

# EIC Detector Barrel EMCal Requirements

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ATHENA-Calorimetry Group Meeting

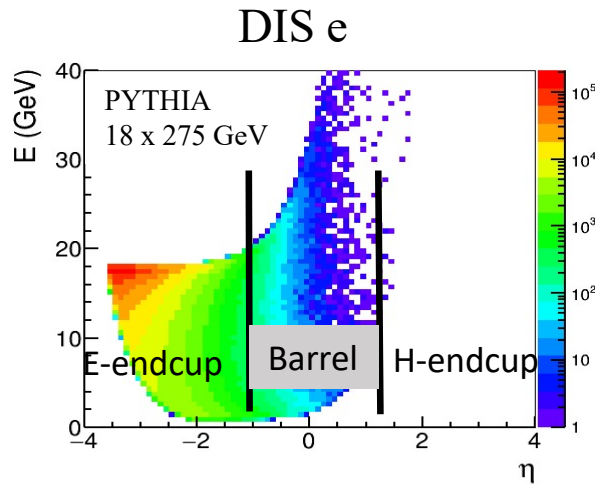
June 7, 2021

# EMCal goals

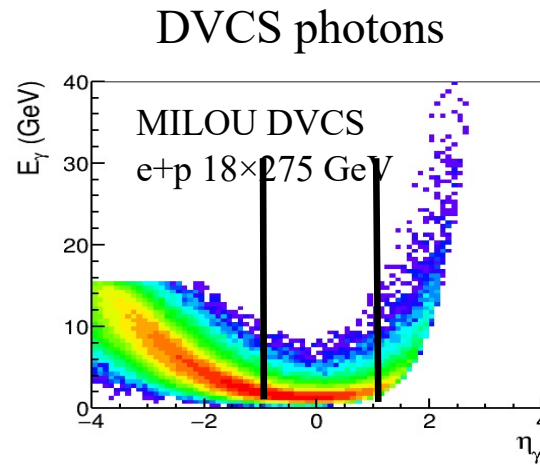
- DIS kinematics  
(through scattered electron)
- Decay electrons  
(e.g. from vector mesons and HF)
- Photons  
(e.g. from DVCS)
- $\pi^0$   
(e.g. from SIDIS or exclusive DIS)

- Dynamic range
- Resolution
- Charged hadron suppression for eID
- $\gamma/\pi^0$  discrimination

