

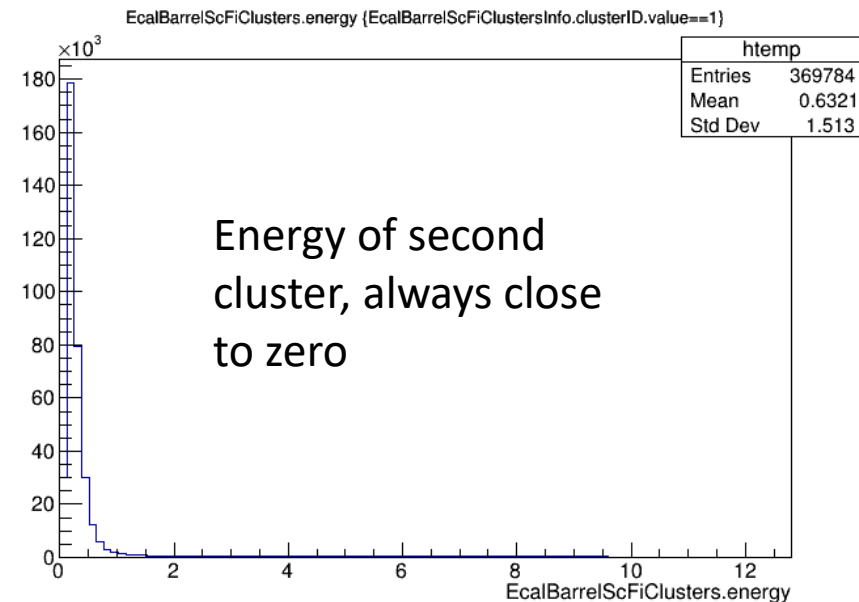
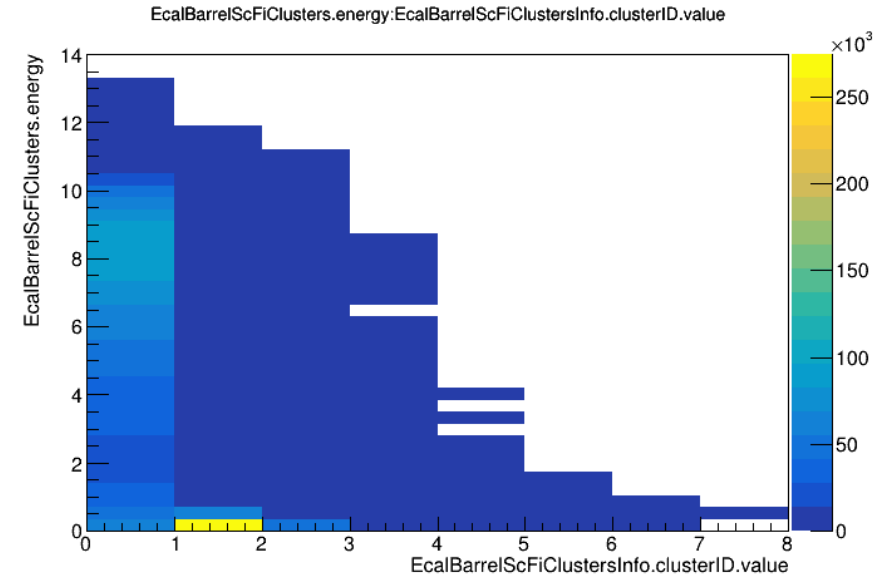


