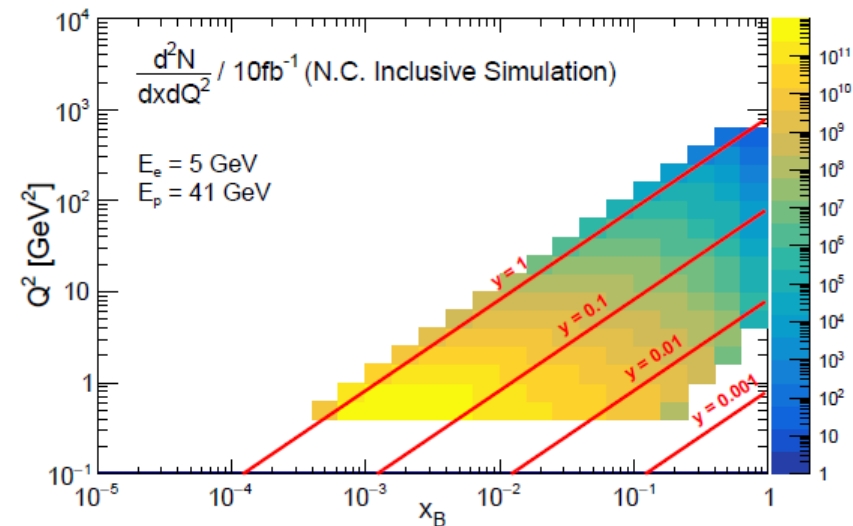
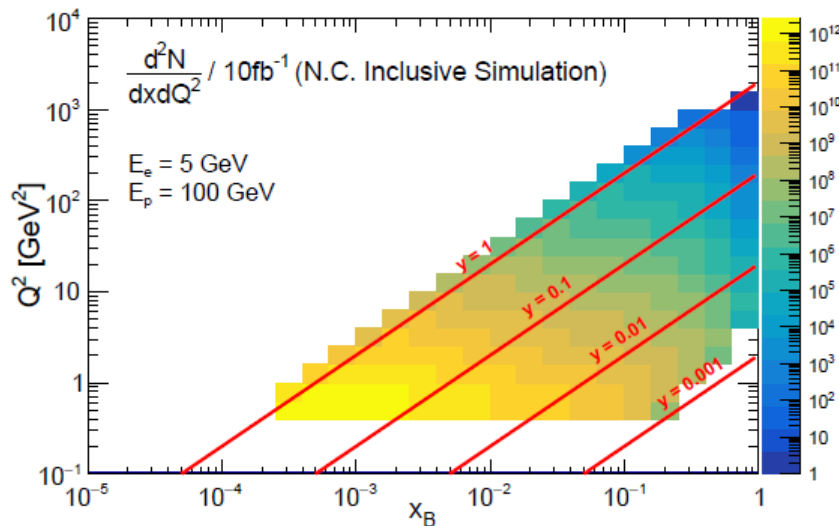
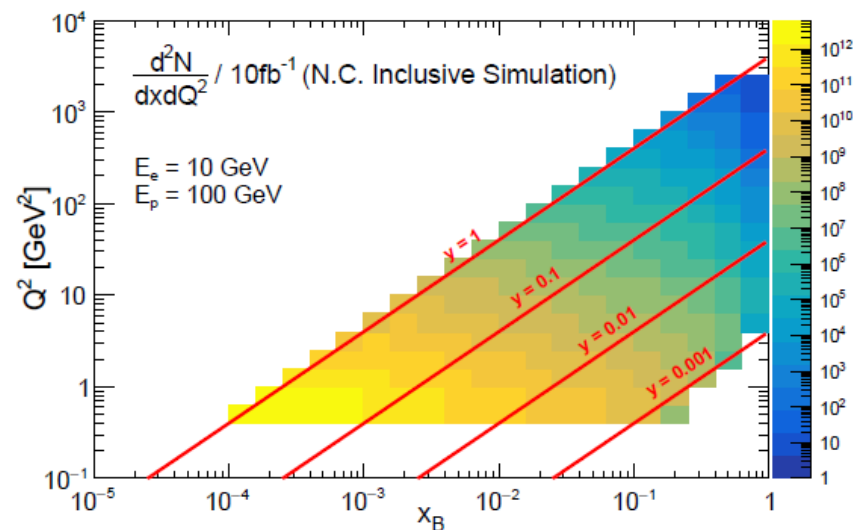
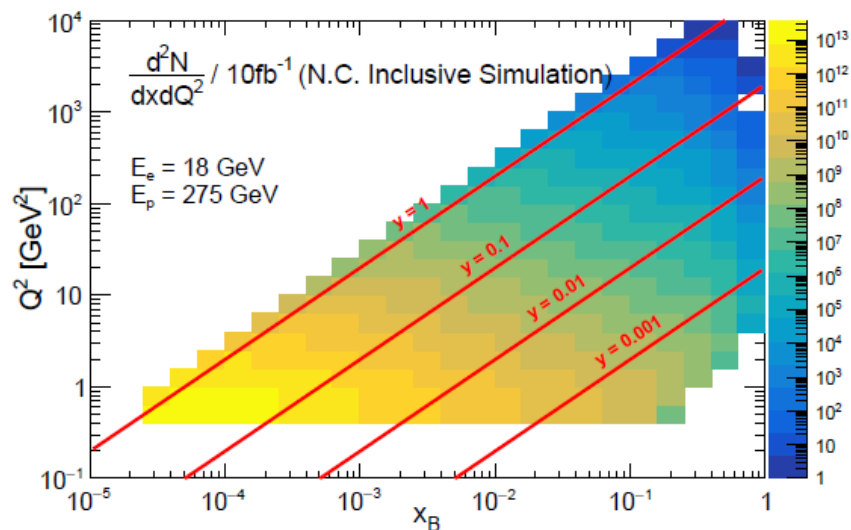