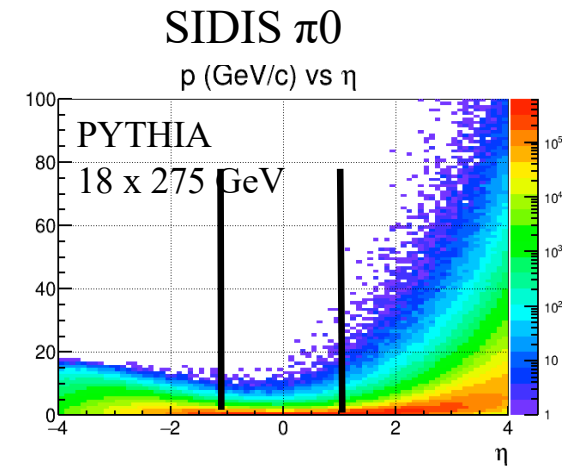
# Dynamic ranges



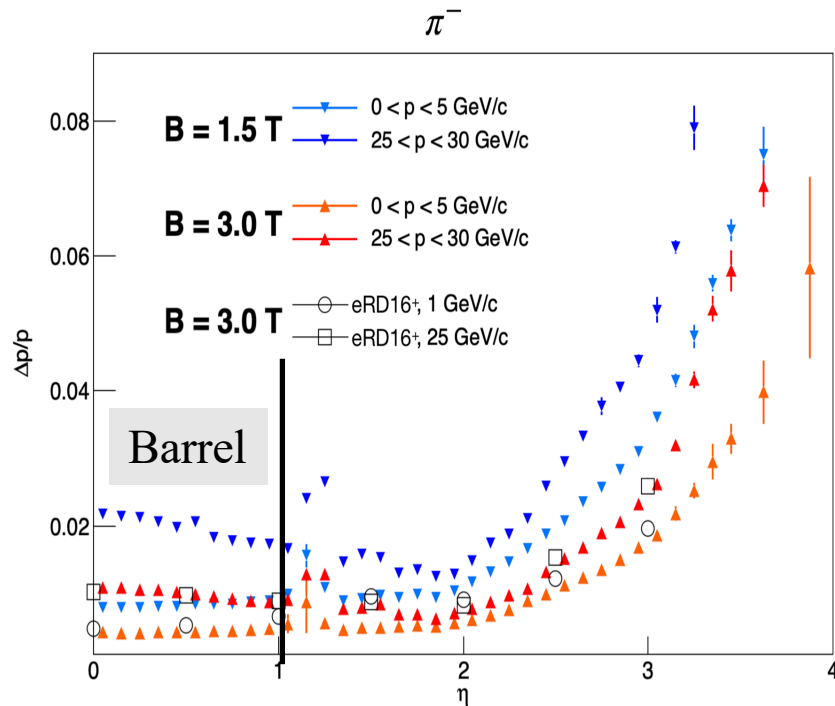
DIS electrons in barrel:  
Up to 40-50 GeV/c



Photons, pi0 in barrel:  
Up to 10-15 GeV/c



# Electron Kinematics and Resolutions

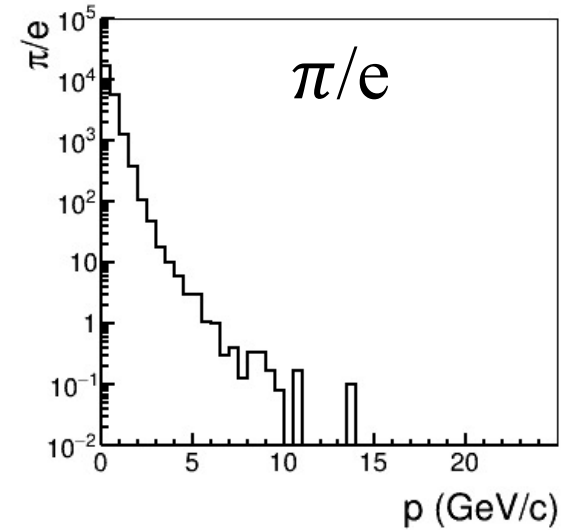
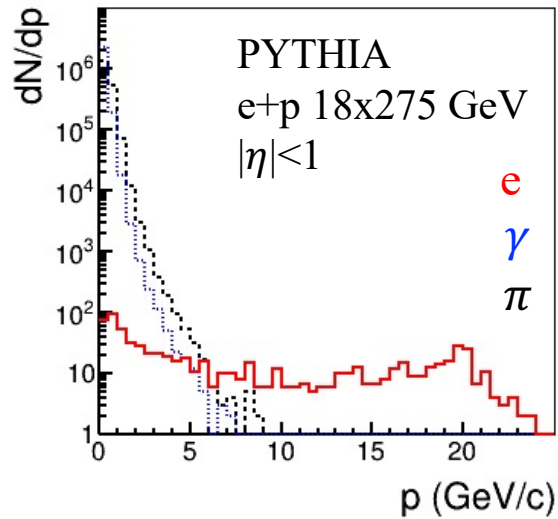


Tracking resolution <1% (<2%)  
for 3 T (1.5 T) field

⇒ Electron kinematics reconstruction  
will be provided by tracking

⇒ EMCal role mainly for eID

# eID and background



From YR:

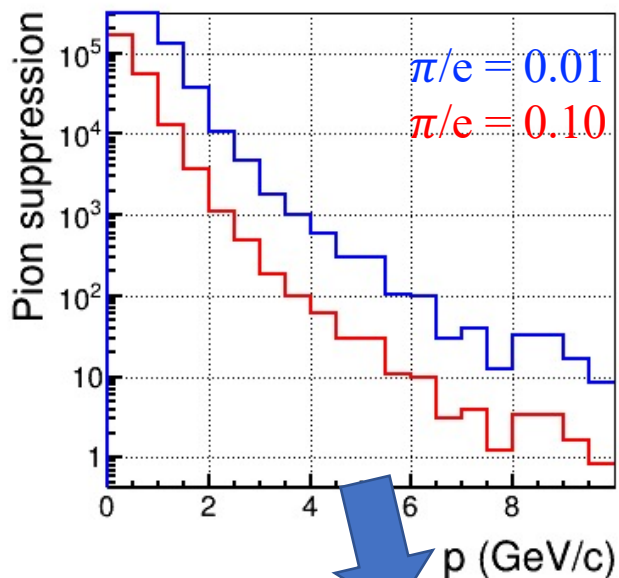
$E_{beam}^{e^-}$ (GeV)	$\eta$ bin	$p_{min}^{e^-}$ (GeV)	Max $\pi^-/e^-$	final $\pi^-/e^-$ ratio
18	(-3.5,-2)	0.9	200	0.02
18	(-2,-1)	0.9	800	0.08
18	(-1, 0)	1.0	1000	0.1
18	(0, 1)	1.8	100	0.01
10	(-3.5,-2)	1.4	10	0.001
10	(-2,-1)	0.5	400	0.04
10	(-1, 0)	0.6	800	0.08
10	(0, 1)	1.0	1000	0.1
5	(-3.5,-2)	2.8	0.1	0.00001
5	(-2,-1)	0.4	100	0.01
5	(-1, 0)	0.3	500	0.05
5	(0, 1)	0.5	1000	0.1

Table 8.1: The minimum detected  $e^-$  momentum (column 3), the maximum  $\pi^-/e^-$  ratio for electrons with  $p^{e^-} > p_{min}^{e^-}$  (column 4) and the detector level  $\pi^-$  suppression (column 5) for each  $e^-$  beam energy and scattered  $e^-$   $\eta$  bin. The calculation of  $p_{min}^{e^-}$  includes a  $Q^2 > 5 \text{ GeV}^2$  and  $y < 0.95$  requirement.

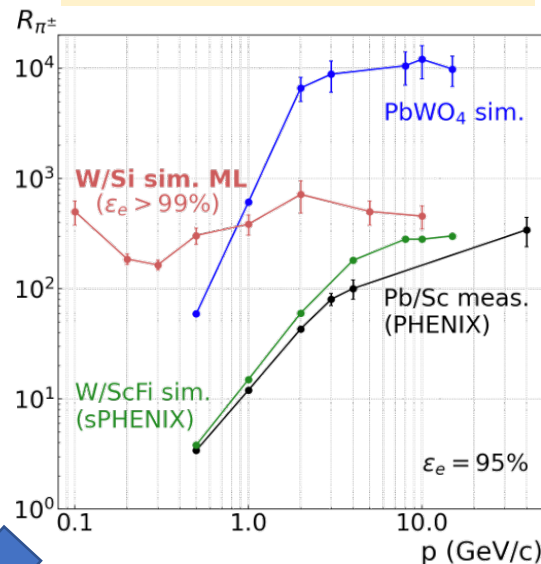
# eID and hadron suppression

e+p 18x275 GeV  
 $|\eta| < 1$

Required pion suppression:

