



Athena Tracking Discussion Questions

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Simulation Frameworks



Two simulation frameworks

1. Fun4All

- Carried over from Yellow Report
- Currently used by tracking working group
 - Framework known from Yellow Report
 - Quick studies could be performed
 - Uses truth seeding with hit smearing
 - Mainly only tracking sub detectors
- Now migrating over to official Athena simulation framework

2. Athena simulation framework

- Being actively developed
- DD4Hep – Geometry
- ACTS – Track/vertex reconstruction
- GAUDI – Clustering/digitization
- Implement full simulation (all sub detectors)
 - Accurate material budget



Detector Configurations: Simulation Setup



To start two minimal detector concepts were studied in Fun4All

Simulation details (Fun4All)

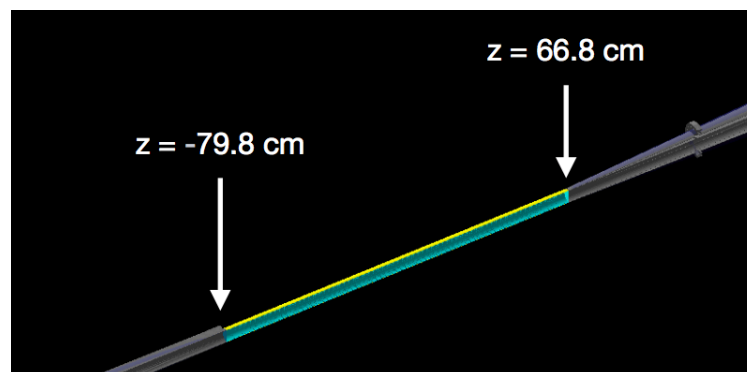
- Athena solenoidal field (07 May 2021) was used
- No background was implemented
- Used truth seeding with hit smearing (detector resolution)
- Detector material and details in next slides

Beam Pipe ([details here](#))

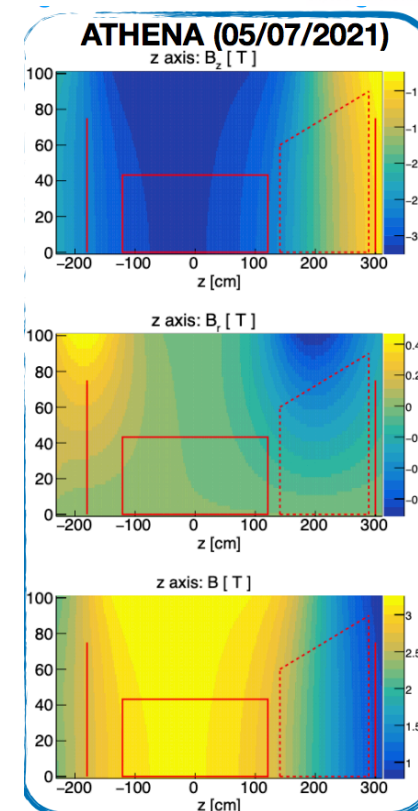
Central

- Vacuum inside
- Beryllium
 - $r = 3.1$ cm, $t = 760$ μ m
- 2 μ m Au coating

Al Forward and Backward pipe

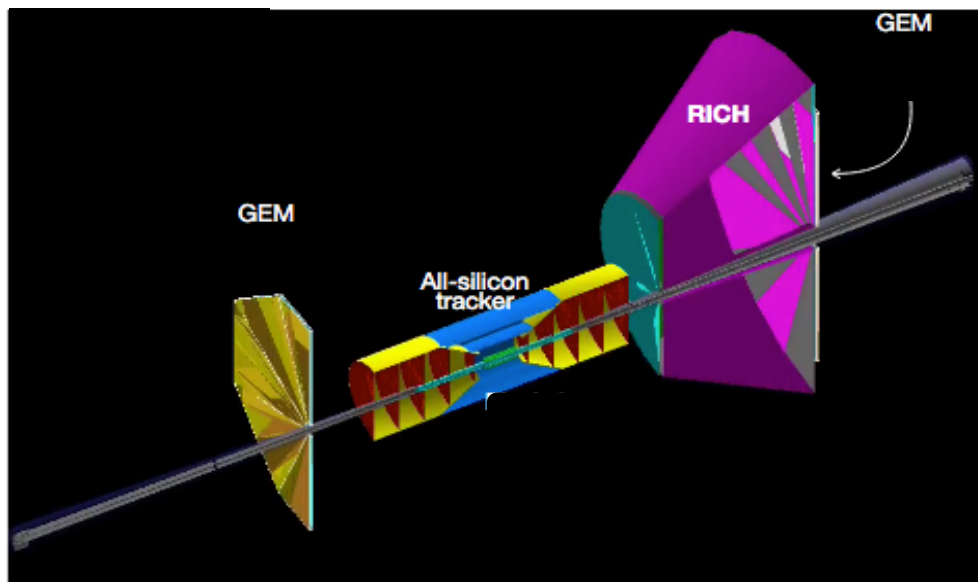


Rey et. al.



Detector Configurations: Minimal Configuration (1)

1. B-0.0,P-0.0,N-0.0 (all-silicon + 1+1 GEMs)



Silicon

- 2 vertex layers, $0.05\% X/X_0$
- 2 + 2 barrel layers, $0.55\% X/X_0$
- 5 disks per side, $0.24\% X/X_0$
- All with $10\ \mu m$ pixel pitch

