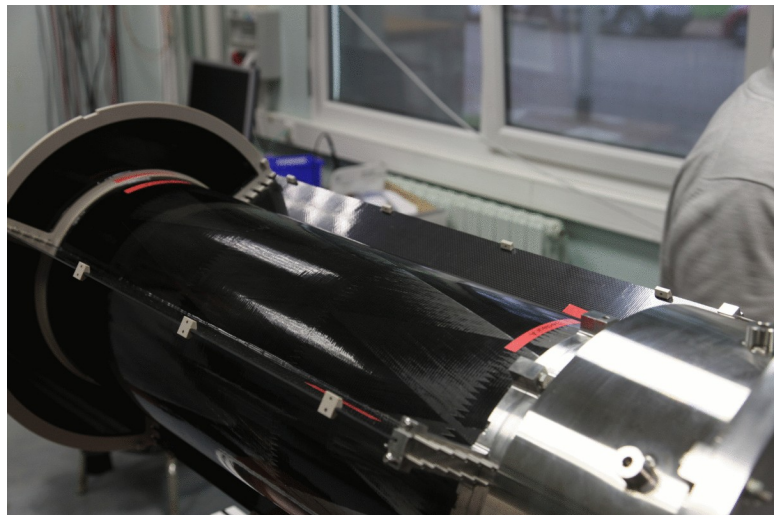
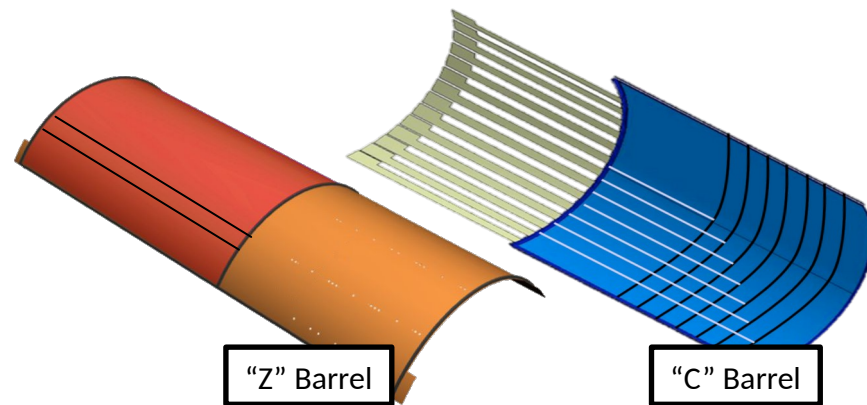


# The Micromegas Vertex Tracker

- Total of 6 layers segmented in phi (3 x 120° sectors)
- 6 Different detector's radii
- 2 different types (C and Z types)
- Drift gap: 3mm; Amplification gap: 128um
- Mesh: 70/30
- Gas: 95% Ar + 5% isobutane

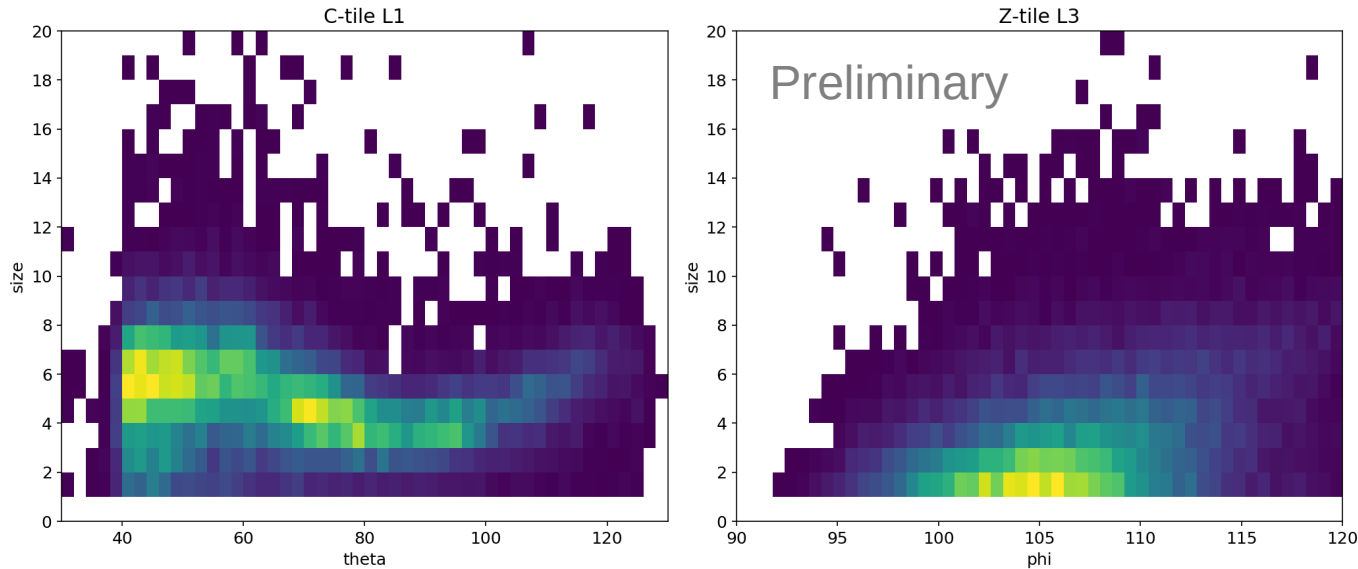
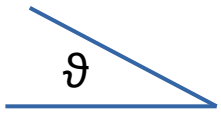