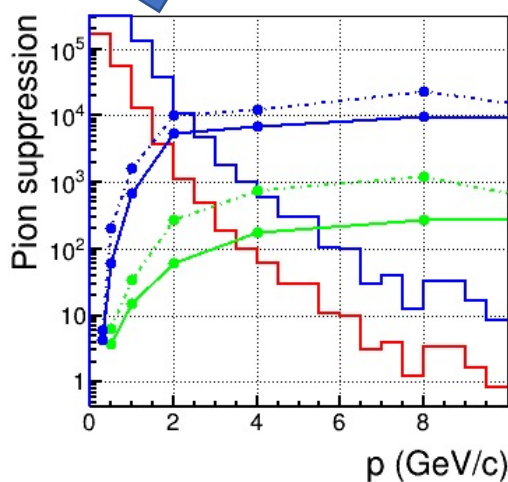


Suppression capability



Only E/p matching included  
 Shower profile will give additional x(2-4) suppression

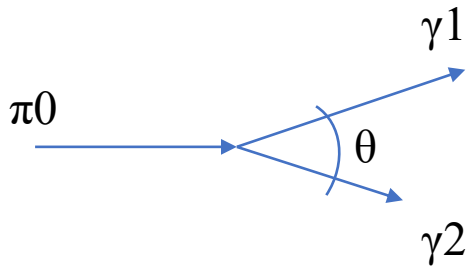
Solid: E/p  
 Dashed: E/p+Prof



- W/SciFi satisfies requirements down to ~4 GeV/c
- PWO satisfies requirements down to 2 (3) GeV/c in optimistic (realistic) scenario
- No any EMCAL (alone) can satisfy requirements < 2 GeV/c

# $\pi^0/\gamma$ Discrimination

Capability to separate two nearby photons

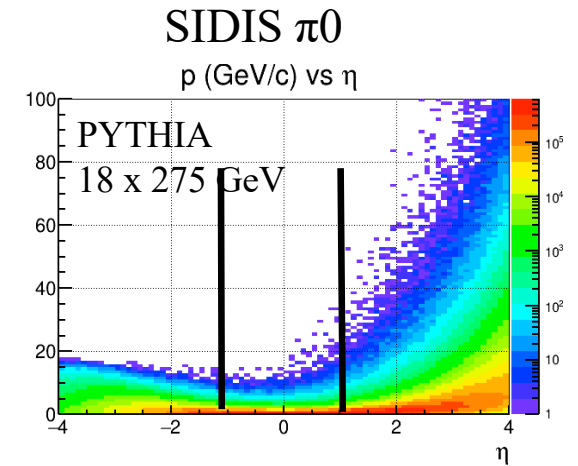


$$\theta = \frac{2m_{\pi^0}}{E_{\pi^0}\sqrt{1-\alpha^2}}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{E_{\gamma_1} - E_{\gamma_2}}{E_{\gamma_1} + E_{\gamma_2}}$$

