# AI/ML Synergy

EPIC Software Infrastructure Review

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On behalf of the EPIC Collaboration

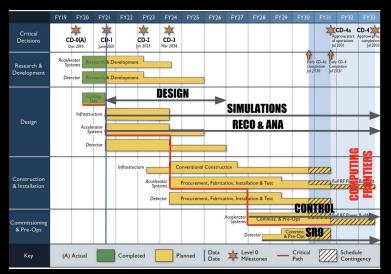
### Outline

- AI/ML at EPIC picture (as of now)
- How AI/ML is folding into the SW planning
  - Forward-looking aspects of the EPIC SW favorable for AI/ML implementation
    - Concrete example and connections to previous talks
      - AI/ML in the design phase
      - AI/ML in SRO
      - Other
- Al/ML infrastructure aspects and planned discussion / events
  - Steps forward
  - AI/ML community at EIC
- Conclusions

## AI/ML at EPIC: present picture

EPIC is one of the first experiments to utilize Al since the design and R&D phases.

Al is anticipated to contribute to multiple aspects of EPIC for near real-time analysis, autonomous calibration, alignments etc.



AI/ML sessions at the 1st workshop on Artificial Intelligence for the Electron Ion Collider (AI4EIC), Sep 2021

https://eic.ai/workshops

#### Ongoing activities in EPIC

Al-assisted design, Fast ML for SRO, ML/DL for PID (e.g., muon-ID, low photons in ZDC, etc), DIS event-level analysis with DL, etc.

Some AI/ML references for EIC (collaborative efforts):

R. Abdul Khalek et al arXiv:2103.05419, Yellow Report, Chap 11

Al-optimized detector design for the future EIC: the dual-radiator RICH case - E. Cisbani *et al* 2020 *JINST* 15 P05009

Al-assisted Optimization of the ECCE Tracking System at the EIC - C. Fanelli et al, arXiv:2205.09185 (2022)

Al4EIC Proceedings https://eic.ai/ai-ml-references

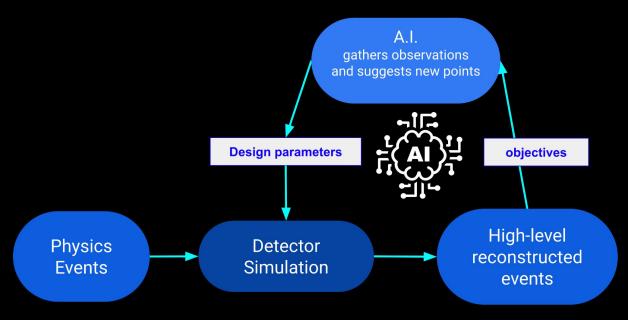
Al/ML activities are ramping up, and this trend will continue to grow in the next few years.

# Low-hanging



# AI-assisted Design as example

The Al-assisted design is a good example of how Al can be folded into the SW planning as it embraces all the main steps of the simulation/reconstruction/analysis pipeline



Agnostic to what is being optimized

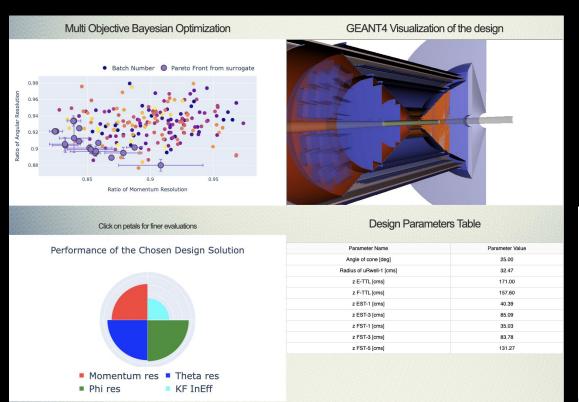
Leverages heterogeneous computing

Benefits from rapid turnaround time from simulations to analysis of high-level reconstructed observables

Needs production-ready SW stack throughout development and easy access to design parameters

\*AI/ML can potentially enter in all the steps of the design pipeline

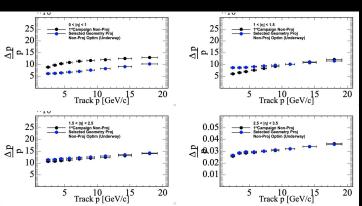
### Integrate Modern Data Science tools



arXiv:2205.09185

The whole idea of the Al-assisted design is that of determining trade-off optimal solutions in a multidimensional design driven by multiple objectives

For an interactive visualization: <a href="https://ai4eicdetopt.pythonanywhere.com">https://ai4eicdetopt.pythonanywhere.com</a>



### Leverage Geometry and Detector Interface

- Geant4 will continue to be the standard for detector simulations;
   See M. Diefenthaler's talk
  - Compute intensive simulations
    - Al-assist the design and in achieving optimality reduce usage of computing resources
    - Great interest in speeding-up known bottlenecks (e.g., calorimetry and Cherenkov) and have both full and fast simulations [1,2] (see, e.g., FastCalo GAN in ATLAS AtlFast3 [3])
- Geometry implementation via data source (DD4Hep uses ROOT TGeo) makes transparent the coupling of AI to the software stack design parameters; minimal changes needed to run different optimization pipelines
- Modularity of geometry description reduces complexity of parametrization and therefore computational complexity
- Other automated feature desirable for Al-assisted design, e.g., checking overlaps

[1] S. Joosten, Bottlenecks and limitations in classical simulations: where can AI help? 1st Workshop on AI4EIC, Sep 2021
 [2] B. Nachman, Generative ML applications for simulations in colliders 1st Workshop on AI4EIC, Sep 2021
 [3] G. Aad, et al., AtlFast3: the next generation of fast simulation in ATLAS, Computing and Software for Big Science 6.1 (2022): 1-54

#### Leverage Code repository, CI and Containerization

- In general AI/ML-related projects will follow best practices model for the repository (open and public; external packages not be forked/cloned to the eic organization and modified unless under exceptional circumstances).
- For the Al-assisted design:
  - CI/CD is mostly about keeping up-to-date with the EPIC simulation framework: it is needed when relevant updates are made to the simulation or a newer approach for optimization is adopted.
  - Containerization is being used in EPIC and previously in the proto-collaborations. Using singularity is
    typically preferable since it does not need elevated privileges to install additional packages/frameworks,
    which may make it easy to bundle AI/ML packages. Singularity can be integrated with the filesystem
    while preserving security restrictions.
- In general, when it comes to deploy / maintain ML models in production reliably and efficiently, Github Actions serve as a preliminary solution (accompanied to, e.g., platforms like wandb.ai <a href="https://github.com/wandb/wandb">https://github.com/wandb/wandb</a>). Looking ahead, we shall adopt actual MLOps (end-to-end pipelines CI-CD-CT-CM) see, e.g., MLFlow <a href="https://mlflow.org/">https://mlflow.org/</a>

