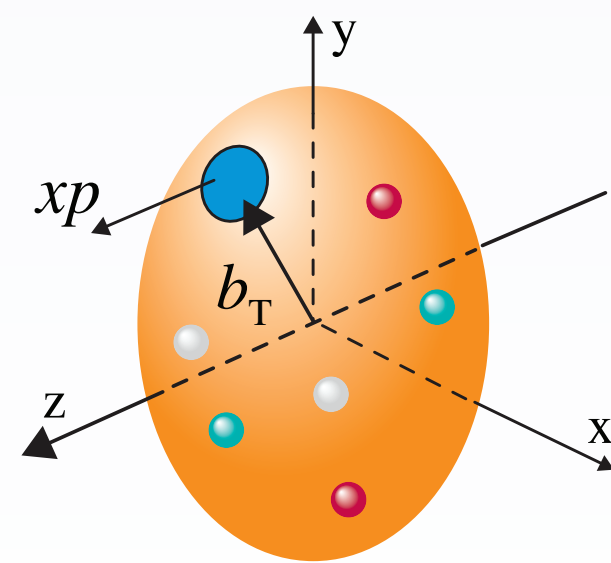
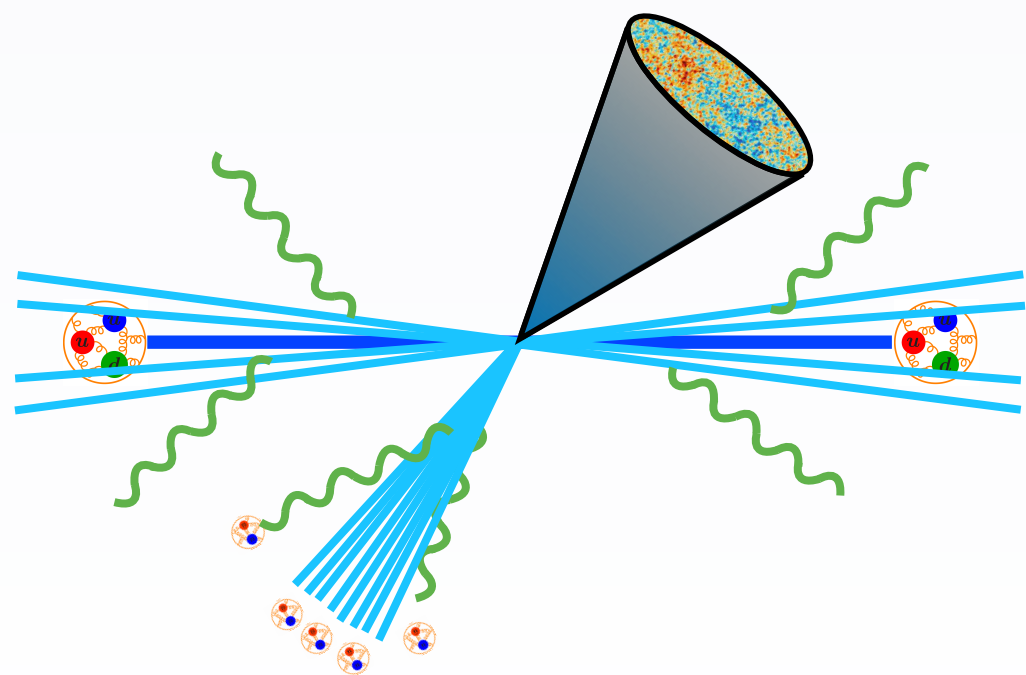


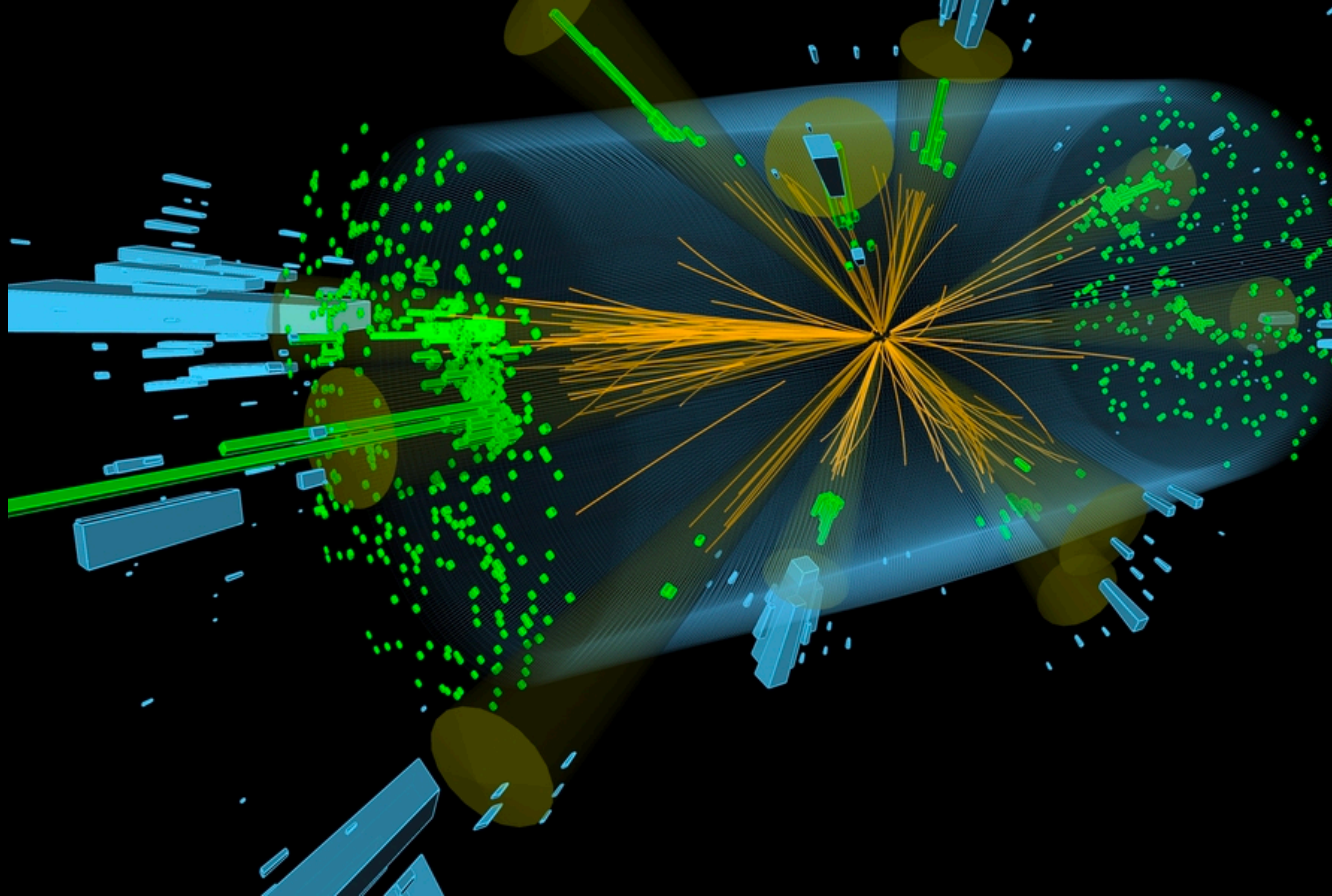
Understanding TMD structure using *jets*

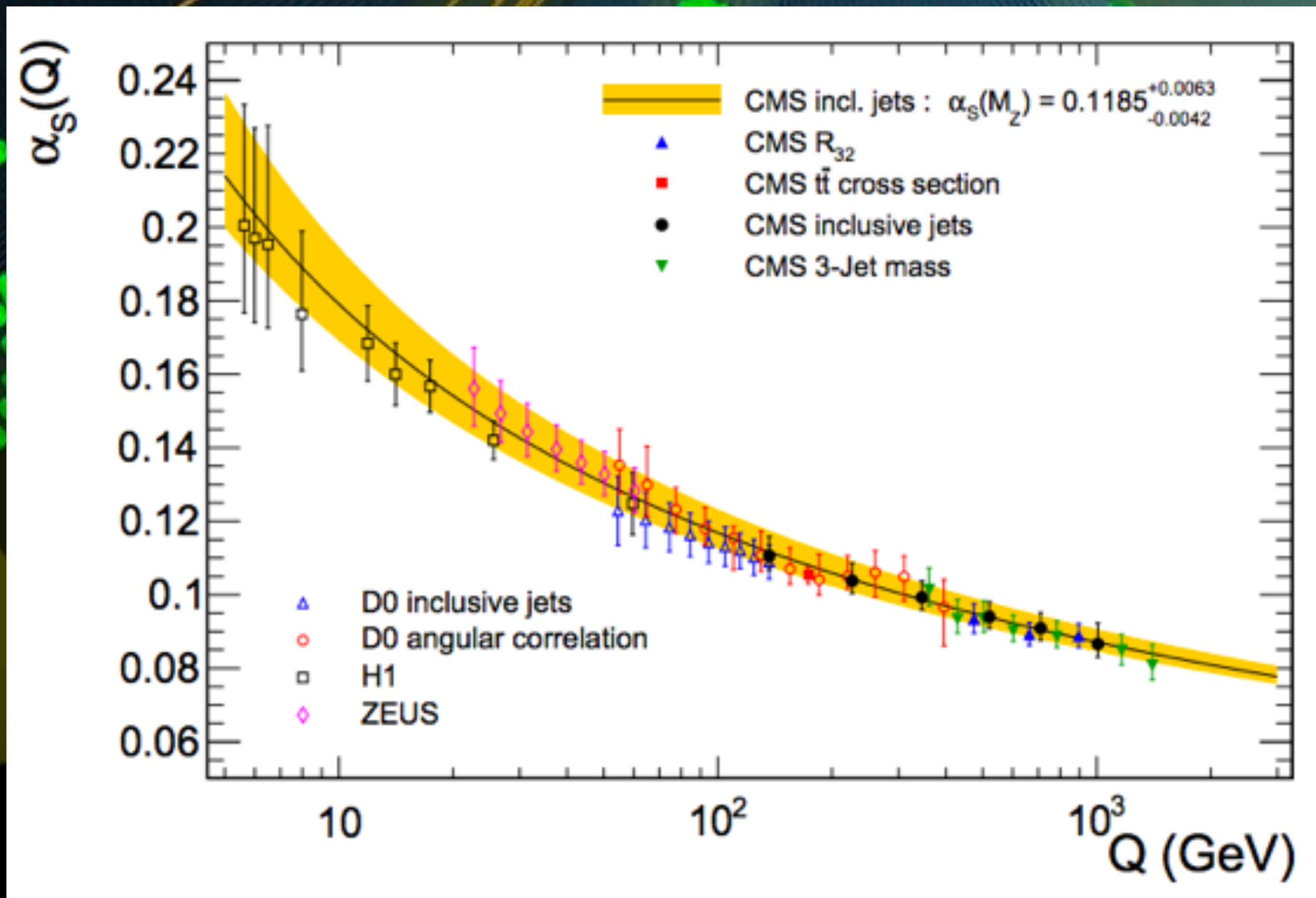
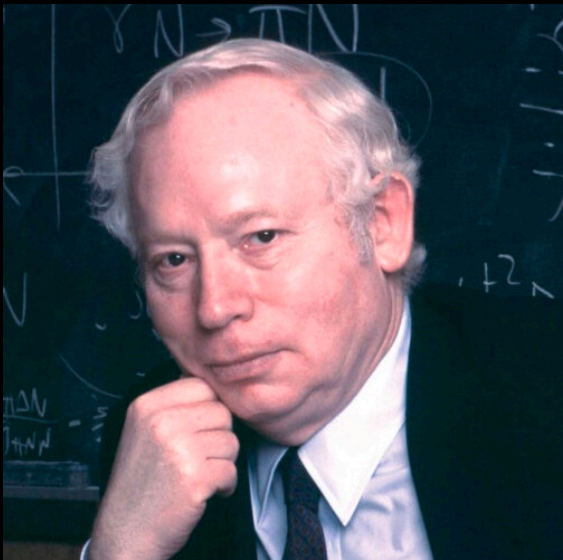
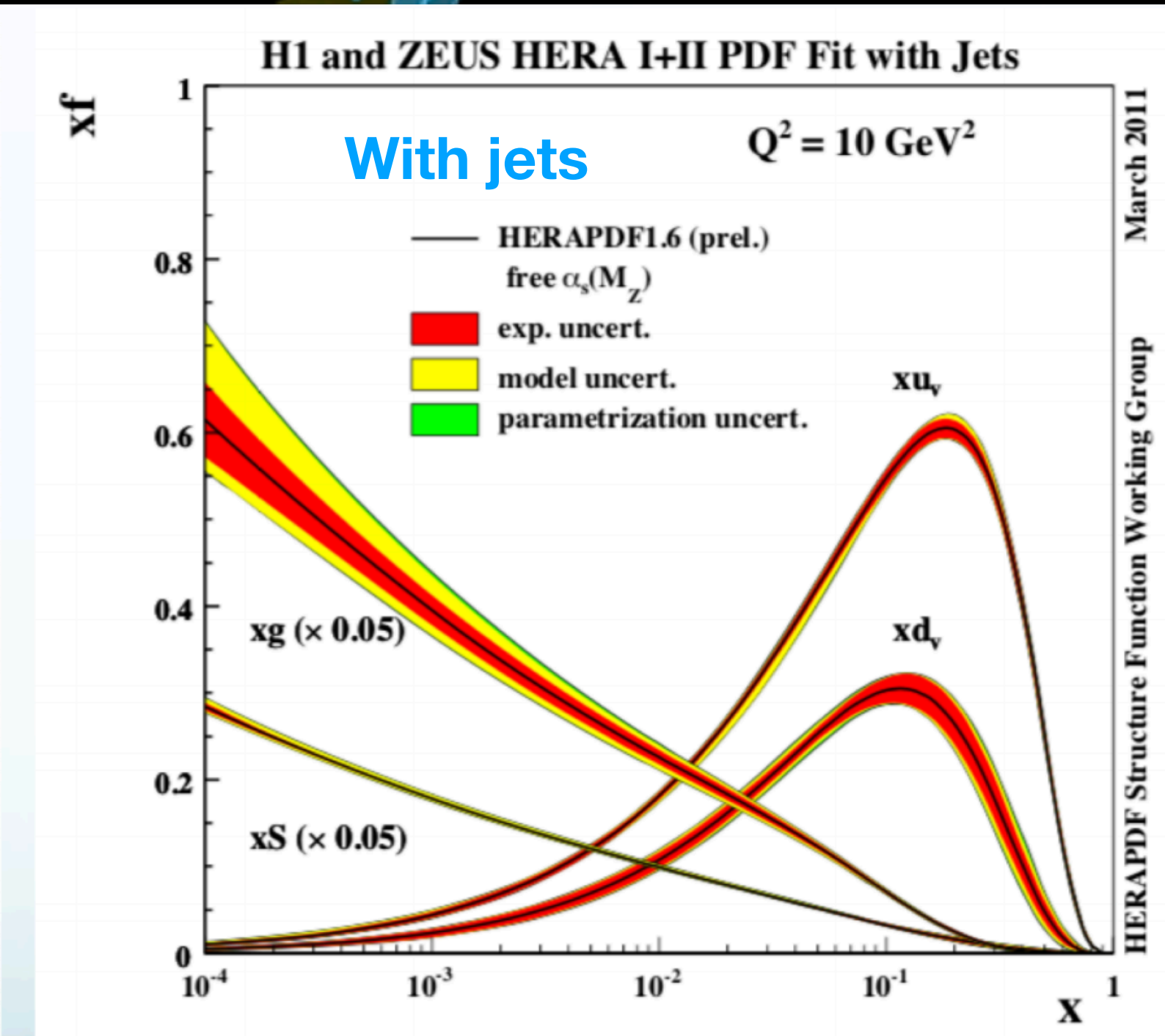
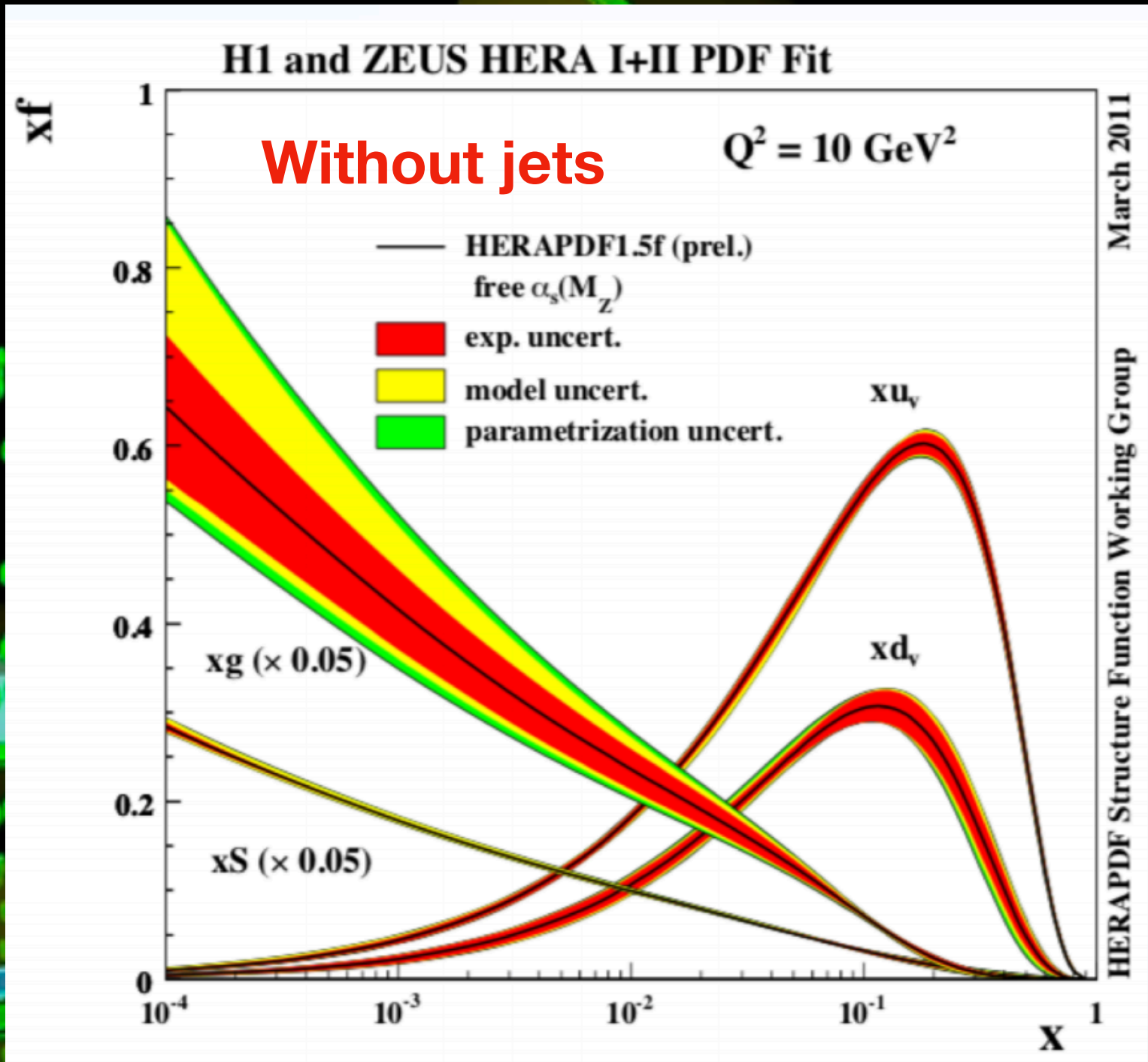
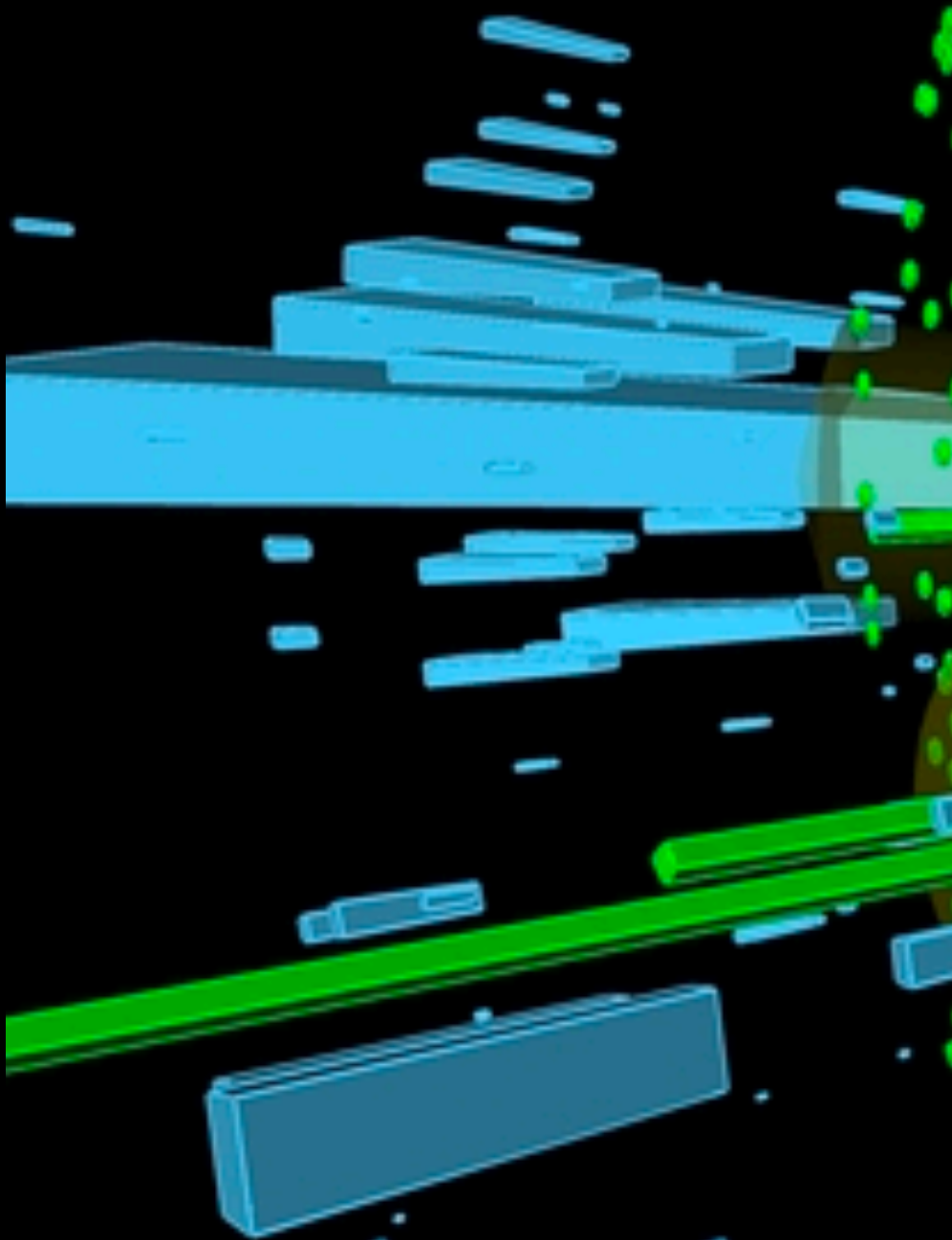


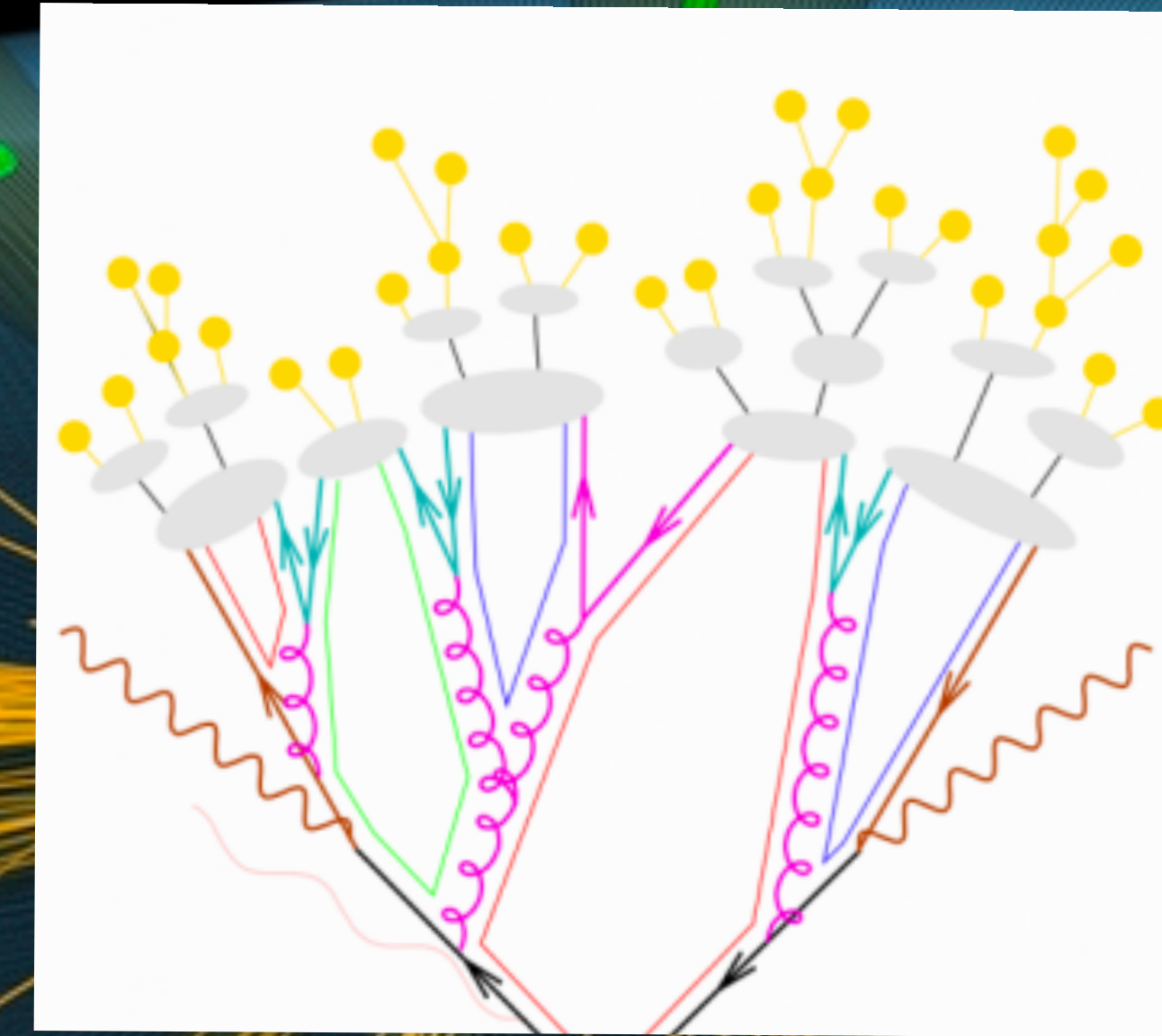
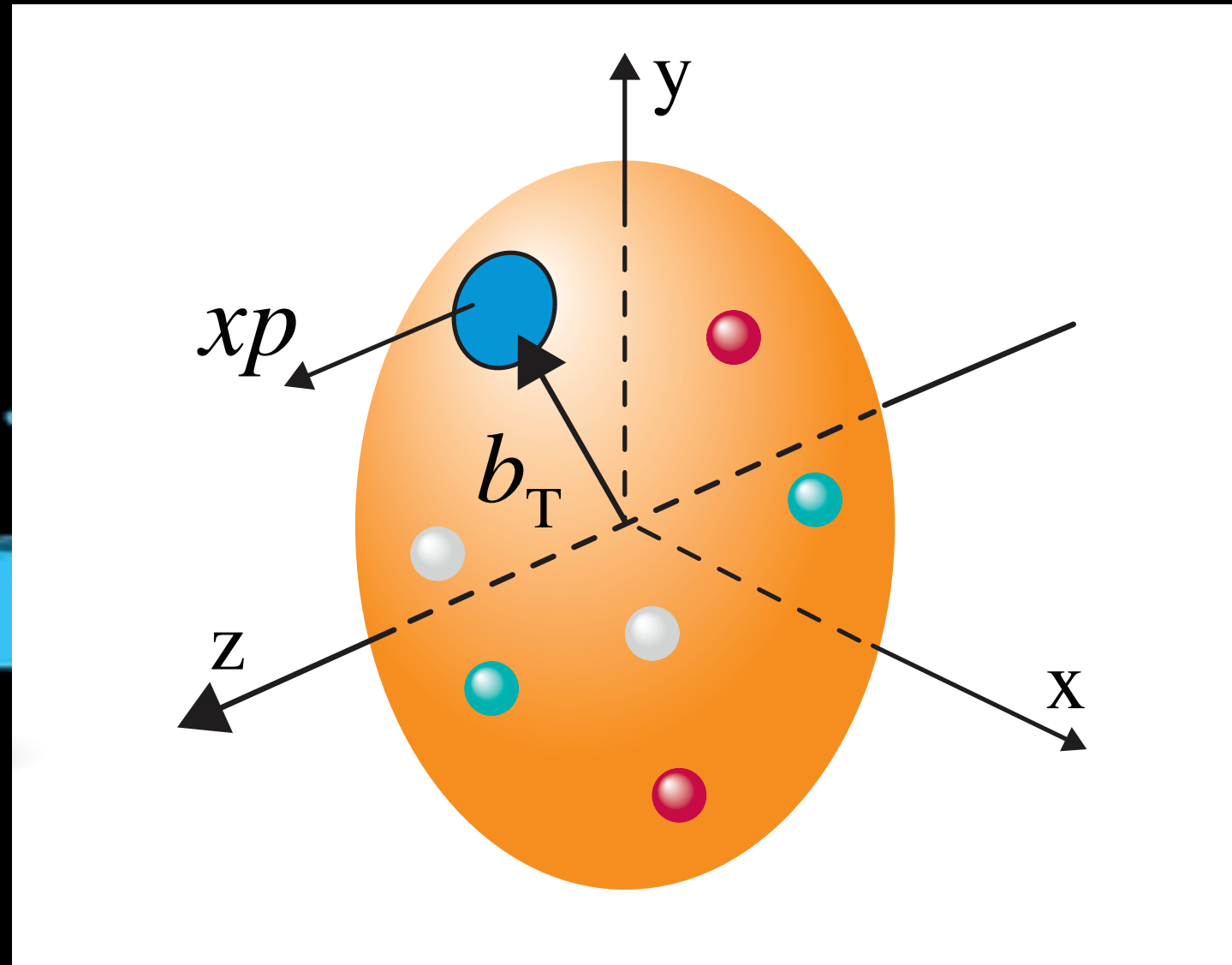
Kyle Lee
CTP, MIT

