

# LBNL eRD113 update: DPTS testing

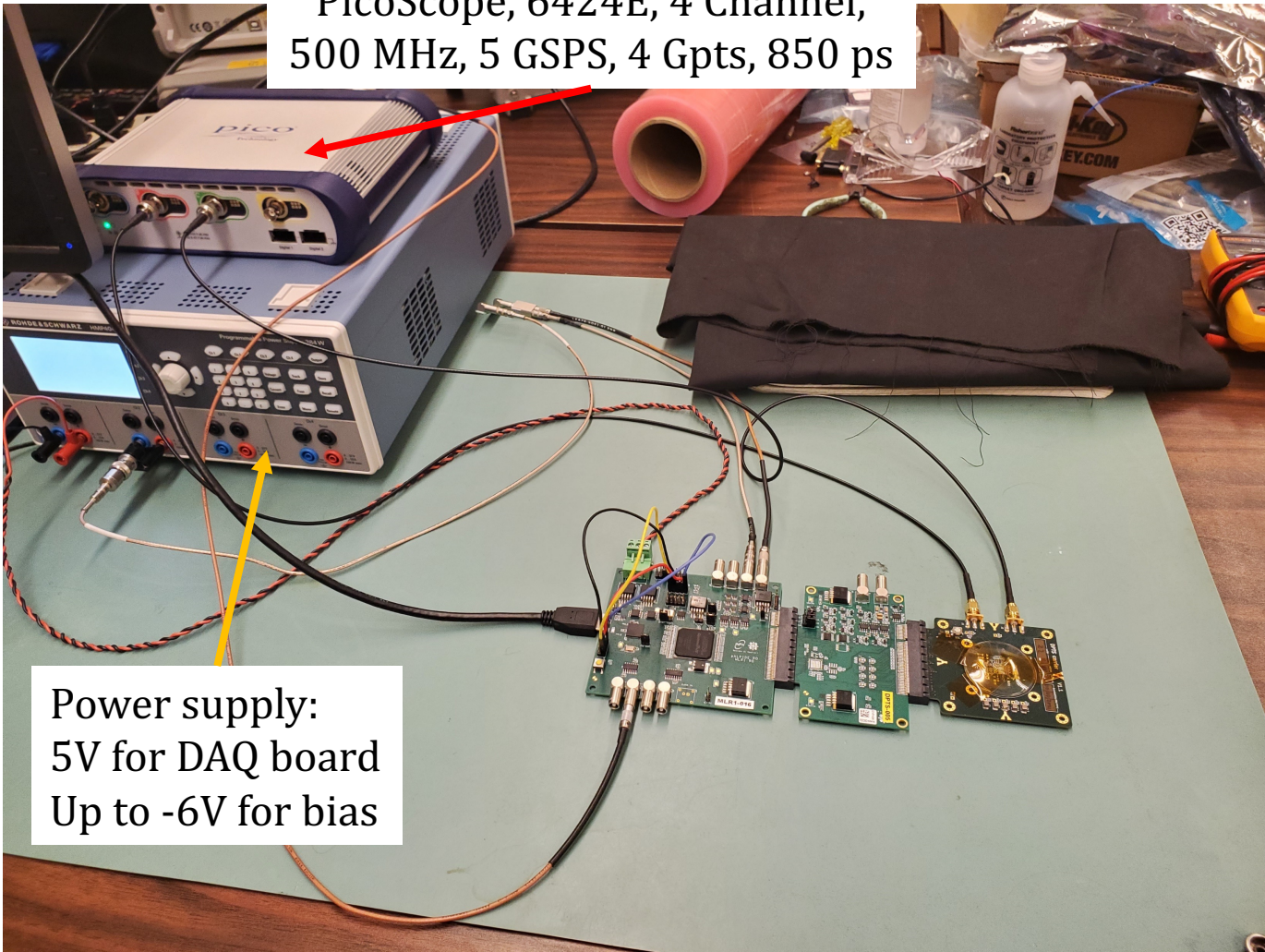
Nikki Apadula, Ezra Lesser, Yuan Mei, Peng Miao, Barak Schmookler