$$\theta_{min} = \frac{2m_{\pi^0}}{E_{\pi^0}}$$

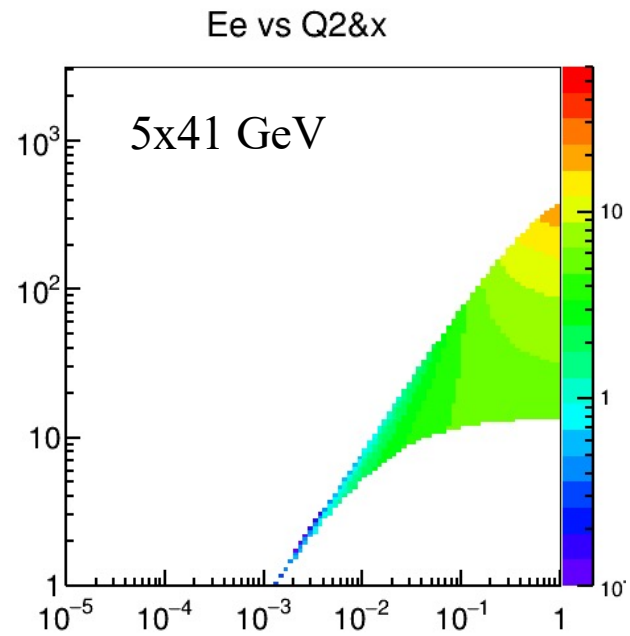
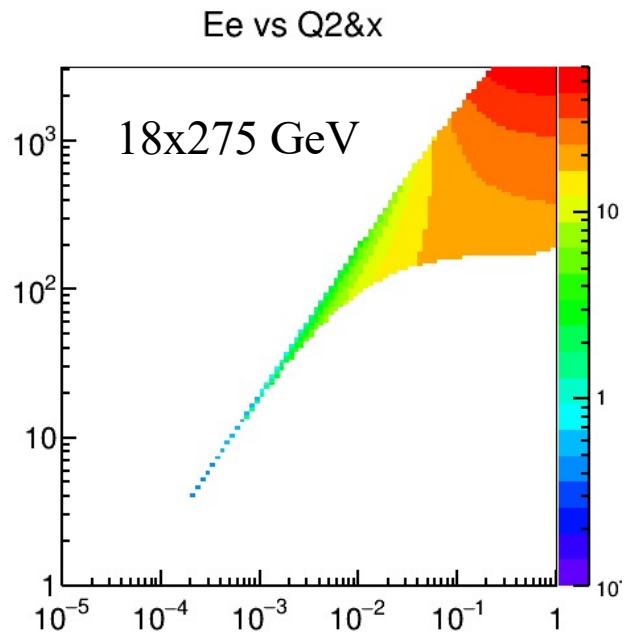
$$E_{\pi^0} \sim 15 \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow \theta_{min} \sim 0.02 \text{ (2 cm at 1m)}$$



# Backup



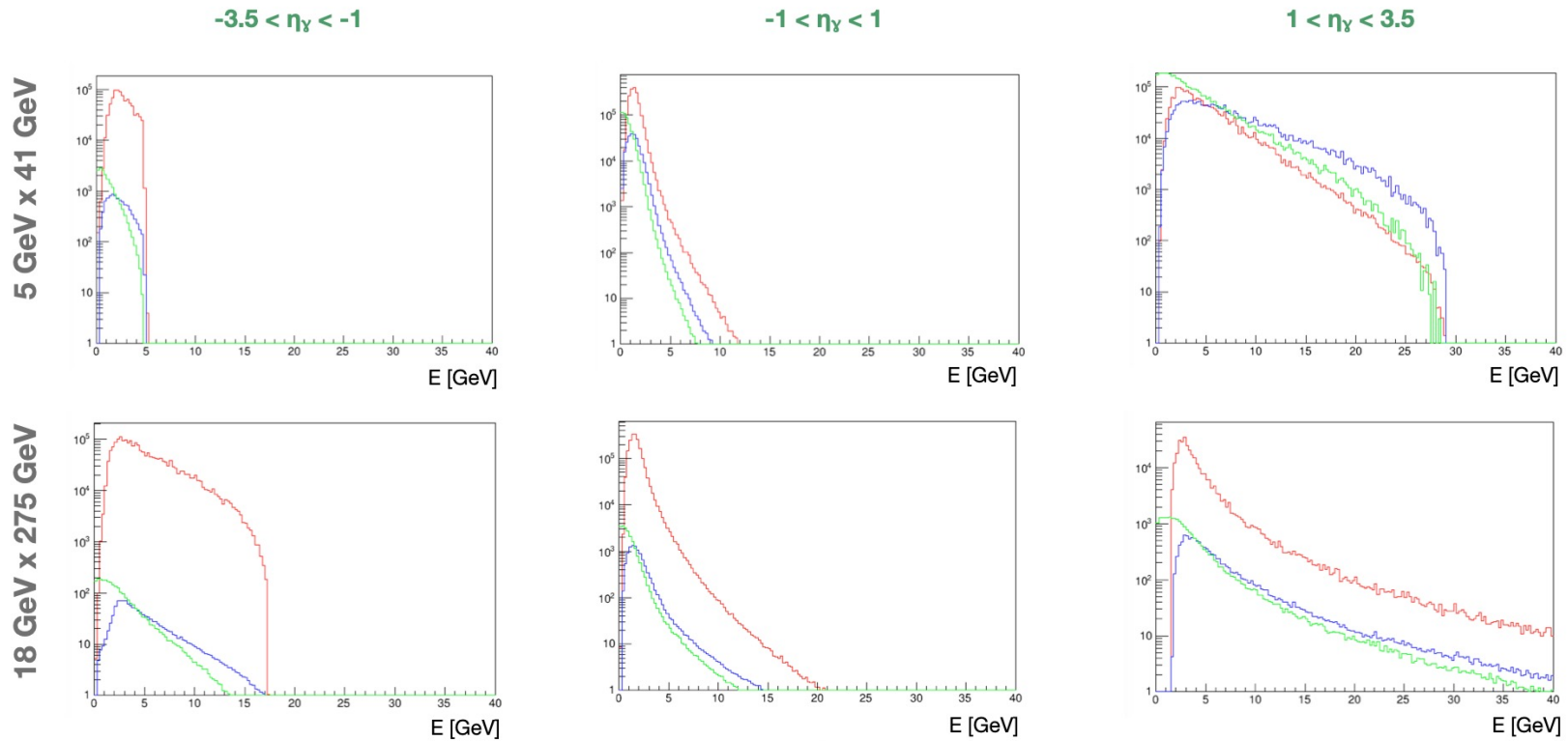
# DIS electron energy vs ( $Q^2, x$ )



