

Jet Calibration



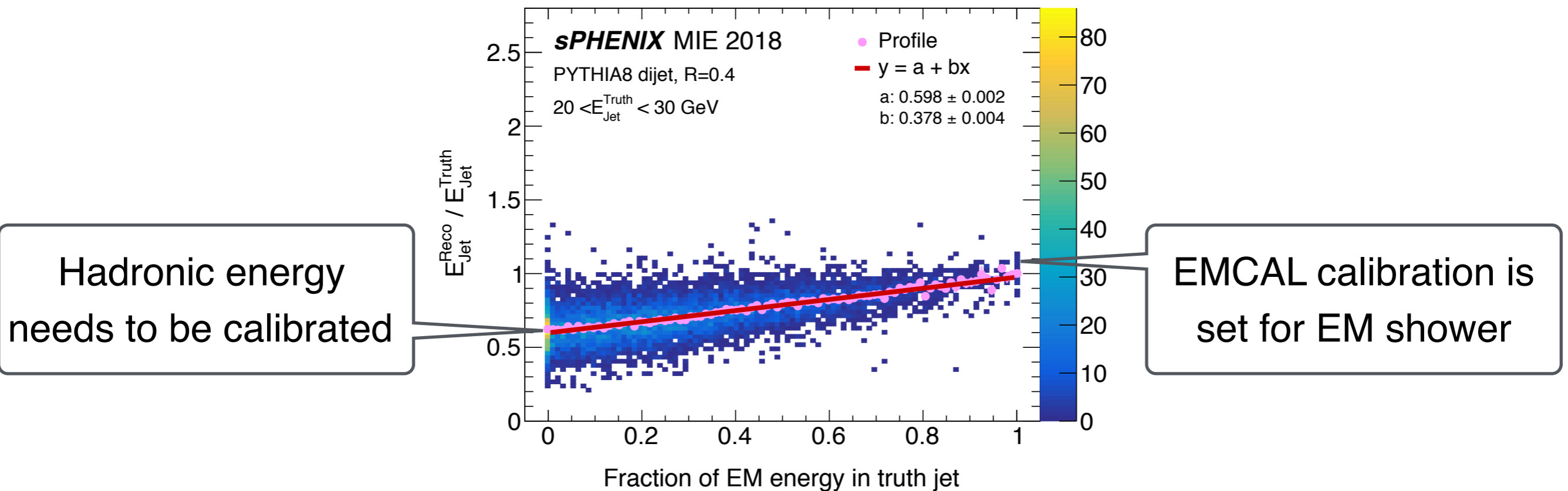
Songkyo Lee
Iowa State University



7th sPHENIX collaboration meeting
Florida State University
December 6th 2018

Motivation

- Calorimeter response to a jet depends on
 - Jet kinematics, fragmentation pattern, etc.
 - Longitudinal center of gravity of the showers
 - Fraction between electromagnetic (EM) and hadronic energy

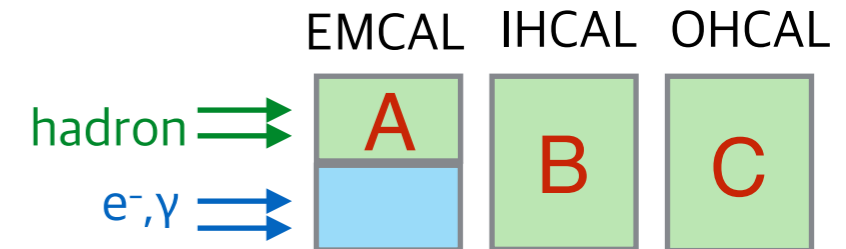


- Relative energy scales of different calorimetry segments, EMCAL, IHCAL, and OHCAL, needs to be adjusted

Calibration procedure 1/5

- EMCAL clusters with hadronic energy (E_{EMCAL}^{had}) needs to be separated from those with EM energy (E_{EMCAL}^{EM}) and calibrated individually

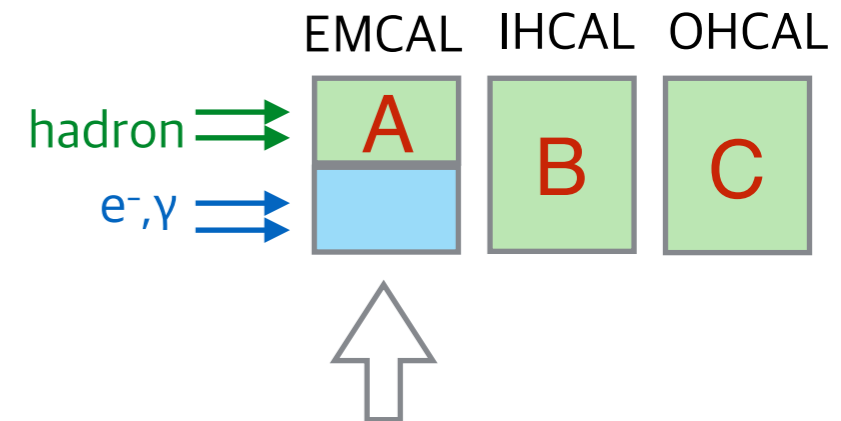
$$E_{RECO} = D \cdot (E_{EMCAL}^{EM} + A \cdot E_{EMCAL}^{had} + B \cdot E_{IHCAL} + C \cdot E_{OHCAL})$$



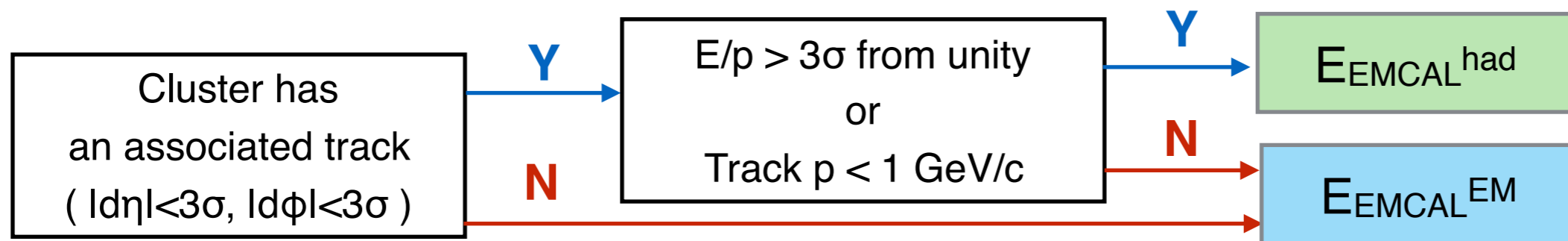
Calibration procedure 2/5

- EMCAL clusters with hadronic energy (E_{EMCAL}^{had}) needs to be separated from those with EM energy (E_{EMCAL}^{EM}) and calibrated individually

$$E_{RECO} = D \cdot (E_{EMCAL}^{EM} + A \cdot E_{EMCAL}^{had} + B \cdot E_{IHCAL} + C \cdot E_{OHCAL})$$



