

Overview of Global Analysis WG

... developing a "To Do" list

Fred Olness
SMU

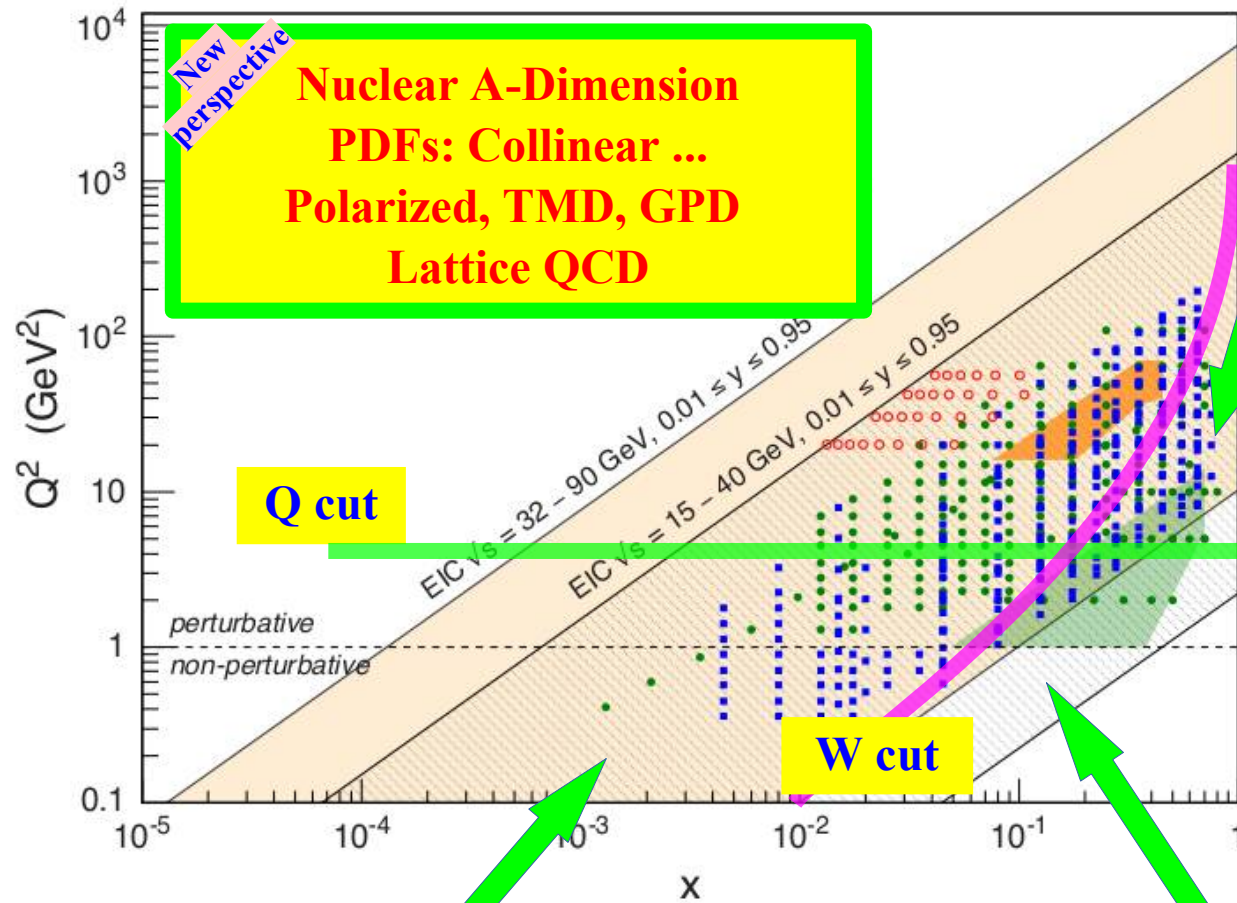


*Thanks for substantial input
from my friends & colleagues*

nCTEQ
nuclear parton distribution functions



SURGE Meeting
BNL
28 June 2023



New perspective
Nuclear A-Dimension PDFs: Collinear ... Polarized, TMD, GPD Lattice QCD

Q cut

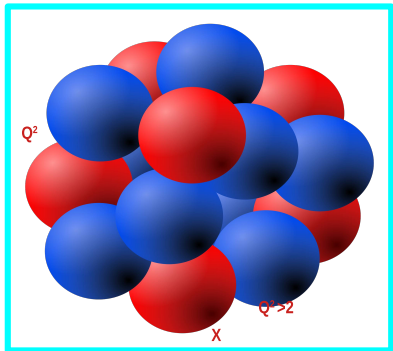
W cut

High-x:
 Nuclear PDFs: $x > 1$ allowed;
 impacts $F_2^{\text{Nuc}}/F_2^{\text{Iso}}$ in Fermi region
 Target Mass Corrections
 pick up M^2/Q^2 higher twist
 Deuteron Corrections
 impacts $F_2^{\text{Nuc}}/F_2^{\text{Deuteron}}$ ratio

Low-x:
 Shadowing
 Recombination
 Resummation
 BFKL
 Saturation

Low- Q^2 :
 Non-Perturbative interface
 collective effects
 Target Mass Corrections
 pick up M^2/Q^2 higher twist
 F_L at low Q^2 access to $g(x)$
 Run at multiple energies

JLab Data @ Hi-X Low- Q^2
 extend nCTEQ framework for this region
Prepare for EIC





- **Initial conditions:** How to parametrize and/or compute initial conditions for the evolution ?
- **Small x evolution:** LO evolution is not sufficient for accuracy. Need the NLO and beyond. How to consistently implement resummation in non-linear evolution and match small with large x , relevant for EIC kinematic regime ?
- **Impact factors:** Need impact factors at NLO for accuracy. For many observables analytical and numerical implementations are missing.
- **Spin:** How proton spin emerges from spins and angular orbital momenta of quarks and gluons? What is the contribution of the small x region to the proton spin ?
- **Hadronization:** How hadronization is affected by the presence of saturated gluons ?
- **Global analysis:** Much progress made in increasing accuracy of cross sections in the collinear approach. Need to increase accuracy of predictions based on high energy factorization.

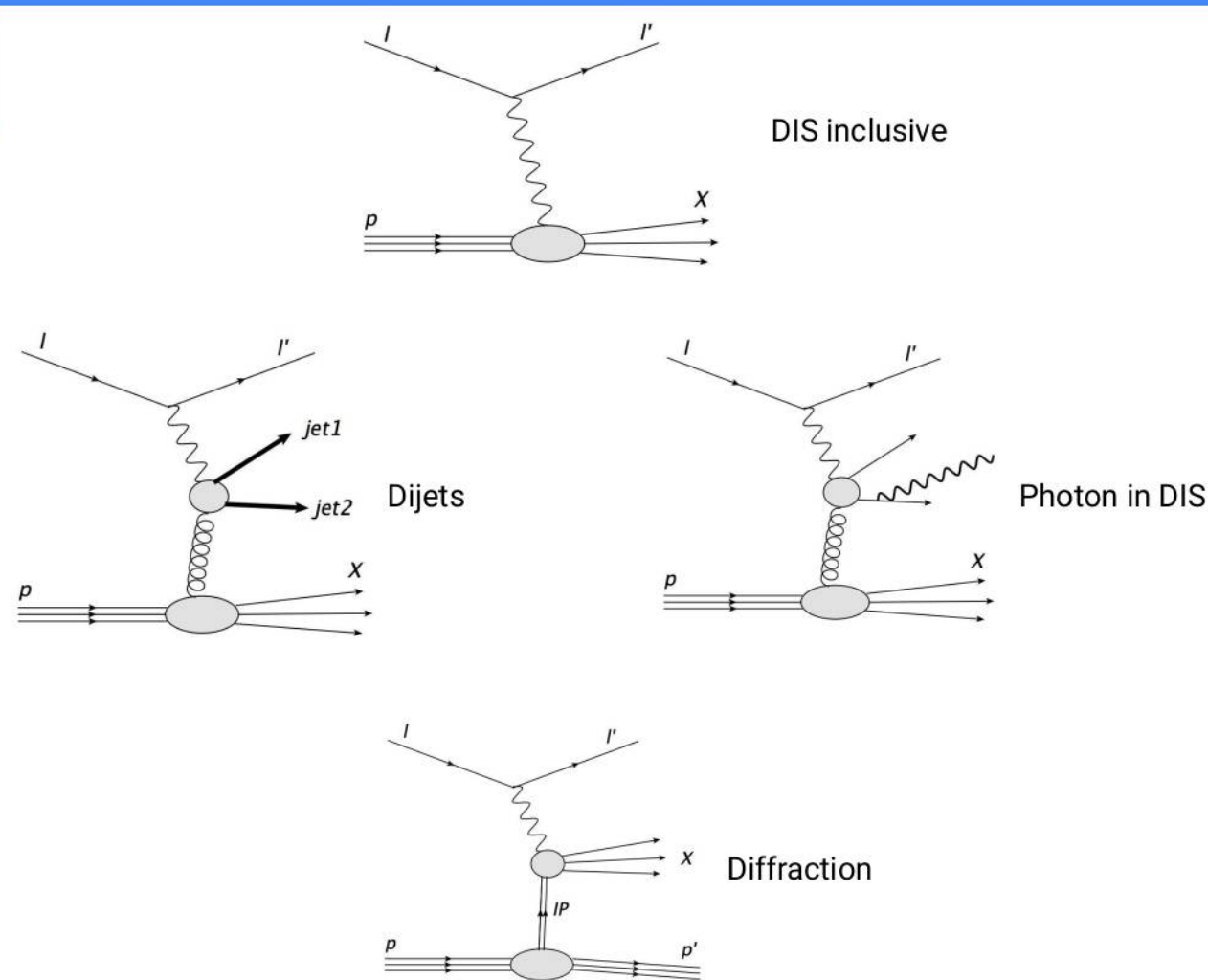
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Observables

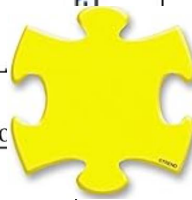
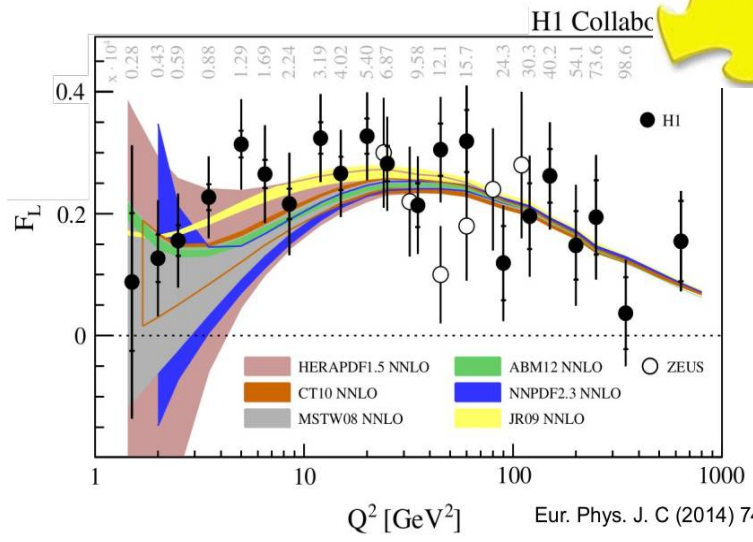
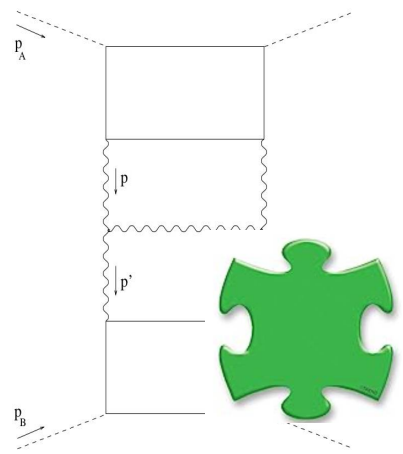
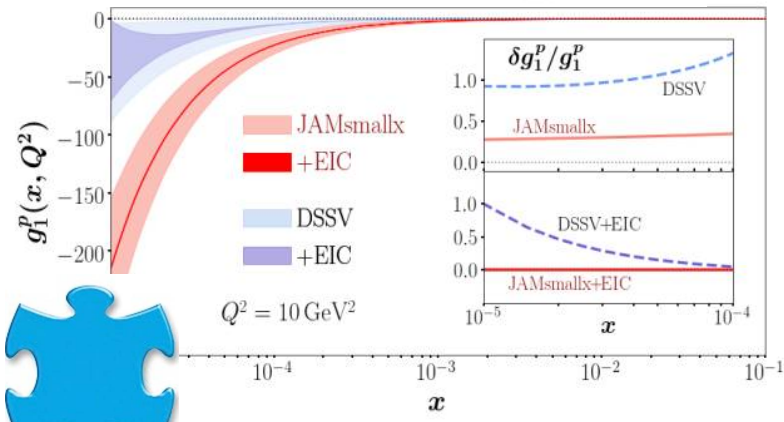
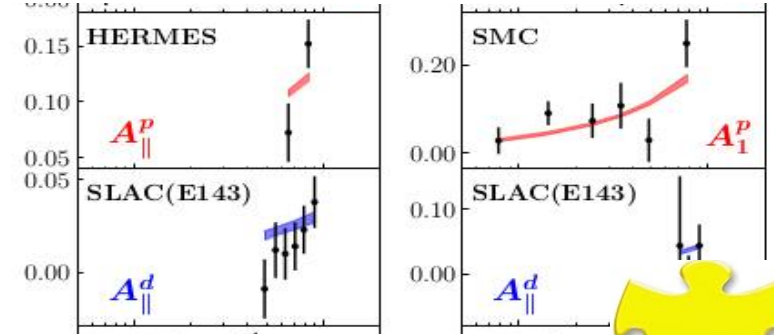
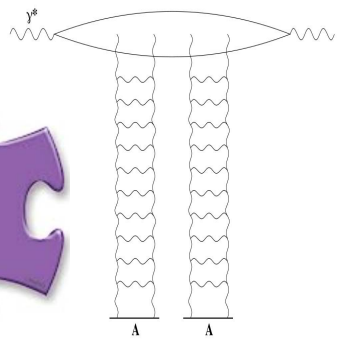
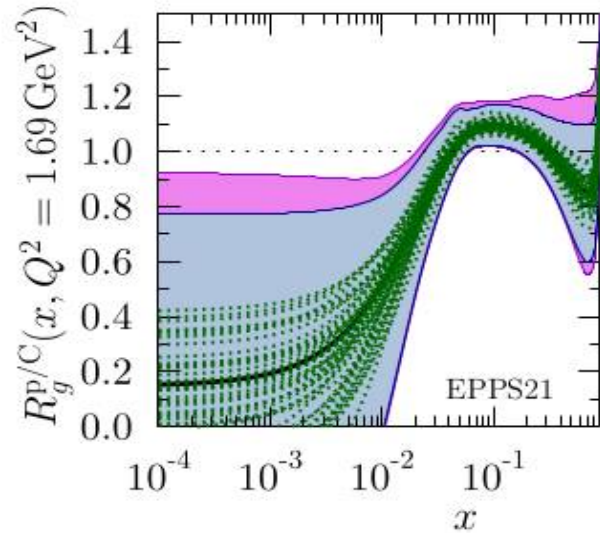
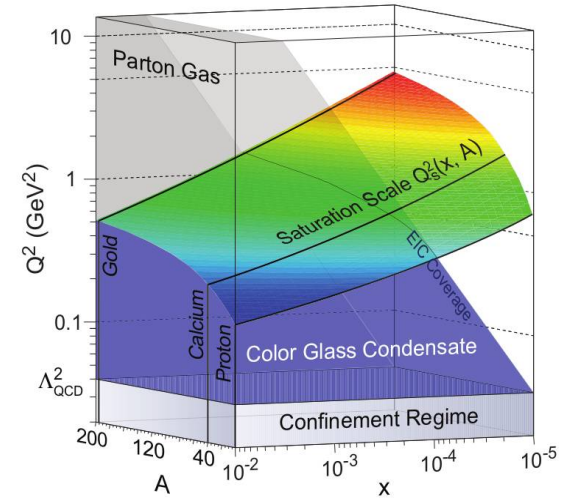
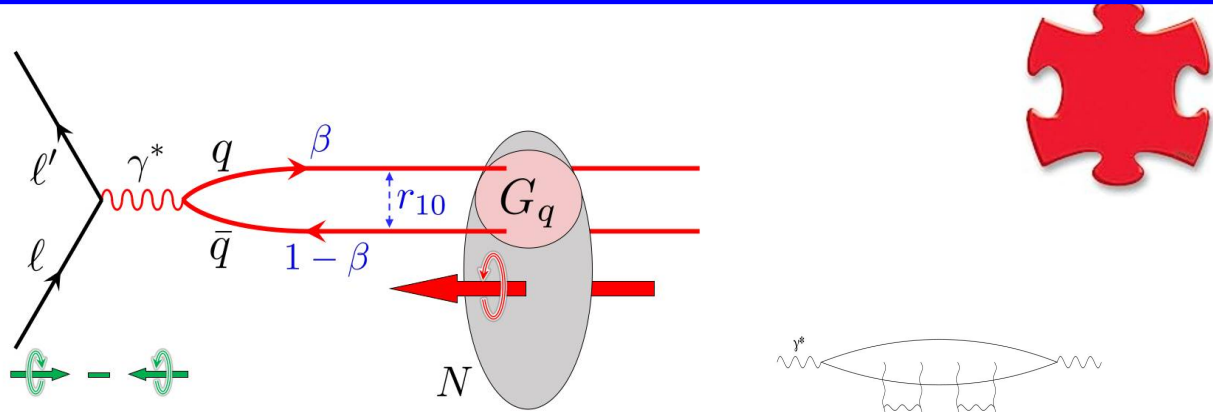
Inclusive: structure functions for protons and nuclei, F_2, F_L also for charm F_2^c , inclusive polarized g_1

Less inclusive: dihadron and dijets in pA and ep/eA, photons in pA and ep/eA, polarized SIDIS, hadrons in polarized pp

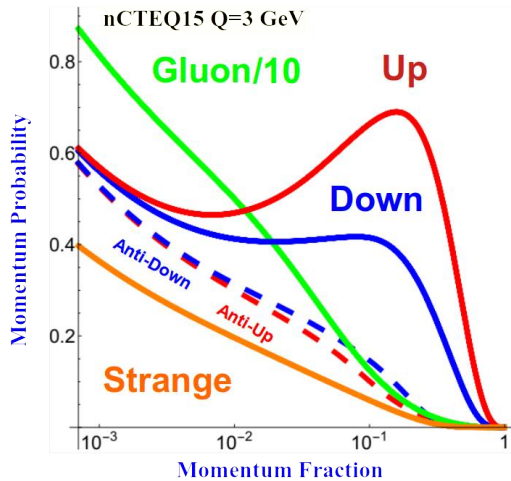
Diffractive: inclusive diffractive structure functions, exclusive diffractive vector mesons



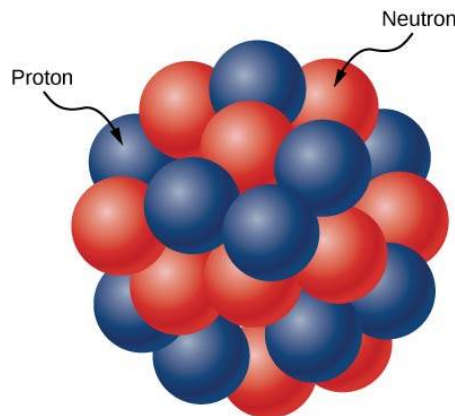
Many pieces to the puzzle ...



