

# dRICH first tentative porting of the geometry into ECCE

14/July/2021

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... and those I forgot to mention  
and the EIC-eRD14/PID Consortium

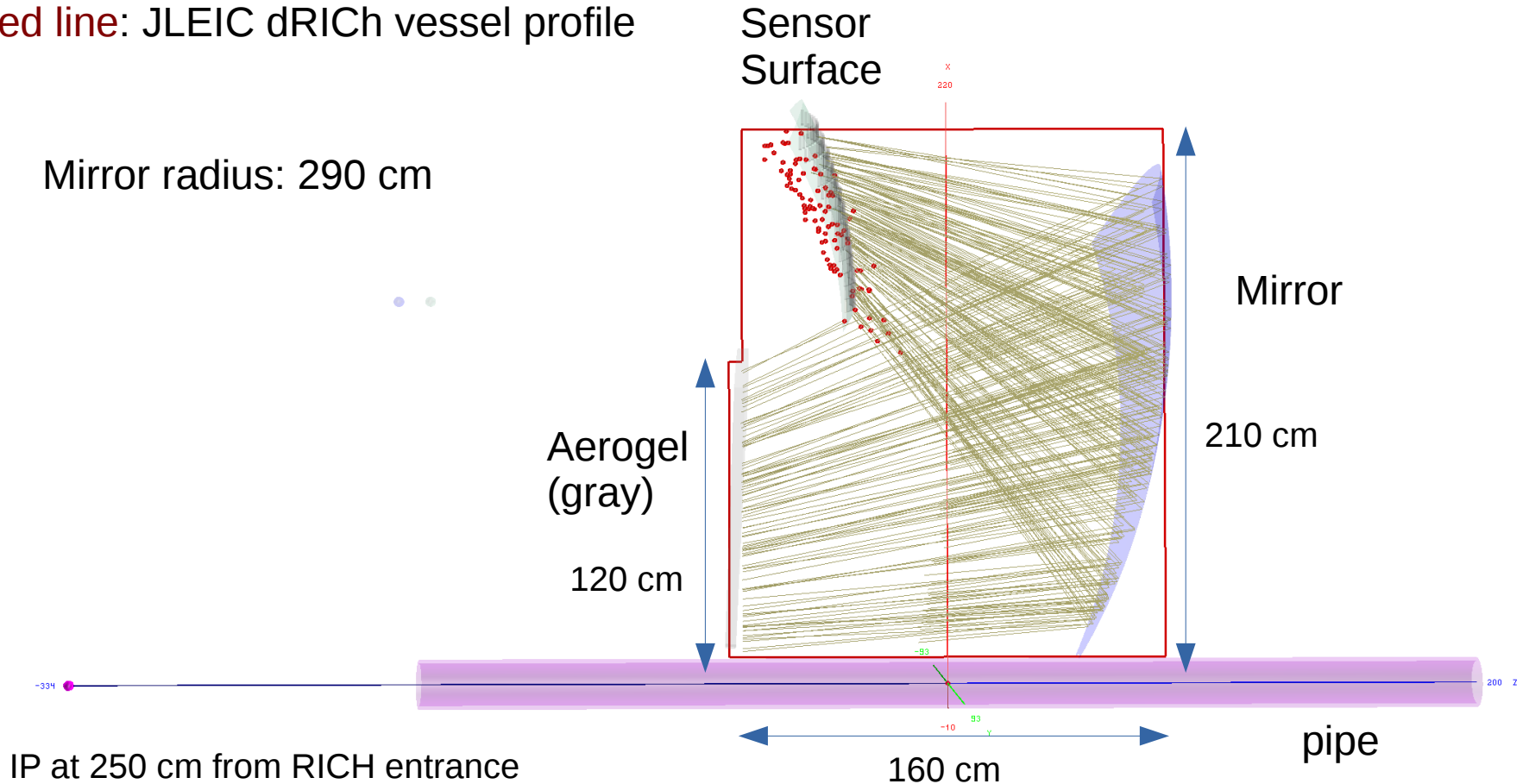
# Original JLEIC dRICH (single sector)

red dots: focal region (approx.)

yellow lines: photons at gas Cherenkov angles relative to charger particles direction from IP

red line: JLEIC dRICH vessel profile

Mirror radius: 290 cm



# One of the first attempt to fit dRICH into ECCE constraints (single sector)

red dots: focal region (approx.)

yellow lines: photons at **gas Cherenkov** angles relative to charger particles direction from IP

red line: ECCE vessel profile

Overlap of focal region and sensor surface is not optimal (sensor surface is  $\sim 1/2$  relative to the focal region and rotated)

