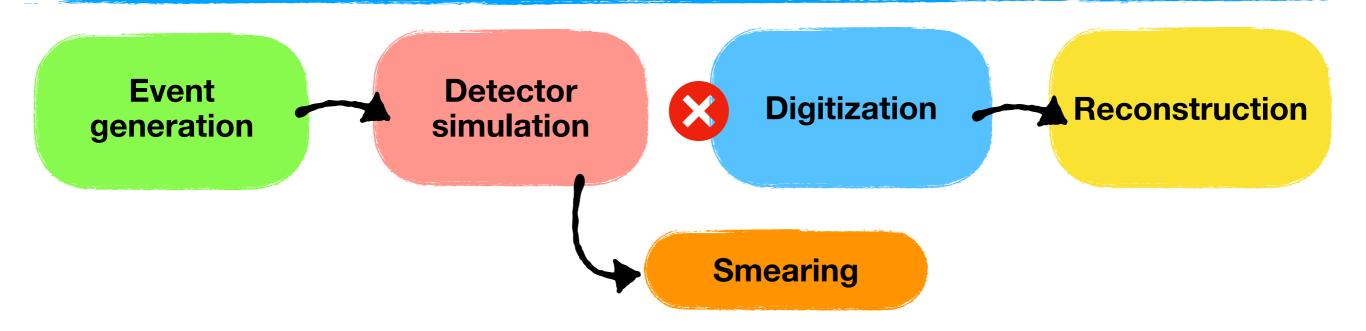
https://github.com/reynier0611/g4lblvtx/blob/master/macros/auxiliary\_studies/ simplified\_geometry/Fun4All\_G4\_simplified\_v2.C#L110