EICSC Meeting

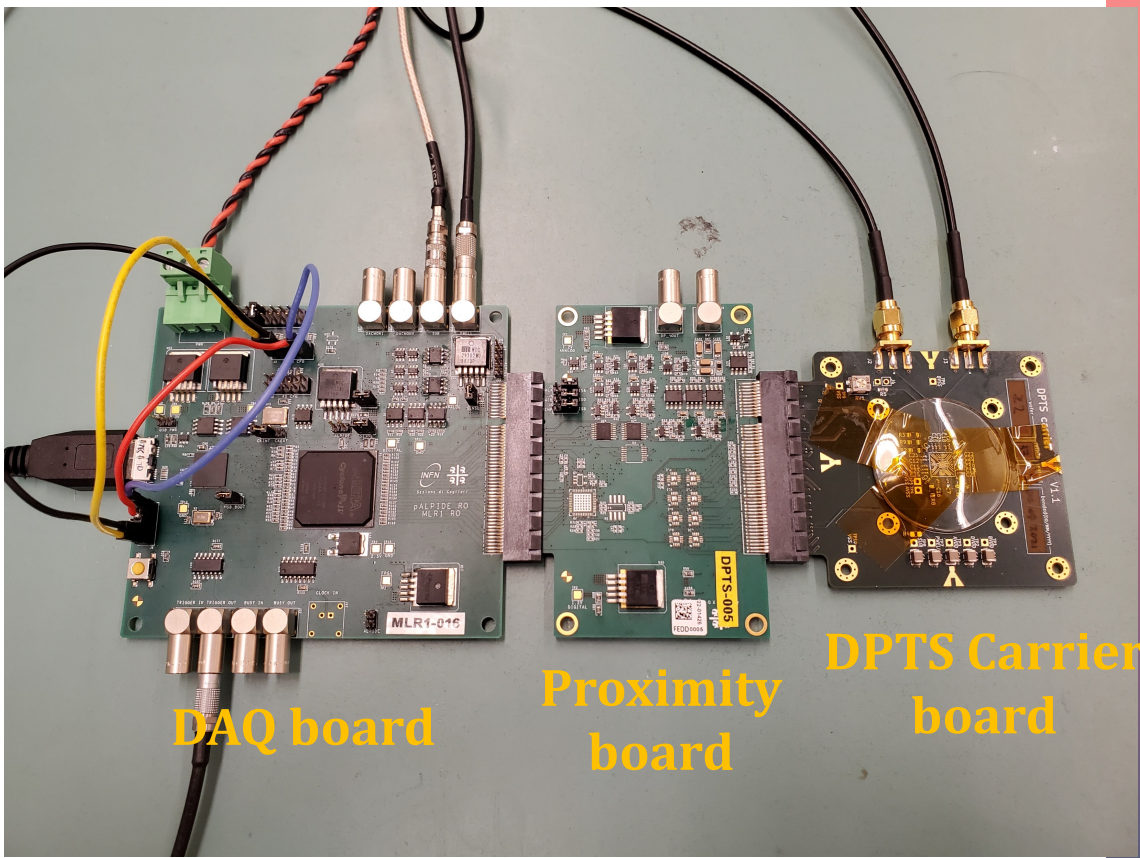
May 9, 2023

# Bench Setup

PicoScope, 6424E, 4 Channel,  
500 MHz, 5 GSPS, 4 Gpts, 850 ps



Power supply:  
5V for DAQ board  
Up to -6V for bias



DAQ board

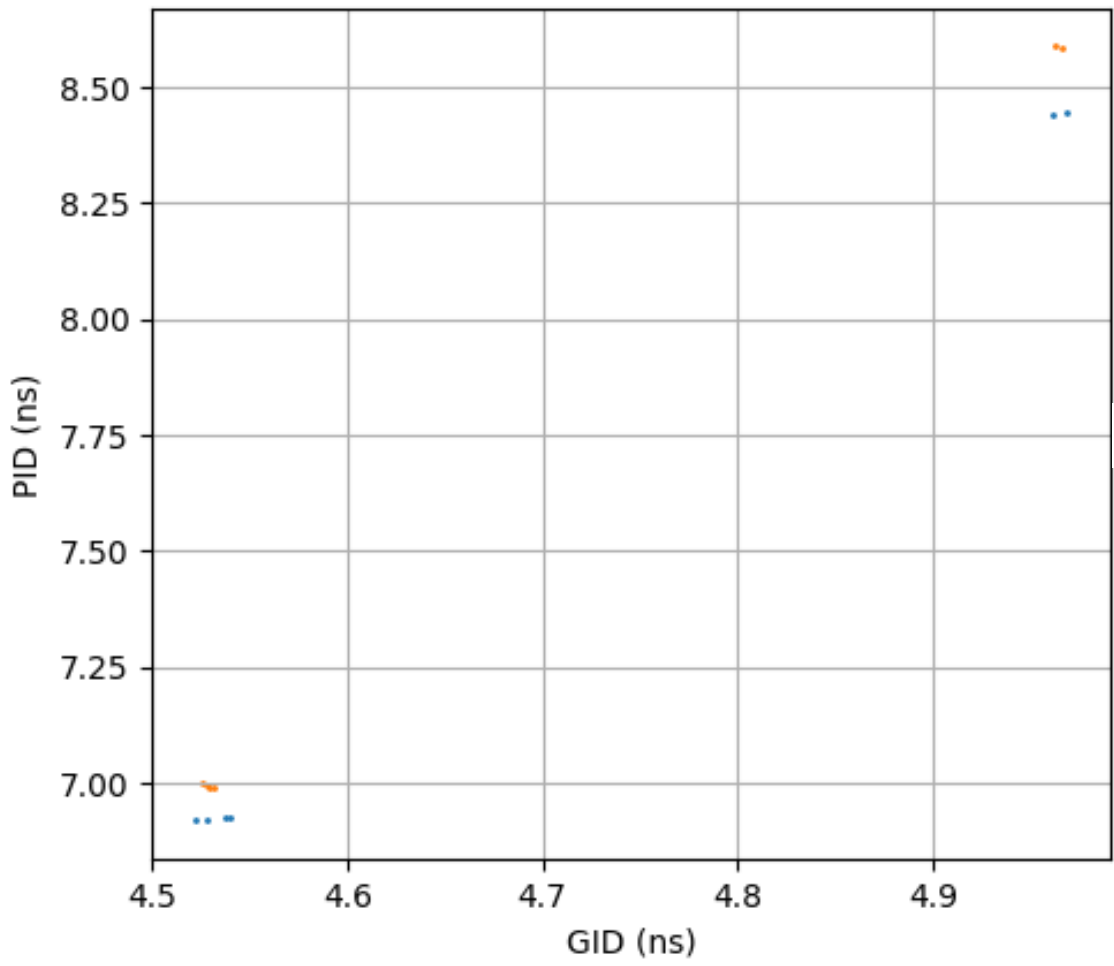
Proximity board

DPTS Carrier board

# First checks

- Checked required resistances on DPTS before powering on
