# Low-Q2 Tagger and Photoproduction at EIC

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## What/Where is the Low $Q^2$ tagger?

What can we expect regarding acceptance and resolutions?







# Low Q<sup>2</sup> Tagger



Low  $Q^2$  electrons pass through recirculation machine magnets. Electrons with reduced energy are separated from main beam. Tagger stations @ -20 m and -37 m.



#### Limitations

Low E does not escape dipole. High E too close to main beamspot. High Q2 caught by beampipe.



## Quasi-Real Acceptance





#### Events from Jaroslav Adam https://github.com/adamjaro/GETaLM/

### Spectroscopy Events





Events from Derek Glazier https://github.com/dglazier/elSpectro/



Conservative positioning of tagger 2. Options to extend in order to accept X events.

#### Energy Resolutions - Tagger 2 - 18 GeV



Energy, Q2 and phi reconstructed using TMVA DNN. Hit positions on detector planes with perfect resolution. Everything in beam vacuum.



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# logQ<sup>2</sup> Resolution - Tagger 2 - 18GeV





### Phi Resolutions - Tagger 2 - 18 GeV





#### Phi Resolutions - Tagger 2 - 18 GeV





Real Hit Phi Reconstruction







55um pix Phi Reconstruction





Real Hit Phi Reconstruction







#### Simplifies implementation but impacts physics.





### Out of vacuum design - Resolutions





#### Synchrotron radiation

Direct and scattered.

Coincidence conditions can make false tracks negligible with small pixel pitch and 3+ layer track reconstruction.

#### Bremsstrahlung eletrons

Indistinguishable from photoproduction electrons below beam divergence. Coincidence with other detectors, (e.g. luminosity Bremstrahlung monitor) will provide scope for statistical separation.



# END