Hadron Energy Reconstruction with Barrel EMcal

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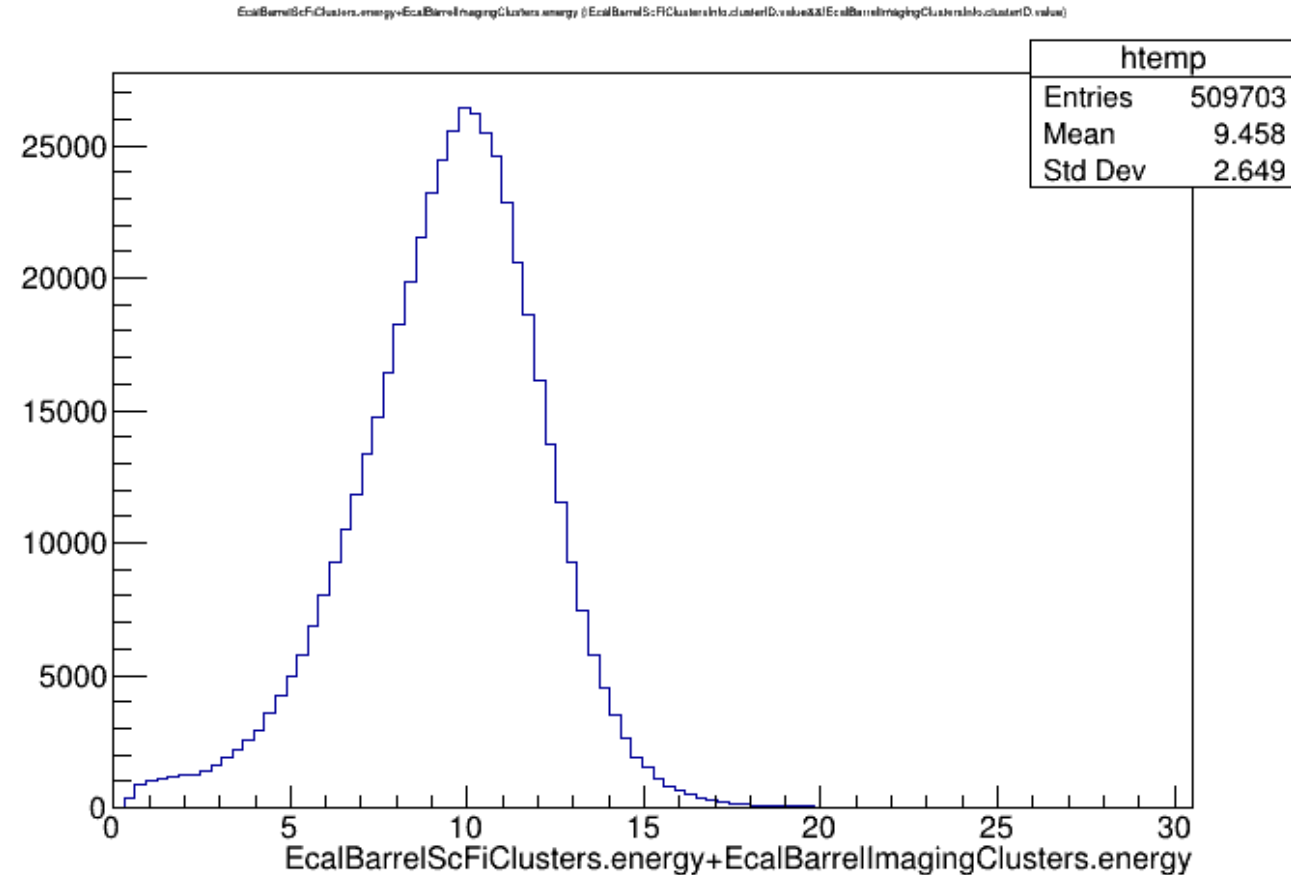
First Attempts at Energy Reconstruction

- 10 GeV neutrons
- Take most energetic cluster as the particle's reconstructed energy
 - For energetic neutral hadrons, not such a bad assumption
 - In 2M events: 1.6M have one cluster, 370k have two clusters, 74k have three+
- Will use first cluster as a proxy for reconstructed energy moving forward