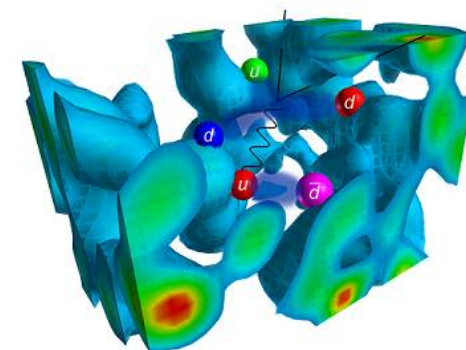
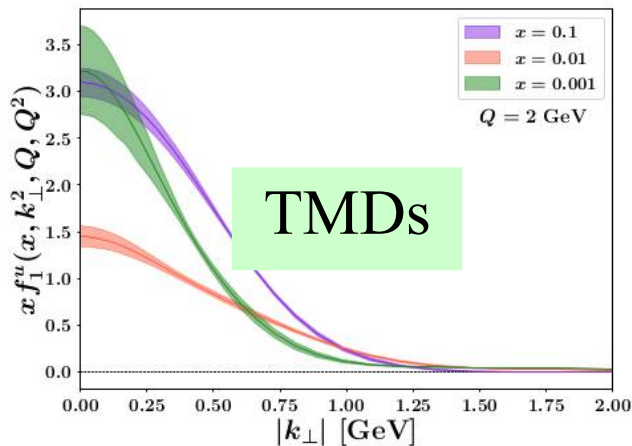
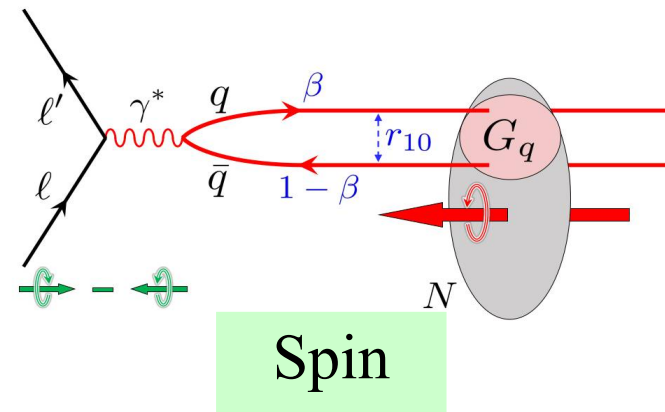
Putting the pieces all together in a unified framework



PDFs



Nuclear



Lattice QCD

we have the experts here

Enhancing open access research: The SURGE Collaboration will make software developed as part of the proposal, ranging from initial state, small- x evolution, and hadronization implementations, and data used in publications publicly available. This way the SURGE Collaboration will generate a lasting impact on the future of the high energy nuclear physics program in general, and the theory and phenomenology efforts focused on the upcoming EIC specifically.

Topics and working groups



Initial state WG
Improve the initial conditions for evolution for unpolarized and polarized observables.

Small x evolution + NLO calculations WG
Non-linear evolution at NLO and beyond, computation and implementation of impact factors

Spin WG
Analyze role saturation in the polarized observables. Elucidate the role of chiral anomaly in small x helicity evolution.

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Our first “in person” meeting

I have more questions than answers

Will “float” some directions and plans ... follow up with discussion



... an example for your consideration

... is xFitter the right tool?


Eur. Phys. J. C (2018) 78:621
<https://doi.org/10.1140/epjc/s10052-018-6090-8>

THE EUROPEAN
PHYSICAL JOURNAL C



Regular Article - Theoretical Physics

Impact of low- x resummation on QCD analysis of HERA data

xFitter Developers' team, Hamed Abdolmaleki¹, Valerio Bertone^{2,3,a} , Daniel Britzger⁴, Stefano Camarda⁵, Amanda Cooper-Sarkar⁶, Francesco Giuli⁶, Alexander Glazov⁷, Aleksander Kusina⁸, Agnieszka Luszczak^{7,9}, Fred Olness¹⁰, Andrey Saponov¹¹, Pavel Shvydkin¹¹, Katarzyna Wichmann⁷, Oleksandr Zenaiev⁷, Marco Bonvini¹²



xFitter Collaboration Meeting February 2020, DESY

www.xFitter.org



PROTON
NUCLEON
MESON

Sample data files:
LHC: ATLAS, CMS, LHCb
Tevatron: CDF, D0
HERA: H1, ZEUS, Combined
Fixed Target: ...
User Supplied: ...

Experimental Data

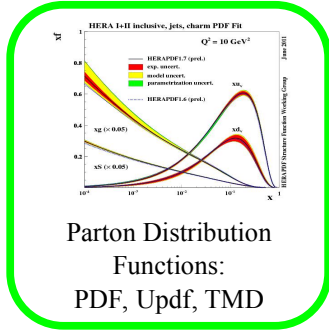
Data: HERA, Tevatron, LHC, fixed target experiments

Processes:
 Inclusive DIS, Jets, Drell-Yan, Diffraction, Top production
 W and Z production

Theory Calculations

HQ Schemes: MSTW, NNPDF, ABM, ACOT
Jets, W, Z: FastNLO, ApplGrid
Top: Hathor
Evolution: QCDNUM, APFEL, k_T
Other: NNPDF reweighting
 TMDs, Dipole Model, ...

xFitter



$\alpha_s(M_Z)$, m_c, m_b, m_t ...

Theoretical Cross Sections

Comparisons to other PDFs (LHAPDF)



extensions include nuclear PDFs

Features & Recent Updates:
 Photon PDF & QED
 Pole & $\overline{\text{MS}}$ -bar masses
 Profiling and Re-Weighting

Heavy Quark Variable Treshold
 Improvements in χ^2 and correlations
 TMD PDFs (uPDFs)
 ... and many other

xFitter 2.2.0
Future Freeze

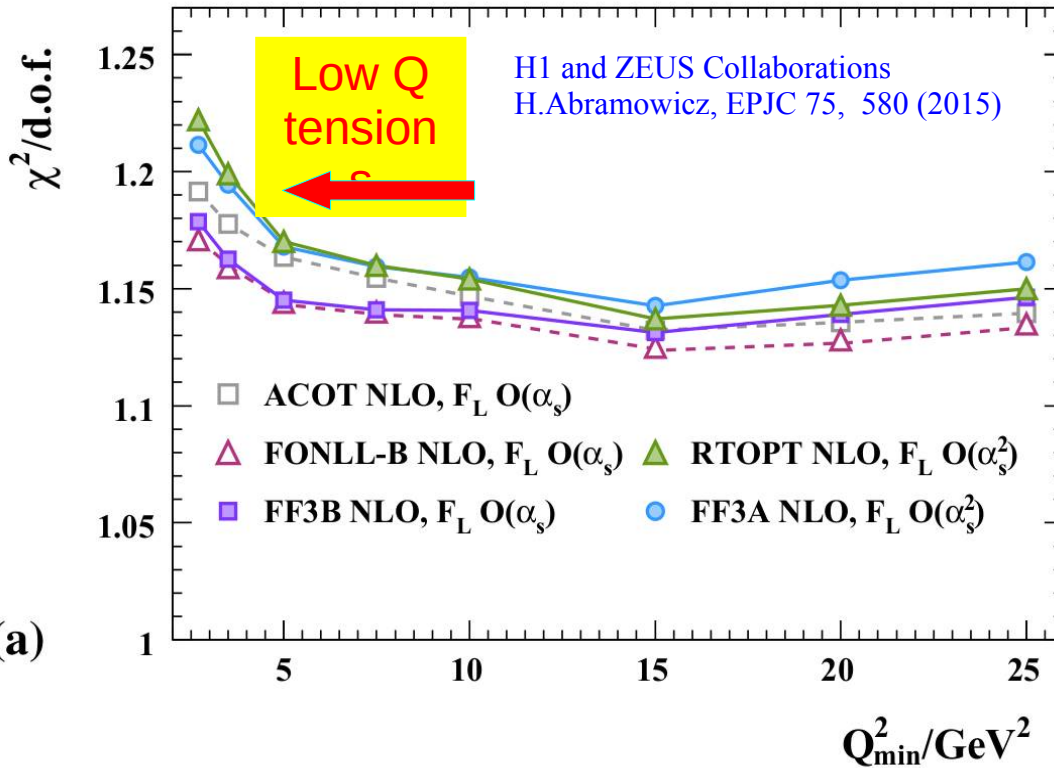
Example

plug in ...
BFKL w/ HELL

This can be replace by
BK, CGC EFT,
JIMWLK, B-JIMWLK,
BBGKY, ...

Small x (*Low Q*): need to improve fits
 NNLO: “fits at NNLO do not improve agreement”

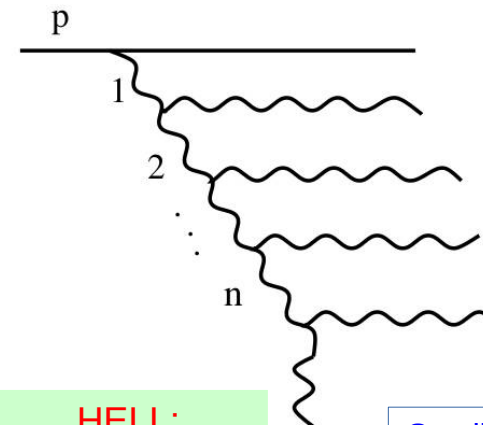
H1 and ZEUS



(a)

HERAPDF2.0 shows tensions between data and fit, independent of the heavy-flavour scheme used, at low Q^2 , i.e. below $Q^2 = 15 \text{ GeV}^2$, and at high Q^2 , i.e. above $Q^2 = 150 \text{ GeV}^2$. Comparisons between the behaviour of the fits with different Q_{min}^2 values indicate that the NLO theory evolves faster than the data towards lower Q^2 and x . Fits at NNLO do not improve the agreement. HERAPDF2.0 NNLO and NLO have a similar fit quality.

NNLO vs.
 NLO



resum logs

$$\alpha_S^n \frac{\ln^k(x)}{x}$$

HELL:
 High Energy
 Leading Logs

Small-x resummation from HELL
 Marco Bonvini, et al.,
 Eur.Phys.J.C 76 (2016) 11, 597

Eur. Phys. J. C (2018) 78:621
<https://doi.org/10.1140/epjc/s10052-018-6090-8>

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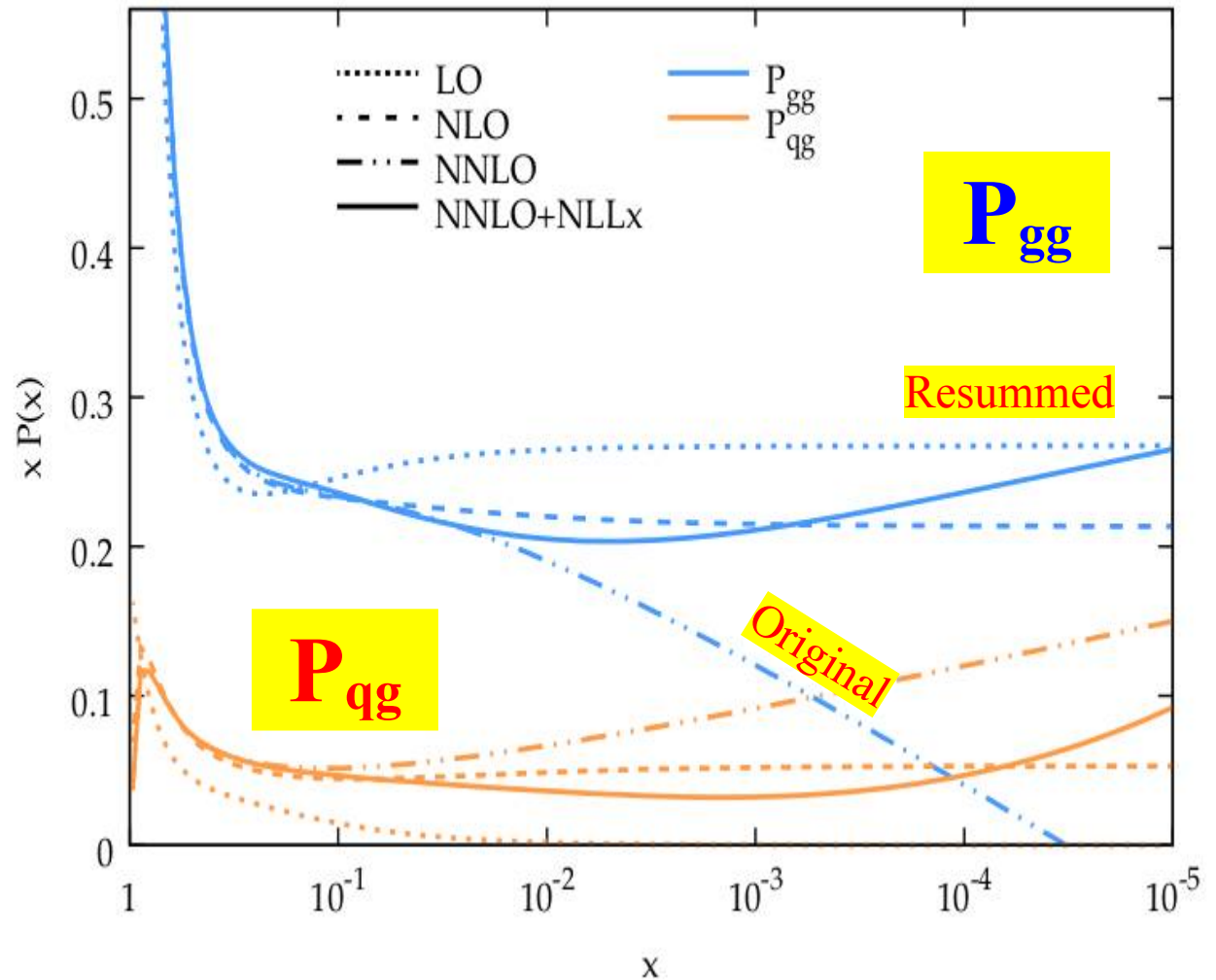
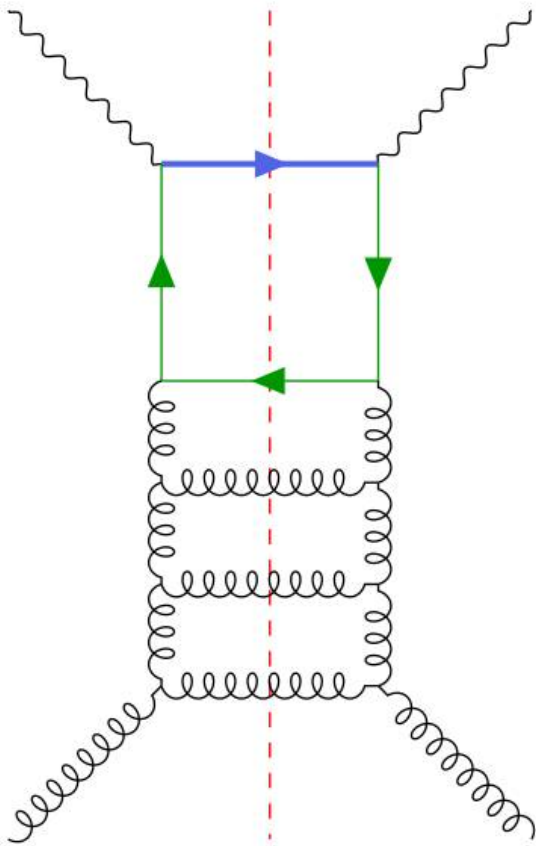
Impact of low- x resummation on QCD analysis of HERA data

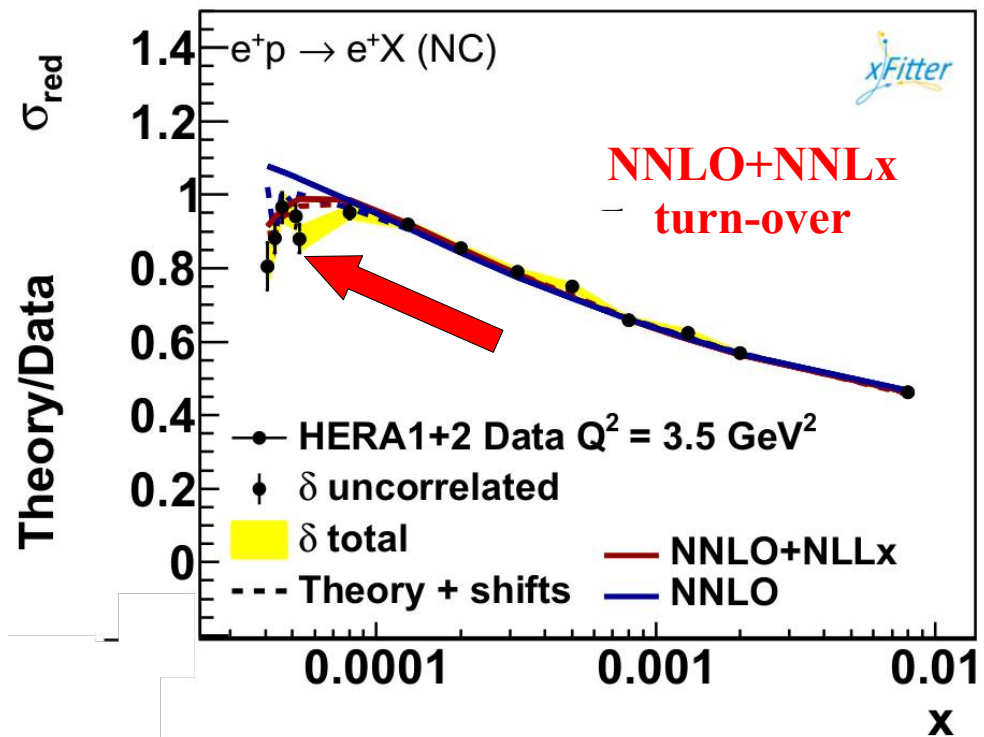
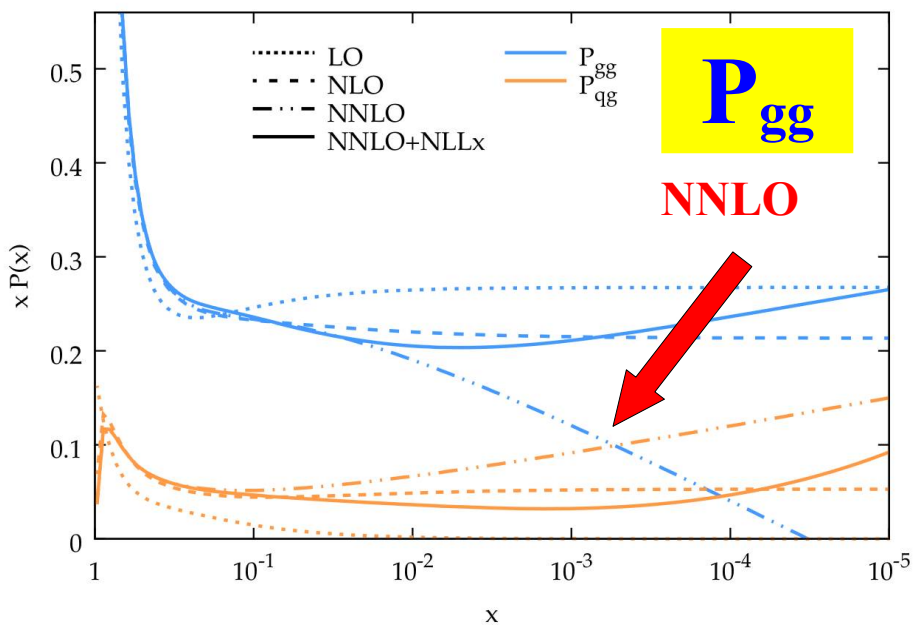
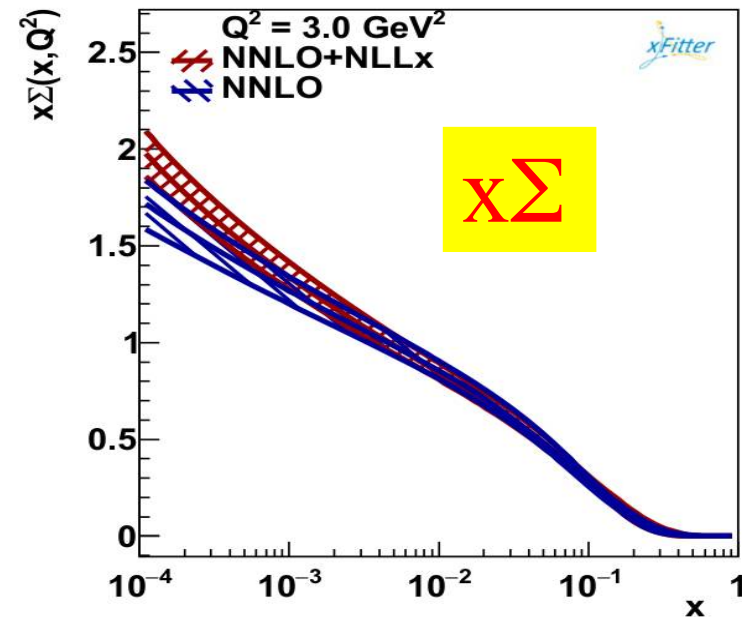
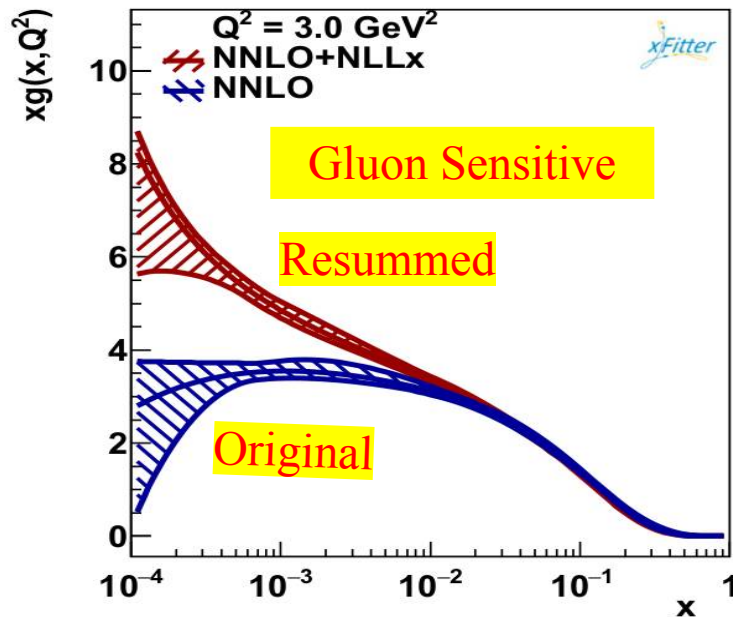
xFitter Developers' team, Hamed Abdolmaleki¹, Valerio Bertone^{2,3,a}, Daniel Britzger⁴, Stefano