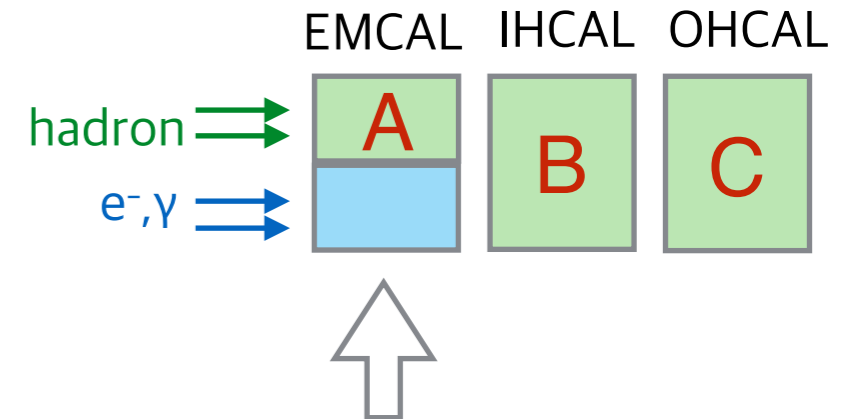
- Flow chart for EMCAL cluster selection



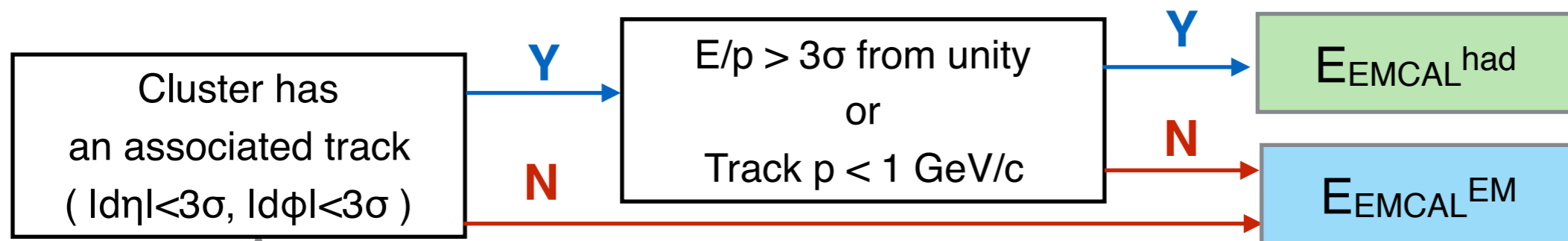
Calibration procedure 3/5

- EMCAL clusters with hadronic energy (E_{EMCAL}^{had}) needs to be separated from those with EM energy (E_{EMCAL}^{EM}) and calibrated individually

$$E_{RECO} = D \cdot (E_{EMCAL}^{EM} + A \cdot E_{EMCAL}^{had} + B \cdot E_{IHCAL} + C \cdot E_{OHCAL})$$

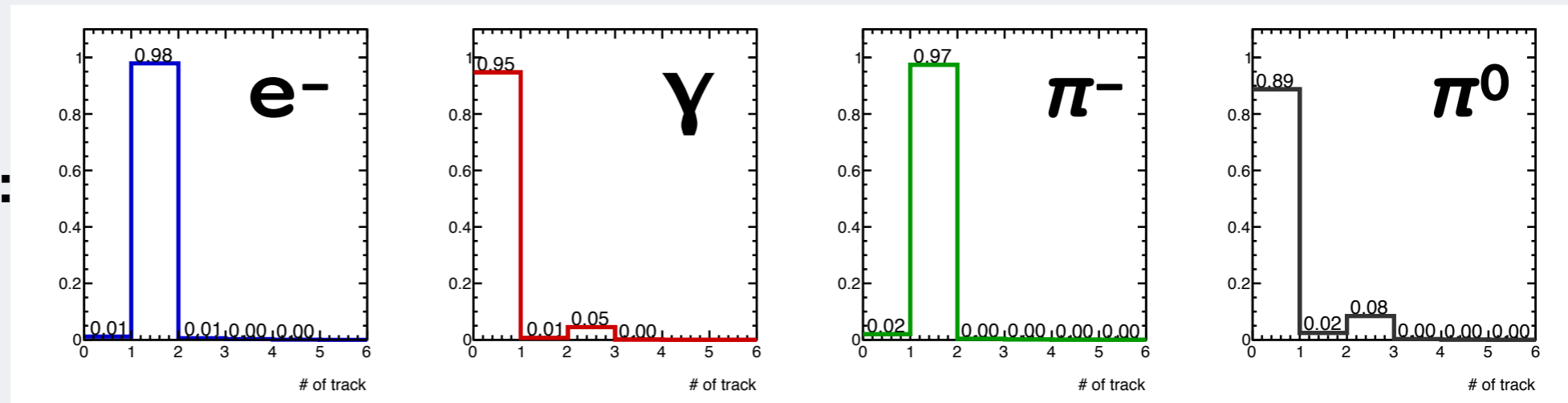


- Flow chart for EMCAL cluster selection



- Step 1) Track-cluster matching to separate e^- , π^- from γ , π^0

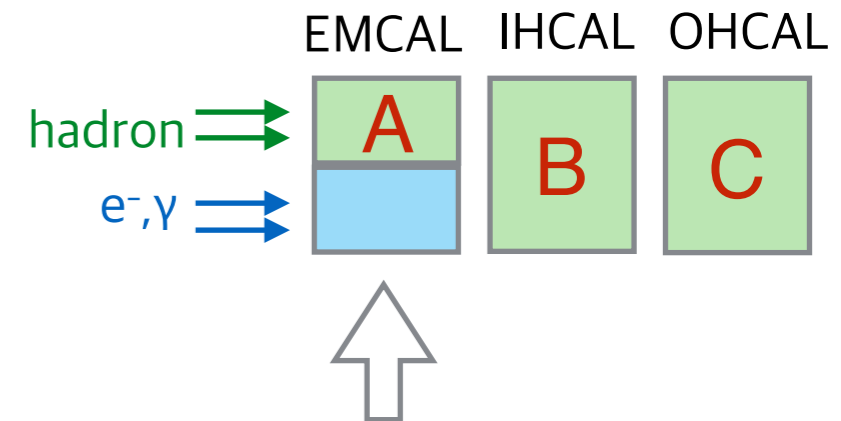
Number of track:



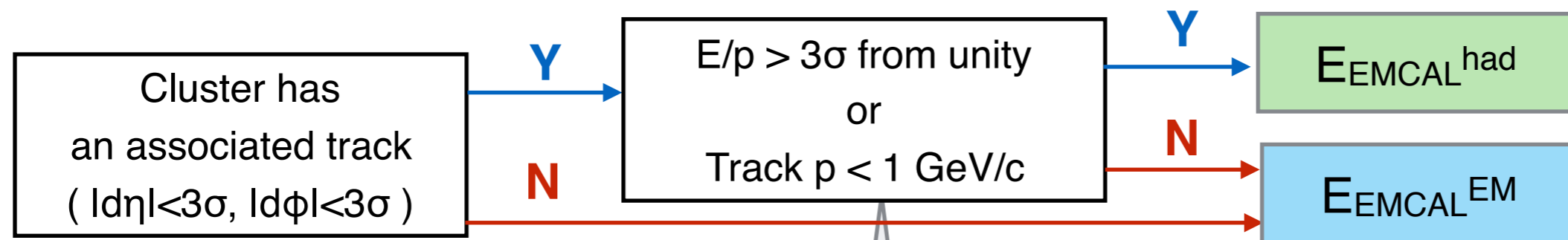
Calibration procedure 4/5

- EMCAL clusters with hadronic energy (E_{EMCAL}^{had}) needs to be separated from those with EM energy (E_{EMCAL}^{EM}) and calibrated individually