- With chip powered ON, bias voltage adjusted from 0 to -3V in 0.3V steps. Confirmed readback current remained  $<1$  mA
- Confirmed voltage across R5 on DPTS was set correctly to 400 mV. Otherwise, requires tuning with a small screwdriver.
- Tested the shift register using DAQ software

# Fake Hit Rate Scan



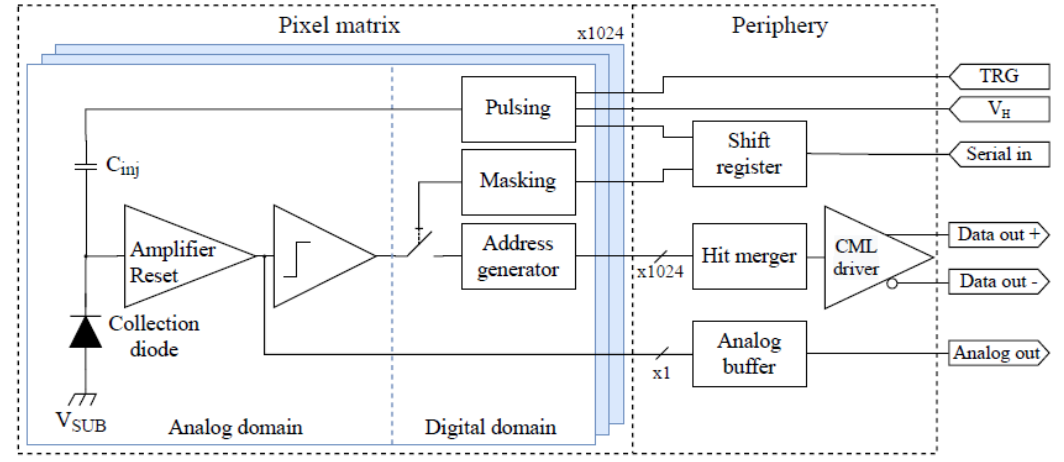
Triggers:  $1.0 \times 10^4$   
 Hits: 6  
 Noise occ.:  $1.46 \times 10^{-2}$