Mirror radius: 200 cm

Constrains of ECCE from Greg & Jin

110 cm

10 cm

Mirror

Sensor Surface

This side may reduce the acceptance of gas and aerogel

175 cm

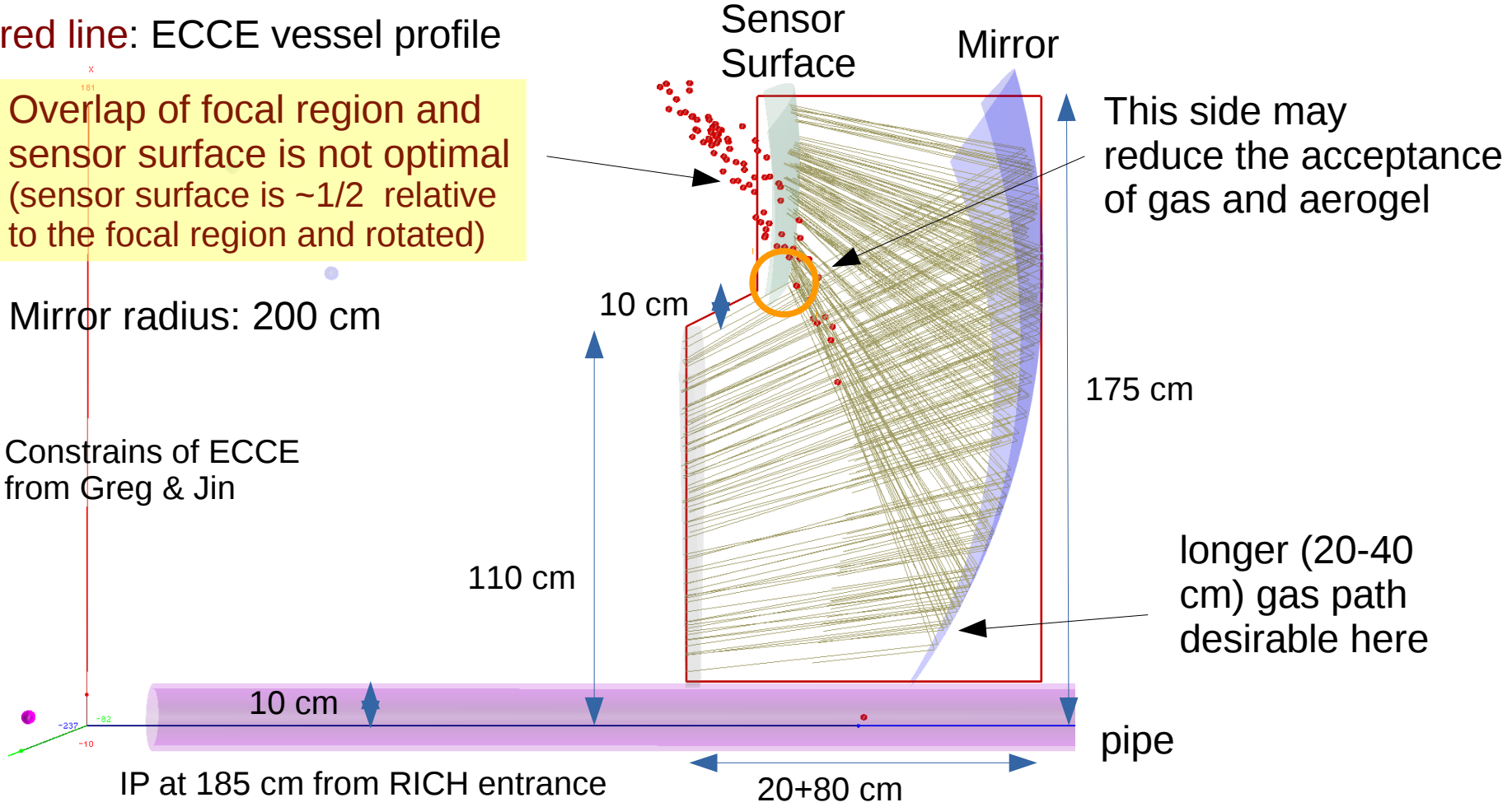
longer (20-40 cm) gas path desirable here