CFNS TMD workshop
June 21st - 23rd, 2023

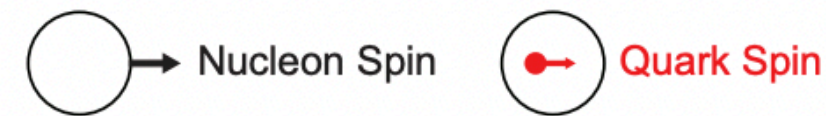








Leading Quark TMDPDFs



		Quark Polarization		
		Un-Polarized (U)	Longitudinally Polarized (L)	Transversely Polarized (T)
Nucleon Polarization	U	$f_1 = \text{Unpolarized}$		$h_1^\perp = \text{Boer-Mulders}$
	L		$g_1 = \text{Helicity}$	$h_{1L}^\perp = \text{Worm-gear}$
	T	$f_{1T}^\perp = \text{Sivers}$	$g_{1T}^\perp = \text{Worm-gear}$	$h_1 = \text{Transversity}$ $h_{1T}^\perp = \text{Pretzelosity}$

Leading Quark TMDFFs



		Quark Polarization		
		Un-Polarized (U)	Longitudinally Polarized (L)	Transversely Polarized (T)
Unpolarized (or Spin 0) Hadrons		$D_1 = \text{Unpolarized}$		$H_1^\perp = \text{Collins}$
	L		$G_1 = \text{Helicity}$	H_{1L}^\perp
Polarized Hadrons	T	$D_{1T}^\perp = \text{Polarizing FF}$	G_{1T}^\perp	$H_1 = \text{Transversity}$ H_{1T}^\perp

TMD Handbook

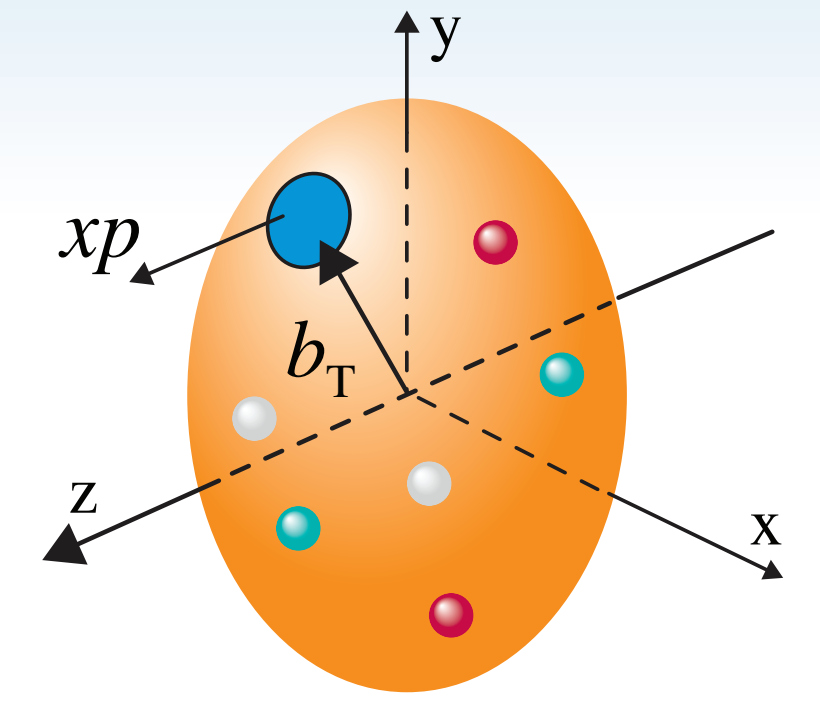
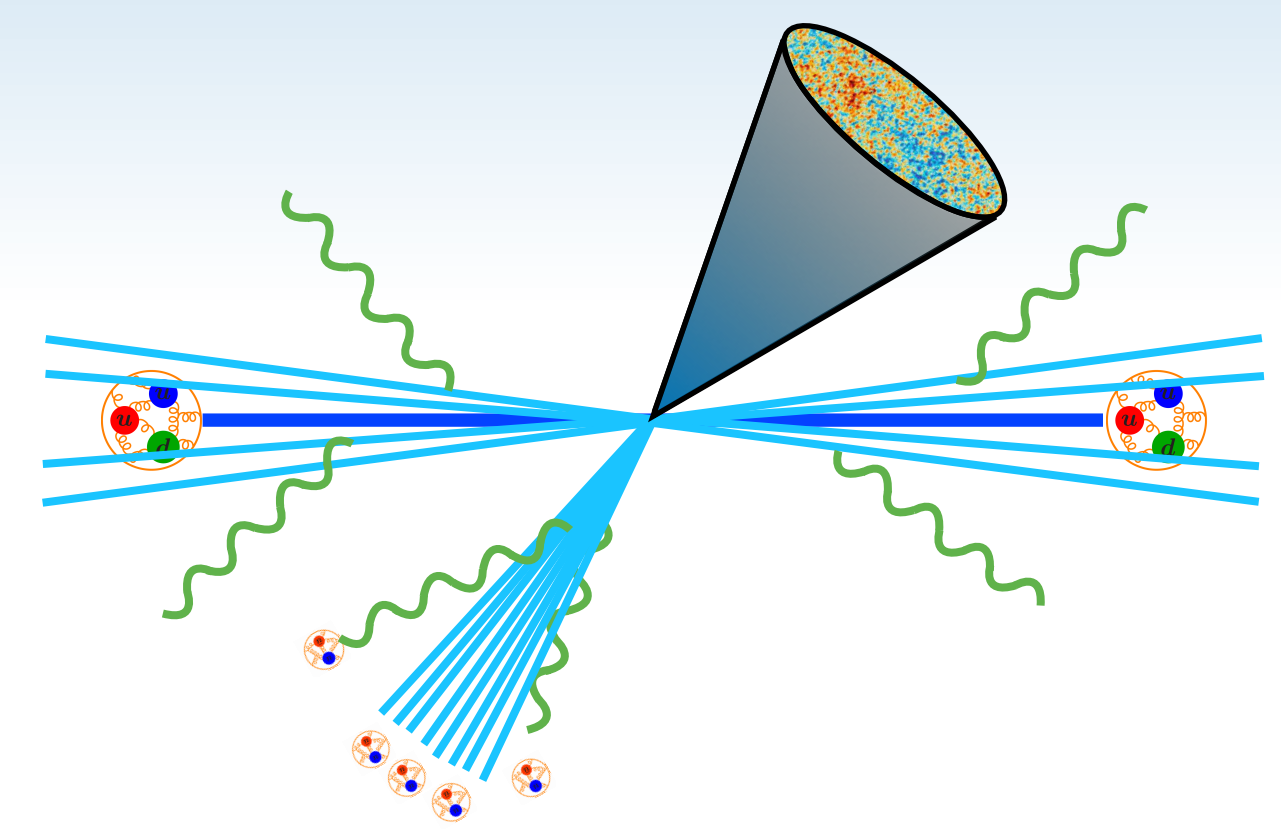
April 6, 2023

A modern introduction to the physics of Transverse Momentum Dependent distributions

Renaud Boussarie
 Matthias Burkardt
 Martha Constantinou
 William Detmold
 Markus Ebert
 Michael Engelhardt
 Sean Fleming
 Leonard Gamberg
 Xiangdong Ji
 Zhong-Bo Kang
 Christopher Lee
 Keh-Fei Liu
 Simonetta Liuti
 Thomas Mehen *
 Andreas Metz
 John Negele
 Daniel Pitonyak
 Alexei Prokudin
 Jian-Wei Qiu
 Abha Rajan
 Marc Schlegel
 Phiala Shanahan
 Peter Schweitzer
 Iain W. Stewart *
 Andrey Tarasov
 Raju Venugopalan
 Ivan Vitev
 Feng Yuan
 Yong Zhao



* - Editors

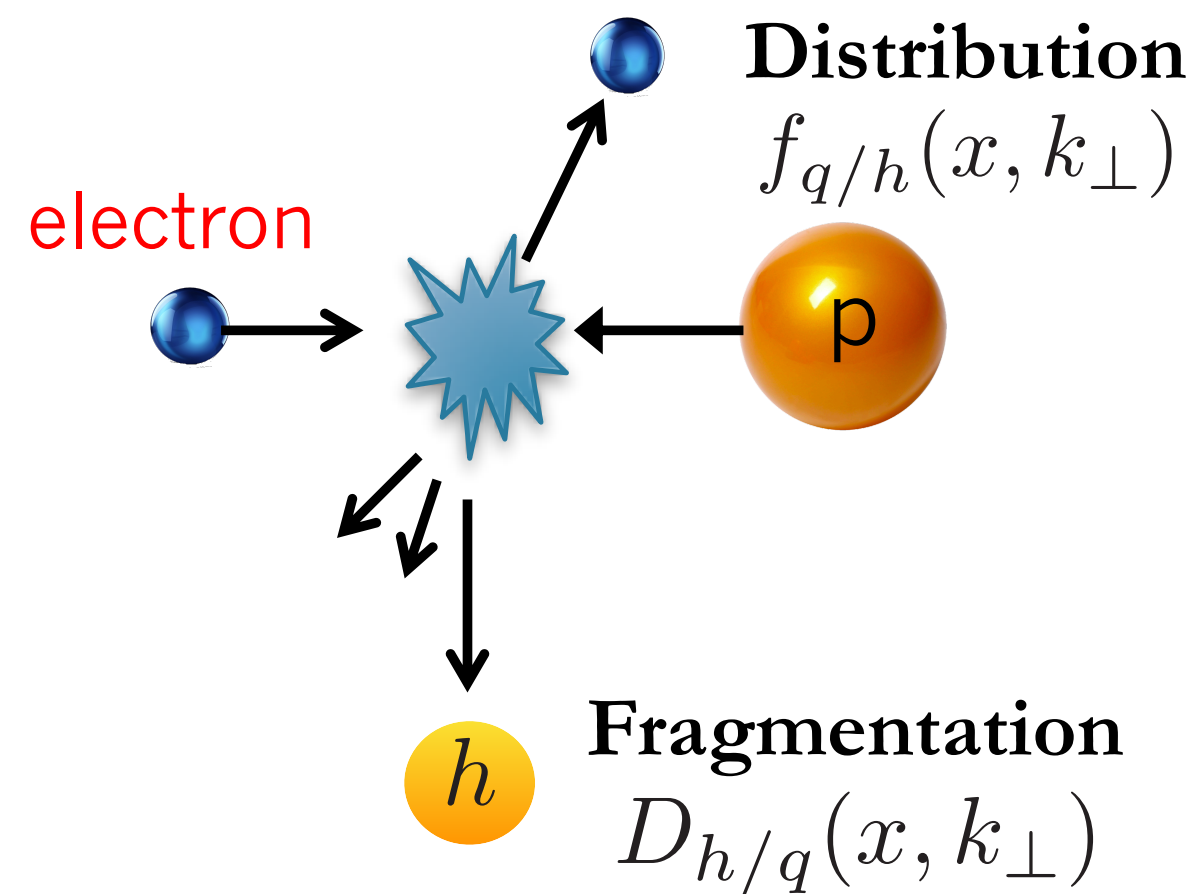


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Standard processes to study TMDs

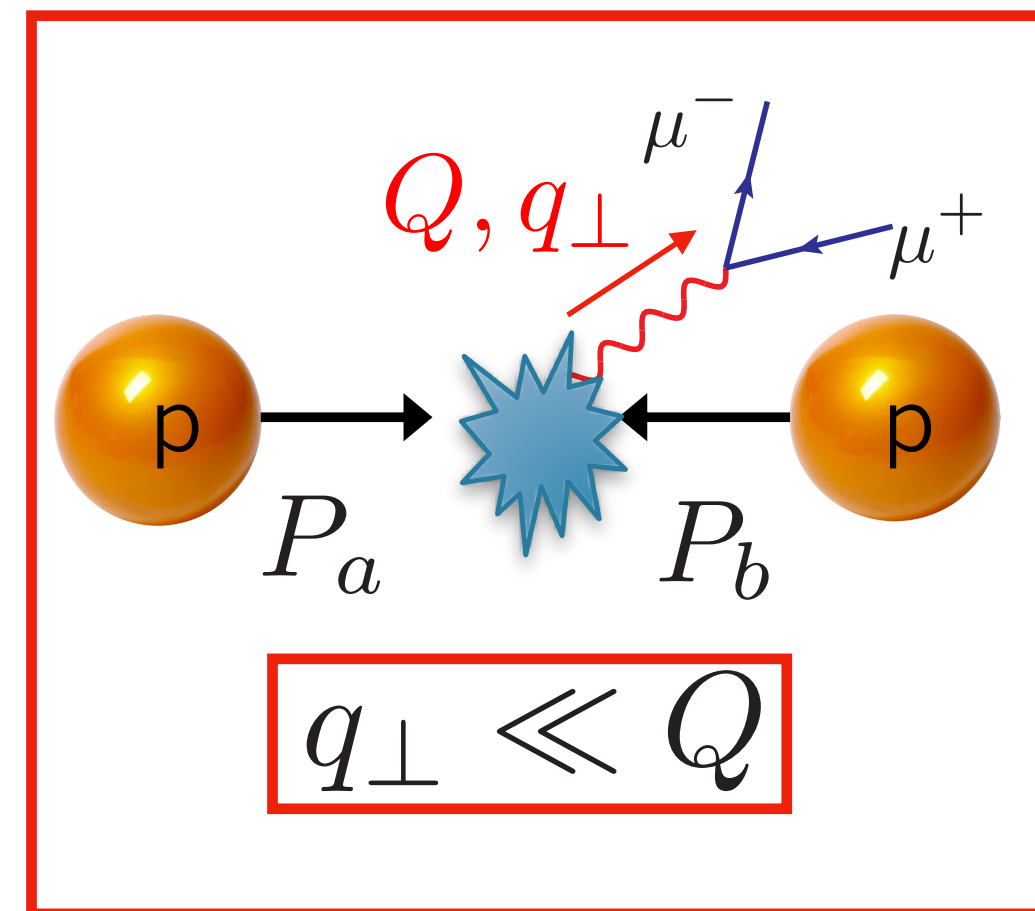
Semi-Inclusive DIS (SIDIS)

$$\sigma \sim f_{q/P}(x, k_{\perp}) D_{h/q}(x, k_{\perp})$$



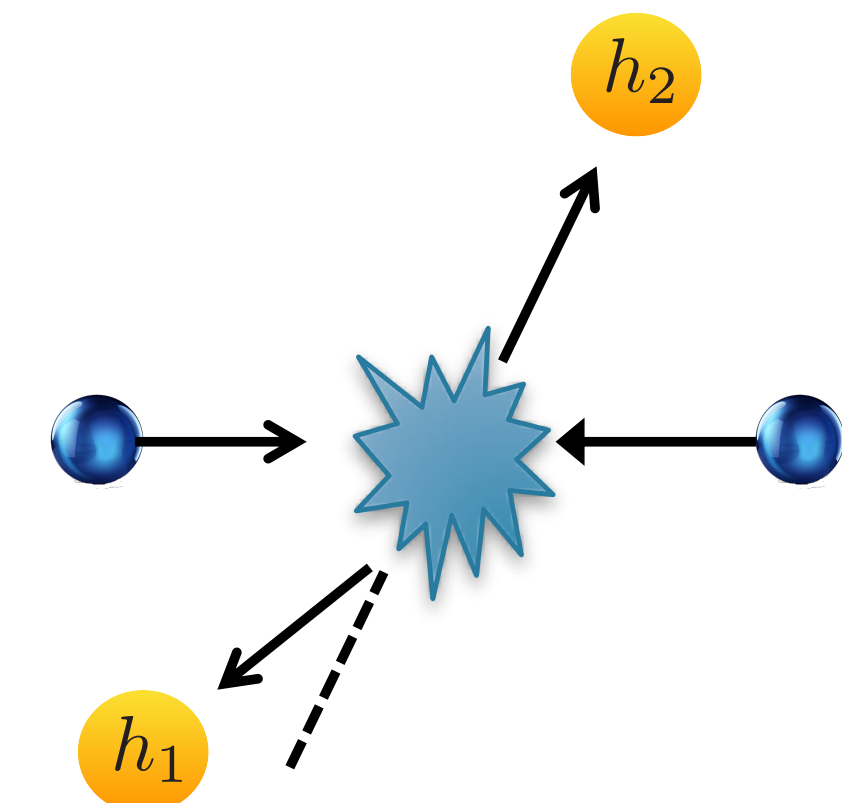
Drell-Yan

$$\sigma \sim f_{q/P}(x, k_{\perp}) f_{\bar{q}/P}(x, k_{\perp})$$



Dihadrons in e^+e^-

$$\sigma \sim D_{h_1/q}(x, k_{\perp}) D_{h_2/q}(x, k_{\perp})$$

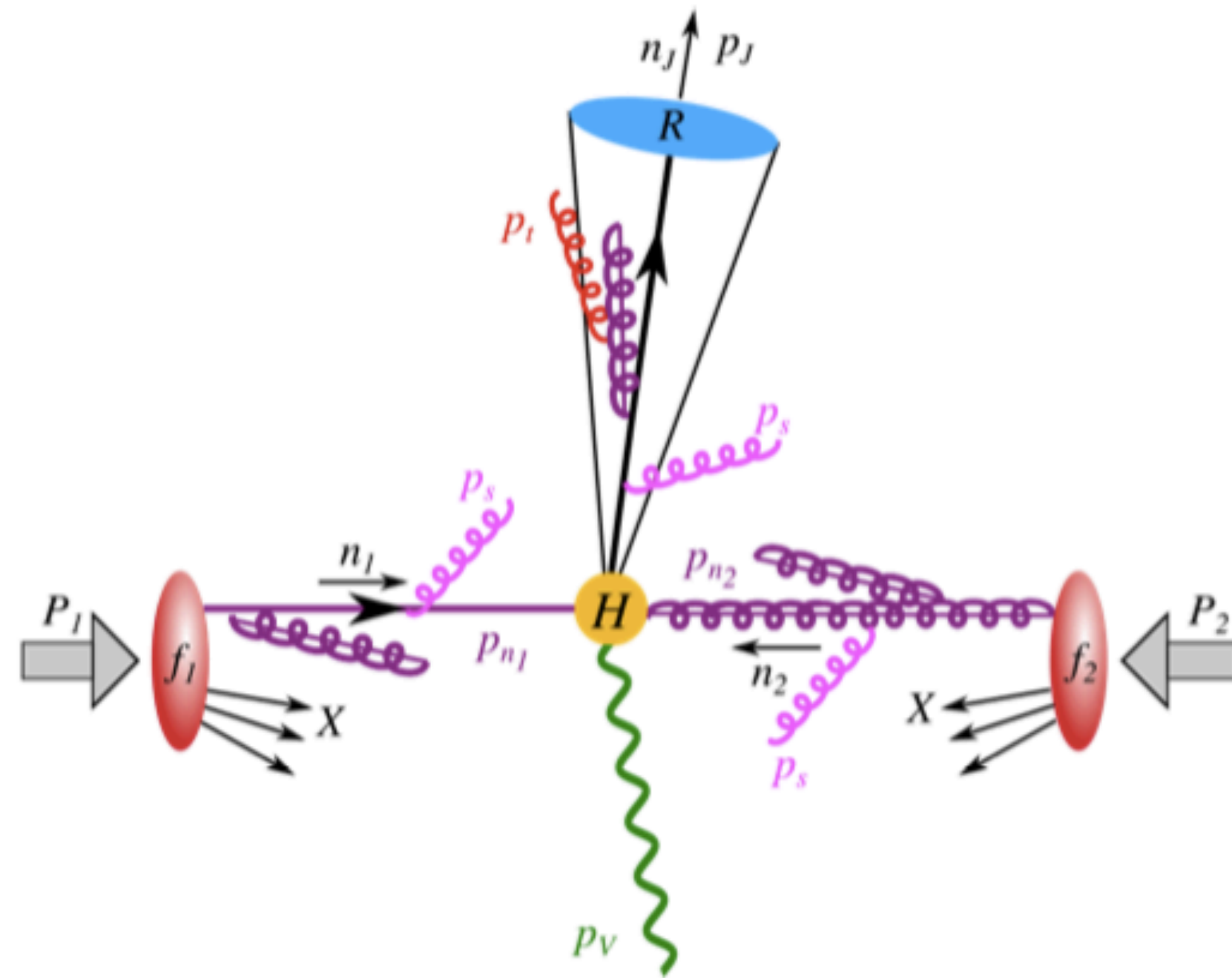


- Small transverse momentum measured with respect to **an axis** gives sensitivity to the intrinsic transverse momentum
- They have a well-established factorization formalism

(CSS) Collin, Soper, Sterman '81-'85
 Ji, Ma, Yuan '04
 Becher, Neubert, Wilhelm '11-'13
 Echevarria, Idilbi, Scimemi '11-'14

Beyond the standard processes

- Many other imaginable processes involving *jets* with sensitivity to the TMD structure



$$\begin{aligned}
 PP &\rightarrow J_1 + J_2 + X, \\
 PP &\rightarrow J + V + X, \\
 PP &\rightarrow J(h) + X, \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

LHC / RHIC

$$\begin{aligned}
 eP &\rightarrow e + J + X \\
 eP &\rightarrow Q + \bar{Q} + X, \\
 eP &\rightarrow J(h) + X, \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

EIC

- Many experiments sensitive to such processes
- Standard processes have low sensitivity to gluon TMDs.
- Standard processes sensitive to *two* TMDs simultaneously; many involving jets will only be sensitive to a *single* TMD.

1) Lepton + jet imbalance

TMDPDFs $eP \rightarrow e + J + X$

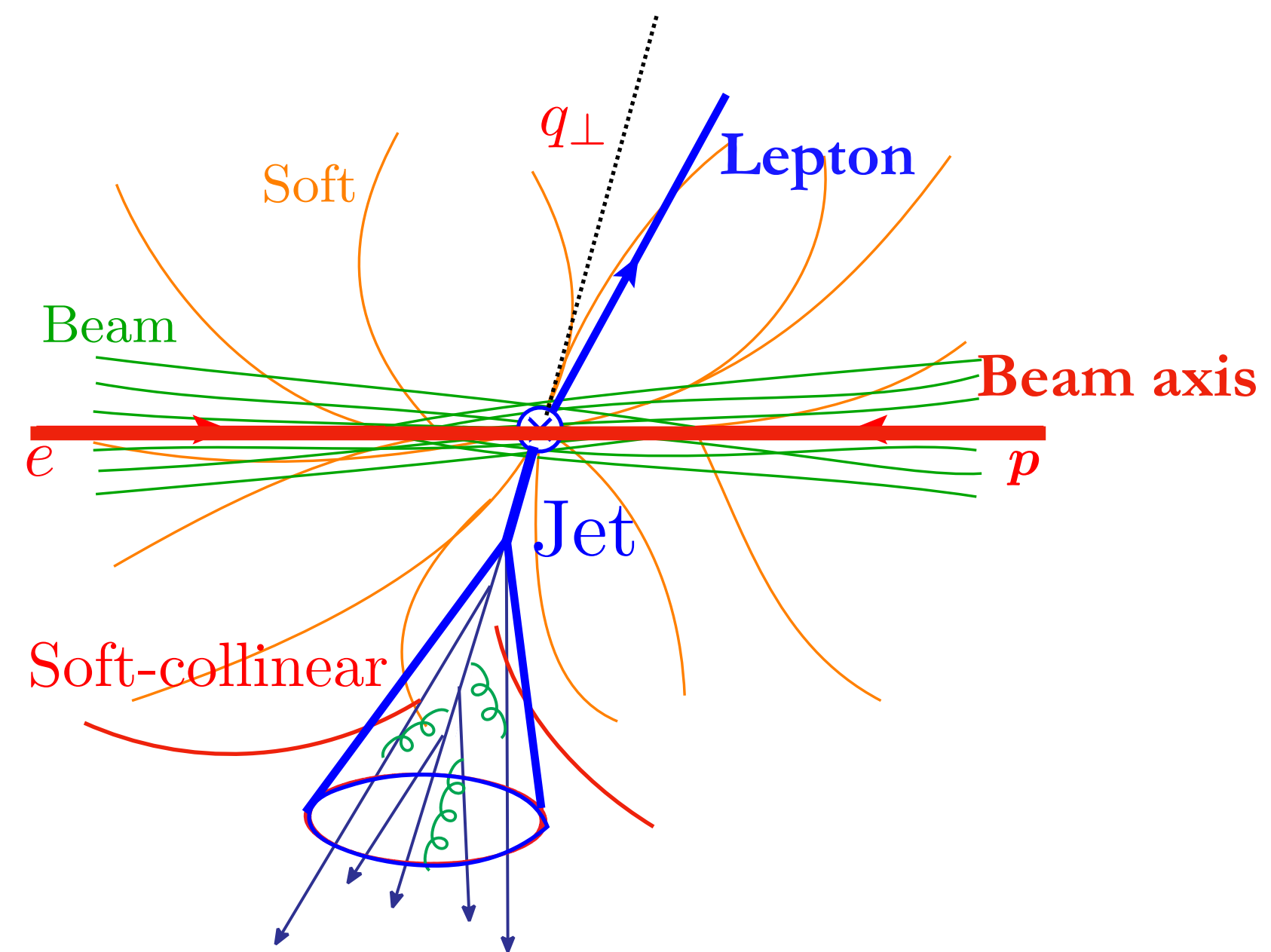
2) Fragmenting Jet Functions

TMDFFs $PP / eP \rightarrow J(h) + X$

3) Lepton + jet imbalance with hadron in jet

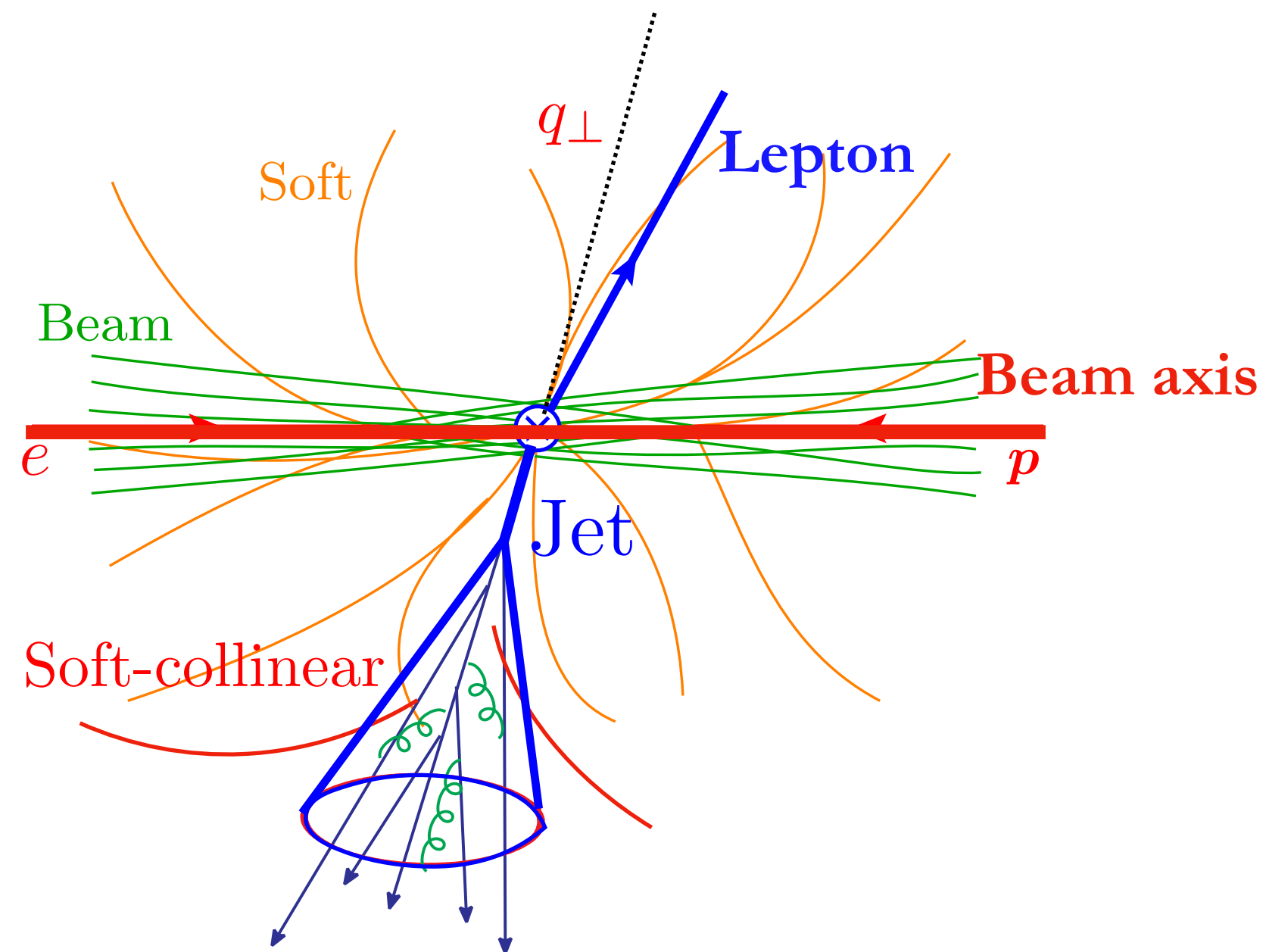
TMDFFs / TMDPDFs $eP \rightarrow e + J(h) + X$