- train #0
- train #1

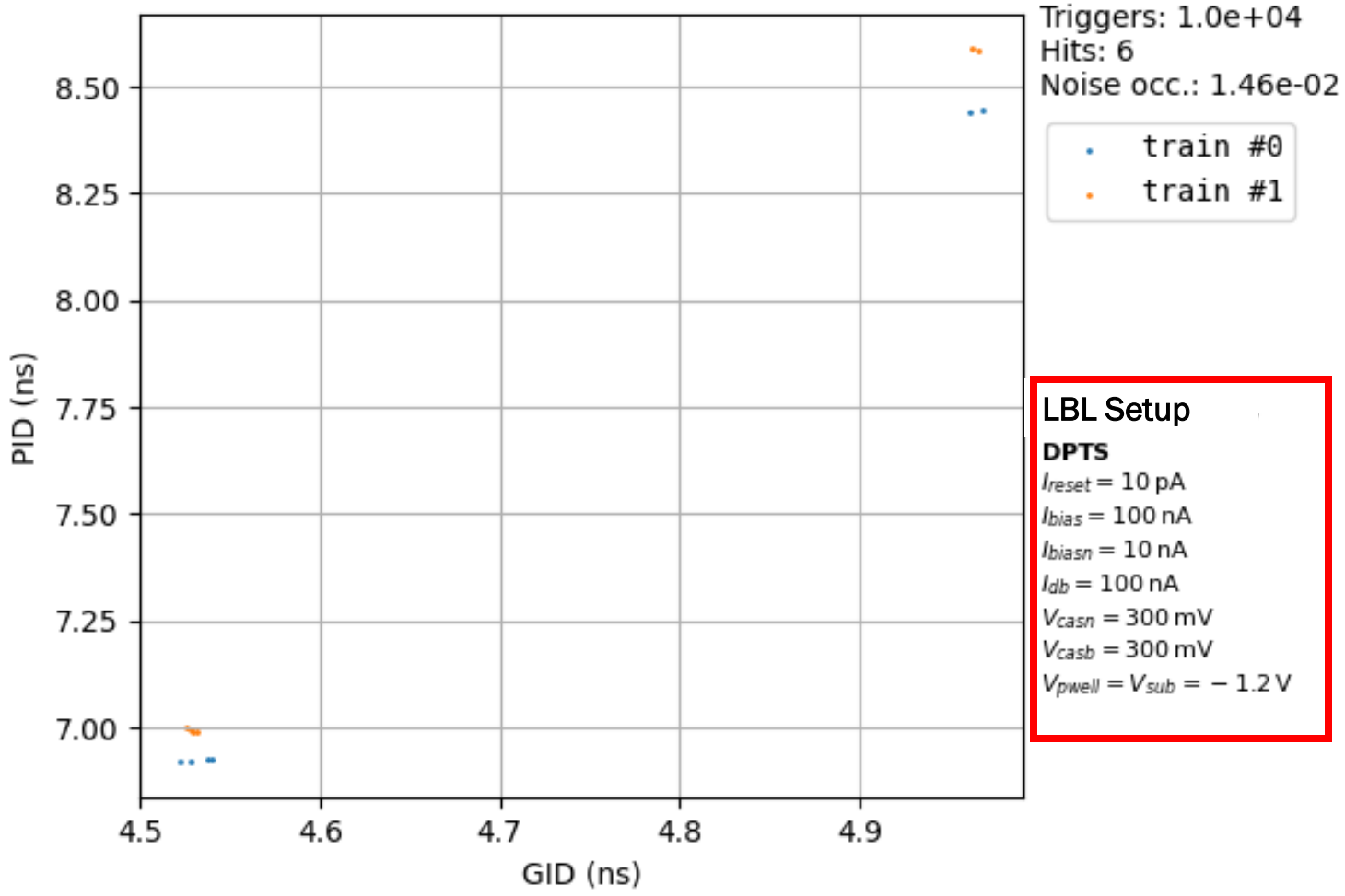
### LBL Setup

**DPTS**  
 $I_{reset} = 10 \text{ pA}$   
 $I_{bias} = 100 \text{ nA}$   
 $I_{biasn} = 10 \text{ nA}$   
 $I_{db} = 100 \text{ nA}$   
 $V_{casn} = 300 \text{ mV}$   
 $V_{casb} = 300 \text{ mV}$   
 $V_{pwell} = V_{sub} = -1.2 \text{ V}$