10 cm

pipe

IP at 185 cm from RICH entrance

20+80 cm

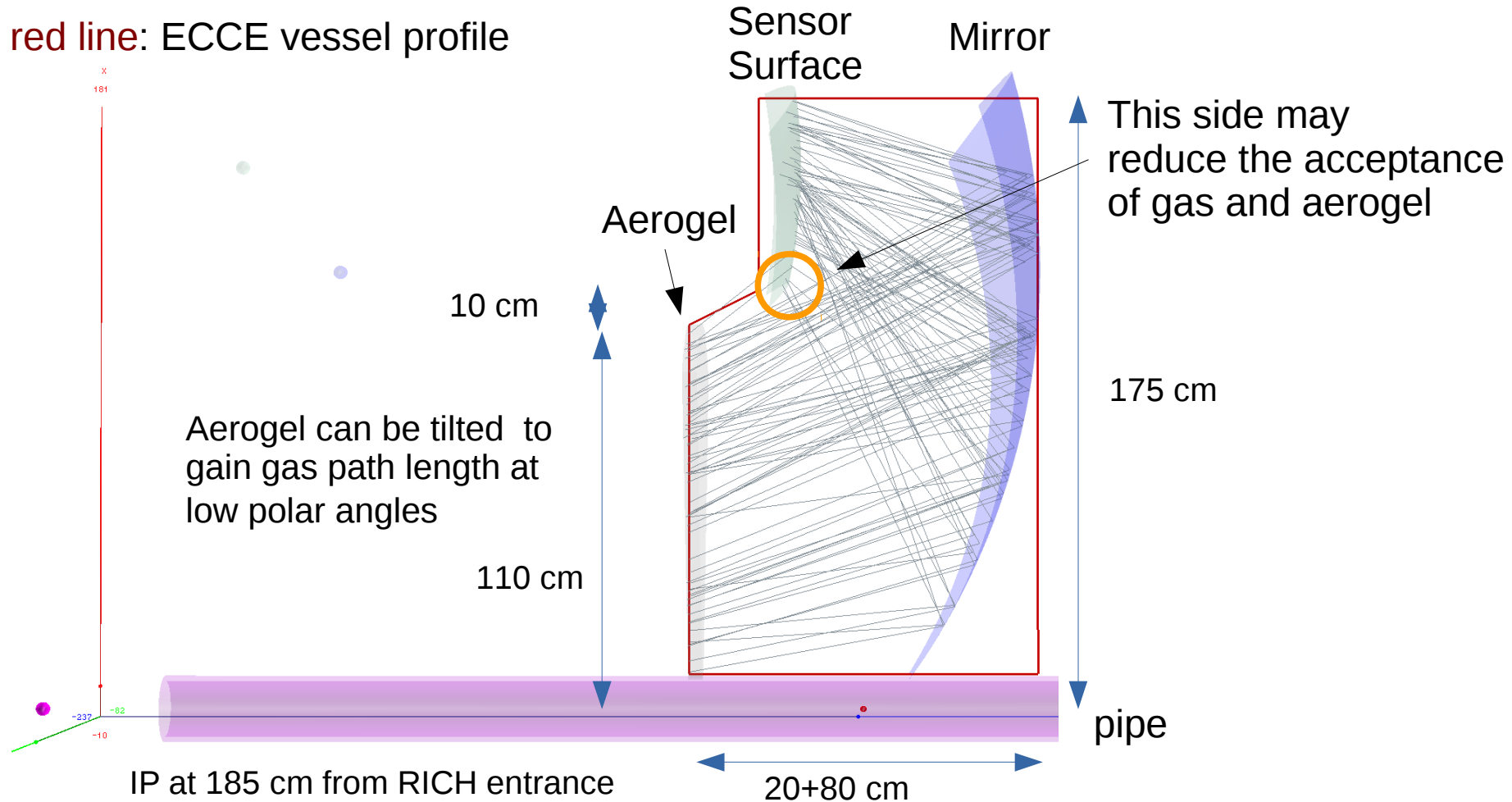


# One of the first attempt to fit dRICH into ECCE constraints (single sector)

red dots: focal region (approx.)

gray lines: photon at aerogel Cherenkov angles relative to charger particles direction from IP

red line: ECCE vessel profile



# Few preliminary comments

To improve matching of focal region and sensor surface we should move:

- the upper red points toward the sensor, closer to the mirror
- the lower points up, toward the sensor and somehow far from the mirror

As done in HERMES, LHCb and CLAS12, mirror will likely be a matrix of smaller mirrors

→ we shall consider the possibility to have decreasing radius of the mirrors on the matrix going from the bottom to the top; this comes with potential side effects that need to be evaluated (shadowing, variable chromaticity ...)

Additional transverse (and longitudinal) space would help simplifying the design and get better performances – the current constrains cannot probably guarantee the baseline performances