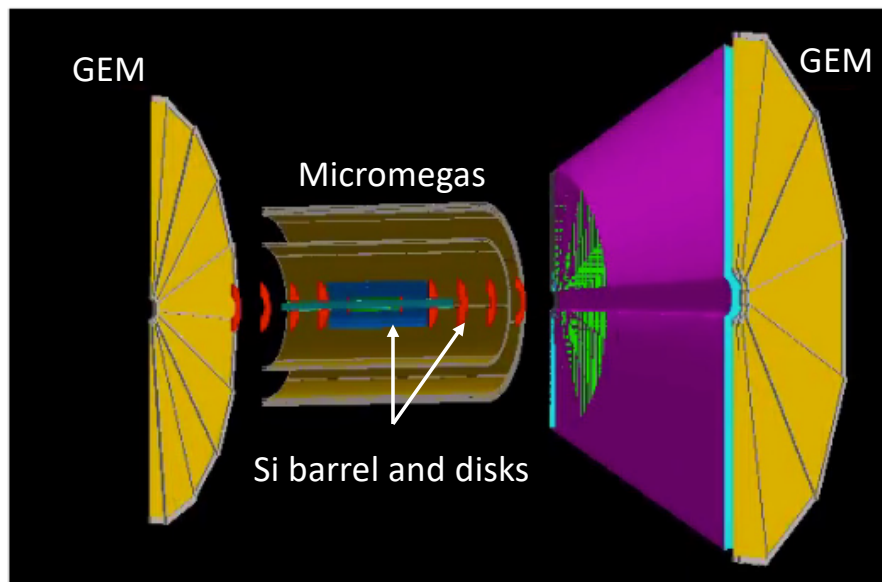
GEM

- 1 on N and 1 on P
- $0.7\% X/X_0$
- $250\ \mu m$ in R
- $50\ \mu m$ in $R\phi$

- Full presentation from Rey:
https://indico.bnl.gov/event/12293/contributions/51959/attachments/35876/58721/210713_performance_update.pdf

Detector Configurations: Minimal Configuration (2)

2. B-1.0, P-1.0, N-1.0 (Si + Micromegas barrel + 1+2 GEMs)



Silicon

- 3 vertex layers, 0.05% X/X_0
- 2 barrel layers, 0.55% X/X_0
- 5 disks per side, 0.24% X/X_0
- All with 10 μm pixel pitch

Micromegas

- 2+4 layers, 0.4% X/X_0
- 150 μm in z
- 150 μm in $R\phi$

GEM

- 1 on N and 2 on P
- 0.4% X/X_0
- 250 μm in R
- 50 μm in $R\phi$

- Full presentation from Nick and Athira:

https://indico.bnl.gov/event/12293/contributions/51958/attachments/35871/58751/2021_07_13_HybridUpdate_1.1.pdf

Detector Configurations: Detector Specs



- Reference detector details on integration wiki:
<https://wiki.bnl.gov/athena/index.php/Tracking>
- Easy reference to baseline detector configuration info via Integration page:
<https://wiki.bnl.gov/athena/index.php/Integration>

On integration page

Current Configurations [edit]

Explanation of configuration labels can be fo

- [Baseline](#) (B-0.0, P-0.0, N-0.0)
- [Baseline+](#) (B-1.0, P-1.0, N-1.0)

Barrel B-1.0 [edit]

- Silicon Tracker
- [MPGD \(cylindrical\)](#)
- HP-DIRC
- EMCAL
- HCAL (Fe/Sc)

Forward P-1.0 [edit]

- GEM/MMG Layer
- Silicon Disks
- The rest same as in [Baseline_Configuration](#)

Backward N-1.0 [edit]

- GEM/MMG Layer
- Silicon Disks
- The rest same as in [Baseline_Configuration](#)

MPGD Trackers (B-1.0) [edit]

Micromegas Barrel (2 + 4 barrel layers)

R (cm)	Length (cm)	Resolution	Active Area Material (X/X0 %)
47.715	188.0	150 um (r-phi) x 150 um (z)	0.4
49.57	188.0	150 um (r-phi) x 150 um (z)	0.4
71.89	188.0	150 um (r-phi) x 150 um (z)	0.4
73.75	188.0	150 um (r-phi) x 150 um (z)	0.4
75.61	188.0	150 um (r-phi) x 150 um (z)	0.4
77.47	188.0	150 um (r-phi) x 150 um (z)	0.4

Detector Configurations: Material



- 1) *What is the full material budget for the all-silicon tracker, both in the barrel and also in each endcap? For the hybrid tracker? How realistic is their description in the full simulation so far?*

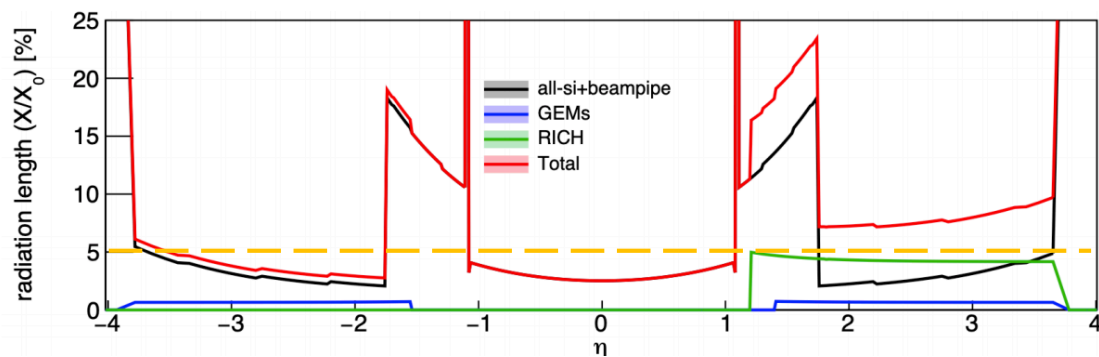
Detector Configurations: Material

- Material in Silicon active area is estimated from extrapolation of ITS2 material budget using the ITS3 sensor power consumption (<https://indico.bnl.gov/event/8231/contributions/37955/>)
 - Applies to both baselines
- ❑ B-0.0, P-0.0, N-0.0 (All-Si)
 - **Silicon Detectors**
 - Has some support and service material estimate (e.g. the cone), but not realistic (simplified)
 - **GEMs**
 - **Missing** dead area material (GEM support frames)
 - **Missing** GEM disk support wheel and services
- ❑ B-1.0, P-1.0, N-1.0 (Hybrid)
 - **Silicon Detectors**
 - **Missing** support and service material
 - **Micromegas**
 - **Includes** dead area material (MM supports)
 - **Missing** barrel support (holds barrel in space) and services
 - **GEMs**
 - **Includes** dead area material (GEM support frames)
 - **Missing** GEM disk support wheel (holds disk in space) and services