**Measures number of hits seen in absence of external stimuli. That is, no charge injected into pixel circuitry by the trigger pulse.**



# Fake Hit Rate Scan

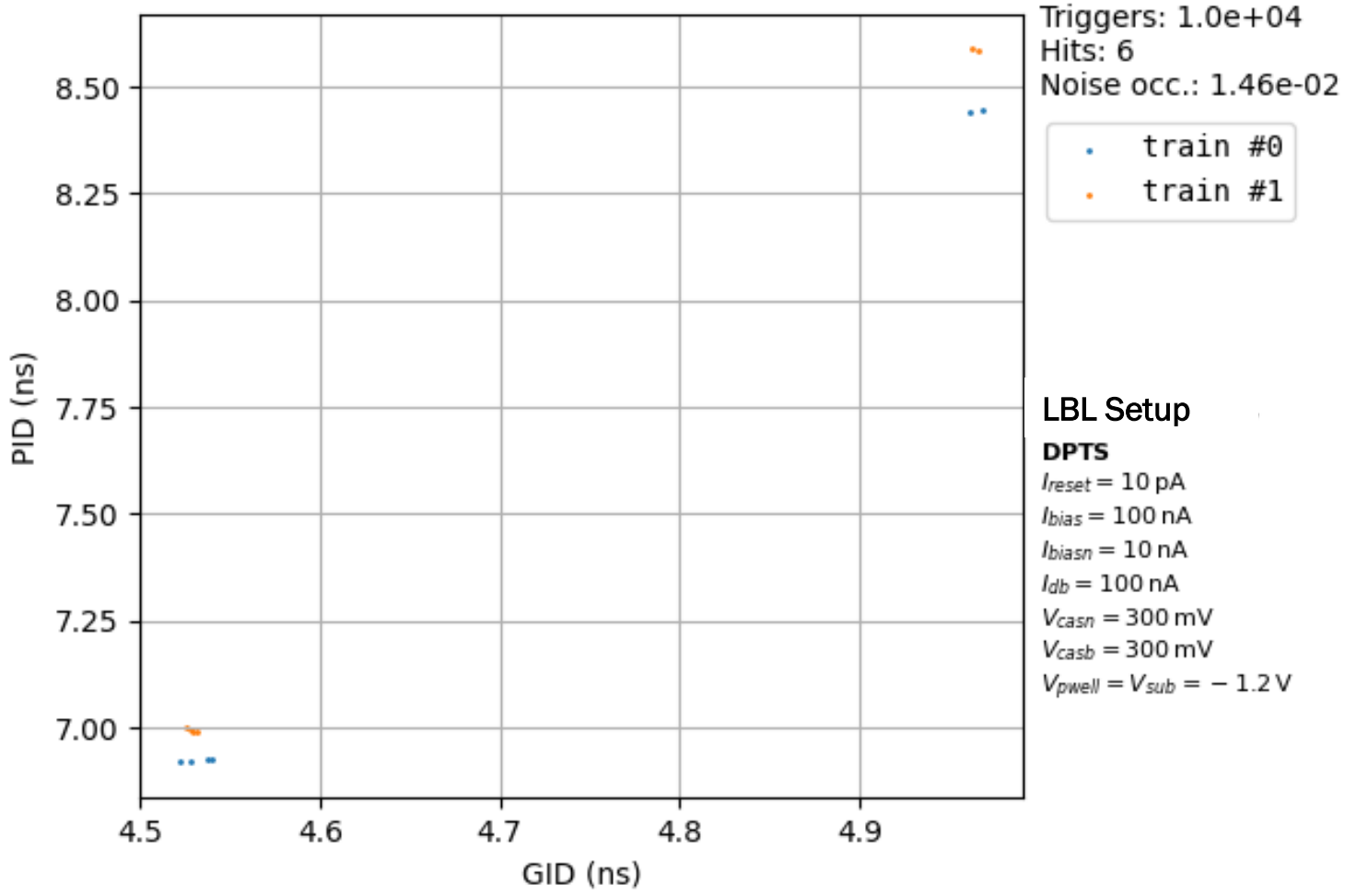


**LBL Setup**  
**DPTS**  
*I<sub>reset</sub>* = 10 pA  
*I<sub>bias</sub>* = 100 nA  
*I<sub>biasn</sub>* = 10 nA  
*I<sub>db</sub>* = 100 nA  
*V<sub>casn</sub>* = 300 mV  
*V<sub>casb</sub>* = 300 mV  
*V<sub>pwell</sub>* = *V<sub>sub</sub>* = - 1.2 V

**Measures number of hits seen in absence of external stimuli. That is, no charge injected into pixel circuitry by the trigger pulse.**

We use 'nominal' settings here.