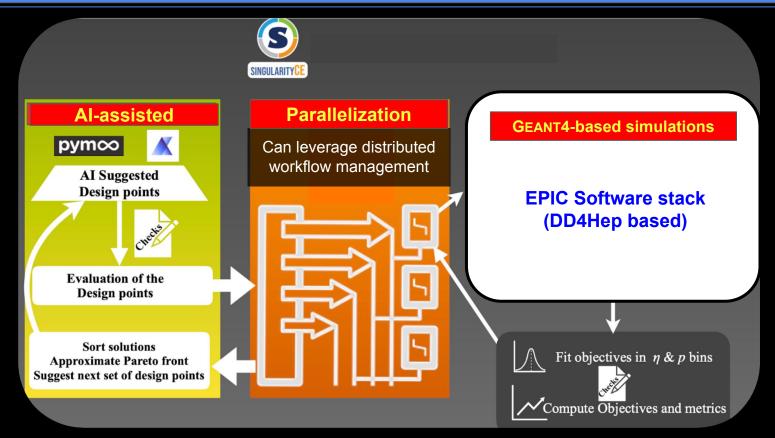
See W. Deconinck's talk

## AI-assisted Design: Approaches

- Al-assisted approach satisfies EIC SW principles:
  - Open source and accessible to the whole community
  - Aim at reproducibility
  - User-centered design
  - Leverage heterogeneous computing
  - Not reinvent the wheel, aimed to build / extend existing efforts in wider scientific community
    - E.g., allows to engage and collaborate with Meta/Facebook Open Source (Ax: adaptive experimentation platform supported by Meta/Facebook)
      - Integrate cutting-edge data science built-in features for database backend to store experiments, visualization/interpretation, and presentation of results
      - See 2nd workshop on Al4EIC (tutorial by Meta), <a href="https://indico.bnl.gov/e/Al4EIC">https://indico.bnl.gov/e/Al4EIC</a>
- Design of increased complexity can take advantage of distributed computing.
   [see J. Osborn's talk]



## Improving Design Workflow



## Leverage Data Model Solution

- Open, simple, self-descriptive data formats. Flat data model in general allows flexibility for AI/ML applications. Data can be written to other ROOT, HDF5 files, etc
  - Collaboration with other scientists outside NP and HEP; among podio core features, it provides easy use interface to users, treating python as first class citizen (interface via pyROOT) [1]
  - Heterogeneous computing works best on flat data.
  - LHC Olympics for Anomaly Detection on 2020 stored events as pandas dataframes and saved to compressed HDF5.
- In the talk on data model, it has been pointed out how Standardized Data Model allow swapping different alternative as long as they adhere to the data model interface.
  - Example of clustering algorithm
  - An additional level of abstraction/portability is provided by unsupervised clustering, in that it is agnostic to the objects being clustered, as long as a metric distance can be defined to identify similar properties and form clusters
  - HDBSCAN currently being tested for caloriemtry in EPIC
- Supports for truth information in MC useful for training

See W. Deconinck's talk

# Use of HEP-supported packages

- Example of Acts, an experiment-independent toolkit for tracking, is free software, implemented in modern C++, and is currently being used or considered by ALICE, Belle II, CEPC, EIC, FASER, PANDA and sPHENIX, among others. [1]
- The project has three overarching goals:
  - Preserve current tracking approaches while enabling new developments
  - Serve as an algorithmic testbed for research in track reconstruction
  - Enable realistic development of new tracking detectors
- The framework includes the ONNX, an open-source AI ecosystem that empower developers to choose the right tools and frameworks to develop and deploy their Neural Network. [2]

## AI/ML in Reconstruction Framework

- JANA2 framework handles streaming data in online triggerless environments.
- The core framework of JANA2 is written in modern C++ but includes an integrated Python interface — which facilitates integration of ML/DL applications [1]
- The first AI-based application in SRO using real data actually been realized in [2] using JANA2...

See D. Lawrence's talk

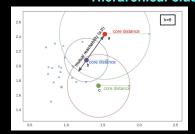
# ML in Streaming Readout

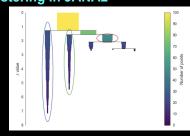
F. Ameli, et al Streaming readout for next generation electron scattering experiment, 2022 (accepted on EPJP)

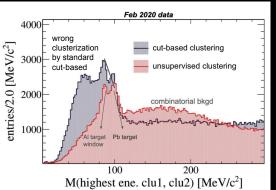
- CLAS12 SRO setup
- TriDAS SR back end
- JANA2 reconstruction framework

# The CLAS12 Forward Tagger, JLab Electromagnetic calorimeter (PbWO) Micromegas Scintillation

#### **Hierarchical clustering in JANA2**









Hierarchical clustering VS traditional clustering of energy deposited by photons; Al robust against variations in experimental conditions\* (uncalibrated data in SRO)

