Effect of <u>LGAD</u> (<u>extra material</u>) inside all-si tracker <u>barrel</u>

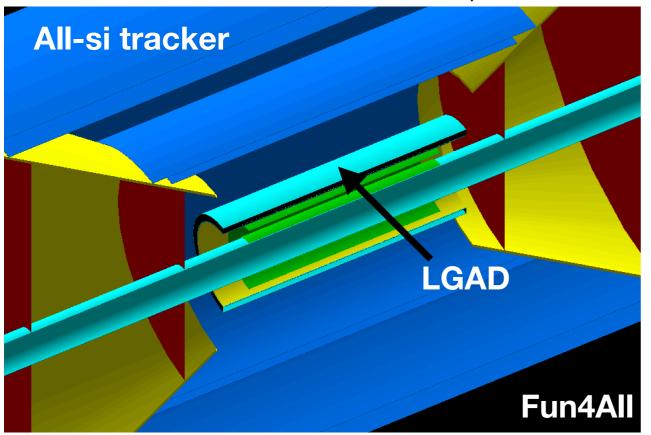


Rey Cruz-Torres, Wenqing Fan ATHENA PID Meeting 06/14/2021

LGAD Material Budget and characteristics

https://github.com/reynier0611/g4lblvtx/blob/master/macros/auxiliary_studies/simplified_geometry/G4_TTL_EIC.C

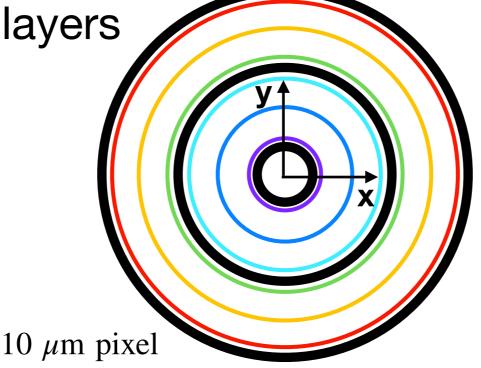
Resolution: 500 μ m/ $\sqrt{12}$



Component	Material	Thickness	X/X0 [%]
Silicon Sensor	Silicon	85 µm	0.091
Metal connection	Aluminum	0.15 mm	0.169
HDI	Kapton	0.2 mm	0.0700
Cooling	Water	1 mm	0.277
Support	Graphite	0.5 mm	0.259
Support Gap	Air	1 cm	0.003
Support	Graphite	0.5 mm	0.259
			1.13

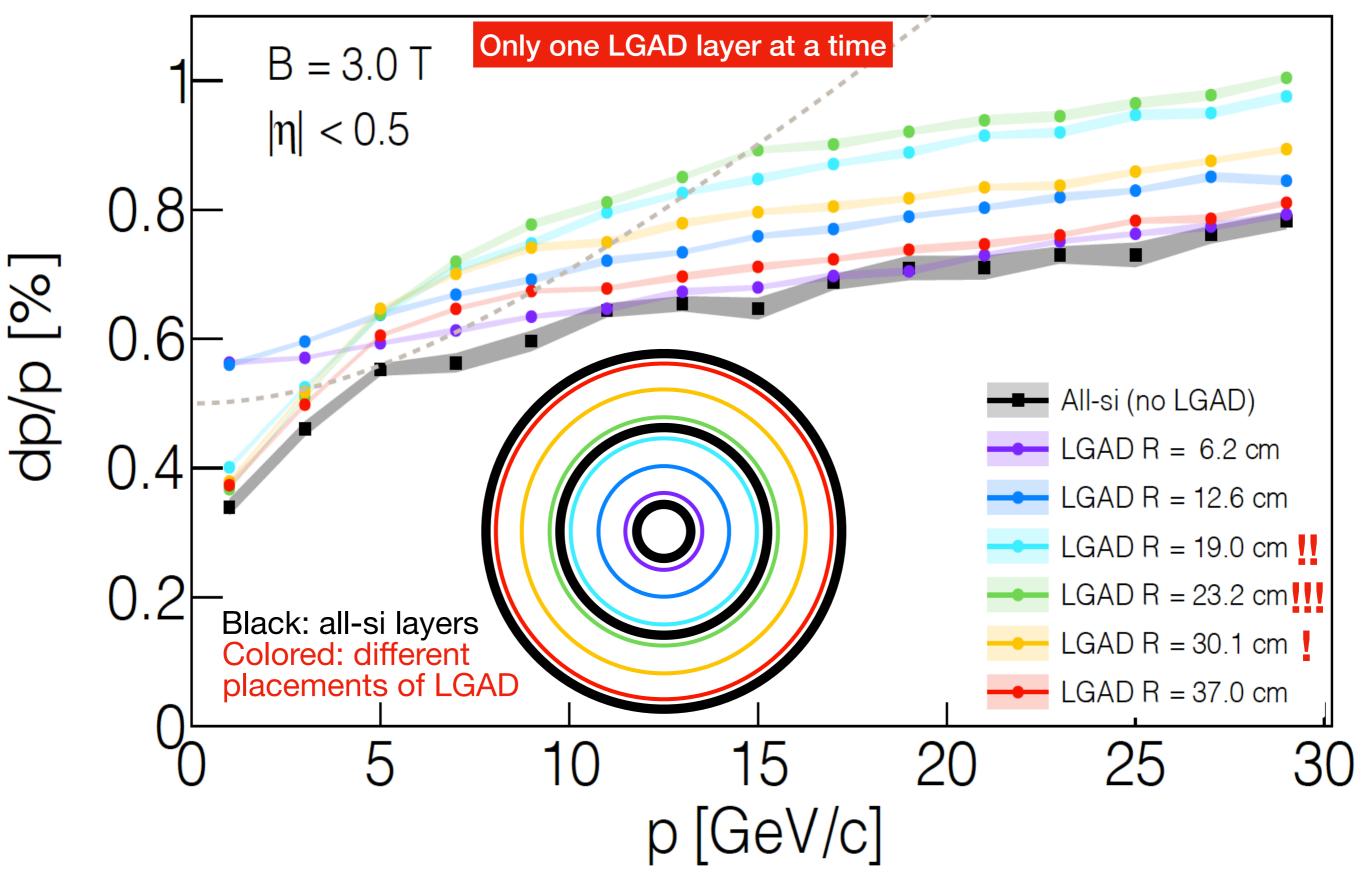
All-silicon tracker layers

Barrel	radius
layer	[cm]
1	3.30
2	5.70
3	21.00
4	22.68
5	39.30
6	43.23



 $\begin{array}{l} R_{LGAD} = 6.2 \ cm \\ R_{LGAD} = 12.6 \ cm \\ R_{LGAD} = 19.0 \ cm \\ R_{LGAD} = 23.2 \ cm \\ R_{LGAD} = 30.1 \ cm \\ R_{LGAD} = 37.0 \ cm \end{array}$

Placement of LGAD layer inside the tracking volume



Summary and Conclusions

- Momentum resolution most (negatively) impacted when LGAD layer is placed near the central barrel layers
- As the LGAD layer is moved away from the sagitta (in either direction), its impact on the momentum resolution decreases
- For LGAD layers placed symmetrically about the sagitta, the momentum resolution in the configuration where the LGAD has a larger radius provides a systematically larger momentum resolution
- At low momentum, the smaller radii LGAD layers have a more significant impact on momentum resolutions
- This study does not take into account the extra material that would need to live within the tracker to service the LGAD layer (from either side of the LGAD)
- Not shown, but also studied: whether the LGAD layers are included in the Kalman filter or not, the results don't change

