

# ePIC dRICH

## Dual Ring Imaging Cherenkov Detector

**Christopher Dilks**  
ePIC Collaboration Meeting  
January 2023



Research supported by the



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF  
**ENERGY**

Office of  
Science

# Outline

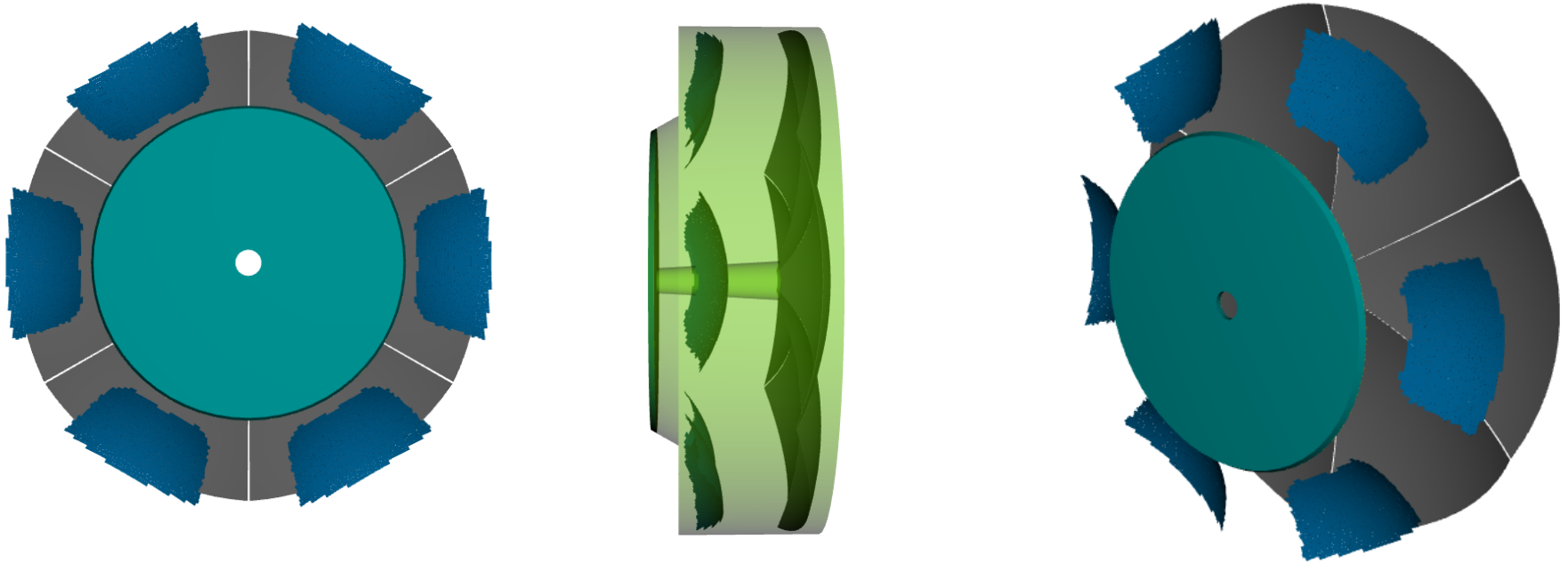
## ◆ ePIC Simulation

- Geometry and Reconstruction
- Performance studies

## ◆ dRICH Prototype

- Beam tests
- EIC-driven tests
- Characterization

# DD4hep Geometry



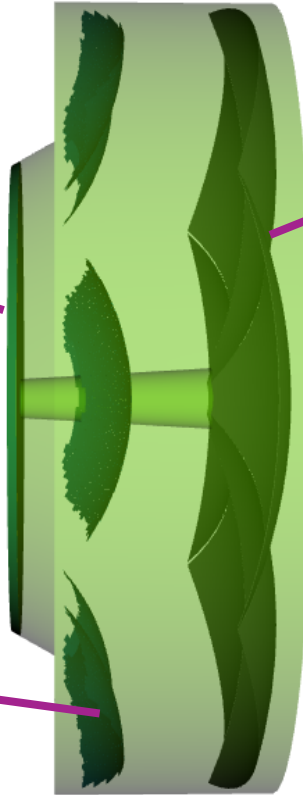
**3D Interactive View!**

[https://eic.github.io/epic/geoviewer?file=artifacts/tgeo/drich\\_only.root&item=default;1&opt=zoom200;ROTY290;ROTZ350;trz0;trr0;ctrl;all](https://eic.github.io/epic/geoviewer?file=artifacts/tgeo/drich_only.root&item=default;1&opt=zoom200;ROTY290;ROTZ350;trz0;trr0;ctrl;all)

# Geometry - Details

- ◆ 4 cm of aerogel
- ◆ 0.01 mm air gap
- ◆ 0.3 mm acrylic filter

- ◆ Sensors tiled on **spheres**
- ◆ S13361-3050NE-08 SiPMs
- ◆ **8x8 pixels**

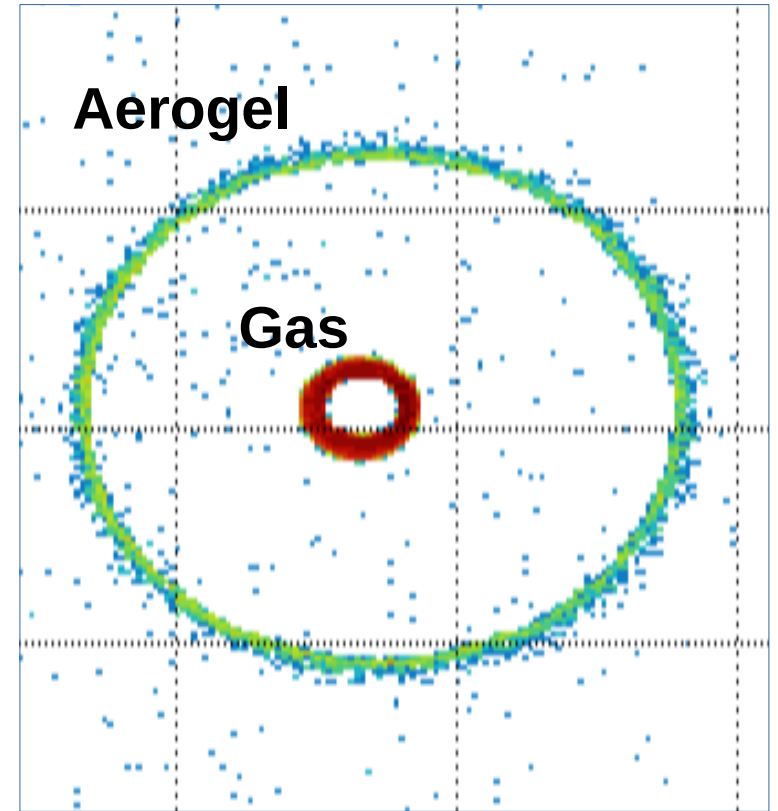
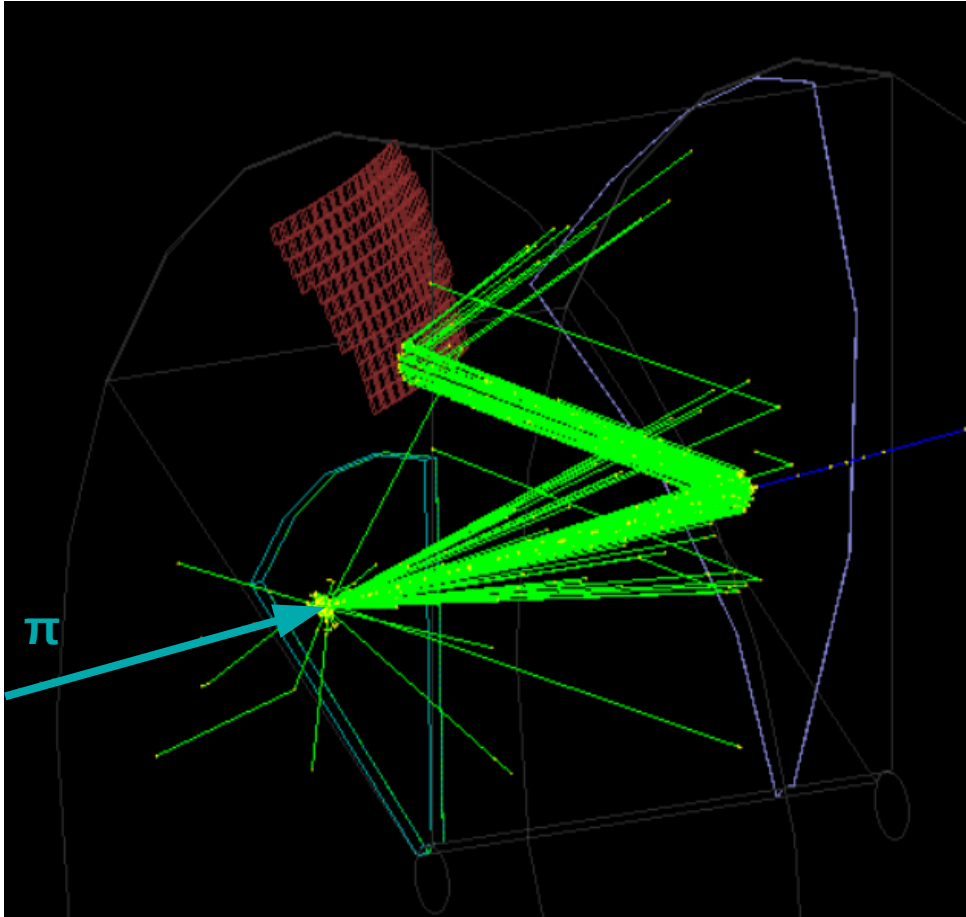


- ◆ **Spherical Mirrors**
- ◆ 6 Azimuthal Sectors

- ◆ **C<sub>2</sub>F<sub>6</sub> Gas Volume**
- ◆ 120 cm (full) z-length
- ◆ 185 cm outer radius
- ◆ Aerogel radius ~110 cm
- ◆ Tapered bore radius
- ◆ Aluminum vessel walls

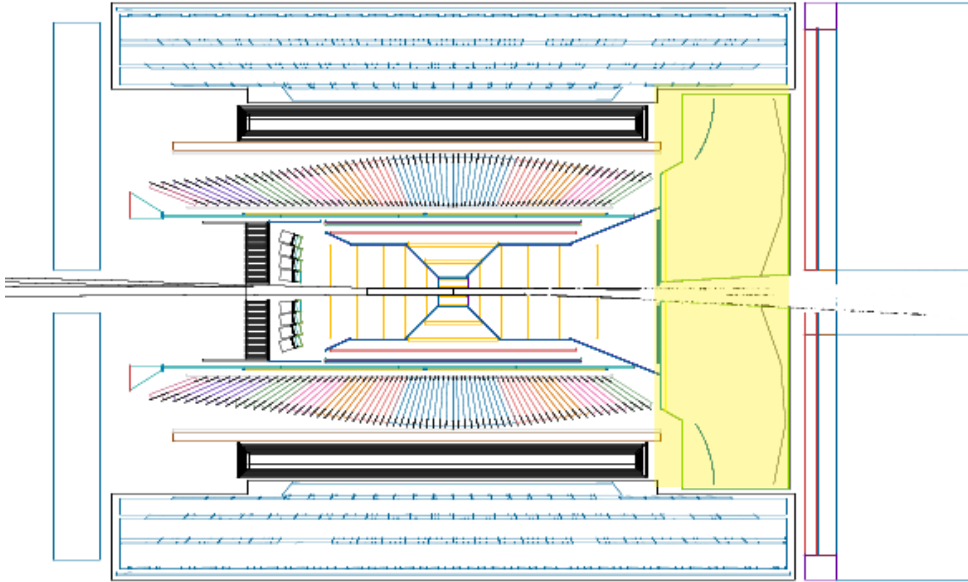


# Example Event

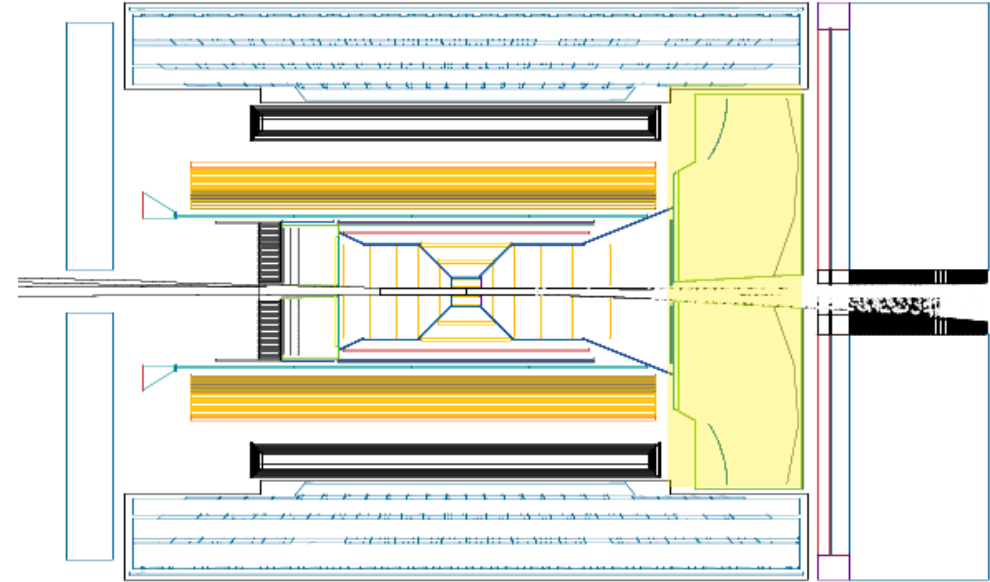


# dRICH Integrated in Full ePIC Geometry

## Arches

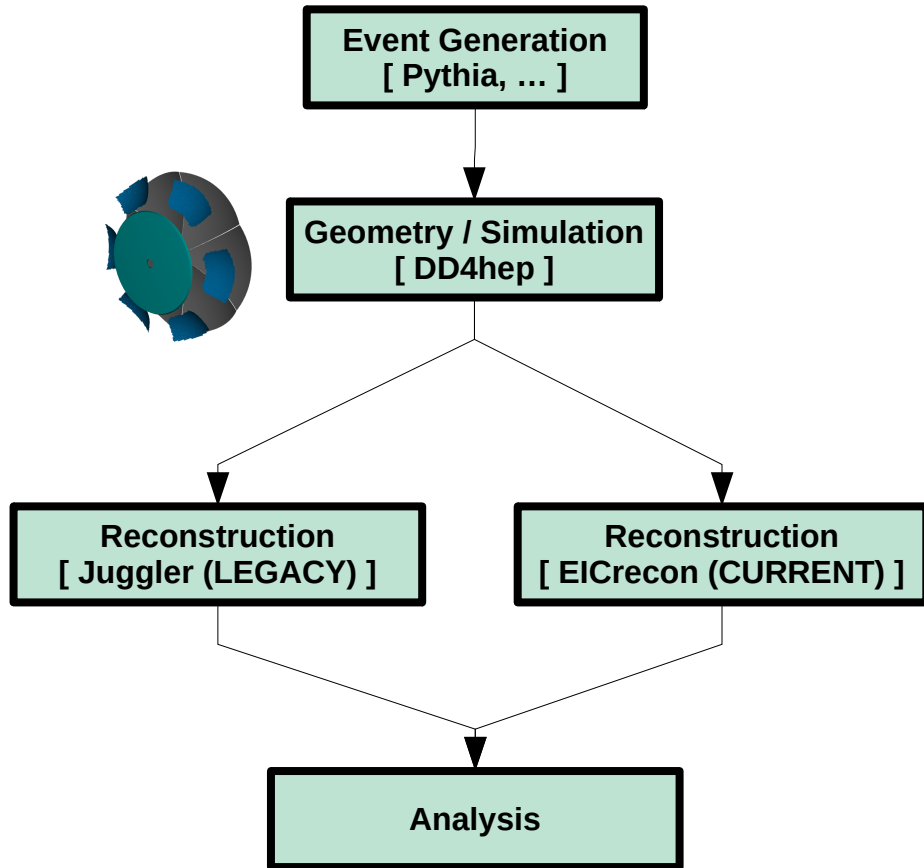


## Bryce Canyon



◆ Includes effects from magnetic field, material in front (e.g., tracker support), and more