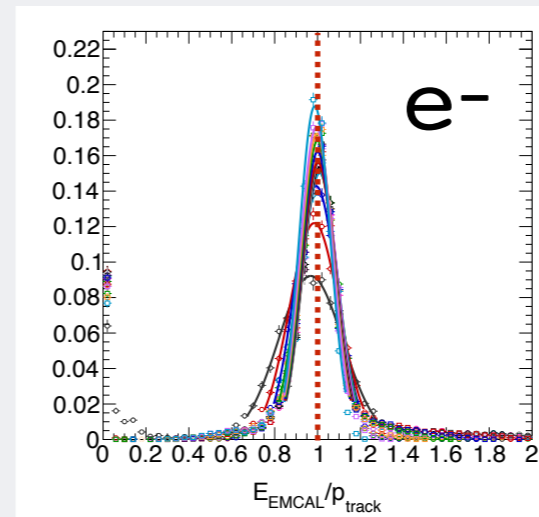
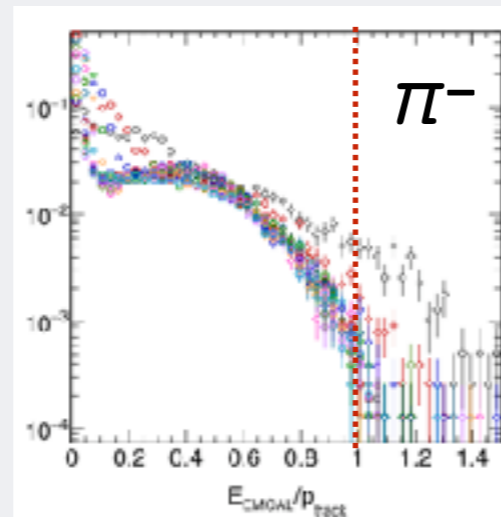
$$E^{RECO} = D \cdot (E_{EMCAL}^{EM} + A \cdot E_{EMCAL}^{had} + B \cdot E_{IHCAL} + C \cdot E_{OHCAL})$$



- Flow chart for EMCAL cluster selection



- Step 2) E/p ratios to separate π^- from e^-

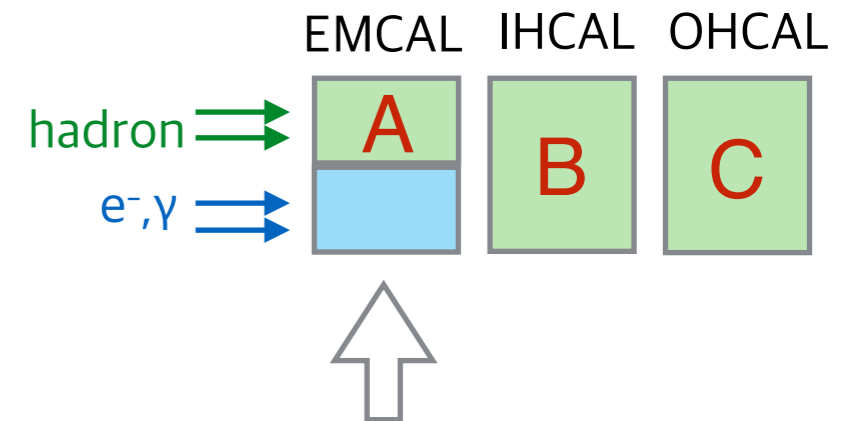


- $0 < p < 1$ GeV
- $1 < p < 2$ GeV
- $2 < p < 3$ GeV
- $3 < p < 4$ GeV
- $4 < p < 5$ GeV
- ...

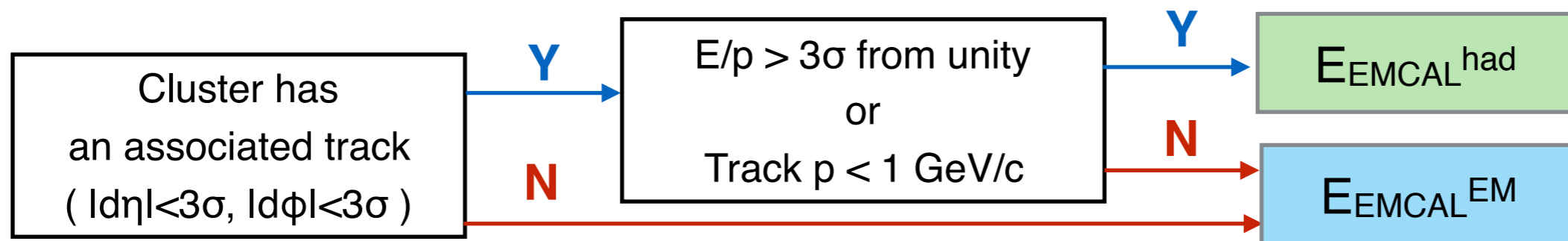
Calibration procedure 5/5

- EMCAL clusters with hadronic energy (E_{EMCAL}^{had}) needs to be separated from those with EM energy (E_{EMCAL}^{EM}) and calibrated individually

$$E^{RECO} = D \cdot (E_{EMCAL}^{EM} + A \cdot E_{EMCAL}^{had} + B \cdot E_{IHCAL} + C \cdot E_{OHCAL})$$