Lepton + Jet imbalance



Lepton + Jet imbalance

- One of the simplest process $eP \rightarrow e + J + X$



$$q_{\perp} \equiv |\vec{p}_{e\perp} + \vec{p}_{J\perp}|, \quad p_{\perp} \equiv |\vec{p}_{e\perp} - \vec{p}_{J\perp}|/2$$

$q_{\perp} \ll p_{\perp}$, sensitive to the large logs of $\ln(q_{\perp}/p_{\perp})$ and TMD structures of the hadrons.

$$q_{\perp} = p_{X,\perp} = |\vec{k}_{c,\perp} + \vec{k}_{gs,\perp} + \vec{k}_{sc,\perp}|$$

Giving relevant modes : $(+, -, \perp)$ $\lambda = q_{\perp}/p_{\perp}$

n -collinear $k_n \sim p_{\perp}(\lambda^2, 1, \lambda)_{n\bar{n}}$

global soft $k_{gs} \sim p_{\perp}(\lambda, \lambda, \lambda)$

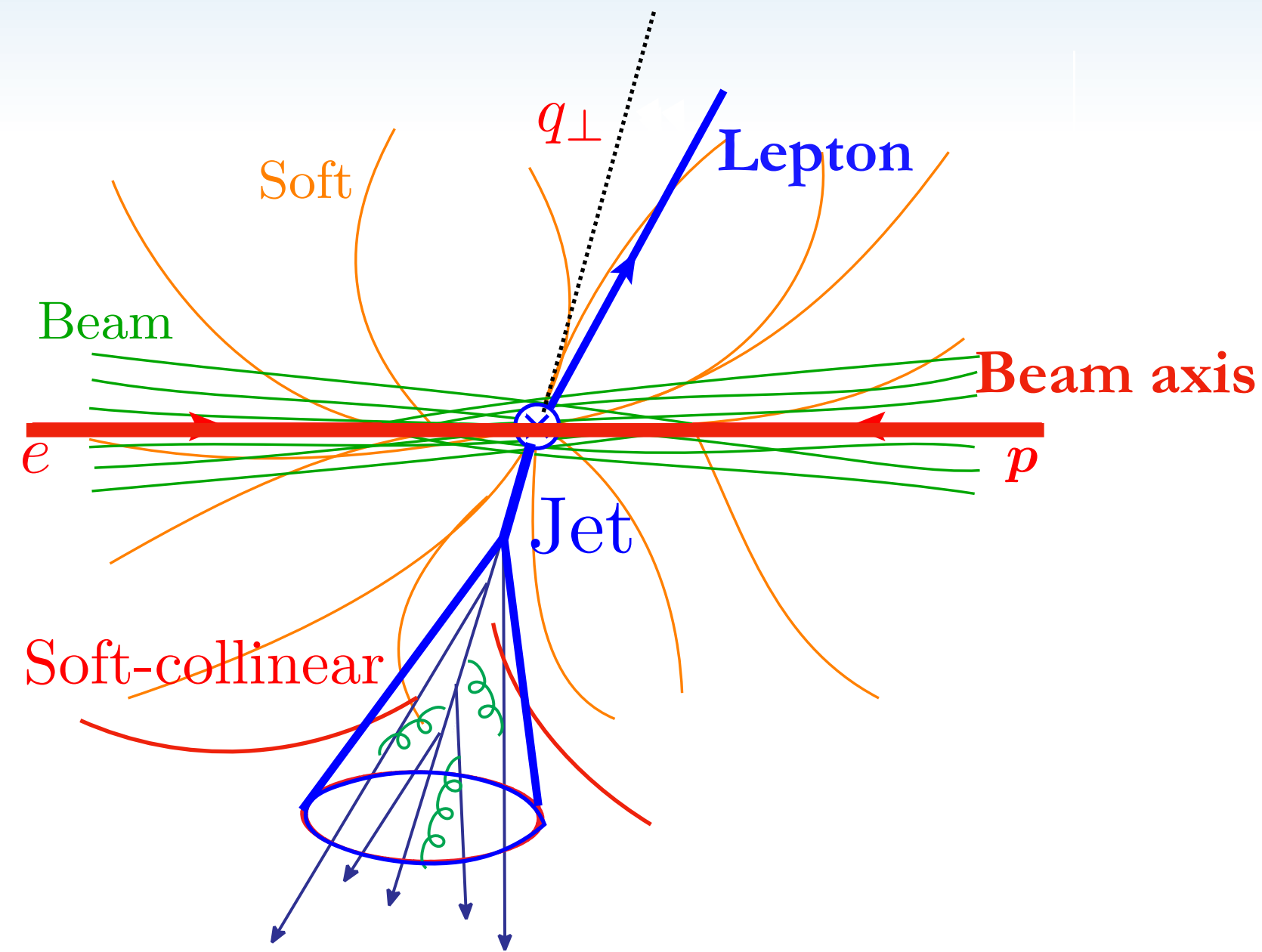
soft-collinear $k_{sc} \sim p_{\perp}R(\lambda R, \lambda/R, \lambda)_{n_J, \bar{n}_J}$

n_J -collinear $k_J \sim p_{\perp}(R^2, 1, R)_{n_J, \bar{n}_J}$

1) Lepton + jet imbalance
TMDPDFs

Liu, Ringer, Vogelsang, Yuan '18, '20
Arratia, Kang, Prokudin, Ringer '20

Lepton + Jet imbalance



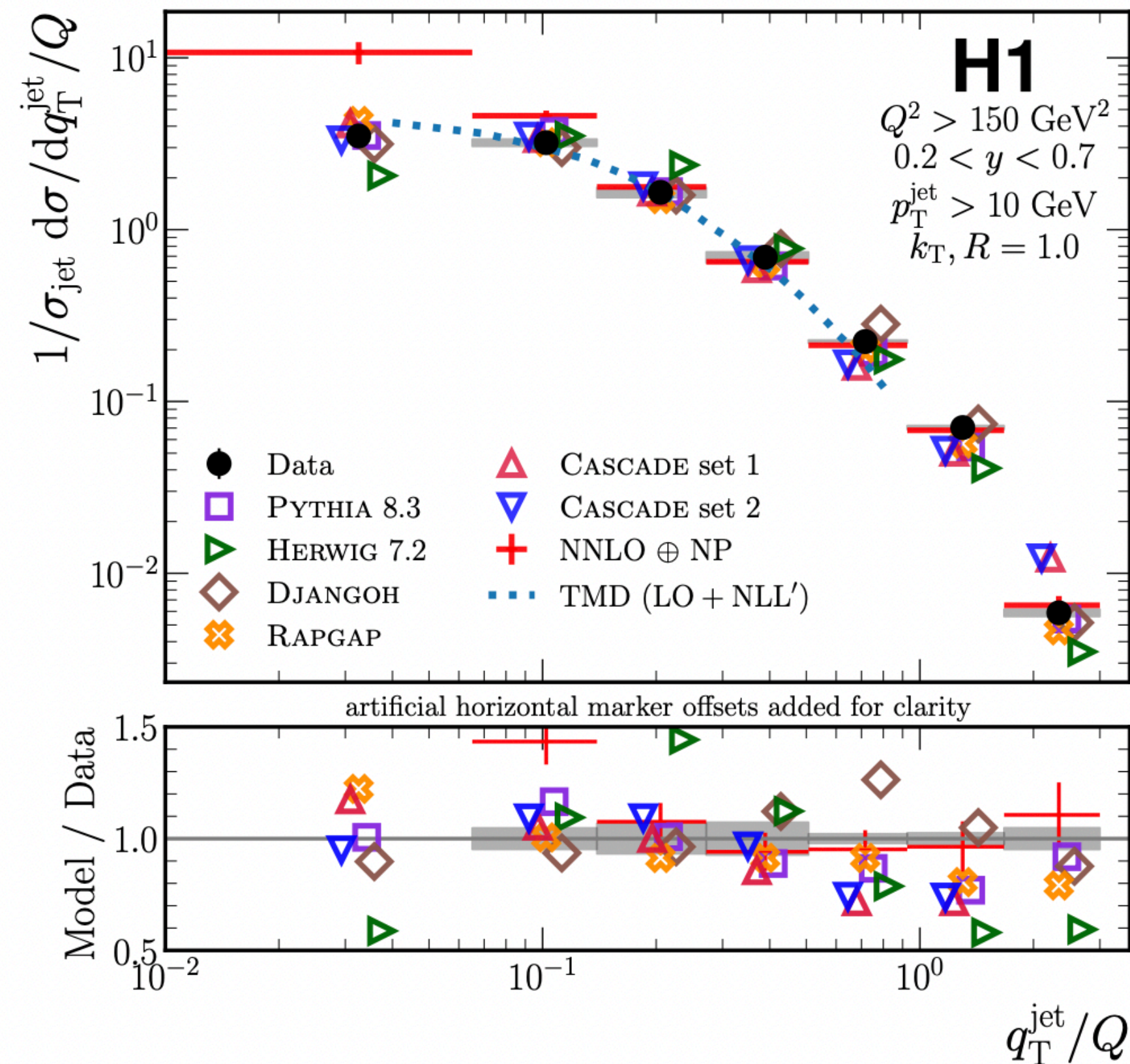
$$\frac{d\sigma_{eP \rightarrow e+jet}}{dp_{\perp} dq_{\perp}} = \int \prod_i^4 d^2 k_{i\perp} H(Q) \delta^{(2)}(\vec{k}_{1\perp} + \vec{k}_{2\perp} + \vec{k}_{3\perp} - q_{\perp}) \times f_a(x, \vec{k}_{1\perp}) S^{\text{global}}(\vec{k}_{2\perp}) S_{J_c}(\vec{k}_{3\perp}) J_c(p_{\perp} R)$$

n -collinear	$k_n \sim p_{\perp} (\lambda^2, 1, \lambda)_{n\bar{n}}$	} Soft functions
global soft	$k_{gs} \sim p_{\perp} (\lambda, \lambda, \lambda)$	
soft-collinear	$k_{sc} \sim p_{\perp} R (\lambda R, \lambda/R, \lambda)_{n_J, \bar{n}_J}$	
n_J -collinear	$k_J \sim p_{\perp} (R^2, 1, R)_{n_J, \bar{n}_J}$	Jet functions

Liu, Ringer, Vogelsang, Yuan '18, '20
 Arratia, Kang, Prokudin, Ringer '20

Also, Gutierrez-Reyes, Scimemi, Waalewijn, Zoppi '19, '20

Lepton + Jet imbalance



$$\frac{d\sigma_{eP \rightarrow e+\text{jet}}}{dp_{\perp} dq_{\perp}} = \int \prod_i^4 d^2 k_{i\perp} H(Q) \delta^{(2)}(\vec{k}_{1\perp} + \vec{k}_{2\perp} + \vec{k}_{3\perp} - q_{\perp}) \times f_a(x, \vec{k}_{1\perp}) S^{\text{global}}(\vec{k}_{2\perp}) S_{J_c}(\vec{k}_{3\perp}) J_c(p_{\perp} R)$$

n -collinear
 global soft
 soft-collinear
 n_J -collinear

$$k_n \sim p_{\perp} (\lambda^2, 1, \lambda)_{n, \bar{n}}$$

$$k_{gs} \sim p_{\perp} (\lambda, \lambda, \lambda)$$

$$k_{sc} \sim p_{\perp} R (\lambda R, \lambda/R, \lambda)_{n_J, \bar{n}_J}$$

$$k_J \sim p_{\perp} (R^2, 1, R)_{n_J, \bar{n}_J}$$

TMDPDFs

Soft functions

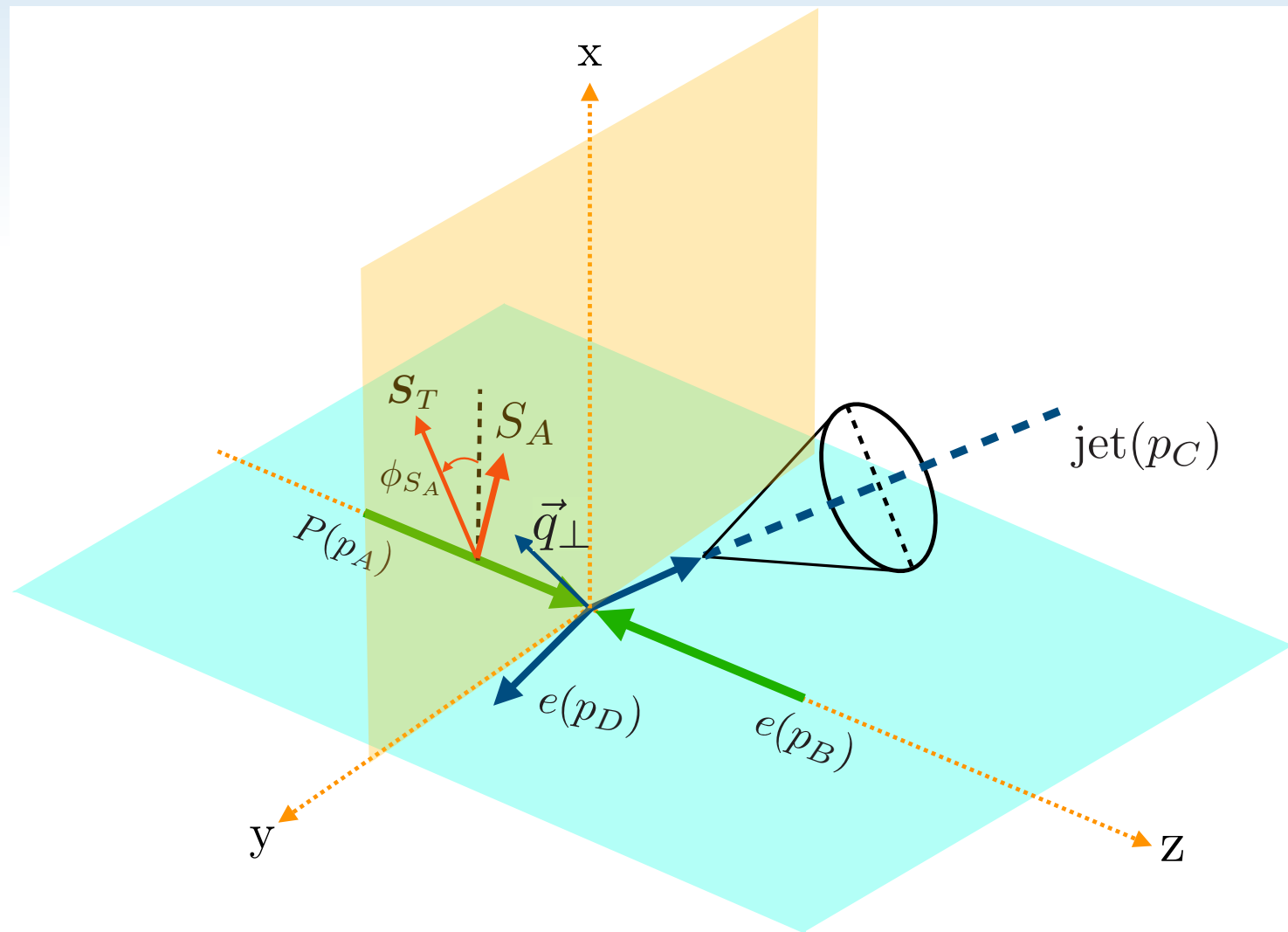
Jet functions

Liu, Ringer, Vogelsang, Yuan '18, '20

Arratia, Kang, Prokudin, Ringer '20

Also, Gutierrez-Reyes, Scimemi, Waalewijn, Zoppi '19, '20

Lepton + Jet imbalance



$$\frac{d\sigma_{eP \rightarrow e+jet}}{dp_{\perp} dq_{\perp}} = \int \prod_i^3 d^2 k_{i\perp} H(Q) \delta^{(2)}(\vec{k}_{1\perp} + \vec{k}_{2\perp} + \vec{k}_{3\perp} - q_{\perp}) \times f_a(x, \vec{k}_{1\perp}) S^{\text{global}}(\vec{k}_{2\perp}) S_{J_c}(\vec{k}_{3\perp}) J_c(p_{\perp} R)$$

$$\frac{d\sigma_{e(\lambda_e)P(S) \rightarrow e+jet}}{dp_{\perp} dq_{\perp}} \sim f_1 \sim g_{1L} = F_{UU} + \lambda_p \lambda_e F_{LL} + S_T \left\{ \sin(\phi_{S_A} - \phi_q) F_{TU}^{\sin(\phi_{S_A} - \phi_q)} + \lambda_e \cos(\phi_{S_A} - \phi_q) F_{TL}^{\cos(\phi_{S_A} - \phi_q)} \right\},$$

$\sim f_{1T}^{\perp} \qquad \qquad \qquad \sim g_{1T}$

Leading Twist TMDs Nucleon Spin Quark Spin

		Quark Polarization		
		Un-Polarized (U)	Longitudinally Polarized (L)	Transversely Polarized (T)
Nucleon Polarization	U	$f_1 = \text{Nucleon Spin}$		$h_1^{\perp} = \text{Boer-Mulders}$
	L		$g_{1L} = \text{Helicity}$	$h_{1L}^{\perp} = \text{Worm gear}$
	T	$f_{1T}^{\perp} = \text{Sivers}$	$g_{1T} = \text{Worm gear}$	$h_1 = \text{Transversity}$ $h_{1T}^{\perp} = \text{Worm gear}$

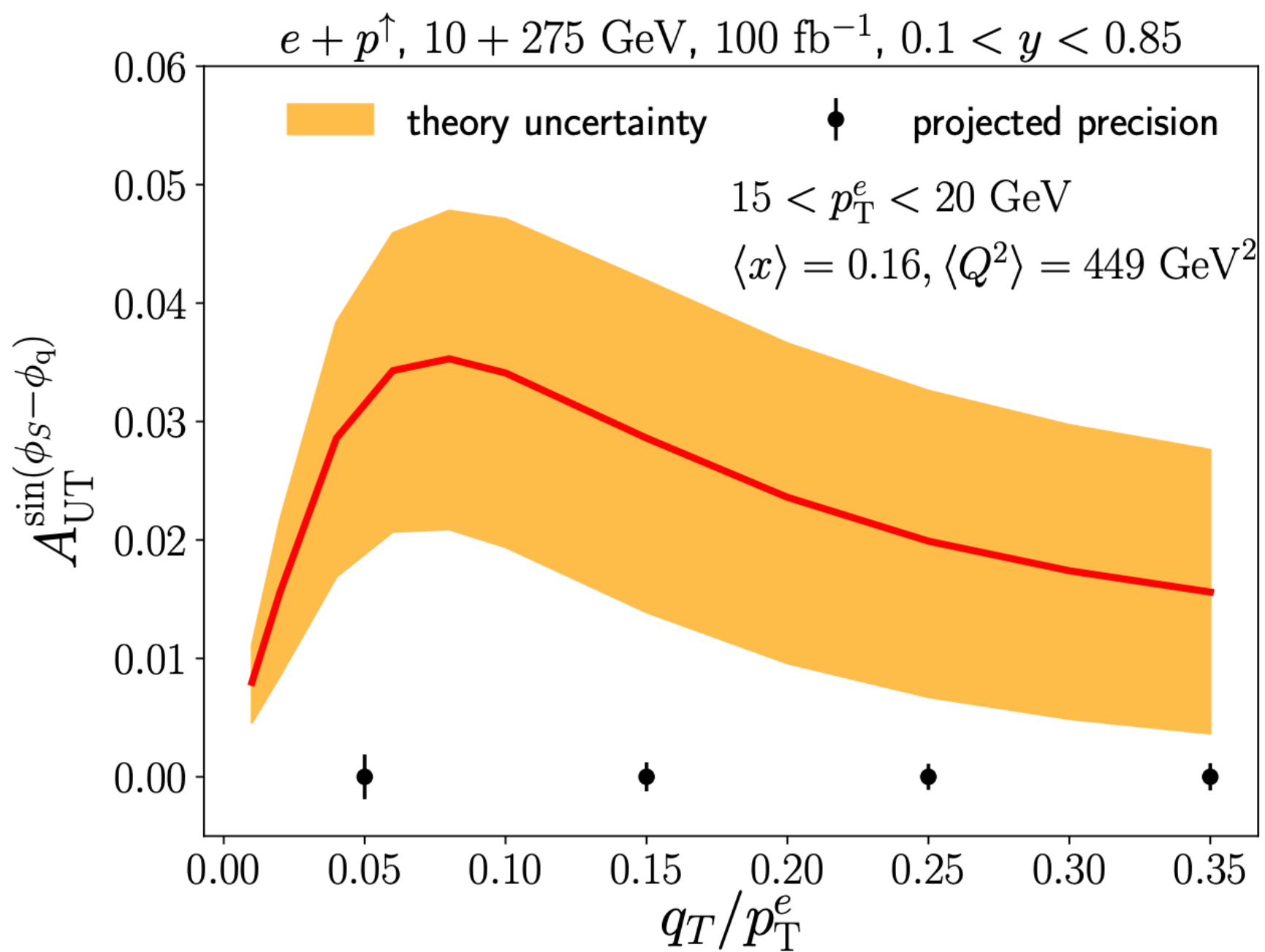
- With jet, only sensitive to *single* TMDs (compared to standard processes)

- Only sensitive to *chiral-even* TMDPDFs

Chiral-odd components in jets : Liu, Xing '21

Liu, Ringer, Vogelsang, Yuan '18, '20
 Arratia, Kang, Prokudin, Ringer '20
 Kang, KL, Shao, Zhao '21

Sivers asymmetry



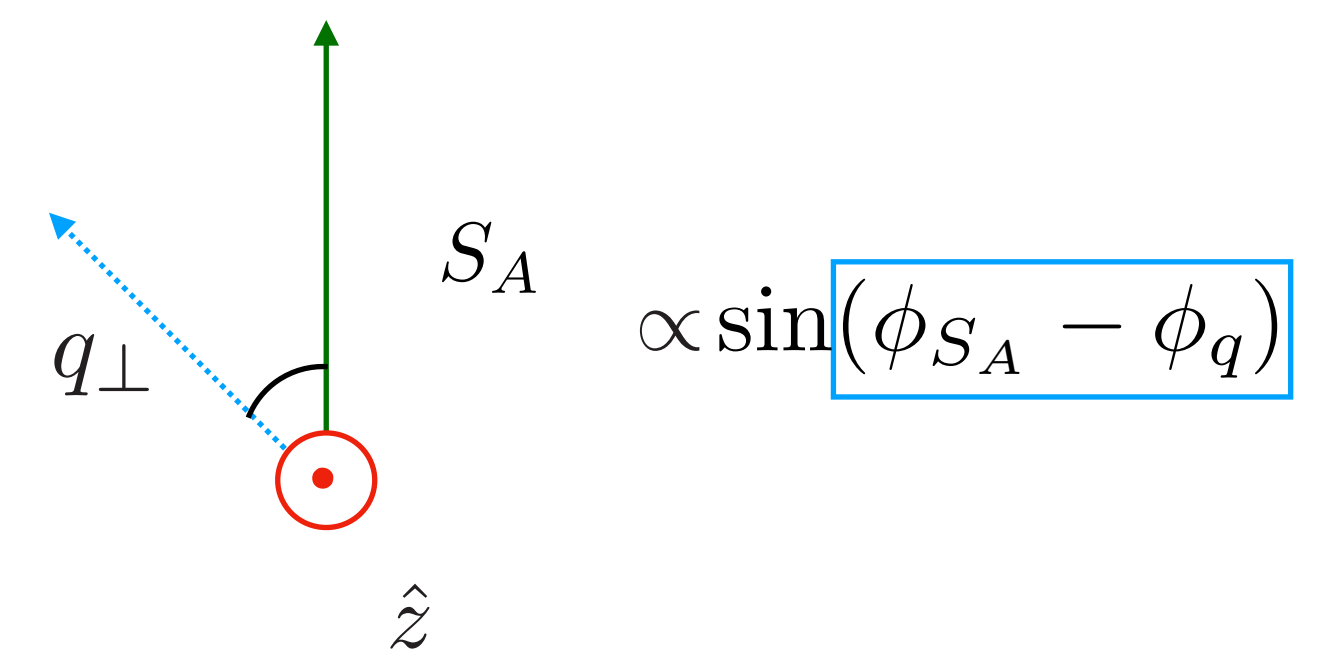
$$\frac{d\Delta\sigma_{eP \rightarrow e+\text{jet}}}{dp_\perp dq_\perp} = \frac{\epsilon_\perp^{\rho\sigma} S_{\perp\rho}}{M} \int \prod_i^3 d^2 k_{i\perp} H(Q) \delta^{(2)}(\vec{k}_{1\perp} + \vec{k}_{2\perp} + \vec{k}_{3\perp} - q_\perp)$$

$$\times k_{1\perp\sigma} f_{aT}^\perp(x_a, \vec{k}_{1\perp}) S^{\text{global}}(\vec{k}_{2\perp}) S_{J_c}(\vec{k}_{3\perp}) J_c(p_\perp R)$$

$$\frac{d\sigma_{e(\lambda_e)P(S) \rightarrow e+\text{jet}}}{dp_\perp dq_\perp} = F_{UU} + \lambda_p \lambda_e F_{LL}$$

$$+ S_T \left\{ \sin(\phi_{S_A} - \phi_q) F_{TU}^{\sin(\phi_{S_A} - \phi_q)} + \lambda_e \cos(\phi_{S_A} - \phi_q) F_{TL}^{\cos(\phi_{S_A} - \phi_q)} \right\}$$

$\sim f_1$ $\sim g_{1L}$
 $\sim f_{1T}^\perp$ $\sim g_{1T}$

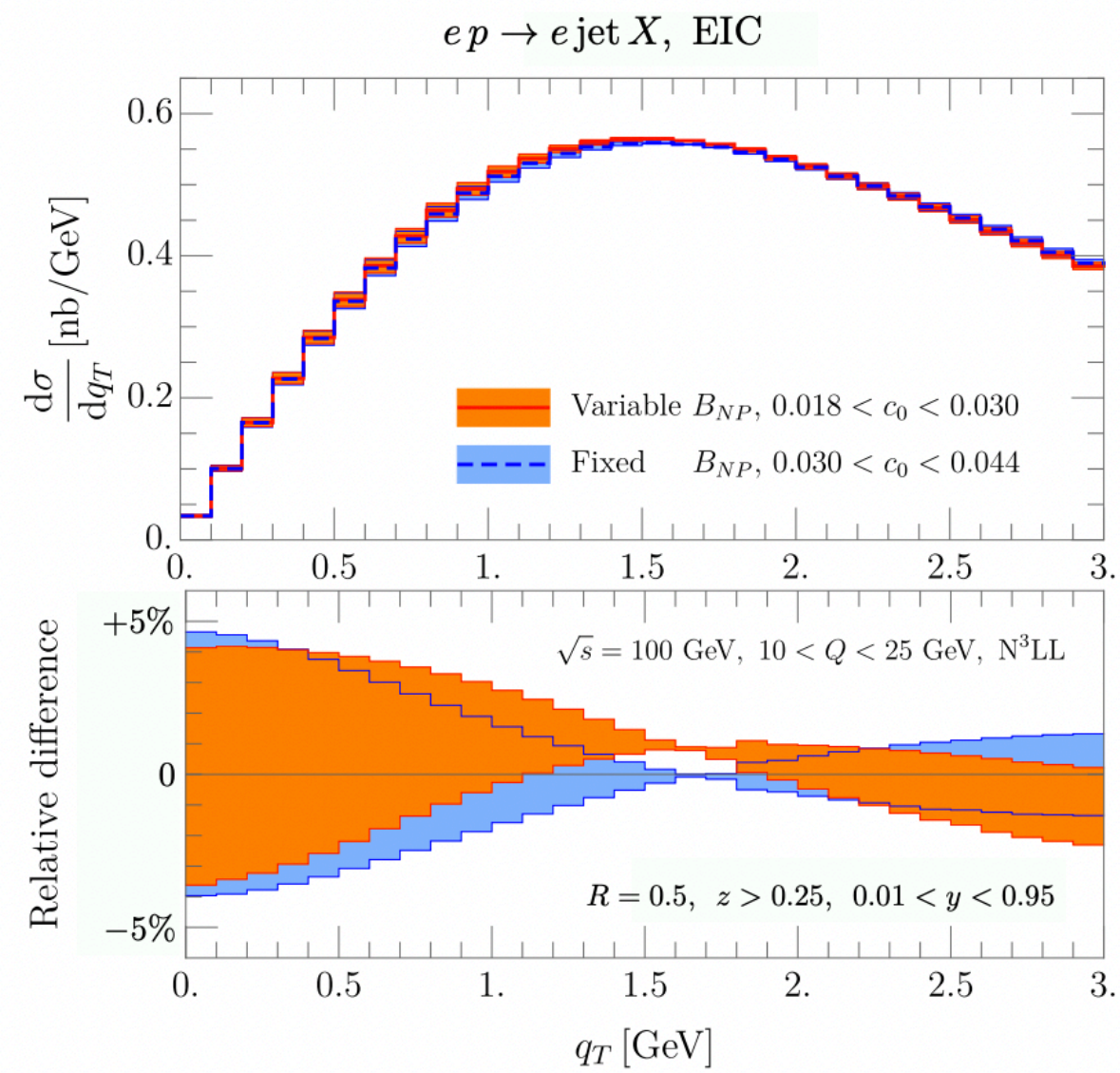


Measurement of $A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_{S_A} - \phi_q)} = \frac{F_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_{S_A} - \phi_q)}}{F_{UU}}$

Sivers from SIDIS extraction
 Echevarria, Idilbi, Kang, Vitev, '14
 Arratia, Kang, Prokudin, Ringer '20
 Kang, KL, Shao, Zhao '21

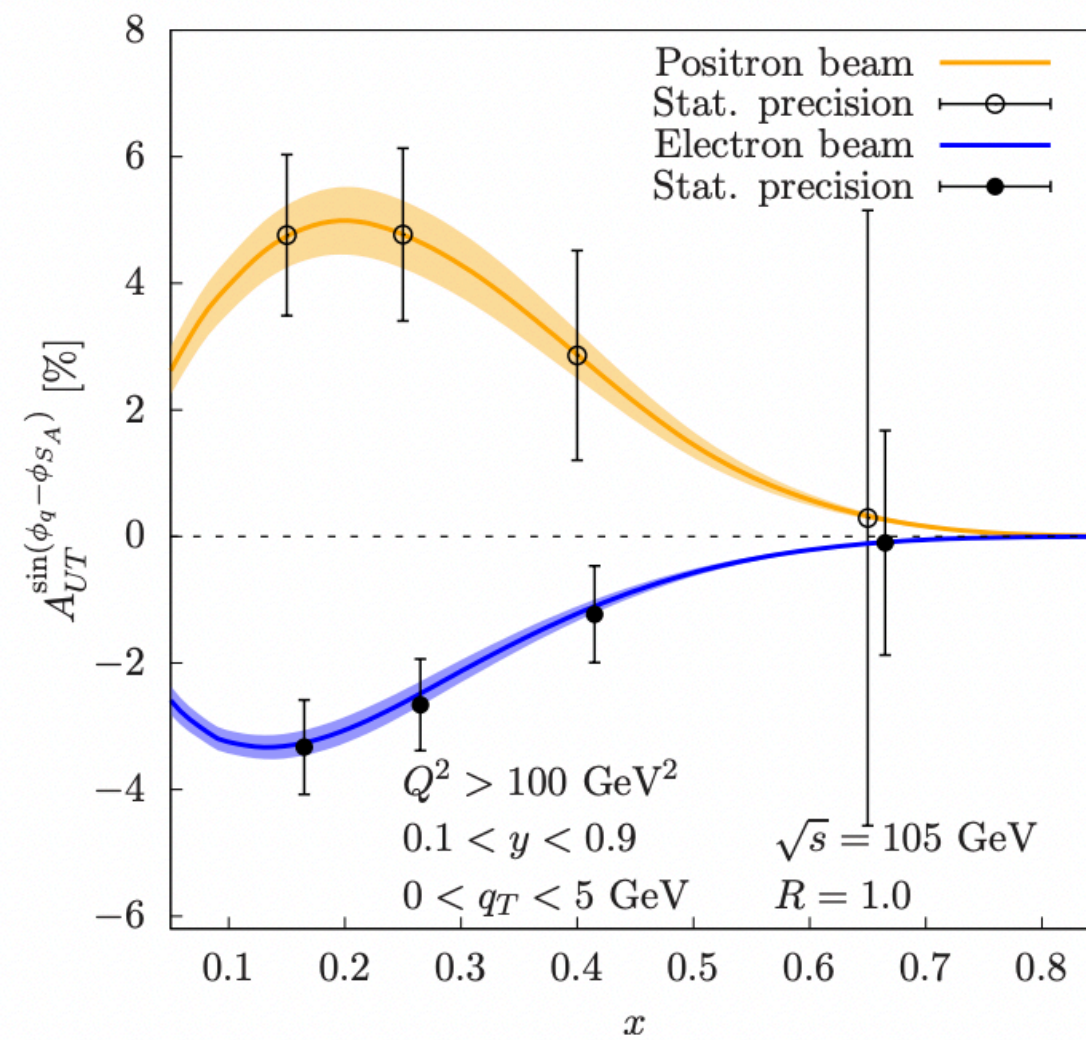
Many more...

Standard SIDIS-like process

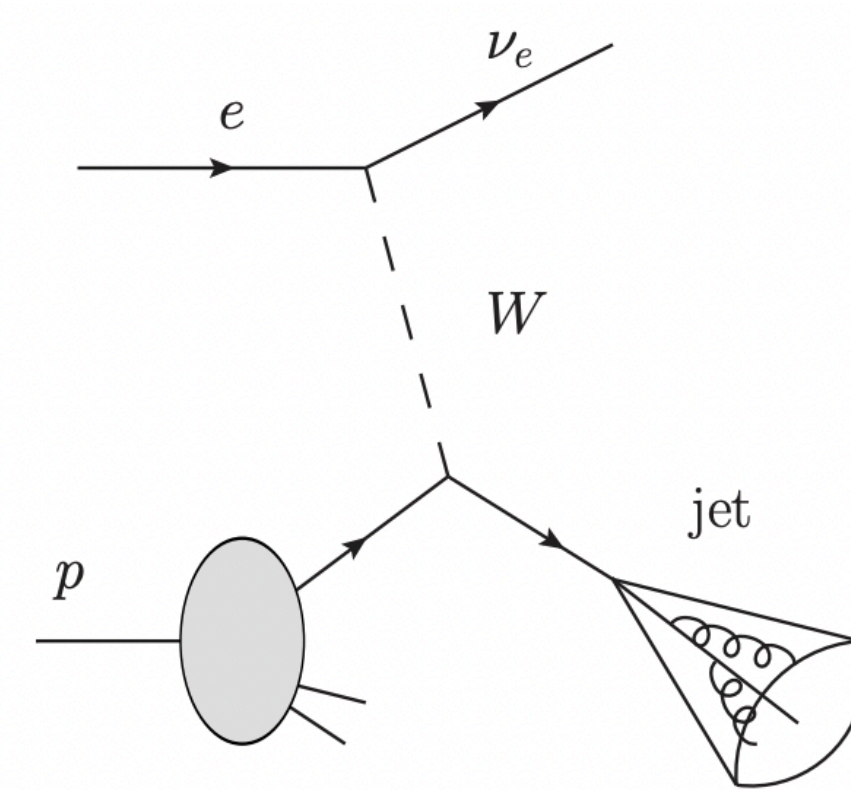


Gutierrez-Reyes, Scimemi, Waalewijn, Zoppi `19, `20

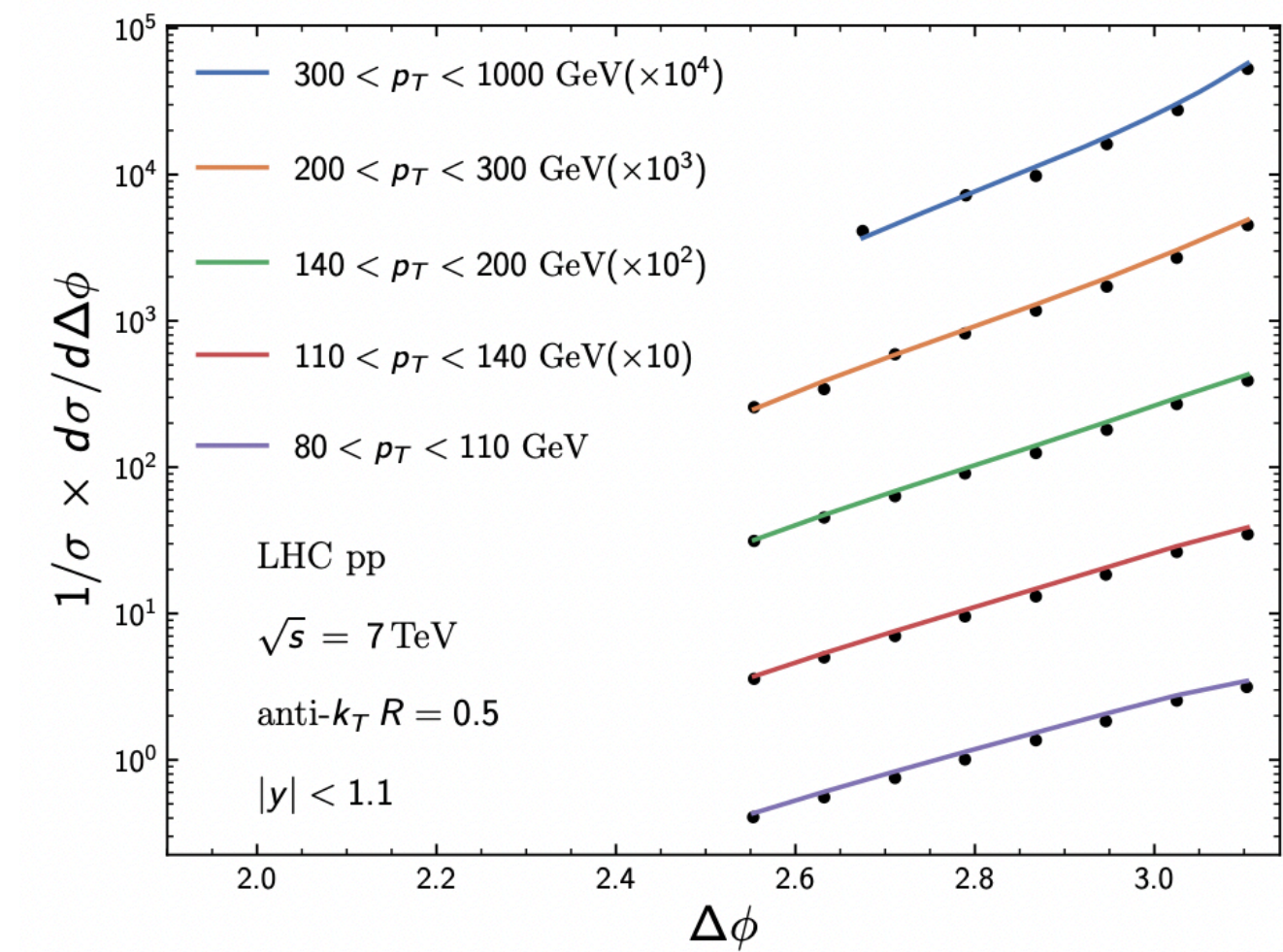
Charged-current DIS process



Arratia, Kang, Paul, Prokudin, Ringer, Zhao `22



Hadron colliders



Gao, Kang, Shao, Terry, Zhang `23
 Buffing, Kang, Lee, Liu `18
 Kang, Lee, Shao, Terry `20
 Liu, Ringer, Vogelsang, Yuan `20

Dijet DIS correlations,

Hatta, Xiao, Yuan, Zhou `22

Recoil-free jets,

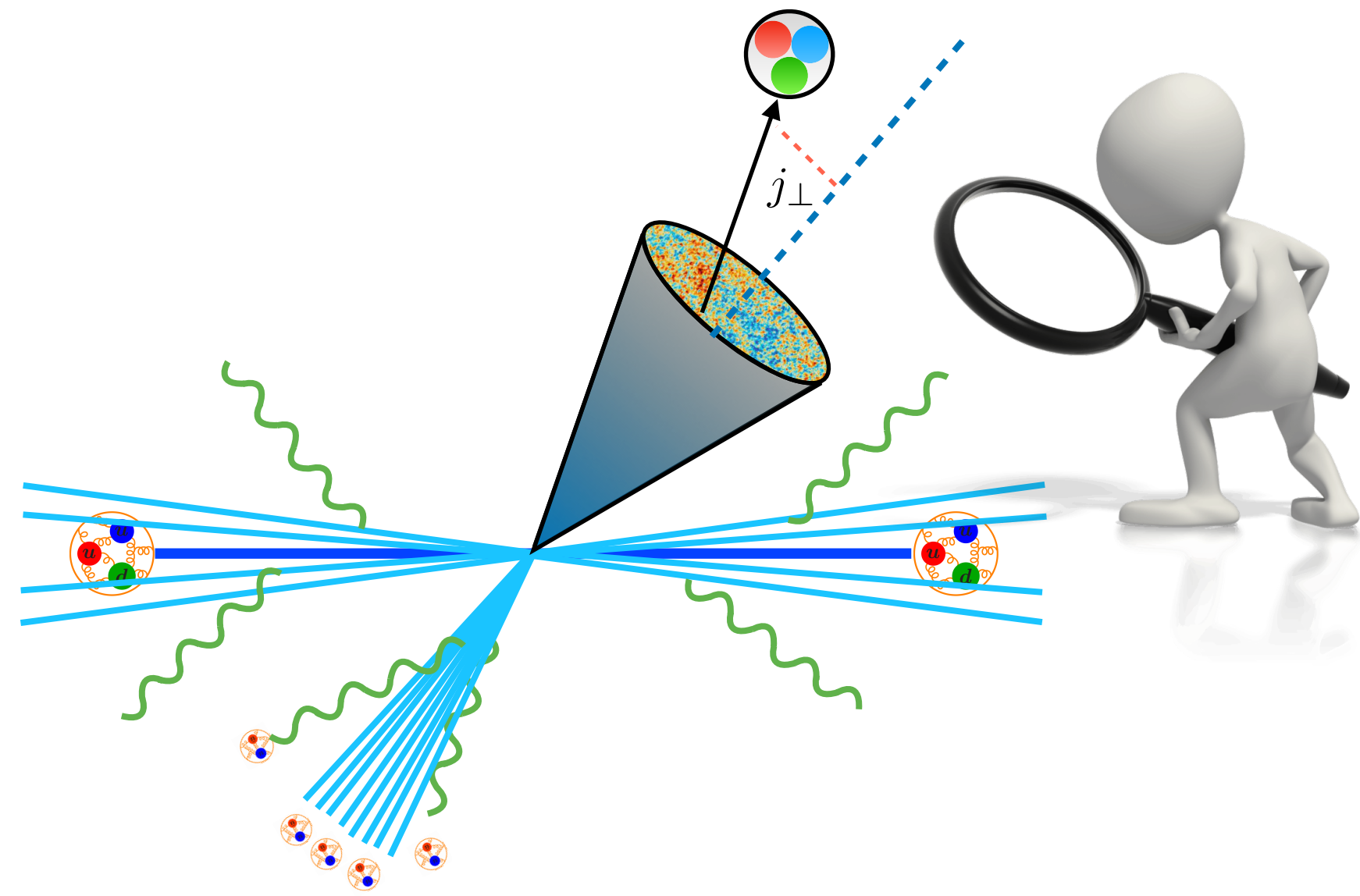
Chien, Rudi Rahn, van Velzen, Shao, Waalewijn, Wu `20, 22

groomed jets,

Makris, Neill, Vaidya `17

etc...

Fragmenting Jet Functions



Fragmenting Jet Functions

Unpolarized case:

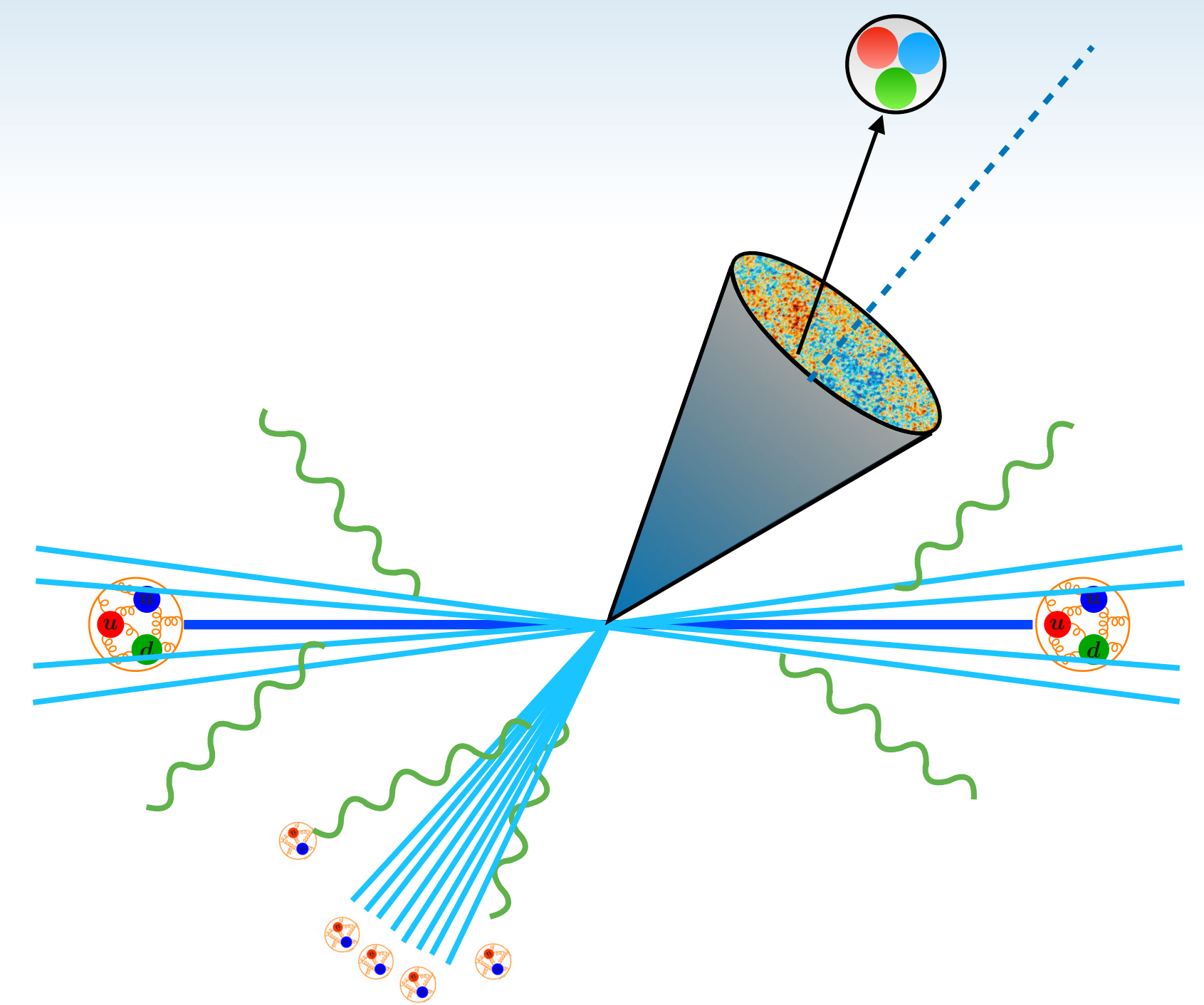
$$\frac{d\sigma^{pp \rightarrow \text{jet}(h)X}}{dp_T d\eta dz_h} = \sum_{a,b,c} f_{a/A} \otimes f_{b/B} \otimes H_{ab}^c \otimes \mathcal{G}_c^h(z_h)$$

Λ_{QCD} p_T $p_T R$
 Λ_{QCD}

where $z = p_T^J / p_T^c$
 $z_h = p_T^h / p_T^J$

$$\frac{d\sigma^{pp \rightarrow \text{jet}X}}{dp_T d\eta} = \sum_{a,b,c} f_{a/A} \otimes f_{b/B} \otimes H_{ab}^c \otimes J_c$$

Λ_{QCD} p_T $p_T R$



$PP / eP \rightarrow J(h) + X$

2) Fragmenting Jet Functions
TMDFFs

Procura, Stewart '10
 Arleo, Fontannaz, Guillet, Nguyen '14
 Kaufmann, Mukherjee, Vogelsang '15
 Kang, Ringer, Vitev '16
 Dai, Kim, Leibovich '16

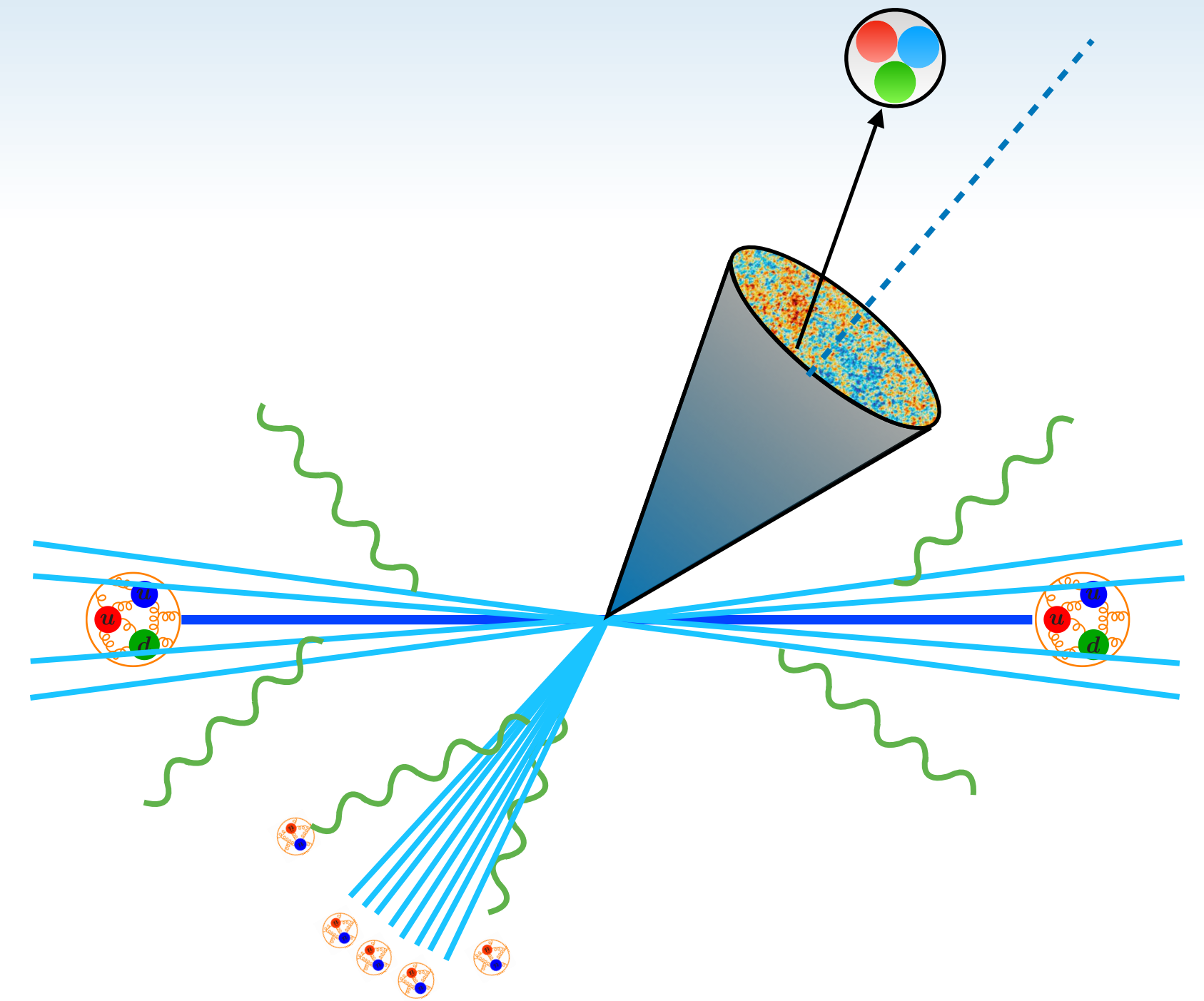
Fragmenting Jet Functions

Unpolarized case:

$$\frac{d\sigma^{pp \rightarrow \text{jet}(h)X}}{dp_T d\eta dz_h} = \sum_{a,b,c} f_{a/A} \otimes f_{b/B} \otimes H_{ab}^c \otimes \mathcal{G}_c^h(z_h)$$

Λ_{QCD} p_T $p_T R$
 Λ_{QCD}

where $z = p_T^J / p_T^c$
 $z_h = p_T^h / p_T^J$



$$PP / eP \rightarrow J(h) + X$$

$$\mathcal{G}_c^h(z, z_h, p_T R, \mu) = \sum_j \mathcal{J}_{ij}(z, z_h, p_T R, \mu) \otimes D_j^h(z_h, \mu)$$

matching coefficients

collinear FFs

- Procura, Stewart '10
- Arleo, Fontannaz, Guillet, Nguyen '14
- Kaufmann, Mukherjee, Vogelsang '15
- Kang, Ringer, Vitev '16
- Dai, Kim, Leibovich '16

Fragmenting Jet Functions

- Light charged hadrons

Arleo, Fontannaz, Guillet, Nguyen `14
 Kaufmann, Mukherjee, Vogelsang `15
 Kang, Ringer, Vitev `16
 Neill, Scimemi, Waalewijn `16

- Photons

Kaufmann, Mukherjee, Vogelsang `16

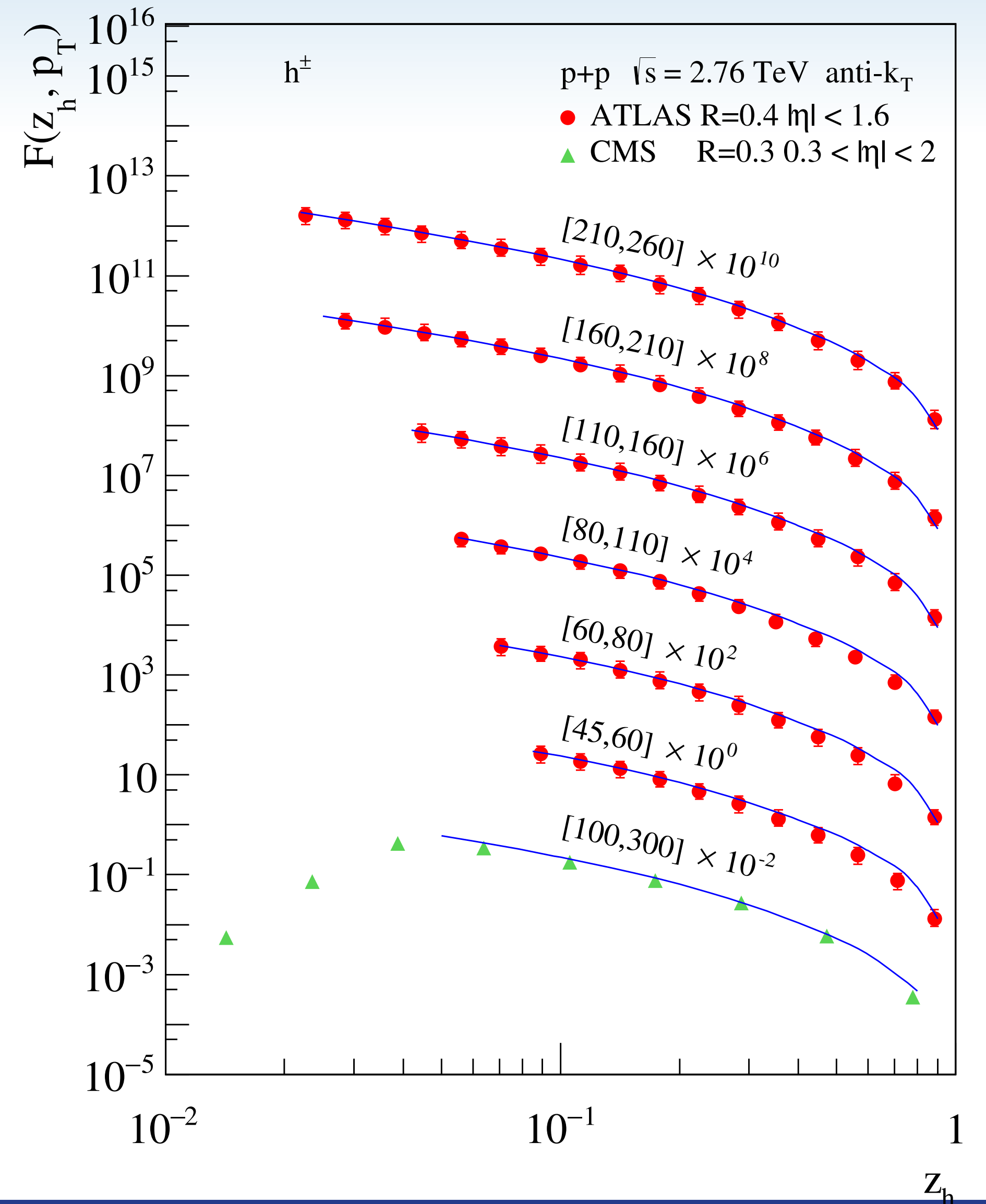
- Heavy flavor mesons

Chien, Kang, Ringer, Vitev, Xing `15
 Bain, Dai, Hornig, Leibovich, Makris, Mehen `16
 Anderle, Kaufmann, Stratmann, Ringer, Vitev `17

- Quarkonia

Baumgart, Leibovich, Mehen, Rothstein `14
 Bain, Dai, Hornig, Leibovich, Makris, Mehen `16
 Kang, Qiu, Ringer, Xing, Zhang `17
 Bain, Dai, Leibovich, Makris, Mehen `17

$$F(z_h, p_T) = \frac{d\sigma^{pp \rightarrow (\text{jet}h)X}}{dp_T d\eta dz_h} \bigg/ \frac{d\sigma^{pp \rightarrow \text{jet}X}}{dp_T d\eta}$$

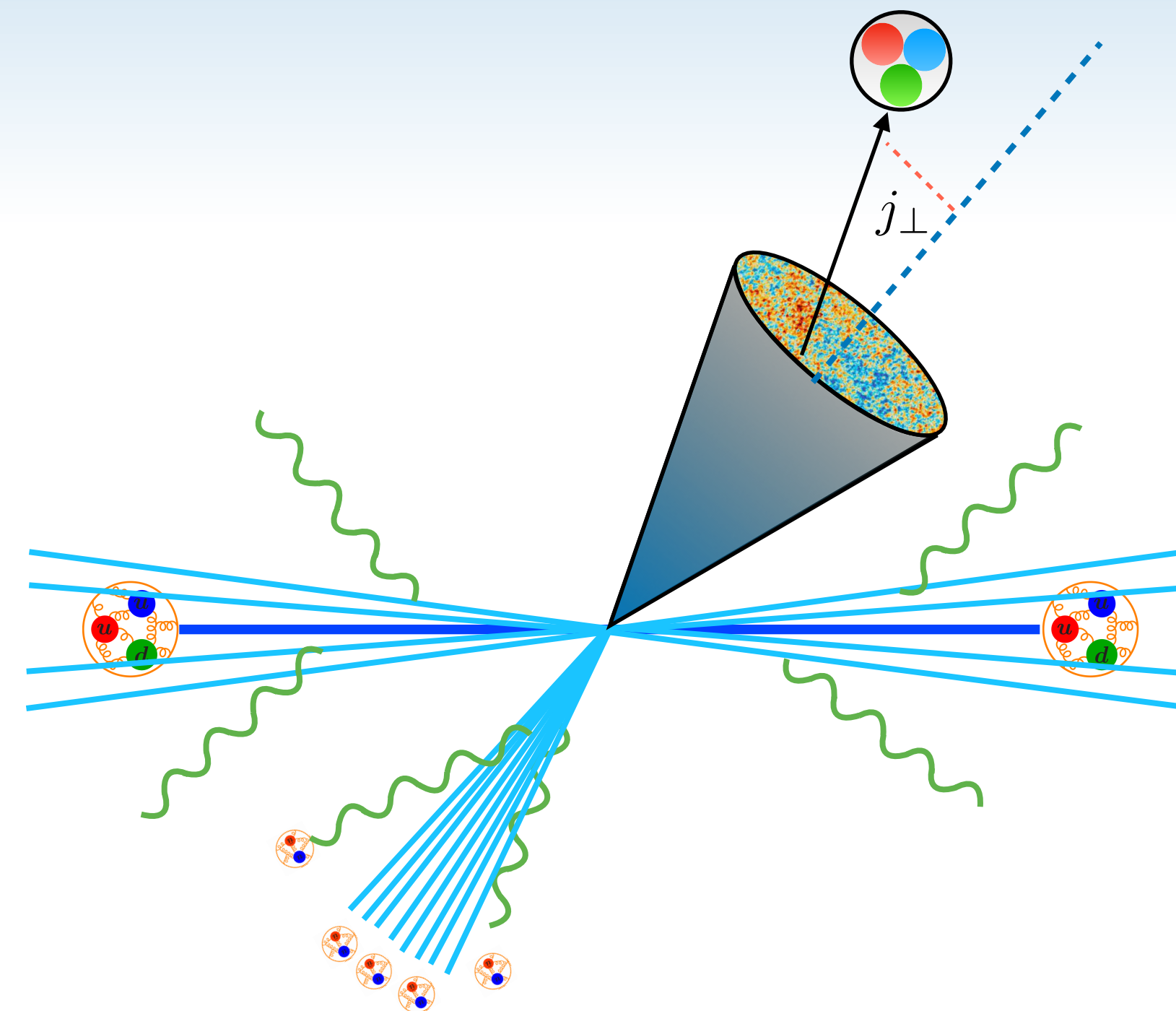


TMD Fragmenting Jet Functions

Unpolarized case:

$$\frac{d\sigma^{pp \rightarrow \text{jet}(h)X}}{dp_T d\eta dz_h d^2 j_\perp} = \sum_{a,b,c} f_{a/A} \otimes f_{b/B} \otimes H_{ab}^c \otimes \mathcal{G}_c^h(z_h, j_\perp)$$

Λ_{QCD} p_T $p_T R$
 Λ_{QCD} j_\perp



$$PP / eP \rightarrow J(h) + X$$

$$\Lambda_{\text{QCD}} \lesssim j_\perp \ll p_T R,$$

TMD Fragmenting Jet functions can be related to the usual TMD FFs

(up to NP soft dynamics)

$$\mathcal{G}_c^h(z_h, j_\perp^2, \mu, \zeta_J) = \int_{\mathbf{k}_\perp, \lambda_\perp} D_1^{h/c, \text{unsub}}(z_h, k_\perp^2, \mu, \zeta'/\nu^2) S_c(\lambda_\perp^2, \mu, \nu R) = D_1^{h/c}(z_h, j_\perp^2, \mu, \zeta_J)$$

$\xrightarrow{\text{pert}}$

where $\zeta_J = p_T^2 R^2$

Kang, Liu, Ringer, Xing '17
 Kang, Lee, Zhao '20
 Kang, Lee, Shao, Zhao '21

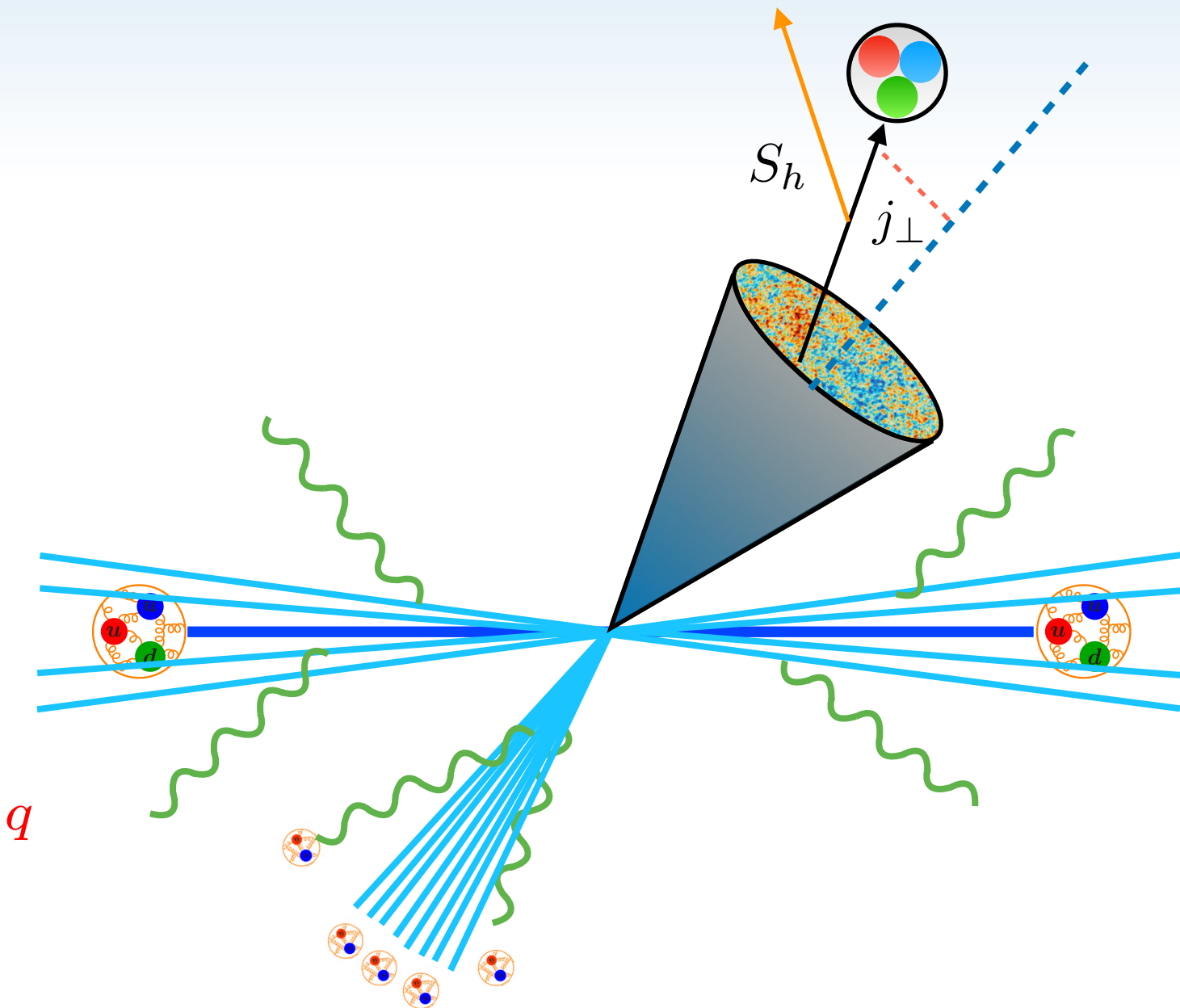
Polarized TMD Fragmenting Jet Functions

TMD Fragmentation Functions (TMDFFs)

		Quark polarization		
		U	L	T
Hadron polarization	U	$D^{h/q}$		$H^{\perp h/q}$
	L		$G^{h/q}$	$H_L^{\perp h/q}$
	T	$D_T^{\perp h/q}$	$G_T^{h/q}$	$H^{h/q}$ $H_T^{\perp h/q}$

TMD Fragmenting Jet Functions (TMDFJFs)

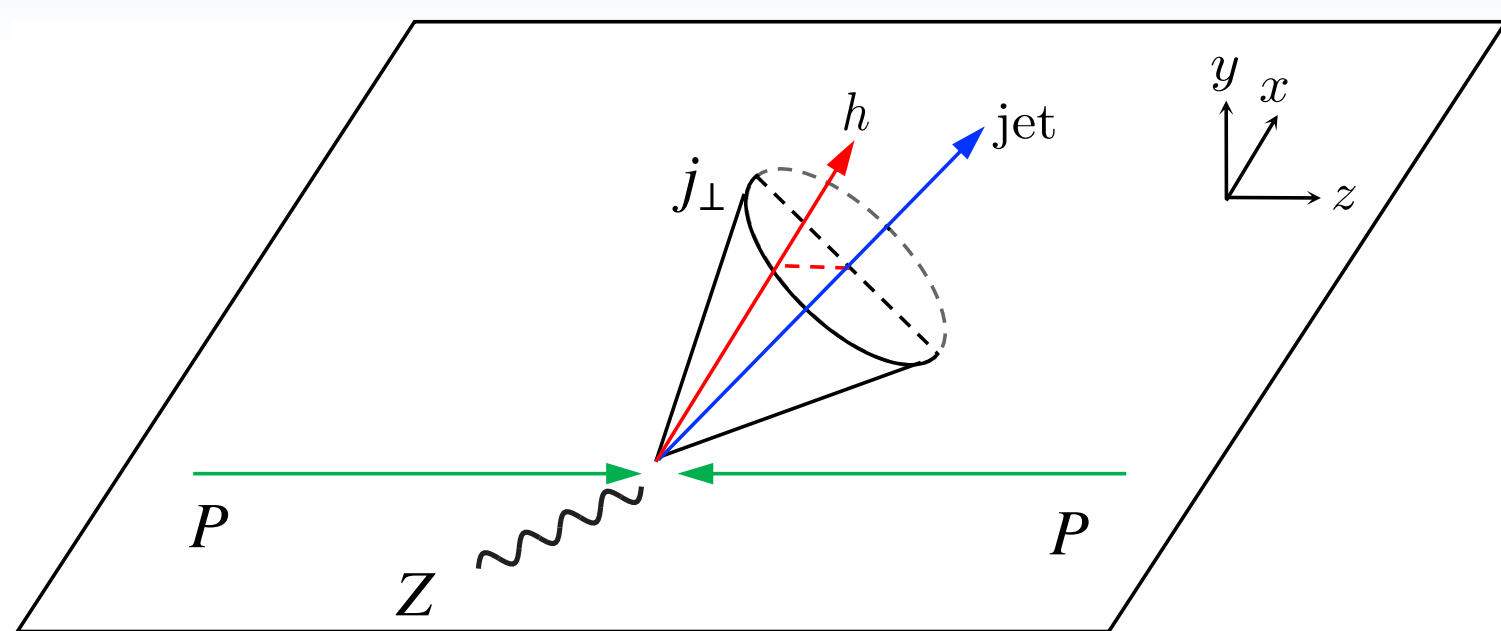
		Quark polarization		
		U	L	T
Hadron polarization	U	$\mathcal{D}^{h/q}$		$\mathcal{H}^{\perp h/q}$
	L		$\mathcal{G}^{h/q}$	$\mathcal{H}_L^{\perp h/q}$
	T	$\mathcal{D}_T^{\perp h/q}$	$\mathcal{G}_T^{h/q}$	$\mathcal{H}^{h/q}$ $\mathcal{H}_T^{\perp h/q}$



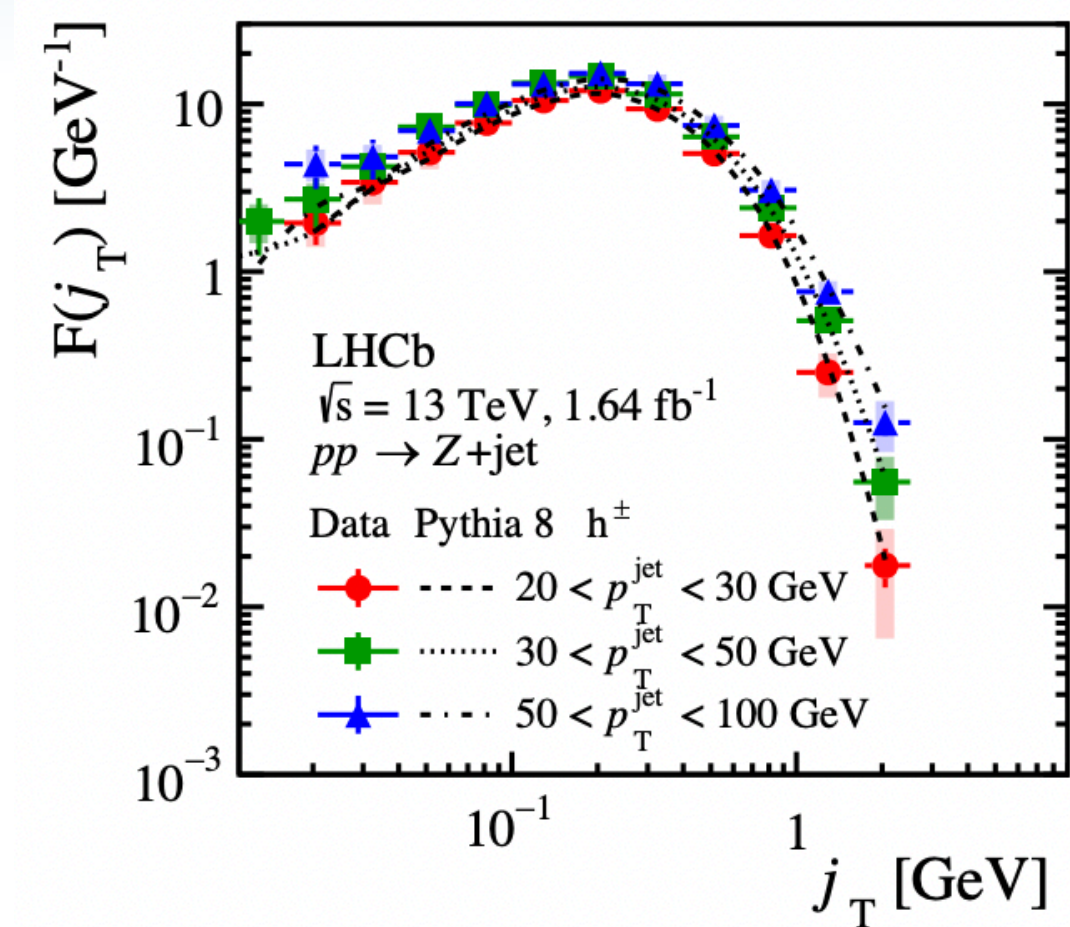
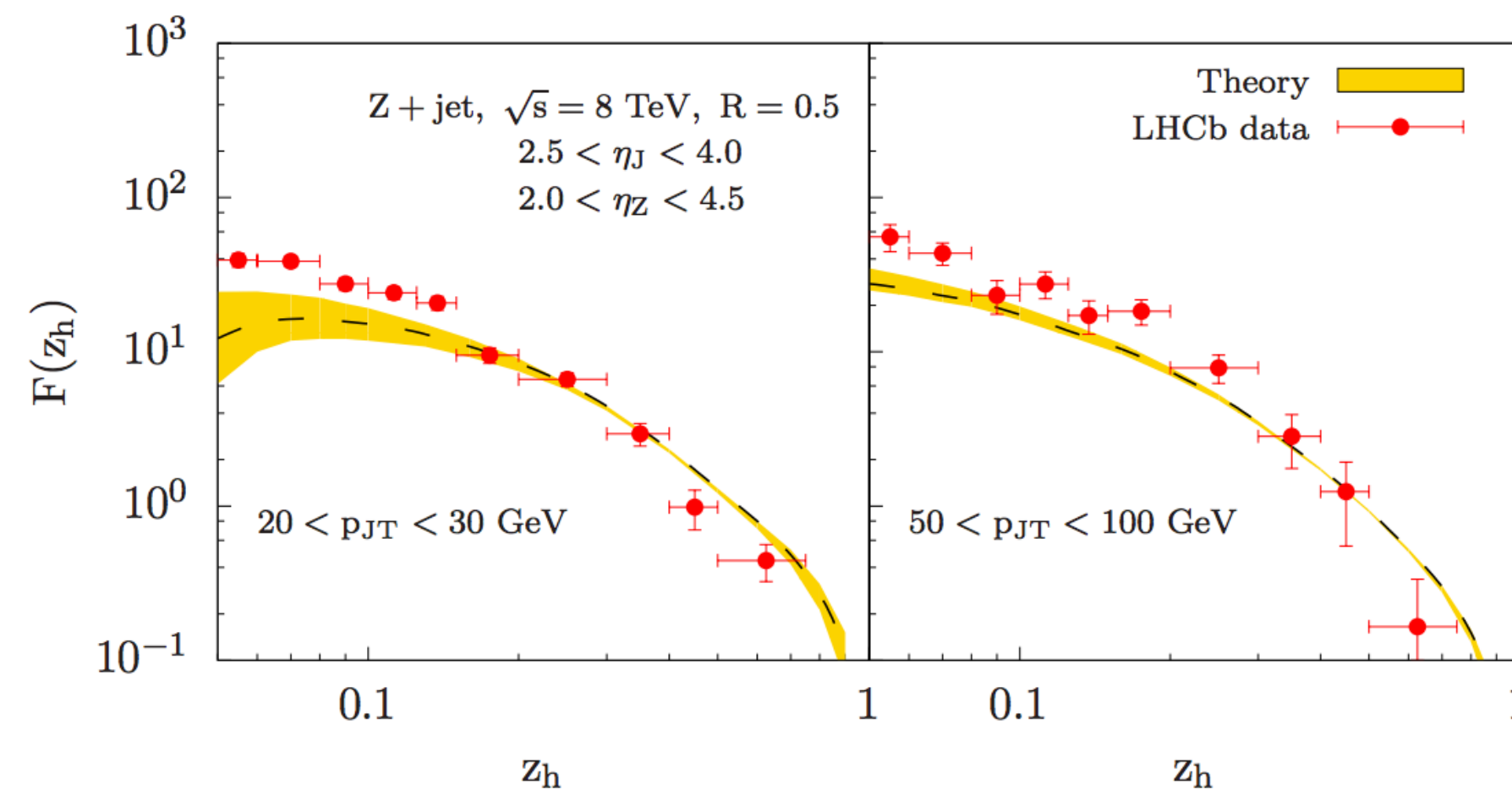
$$PP / eP \rightarrow J(h) + X$$

- There are analogous spin-dependent TMDFJFs relative to TMDFFs
- Red ones vanish after integration over j_{\perp}

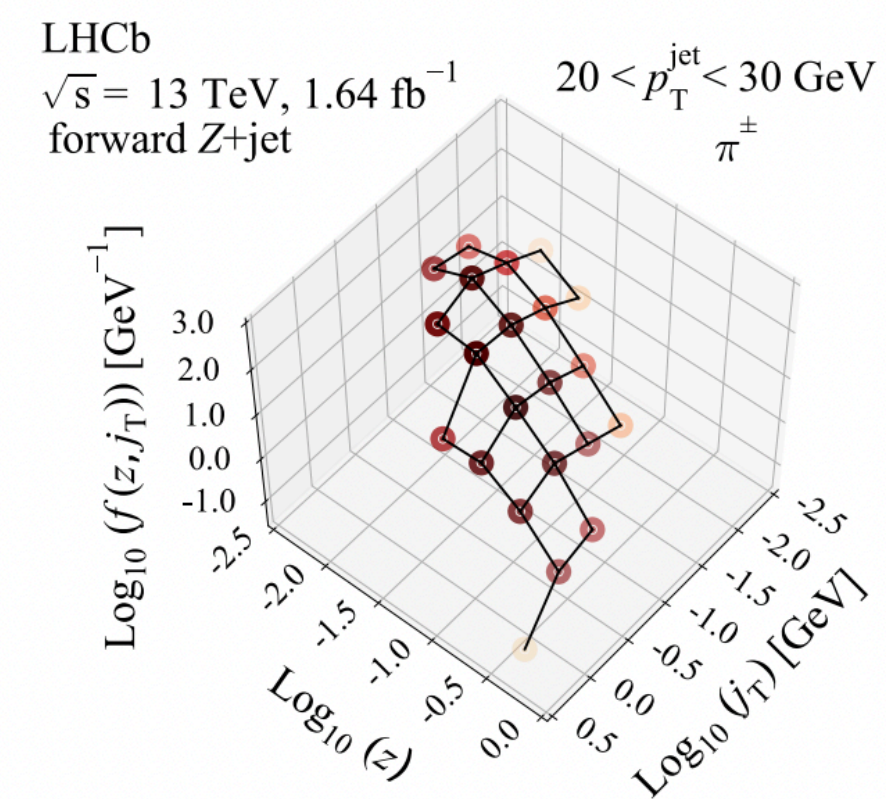
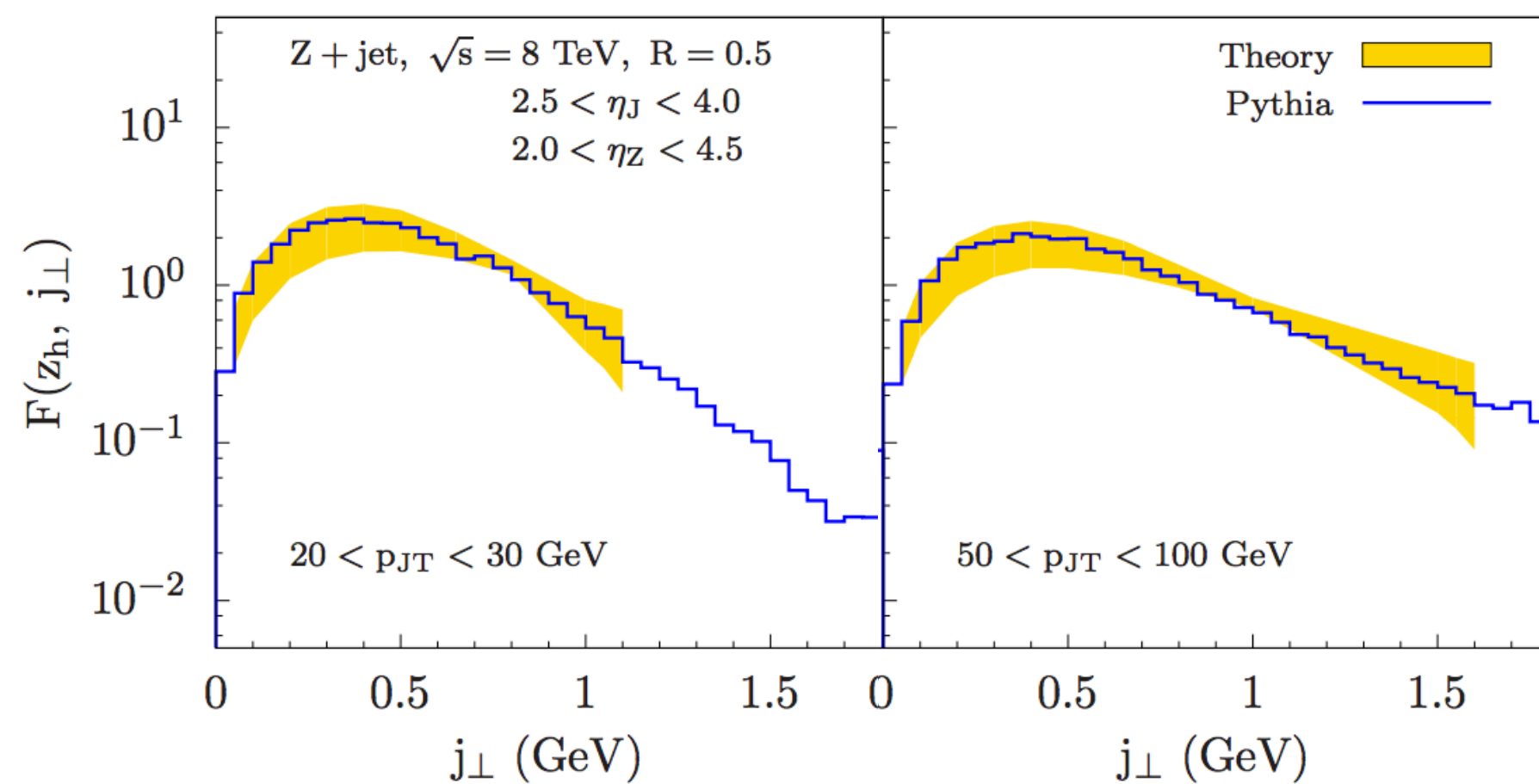
Unpolarized hadron in jet



Z-tagged jets at LHCb



Find a good agreement within the intermediate z_h region.