# ePIC Software Stack Integration

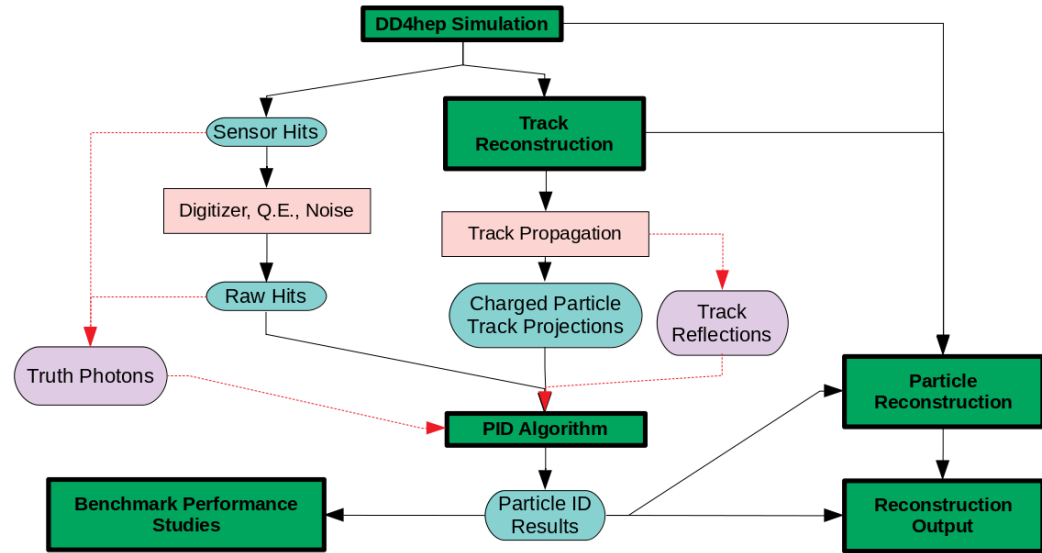


## PID via IRT (Indirect Ray Tracing)

- Fully integrated with Juggler, used for present ePIC dRICH performance studies
- Integration into EICrecon mostly complete, but undergoing testing
- Standalone IRT library permits standalone performance studies too

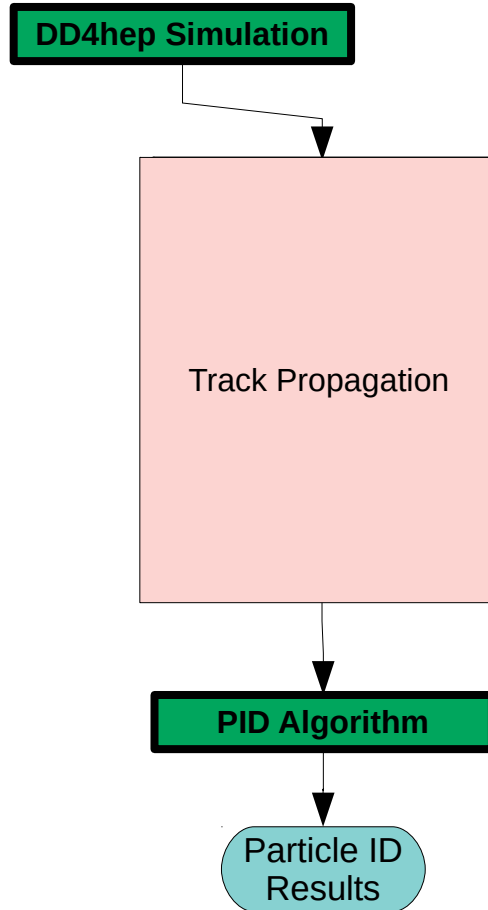
# PID Integration: Modular Reconstruction Strategy

## EICrecon Implementation



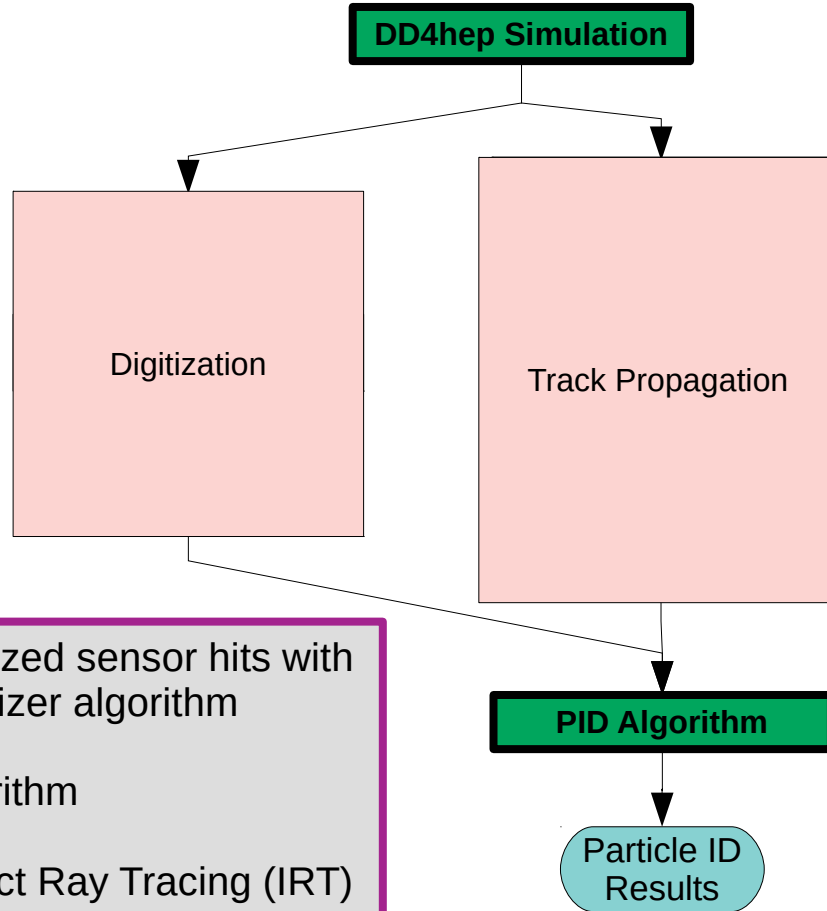
- ◆ Support PID in a modular, shareable, future-proof way
- ◆ Algorithms are small, focused, and generalized to support other PID subsystems
  - In some cases, other detectors (e.g. PMT digitizer)
- ◆ Keep algorithms independent of the reconstruction framework

# ElCrecon Flowchart



- Goal: PID for each charged particle
- First, project reconstructed tracks to transverse planes of the dRICH  
→ charged particle track points

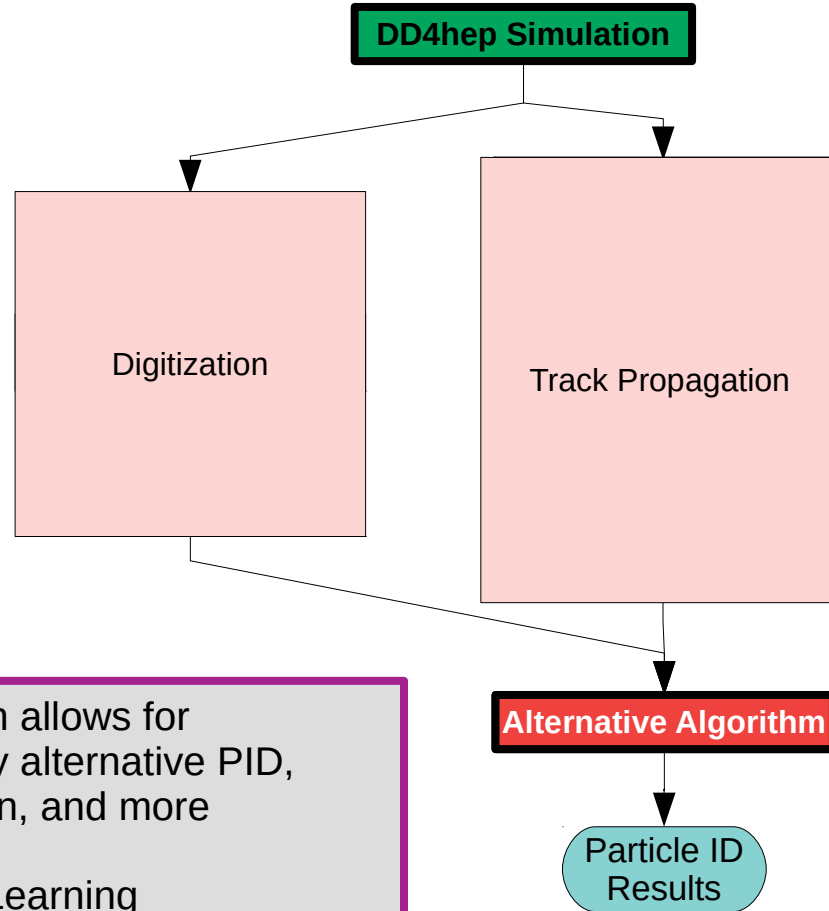
# ElCrecon Flowchart



- Combine with digitized sensor hits with common PMT digitizer algorithm
  - Then run PID algorithm
- Currently: Indirect Ray Tracing (IRT)

- Goal: PID for each charged particle
- First, project reconstructed tracks to transverse planes of the dRICH  
→ charged particle track points

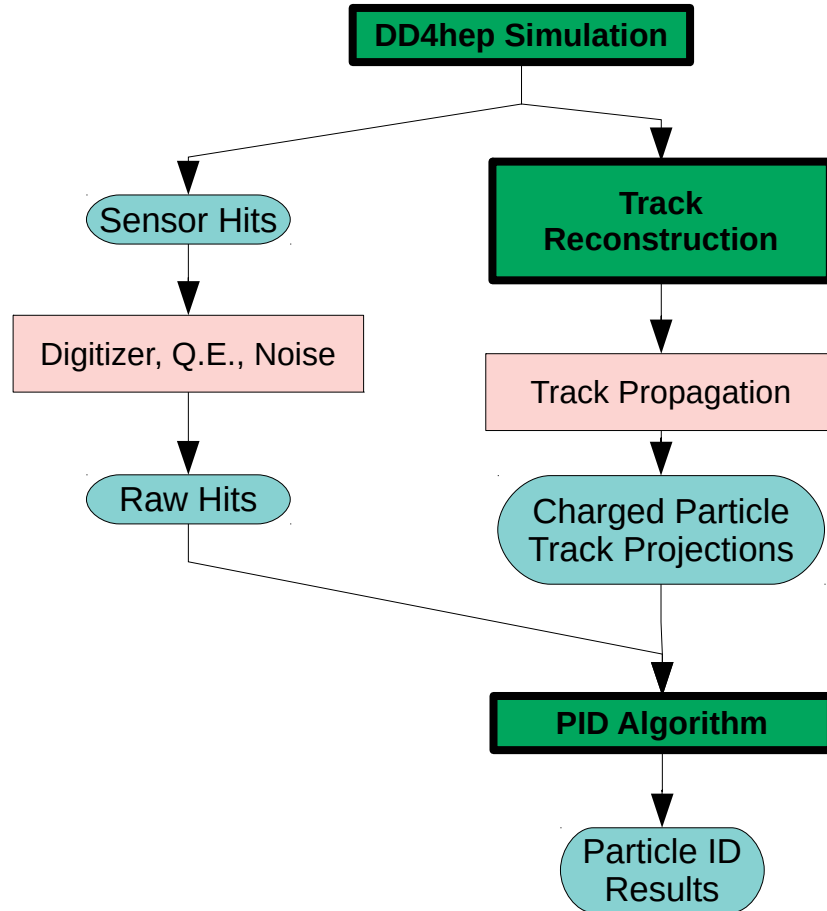
# ElCrecon Flowchart



- Modular approach allows for substitution of any alternative PID, pattern recognition, and more  
e.g., Machine Learning