Geometry implemented in lines 110 - 189

#### Adding geometry to Kalman Filter



#### **Adding geometry to Kalman Filter**



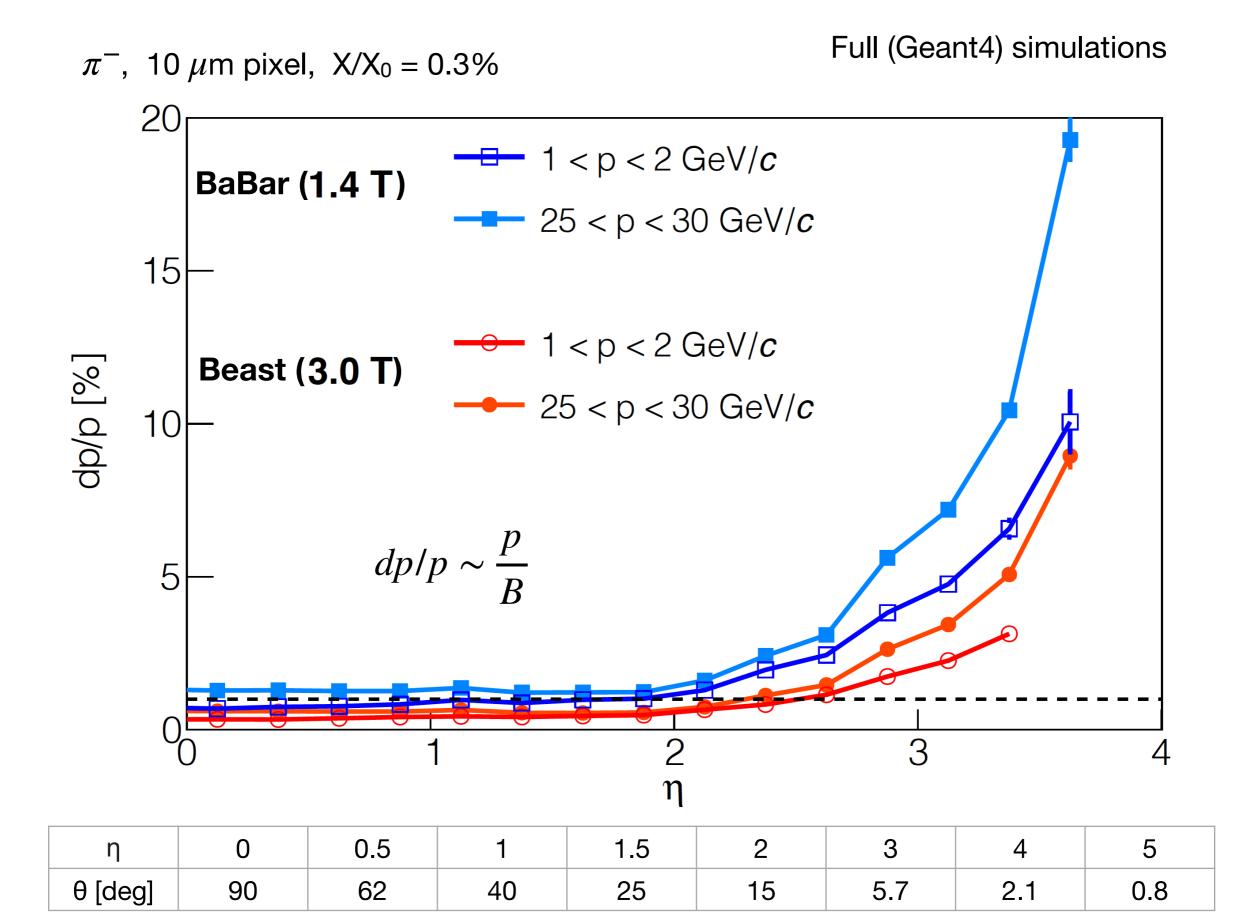
PHG4TrackFastSim \*kalman

);

```
kalman->add_phg4hits(
    std::string& phg4hitsNames ("G4Hit...")
    detector type phg4dettype (PHG4TrackFastSim:: Cylinder, Vertical_Plane)
    radial-resolution* [cm] (this parameter is not used in barrel-like geometry)
    azimuthal (arc-length)* resolution [cm]
    longitudinal (z) resolution* [cm] (this parameter is not used in disk-like geometry)
    fractional hit-finding efficiency (1)
    hit noise (0)
```

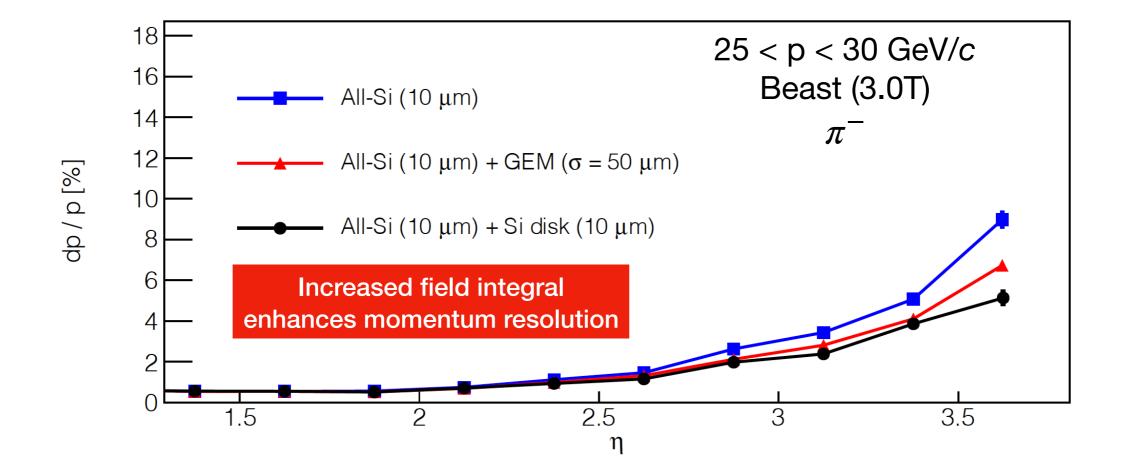
\*10  $\mu$ m pixel -> resolution of (10  $\mu$ m)/ $\sqrt{12}$ 