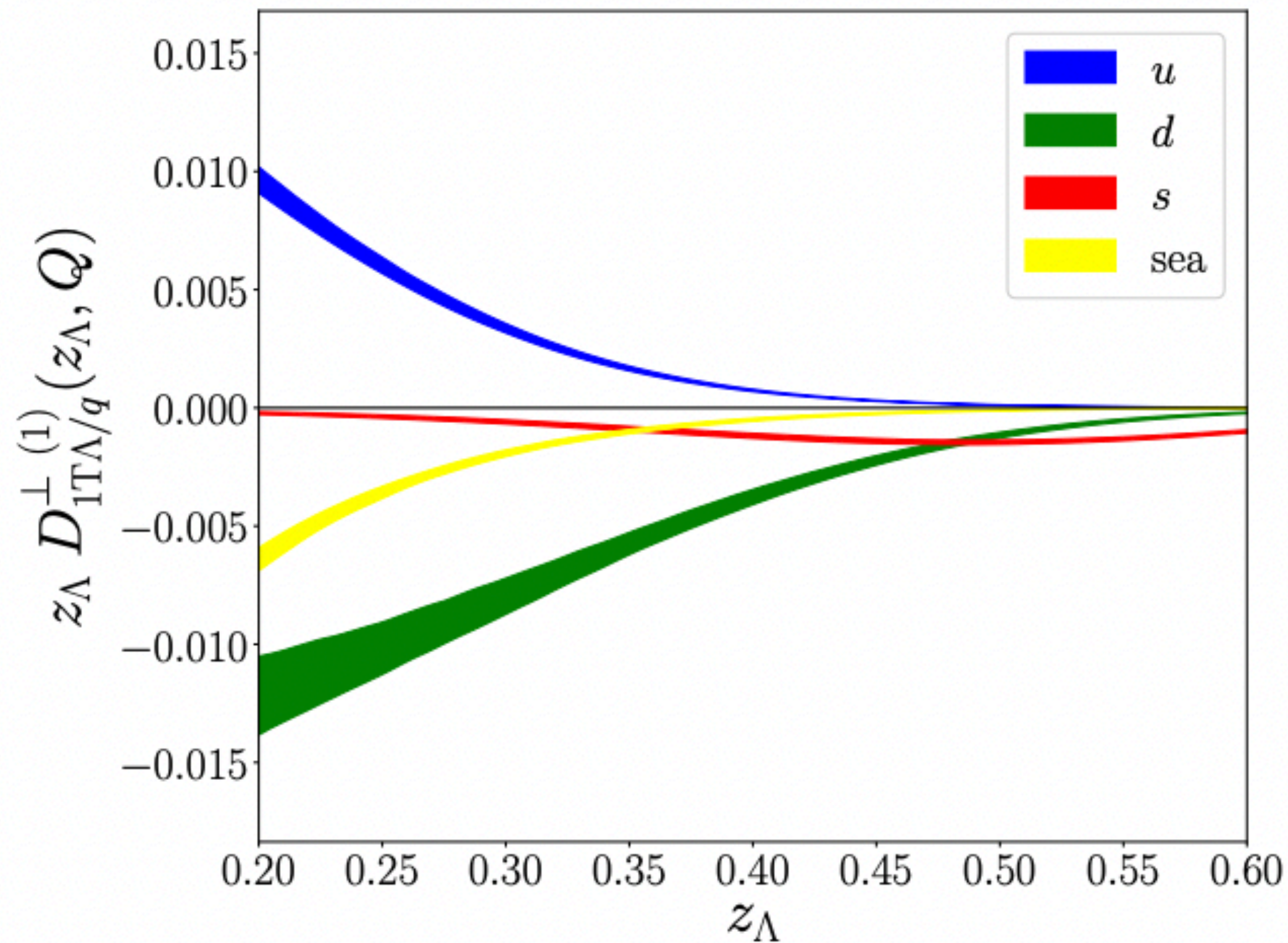


LHCb Collaboration '22

Kang, Lee, Terry, Xing '19

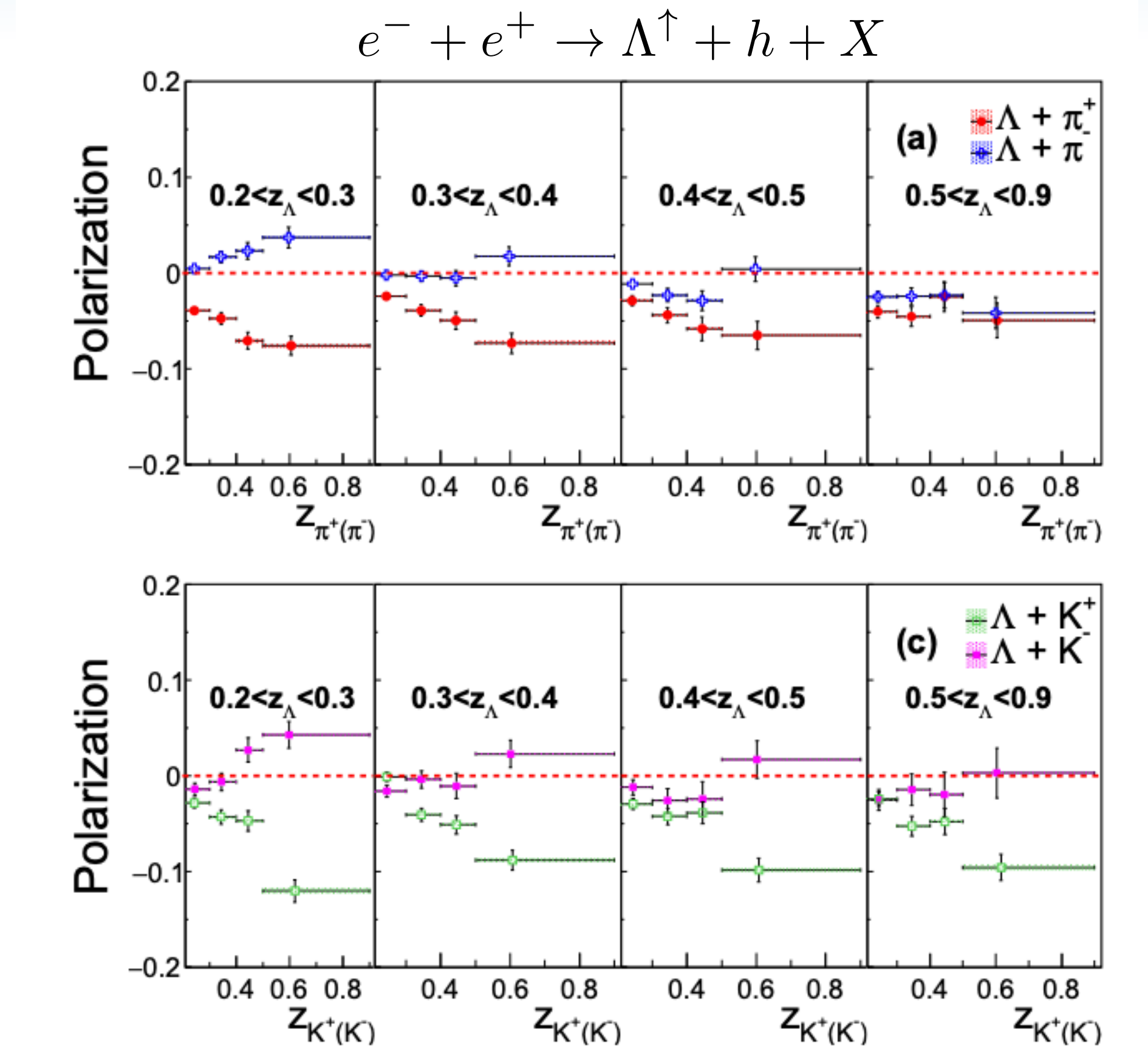
Polarizing FF / FJF

Unpolarized parton to transversely polarized hadron $D_T^{\perp h/q}, \mathcal{D}_T^{\perp h/q}$



fit from the Belle Collaboration data

Callos, Kang, Terry, '20



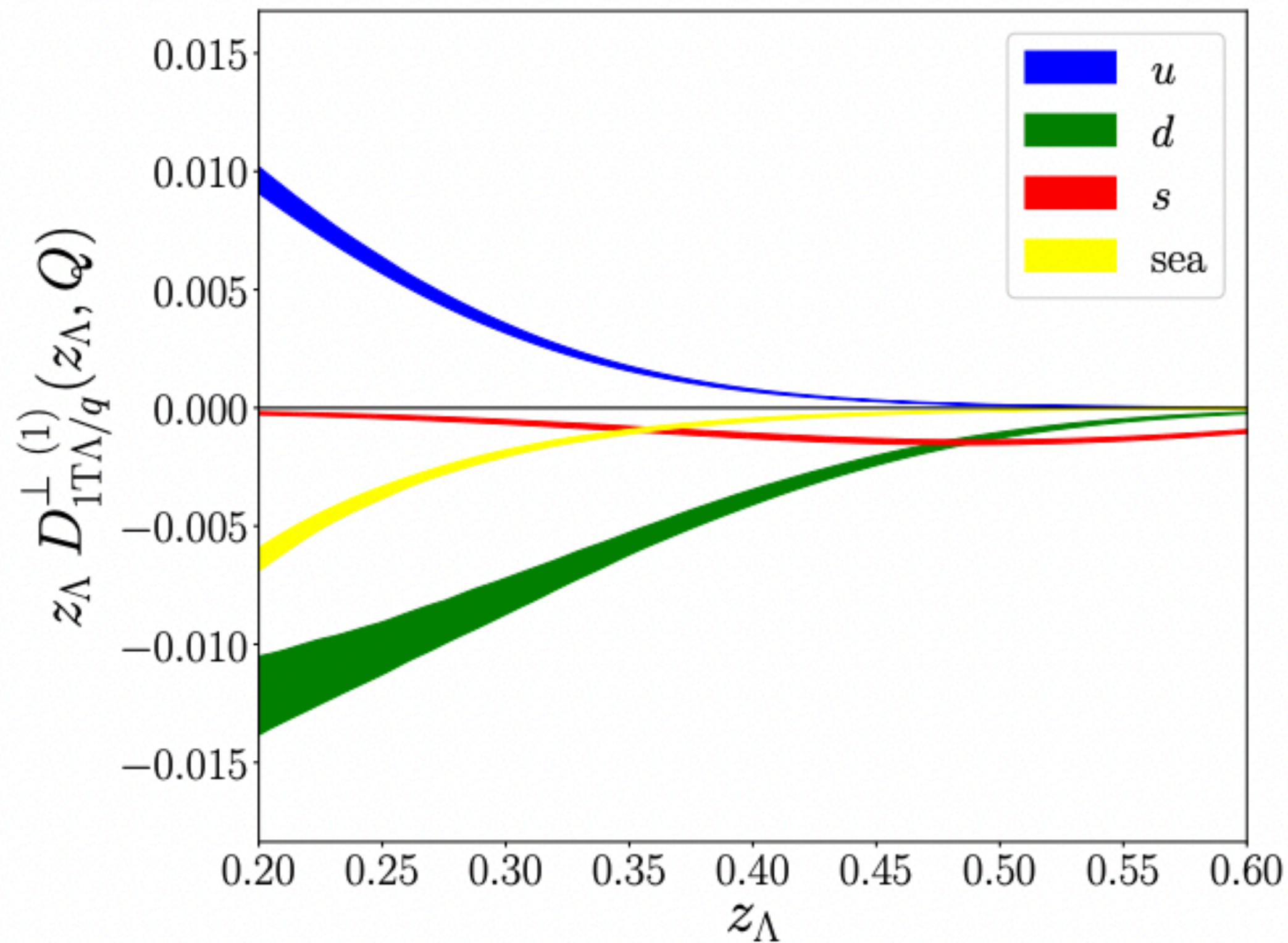
$e^- + e^+ \rightarrow \Lambda^+ + h + X$

Belle Collaboration '19

Convolution between polarizing FF and unpolarized FF

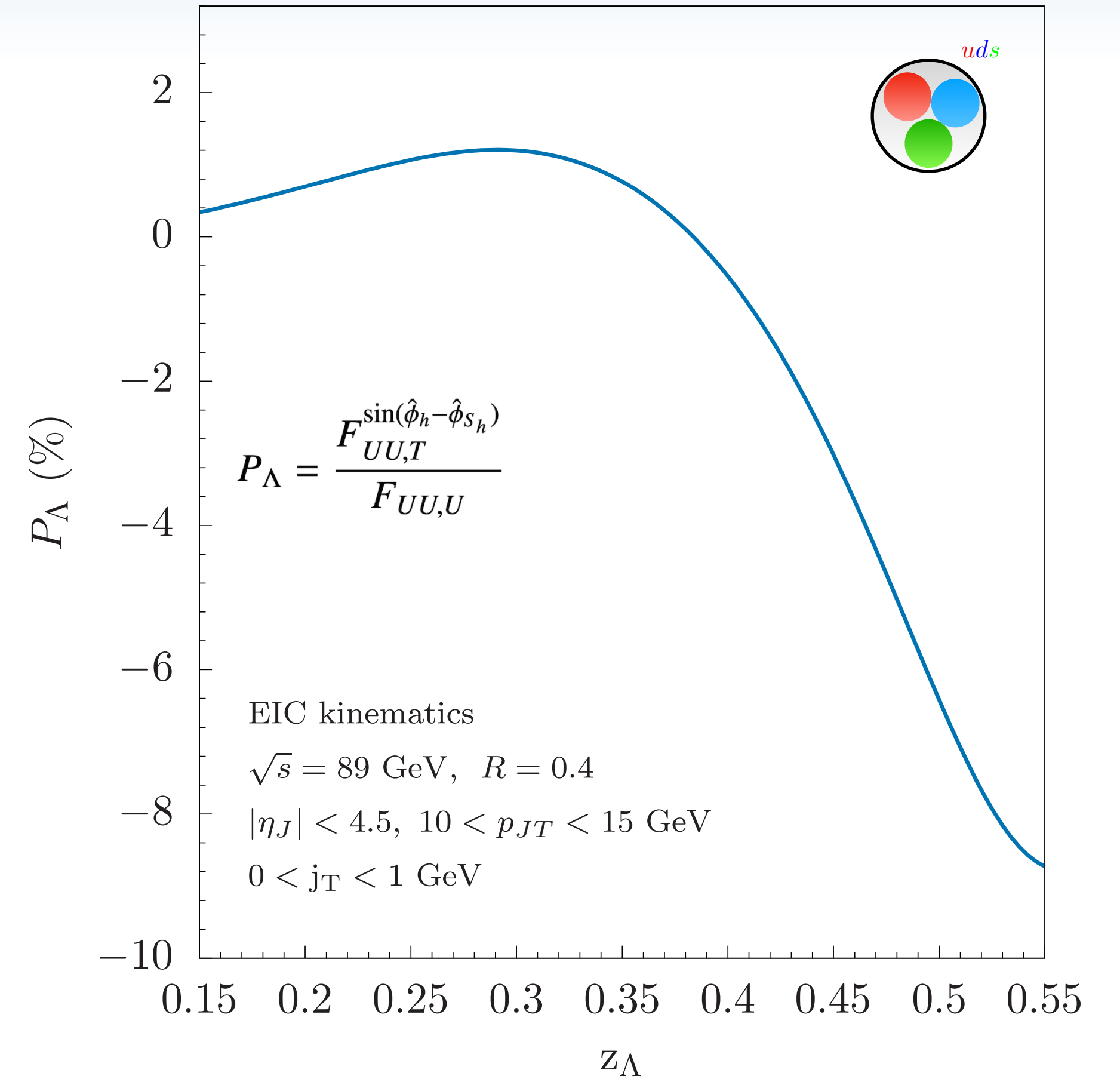
Polarizing FF / FJF

Unpolarized parton to transversely polarized hadron $D_T^{\perp h/q}, \mathcal{D}_T^{\perp h/q}$



fit from the Belle Collaboration data

Callos, Kang, Terry, '20



At the observable level, one can see where u and d polarizing FF dominates

Kang, KL, Zhao, '20

Azimuthal angular dependence

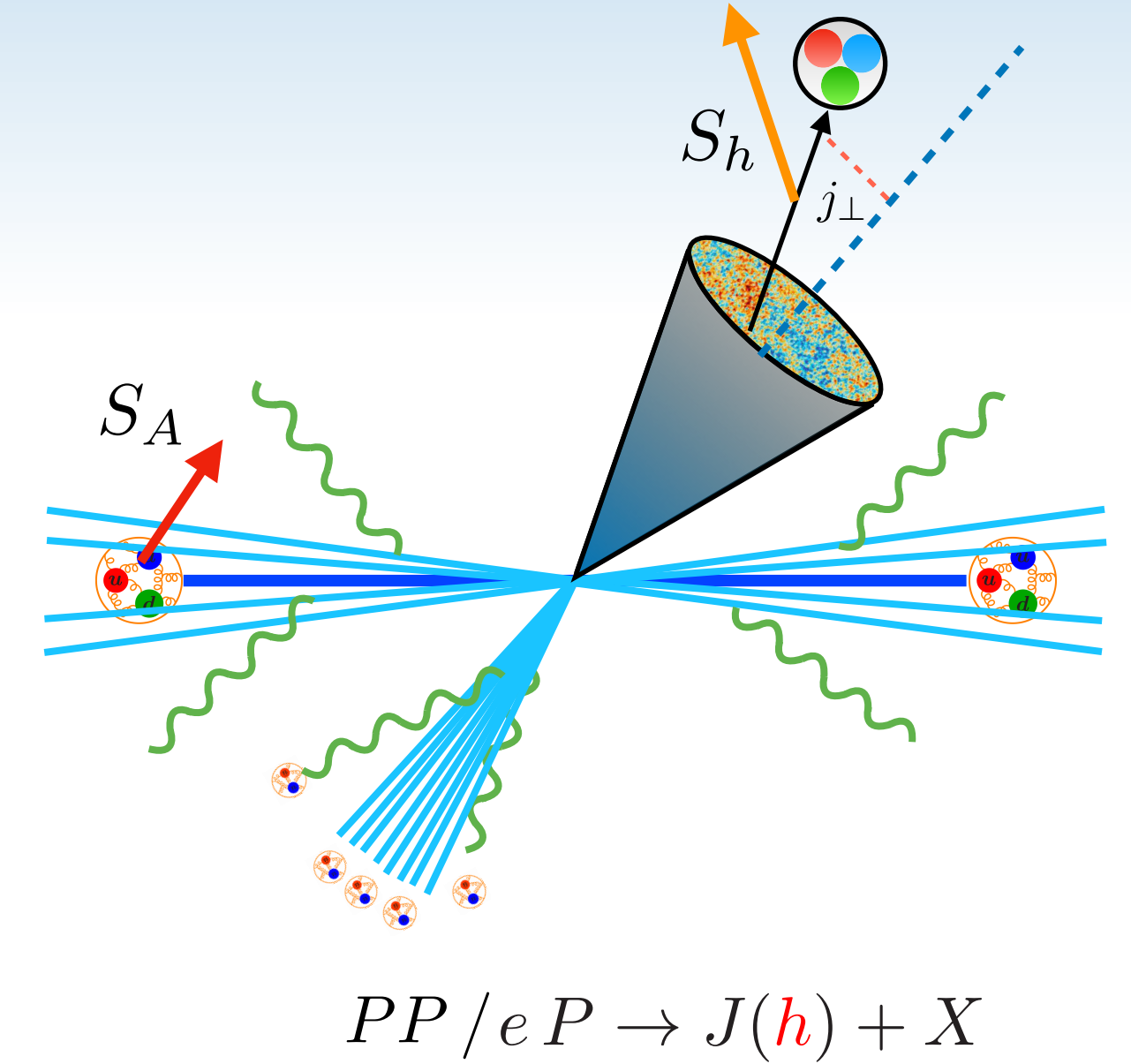
$$\frac{d\sigma^{p(S_A)+p/e \rightarrow (\text{jet } h(S_h))X}}{dp_{JT}d\eta_J dz_h d^2j_\perp} = F_{UU,U} + |\mathbf{S}_T| \sin(\phi_{S_A} - \hat{\phi}_h) F_{TU,U}^{\sin(\phi_{S_A} - \hat{\phi}_h)}$$

$$+ \Lambda_h \left[\lambda F_{LU,L} + |\mathbf{S}_T| \cos(\phi_{S_A} - \hat{\phi}_h) F_{TU,L}^{\cos(\phi_{S_A} - \hat{\phi}_h)} \right]$$

$$+ |\mathbf{S}_{h\perp}| \left\{ \sin(\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h}) F_{UU,T}^{\sin(\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h})} + \lambda \cos(\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h}) F_{LU,T}^{\cos(\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h})} \right.$$

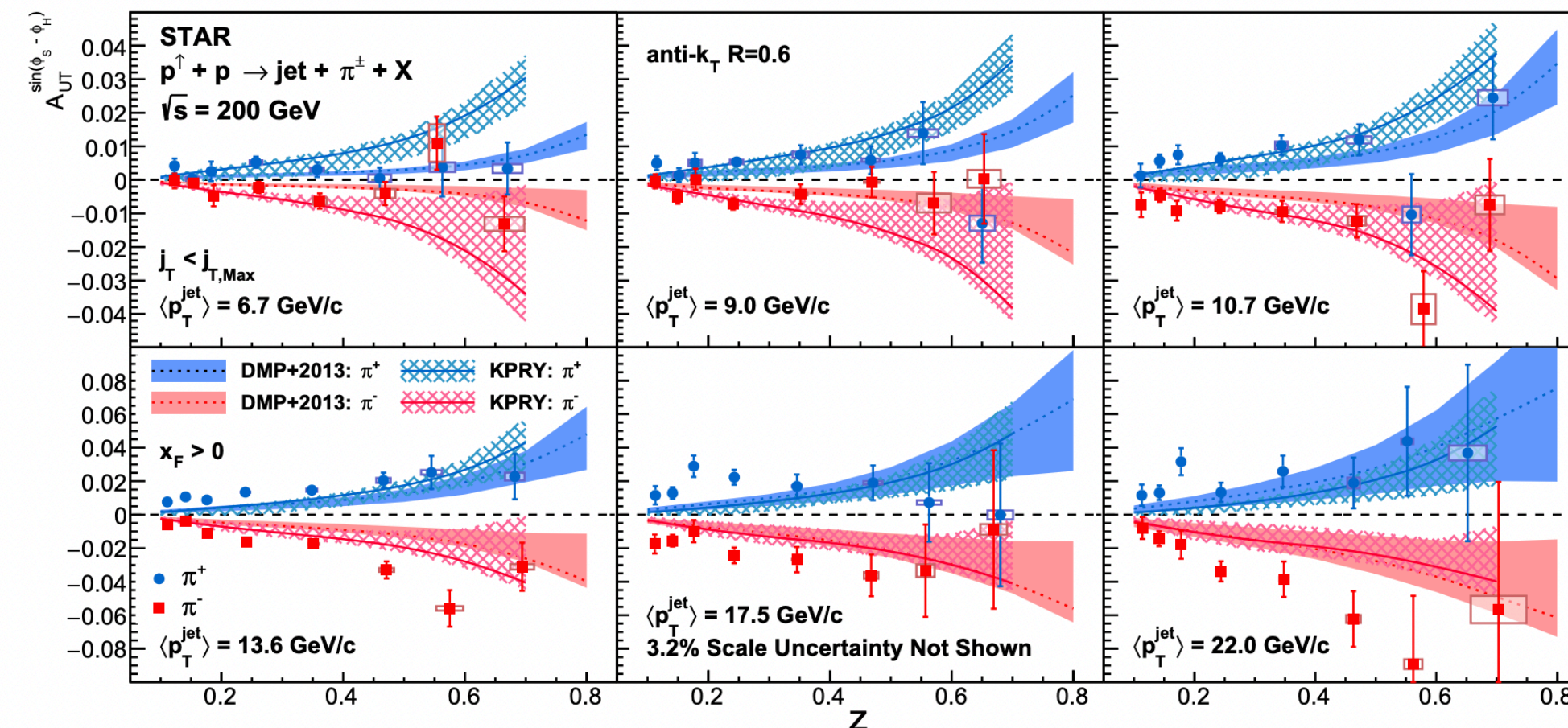
$$+ |\mathbf{S}_T| \left(\cos(\phi_{S_A} - \hat{\phi}_{S_h}) F_{TU,T}^{\cos(\phi_{S_A} - \hat{\phi}_{S_h})} \right.$$

$$\left. \left. + \cos(2\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h} - \phi_{S_A}) F_{TU,T}^{\cos(2\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h} - \phi_{S_A})} \right) \right\},$$



Collins TMD FJF

$F_{S_A S_B, S_h}$
 ↑
Polarization of A, B, h



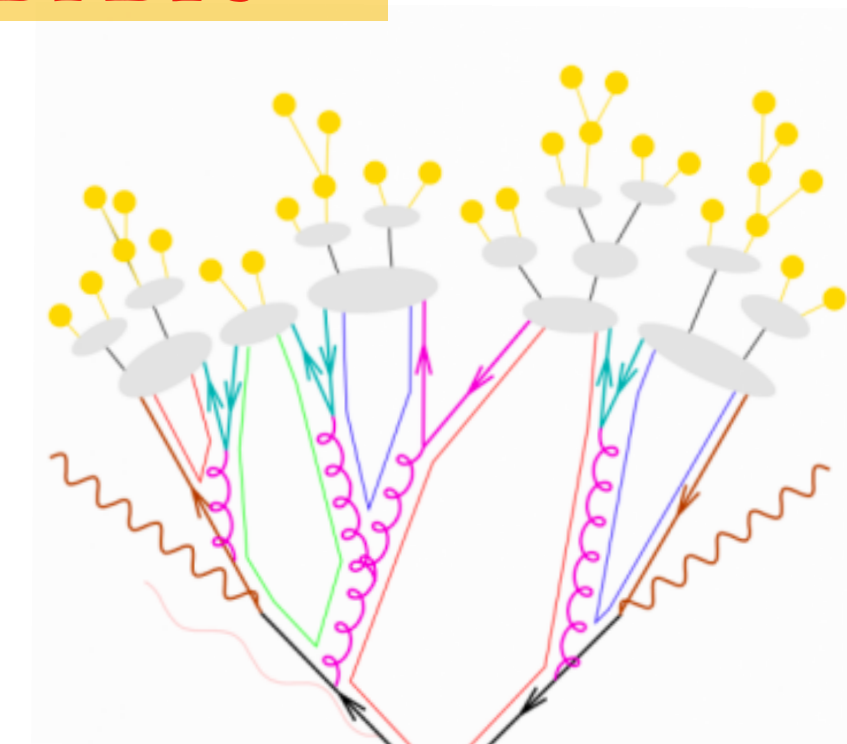
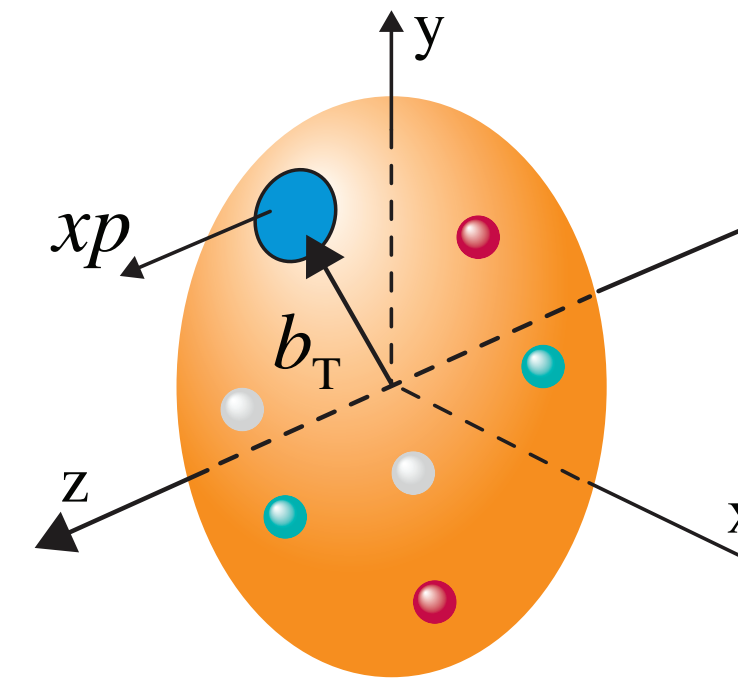
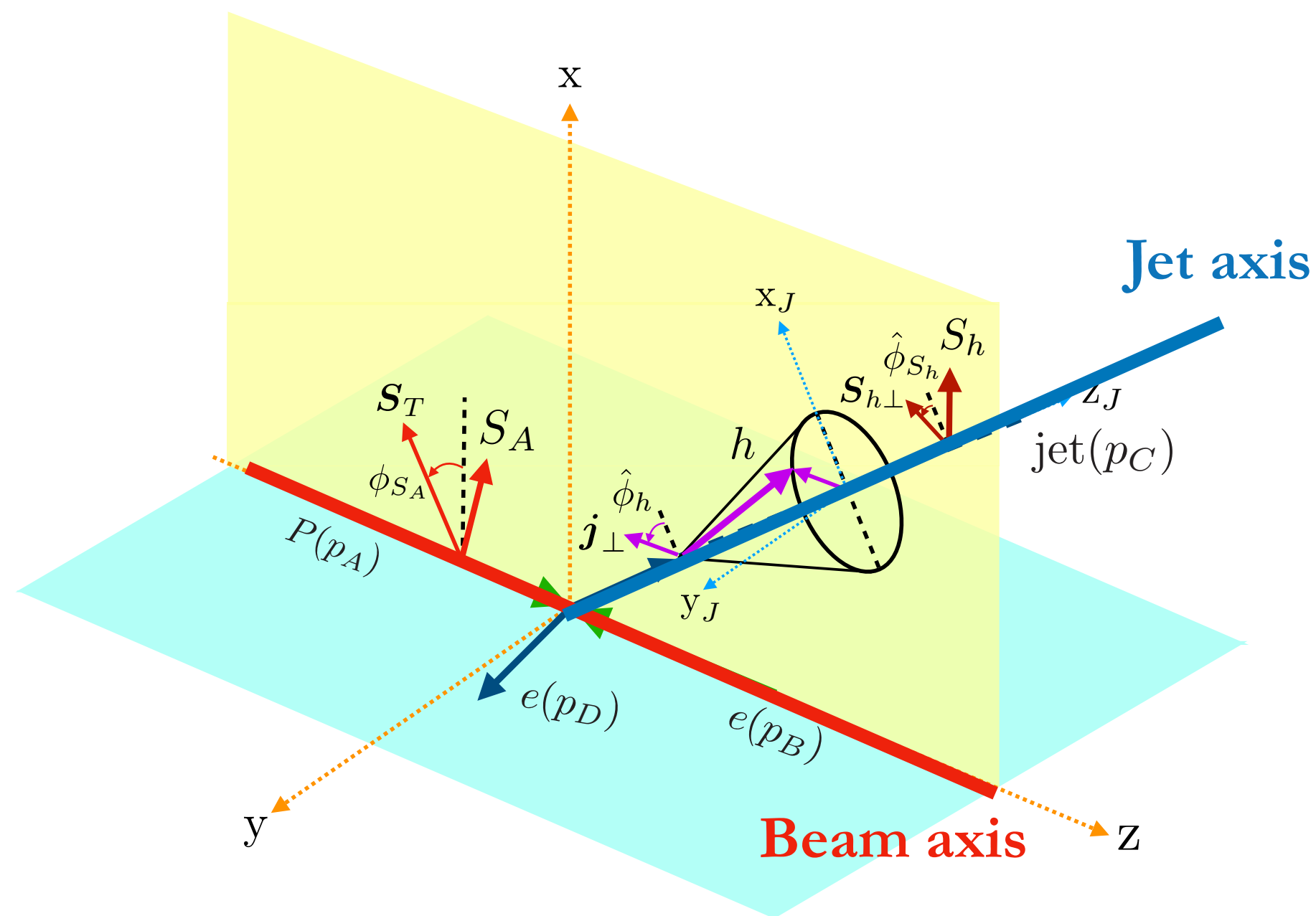
STAR Collaboration '22