Detector Configurations: Material

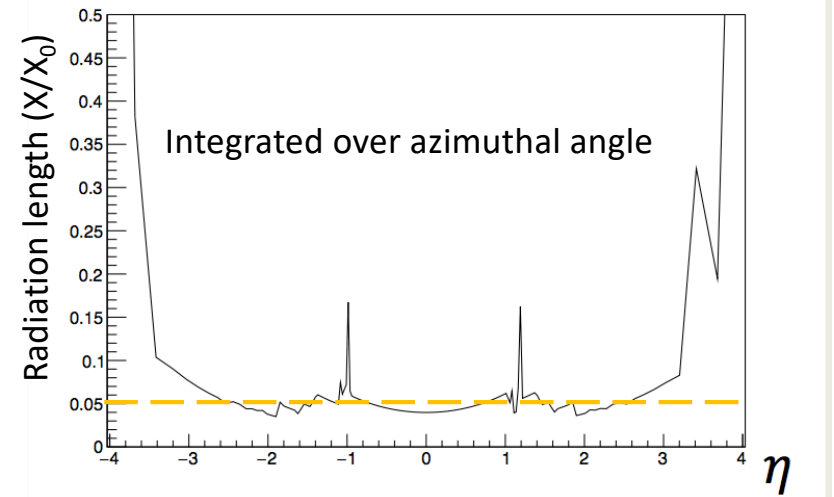


B-0.0, P-0.0, N-0.0 (All-Si)



Missing Si support estimate included (not final)

B-1.0, P-1.0, N-1.0 (Hybrid)



Does not include RICH material in scan
Missing Si support

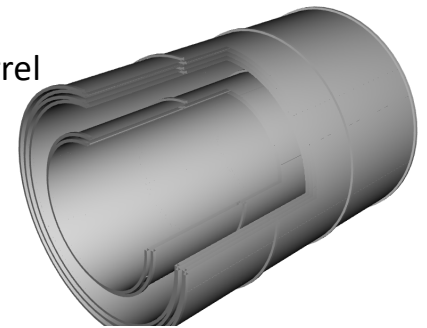
Detector Configurations: Material



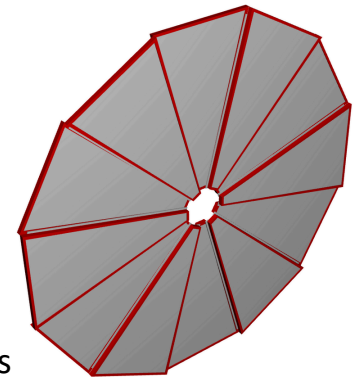
- 1) *What is the full material budget for the all-silicon tracker, both in the barrel and also in each endcap? For the hybrid tracker? **How realistic is their description in the full simulation so far?***

- Work is needed in DD4Hep to implement proper geometries
 - Silicon disk geometry and support material → **currently working with project**
 - Silicon barrel material → **currently working with project**
 - Micromegas barrel description implemented → **being verified**
 - GEM support ring and Micromegas barrel supports need to be implemented
- Accurate GEM tracker including active and dead (frames) areas are in DD4Hep

Micromegas Barrel
DD4Hep



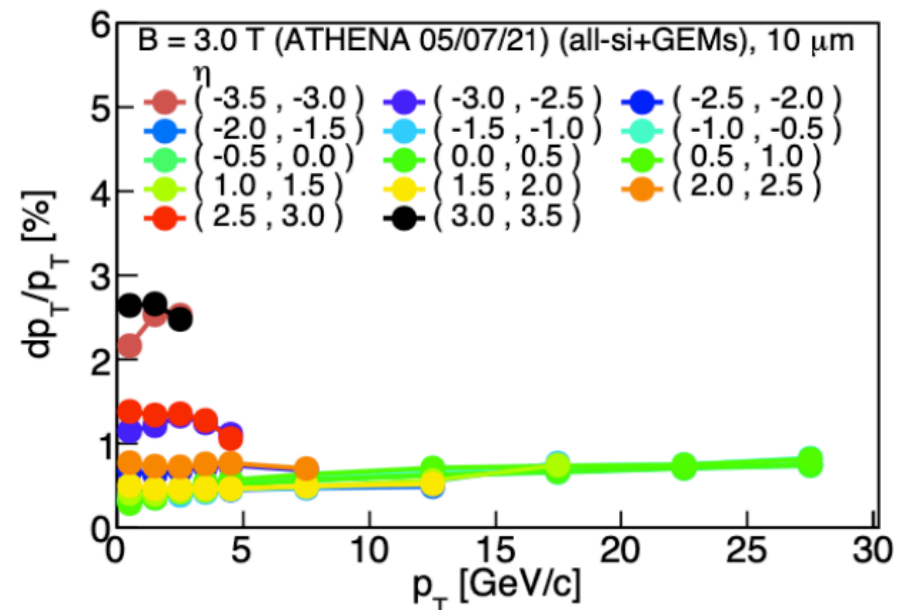
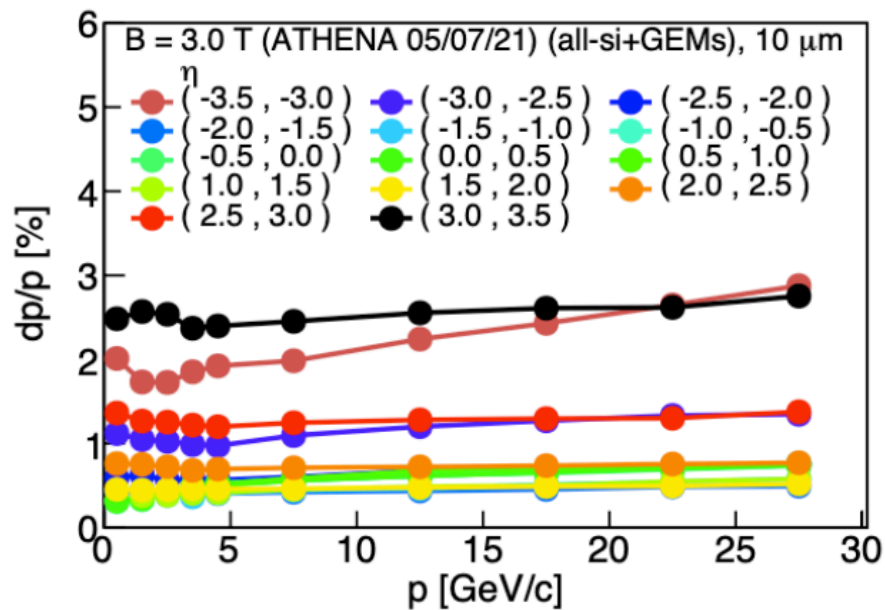
GEM Disks
DD4Hep