**Algorithm Integration  
Welcome!**

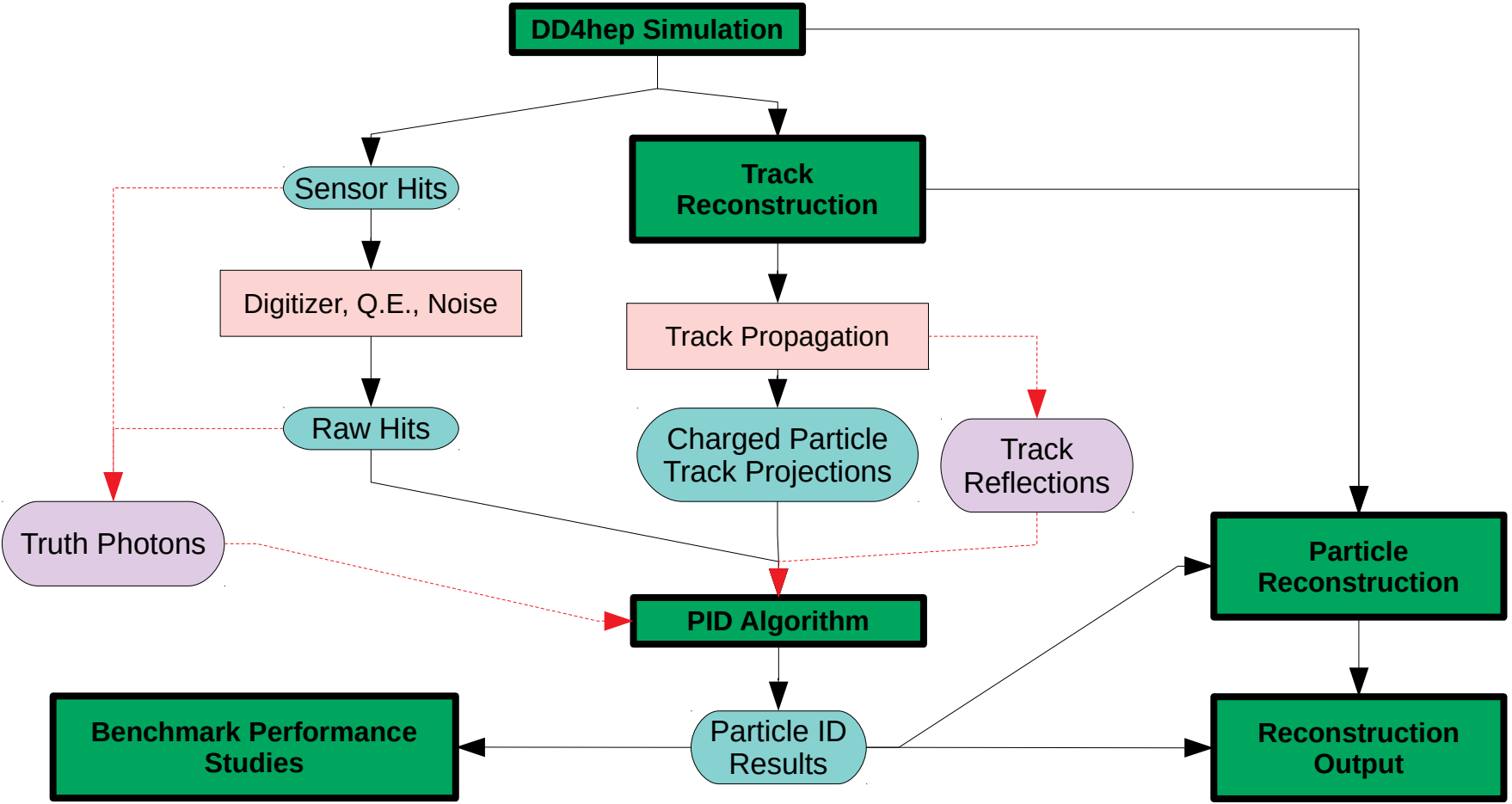
# ElCrecon Flowchart



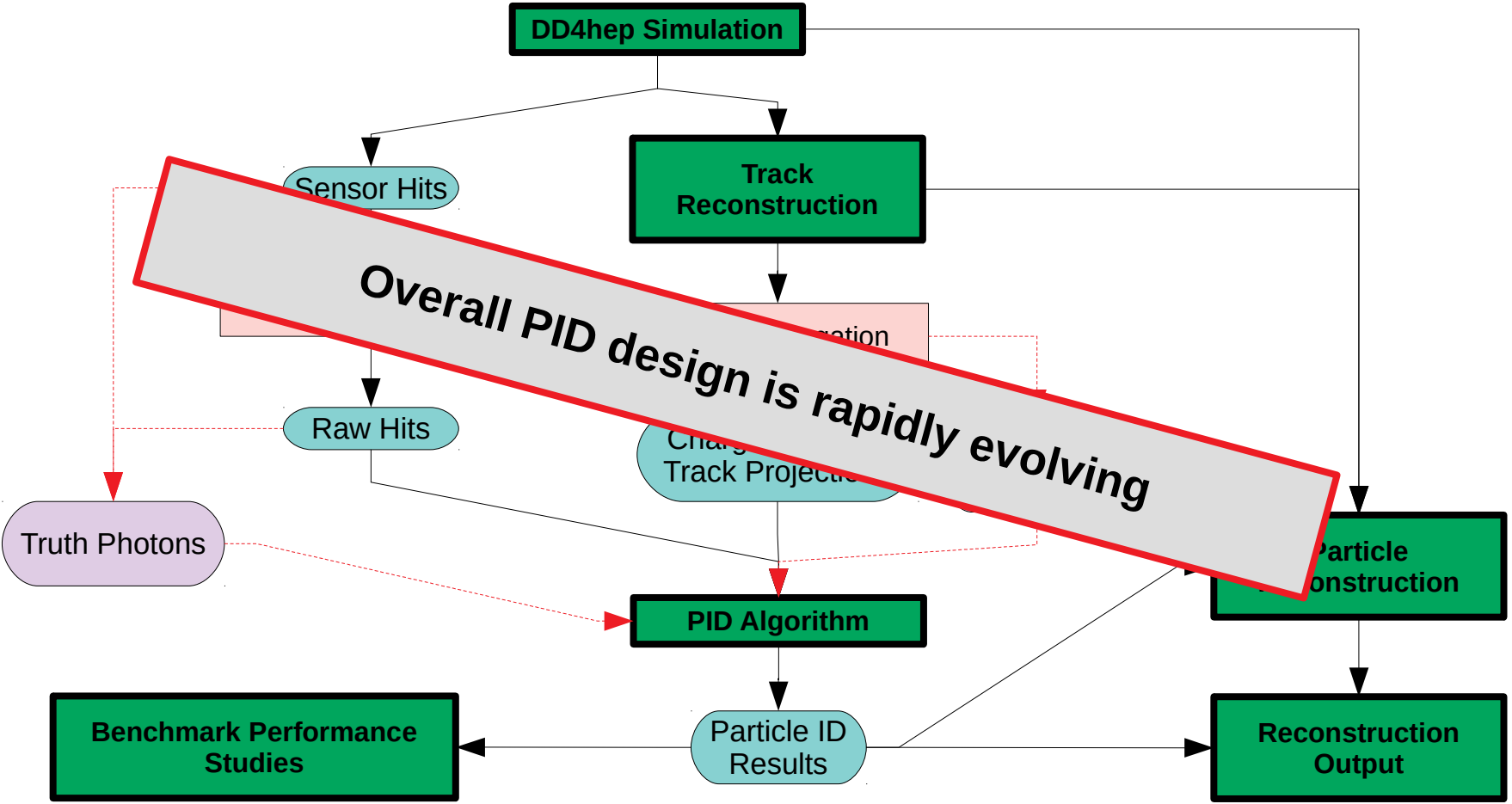
Under the hood...



# ElCrecon Flowchart

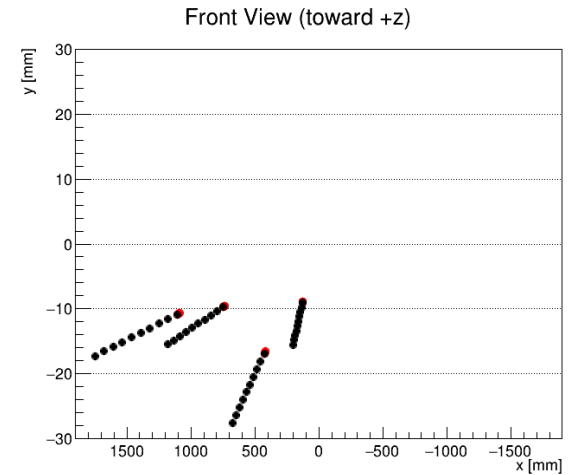
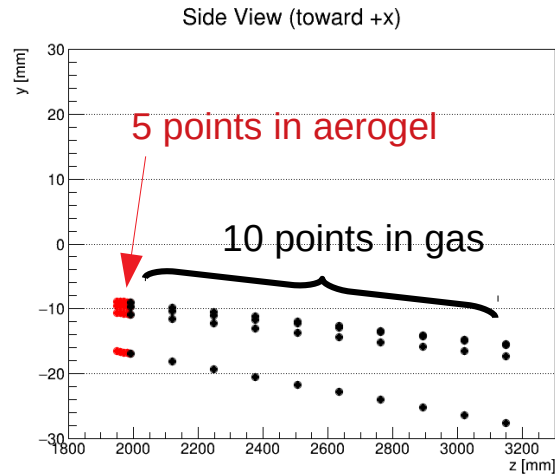
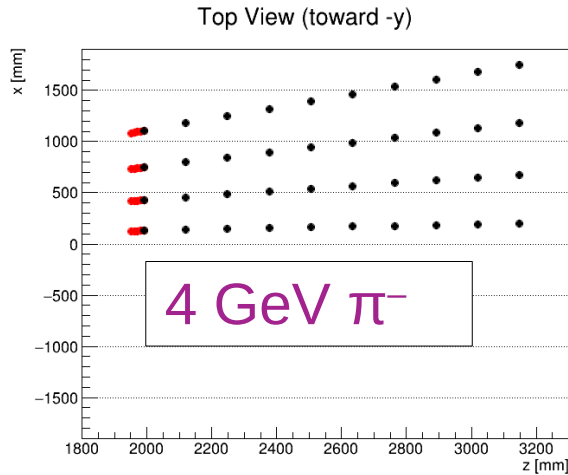


# ElCrecon Flowchart



**Overall PID design is rapidly evolving**

# Charged Particle Track Projection

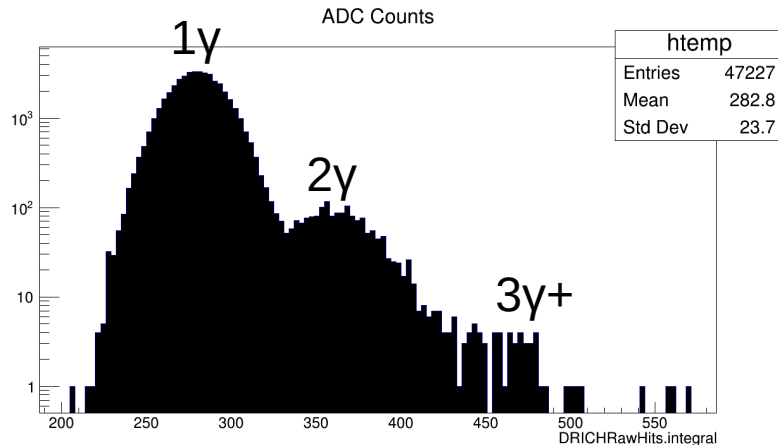


- ◆ Example: 4 GeV pions in horizontal  $y=0$  plane
- ◆ Reconstructed track points in **Aerogel** and **Gas**

# Digitization

## ◆ Common PMT Digitizer Algorithm

- Trigger parameters (gate, pedestal, etc.)
- Quantum Efficiency
- Empirical Safety Factor 70%
- Pixel Gap cuts (~88% survive)
- **TODO:**
  - noise injection (in progress, NISER)
  - Time over Threshold (ToT)
  - Streaming readout?



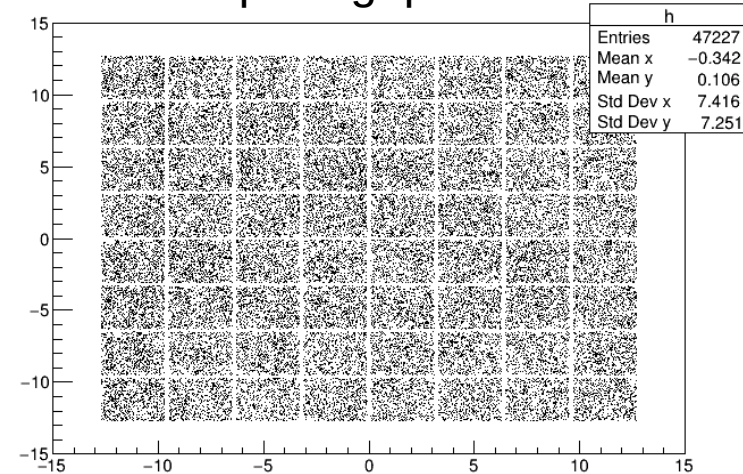
$\lambda$

QE

```
{325*dd4hep::nm, 0.04},  
{340*dd4hep::nm, 0.10},  
{350*dd4hep::nm, 0.20},  
{370*dd4hep::nm, 0.30},  
{400*dd4hep::nm, 0.35},  
{450*dd4hep::nm, 0.40},  
{500*dd4hep::nm, 0.38},  
{550*dd4hep::nm, 0.35},  
{600*dd4hep::nm, 0.27},  
{650*dd4hep::nm, 0.20},  
{700*dd4hep::nm, 0.15},  
{750*dd4hep::nm, 0.12},  
{800*dd4hep::nm, 0.08},  
{850*dd4hep::nm, 0.06},  
{900*dd4hep::nm, 0.04}
```

```
// triggering  
double hitTimeWindow = 20.0*dd4hep::ns;  
double timeStep       = 0.0625*dd4hep::ns;  
double speMean        = 80.0;  
double speError        = 16.0;  
double pedMean        = 200.0;  
double pedError        = 3.0;
```