- Sensitivity to different TMD FFs with characteristic angular asymmetries

Kang, KL, Zhao, '20

Polarized Jet Fragmentation Functions and lepton + jet imbalance

3) Lepton + jet imbalance
with hadron in jet
TMDFFs / TMDPDFs



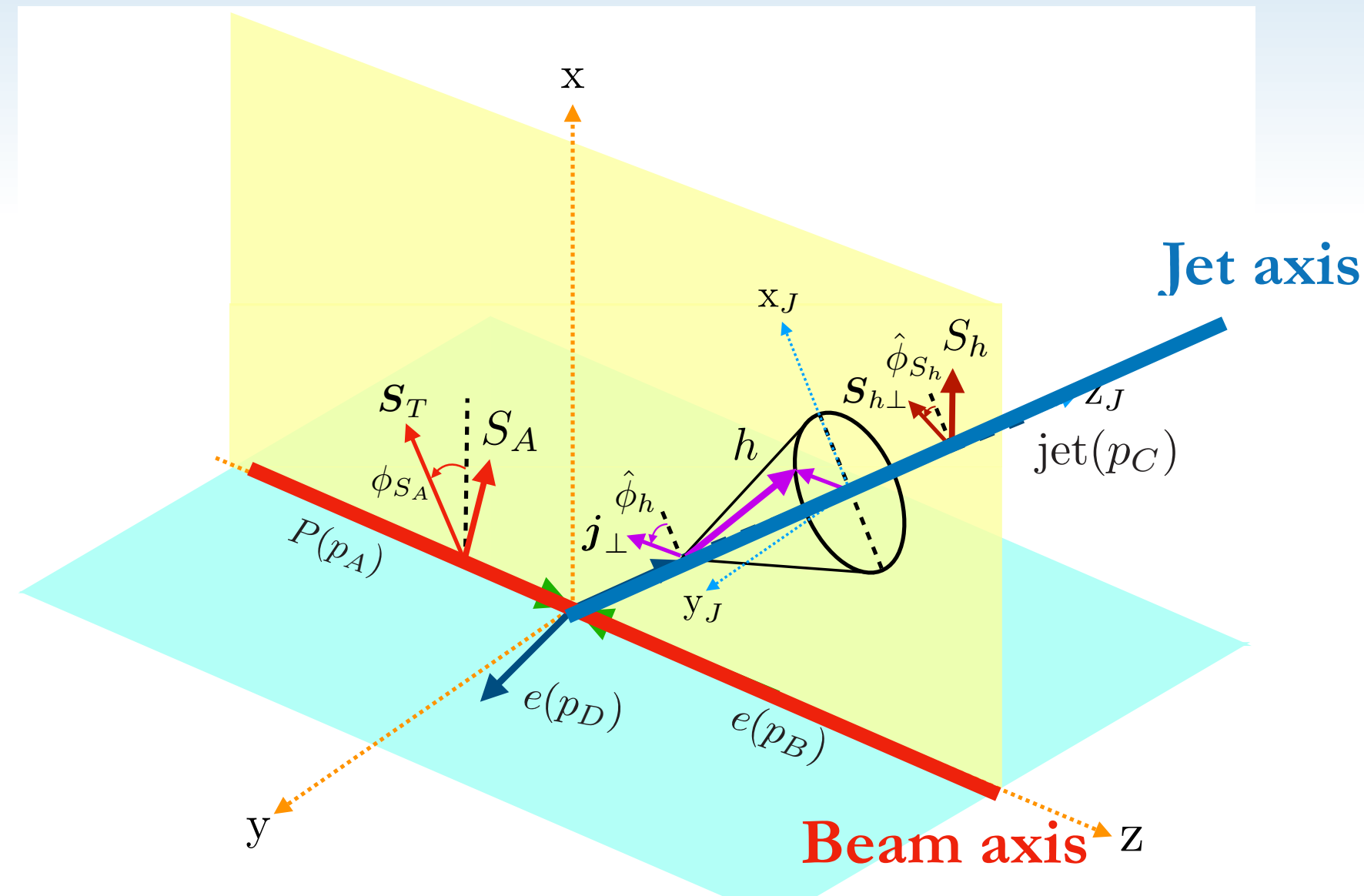
- Observation of polarized hadron inside jet gives sensitivity to **all** TMDPDFs and TMDFFs.
- Sensitivity to two TMDs, but sensitive to \vec{q}_\perp and \vec{j}_\perp separately (**advantage of having two axes**)

Polarized Jet Fragmentation Functions and lepton + jet imbalance

Many characteristic correlations

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{d\sigma^{p(S_A)+e(\lambda_e)\rightarrow e+(\text{jet } h(S_h))+X}}{dp_T^2 dy_J d^2\mathbf{q}_T dz_h d^2\mathbf{j}_\perp} &= F_{UU,U} + \cos(\phi_q - \hat{\phi}_h) F_{UU,U}^{\cos(\phi_q - \hat{\phi}_h)} \\
 &+ \lambda_p \left\{ \lambda_e F_{LL,U} + \sin(\phi_q - \hat{\phi}_h) F_{LU,U}^{\sin(\phi_q - \hat{\phi}_h)} \right\} \\
 &+ S_T \left\{ \sin(\phi_q - \phi_{S_A}) F_{TU,U}^{\sin(\phi_q - \phi_{S_A})} + \lambda_e \cos(\phi_q - \phi_{S_A}) F_{TL,U}^{\cos(\phi_q - \phi_{S_A})} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \sin(\phi_{S_A} - \hat{\phi}_h) F_{TU,U}^{\sin(\phi_{S_A} - \hat{\phi}_h)} + \sin(2\phi_q - \hat{\phi}_h - \phi_{S_A}) F_{TU,U}^{\sin(2\phi_q - \hat{\phi}_h - \phi_{S_A})} \right\} \\
 &+ \lambda_h \left\{ \lambda_e F_{UL,L} + \sin(\hat{\phi}_h - \phi_q) F_{UU,L}^{\sin(\hat{\phi}_h - \phi_q)} + \lambda_p \left[F_{LU,L} + \cos(\hat{\phi}_h - \phi_q) F_{LU,L}^{\cos(\hat{\phi}_h - \phi_q)} \right] \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + S_T \left[\cos(\phi_q - \phi_{S_A}) F_{TU,L}^{\cos(\phi_q - \phi_{S_A})} + \lambda_e \sin(\phi_q - \phi_{S_A}) F_{TL,L}^{\sin(\phi_q - \phi_{S_A})} \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. + \cos(\phi_{S_A} - \hat{\phi}_h) F_{TU,L}^{\cos(\phi_{S_A} - \hat{\phi}_h)} + \cos(2\phi_q - \phi_{S_A} - \hat{\phi}_h) F_{TU,L}^{\cos(2\phi_q - \phi_{S_A} - \hat{\phi}_h)} \right] \right\} \\
 &+ S_{h\perp} \left\{ \sin(\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h}) F_{UU,T}^{\sin(\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h})} + \lambda_e \cos(\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h}) F_{UL,T}^{\cos(\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h})} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \sin(\hat{\phi}_{S_h} - \phi_q) F_{UU,T}^{\sin(\hat{\phi}_{S_h} - \phi_q)} + \sin(2\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h} - \phi_q) F_{UU,T}^{\sin(2\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h} - \phi_q)} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \lambda_p \left[\cos(\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h}) F_{LU,T}^{\cos(\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h})} + \cos(\phi_q - \hat{\phi}_{S_h}) F_{LU,T}^{\cos(\phi_q - \hat{\phi}_{S_h})} \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. + \cos(2\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h} - \phi_q) F_{LU,T}^{\cos(2\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h} - \phi_q)} + \lambda_e \sin(\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h}) F_{LL,T}^{\sin(\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h})} \right] \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + S_T \left[\cos(\phi_{S_A} - \hat{\phi}_{S_h}) F_{TU,T}^{\cos(\phi_{S_A} - \hat{\phi}_{S_h})} + \cos(2\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h} - \phi_{S_A}) F_{TU,T}^{\cos(2\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h} - \phi_{S_A})} \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. + \sin(\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h}) \sin(\phi_q - \phi_{S_A}) F_{TU,T}^{\sin(\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h}) \sin(\phi_q - \phi_{S_A})} \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. + \cos(\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h}) \cos(\phi_q - \phi_{S_A}) F_{TU,T}^{\cos(\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h}) \cos(\phi_q - \phi_{S_A})} \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. + \cos(2\phi_q - \phi_{S_A} - \hat{\phi}_{S_h}) F_{TU,T}^{\cos(2\phi_q - \phi_{S_A} - \hat{\phi}_{S_h})} \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. + \cos(2\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h} + 2\phi_q - \phi_{S_A}) F_{TU,T}^{\cos(2\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h} + 2\phi_q - \phi_{S_A})} \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. + \lambda_e \cos(\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h}) \sin(\phi_{S_A} - \phi_q) F_{TL,T}^{\cos(\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h}) \sin(\phi_{S_A} - \phi_q)} \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. + \lambda_e \sin(\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h}) \cos(\phi_{S_A} - \phi_q) F_{TL,T}^{\sin(\hat{\phi}_h - \hat{\phi}_{S_h}) \cos(\phi_{S_A} - \phi_q)} \right] \right\},
 \end{aligned}$$

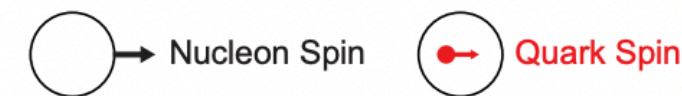
Phenomenology : $A_{UU,U}^{\cos(\phi_q - \hat{\phi}_h)}$



$$A_{UU,U}^{\cos(\phi_q - \hat{\phi}_h)} \equiv \frac{F_{UU,U}^{\cos(\phi_q - \hat{\phi}_h)}(q_\perp, j_\perp)}{F_{UU,U}(q_\perp, j_\perp)} \sim \frac{h_1^\perp(q_\perp) H_1^\perp(j_\perp)}{f_1(q_\perp) D_1(j_\perp)}$$

- Boer-Mulders and Collins functions sensitive to transverse momentum measured with respect to different axes.
- “Separation” of the incoming and outgoing dynamics.

Leading Quark TMDPDFs



		Quark Polarization		
		Un-Polarized (U)	Longitudinally Polarized (L)	Transversely Polarized (T)
Nucleon Polarization	U	$f_1 = \odot$ Unpolarized		$h_1^\perp = \uparrow - \downarrow$ Boer-Mulders
	L		$g_1 = \rightarrow - \leftarrow$ Helicity	$h_{1L}^\perp = \rightarrow - \leftarrow$ Worm-gear
	T	$f_{1T}^\perp = \uparrow - \downarrow$ Sivers	$g_{1T}^\perp = \rightarrow - \leftarrow$ Worm-gear	$h_1 = \uparrow - \downarrow$ Transversity $h_{1T}^\perp = \rightarrow - \leftarrow$ Pretzelosity

Leading Quark TMDFFs



		Quark Polarization		
		Un-Polarized (U)	Longitudinally Polarized (L)	Transversely Polarized (T)
Unpolarized (or Spin 0) Hadrons		$D_1 = \odot$ Unpolarized		$H_1^\perp = \uparrow - \downarrow$ Collins
	L		$G_1 = \rightarrow - \leftarrow$ Helicity	$H_{1L}^\perp = \rightarrow - \leftarrow$
Polarized Hadrons	T	$D_{1T}^\perp = \uparrow - \downarrow$ Polarizing FF	$G_{1T}^\perp = \rightarrow - \leftarrow$	$H_1 = \uparrow - \downarrow$ Transversity $H_{1T}^\perp = \rightarrow - \leftarrow$

Unpolarized π in jet (Boer-Mulders, Collins)

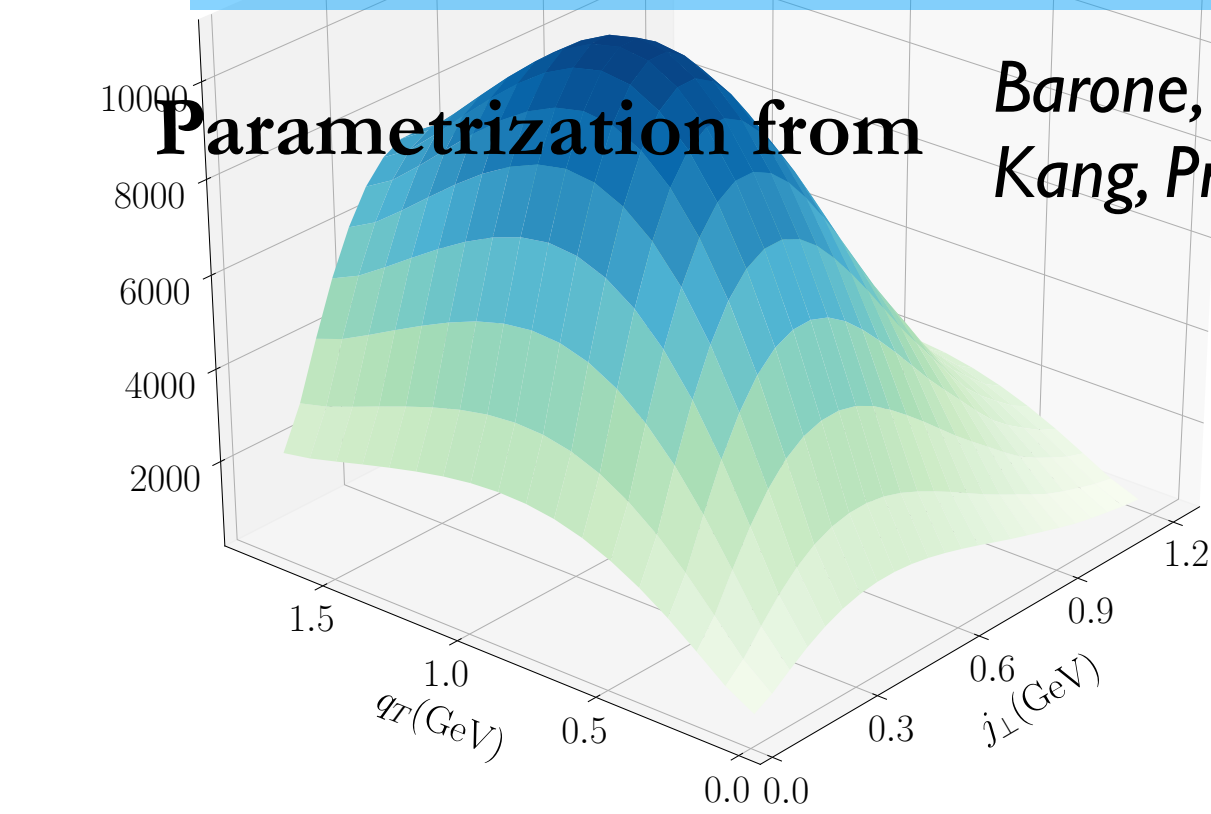
π^- q_T [0, 1.8], j_T [0, 1.2]

Denominator

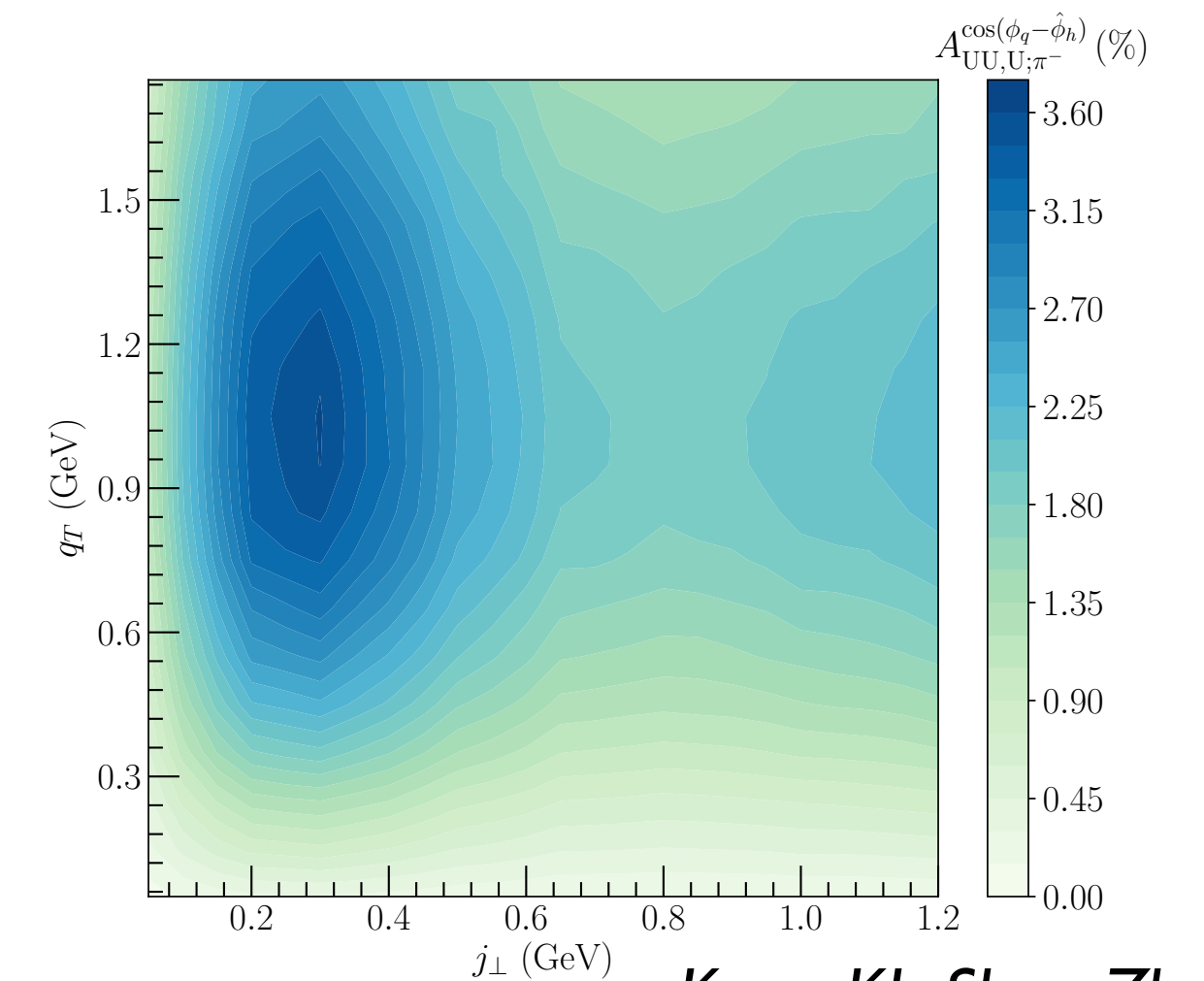
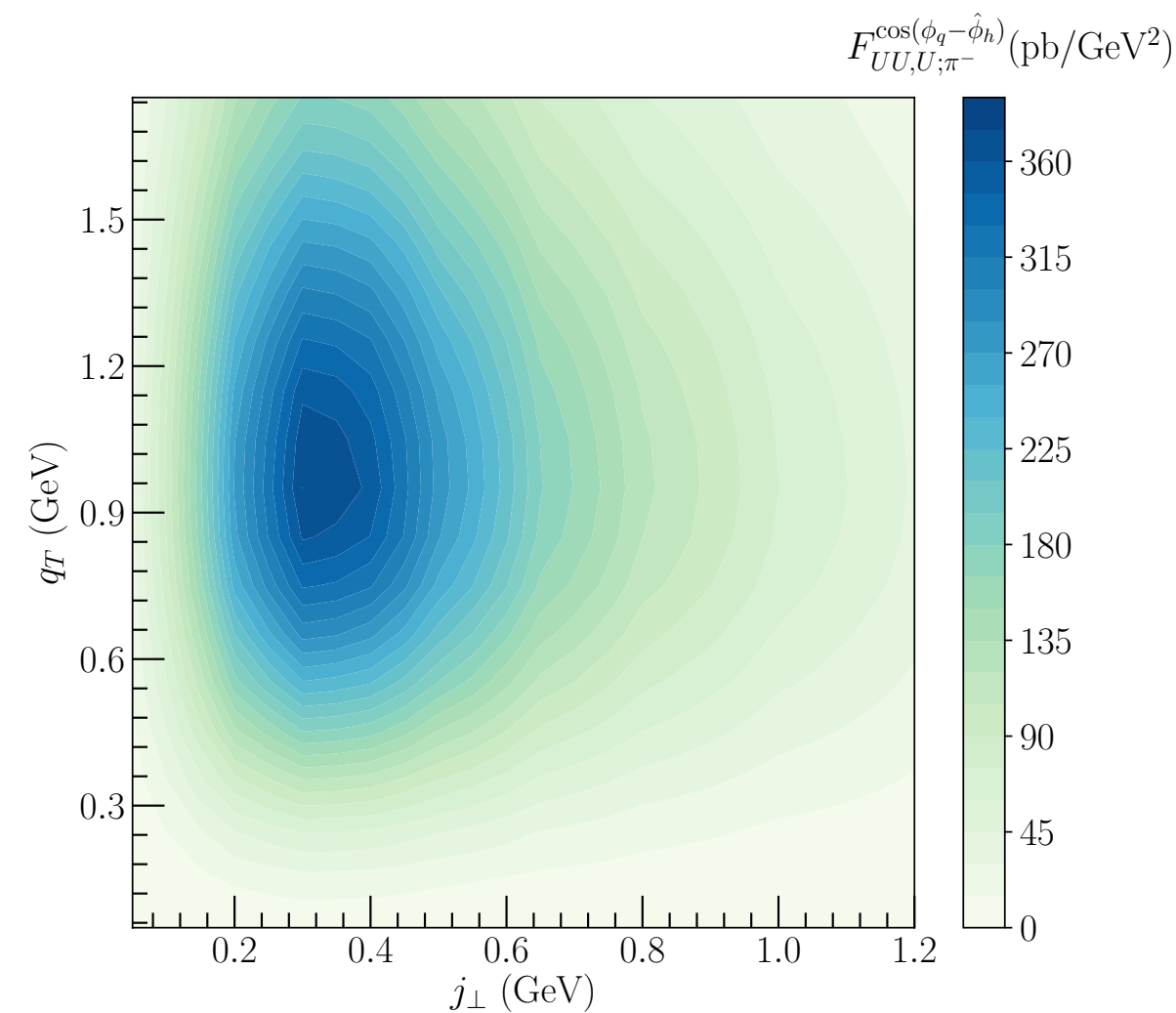
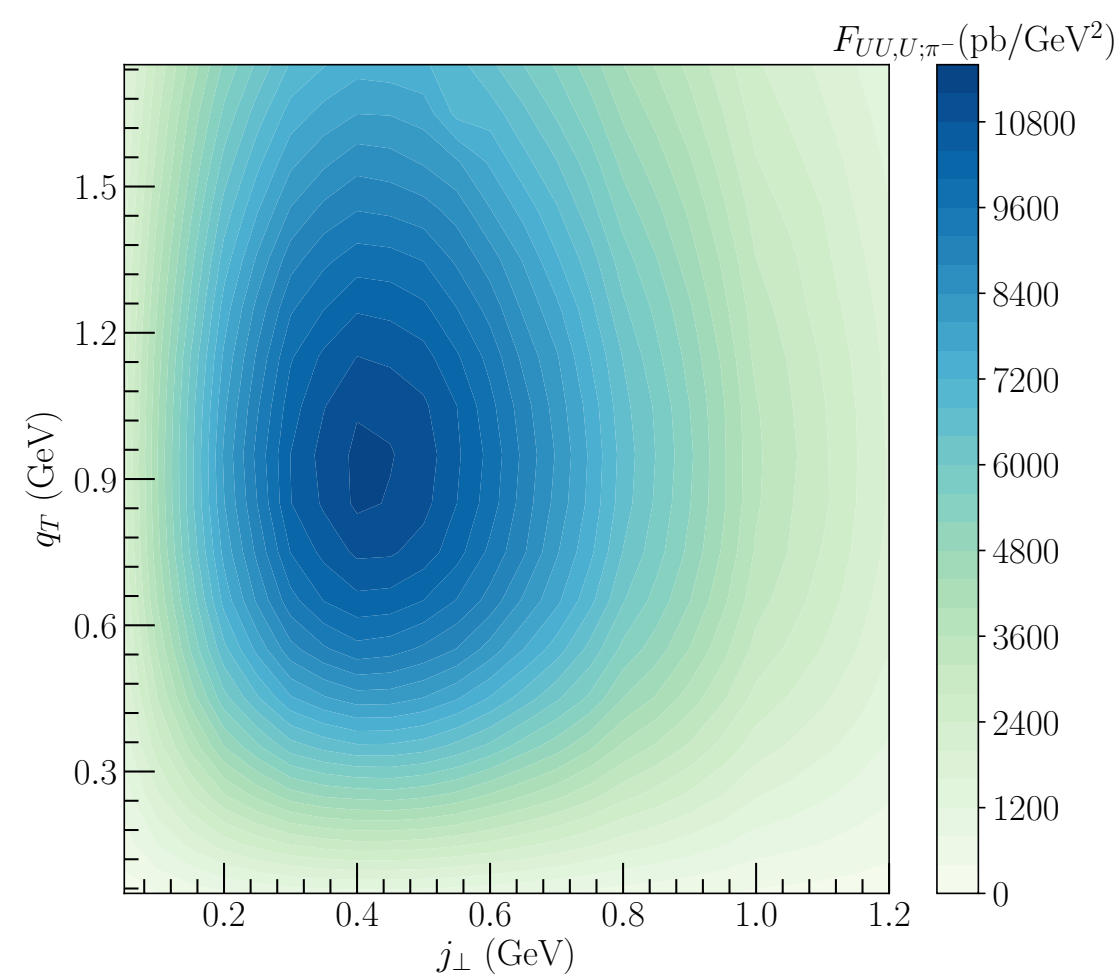
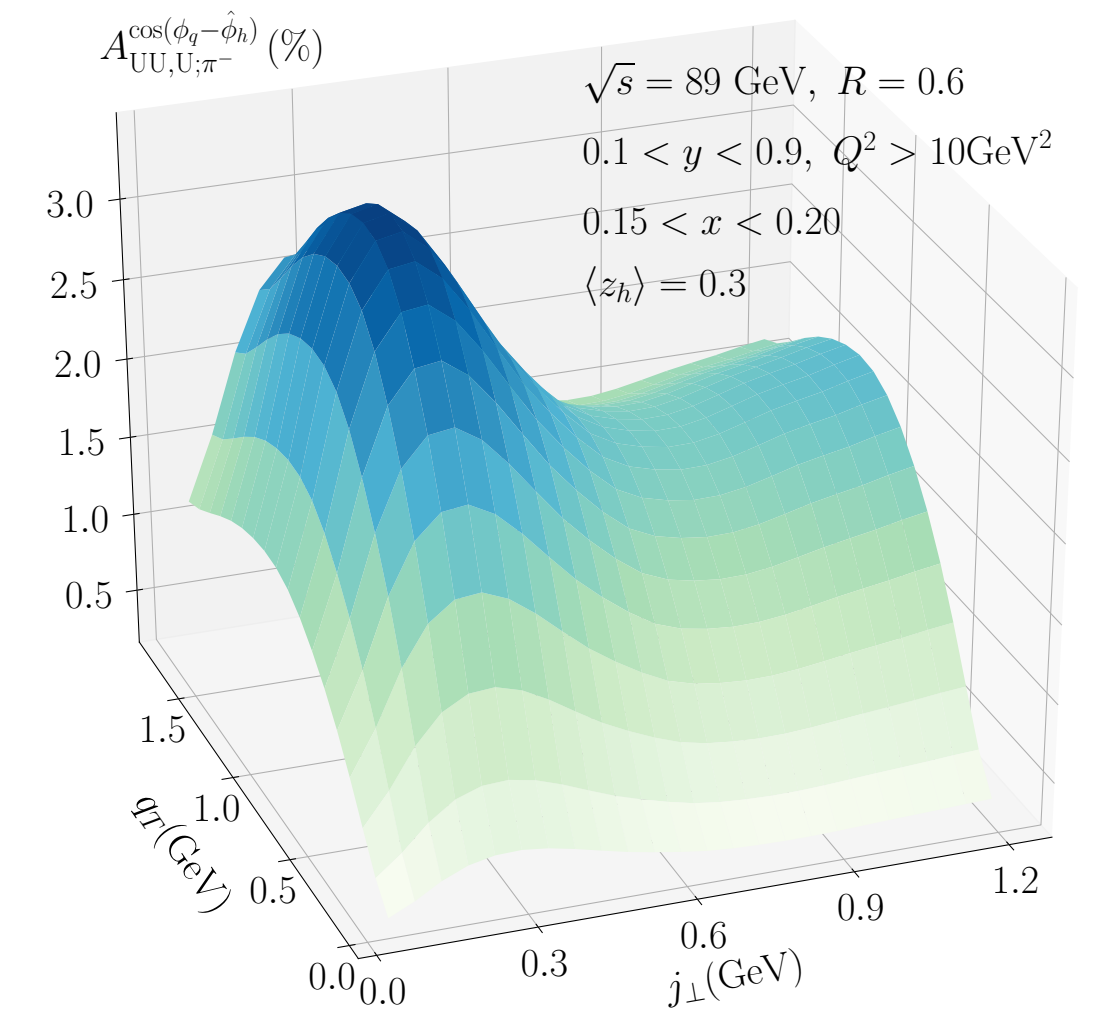
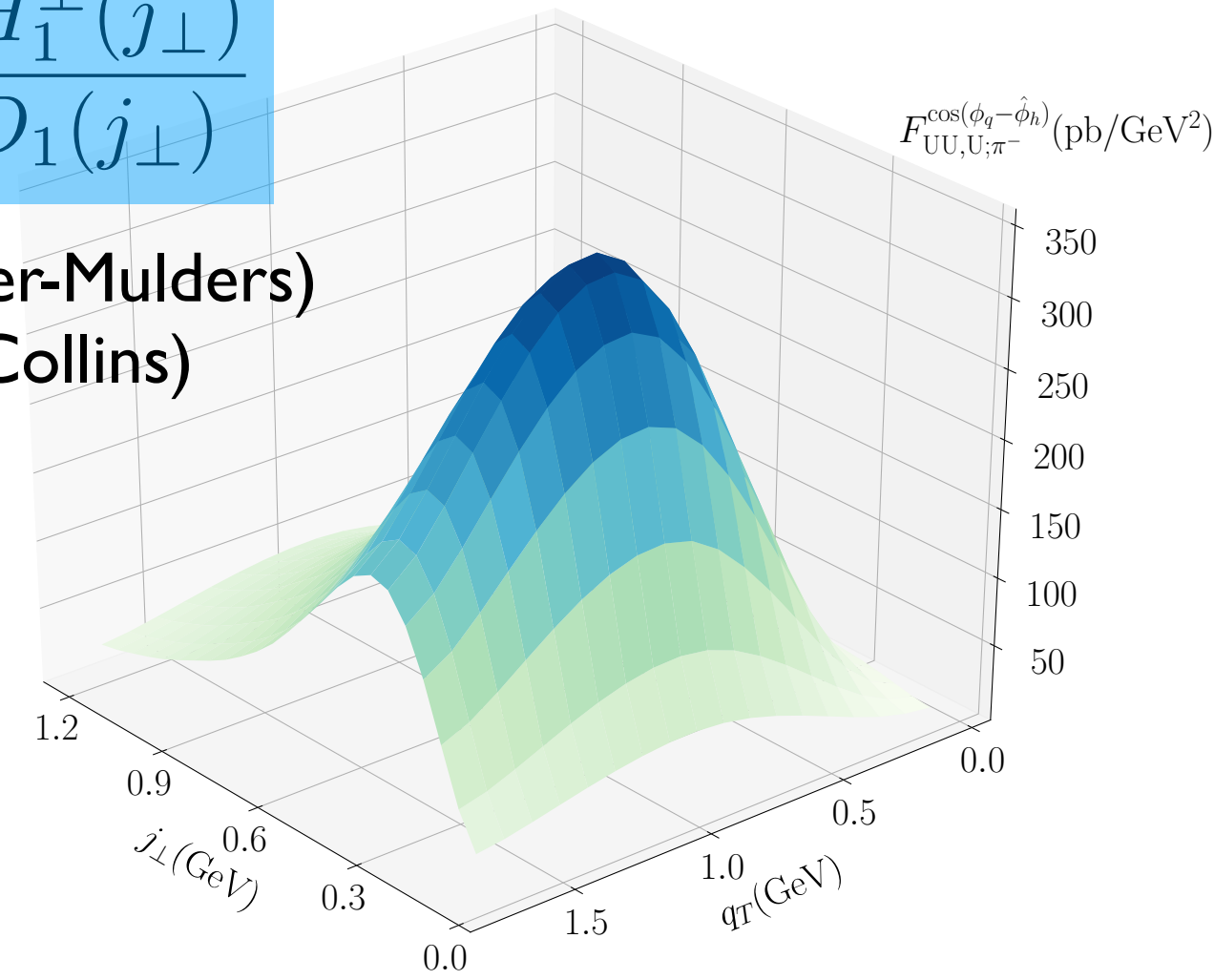
Numerator