B-0.0,P-0.0,N-0.0: Momentum and p_T



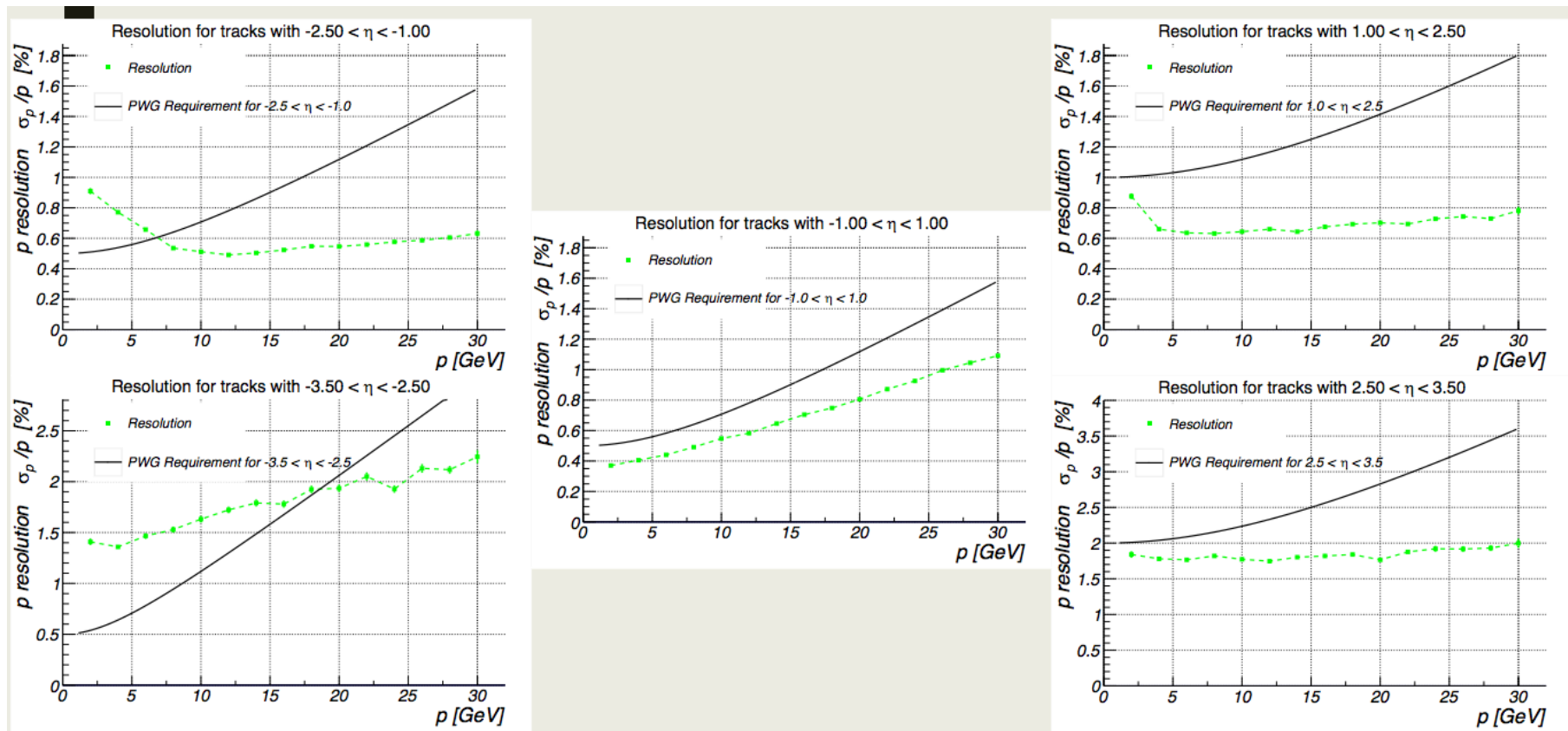
2) What is the resolution in p and p_T as a function of η ?