# Statistical and Systematic Uncertainties in the yellow report

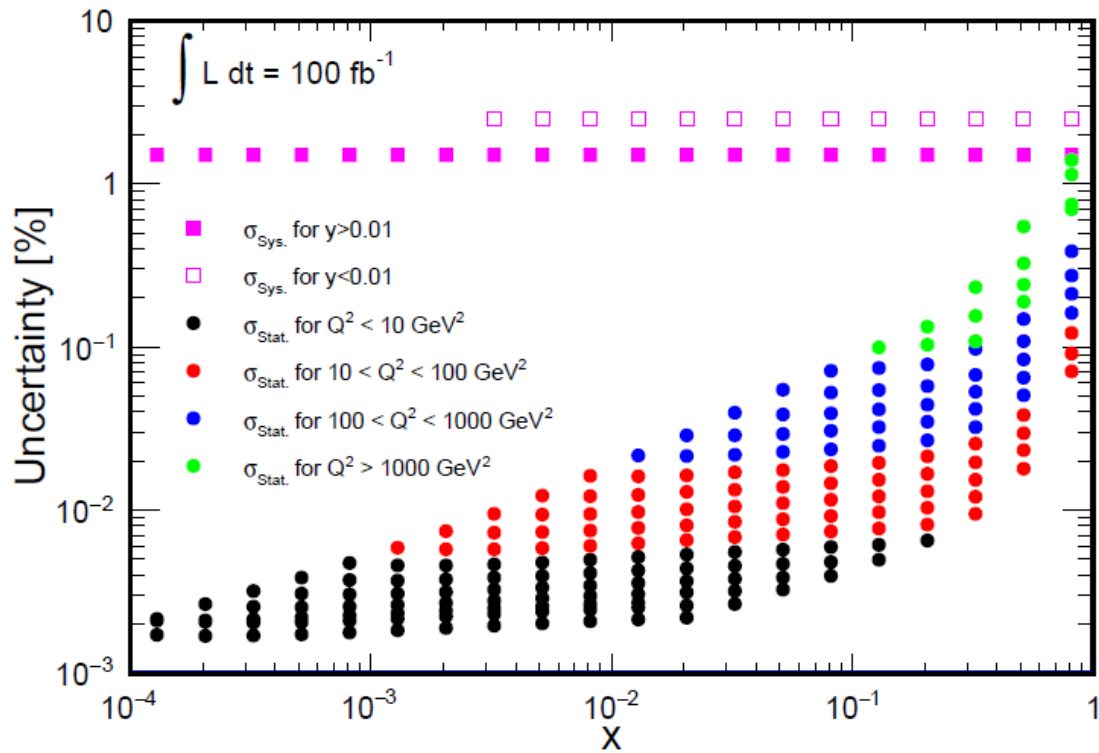
Barak Schmookler

# N.C. kinematic coverage and binning

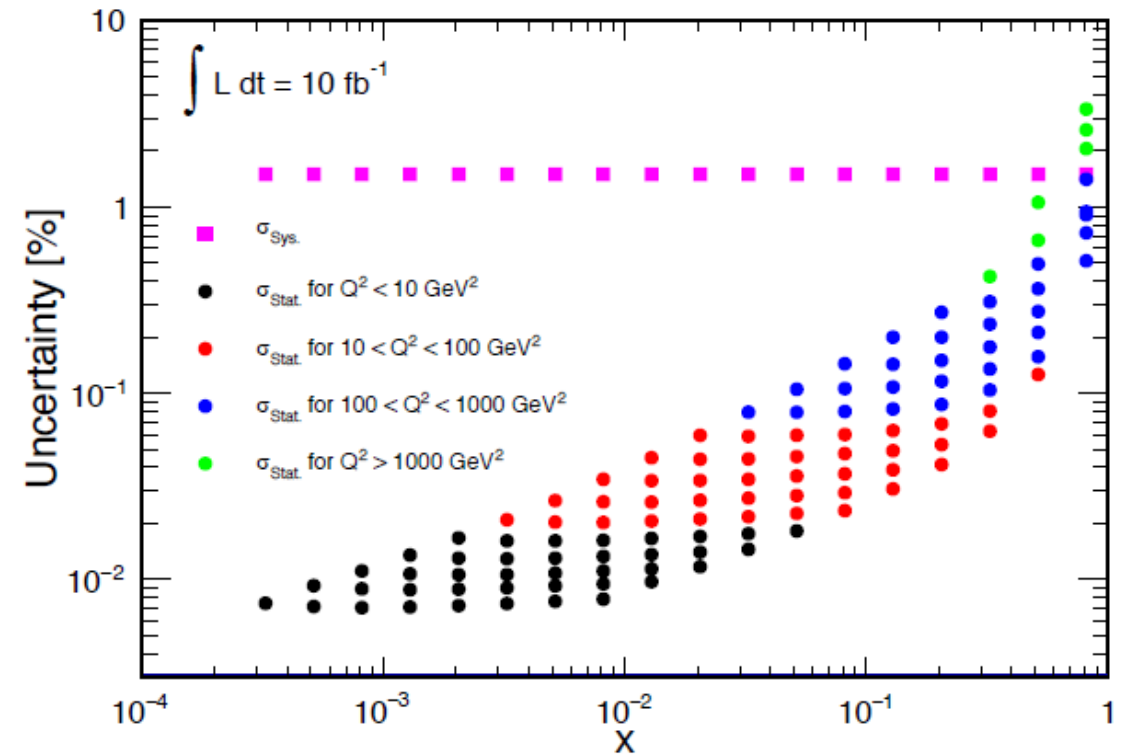


# Estimated uncertainties for N.C. Cross sections

18x275 e-p N.C. Uncertainties