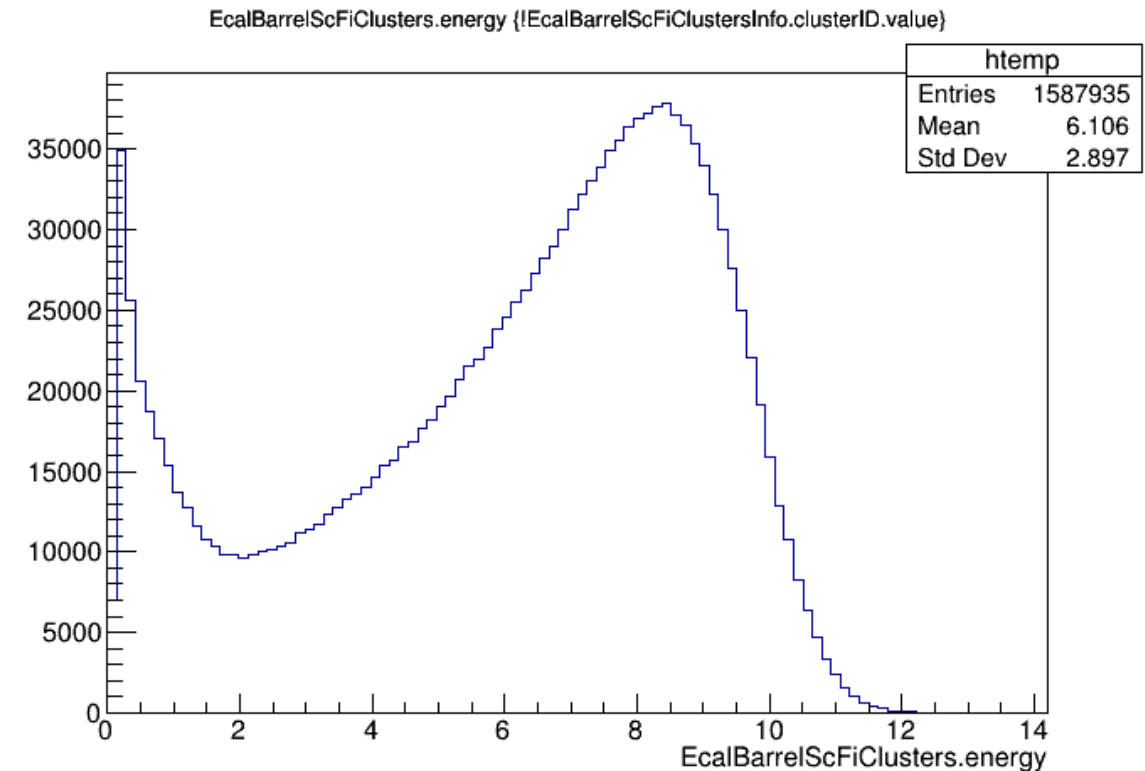
Resolution doesn't tell the whole story

- 10 GeV neutrons
 - Requiring at least one cluster in both SciFi and imaging
 - Proxy for early shower, well contained
- Relatively gaussian, 28% sigma
 - ~Matches previous studies for Ecal hadronic resolution
- However, only ~25% of thrown particles pass this imaging+SciFi cluster criteria at 10 GeV
 - 0.07% at 1 GeV, 10% at 5 GeV