next-to-leading logarithmic (NLL) accuracy &
next-to-next-to-leading order (NNLO)

$$\alpha_s = 0.28, n_f = 4$$

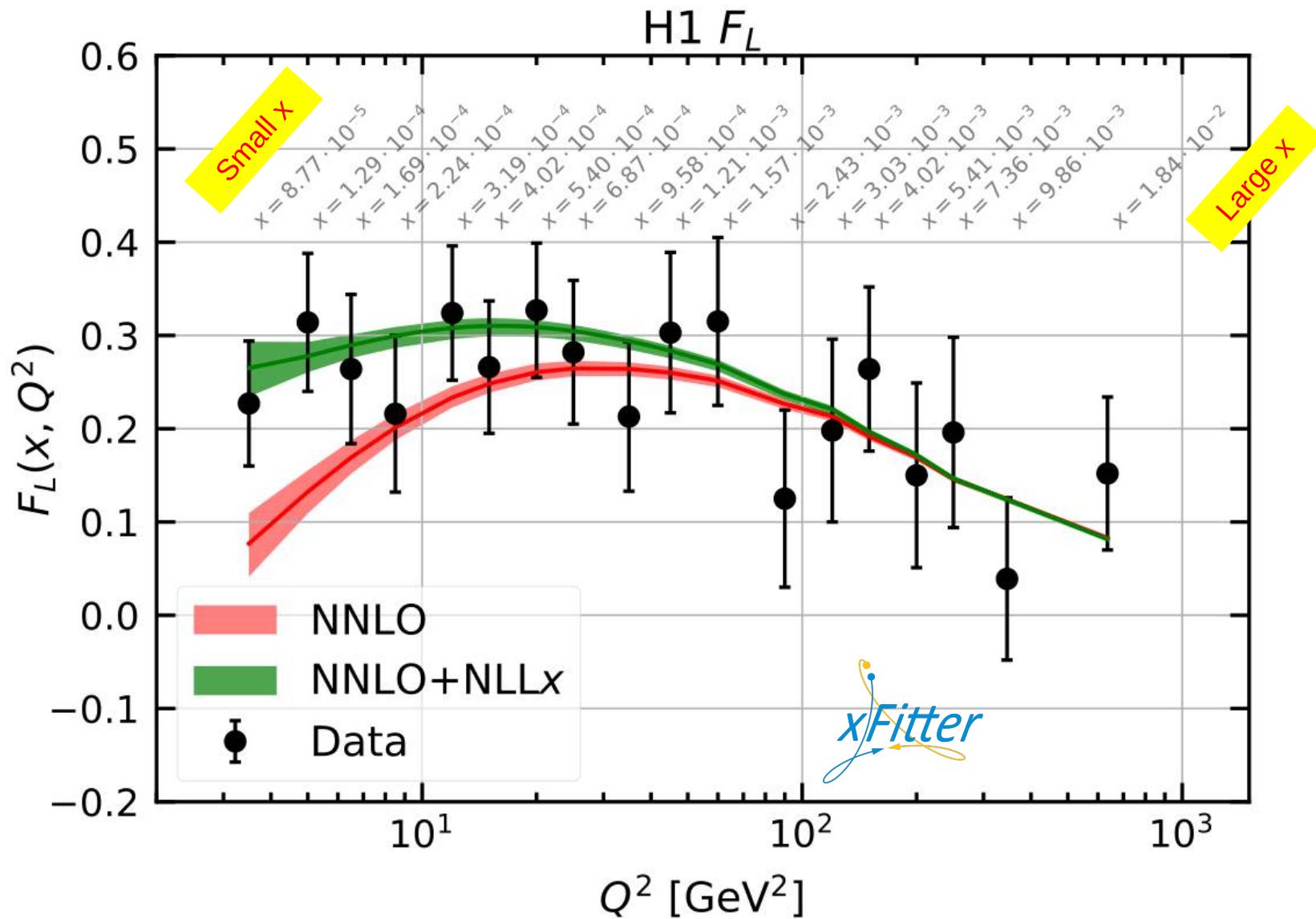
Resum small-x logs





F_L driven by gluon

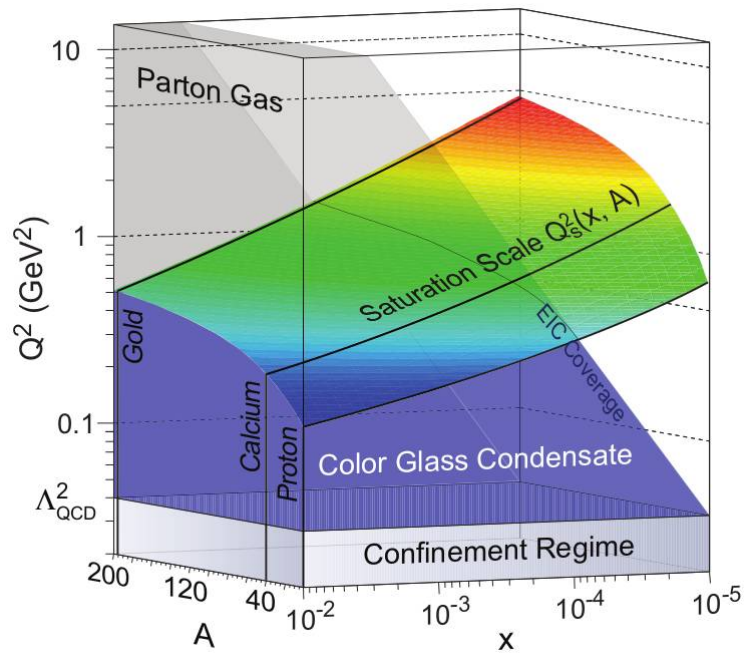
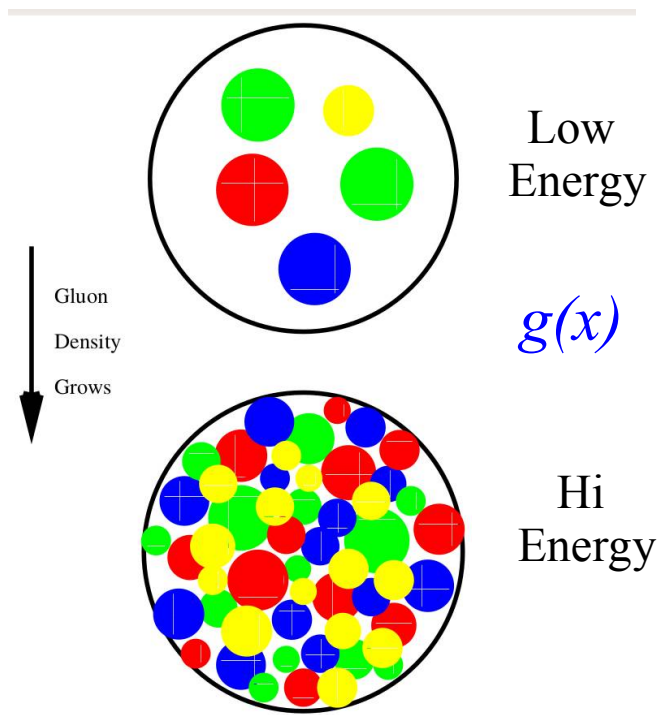
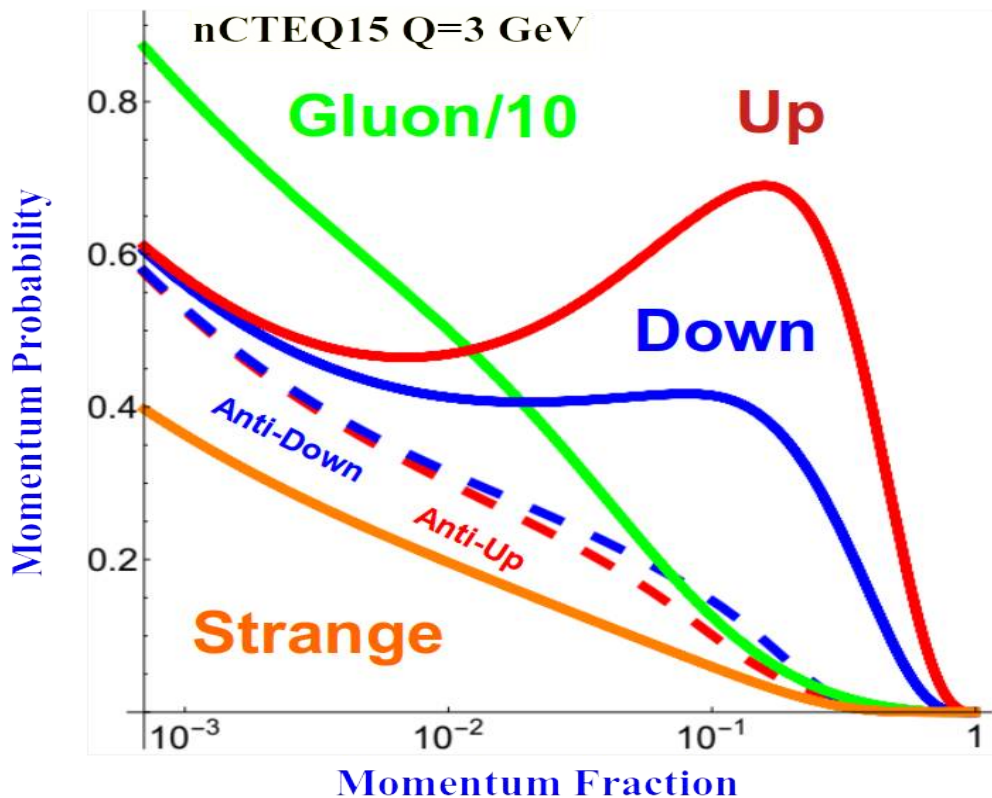
$$F_L = \dots + \alpha_S c_g \otimes g(x) + c_q \otimes q(x)$$



focus on gluon

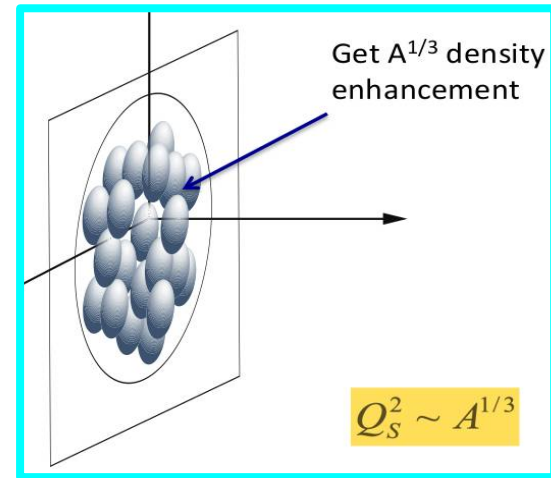
Gluon PDF

... key role in small-x region



- Nuclear medium effects:**
- Quark Gluon Plasma
 - Color Glass Condensate
 - Recombination
 - Saturation
 - Resummation
 - ... *your theory here*

We gain a geometric factor of $A^{1/3}$

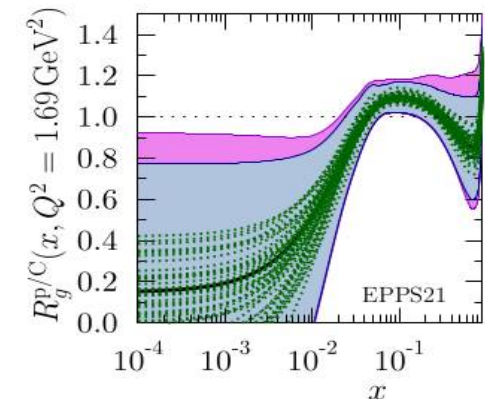
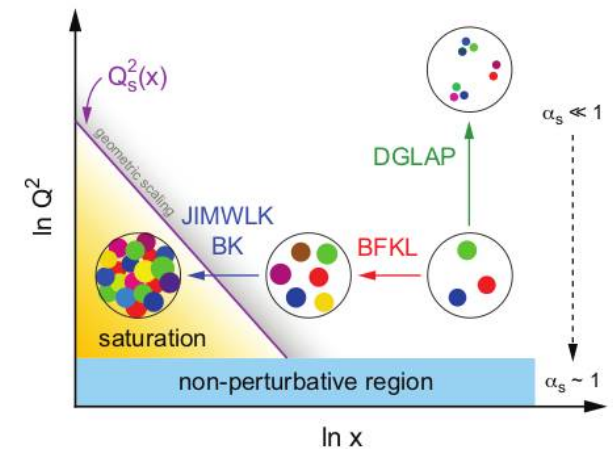
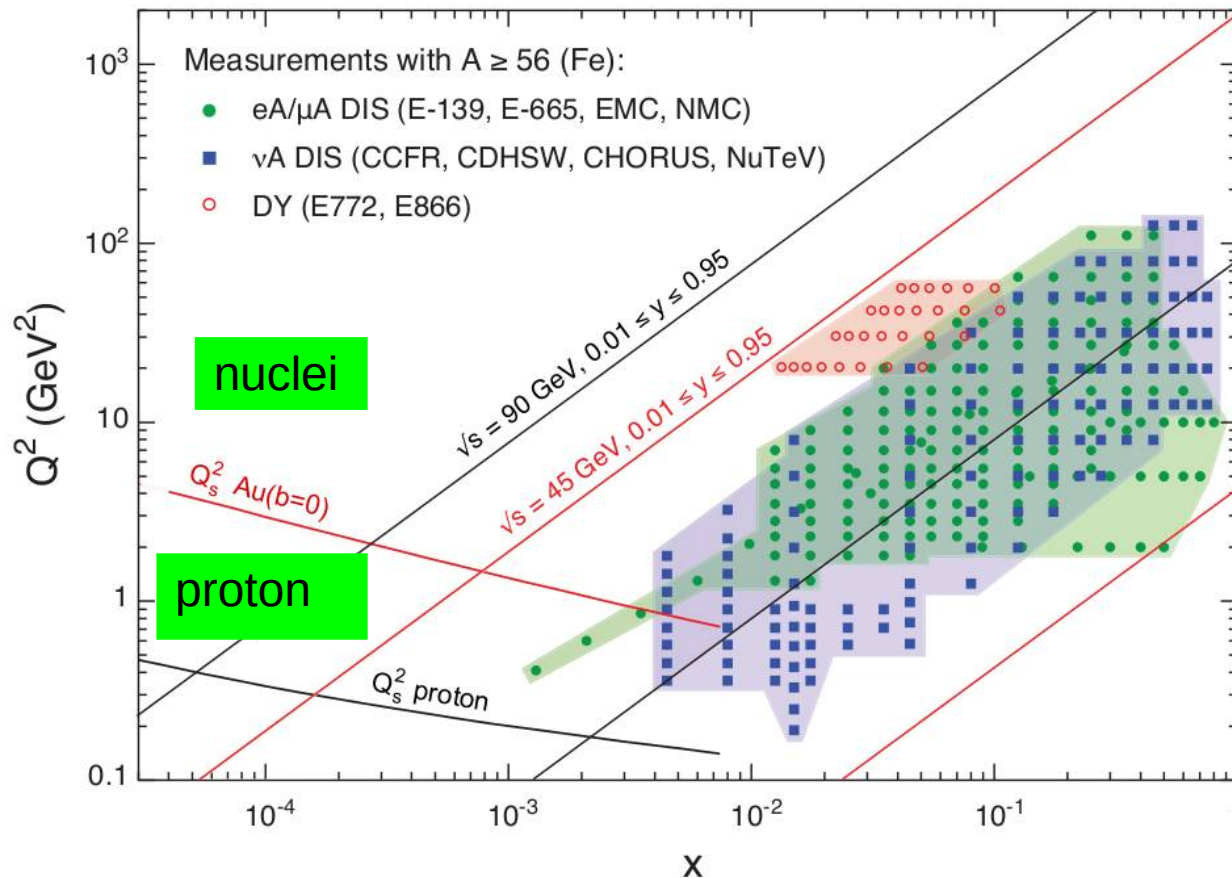


Saturation, BFKL, recombination, ...