- Flow chart for EMCAL cluster selection

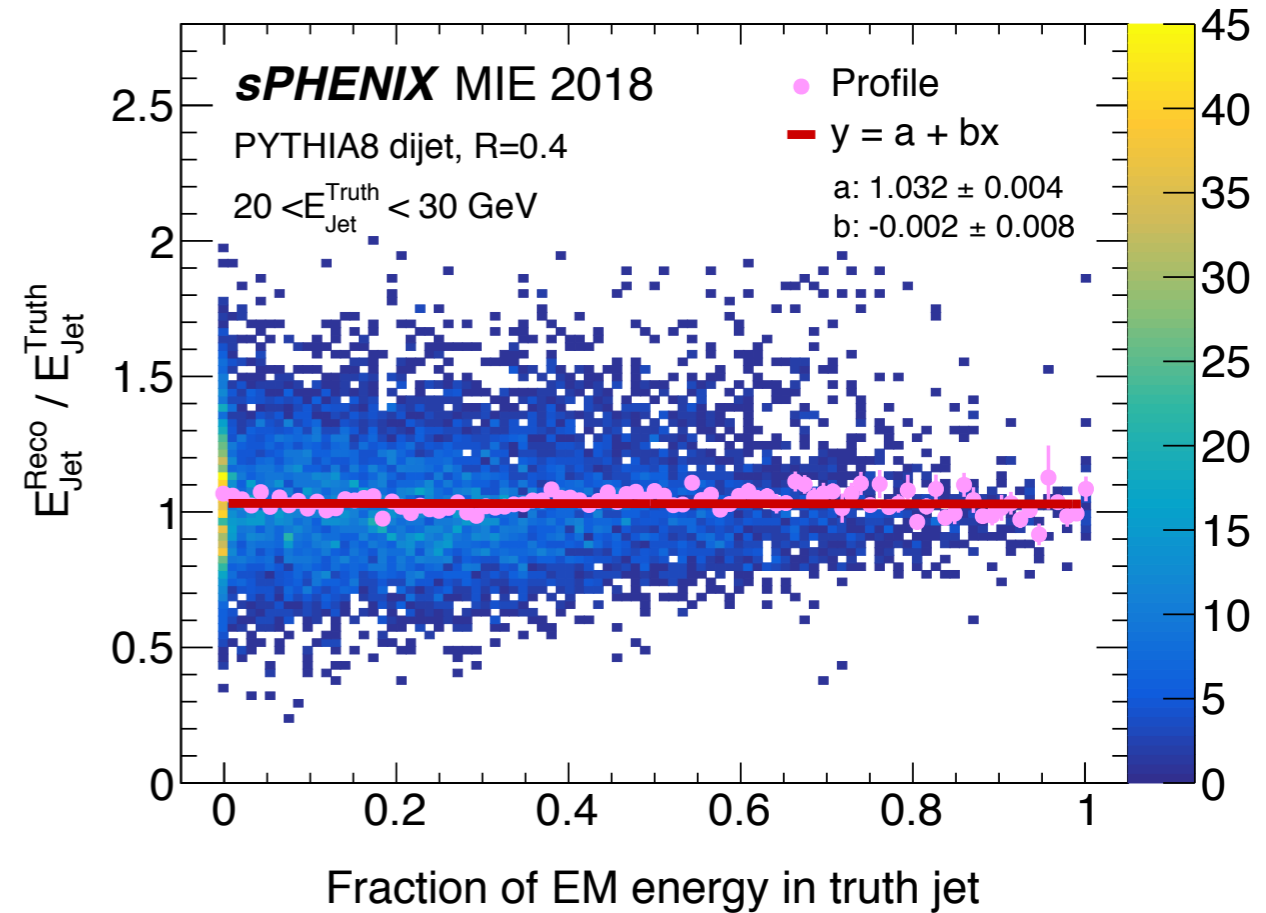
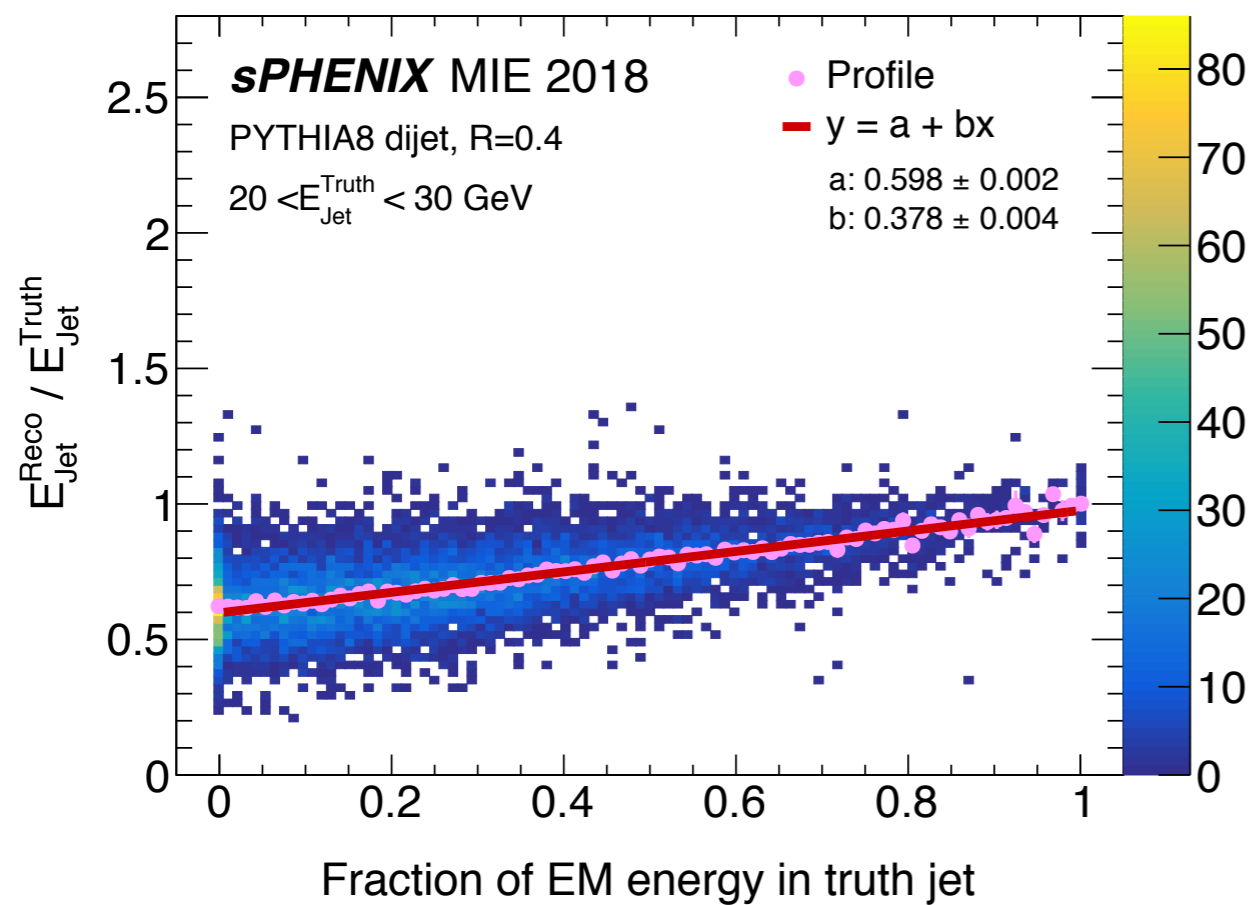


- A, B, and C are simultaneously determined using MINUIT by minimizing the quantity

$$\sum_{i=1}^N (E_{Jet,i}^{Reco} - E_{Jet,i}^{Truth})^2 / (E_{Jet,i}^{Truth})^2$$