## SiPM pixel gaps

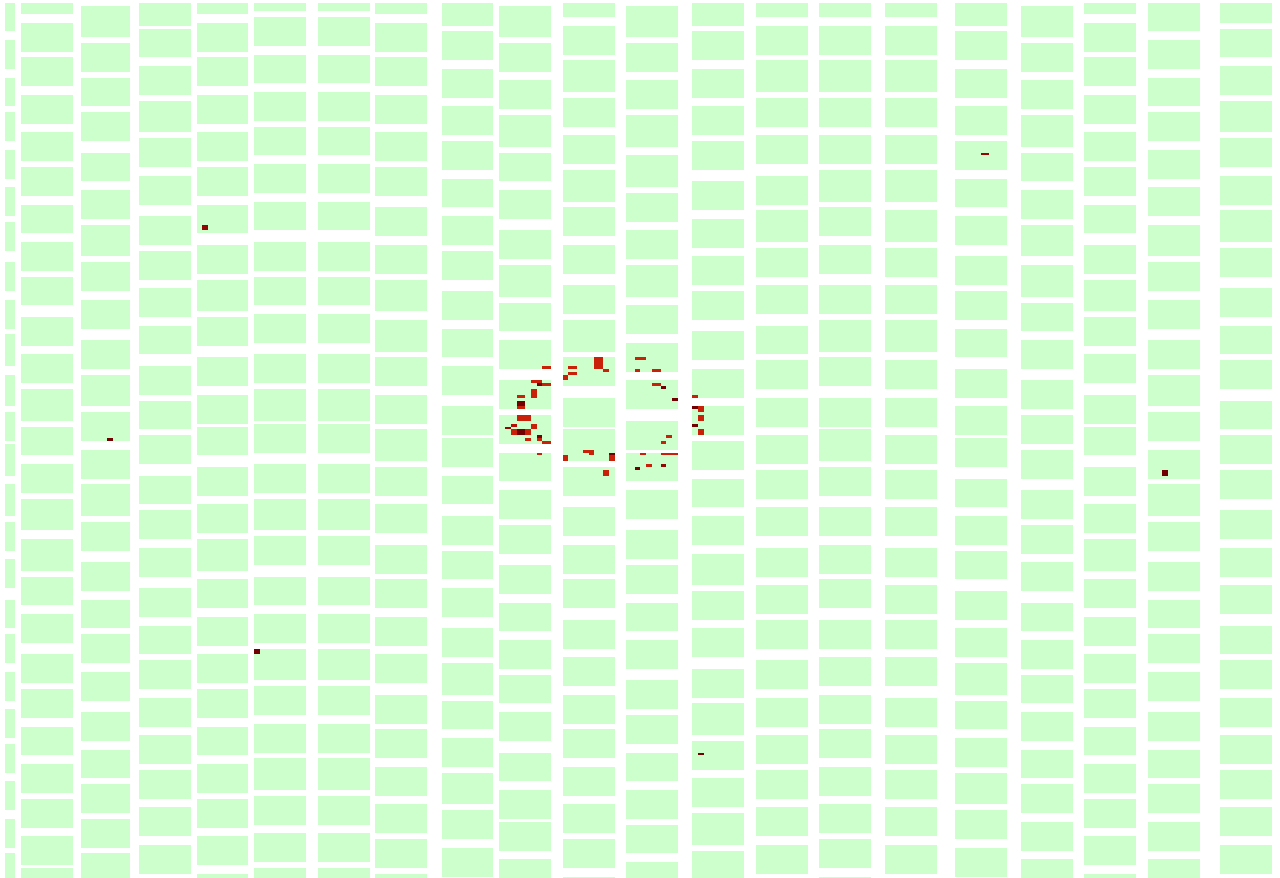


# Event Display: all incident photons



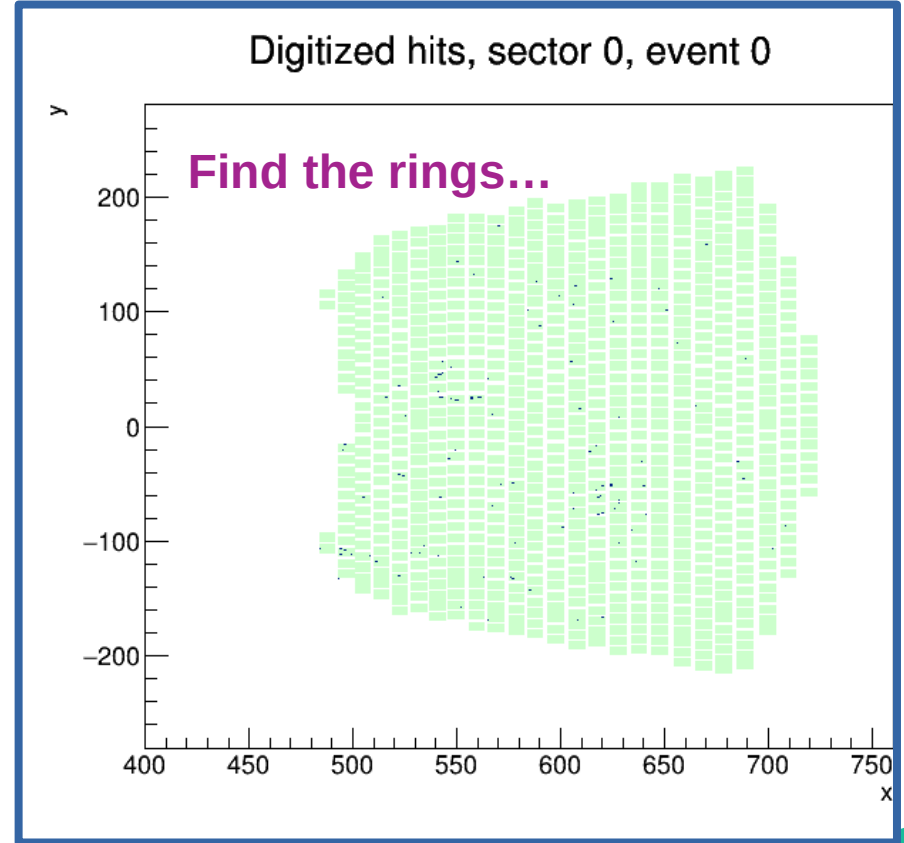
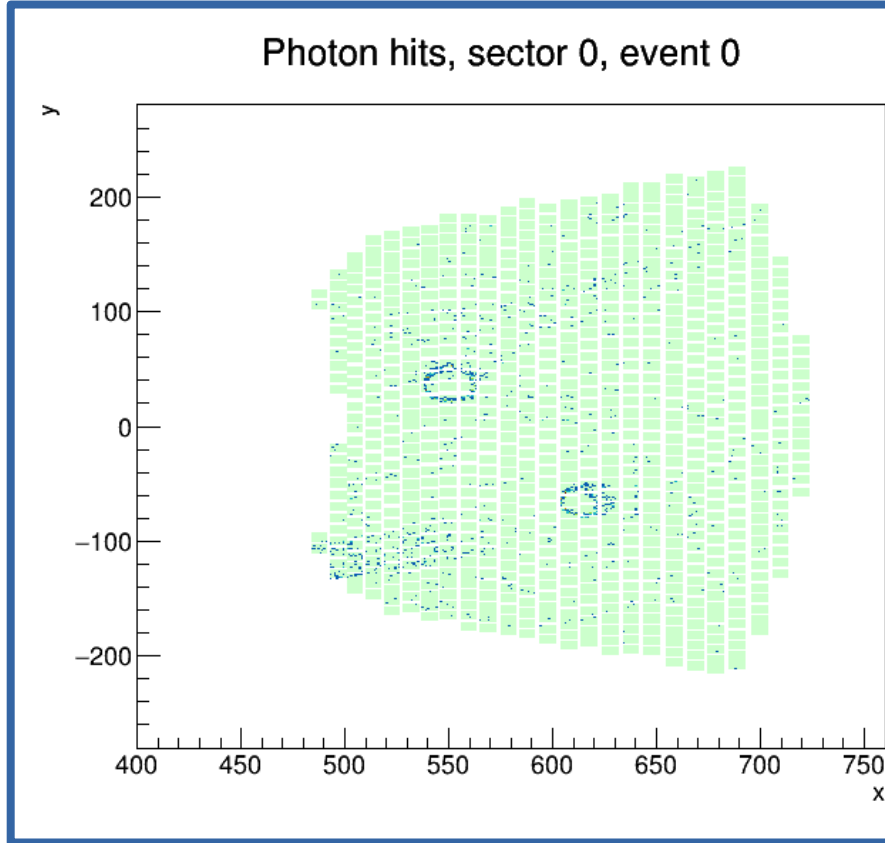
- Event display
  - Green boxes = SiPMs
  - 1 histogram bin = 1 pixel
- Rings from a single 40 GeV pion
- Shows **all incident photons** on the sensors (before Q.E.)

# Event Display: digitized hits

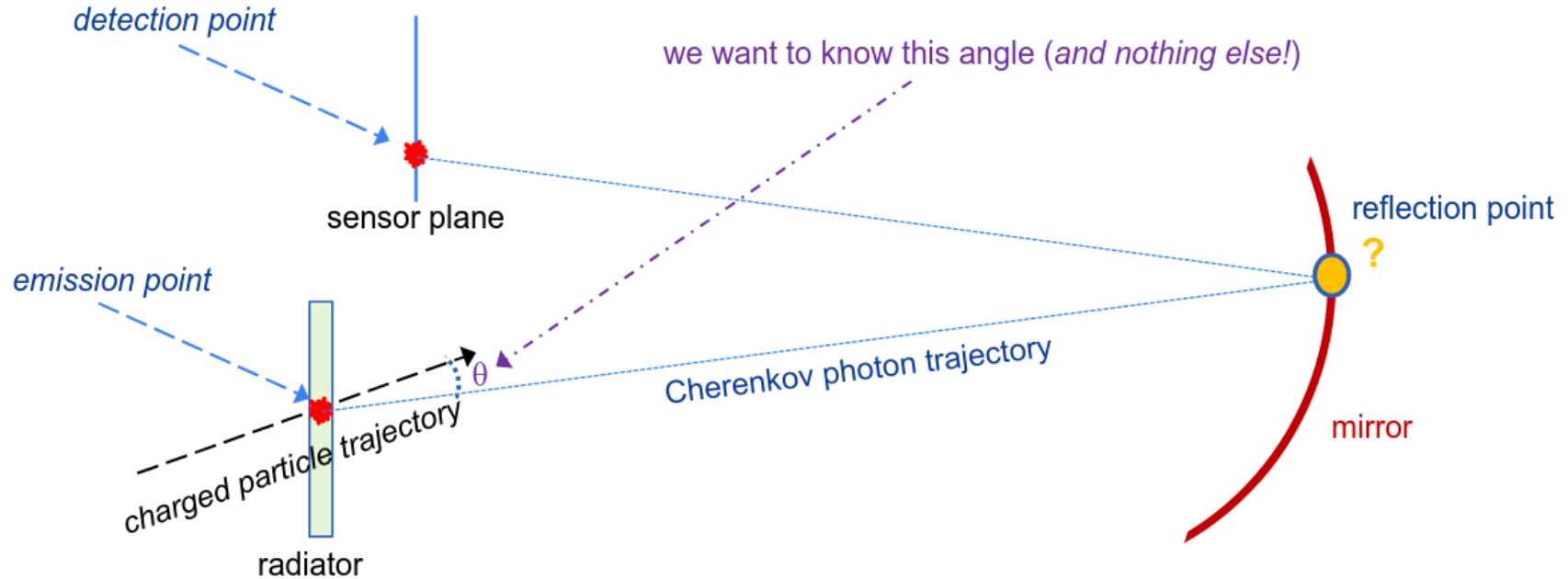


- Digitization:
  - Quantum Efficiency (20-40%)
  - Pixel gap cuts (88%)
  - Safety factor (70%)
- # hits  $\ll$  # photons
- Still does not include SiPM noise!

# Reality will include multi-track events



# Indirect Ray Tracing (IRT)



- ◆ Given sensor hits and optics, determine the photon emission angle, sampled along a charged particle trajectory
- ◆ Newton-Gauss iterative solver for optical path
- ◆ Compact, standalone library used for Geant4 and ATHENA

<https://github.com/eic/irt>

Figures from Alexander Kiselev, From meeting on RICH Pattern Recognition Challenges  
<https://agenda.infn.it/event/30966/>



# Machine Learning

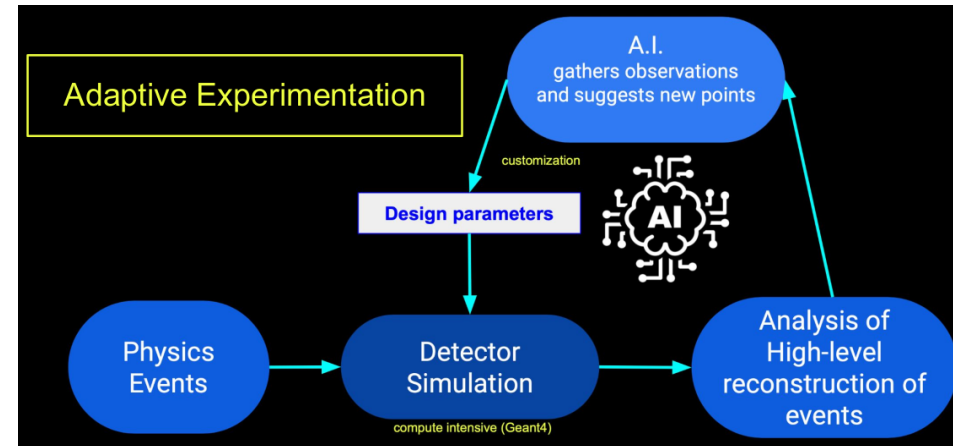
## For Particle Identification

- ◆ AI4EIC 2022 Hackathon: <https://indico.bnl.gov/event/16586/page/435-hackathon>
  - Challenge: use ML and these data to classify between pions and kaons
    - Charged particle momentum ( $p, \theta, \phi$ ) + photon hit positions ( $x, y, z$ )
    - Involved varying momenta, noise hits, and B-field
- ◆ Future: Integrate these techniques into EICrecon (O. Hassan)



## For Detector Design

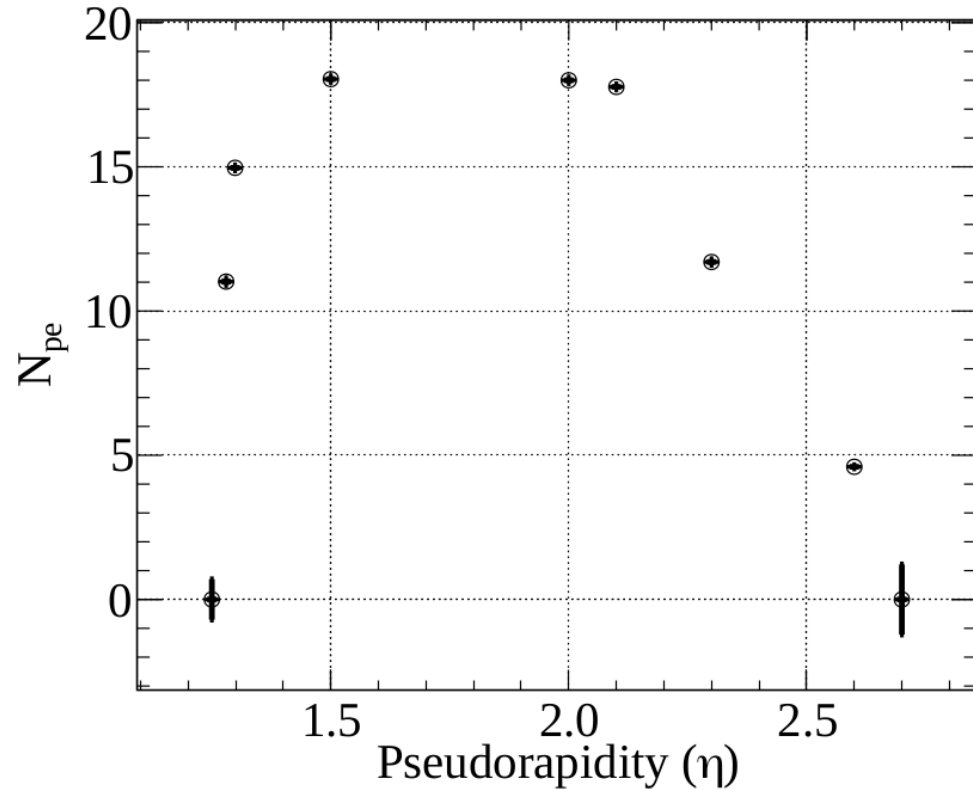
- ◆ DD4hep software and geometry parameterizations are in general receptive to configuration changes
- ◆ Discussions are underway how to integrate detector design optimization with the ePIC stack
- ◆ See Cristiano Fanelli's talk: AI/ML activities and next steps (Monday)