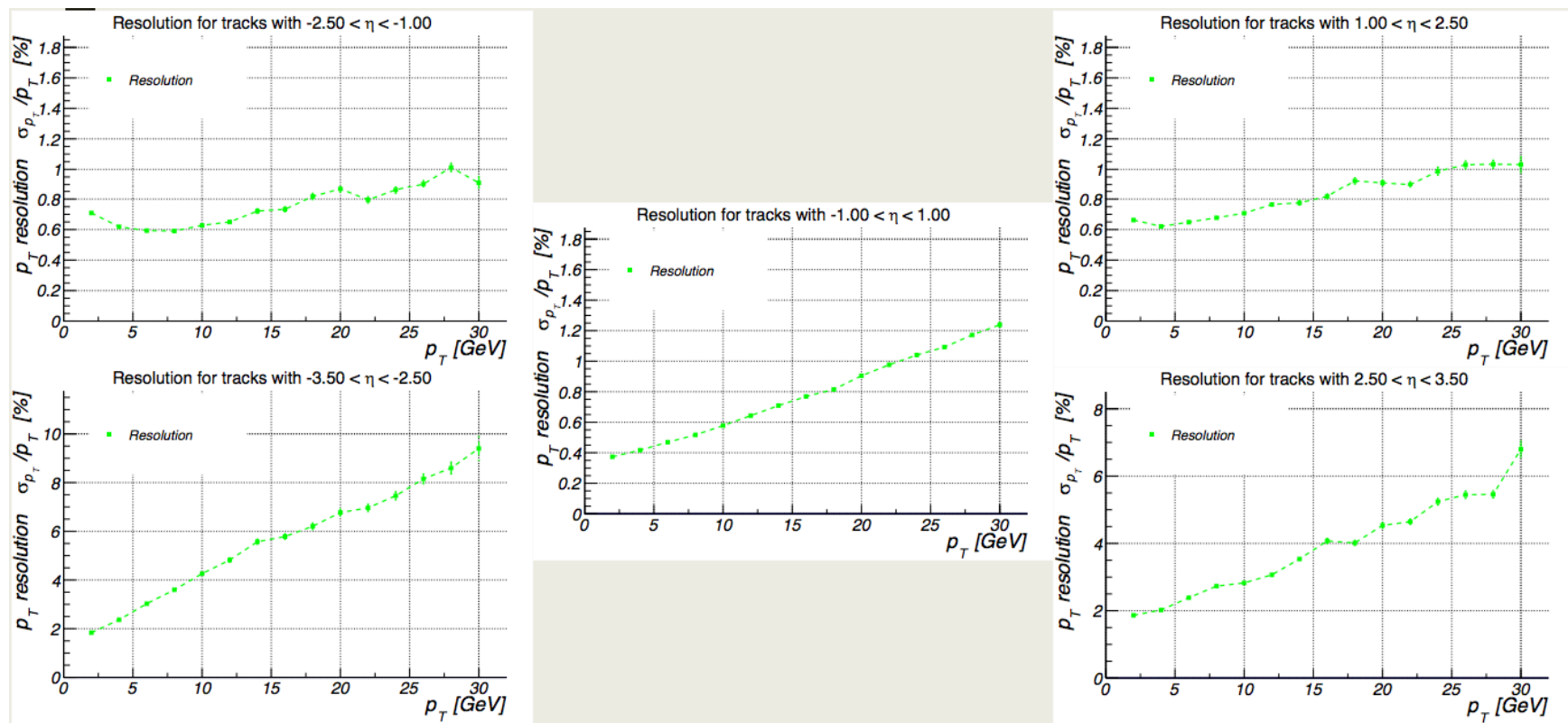
B-1.0,P-1.0,N-1.0: Momentum



2) What is the resolution in p and pT as a function of η ?



2) What is the resolution in p and p_T as a function of η ?



Detector Optimizations



3. *How wide is the dead area in eta arising from mechanical supports, rails, and cable connectors?*
 - Not known yet. We do not have this level of detail (see question 1)
4. *How does tracking work near the interface between barrel and disks?*
 - See Ernst's presentation
5. *How is the disk placement and number optimized?*
 - See Ernst's presentation

Pointing Resolution

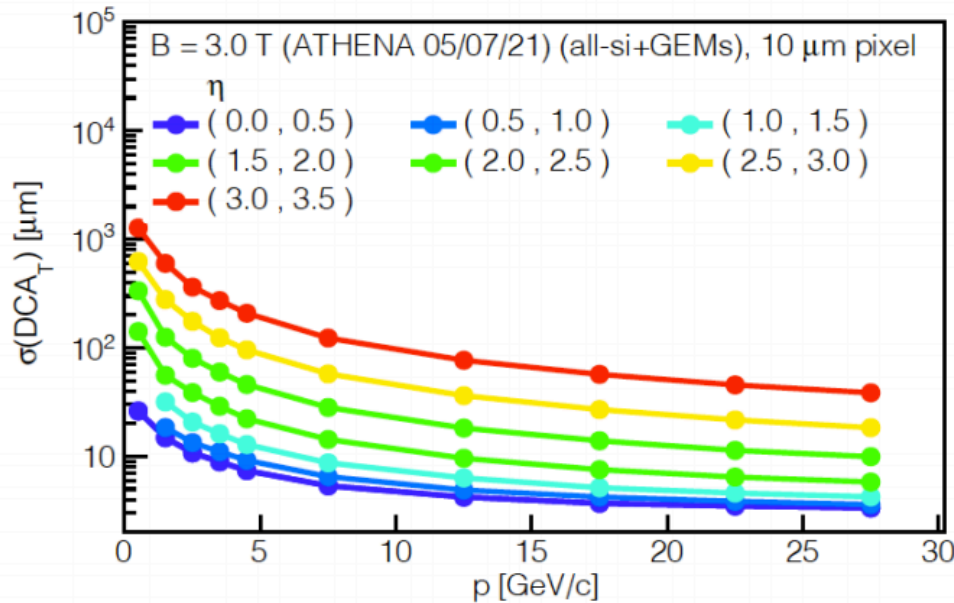


6) What is the collision vertex resolution?