Response after calibration

- Jet response vs. EM fraction flattened after calibration

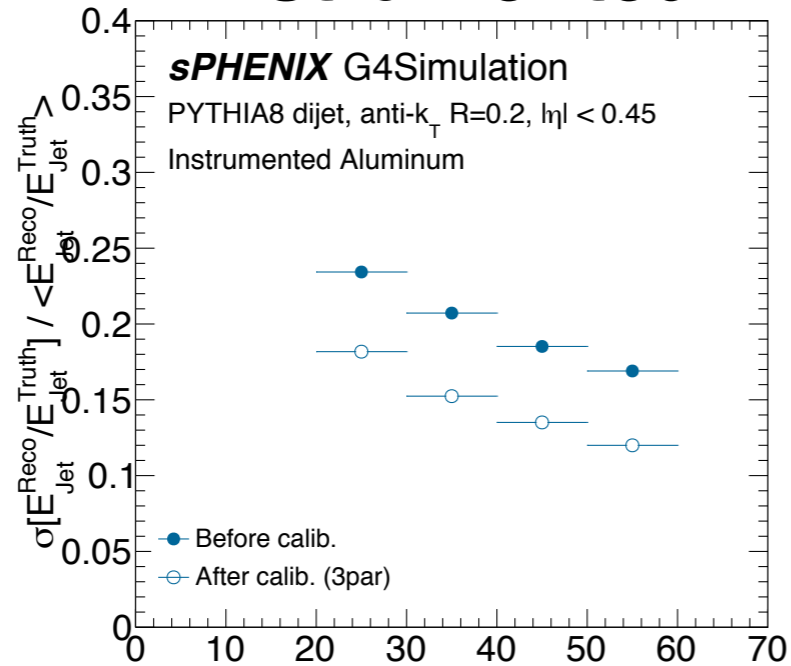


JER in pp

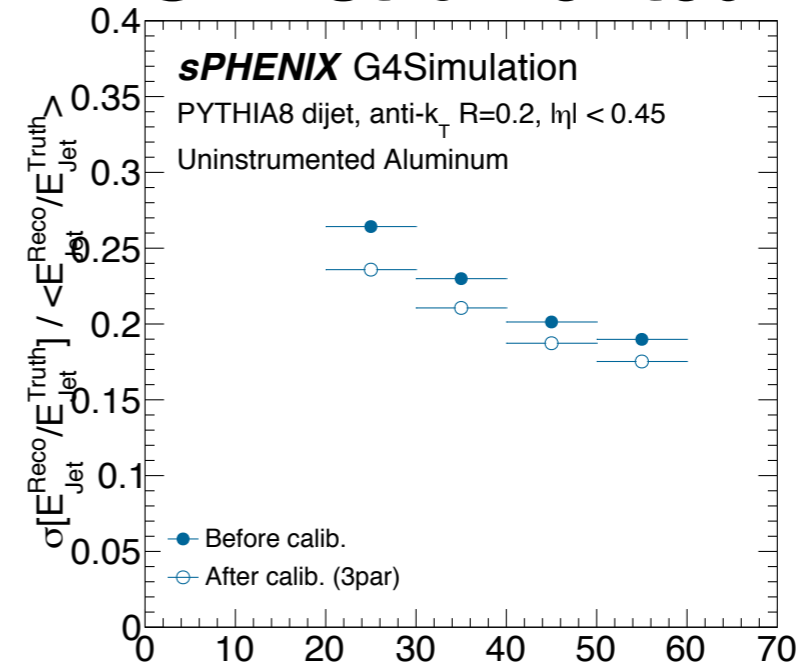
- JER improved in all cases
- Smaller improvement when uninstrumented

R=0.2

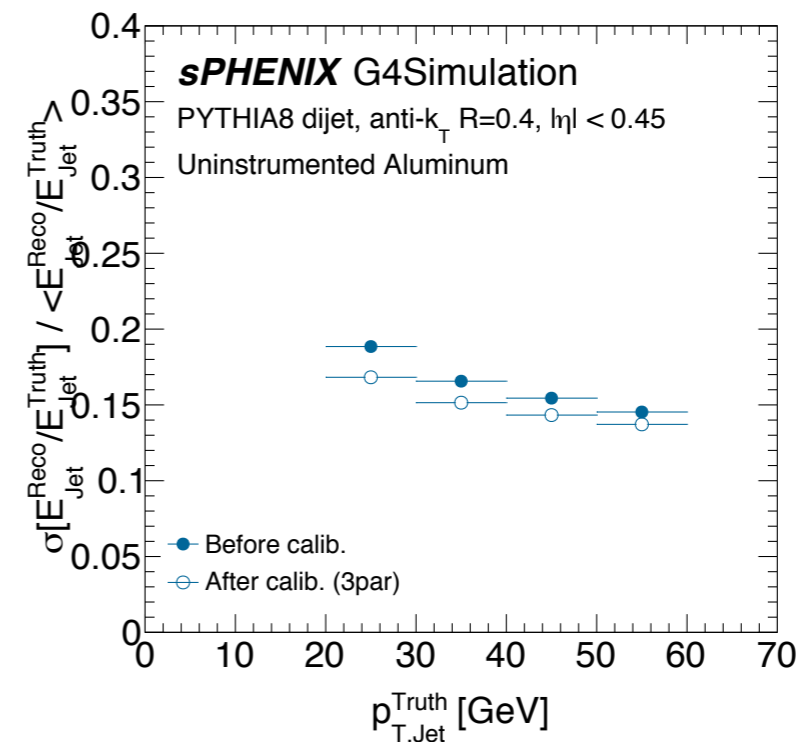
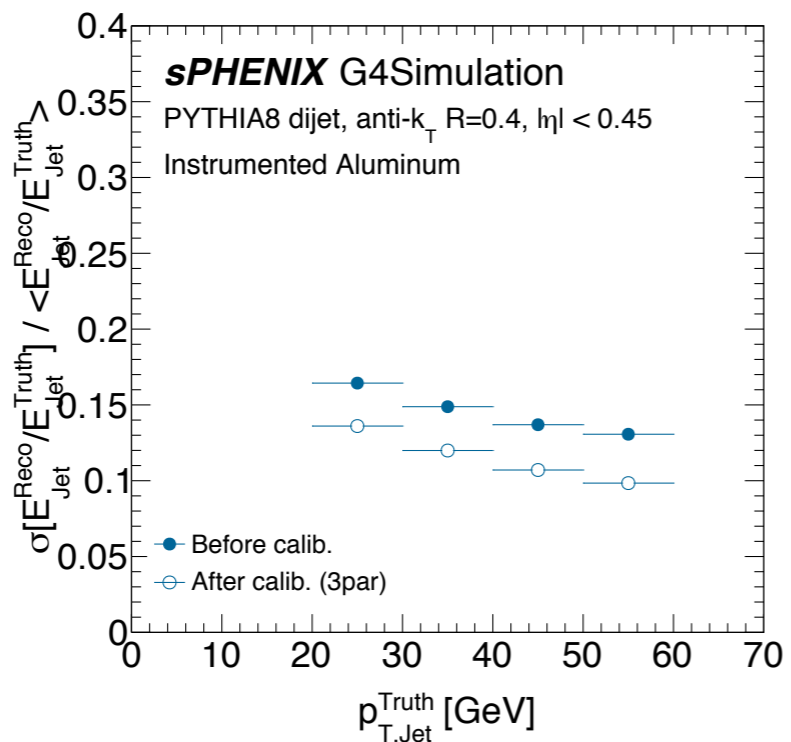
Instrumented