# Performance Studies

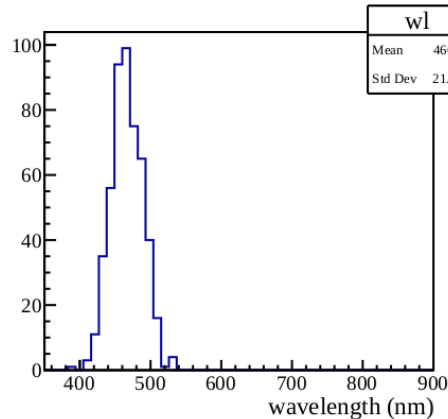
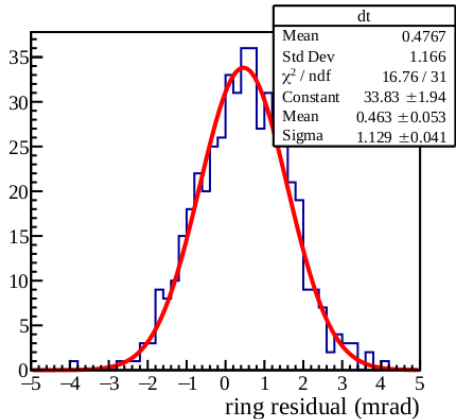
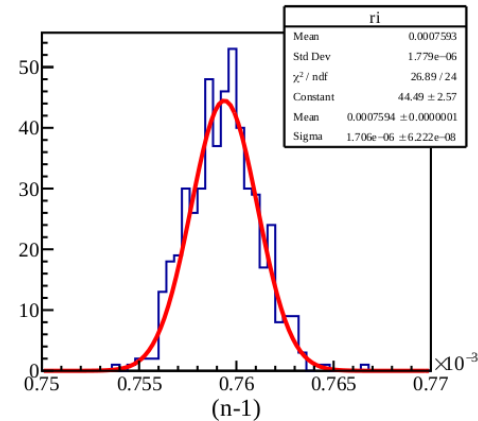
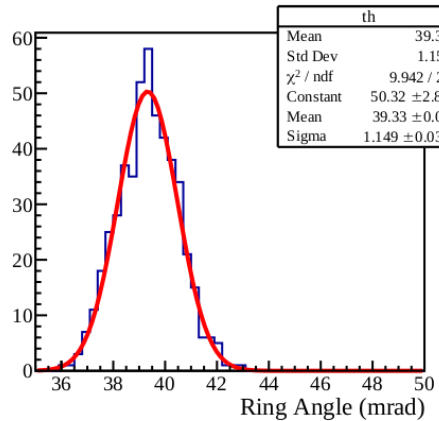
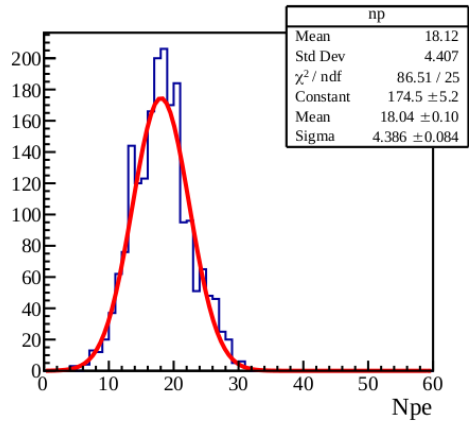
# Acceptance

- 50 GeV pions
- Number of Photoelectrons (NPE) from gas radiator
- Acceptance limits:  
 $1.3 < \eta < 2.3$   
 $11.5^\circ < \theta < 30^\circ$
- Optics could be improved...



Study from C. Chatterjee

# Performance Studies - Gas Radiator

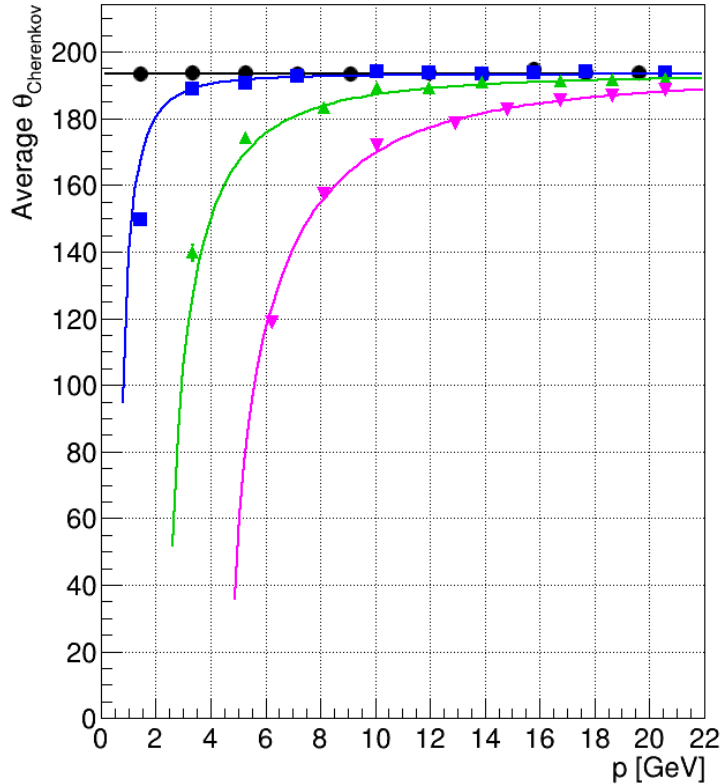


- ◆ Performance studies of ePIC dRICH well underway
- ◆ NPE, estimated ring angle, residual, ...

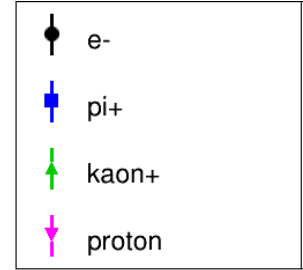
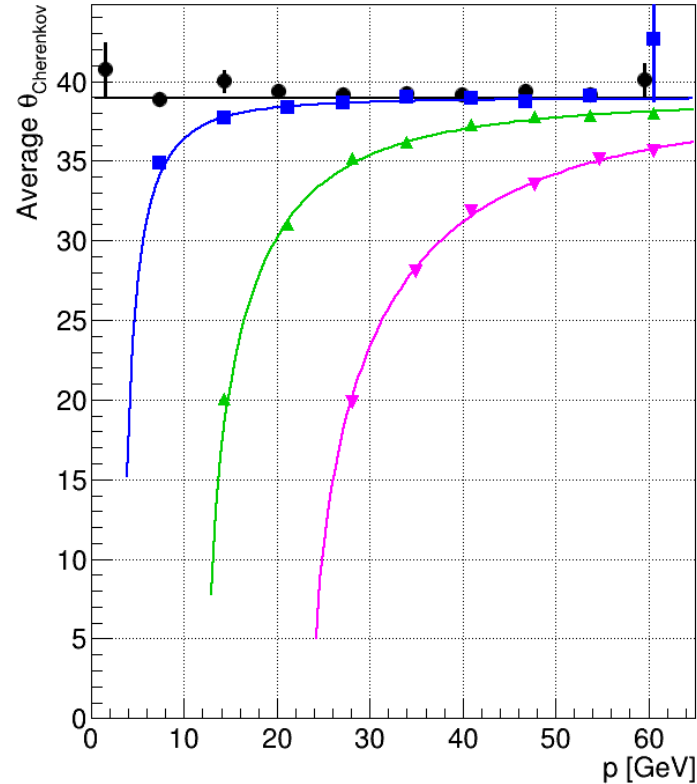
Study from C. Chatterjee

# Reconstructed Cherenkov Angle vs. Momentum

Average  $\theta_{\text{Cherenkov}}$  vs. Thrown Momentum, for Aerogel



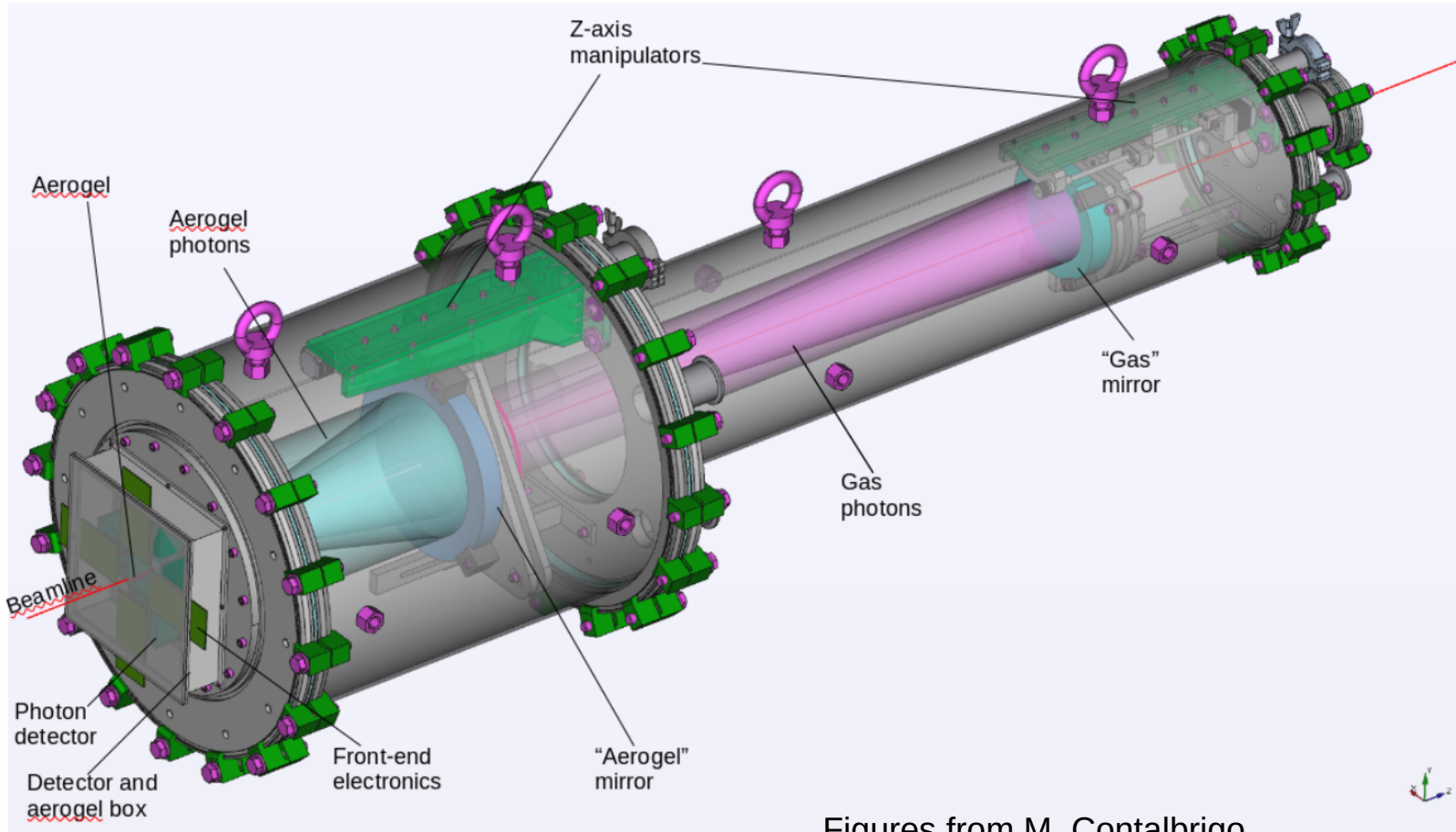
Average  $\theta_{\text{Cherenkov}}$  vs. Thrown Momentum, for Gas