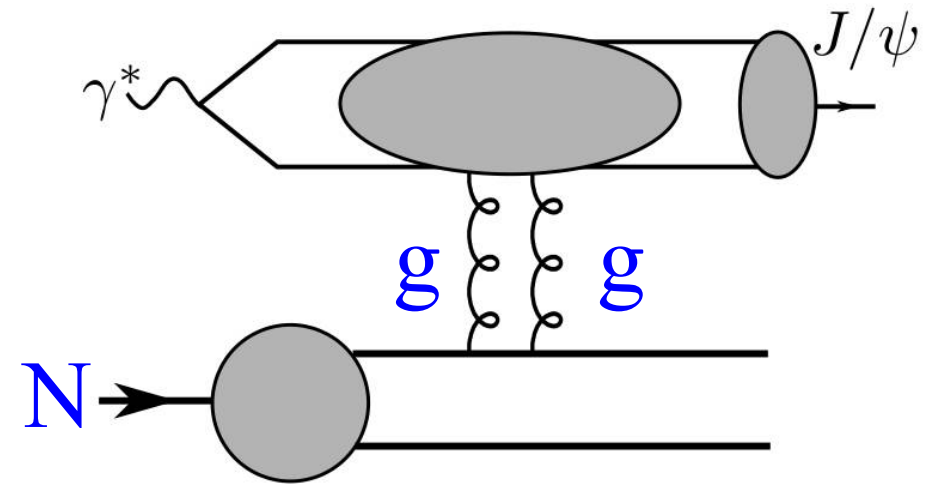
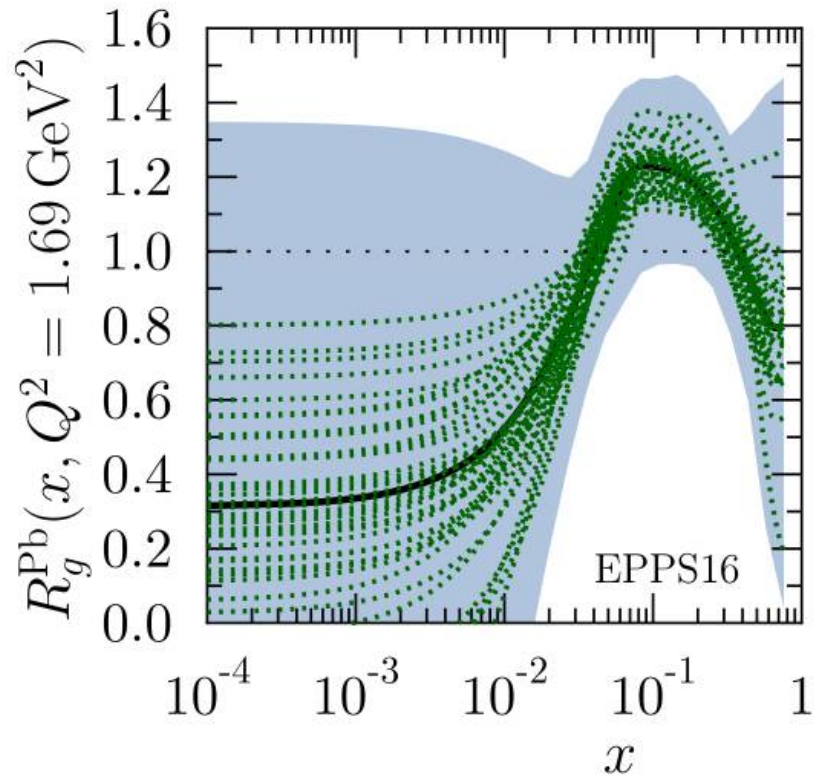
Yuri Kovchegov (OSU)
MC4EIC: Monte Carlo event simulation for the EIC

Can Saturation be Discovered at EIC?

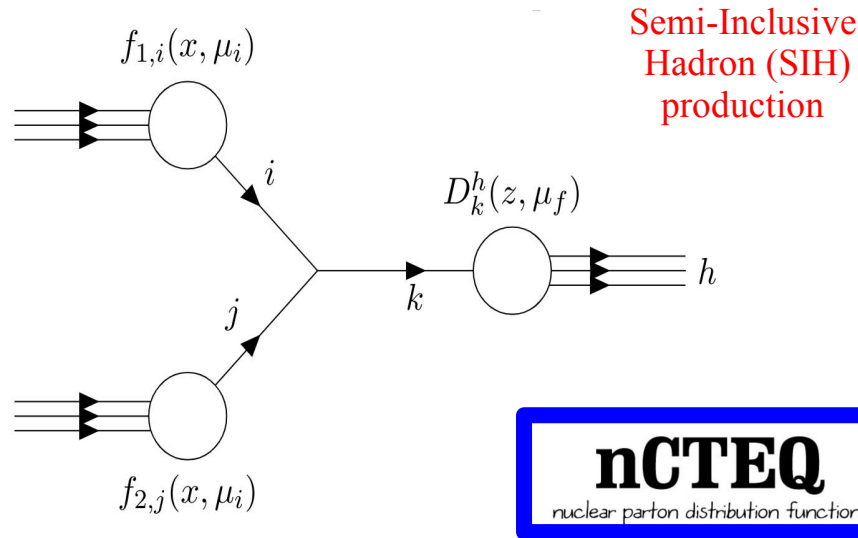
EIC has an unprecedented small- x reach for DIS on large nuclear targets, allowing to seal the discovery of saturation physics and study of its properties:



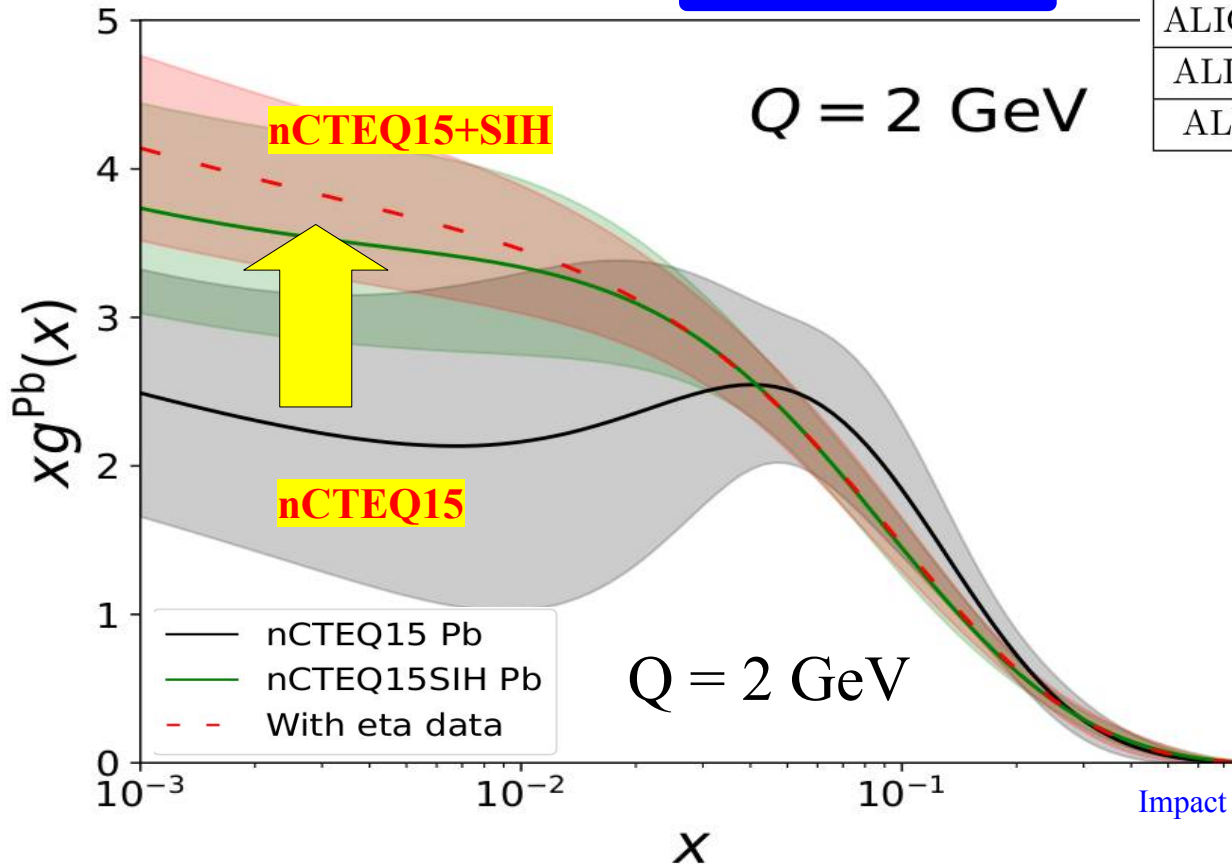
Nuclear Gluon PDF
 Large uncertainties
 Strong shadowing at small x



nCTEQ: Pit Duwentaster, Michael Klasen, ...



Data set	$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ [GeV]	Observ.	No. points
PHENIX π^0	200	R_{dAu}	21
PHENIX η	200	R_{dAu}	12
PHENIX π^\pm	200	R_{dAu}	20
PHENIX K^\pm	200	R_{dAu}	15
STAR π^0	200	R_{dAu}	13
STAR η	200	R_{dAu}	7
STAR π^\pm	200	R_{dAu}	23
ALICE 5 TeV π^0	5020	R_{pPb}	31
ALICE 5 TeV η	5020	R_{pPb}	16
ALICE 5 TeV π^\pm	5020	R_{pPb}	58
ALICE 5 TeV K^\pm	5020	R_{pPb}	58
ALICE 8 TeV π^0	8160	R_{pPb}	30
ALICE 8 TeV η	8160	R_{pPb}	14



Semi-Inclusive
Hadron (SIH)
production

*Determines gluon
in small x region*

Possible directions

... moving forward ...

Topics and working groups



Initial state WG
Improve the initial conditions for evolution for unpolarized and polarized observables.

Small x evolution + NLO calculations WG
Non-linear evolution at NLO and beyond, computation and implementation of impact factors

Spin WG
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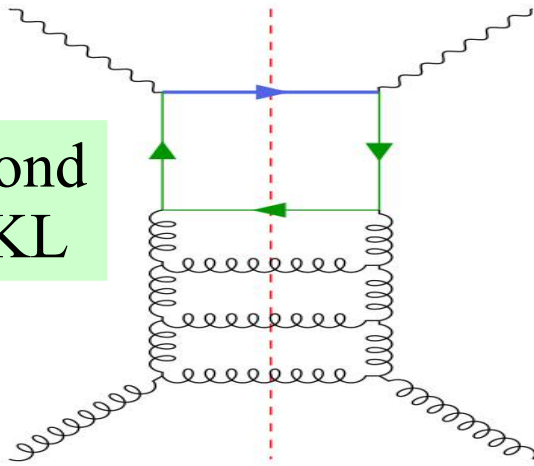
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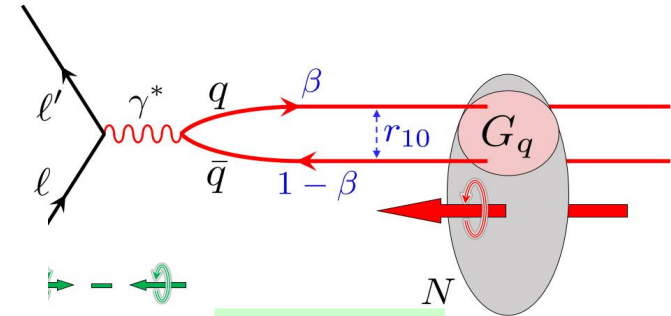
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Beyond BFKL

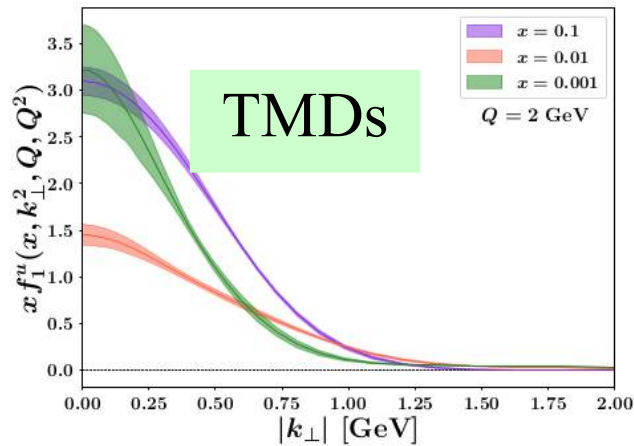


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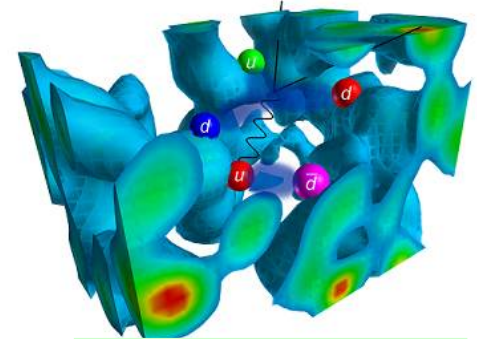
Spin

xFitter



TMDs

Question: is xFitter the best framework?



Lattice QCD

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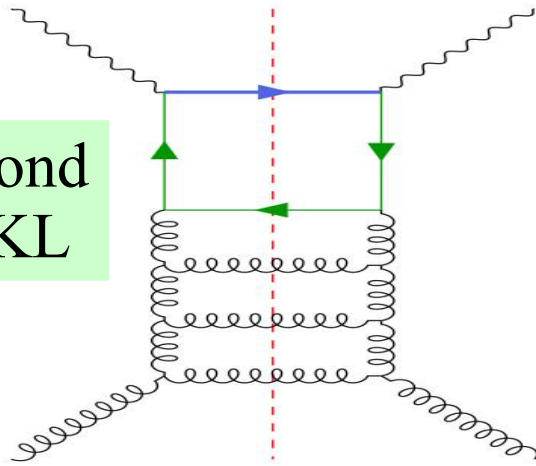
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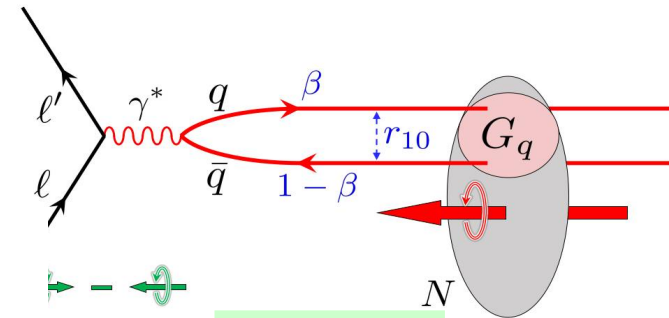
APPENDIX

- **xFitter Material & Examples :**
 - Snowmass xFitter reference document
 - Pion PDF & Fragmentation functions
 - Selected example plots
 - ApplGrid Interface (Including Nuclear PDFs)
- **Fantomas:**
 - Using Bezier curves for PDF parameterization
- **xFitter Tutorials:**
 - xFitter VirtualBox downloads
 - xFitter Docker & Singularity

Beyond BFKL



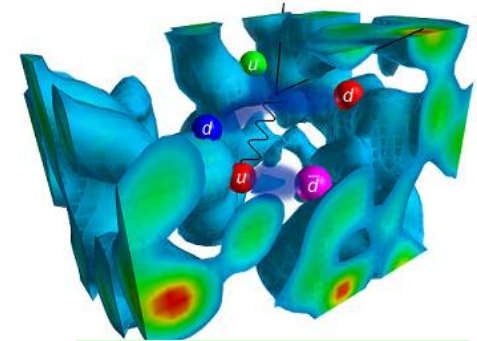
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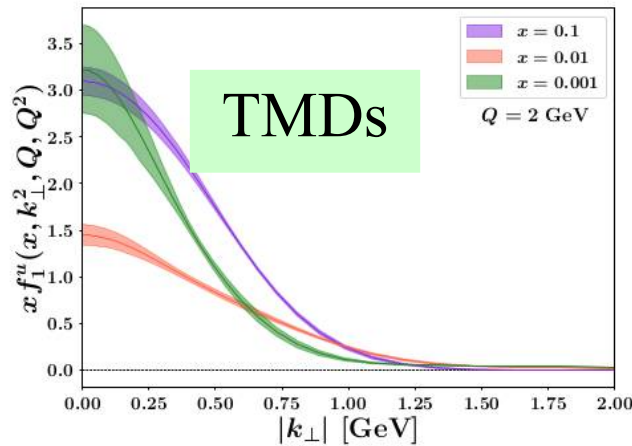
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APPENDIX

xFitter

Resources

xFitter: An Open Source QCD Analysis Framework

A resource and reference document for the Snowmass study

(xFitter Collaboration)*

The xFitter Developers' Team:, H. Abdolmaleki , S. Amoroso , V. Bertone , M. Botje , D. Britzger , S. Camarda , A. Cooper-Sarkar , J. Fiaschi , F. Giuli , A. Glazov , C. Gwenlan , F. Hautmann , H. Jung , A. Kusina , A. Luszczak , T. Mäkelä , I. Novikov , F. Olness , R. Sadykov , P. Starovoitov , M. Sutton , and O. Zenaiev 