Uninstrumented

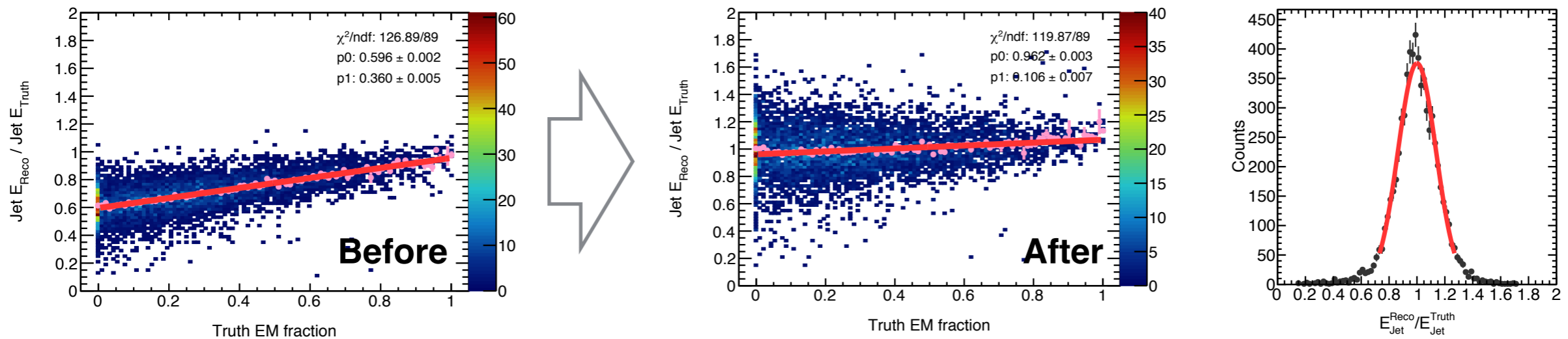


R=0.4

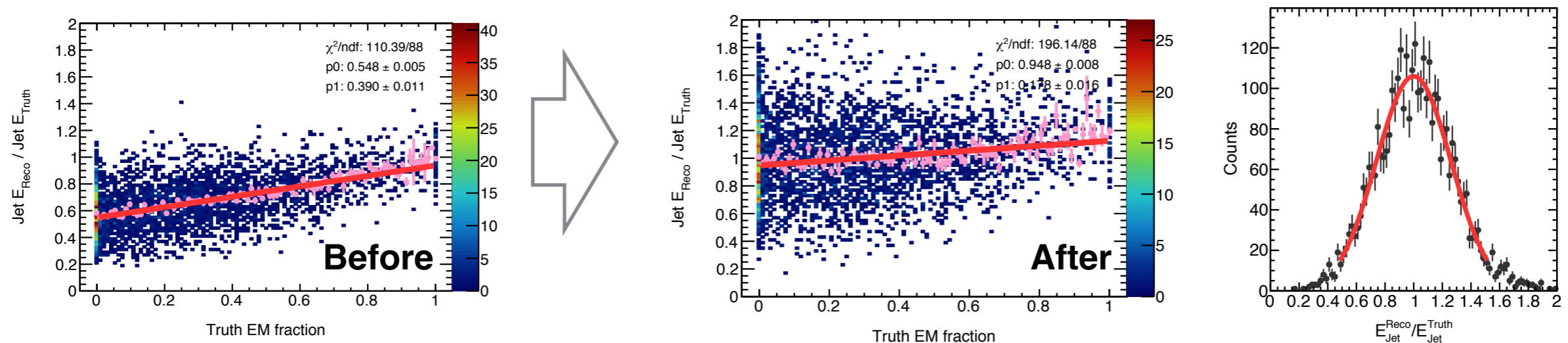


Calibration in HI

- Only IHCAL and OHCAL constants are applied
→ EM vs. hadronic energy in EMCAL is not separated
- Final $E_{RECO} = D \cdot (E_{EMCAL} + B \cdot E_{IHCAL} + C \cdot E_{OHCAL})$
- 50 - 60 GeV, $b = 4-8$ fm, $R=0.2$, instrumented Al



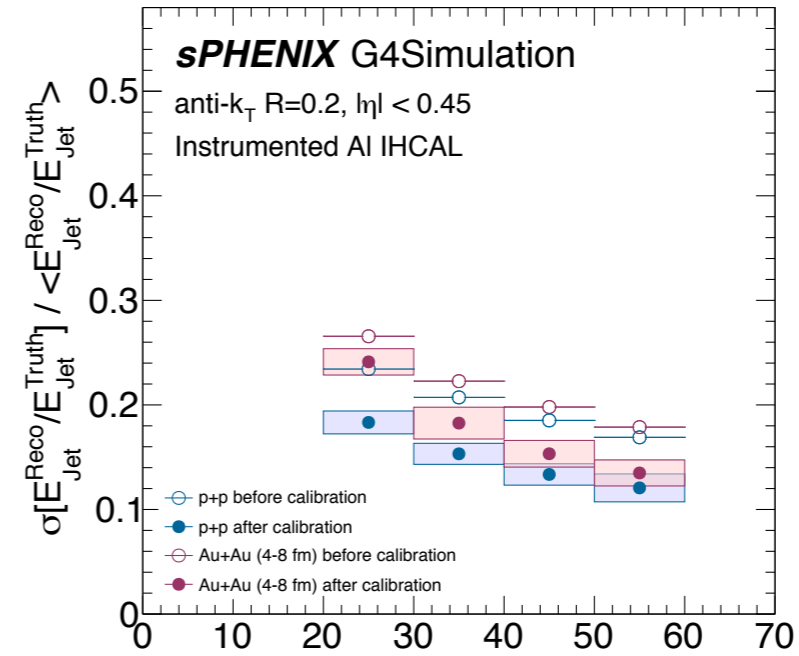
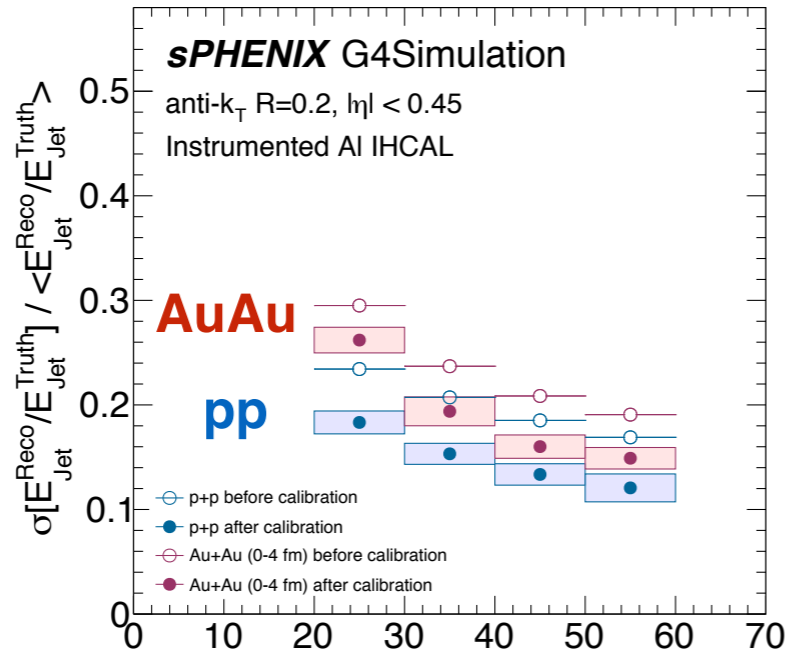
- 20 - 30 GeV, $b = 0-4$ fm, $R=0.2$, instrumented Al



