

# Low momentum PID with TOF

Wenqing Fan and Rey Cruz Torres (LBNL)

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with help & inputs from LBNL memebers, Wei Li and Shuai Yang (RICE)

## **Toy MC simulation**

- Estimate high momentum reach of 3σ PID for TOF at different radial location (to complement DIRC performance)
- Throw particles ( $\pi$ , K, proton) of different p at  $\eta=0$ 
  - Calculate path length L assuming uniform B field along z
  - Truth:  $t_0 = 0$ ,  $t_f = t_0 + t_{flight} = L/velocity$
  - $\beta = L^{reco} / [(t_f^{reco} t_0^{reco}) \cdot c]$ 
    - $t_f^{reco}$ : smear  $t_f$  by 20 ps
    - t<sub>0</sub><sup>reco</sup>: smear t<sub>0</sub> by 20 ps
    - L<sup>reco</sup>: smear L by 1%
- Extract the high p limit of 3σ separation
- Run for different R (5, 10, ...120cm) location



### Effect of B field and timing resolution

 One needs to be very careful with the low momentum cutoff due to the strong B field (espicially 3T)

 $p_T \left[ \text{GeV}/c \right] = 0.3 \cdot B \left[ \text{T} \right] \cdot r/2 \left[ \text{m} \right]$ 



#### Effect of B field and timing resolution

 TOF with better intrinsic resolution can be put closer to the interaction point → smaller area





100ps: cannot reach down to 0.1GeV, ~45cm reach down to 0.2GeV

## Summary

- DIRC cannot identify particles below firing threshold or particles which can not reach it
- Complementry PID detector should be put close enough so low momentum particles can reach it
- TOF: further  $\rightarrow$  higher momentum reach; closer  $\rightarrow$  smaller area
- Close coordination with tracking studies to optimize the subsystem configuration for both PID and tracking
  - EIC Tracking and PID studies beyond the Yellow Report: <u>https://</u> <u>indico.bnl.gov/event/11629/contributions/49503/attachments/</u> <u>34446/55872/210512\_EIC%40IP6\_tracking\_pid.pdf</u>
  - Nest step: put LGAD at different radial locations and study its impact on the momentum and projecting resolution