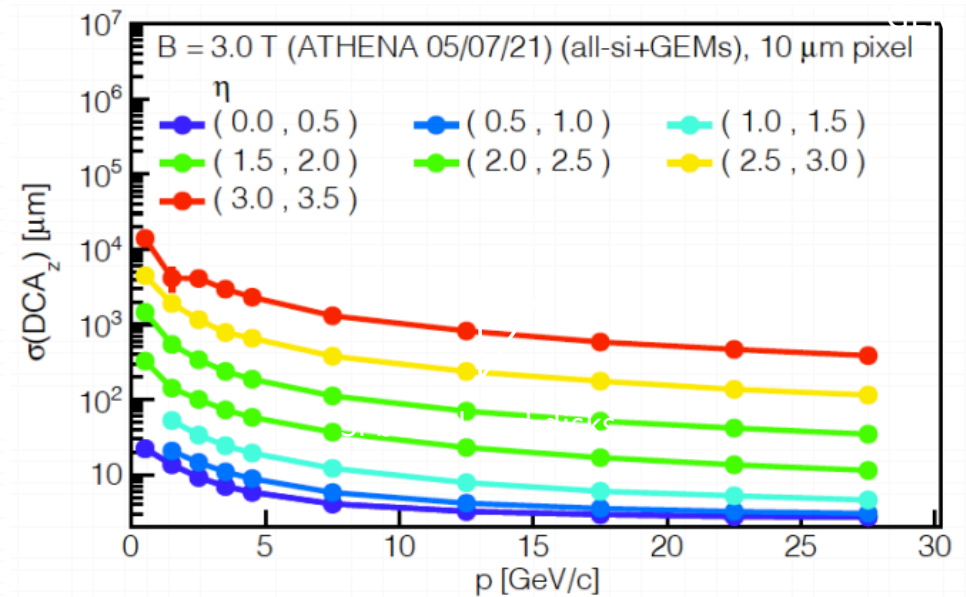
- Without vertexing algorithm and background, we can not answer this question.
- However we can look at pointing resolutions (w/o background, which uses truth seeding and hit smearing)

B-0.0, P-0.0, N-0.0

Transverse



Longitudinal



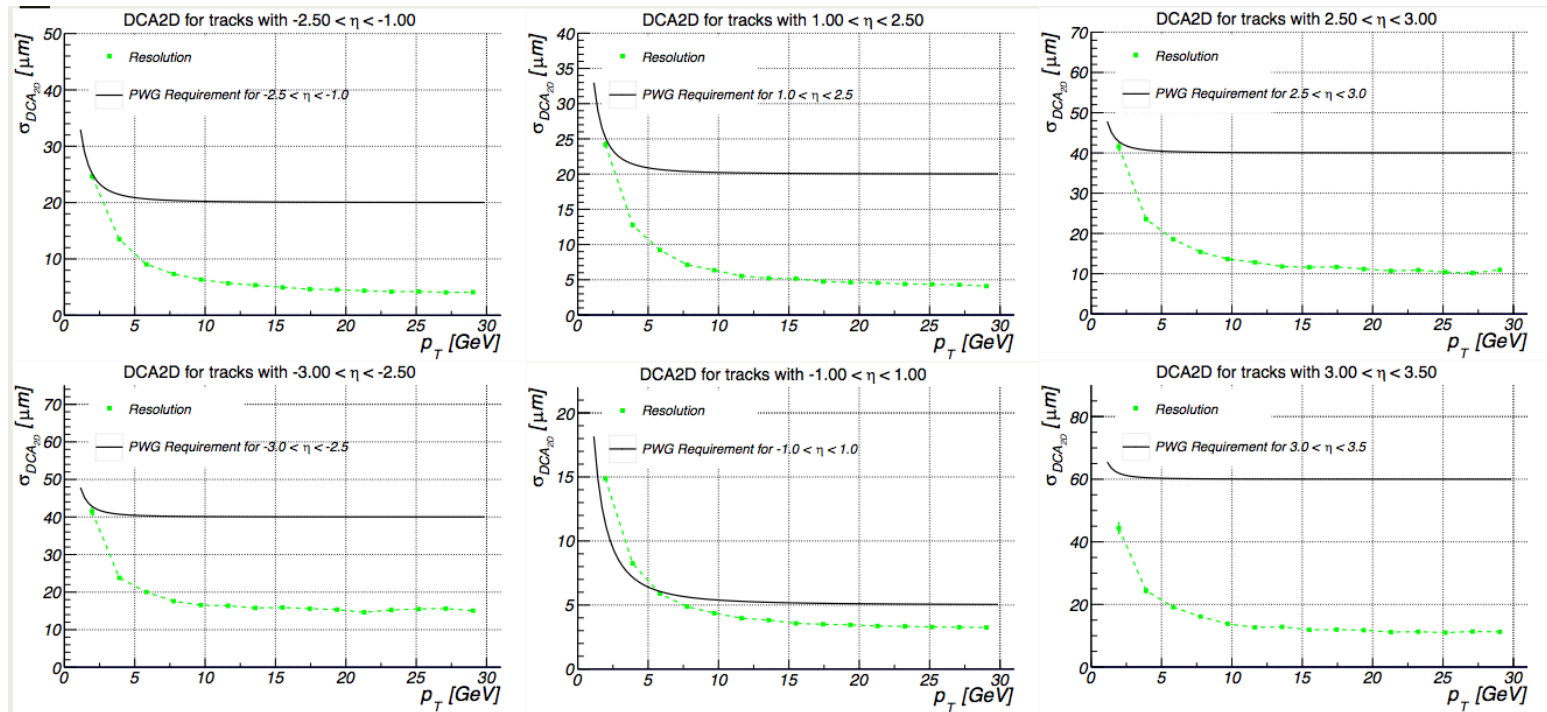
Pointing Resolution



6) What is the collision vertex resolution?