# Further improvements



## Typical Data Science Pipeline

 Typical data science/ML pipeline has peculiar aspects not in common with standard analysis pipelines



- Real or synthetic
- Quality
- Dimensionality
- Format
- Density
- Size

- Data cleaning
- Data restructuring
- Correlations
- Dynamics
- Visualization

- Classification
- Regression
  - Clustering
- Feature Extraction
- Cross-Validation
- HPO

- Predictions
- Confidence Level
- Explainability

This reflects, for example, in "Data and Analysis" Preservation

### Infrastructure for AI/ML

- Machine learning lifecycle MLOps:
  - O Models, hyperparameters, training datasets (depending on approach), etc...
  - O How to manage experimentation, reproducibility, deployment, and a central model registry.
    - Record and query experiments: code, data, config, and results
    - Package data science code in a format to reproduce runs on any platform
    - Deploy machine learning models in diverse serving environments
    - Store, annotate, discover, and manage models in a central repository
- Deploy automated workflows to optimize neural networks

### Scalability, Distributed vs Collaborative

- Federated computing architecture was deployed by proto-collaborations and a WLGC style architecture is envisioned [see J. Osborn's talk]
  - Rapid turnaround of raw data to online/offline productions; compatibility with Streaming Readout and near real-time physics ready productions; enabled distributed workflows HTC/HPC
- Distributed strategies may become necessary in AI pipelines working with big data: training time exponentially increases, scalability cumbersome, other limitation factors (e.g., algorithm computational complexity outpaces the main memory)
- Discussion on required infrastructure for next generation AI architectures will take place at the AI4EIC workshops and monthly meetings; with discussion on modern approaches, e.g.:
  - O Distributed Learning multi-node ML based on centralized data and distributing the model training
  - Collaborative Learning multiple users collaboratively train a centralized model, with decentralized data and training

## Community

The AIWG will serve as an <u>entry point to AI applications</u> and will organize workshops, tutorials, and Kaggle-like challenges.



#### https://eic.ai/workshops

2nd General Workshop on Artificial Intelligence for the Electron Ion Collider (October 10-14, 2022)

#### https://indico.bnl.gov/e/AI4EIC

- 4 sessions (one dedicated to infrastructure)
- Tutorials (one dedicated to lifecycle: MLflow)
- hackathon

1st workshop on Experimental Applications of Artificial Intelligence for the Electron Ion Collider (September 7-10, 2021)

#### https://eic.ai/events

Monthly meetings typically topic-oriented (UQ, Design, AI/ML in SRO, continual learning, etc)

#### https://eic.ai/community

Help organize educational events (tutorials, lectures) and collect documentation useful to disseminate AI/ML in the EIC community

### Conclusions

- The recently formed EPIC collaboration is quite active in AI/ML:
  - EPIC detector can be one of the first experiments to be designed with the support of AI
  - The number of AI/ML activities is anticipated to grow in the next few months (e.g., reconstruction, PID); in the long-term, AI/ML will likely permeate and contributed to multiple aspects of near real-time analyses
- Lots of work has been recently done on the EPIC SW stack for the collaboration (DD4Hep, data model, JANA2), a fundamental step towards the CD2/3a
  - The EPIC SW embraces several forward-looking features that allow for AI/ML applications and utilization of heterogeneous resources.
- EPIC has a unique opportunity to integrate AI/ML in the SW from the beginning (and from an AI perspective)
  - Large-scale Al/ML applications entail considerations on scalability and specific infrastructure needs that require additional discussion — ML lifecycle; distributed training; etc
- The EIC community is engaged in AI/ML activities, and the AI4EIC WG is a good forum to address these
  important aspects. More info on meetings and workshop in <a href="https://eic.ai/events">https://eic.ai/events</a>