<https://arxiv.org/abs/2206.12465>

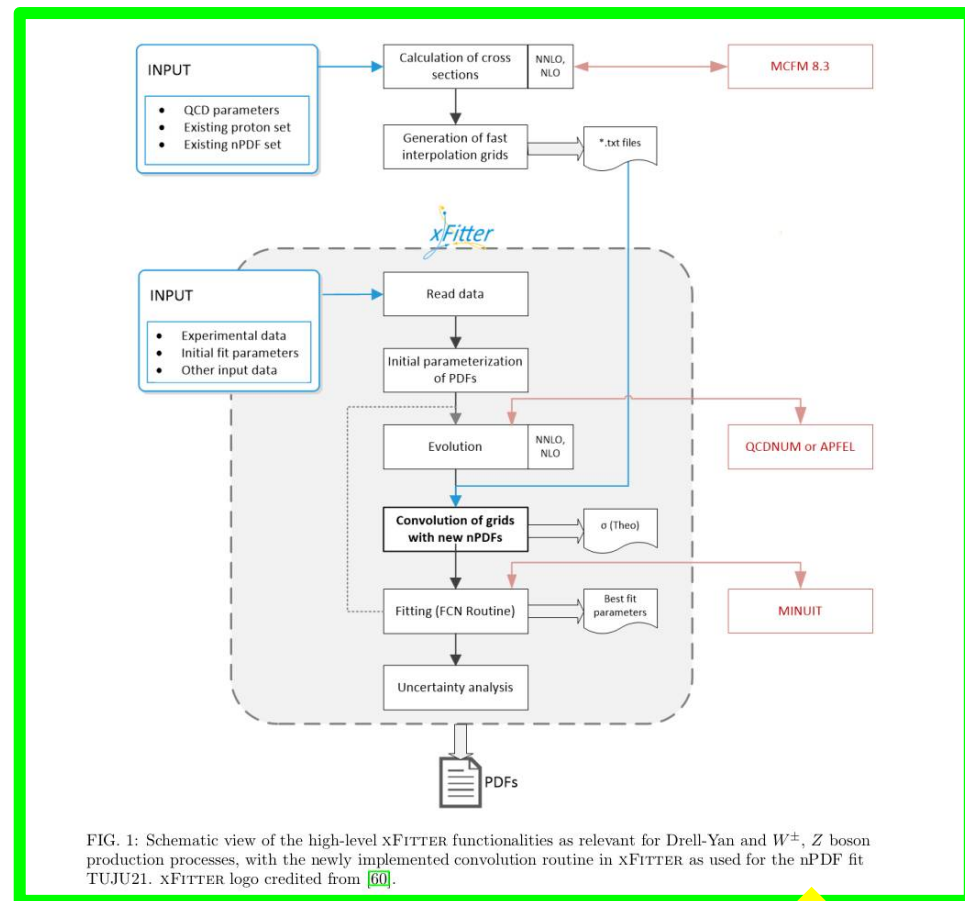
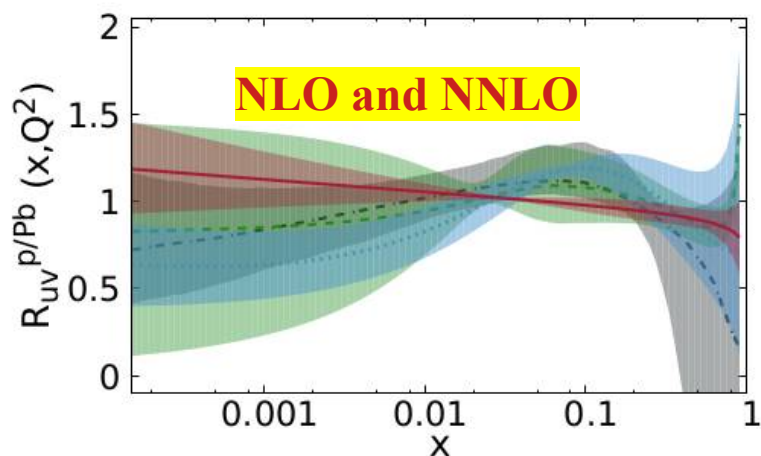
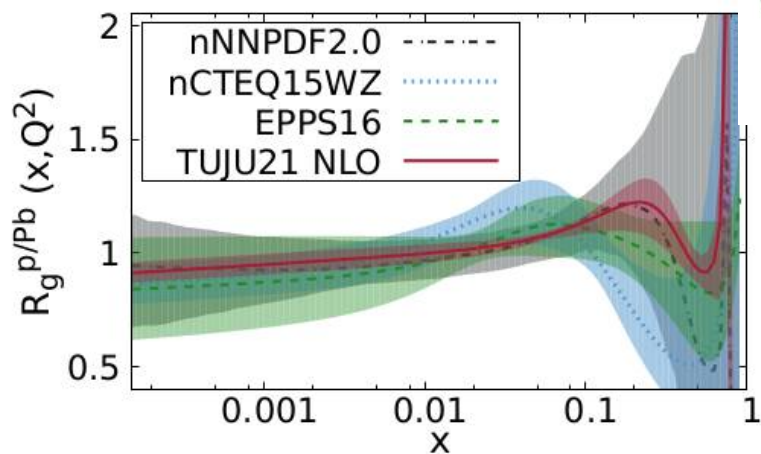
We provide an overview of the xFitter open-source software package, review the general capabilities of the program, and highlight applications relevant to the Snowmass study. An updated version of the program (2.2.0) is available on CERN GitLab, and this has been updated to a C++ codebase with enhanced and extended features. We also discuss some of the ongoing and future code developments that may be useful for precision studies. We survey recent analyses performed by the xFitter developers' team including: W and Z production, photon PDFs, Drell-Yan forward-backward asymmetry studies, resummation of small-x contributions, heavy quark production, constraints on the strange PDF, determination of the pion PDF, and determination of the pion Fragmentation Functions. Finally, we briefly summarize selected applications of xFitter in the literature. The xFitter program is a versatile, flexible, modular

xFitter Nuclear Code



PHYSICAL REVIEW D **100**, 096015 (2019)

Open-source QCD analysis of nuclear parton distribution functions at NLO and NNLO

Marina Walt^{1,*}, Ilkka Helenius^{2,3,†} and Werner Vogelsang^{1,‡}



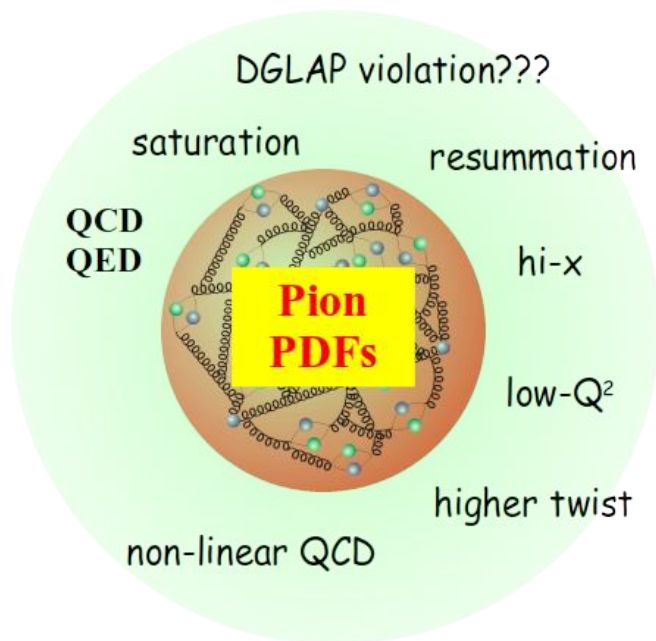
Volunteers Welcome

Date	Version	Files	Remarks
 02/2020	2.0.1N Nuclear Daiquiri	 xfitter-2.0.1N.tgz	Nuclear xFitter based on OldFashioned 2.0.1

xFitter

Pion Fit

Phys.Rev.D 102 (2020) 1, 014040



Special thanks to: Ivan Novikov,
Alexander Glazov, Oleksandr Zenaiev

Parton Distribution Functions of the Charged Pion Within The xFitter Framework

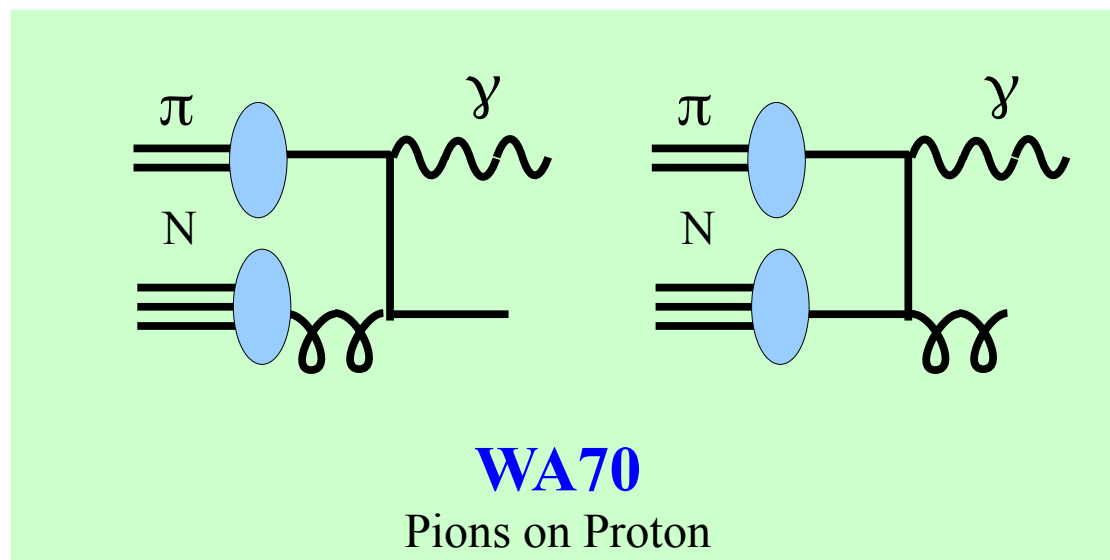
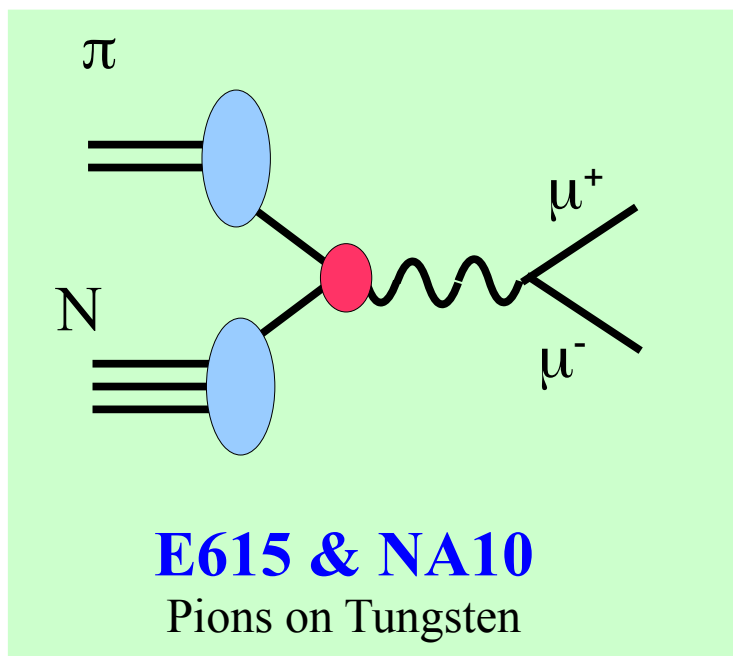
xFitter Developers' team: Ivan Novikov,^{1,2,*} Hamed Abdolmaleki,³ Daniel Britzger,⁴ Amanda Cooper-Sarkar,⁵ Francesco Giuliani,⁶ Alexander Glazov,^{2,†} Aleksander Kusina,⁷ Agnieszka Luszczak,⁸ Fred Olness,⁹ Pavel Starovoitov,¹⁰ Mark Sutton,¹¹ and Oleksandr Zenaiev¹²

xFitter Meson PDFs

xFitter: open-source framework for global fits to meson PDFs



Experiment	χ^2/N_{points}
E615	206/140
NA10 (194 GeV)	107/67
NA10 (286 GeV)	95/73
WA70	64/99



Parton Distribution Functions of the Charged Pion Within The xFitter Framework

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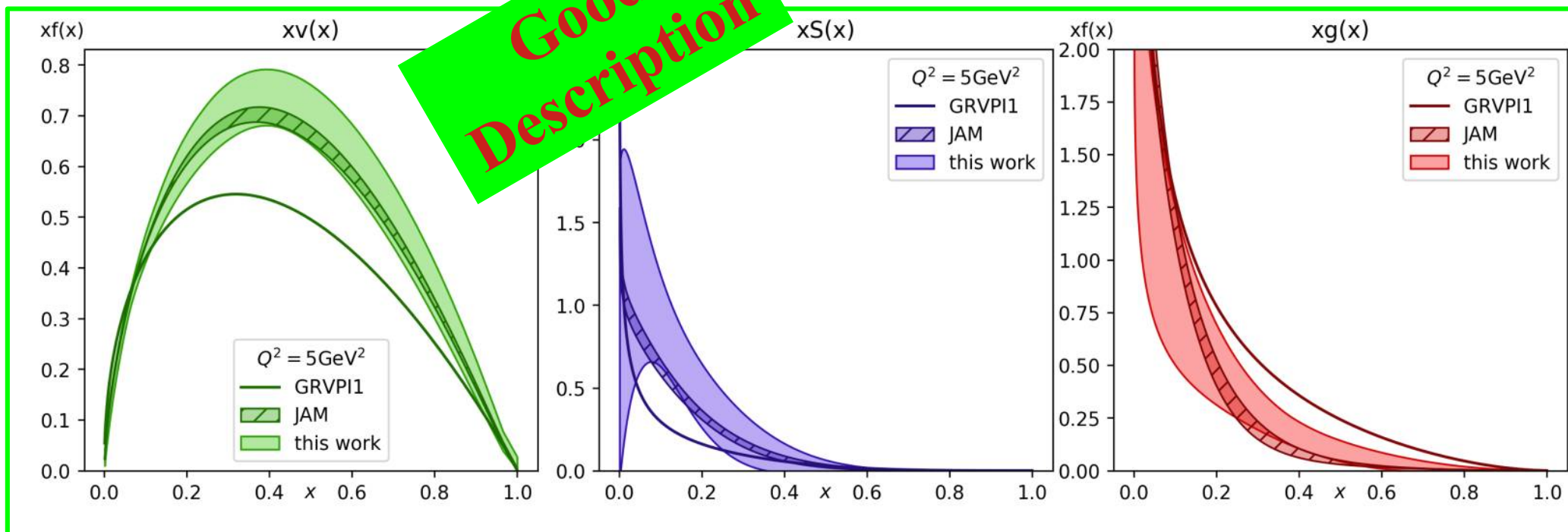
xFitter Pion PDFs

Experiment	Normalization uncertainty	χ^2/N_{points}
E615	15 %	206/140
NA10 (194 GeV)	6.4%	107/67
NA10 (286 GeV)	6.4%	95/73
WA70	32%	64/99

	$\langle xv \rangle$	$\langle xS \rangle$	$\langle xg \rangle$	Q^2 (GeV ²)
JAM 31	0.54 ± 0.01	0.16 ± 0.02	0.30 ± 0.02	1.69
JAM (DY)	0.60 ± 0.01	0.30 ± 0.05	0.10 ± 0.05	1.69
this work	0.55 ± 0.06	0.26 ± 0.15	0.19 ± 0.16	1.69
Lattice-3 18	0.428 ± 0.030			4
SMRS 25	0.47			4
Han et al. 44	0.51 ± 0.03			4
GRVPI1 27	0.39	0.11	0.51	4
Ding et al. 11	0.48 ± 0.03	0.11 ± 0.02	0.41 ± 0.02	4
this work	0.50 ± 0.05	0.25 ± 0.13	0.25 ± 0.13	4
JAM	0.48 ± 0.01	0.17 ± 0.01	0.35 ± 0.02	5
this work	0.49 ± 0.05	0.25 ± 0.12	0.26 ± 0.13	5
Lattice-1 16	0.558 ± 0.166			5.76
Lattice-2 17	0.48 ± 0.04			5.76
this work	0.48 ± 0.05	0.25 ± 0.12	0.27 ± 0.13	5.76
WRH 26	0.434 ± 0.022			27
ChQM-1 13	0.428			27
ChQM-2 15	0.46			27
this work	0.42 ± 0.04	0.25 ± 0.10	0.32 ± 0.10	27
SMRS 25	0.49 ± 0.02			49
this work	0.41 ± 0.04	0.25 ± 0.09	0.34 ± 0.09	49

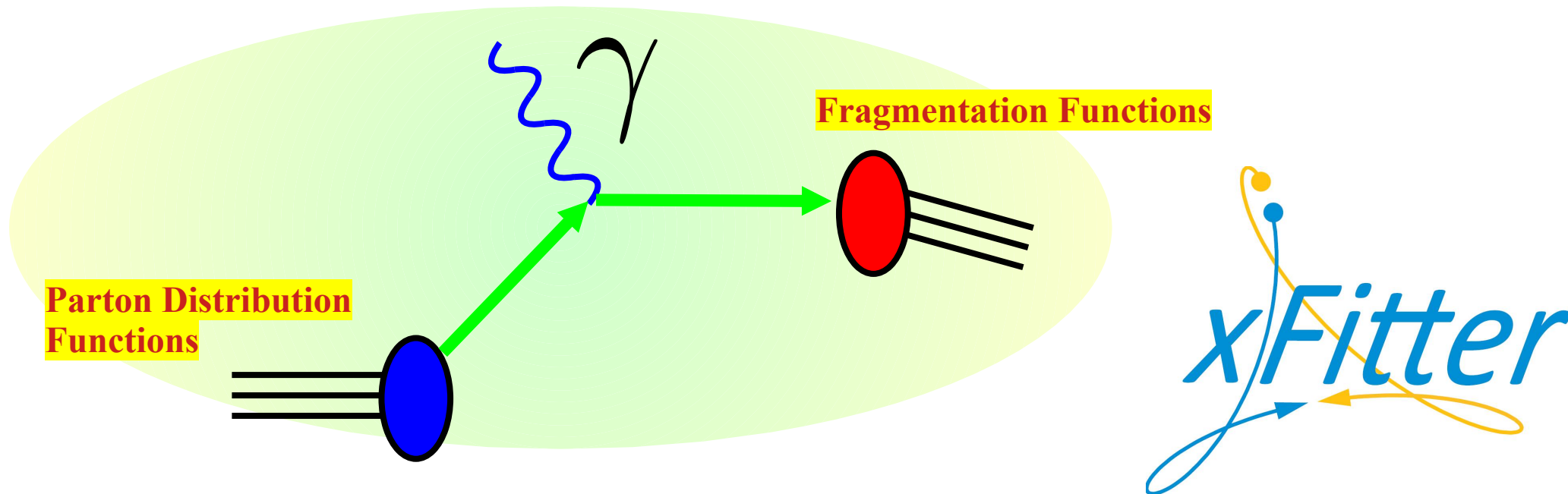
$$\begin{aligned}
 xv(x) &= A_v x^{B_v} (1-x)^{C_v} (1 + D_v x^\alpha), \\
 xS(x) &= A_S x^{B_S} (1-x)^{C_S} / \mathcal{B}(B_S + 1, C_S + 1), \\
 xg(x) &= A_g (C_g + 1) (1-x)^{C_g},
 \end{aligned}$$

Good Description



Pion Fragmentation Functions

Phys.Rev.D 104 (2021) 5, 056019



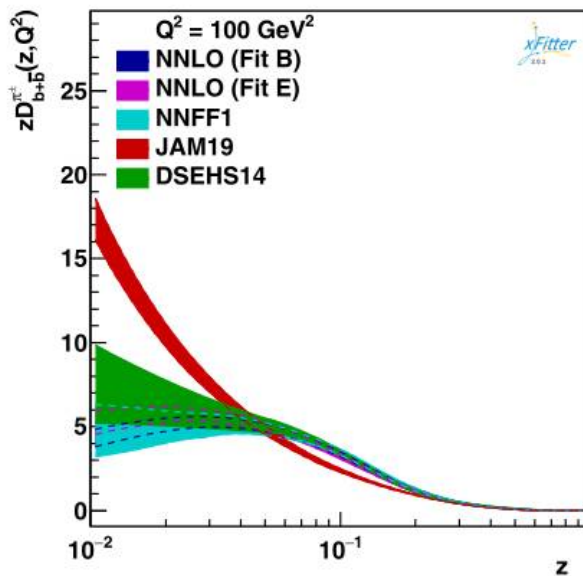
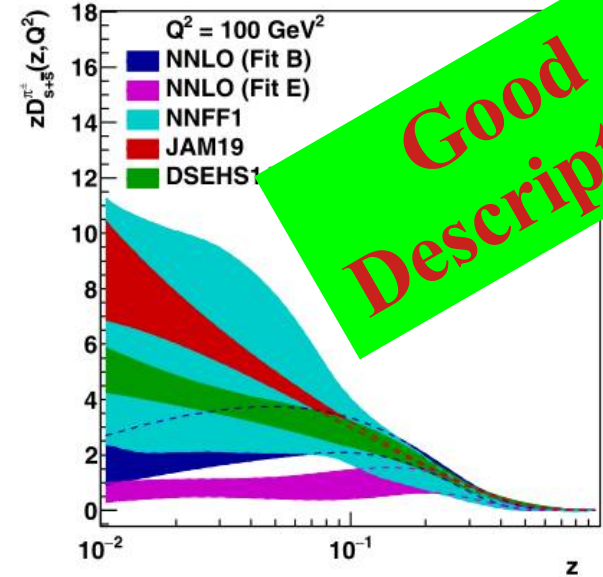
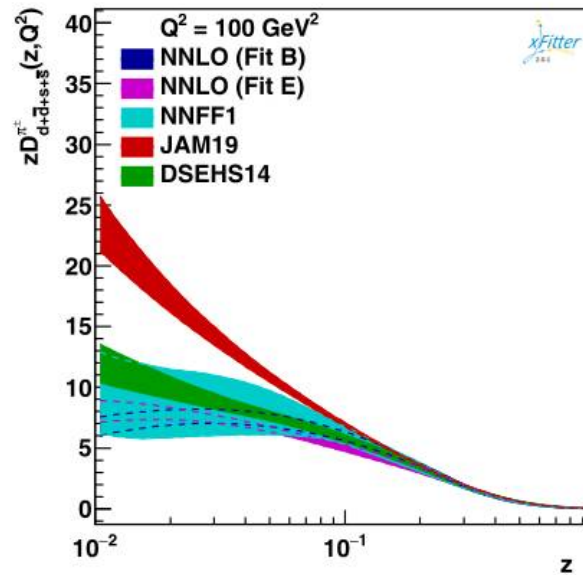
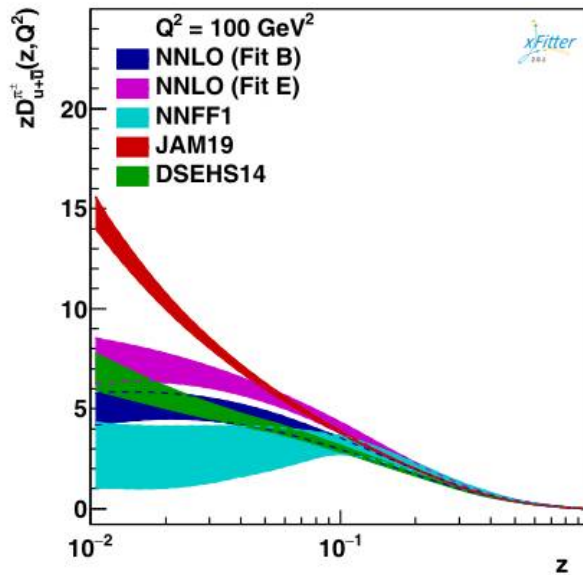
Hamed Abdolmaleki, Maryam Soleymaninia, Hamzeh Khanpour