Points: reconstructed Cherenkov Angle

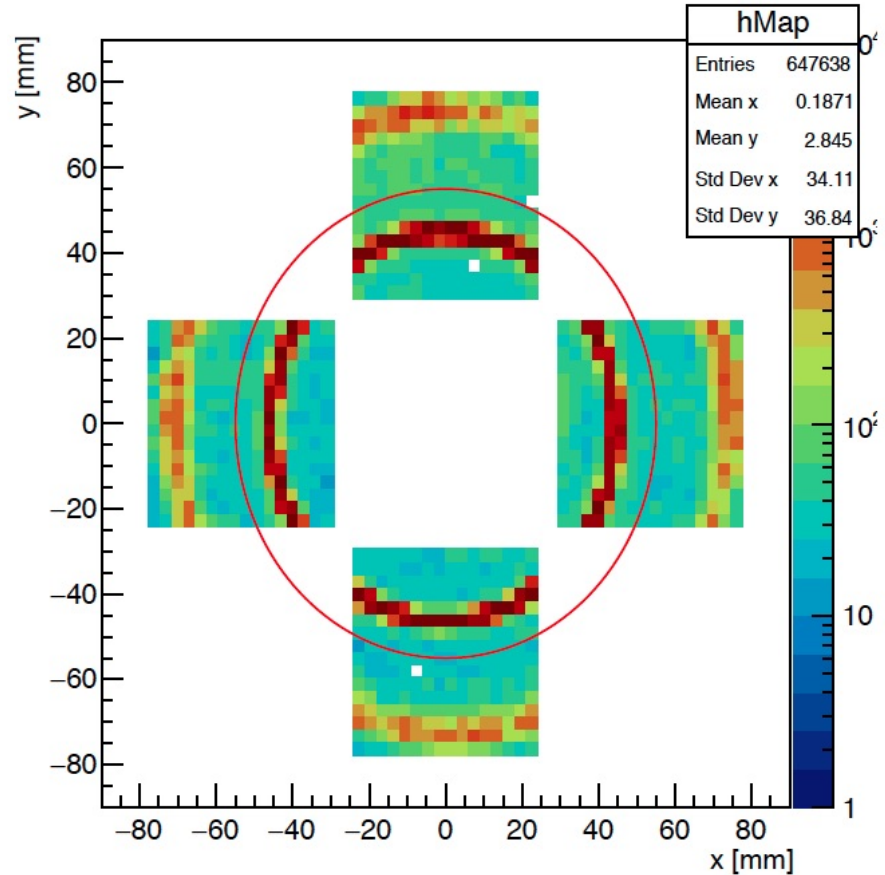
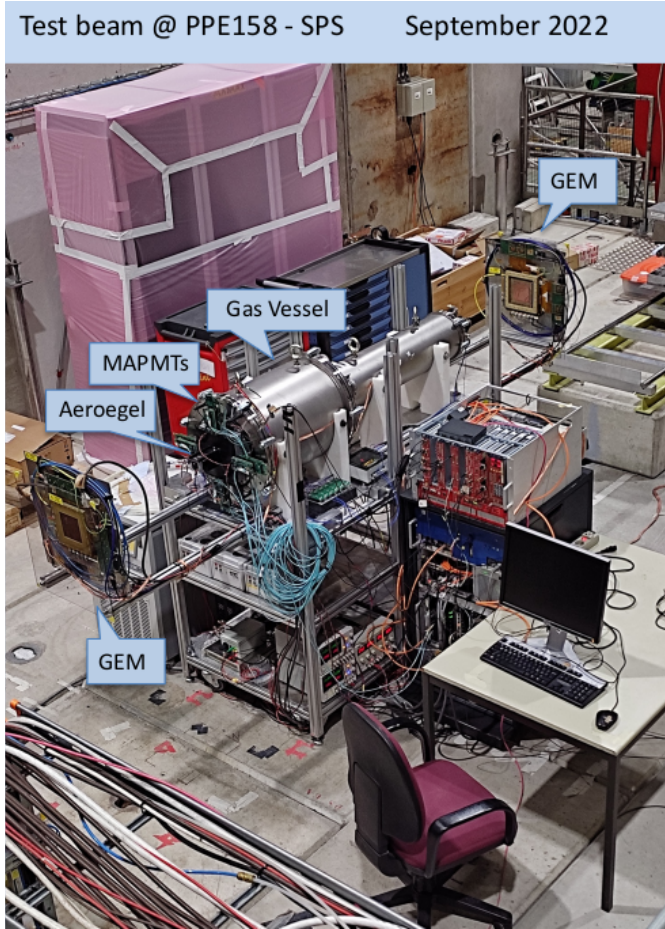
Curves: expected Cherenkov angle

# dRICH Prototype



Figures from M. Contalbrigo

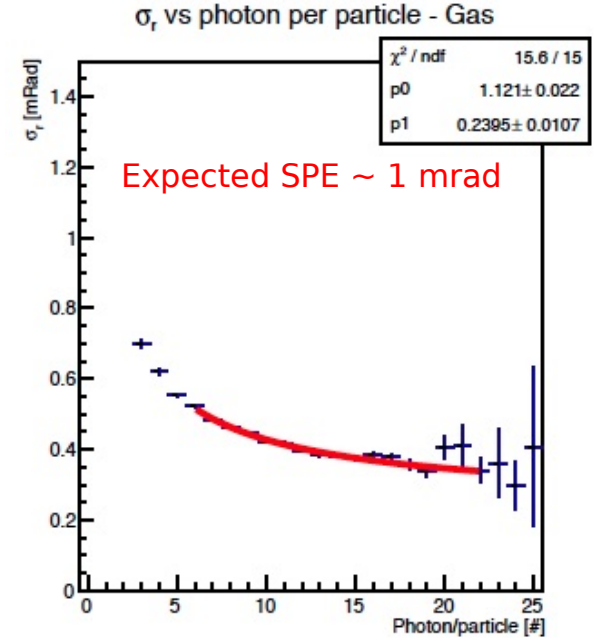
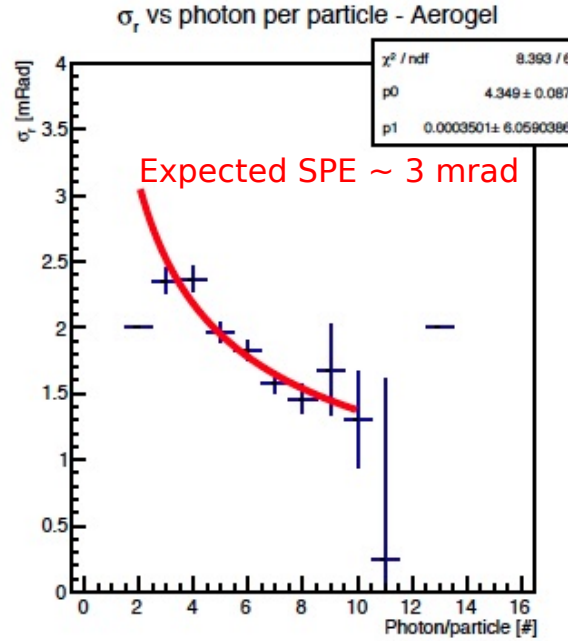
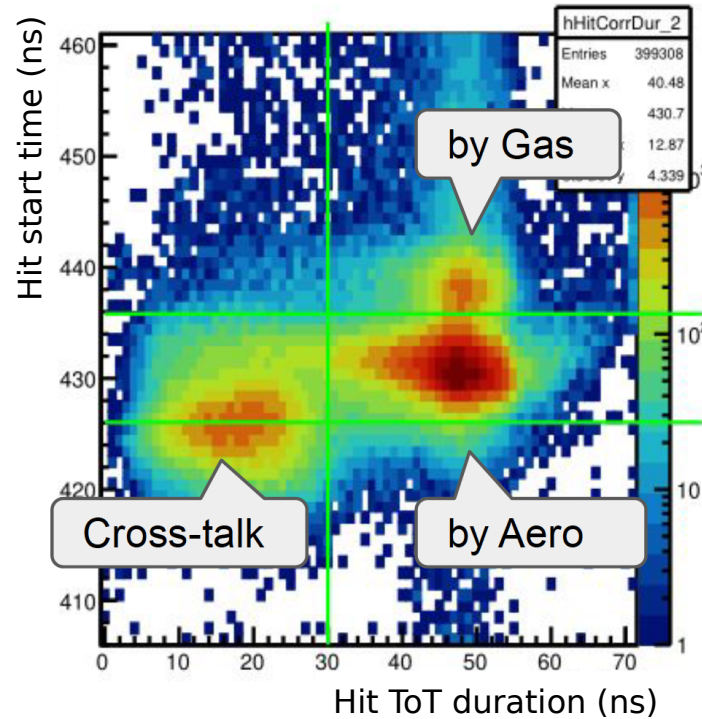
# dRICH Prototype Tests



Figures from M. Contalbrigo



# dRICH Prototype Tests



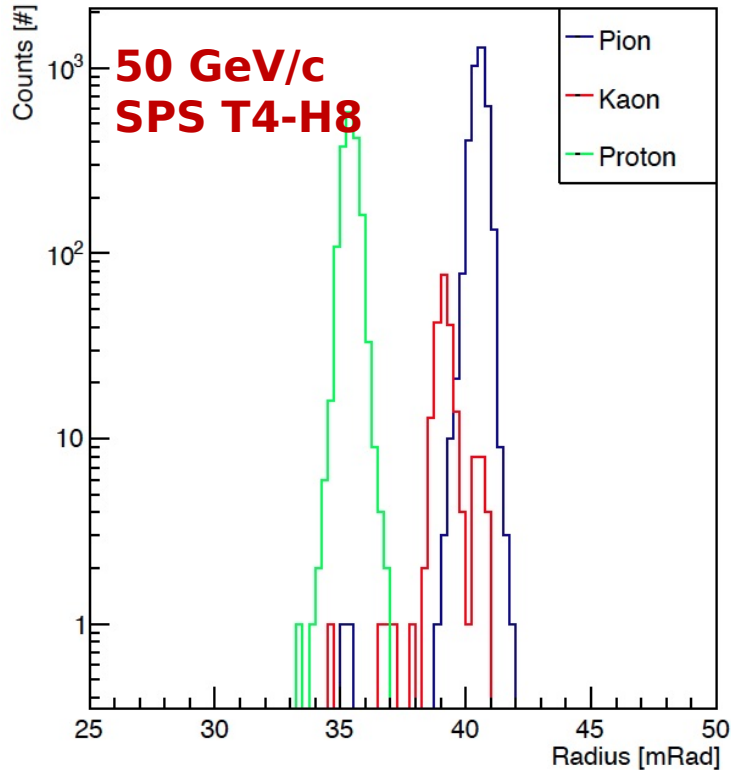
Figures from M. Contalbrigo



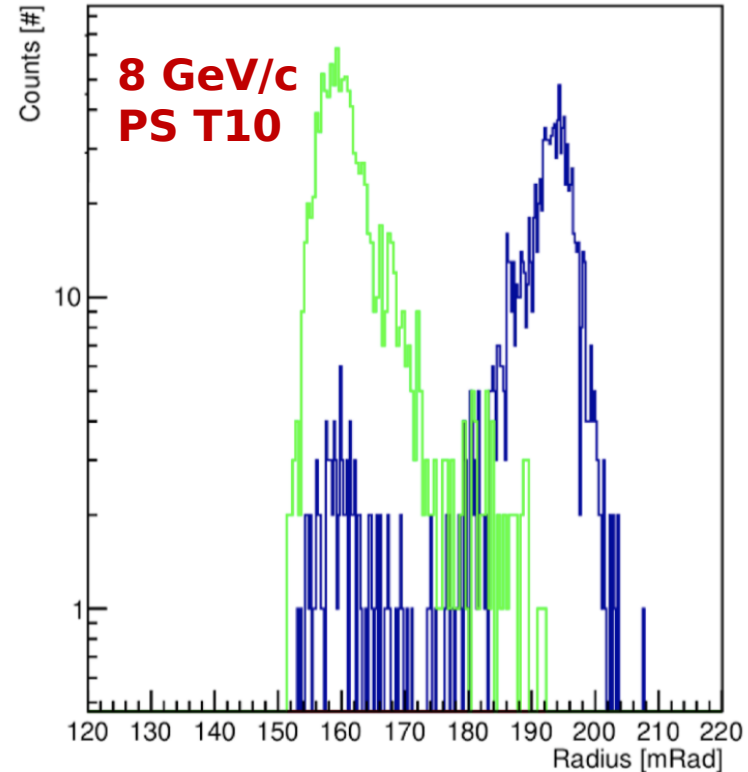
# dRICH Prototype Tests - Radiator Interplay

Test at 50 GeV mixed hadron beam with tagging by beam instrumentation (3x gas Cherenkov)

Single particle radius - Gas



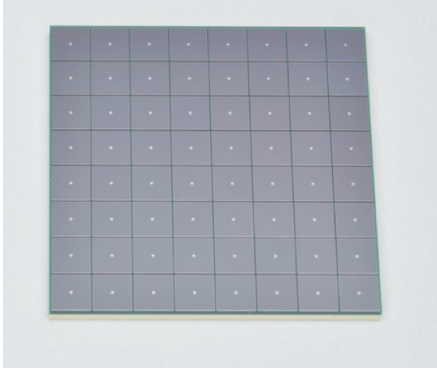
Single particle radius - Aerogel



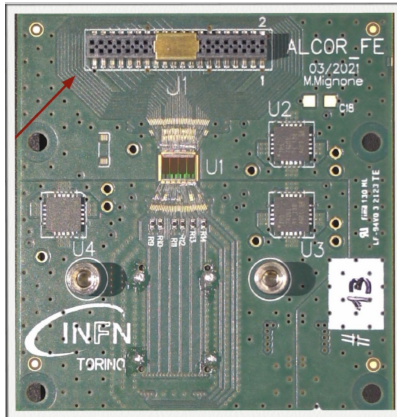
Figures from M. Contalbrigo

# EIC-driven SiPMs and Readout

Hamamatsu S13361-3050



ALCOR chip



MPPC arrays procurement ongoing  
Front-end design being finalized  
ALCOR v2 (better dynamic range and rate)  
ready for production (INFN in-kind)

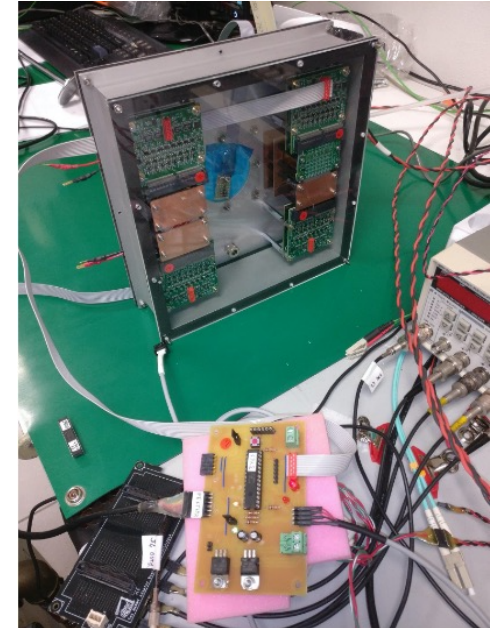
ALCOR chip (high-rate ToT architecture)  
in streaming mode

- 50 ps time bin
- 500 kHz rate per channel
- cryogenic compatible

## Streaming readout



## Integrated Cooling, In-situ annealing

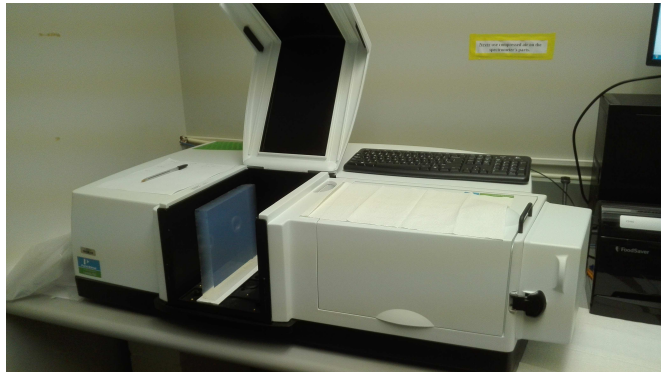


Figures from M. Contalbrigo

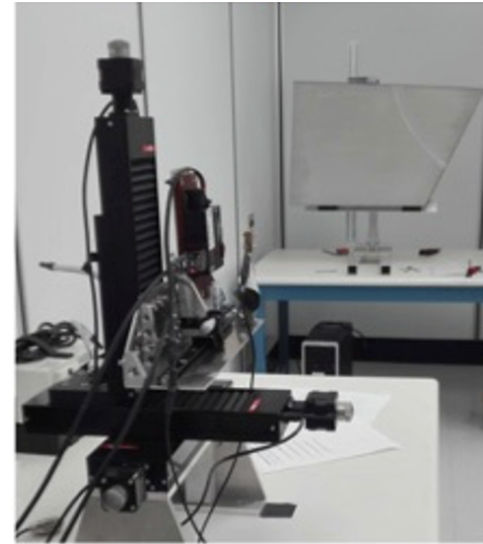
# Optical Characterization

Laboratory characterization of optical properties

Radiators: refractive index, transmittance, surface planarity, forward scattering