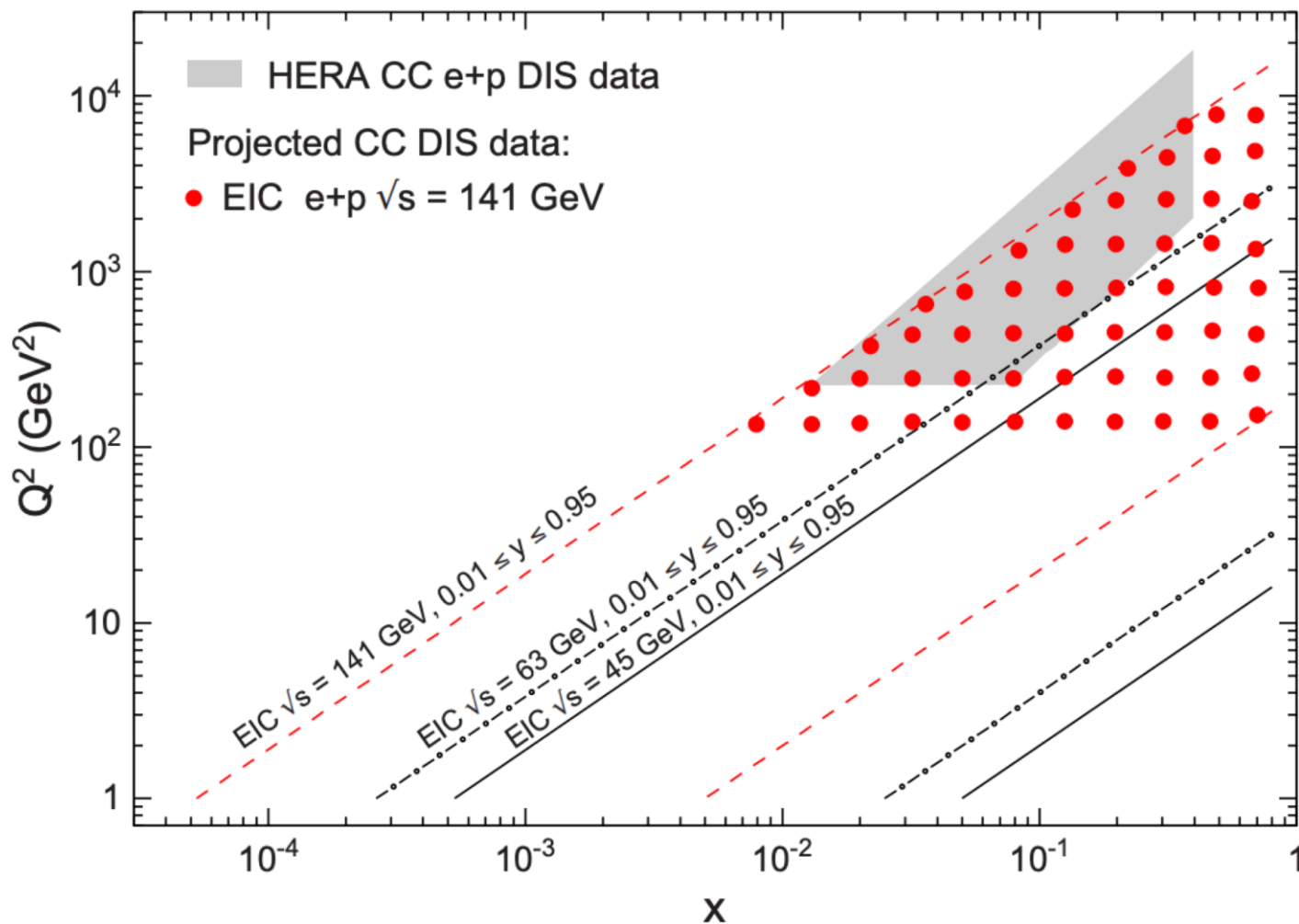
18x110 e-A N.C. Uncertainties



# N.C. systematic uncertainties

	<b>Point-to-Point (%)</b>	<b>Normalization (%)</b>
Statistics ( $10 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )	0.01-0.35	-
Luminosity	-	$\sim 1$
Electron Purity	-	$\sim 1$ (for 90% purity)
Bin-Centering	$< 0.5$	$< 0.5$
Radiative Corrections ( <i>HERA</i> )	1	-
Acceptance / Bin-Migration + Trigger & Tracking Eff. + Charge- Symmetric Background	1-2	2-4
Additional uncertainty for $y < 0.01$ bins	2	-
Total	1.5-2.3 (2.5-3 for $y < 0.01$ )	2.5-4.3