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B-1.0, P-1.0, N-1.0
Transverse



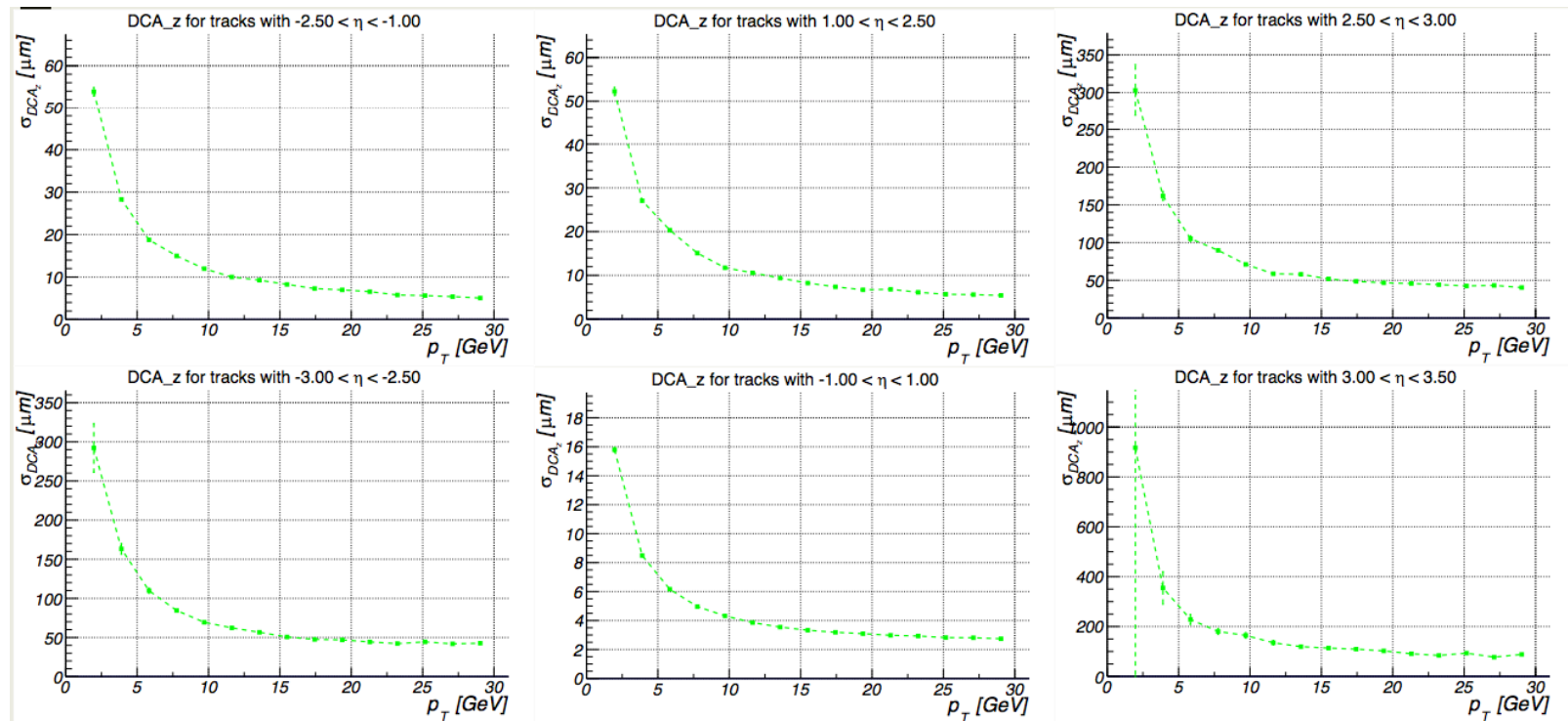
Pointing Resolution



6) What is the collision vertex resolution?

- Without vertexing algorithm and background, we can not answer this question.
- However we can look at pointing resolutions (w/o background, which uses truth seeding and hit smearing)