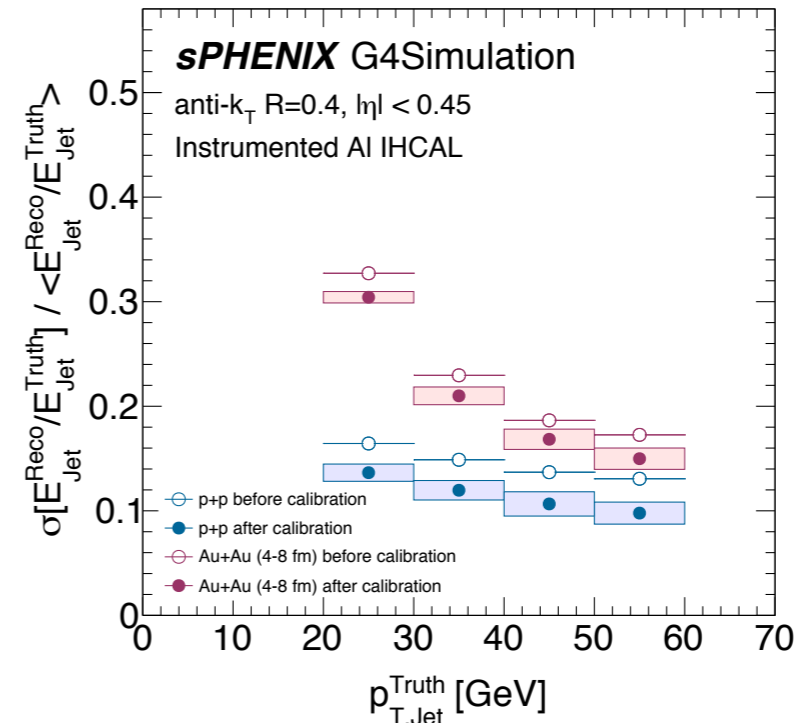
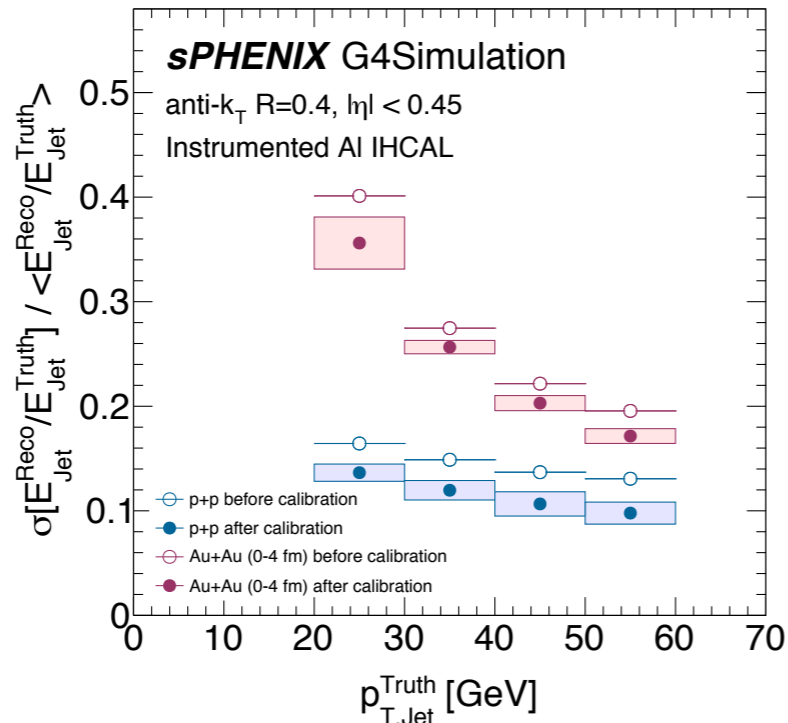
JER in pp vs. HI

- Improvement in JER after calibration both in pp and HI
- Larger JER for larger R jet at lower p_T in HI
- Shaded boxes represent uncertainties in the scaling constants

R=0.2



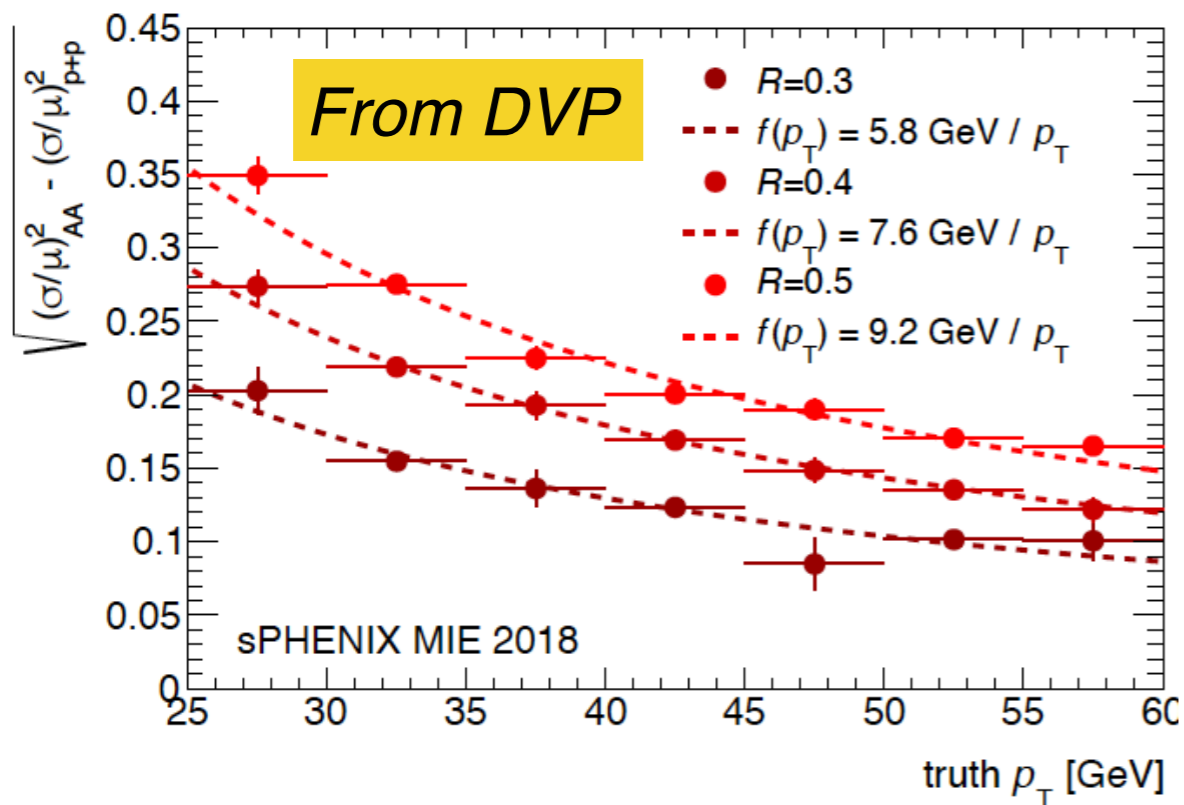
R=0.4



Decomposition of JER

$$\frac{\sigma_{p_T}}{p_T} = \underbrace{\frac{n}{p_T}}_{\text{Noise}} \oplus \underbrace{\frac{s}{\sqrt{p_T}}}_{\text{Stochastic}} \oplus \underbrace{c}_{\text{Constant}}$$

- UE fluctuation enters into noise term
- Factorize UE component by $[\sigma_{p_T}/p_T]^{AA} \ominus [\sigma_{p_T}/p_T]^{pp}$