# C.C. kinematic coverage and binning



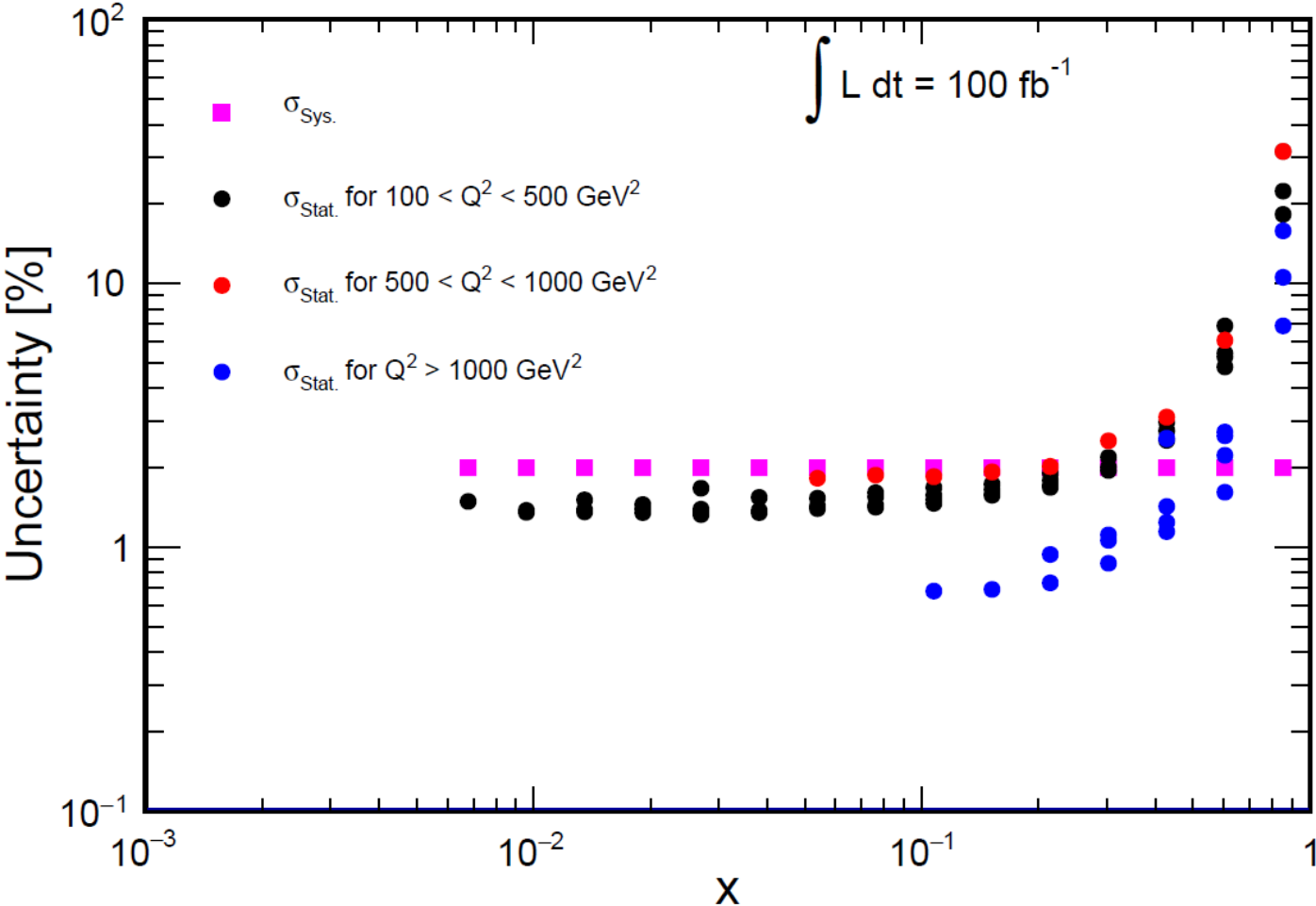
$$Q_{JB}^2 = \frac{p_T^2}{1 - y_{JB}}$$

$$y_{JB} = \frac{(E - p^z)}{2E}$$

$$x_{JB} = \frac{Q_{JB}^2}{s y_{JB}}$$

# Estimated uncertainties for C.C. Cross sections

18x275 e-p C.C. Uncertainties



# Minimum bias simulation data available from the yellow report effort

Data Set	Generator	Beam Energies	Run Information	Number of Events	Int. Luminosity
1	Pythia6	5x41 GeV e-p	$Q^2 > 0.5 \text{ GeV}^2$ ; NC unpolarized; QED Radiation OFF	100 million	$0.14 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
2	Pythia6	5x41 GeV e-p	$Q^2 > 3.0 \text{ GeV}^2$ ; NC unpolarized; QED Radiation OFF	100 million	$0.96 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
3	Pythia6	5x100 GeV e-p	$Q^2 > 0.5 \text{ GeV}^2$ ; NC unpolarized; QED Radiation OFF	15 million	$0.016 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
4	Pythia6	10x100 GeV e-p	$Q^2 > 0.5 \text{ GeV}^2$ ; NC unpolarized; QED Radiation OFF	11 million	$9.9\text{e-}3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
5	Pythia6	10x110 GeV e-p	$Q^2 > 0.5 \text{ GeV}^2$ ; NC unpolarized; QED Radiation OFF	15 million	$0.013 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
6	Pythia6	18x110 GeV e-p	$Q^2 > 0.5 \text{ GeV}^2$ ; NC unpolarized; QED Radiation OFF	15 million	$0.011 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
7	Pythia6	18x275 GeV e-p	$Q^2 > 0.5 \text{ GeV}^2$ ; NC unpolarized; QED Radiation OFF	15 million	$9.0\text{e-}3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
8	Pythia6	27.5x920 GeV e+p	$Q^2 > 1.5 \text{ GeV}^2$ ; NC unpolarized; QED Radiation OFF	10 million	$0.011 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

