

# Purity and efficiency of open heavy-flavor

01-03-2021

G-4: charm tagging:

Provide estimates for charm acceptance, efficiency, and purity in different regions of pseudorapidity. Which are your expectations for measuring charm cross sections in addition to asymmetries?

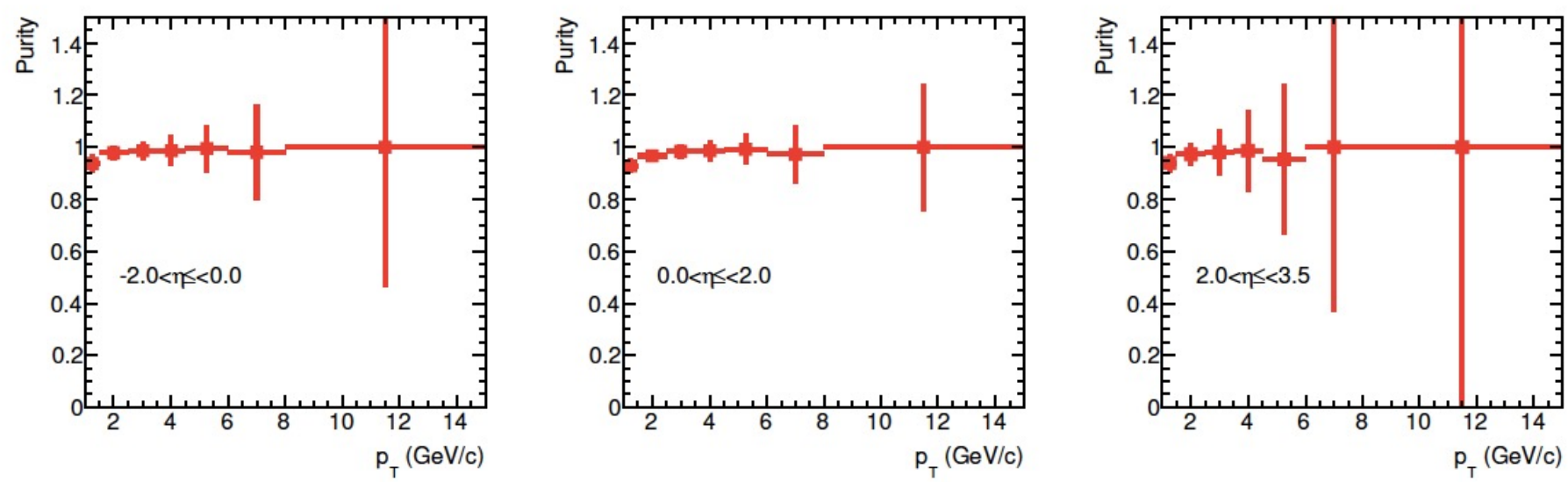


# Simulation Configuration

- Event generation: PYTHIA8
  - With the 25 mrad beam crossing angle
  - $Q_2 \text{ min} = 10 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
  - Scaled with the  $Q_2 \text{ min} = 1 \text{ GeV}/c^2$  events
  - Total number of events: 60M, scaled the projections with the 10 fb<sup>-1</sup> e+p luminosity
- Detector performance:
  - Using the evaluated tracking performance from the 2nd ECCE simulation campaign  
See latest studies in [https://indico.bnl.gov/event/12860/contributions/54893/attachments/37316/61492/ECCE\\_tracking\\_20210924\\_XuanLi.pdf](https://indico.bnl.gov/event/12860/contributions/54893/attachments/37316/61492/ECCE_tracking_20210924_XuanLi.pdf)
  - Other detector performance listed in the EIC yellow report. • Particle momentum, space and energy response smeared by the detector performance



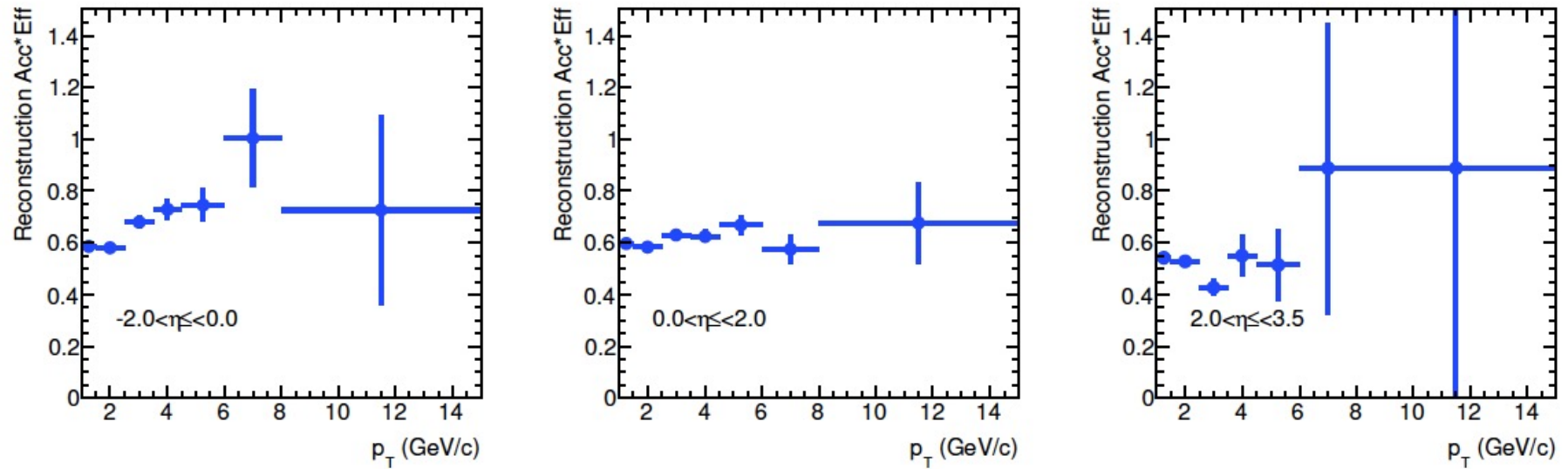
# Purity



**Figure 5:** Transverse momentum  $p_T$  dependent purity for reconstructed  $D^0$  ( $\bar{D}^0$ ) in three different pseudorapidity regions with the ECCE detector performance in 10+100 GeV  $e + p$  collisions. The integrated luminosity is  $10 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ .



# Efficiency



**Figure 6:** Transverse momentum  $p_T$  dependent acceptance\*efficiency for reconstructed  $D^0$  ( $\bar{D}^0$ ) in three different pseudorapidity regions with the ECCE detector performance in 10+100 GeV  $e + p$  collisions. The integrated luminosity is  $10 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ .