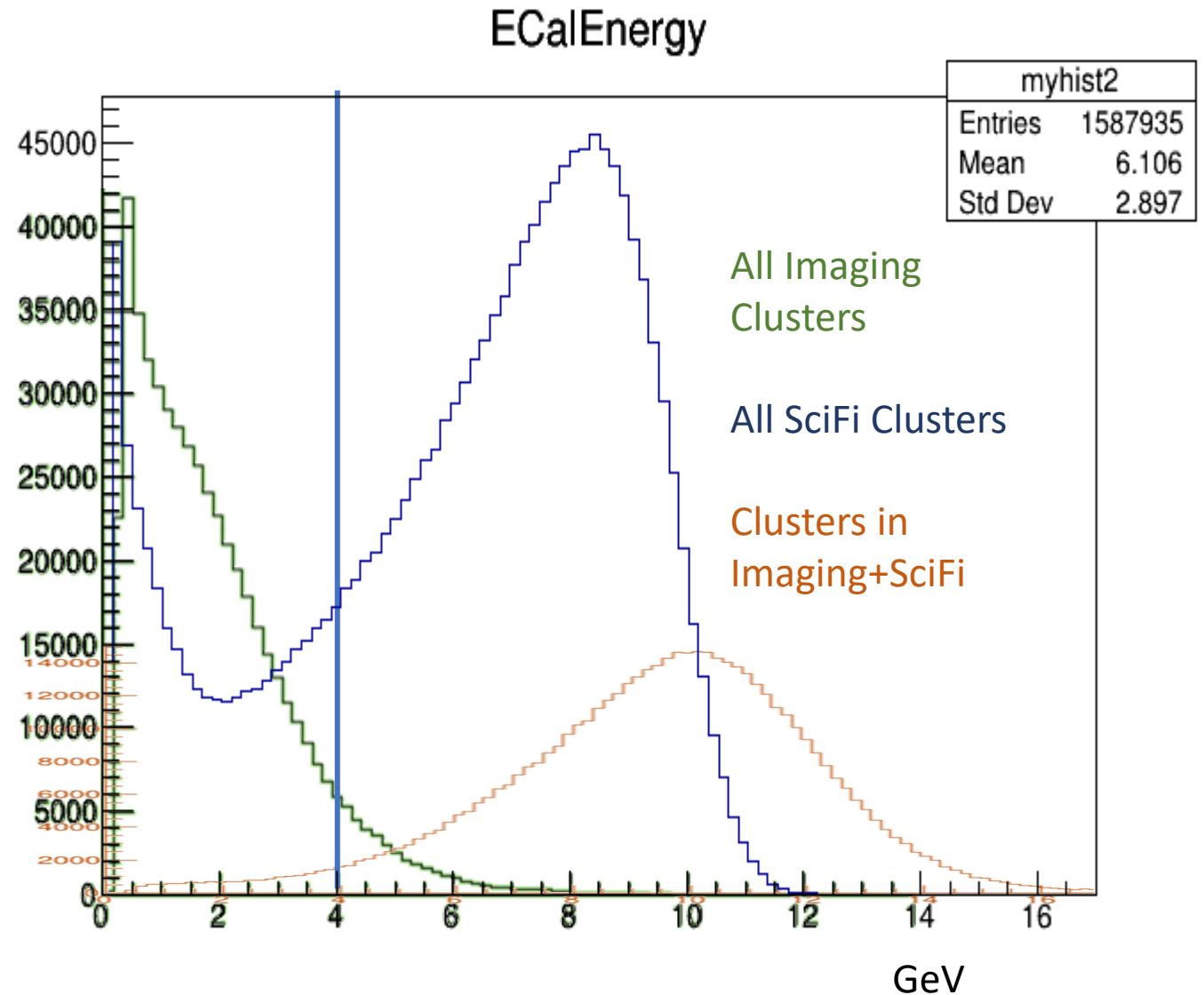


Resolution doesn't tell the whole story

- 10 GeV n ($\pi^+/-$ similar)
- Here only a cluster in the SciFi is required
 - Shower no longer constrained to be early
- Standard deviation is similar to previous case, but highly non-gaussian
- Large number of events where energy is missing
 - To be expected
- Still, ~20% of events leave no cluster in either Ecal section
 - 16% leave no cluster in any calorimeter
- Could also be an issue with the current clustering, but results are ~consistent with expectations



- Peak at 0 in SciFi isn't from energy lost to imaging
 - Imaging absorbs very little energy overall
- ~20% of SciFi clusters < 4 GeV
- ~11% < 2 GeV
- If orange condition is met, one can measure energy
 - Otherwise, energy response will be very non-linear
- Can maybe still provide neutral-ID with only one cluster
 - Will need in-depth study with DIS sample
 - Still only 80% efficient at max
- Aside: EMcal cracks can be problematic, magnet will absorb channeled hadrons, electrons, photons before HCal



Conclusions

- Current ECal sees clusters from ~80% of high energy neutral hadrons
 - Can measure energy relatively well if shower is in imaging layers (~25% of the time)
 - Poor energy measurement if only SciFi has clusters
- Efficiency of ECal is significantly worse for low energy neutral hadrons (e.g 1 GeV neutrons)
 - Clustering issue? Threshold? Below Noise? Interaction Cross-section?
 - These hadrons are common and important and should be measured if at all possible
- Extending ECal should improve efficiency and gaussianity of energy response to hadrons

Backup