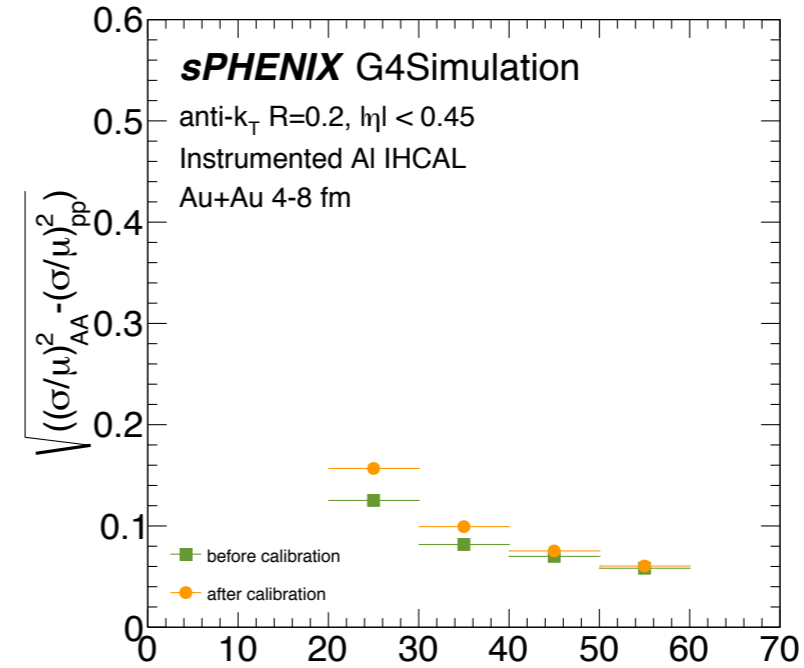
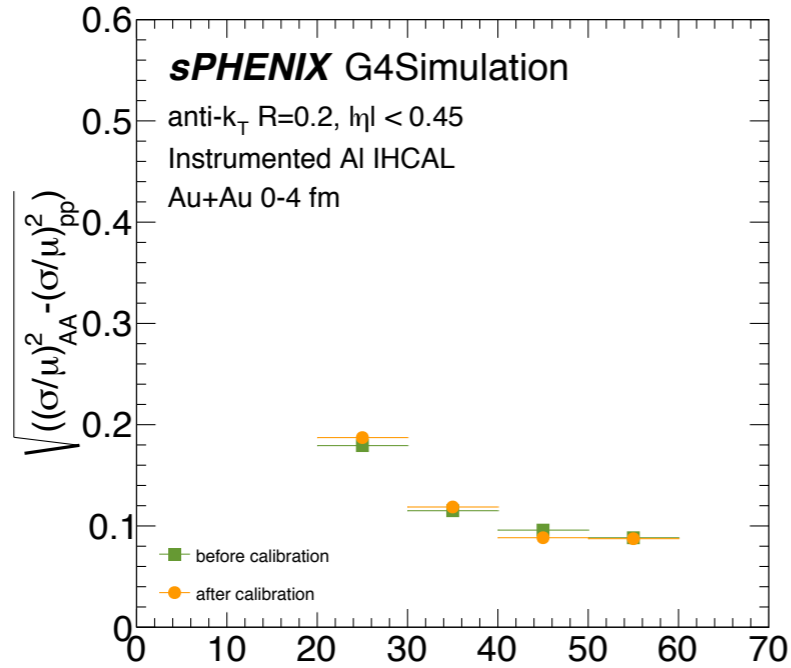
- Fit with n/p_T gives reasonable description in different R before calibration

- Calibration procedure is expected to only improve the pp-like part of the resolution, and not improve the part of the resolution coming from the UE
→ UE part remains the same after calibration? (next slide)

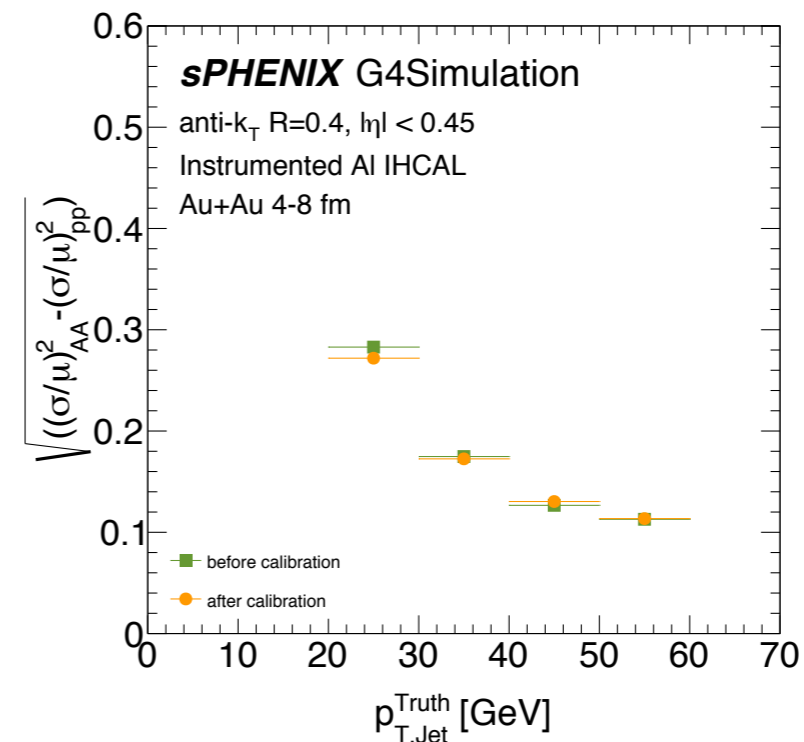
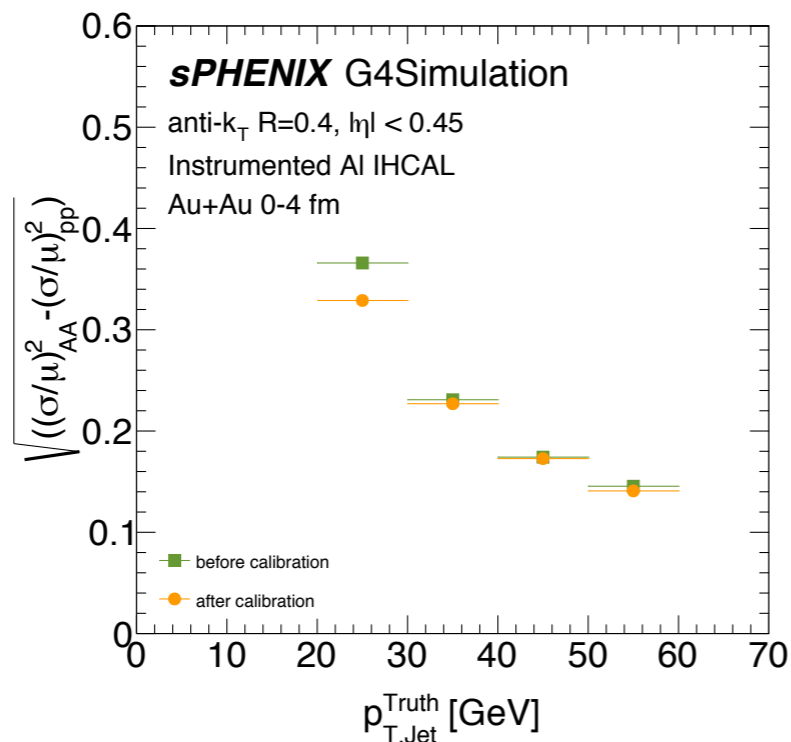
Decomposition of JER

- Decomposed resolution coming from the UE fluctuation is similar between before and after calibration as expected

R=0.2



R=0.4



Backups