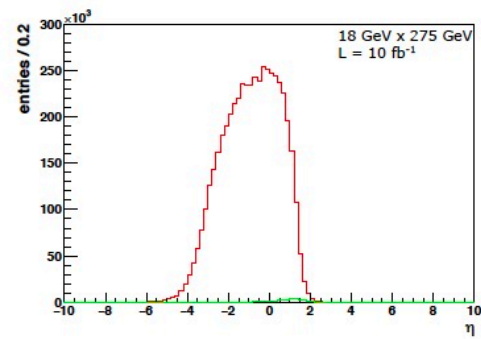
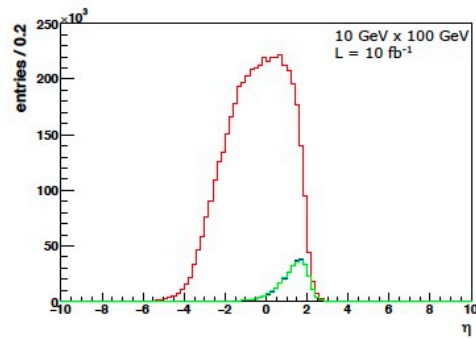
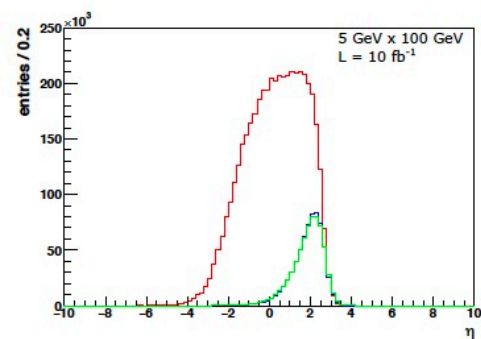
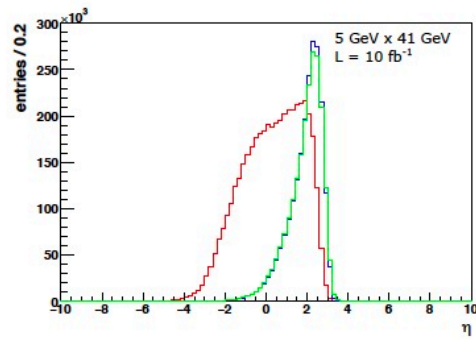
# Exclusive

distributions of energy for two beam energies and various ranges of eta

$Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$     • DVCS:  $\gamma$   
 $0.01 < y < 0.95$     • DVMP  $\pi^0$ :  $\pi^0$   
 $|\eta_e| < 3.5$   
 $L = 10 \text{ fb}^{-1}$     • DVMP  $\pi^0$ :  $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$