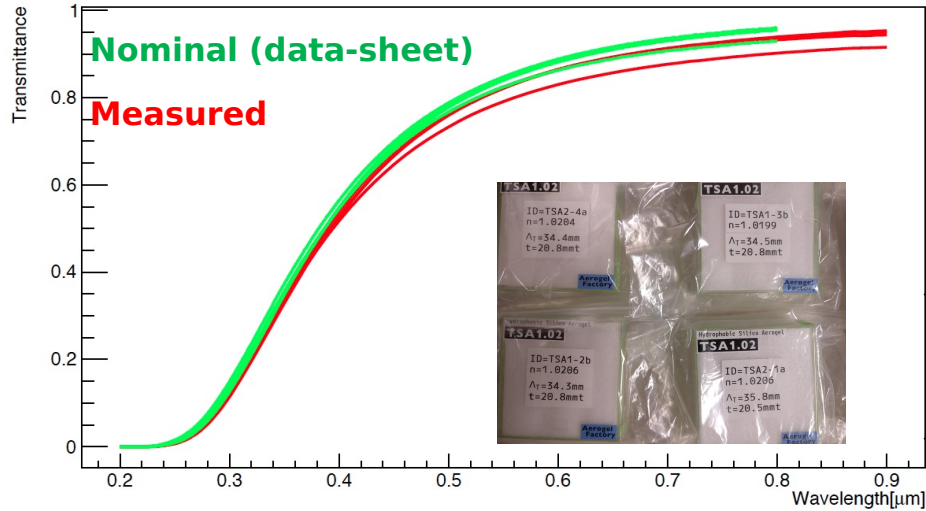
Mirrors: pointlike image, shape accuracy, surface rms



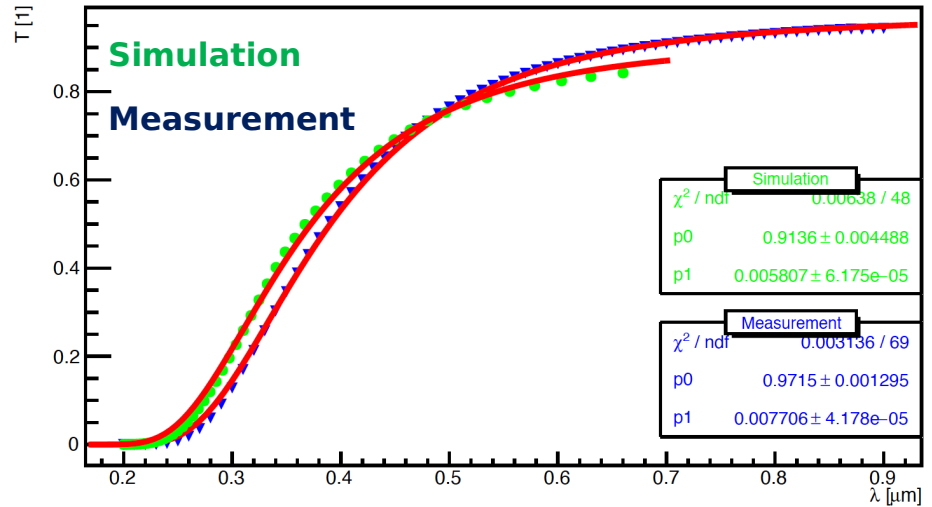
# Optical Characterization

Samples from Aerogel Factory (Japan)

Transmittance



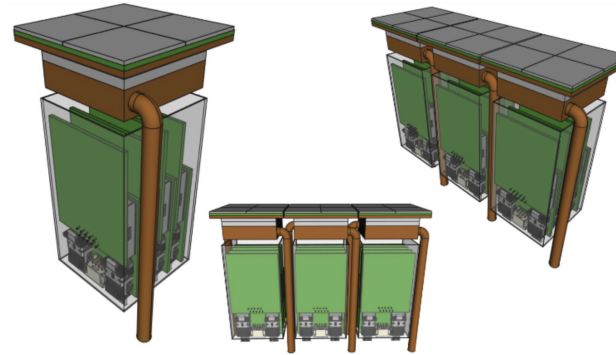
Transmittance



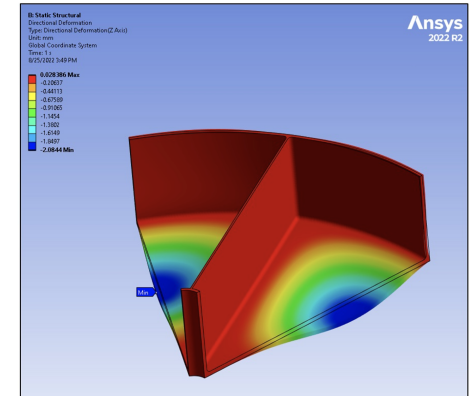
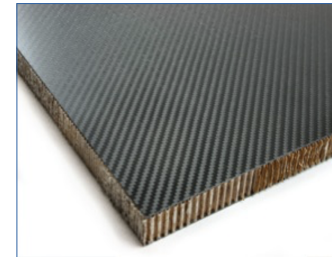
Figures from M. Contalbrigo

# dRICH Mechanics and Integration

## Readout modular unit and services

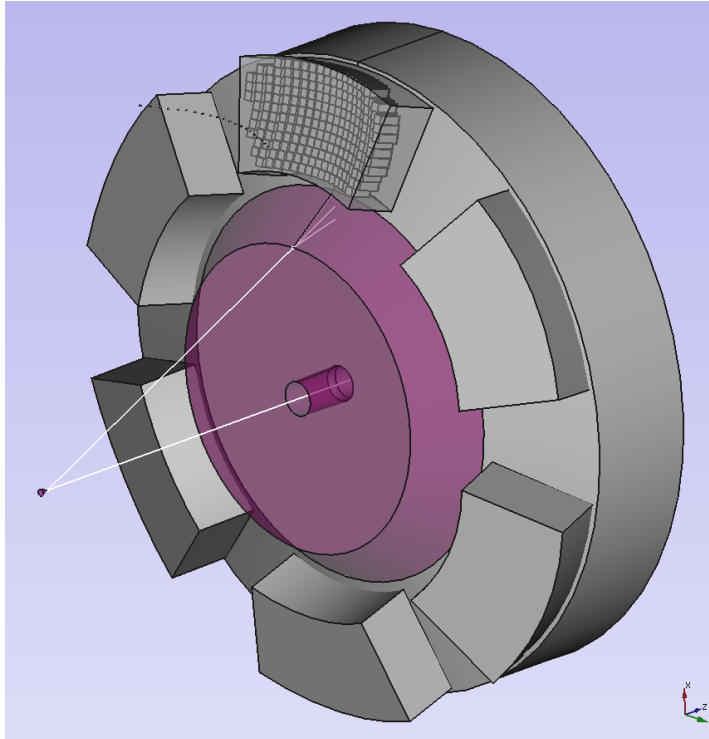


Composite materials and structural study  
(also for the over-pressure version)



$\Delta z_{dir} = +0 / - 0.21 \text{ cm}$

## Global layout and tolerances



# Summary

## ◆ **Simulation and Reconstruction**

- Geometry implemented in DD4hep
- Reconstruction (PID) in Juggler, migrating to EICrecon as standalone algorithms
- Performance studies well underway

## ◆ **Prototype**

- Recent beam test shows promising results
- Moving toward EIC-driven prototyping
- Optical characterization and testing

Backup

# ePIC dRICH Software Project Page

- Tracks GitHub Issues and Pull Requests from all repositories
- Help Wanted on Open Issues!
- More Issues (TODOs) welcome

<https://github.com/orgs/eic/projects/4/>

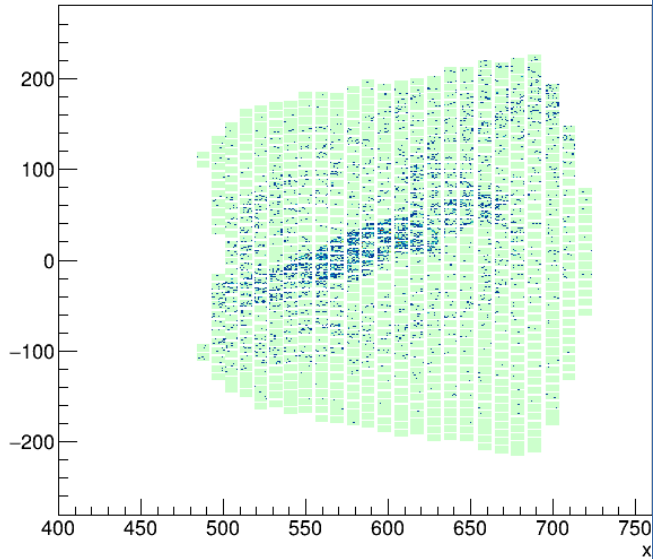
The screenshot displays a Kanban board with three columns: 'Todo' (13 items), 'In Progress' (8 items), and 'Done' (26 items). Each task card includes an Epic ID, a description, and a status icon.

Column	Count	Task Description	Icon
Todo	13	EICrecon #352: Add noise injection option to <code>PhotoMultiplierHitDigi</code>	🔴
		EICrecon #353: Determine default <code>PhotoMultiplierHitDigi_factory</code> parameters for dRICH SiPMs	🔴
		epic #175: dRICH: add sensor services	🔴
		epic #166: dRICH/pRICH: tile the aerogel	🔴
In Progress	8	epic #123: dRICH: update mirror parameterization	🟢
		epic #18: dRICH: sensor material should not be <code>AirOptical</code>	🔴
		epic #42: test (dRICH): dRICH large photon sensor mode for focal point region mapping	🟡
		EDM4eic #1: legacy support: Cherenkov data model for <code>hugler_test1</code>	🟡
Done	26	epic #108: dRICH: check and improve the readout <code>cellID</code> bit fields	🟢
		epic #173: fix(dRICH): slightly increase envelope radii to be consistent with menagerie	🔴
		epic #158: feat(PID): rescale pRICH and sync fixes from the dRICH	🟢
		epic #127: pRICH: rescale the geometry for the	🟢

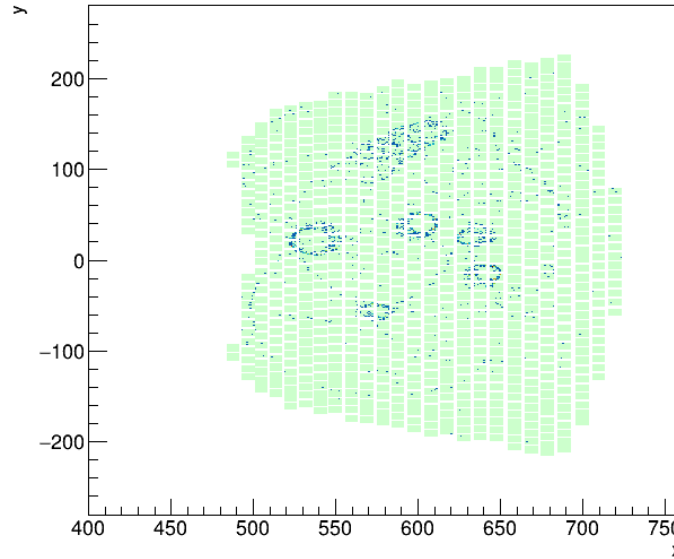


# Pions at $21.9^\circ$

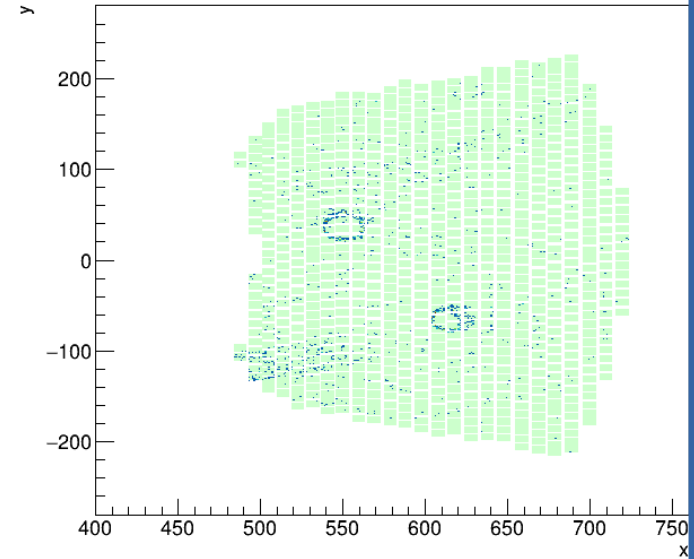
Photon hits, sector 0, event 3



Photon hits, sector 0, event 4



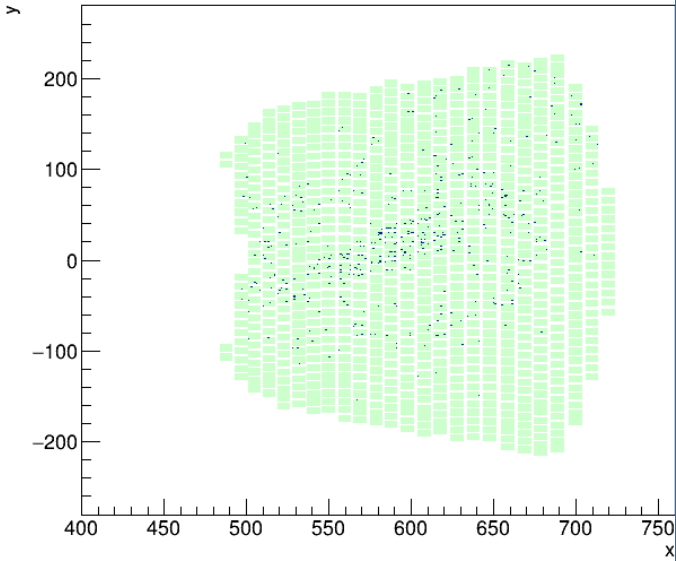
Photon hits, sector 0, event 0



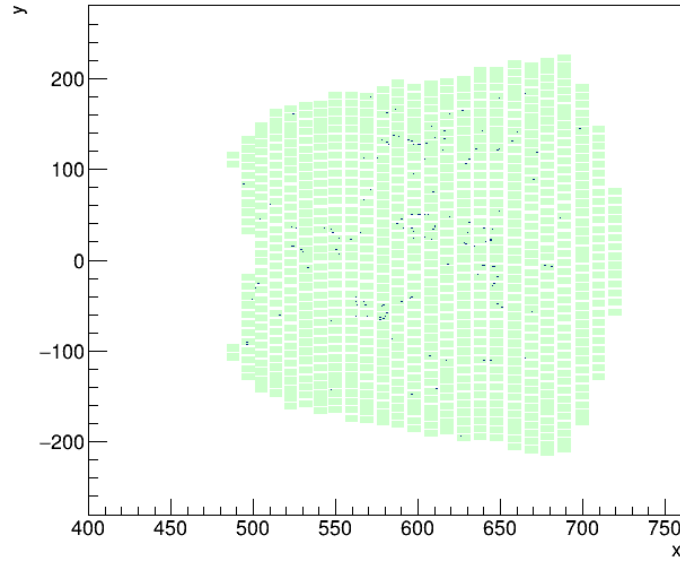
- 40 GeV pions thrown at  $\theta = 21.9^\circ$
- Something is causing multiple scattering, all other  $\theta$  regions behave as expected
- Example multi-track events