Ratio

$$A_{UU,U;\pi^-}^{\cos(\phi_q - \hat{\phi}_h)} \equiv \frac{F_{UU,U}^{\cos(\phi_q - \hat{\phi}_h)}(q_\perp, j_\perp)}{F_{UU,U}(q_\perp, j_\perp)} \sim \frac{h_1^\perp(q_\perp)H_1^\perp(j_\perp)}{f_1(q_\perp)D_1(j_\perp)}$$

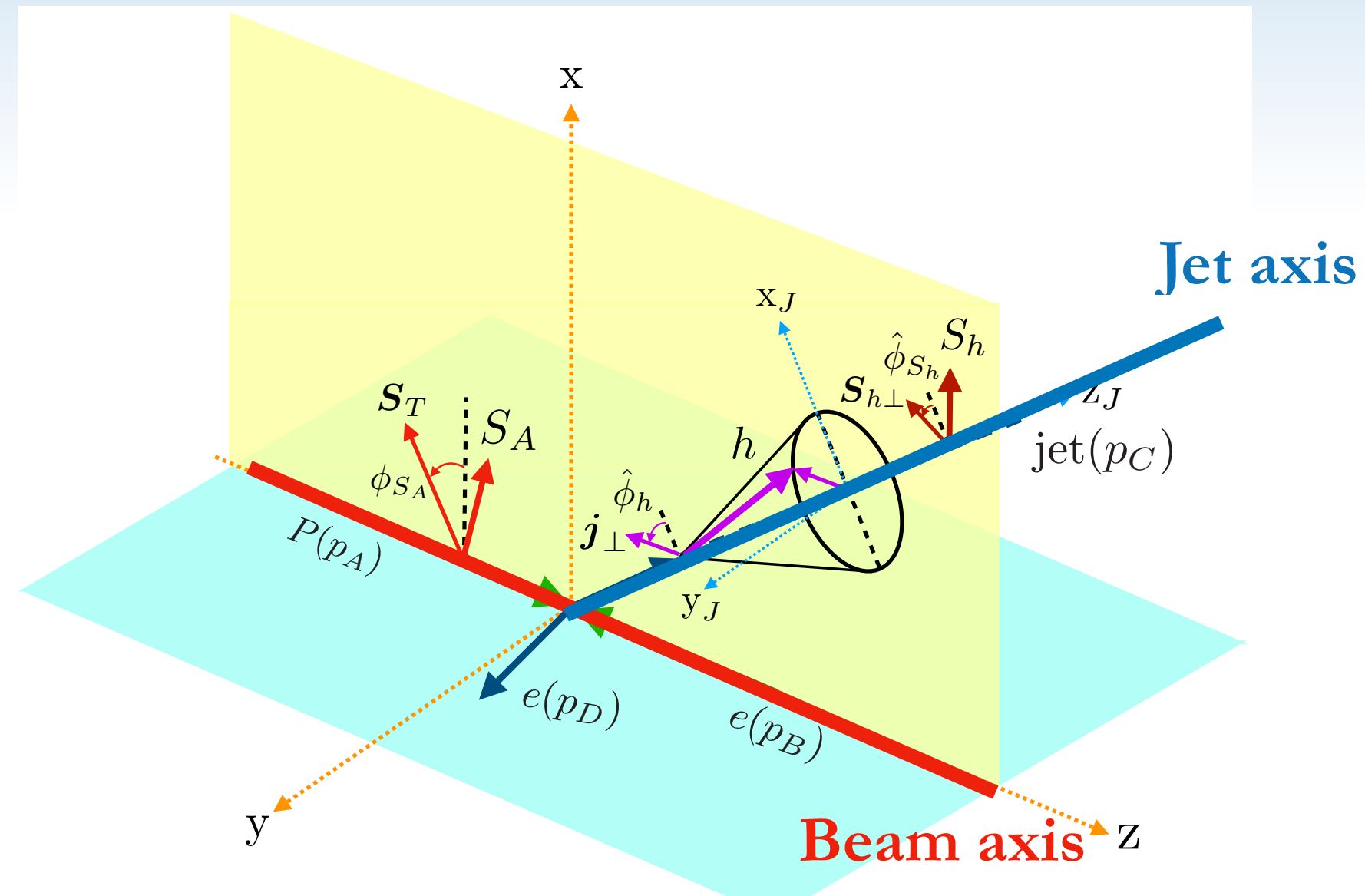


Parametrization from Barone, Melis, Prokudin '10 (Boer-Mulders)
Kang, Prokudin, Sun, Yuan '15 (Collins)



Kang, KL, Shao, Zhao '21

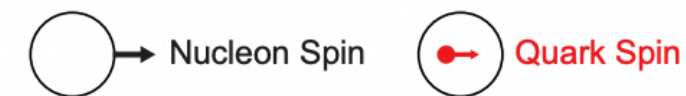
Phenomenology : $A_{UU,T}^{\sin(\hat{\phi}_\Lambda - \hat{\phi}_{S_\Lambda})}$



$$A_{UU,T}^{\sin(\hat{\phi}_\Lambda - \hat{\phi}_{S_\Lambda})} = \frac{F_{UU,T}^{\sin(\hat{\phi}_\Lambda - \hat{\phi}_{S_\Lambda})}}{F_{UU,U}} \sim \frac{f_1(q_\perp) D_{1T}^\perp(j_\perp)}{f_1(q_\perp) D_1(j_\perp)}$$

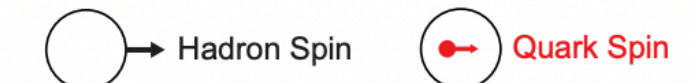
- “Separation” of the incoming and outgoing dynamics cancel the q_T dependence for this case.

Leading Quark TMDPDFs



		Quark Polarization		
		Un-Polarized (U)	Longitudinally Polarized (L)	Transversely Polarized (T)
Nucleon Polarization	U	$f_1 = \text{○} \rightarrow$ Unpolarized		$h_1^\perp = \text{○} \uparrow - \text{○} \downarrow$ Boer-Mulders
	L		$g_1 = \text{○} \rightarrow - \text{○} \rightarrow$ Helicity	$h_{1L}^\perp = \text{○} \rightarrow - \text{○} \rightarrow$ Worm-gear
	T	$f_{1T}^\perp = \text{○} \uparrow - \text{○} \downarrow$ Sivers	$g_{1T}^\perp = \text{○} \rightarrow - \text{○} \rightarrow$ Worm-gear	$h_1 = \text{○} \uparrow - \text{○} \downarrow$ Transversity $h_{1T}^\perp = \text{○} \rightarrow - \text{○} \rightarrow$ Pretzelosity

Leading Quark TMDFFs



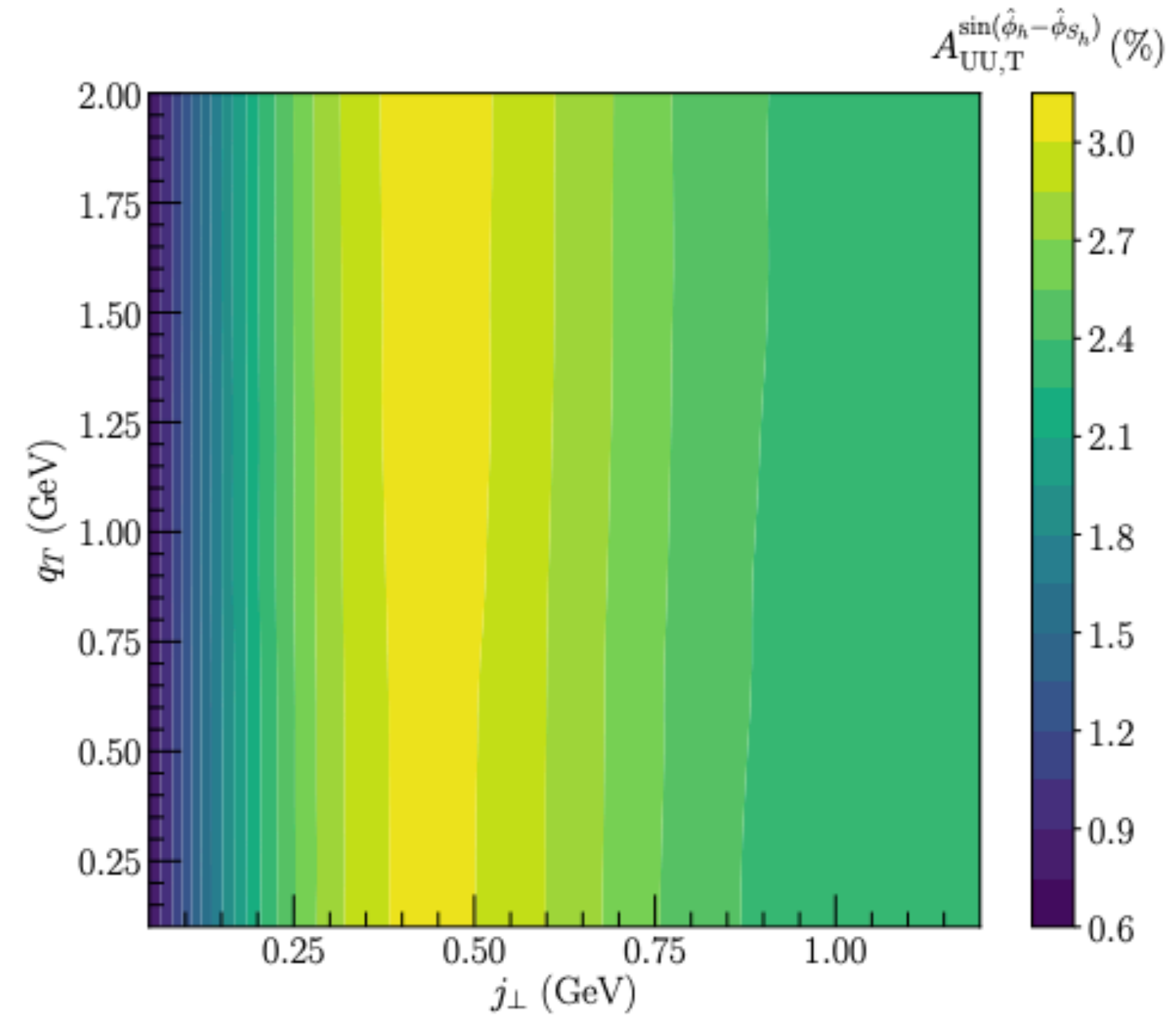
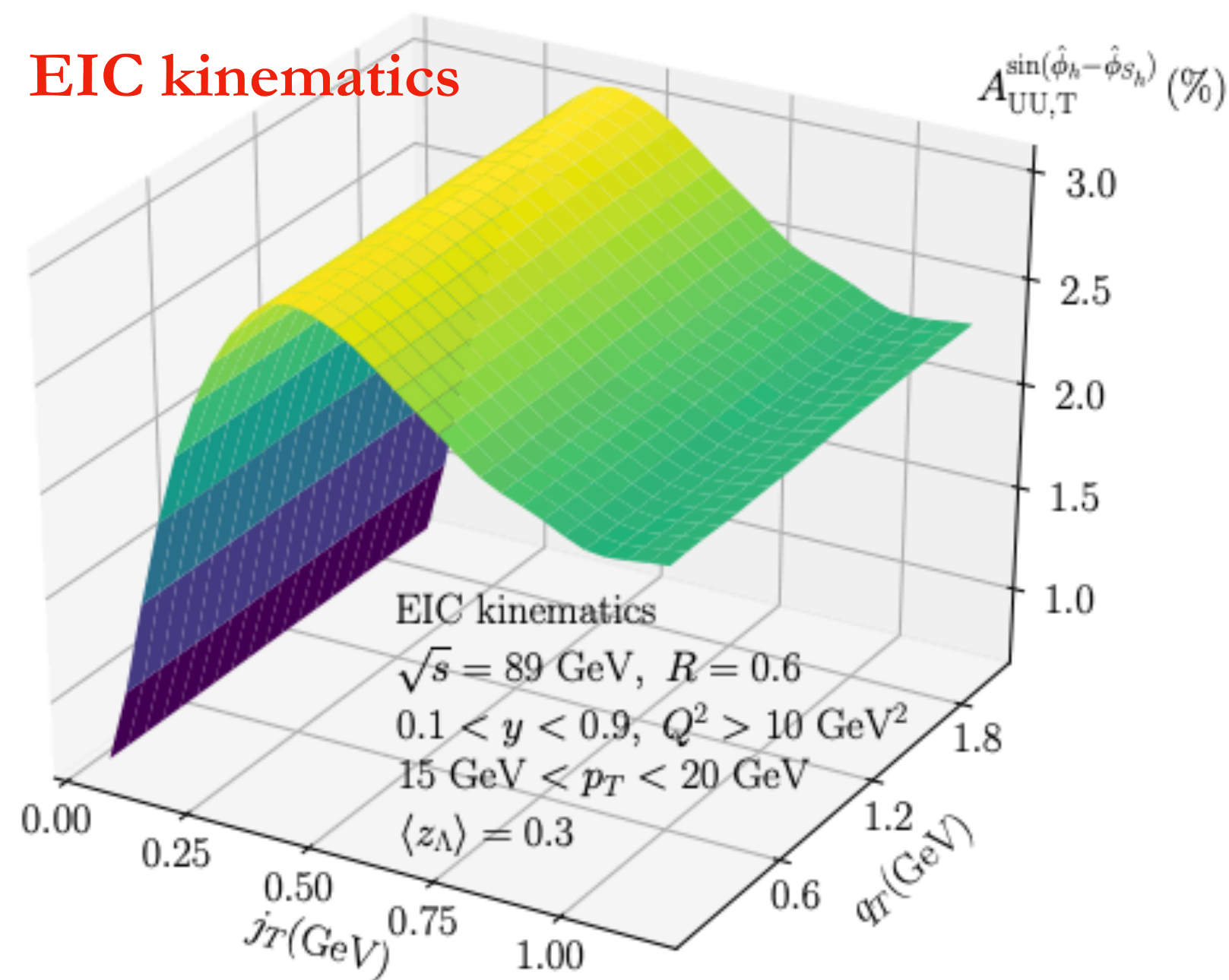
		Quark Polarization		
		Un-Polarized (U)	Longitudinally Polarized (L)	Transversely Polarized (T)
Unpolarized (or Spin 0) Hadrons		$D_1 = \text{○} \rightarrow$ Unpolarized		$H_1^\perp = \text{○} \uparrow - \text{○} \downarrow$ Collins
	L		$G_1 = \text{○} \rightarrow - \text{○} \rightarrow$ Helicity	$H_{1L}^\perp = \text{○} \rightarrow - \text{○} \rightarrow$
Polarized Hadrons	T	$D_{1T}^\perp = \text{○} \uparrow - \text{○} \downarrow$ Polarizing FF	$G_{1T}^\perp = \text{○} \rightarrow - \text{○} \rightarrow$	$H_1 = \text{○} \uparrow - \text{○} \downarrow$ Transversity $H_{1T}^\perp = \text{○} \rightarrow - \text{○} \rightarrow$

Polarizing FF

Kang, KL, Shao, Zhao '21

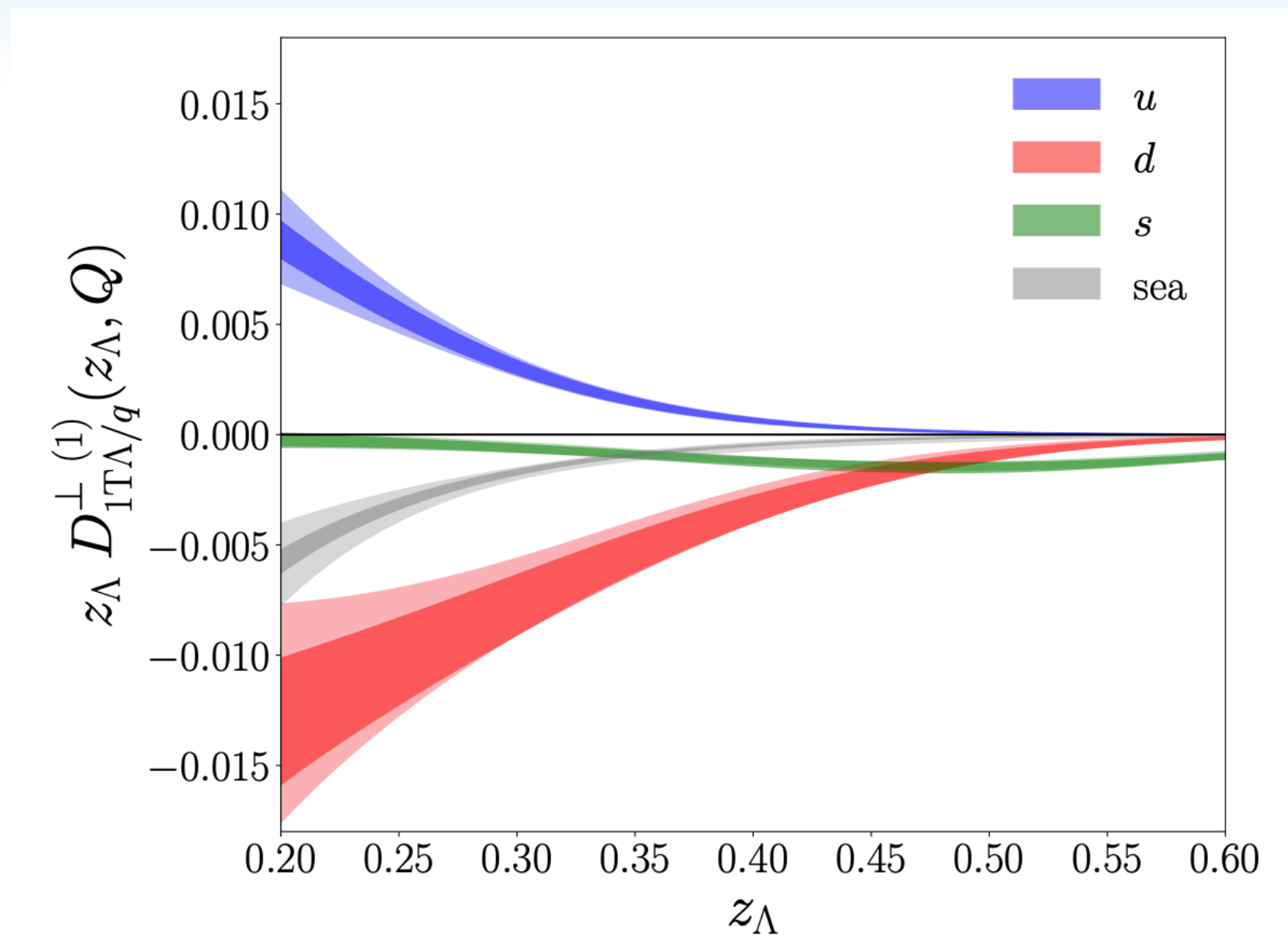
Phenomenology : $A_{UU,T}^{\sin(\hat{\phi}_\Lambda - \hat{\phi}_{S_\Lambda})}$

$$A_{UU,T}^{\sin(\hat{\phi}_\Lambda - \hat{\phi}_{S_\Lambda})} = \frac{F_{UU,T}^{\sin(\hat{\phi}_\Lambda - \hat{\phi}_{S_\Lambda})}}{F_{UU,U}} \sim \frac{f_1(q_\perp) D_{1T}^\perp(j_\perp)}{f_1(q_\perp) D_1(j_\perp)}$$



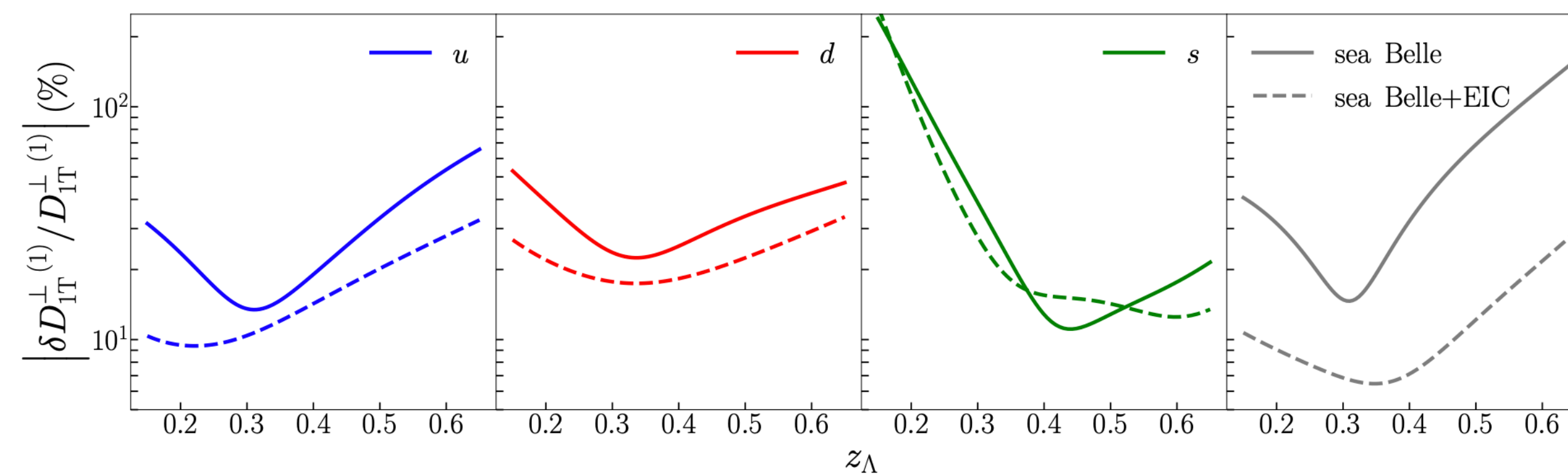
- q_T dependence indeed cancels and is only sensitive to TMDFFs.

Phenomenology : $A_{UU,T}^{\sin(\hat{\phi}_\Lambda - \hat{\phi}_{S_\Lambda})}$



- EIC pseudo-data significantly decreases the uncertainties in the determination of TMDPDFs.

Kang, Terry, Vossen, Xu, Zhang '21



Kang, KL, Shao, Zhao '21

Opening new door of opportunities