Layer	Detector	Radius (mm)	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Channels	Active area Length (mm) x width (mm)	
6	CR6C	222.53	712	459	1152	445	438
5	CR6Z	207.54	712	427	768	445	407
4	CR5C	192.65	712	396	1024	420	376
3	CR5Z	177.57	712	364	640	421	344
2	CR4Z	162.56	712	333	640	373	313
1	CR4C	147.57	712	302	896	372	281

- Run taken in summer 2022
- Preliminary reconstruction, alignment and calibration
- Target: Polarized NH<sub>3</sub>
- Electron beam: energy  $\sim 10.6$  GeV;  $I = 4$  nA
- B field: 5 T
- Target position about  $-6 < z < 0$  cm

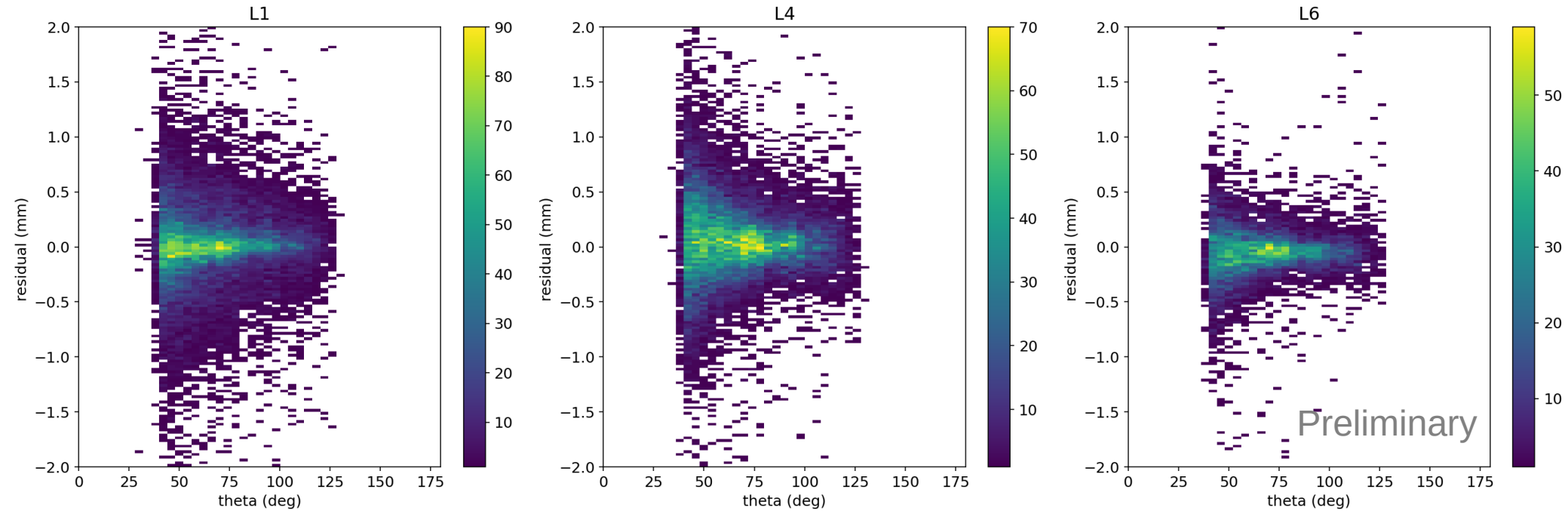
# Cluster size

- Clear dependence of the cluster size to the angle of the track
- Mitigated in C-tiles by the increased pitch