# Pions at 21.9°

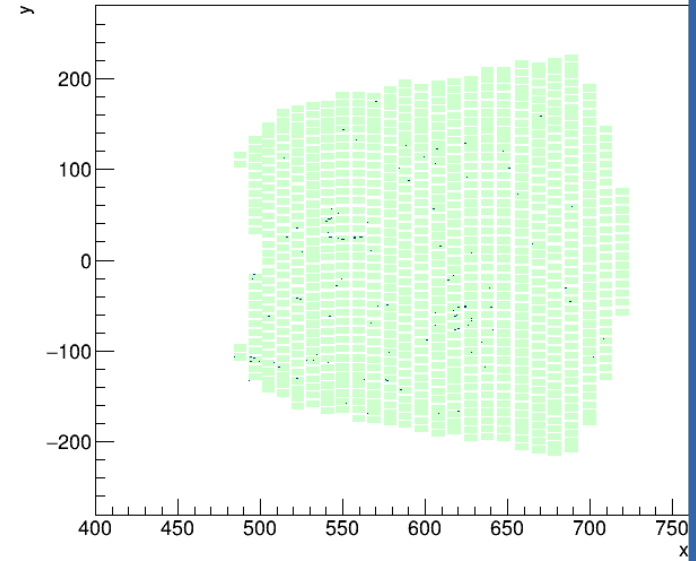
Digitized hits, sector 0, event 3



Digitized hits, sector 0, event 4



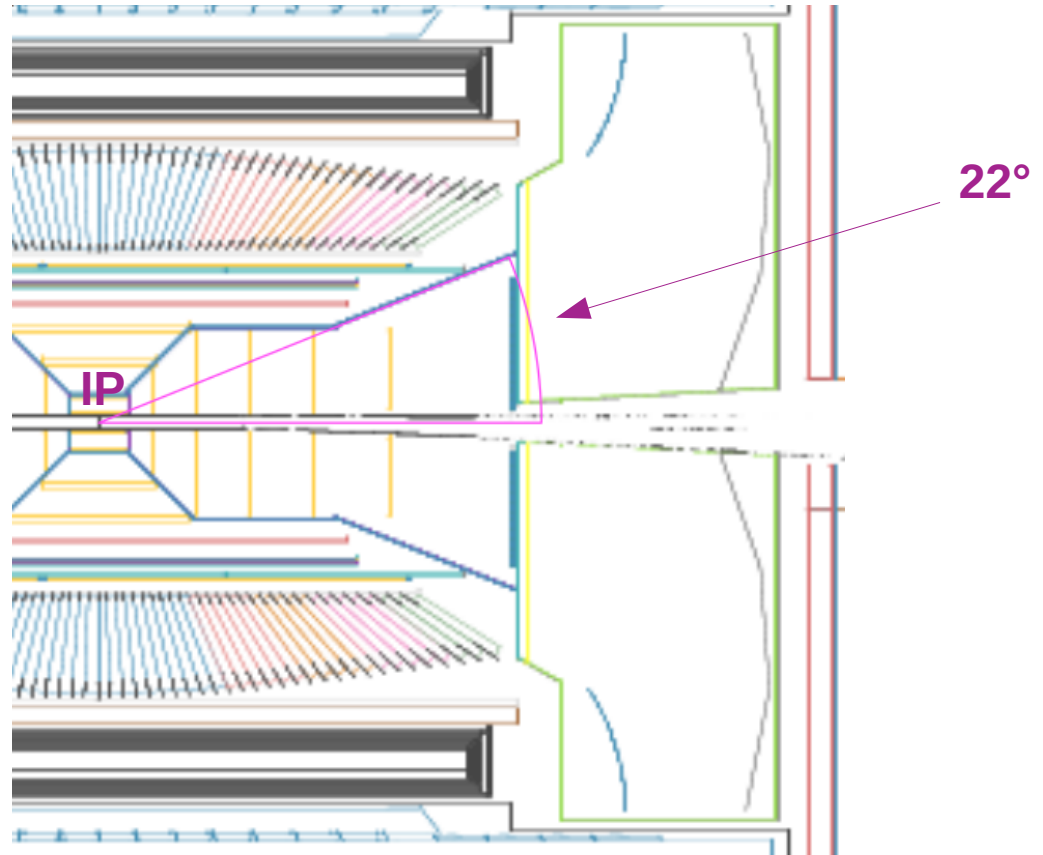
Digitized hits, sector 0, event 0



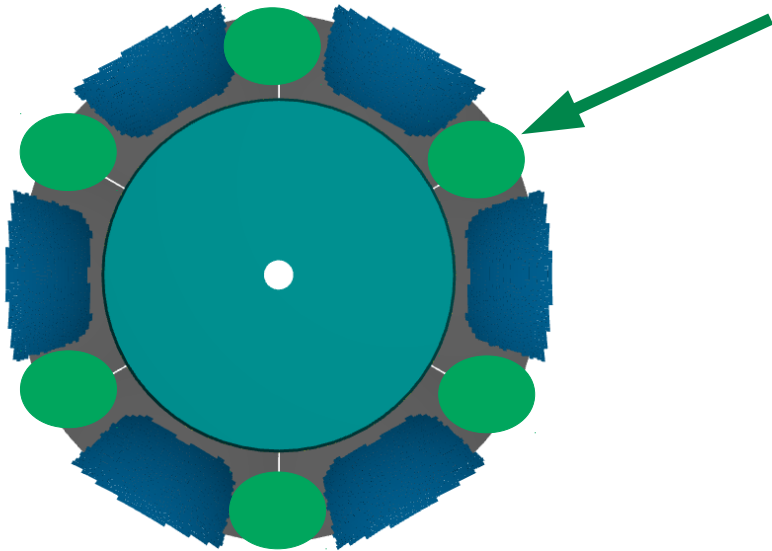
- After Digitization

# Pions at 21.9°

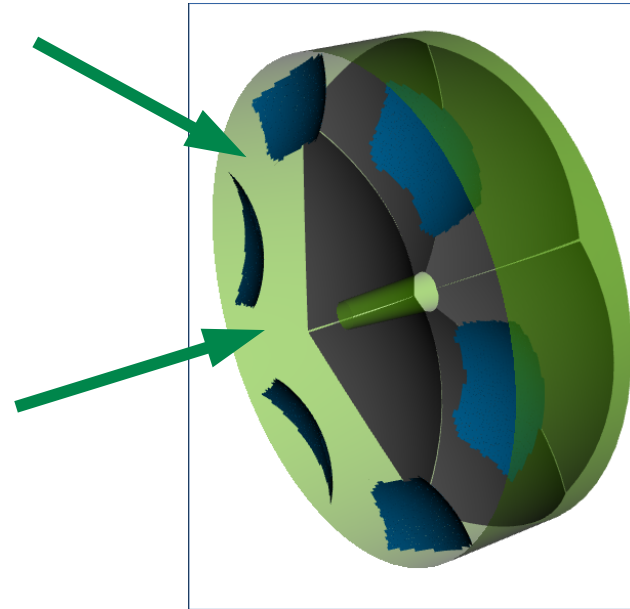
The cause: tracker support



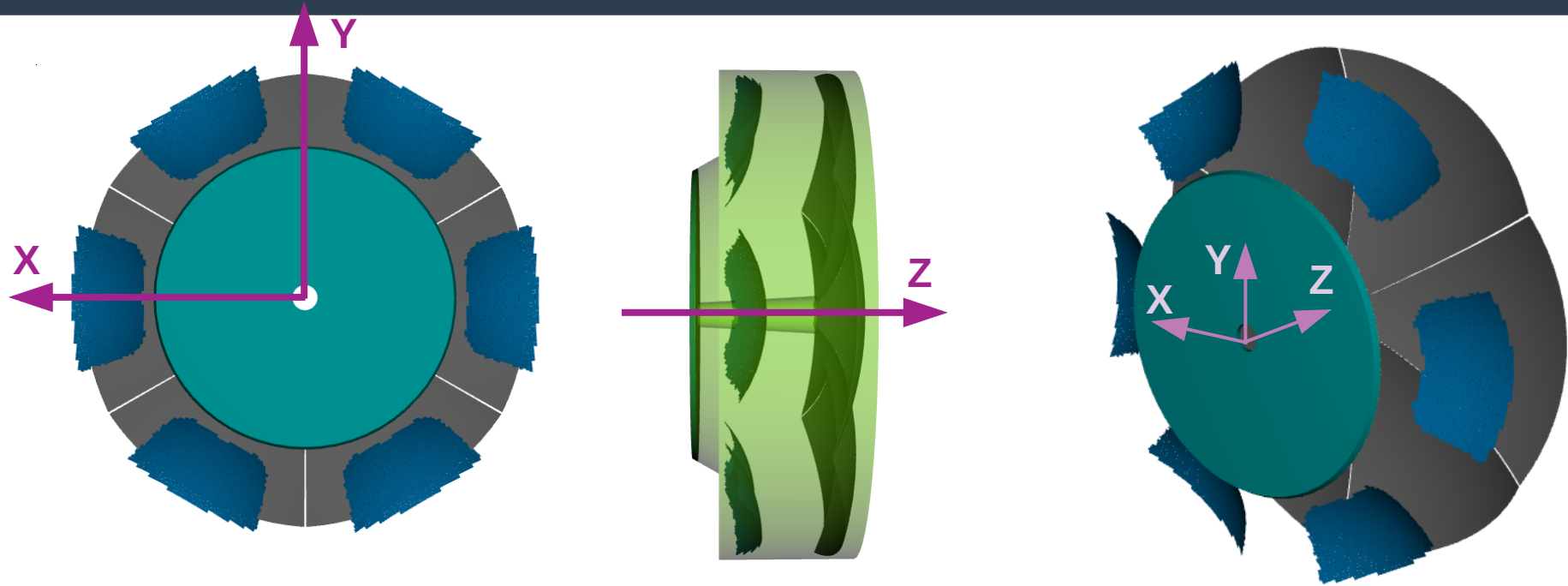
# Services



- Use empty azimuthal space between sensors
- Expect no reflected photons in these regions



# DD4hep Geometry



## 3D Interactive View!

[https://eic.github.io/epic/geoviewer?file=artifacts/tgeo/drich\\_only.root&item=default;1&opt=zoom200;ROTY290;ROTZ350;trz0;trr0;ctrl;all](https://eic.github.io/epic/geoviewer?file=artifacts/tgeo/drich_only.root&item=default;1&opt=zoom200;ROTY290;ROTZ350;trz0;trr0;ctrl;all)

# Modular Reconstruction Strategy

## ◆ Generic algorithms

- Modular: each algorithm focuses on one thing, e.g.:
  - Digitization
  - Track Projection
  - Running IRT
- Each algorithm has 2 components:
  - Framework-independent algorithm (only depends on data model)
  - Framework boilerplate algorithm runner (EICrecon factories and processors)
- Multiple input collections, one output collection

## ◆ Algorithms are generalized to **support other PID detectors**: pfRICH, mRICH, DIRC, ...

- And in some cases, other subsystems (e.g., PMT digitization)

# To Do: PID Performance Parameterization

## ◆ Parameterization generator code:

- Efficiency in bins of  $(\eta, p)$ , for pairs in  $\{\pi, K, p\}$
- Produces configuration for Delphes fast simulation (screenshot)
- Plan to make usable by full simulations
  - (until PID is integrated in full production)

```
add EfficiencyFormula {211} {321} {
  (eta < 1.20 || eta >= 3.60 || pt * cosh(eta) < 0.90 || pt * cosh(eta) >= 27.00) * (0.00) +
  ( 1.20 <= eta && eta < 1.60) * ( 0.90 <= pt * cosh(eta) && pt * cosh(eta) < 1.40) * (0.000000) +
  ( 1.20 <= eta && eta < 1.60) * ( 1.40 <= pt * cosh(eta) && pt * cosh(eta) < 2.90) * (0.000000) +
  ( 1.20 <= eta && eta < 1.60) * ( 2.90 <= pt * cosh(eta) && pt * cosh(eta) < 4.20) * (0.000000) +
  ( 1.20 <= eta && eta < 1.60) * ( 4.20 <= pt * cosh(eta) && pt * cosh(eta) < 5.50) * (0.000000) +
  ( 1.20 <= eta && eta < 1.60) * ( 5.50 <= pt * cosh(eta) && pt * cosh(eta) < 10.00) * (0.000000) +
  ( 1.20 <= eta && eta < 1.60) * ( 10.00 <= pt * cosh(eta) && pt * cosh(eta) < 15.00) * (0.000381) +
  ( 1.20 <= eta && eta < 1.60) * ( 15.00 <= pt * cosh(eta) && pt * cosh(eta) < 20.00) * (0.026793) +
  ( 1.20 <= eta && eta < 1.60) * ( 20.00 <= pt * cosh(eta) && pt * cosh(eta) < 27.00) * (0.140689) +
  ( 1.60 <= eta && eta < 2.00) * ( 0.90 <= pt * cosh(eta) && pt * cosh(eta) < 1.40) * (0.000000) +
}
```