PHYSICAL REVIEW D **104**, 056019 (2021)

QCD analysis of pion fragmentation functions in the xFitter framework

Hamed Abdolmaleki,^{1,*} Maryam Soleymaninia,^{1,†} Hamzeh Khanpour^{1,2,3,‡}, Simone Amoroso^{4,§}, Francesco Giuli^{5,||},
Alexander Glazov^{4,¶}, Agnieszka Luszczak^{6,**}, Fredrick Olness^{7,††} and Oleksandr Zenaiev^{8,‡‡}

(xFITTER Developers' Team:)



Good description of the data in general

Deviations in the low-z region

BELLE and BaBar data pull in opposite directions

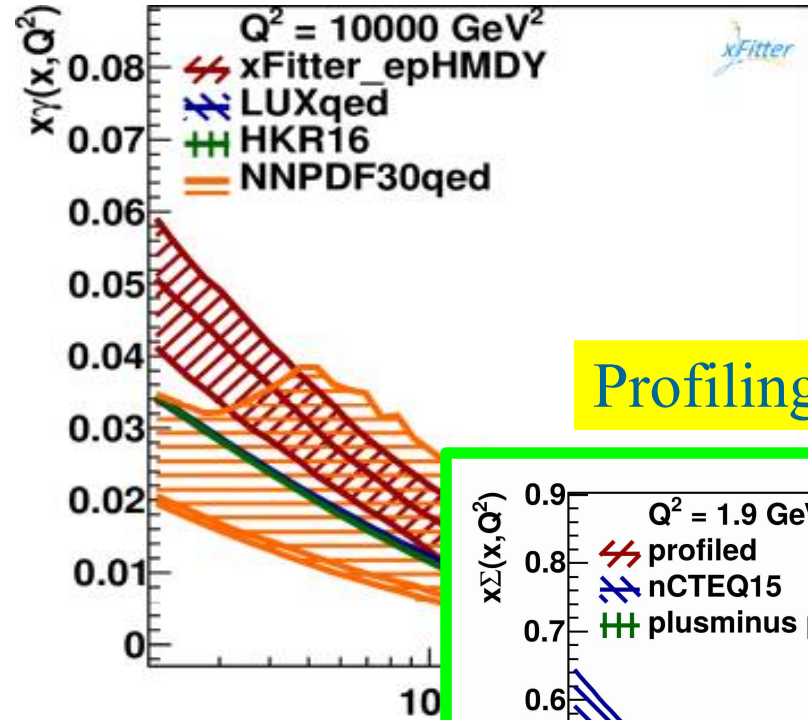
Clearly further investigation is warranted

xFitter

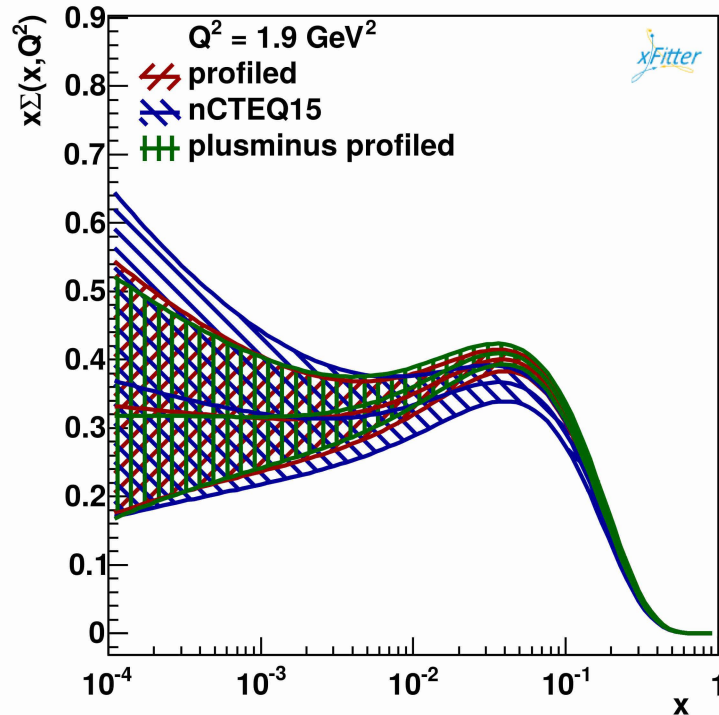
Selected

Examples

Photon PDF

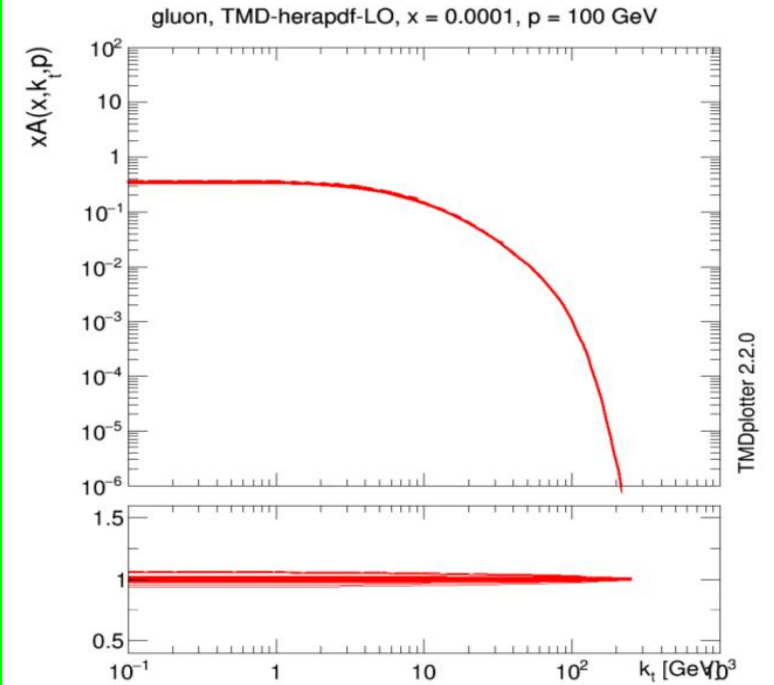


Profiling Lead PDFs



TMD (uPDFs) in xFitter

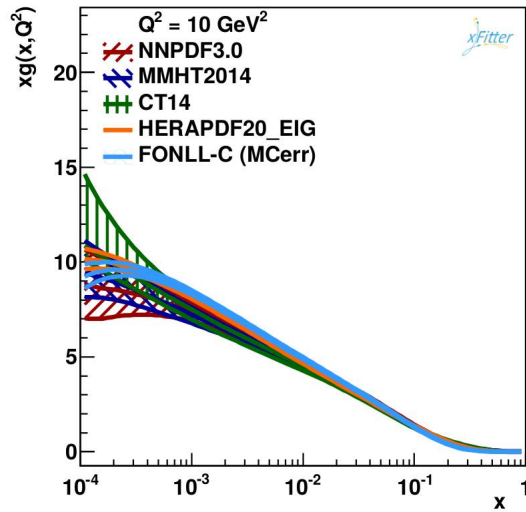
TMDs from fits - comparison of LO and NLO



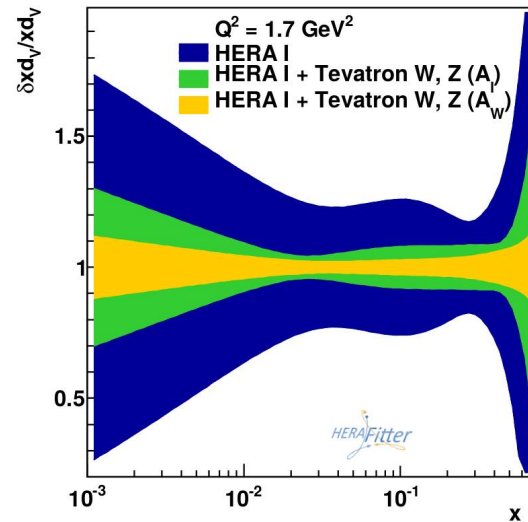
TMDs with experimental uncertainties.

more xFitter Capabilities

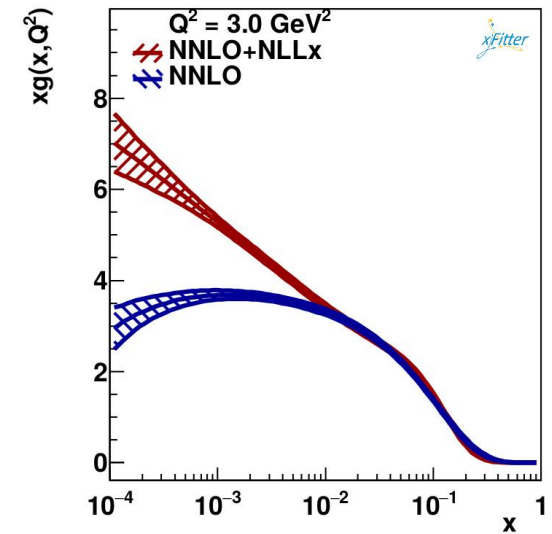
www.xFitter.org



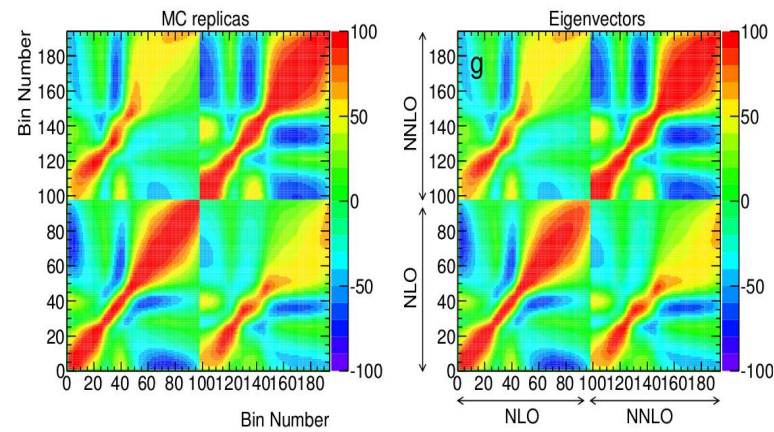
Multiple Heavy Quark Models



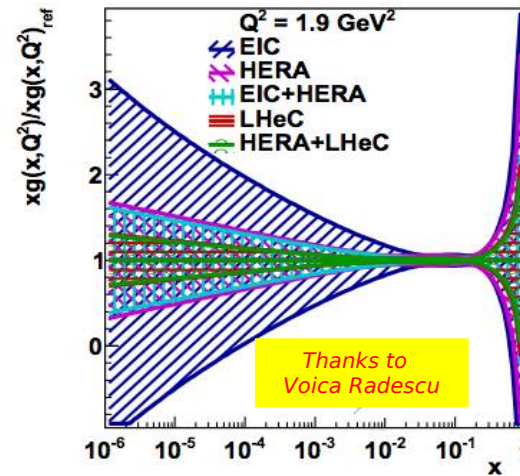
Profiling of W/Z Data



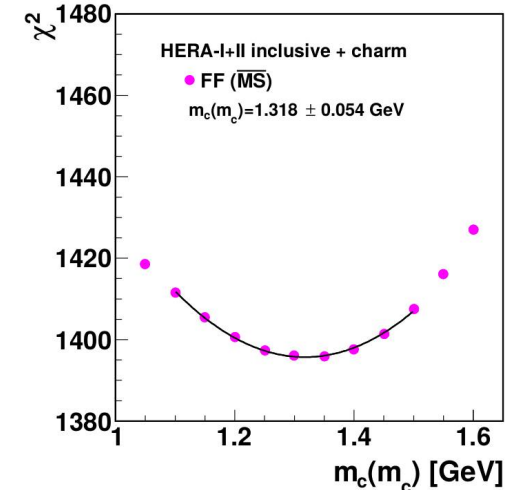
NNLx Resummation @ Small x



Correlation Coefficients

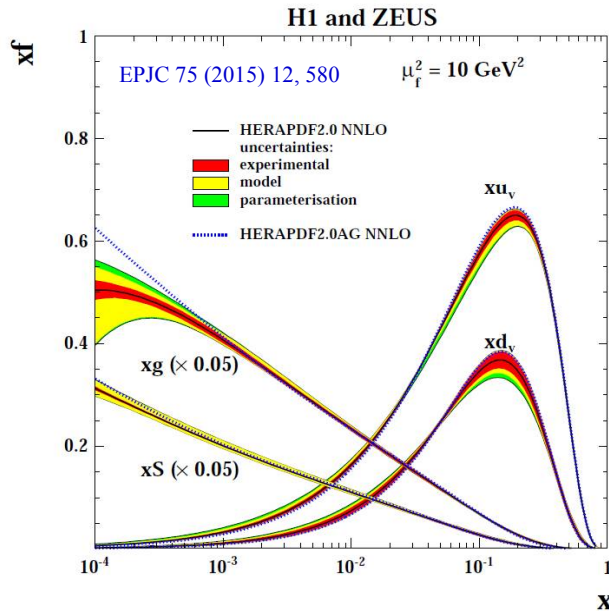


Sensitivity Studies



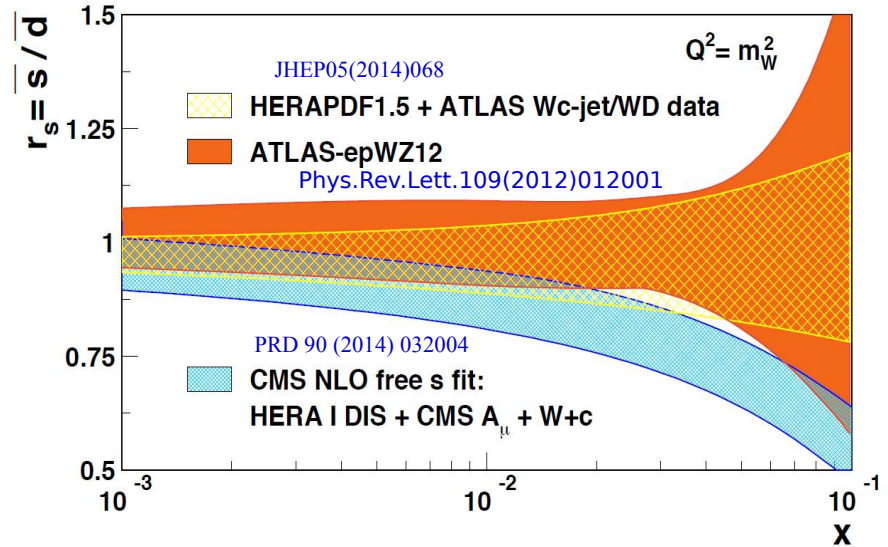
Pole & MS-Bar Running Mass

DIS inclusive processes in ep

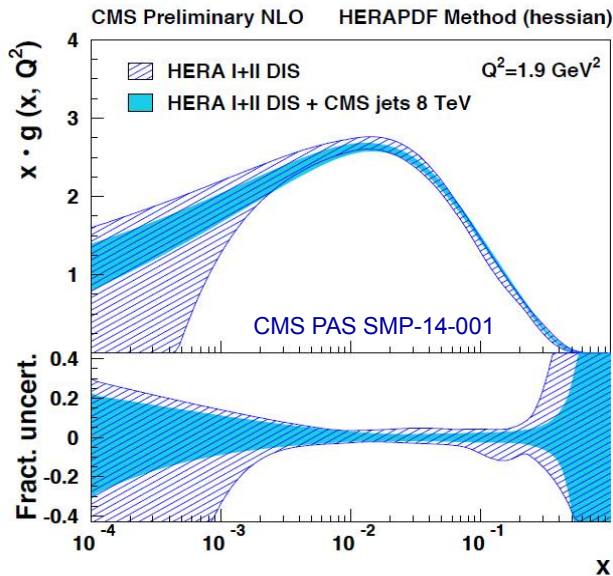


Drell-Yan processes (pp, ppbar)

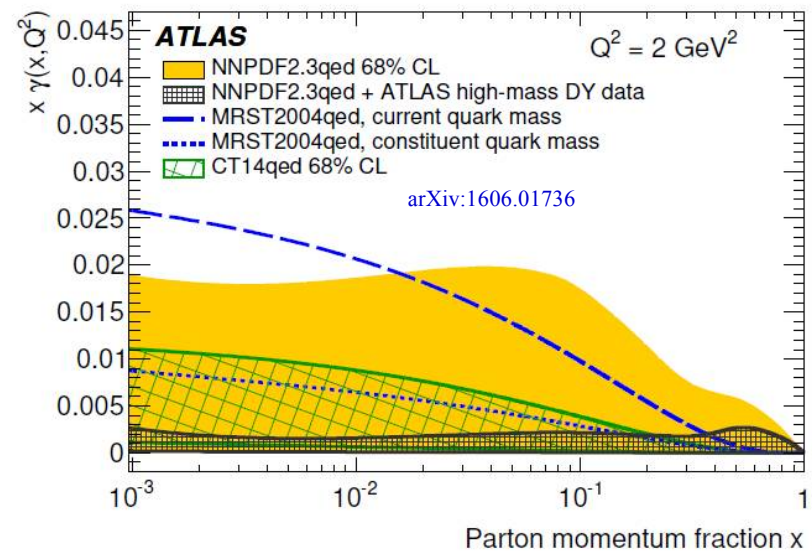
→ strange quark density determination



Jet production (ep, pp, ppbar)