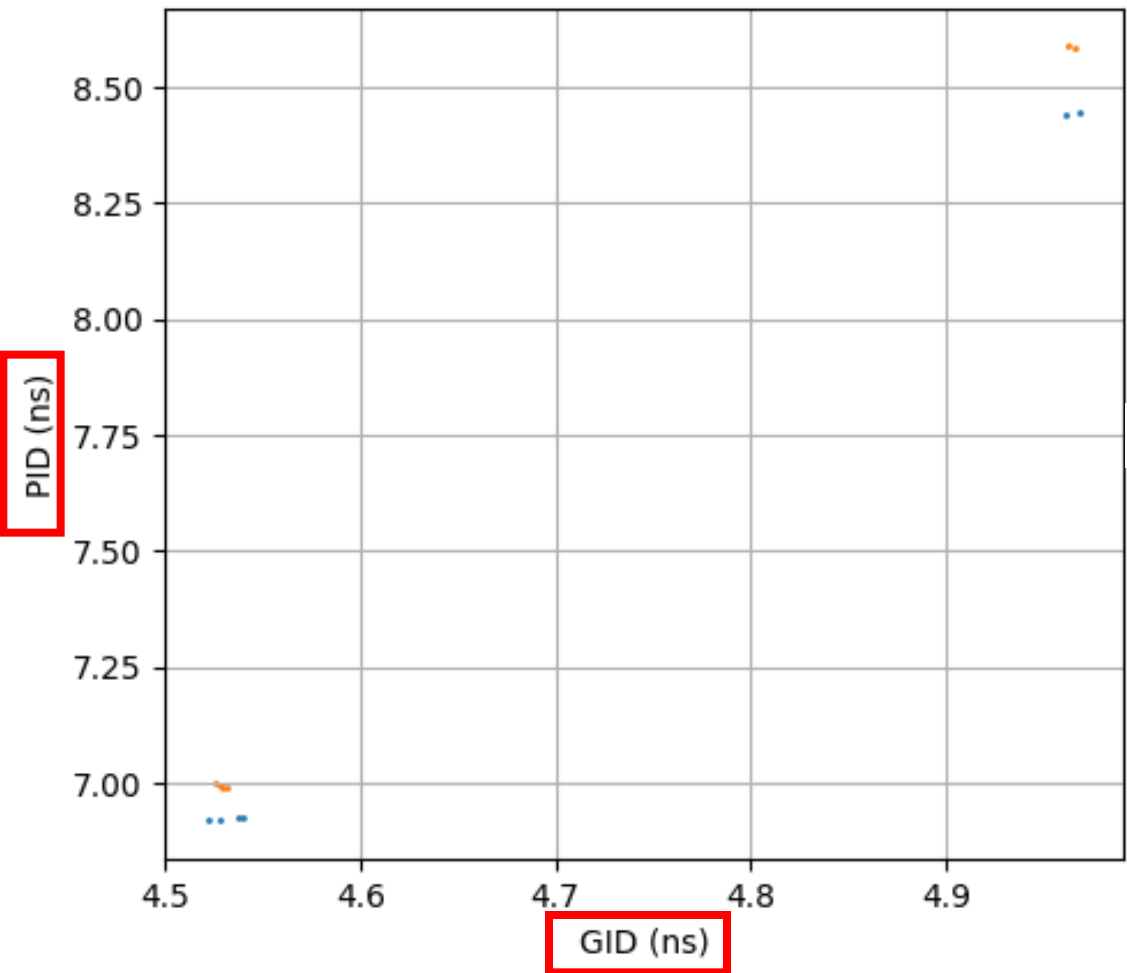
# Fake Hit Rate Scan



**Measures number of hits seen in absence of external stimuli. That is, no charge injected into pixel circuitry by the trigger pulse.**

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Noise Occ.} &= \\
 &= \frac{\text{Hits}}{(\text{Triggers} \times \text{Pixels} \times \text{scope capture time})} = \\
 &= \frac{6}{(10,000 \times 1024 \times 40 \text{ us})} = \\
 &= 0.0146 \text{ per pixel per s}
 \end{aligned}$$