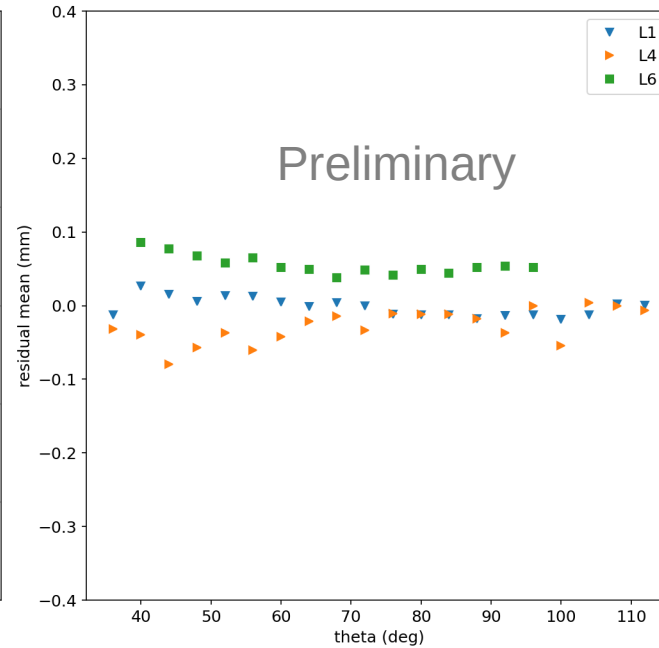
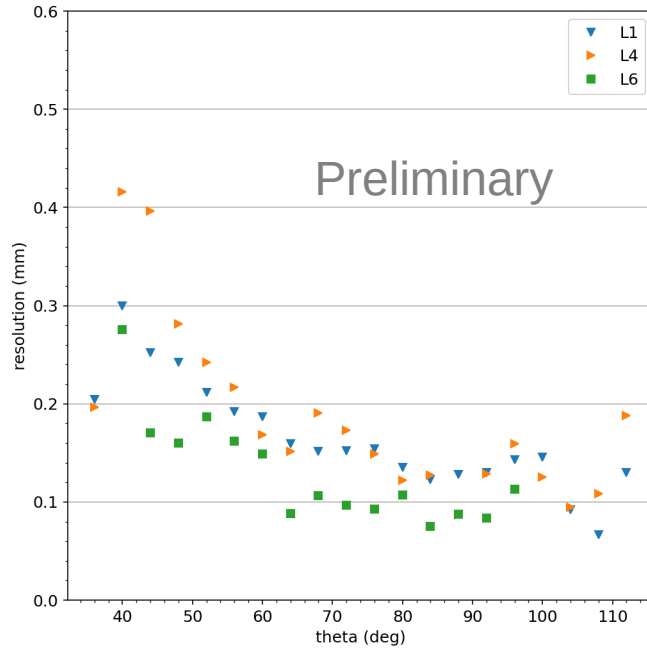
CAVEAT: the cluster algorithm allows for missing strips, but it does not put a limit on how many gaps in a cluster, i.e. slightly biased towards larger clusters

# Residuals C-tiles

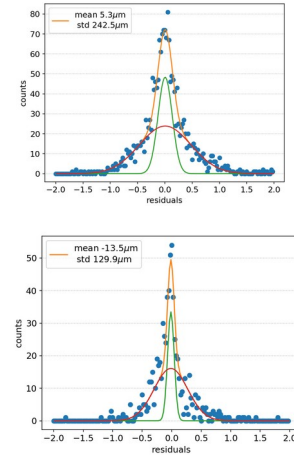


Residuals of clusters on track

# Resolutions C-tiles



## Examples L1

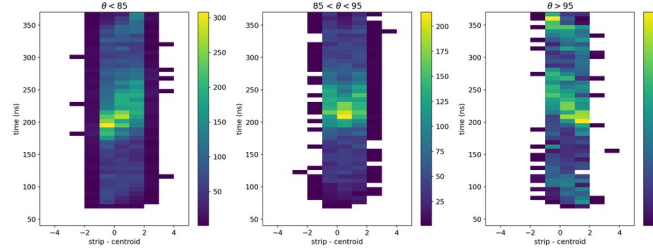


Resolutions increasing with theta, up to  $\sim 400\mu\text{m}$  for tracks at 45deg

Still some residual misalignment: not the final version of the reconstruction software

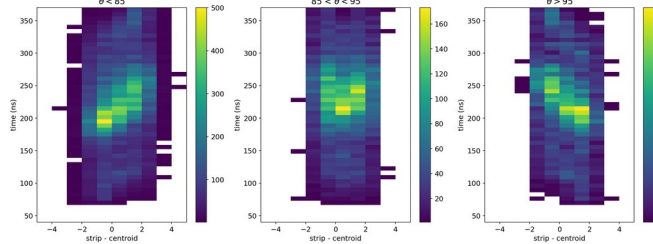
# Time of max in the cluster

Size 3



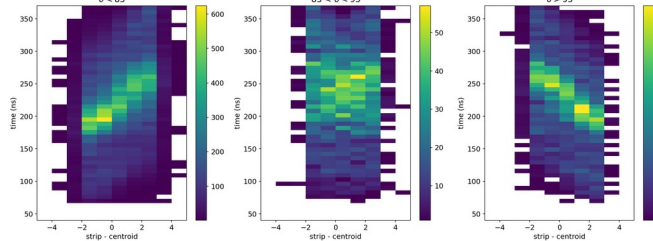
Preliminary

Size 4



Clear correlation of the time of max in a cluster

Size 5



Can be used to improve the spatial resolution

Size 6