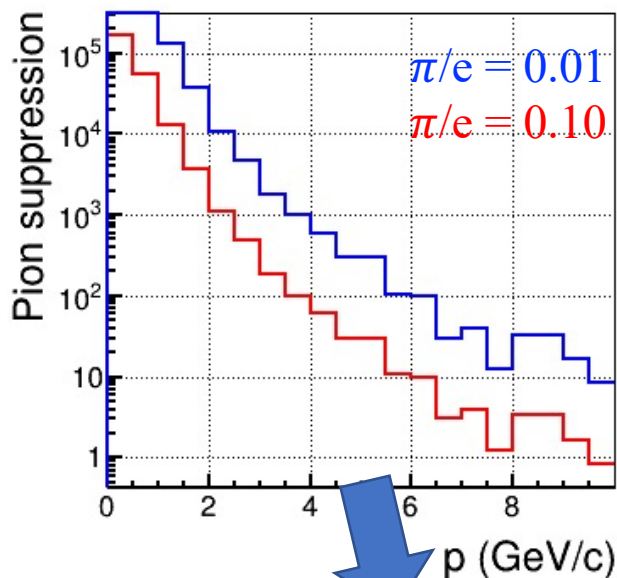
# Exclusive



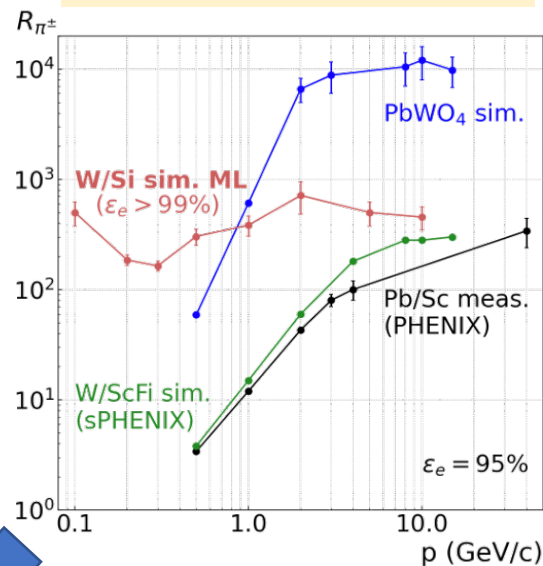
# eID and hadron suppression

e+p 10x100 GeV  
 $|\eta| < 1$

Required pion suppression:

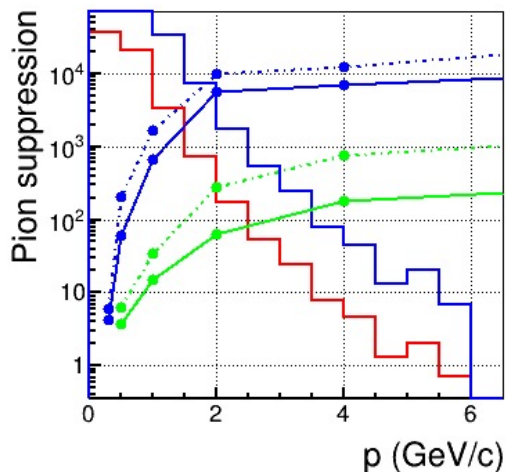


Suppression capability



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Solid: E/p  
 Dashed: E/p+Prof



- W/SciFi satisfies requirements down to  $\sim 3$  GeV/c
- PWO satisfies requirements down to 2 (2.5) GeV/c in optimistic (realistic) scenario
- No any EMCAL (alone) can satisfy requirements  $< 1.5$  GeV/c