DY data sensitivity to photon PDF

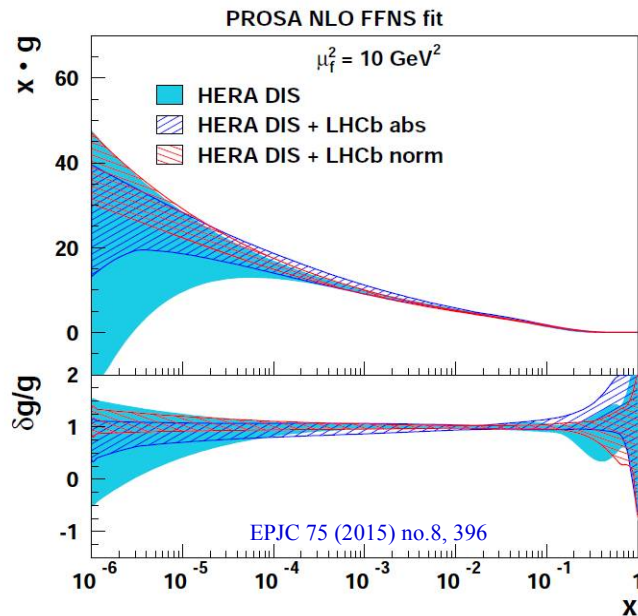


more xFitter Capabilities

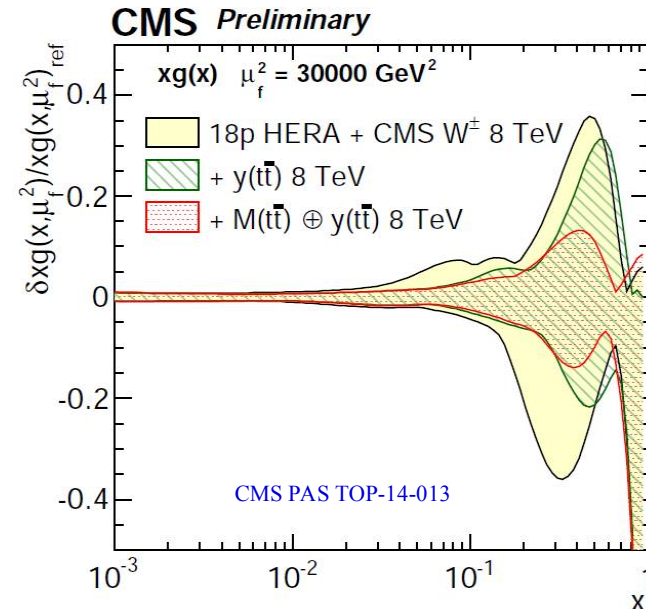
www.xFitter.org



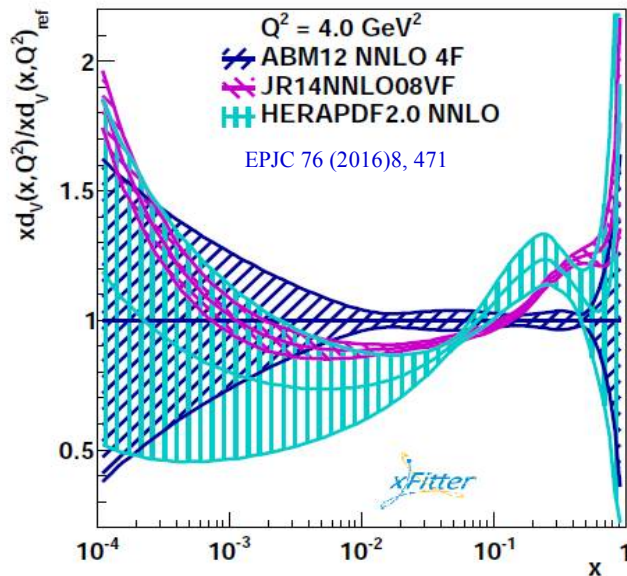
Heavy Quark production ($ep, pp, ppbar$)



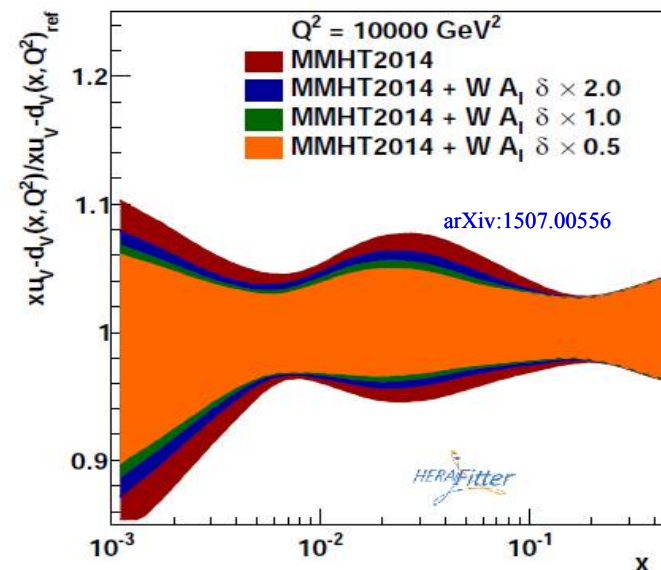
Top-quark production ($pp, ppbar$)



Evaluation of modern PDFs (benchmarking)



PDF4LHC report (benchmarking)



xFitter

Interface to

ApplGrid

Grid Technology

special thanks to Mark Sutton

APPLGRID method

Eur.Phys.J.C66:503-524,2010.

- Step 1 (long run): Collect perturbative weights to grids .
 - ▶ binning (x_1, x_2, Q^2)
 - ▶ interpolation
 - ▶ initial flavours decomposition : $13 \times 13 \rightarrow \mathcal{L}$ ($\mathcal{L} \sim 10$)

$$\frac{d\hat{\sigma}_{(p)}^{ij}}{dX}(x_1, x_2, Q_F^2, Q_R^2; S) \xrightarrow{3D-grid} w^{(p)(l)}(x_1^m, x_2^n, Q^{2k}) (Q_R^2 \equiv Q_F^2)$$

- Step 2 (~ 10–100 ms): Convolute grid with PDF's .
 - ▶ integral \rightarrow sum
 - ▶ any coupling, PDF

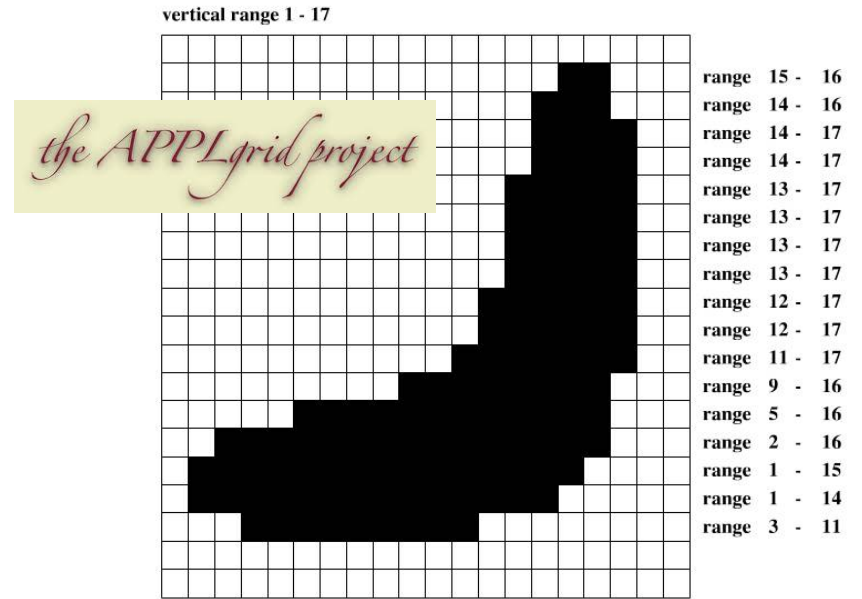
$$\frac{d\sigma}{dX} = \sum_p \sum_{l=0}^L \sum_{m,n,k} w_{m,n,k}^{(p)(l)} \left(\frac{\alpha_s(Q_k^2)}{2\pi} \right)^{p_l} F^{(l)}(x_{1m}, x_{2n}, Q_k^2)$$

Pavel Starovoitov (Kirchhof-Institut für Physik)

APPLGRID project

zFitter@JINR

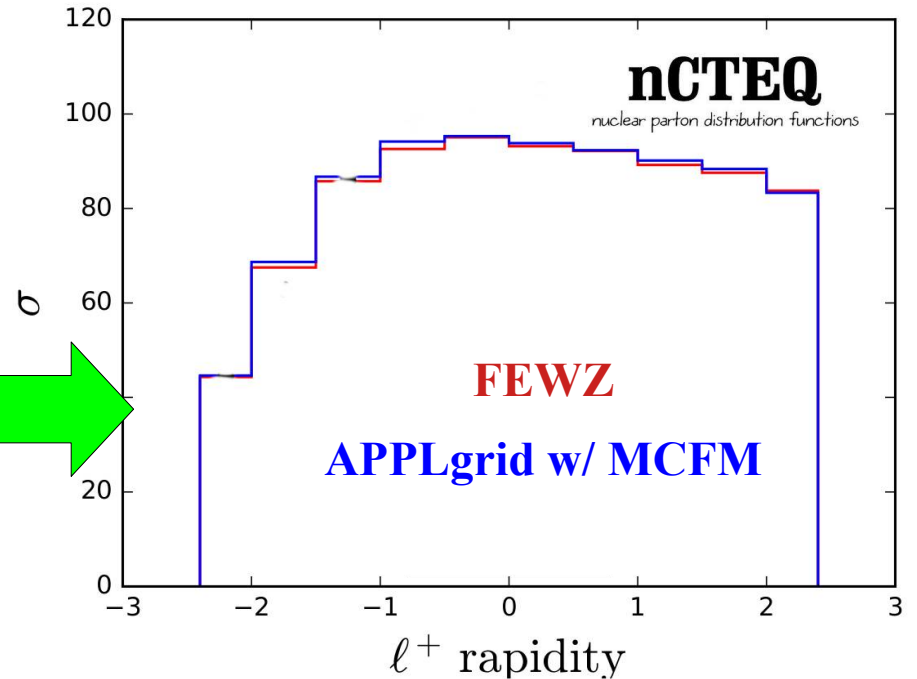
4 / 18



Validation:

Compare Grid to Full Calculation

Works for both proton & nuclear



TUTORIALS

VirtualBox & Docker



Past tutorials and VirtualBox images

<https://smu.box.com/s/alwdhtjstl6dn23o4j9112oyomea5mog5>

All Files > XFITTER > VBOX

NAME ↑



2016 Tutorial

2016 CTEQ-DESY School Tutorials



2018 Tutorial 

2018 CTEQ School Tutorials
(Based on 2016)



VBox Ubuntu18

VirtualBox with v.2.2



VBox Ubuntu22

VirtualBox with v.2.2

bug: `./bin/xfitter-draw ./output --no-logo`

pw: xfitter2023

Old version: xFitter 2.1

Docker / Singularity

JBrandonS / `xfitter-docker` <https://github.com/JBrandonS/xfitter-docker>

Code Issues Pull requests Actions Projects Wiki Security Insights

A WIP docker container featuring xFitter

14 commits 1 branch 0 packages 0 releases 1 contributor GPL-3.0

Branch: master New pull request Create new file Upload files Find file Clone or download

File	Commit Message	Time Ago
JBrandonS Updated README.md	Latest commit b1e3aaf	10 hours ago
<code>.gitignore</code>	Added run dir for steering files. Updated Readme. Fixed issues with S...	5 days ago
<code>Dockerfile</code>	Handeling PDF data correctly. Updated readme.	4 days ago
<code>LICENSE</code>	Initial commit	7 days ago
<code>README.md</code>	Updated README.md	10 hours ago
<code>docker-entrypoint.sh</code>	Handeling PDF data correctly. Updated readme.	4 days ago
<code>install-xfitter-master</code>	Initial commit	7 days ago

README.md

xFitter-Docker

xFitter-Docker is a docker container featuring the latest version of [xFitter](#), from the master branch for the [main repo](#), and as well as many standard HEP software packages needed for processing.

This allows for easy use of an up-to-date xFitter across all systems and configurations.

Installation

Prebuilt images for this project are available in docker-hub under [jbrandons/xfitter](#). You can pull this project from any internet connected PC with

UPDATE: xFitter in Docker & Singularity notes

Fred Olness
22 April 2020



Brandon
Stevenson



Lucas
Kotz

DOCKER

```
docker pull jbrandons/xfitter
```

```
docker run -it -u $(id -u ${USER}):$(id -g ${USER}) -v $(pwd) :/run
-v /users/olness/xfit/DATA/datafiles:/data
-v /usr/local/share/LHAPDF:/pdfdata jbrandons/xfitter bash
```

xfitter and **xfitter-draw** are installed in the path, so a plain “**xfitter**” command should run the test.

The `-u $(id -u ${USER}):$(id -g ${USER})` command mounts as the user instead of root.

The `-v $(pwd) :/run` command mounts the current directory as **/run**; this is the working directory.

The `-v /users/olness/xfit/DATA/datafiles:/data` command mounts your local set of data files.

The `-v /usr/local/share/LHAPDF:/pdfdata` command mounts your local set of lhpdf files.

(This keeps the docker image lightweight)

The `bash` command drops to a bash shell.

In the above example, the `pwd` is mounted at **/run**, so if you place

```
" constants.yaml parameters.yaml steering.txt "
```

locally, you can then run the `xfitter` example.

SINGULARITY

```
singularity run -B $(pwd)/datafiles:/data  
-B $(pwd)/lhfiles:/pdffiles -B $(pwd) :/run  
docker://jbrandons/xfitter bash
```

* user runs as non-root

* **image is mounted read-only** (*not a problem*)

SETUP: In your working dir \$(pwd) make 2 symlinks:

- 1) Symlink **./datafiles** to your local xFitter data file
- 2) Symlink **./lhfiles** to your local LHAPDF data files

Your **\$pwd** will be mounted to **/run** so you have local access to output

Launch singularity; you'll drop into a bash shell.

xfitter and **xfitter-draw** are in your image path.

In your local working directory, you will need: **constants.yaml parameters.yaml steering.txt**

Fantomas Project

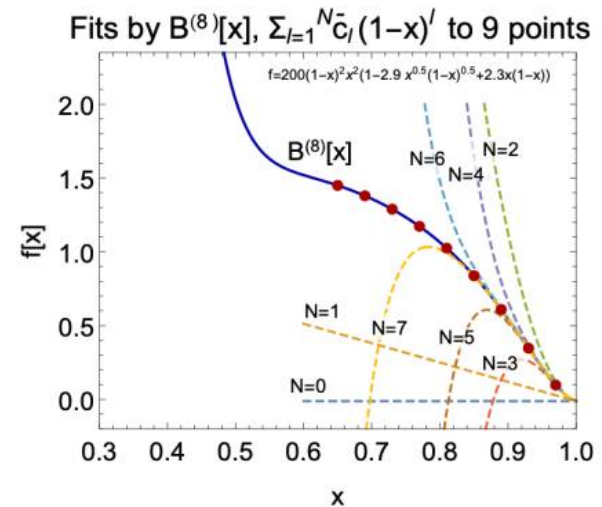
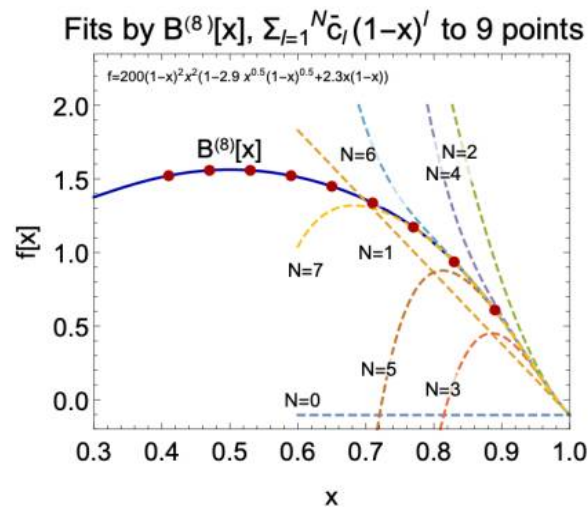
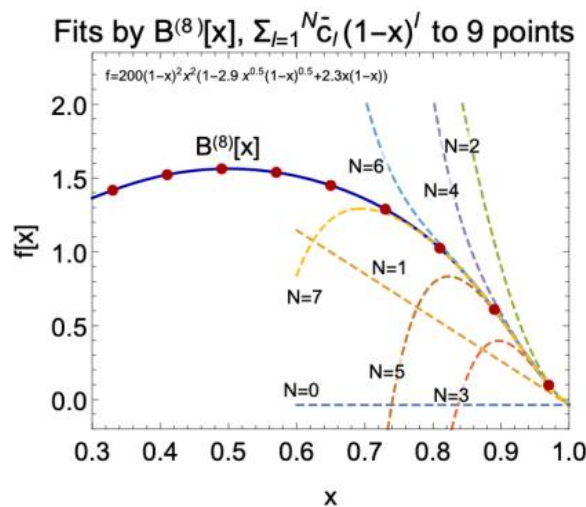
Using a Bezier curve for the PDF
parameterization in xFitter

Fantômas4QCD: advanced polynomial parametrisations

L. Kotz, M. Chavez, A. Courtoy, P. Nadolsky, F. Olness, V. Purohit, 2023

Parametrize PDFs using **Bézier curves** $B^{(n)}(x; a) = \sum_{k=0}^n a_{k+2} \binom{n}{k} x^k (1-x)^{n-k}$

A metamorph $f(x) \equiv a_0 \underbrace{x^{a_1} (1-x)^{a_2}}_{\text{carrier}} B^{(n)}(x^{a_x}; a)$



Main idea: New parameterization methods for mesons PDF fits

The new modular xFitter 2.2 version was a **HUGE** help for this project

Backup

First analysis of world polarized DIS data with small- x helicity evolution

Daniel Adamiak,^{1,*} Yuri V. Kovchegov,^{1,†} W. Melnitchouk,²
 Daniel Pitonyak,^{3,‡} Nobuo Sato,^{2,§} and Matthew D. Sievert^{4,¶}

