

# Detector 1 Far-Forward DWG: Integration

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# Kick-off Meeting

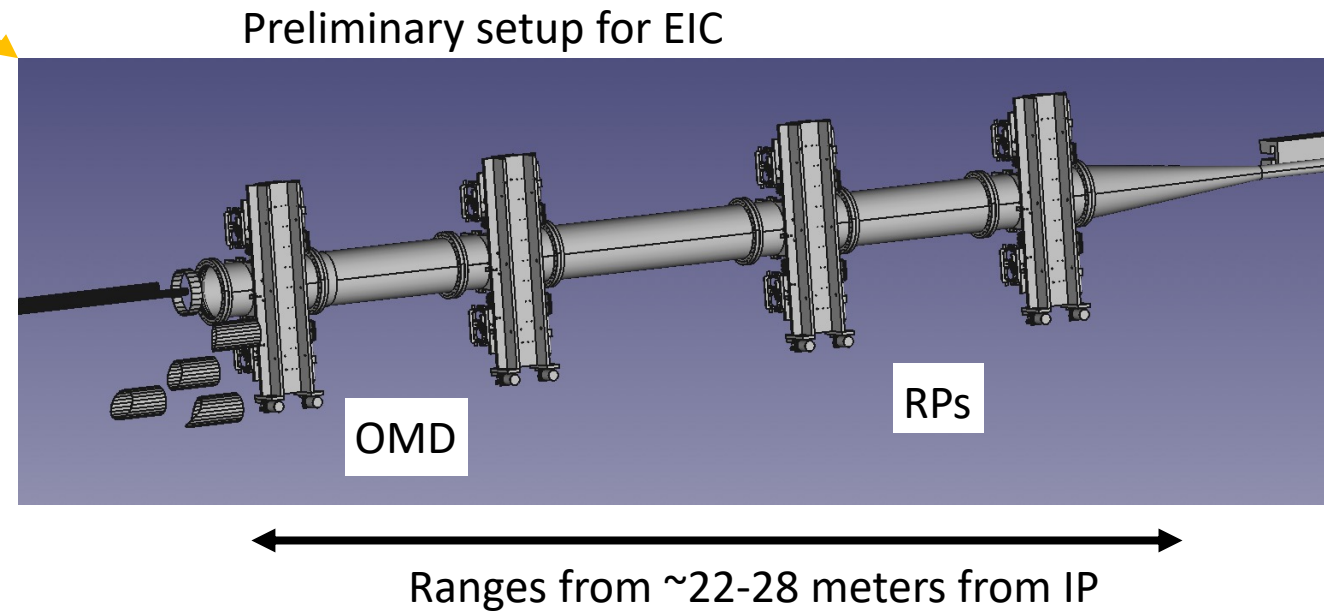
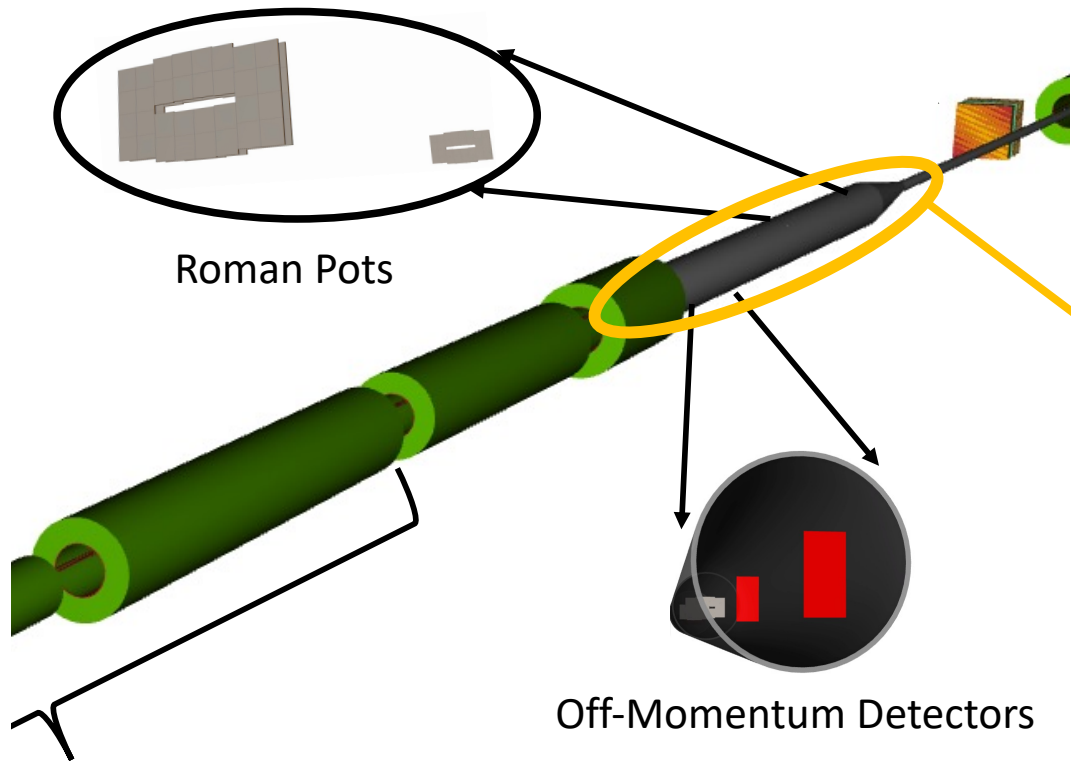
- Meeting held on Tuesday, April 26<sup>th</sup> @ 10am EDT.
  - Indico: <https://indico.bnl.gov/event/15457/>
- Gave full overview of the FF systems, and detailed differences (very minor) between the ECCE and ATHENA configurations.
- Spent time discussing, and emphasizing need to move toward realistic materials and integration considerations to advance simulations.

# (preliminary, non-exhaustive) FF Integration Needs

- Vacuum system
  - Beam pipe, flanges, pumps, etc. for both the drift region (e.g. Roman pots), and the B0 detector system.
- Exit window/taper for neutral particle exit to ZDC
  - Current considerations are basic, but not too far off from what is possible. But this needs to be refined – has direct impact on vetoing efficiency, and especially affects low energy photons.
- Support structure and material thickness for silicon detectors
  - Some work already done via inclusion of STAR FST structure concept into the B0 tracking layers.
  - Needs to evolve with B0 magnet changes (e.g. length of magnet).
- Material thickness for active silicon planes
  - Cooling, ASICs, silicon thickness, etc.
  - We have some of these numbers now – need to include in simulations and begin to assess impact.
- Backgrounds
  - Beam+gas, secondaries from machine scattering, neutrons, etc.

These are just examples – there are other issues (services, cabling, etc.). We will need to start thinking about including these components consistently in the GEANT simulations to assess the impact on physics.

# Roman Pots and Off-Momentum Detectors



# Roman Pots and OMD @ the EIC

Protons  
 $E = 275 \text{ GeV}$   
 $0 < \theta < 5 \text{ mrad}$

ZDC

40cm

RP

OMD

Proton trajectories

ZDC

RP

OMD

Proton trajectories

Protons  
 $123.75 < E < 151.25 \text{ GeV}$   
 $(45\% < x_L < 55\%)$   
 $0 < \theta < 5 \text{ mrad}$

**EICROOT GEANT4 simulation.**

# ZDC & neutral particle exit

Want to have as large an incident angle with the beam pipe as possible.

This is the problem area → shallow incident angle can increase effective material thickness by ~ factor of 10!!

Beryllium doesn't help here since Be reflects neutrons. Al would be great, but this large of beam pipe section may require stainless steel.