#### Momentum resolution vs. pseudorapidity

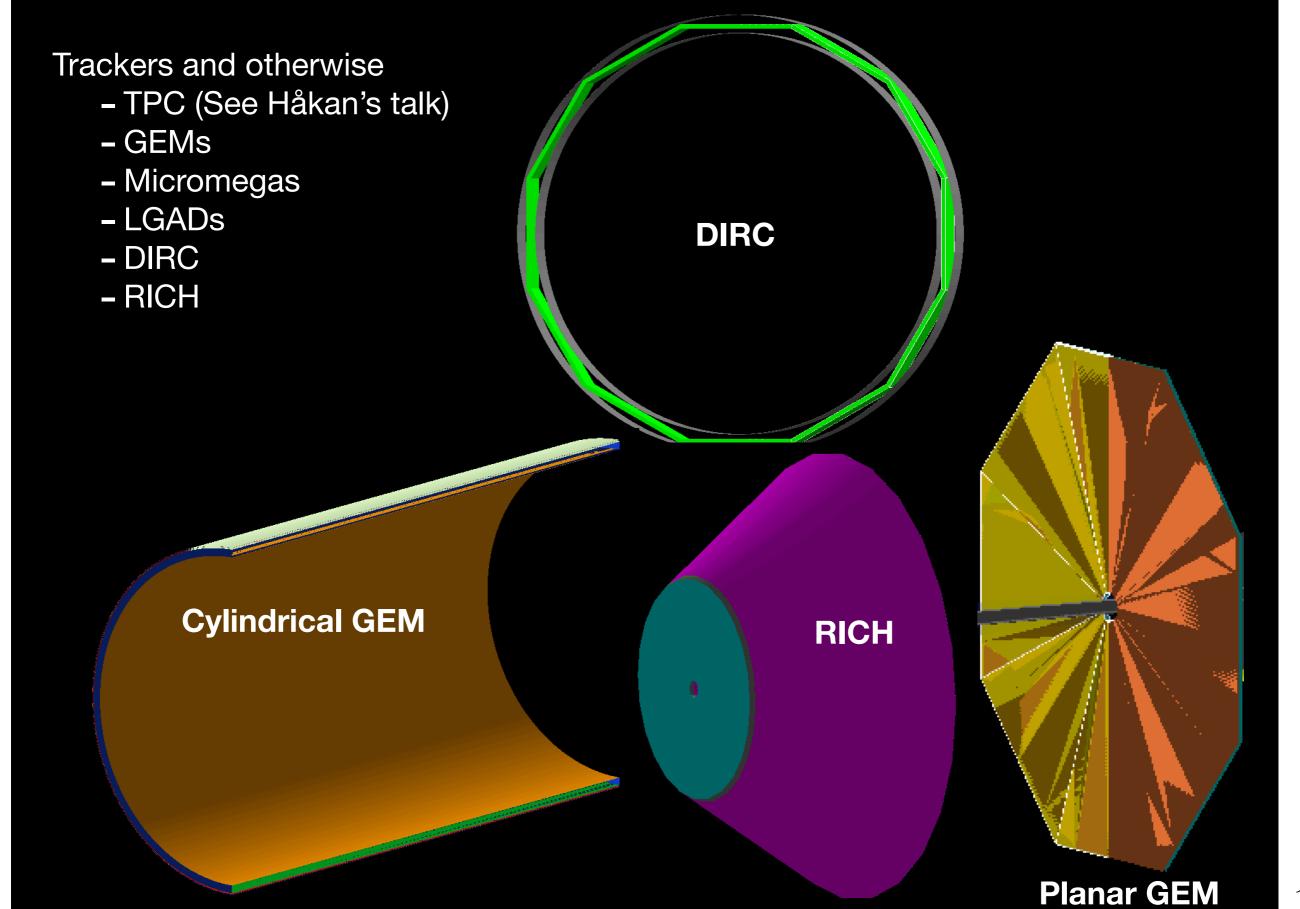


#### **Complementing All-Si tracker with other detectors**

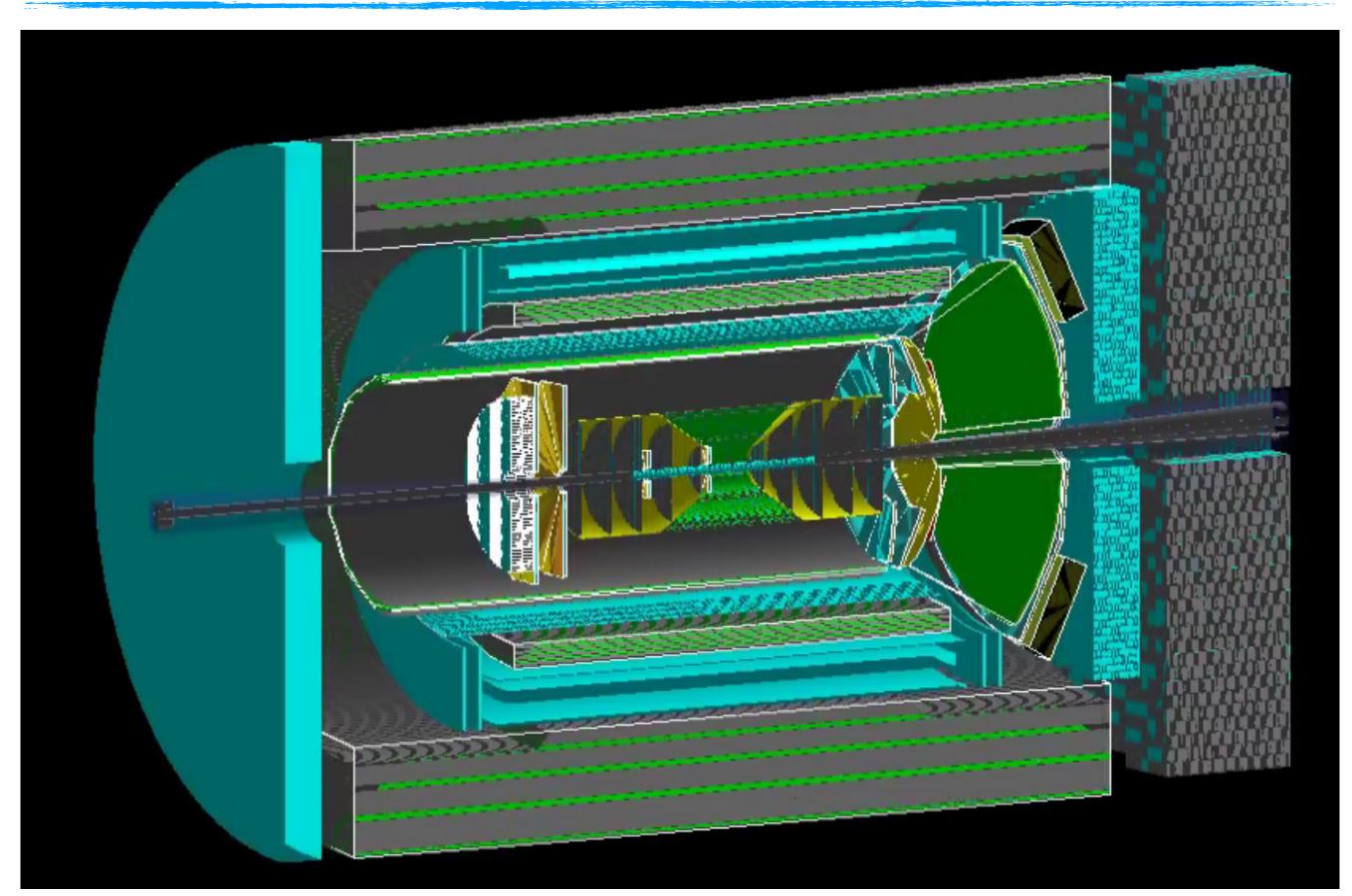
# YR studies included: Momentum, angular (@vertex and @PID), DCA, ... resolution characterization Geometry optimization Crossing-angle impact on dp/p Impact of complementing all-si tracker with far-away tracking stations



#### **Plethora of implemented detectors**



#### **Fun4All Modularity**



#### Summary

- Fun4All is a flexible, modular, full-simulation framework
- It allows importing geometries implemented elsewhere
- It was extensively used during the YR exercise
- Very quickly evolving

Standalone all-silicon tracker simulations:

https://github.com/eic/g4lblvtx https://github.com/reynier0611/g4lblvtx

Resources:

Doxygen: <u>https://eic-detector.github.io/doxygen/</u> Mattermost: <u>https://chat.sdcc.bnl.gov/eic</u>