JLAB-THY-21-3318

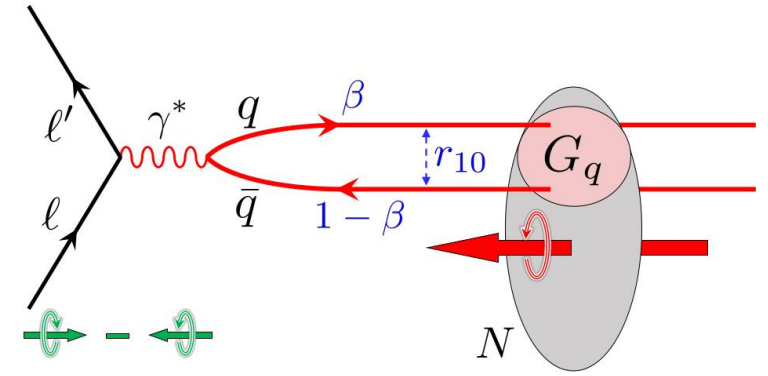
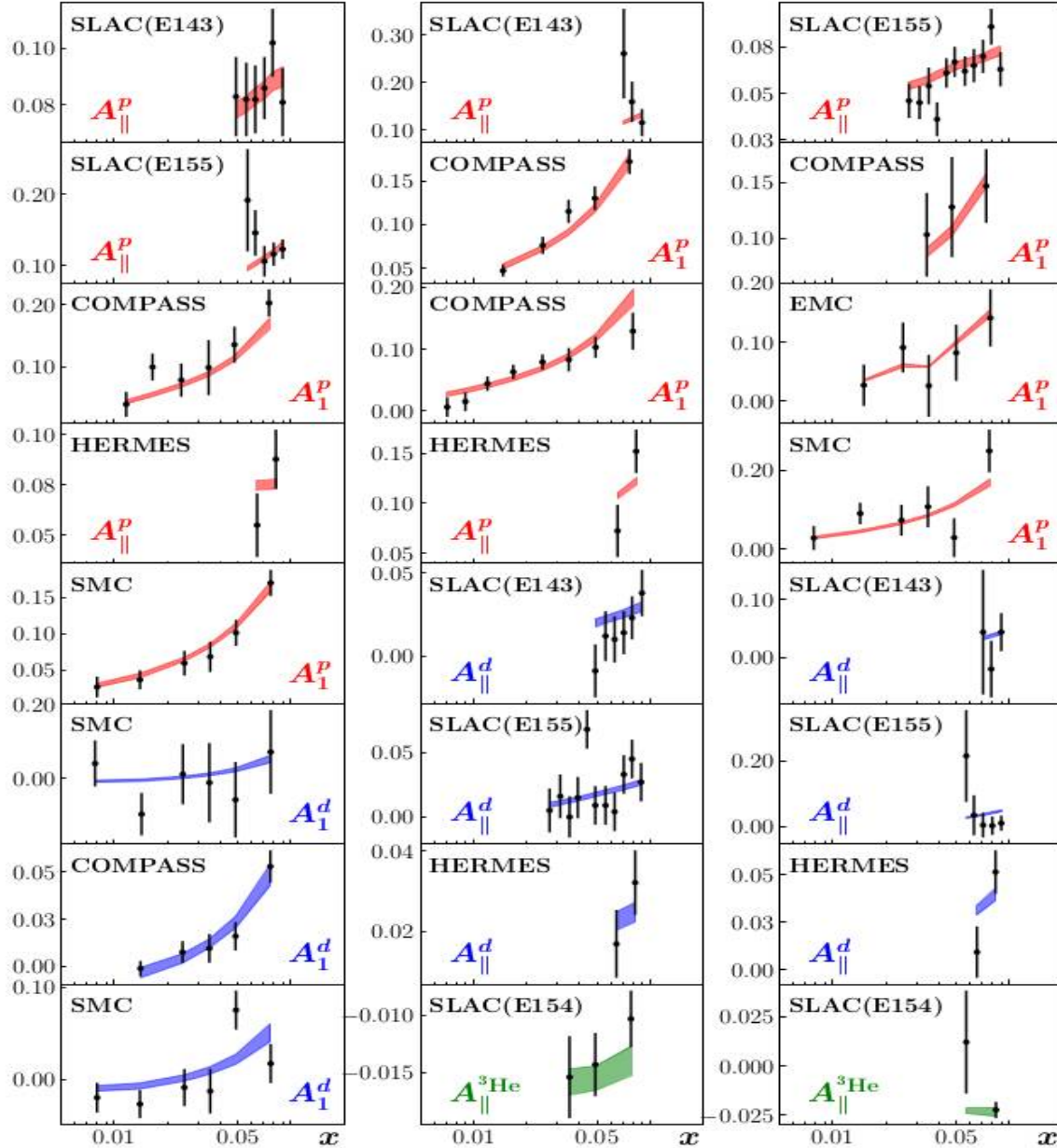
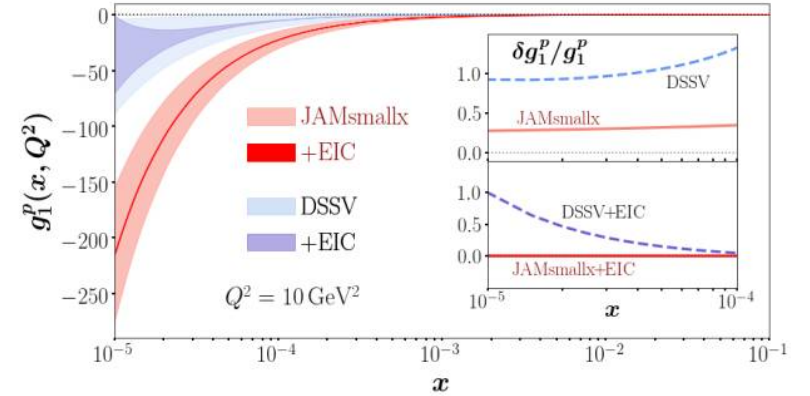
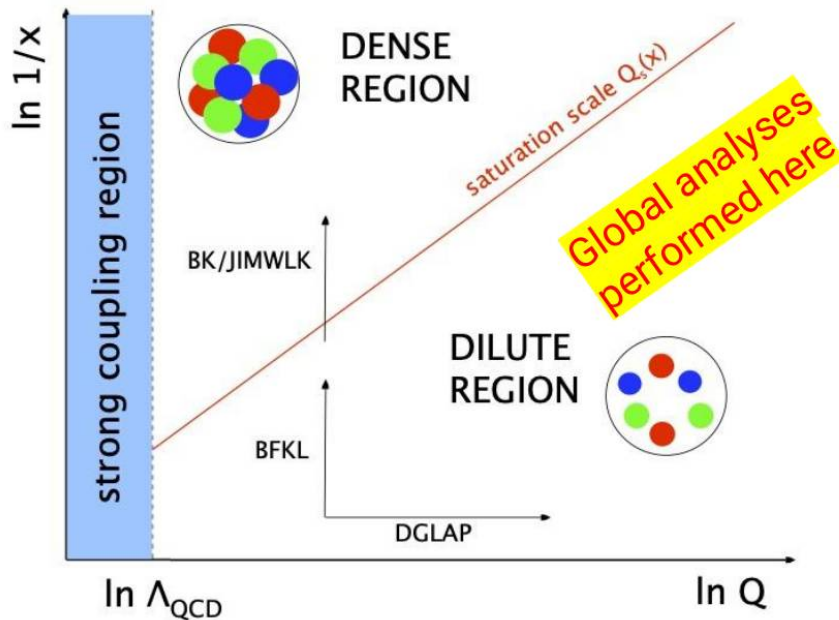


Illustration of polarized DIS at small x .



Jefferson Lab Angular Momentum (JAM) Collaboration

Global analysis: Exploring QCD in extreme limits



Challenge:

- Current PDF analyses use “standard” DGLAP
- Extend analyses into extreme limits of QCD
- Include additional effects into PDF fit

Method:

xFitter: open-source,
modular PDF framework



Goal:

To unequivocally establish saturation, perform comprehensive global analysis quantifying and minimizing uncertainties, extracting universal building blocks of high energy factorization.

Small- x evolution of the gluon GPD E_g

Yoshitaka Hatta^{1,2} and Jian Zhou³

¹*Physics Department, Building 510A, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, NY 11973, USA*

²*RIKEN BNL Research Center, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, NY 11973, USA*

³*Key Laboratory of Particle Physics and Particle Irradiation (MOE),
Institute of Frontier and Interdisciplinary Science,
Shandong University (QingDao), 266237, China*

We study the small- x evolution equation for the gluon generalized parton distribution (GPD) E_g of the nucleon. It is shown that E_g at vanishing skewness exhibits the Regge behavior identical to the BFKL Pomeron despite its association with nucleon helicity-flip processes. We also consider the effect of gluon saturation and demonstrate that E_g gets saturated in the same way as its helicity-nonflip counterpart H_g . Our result has a direct impact on the modeling of E_g as well as the small- x contribution to nucleon spin sum rules.

Global extraction of unpolarized quark TMDs at N³LL

Alessandro Bacchetta,^{a,b} Valerio Bertone,^c Chiara Biscolotti,^{a,d} Giuseppe Bozzi,^{e,f,*} Matteo Cerutti,^{a,b} Fulvio Piacenza,^a Marco Radici^b and Andrea Signori^{g,h}

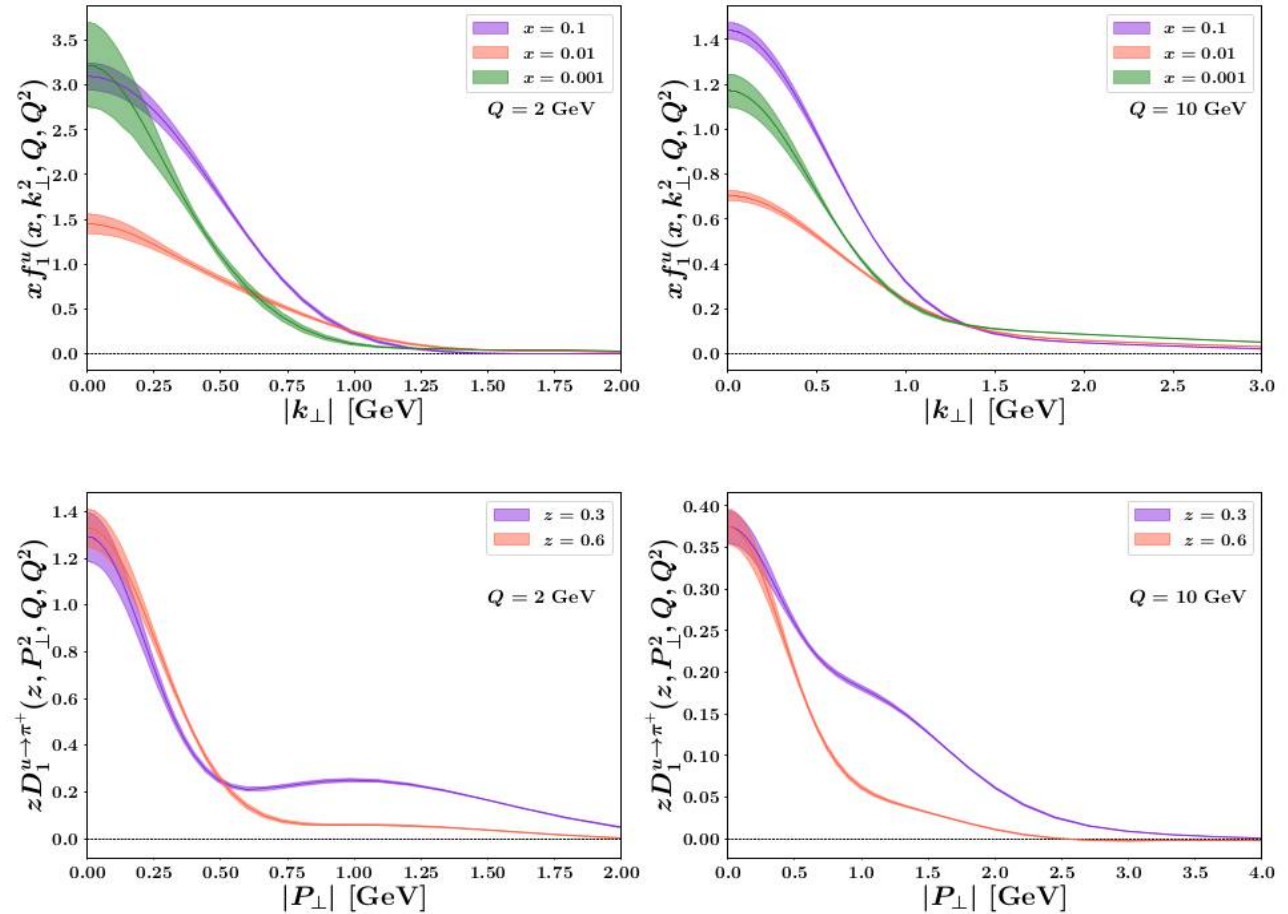
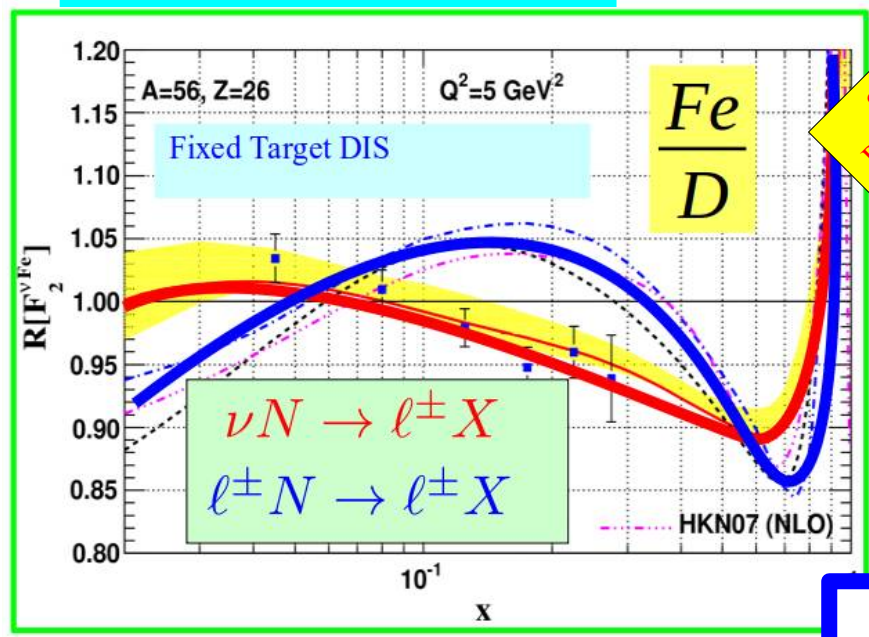


Figure 2: *Upper plots:* the TMD PDF of the up quark in a proton at $Q = 2$ GeV (left panel) and 10 GeV (right panel) as a function of the partonic transverse momentum $|k_\perp|$ for $x = 0.001, 0.01$ and 0.1 .

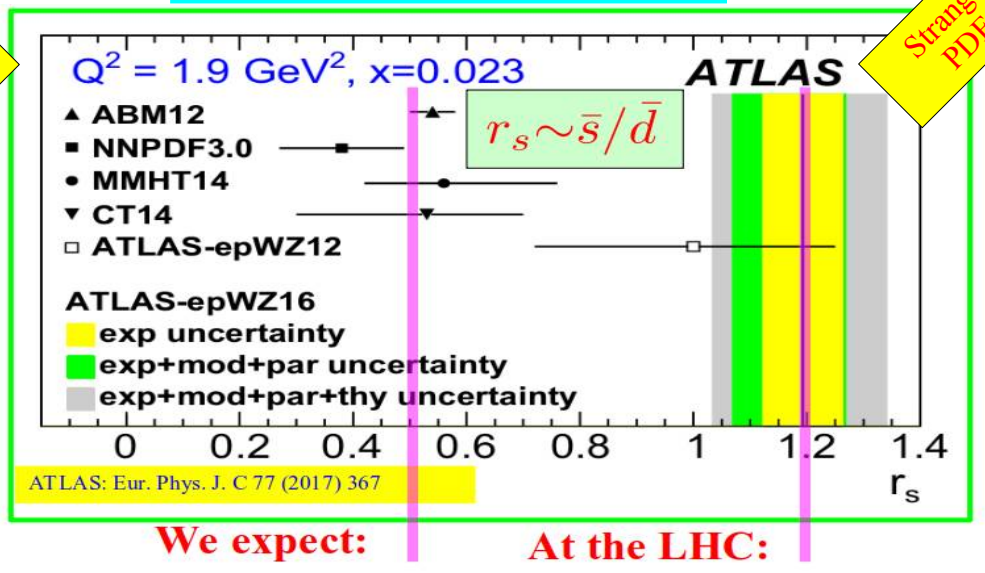
Lower plots: the TMD FF for an up quark fragmenting into a π^+ at $Q = 2$ GeV (left panel) and 10 GeV (right panel) as a function of the hadron transverse momentum $|P_\perp|$ for $z = 0.3$ and 0.6 .

The uncertainty bands in all plots represent the 68%CL.

nCTEQ15 ν



nCTEQ15WZ



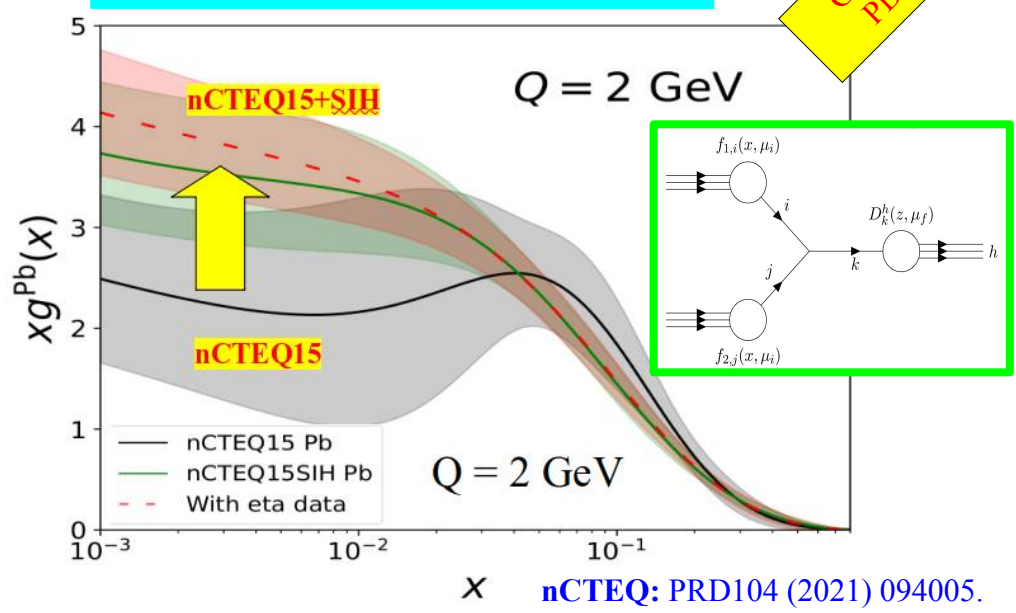
nCTEQ

parton distribution functions

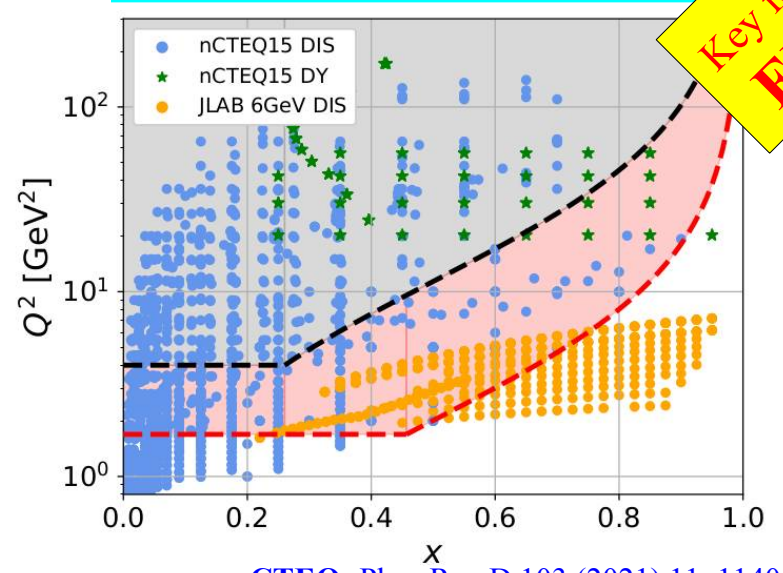
nCTEQ: arXiv: 2204.13157

nCTEQ: Phys.Rev.D 104 (2021) 094005

nCTEQ15WZ+SIH



nCTEQ15HIX



precision $f_A(x, Q)$ can serve as Boundary Condition for $f_A(x, Q, k_T, b_T, \sigma)$

QCD
Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L}_{QCD} = \bar{\psi}_q (i\gamma_\mu D^\mu - m_q) \psi_q - \frac{1}{4} G_{\mu\nu}^a G_a^{\mu\nu}$$