9	Djangoh	5x41 GeV e-p	$Q^2 > 0.5 \text{ GeV}^2$ ; NC unpolarized; QED Radiation OFF	~10 million	$0.014 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
10	Djangoh	5x100 GeV e-p	$Q^2 > 0.5 \text{ GeV}^2$ ; NC unpolarized; QED Radiation OFF	~10 million	$0.011 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
11	Djangoh	10x100 GeV e-p	$Q^2 > 0.5 \text{ GeV}^2$ ; NC unpolarized; QED Radiation OFF	~10 million	$9.1\text{e-}3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
12	Djangoh	18x275 GeV e-p	$Q^2 > 0.5 \text{ GeV}^2$ ; NC unpolarized; QED Radiation OFF	~10 million	$6.6\text{e-}3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
13	Djangoh	27.6x920 GeV e+p	$Q^2 > 1.5 \text{ GeV}^2$ ; NC unpolarized; QED Radiation OFF	~2.5 million	$3.5\text{e-}3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
14	Pythia6	5x41 GeV e-p	$Q^2$ down to photo-production limit; NC unpolarized; QED Radiation OFF	500 million	$6.3\text{e-}3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
15	Pythia6	10x100 GeV e-p	$Q^2$ down to photo-production limit; NC unpolarized; QED Radiation OFF	300 million	$2.3\text{e-}3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
16	Pythia6	18x275 GeV e-p	$Q^2$ down to photo-production limit; NC unpolarized; QED Radiation OFF	300 million	$1.7\text{e-}3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
17	Djangoh	10x100 GeV e-p	$Q^2 > 0.5 \text{ GeV}^2$ ; NC unpolarized; QED Radiation ON	~15 million	$0.013 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

# Kinematic limits in the generators

- *Pythia6* always applies a hard cut of  $W > 2$  GeV; can go down to photo-production.
- *Djangoh* requires  $Q^2 > 0.2$  GeV<sup>2</sup>, and it always applies a hard cut of  $W > \sim 3.38$  GeV.
- Not sure about *pythia8*...