B-1.0, P-1.0, N-1.0
Longitudinal

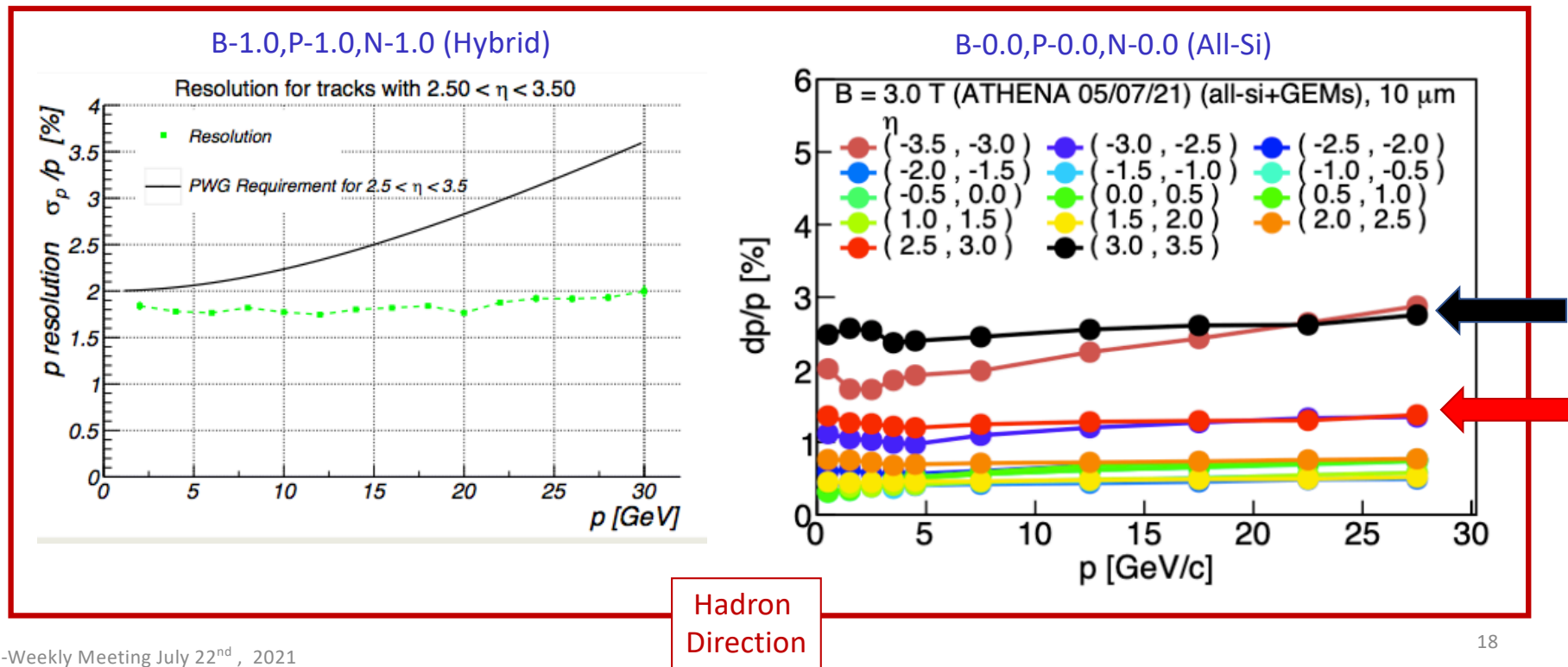


Detector Optimizations



7) *Should the tracker be centered around the collision vertex, or should it be offset to give more room and Bdl for high momentum particles in the hadron going direction?*

- Our current simulations shows a possible issue at large η (3.0—3.5)

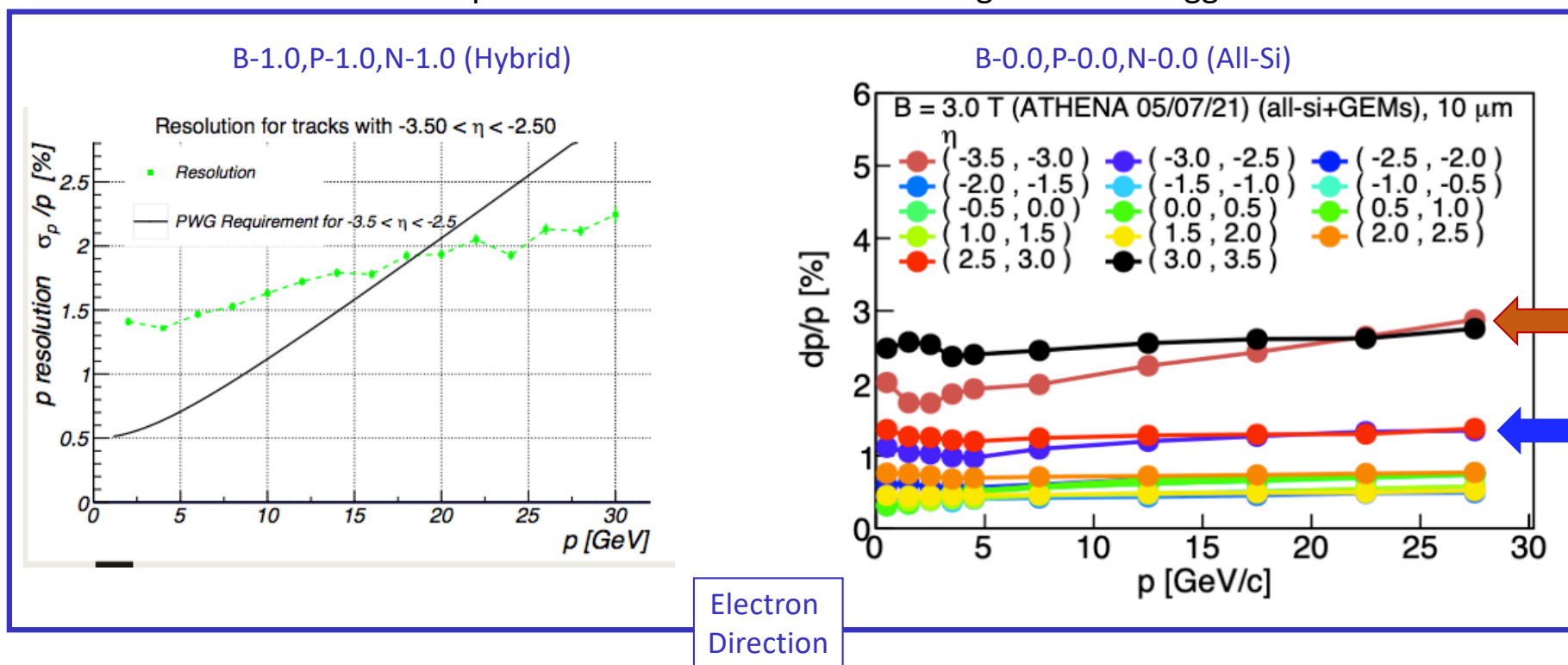


Detector Optimizations



7) *Should the tracker be centered around the collision vertex, or should it be offset to give more room and Bdl for high momentum particles in the hadron going direction?*

- Low-mid momentum particles in electron direction at high eta are a bigger issue



Detector Optimizations



➤ Lacking person power with tracking expertise related to simulation and track reconstruction

- Plan to involve several interested people without extensive experience once simulation is up and running

8) *What are the plans to test tracking resolutions in PYTHIA events + synchrotron background? Who are the people responsible for this?*

- Backgrounds needed (from project)
- Testing and assessing resolutions will be an effort between Tracking and Software WGs

9) *What are the plans for testing track finding in the presence of background? What is the occupancy including noise and synchrotron radiation load?*

- Effort between Tracking and Software WGs.
 - Software working group have base track finding, clustering and digitization codes they can implement – can be refined
- Occupancy including noise and synchrotron radiation load: unknown as we do not have background files

Detector Optimizations: MPGDs



10) For the hybrid tracker, how many MPGD layers are needed? Where do they go? What is full material budget (including active + services and supports)?

- MPGD location, and layer number greatly depends on other materials. It is **critical** to have accurate Si materials (including support) and PID materials to assess this question.
- Additional MPGD layers outperform hybrid baseline as more material is added
- Full integrated simulation with background and track finding is needed