# Fake Hit Rate Scan



Triggers: 1.0e+04  
 Hits: 6  
 Noise occ.: 1.46e-02

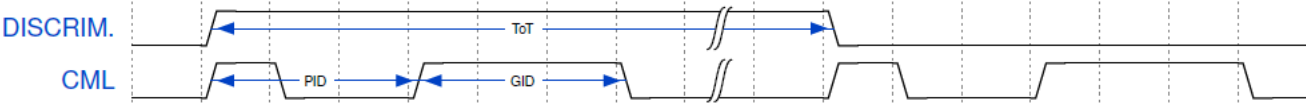
- train #0
- train #1

**LBL Setup**

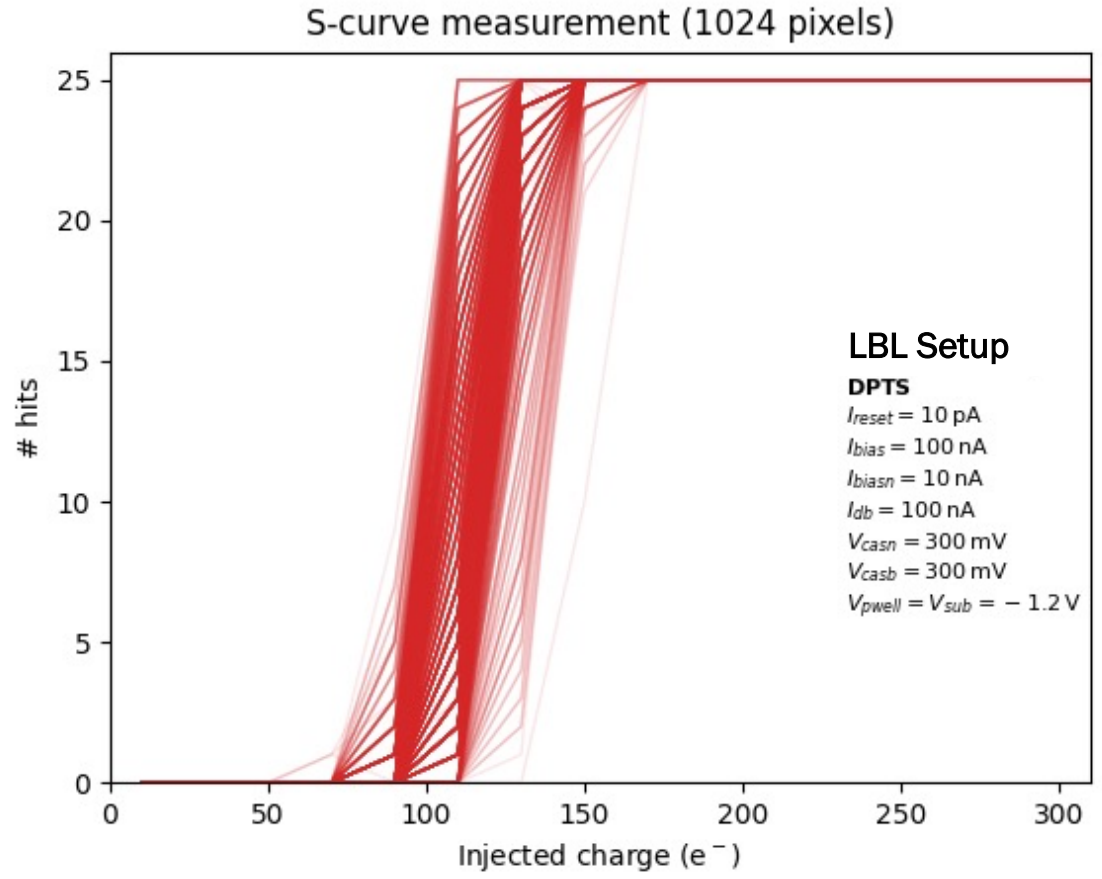
**DPTS**  
*I<sub>reset</sub>* = 10 pA  
*I<sub>bias</sub>* = 100 nA  
*I<sub>biasn</sub>* = 10 nA  
*I<sub>db</sub>* = 100 nA  
*V<sub>casn</sub>* = 300 mV  
*V<sub>casb</sub>* = 300 mV  
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**Measures number of hits seen in absence of external stimuli. That is, no charge injected into pixel circuitry by the trigger pulse.**

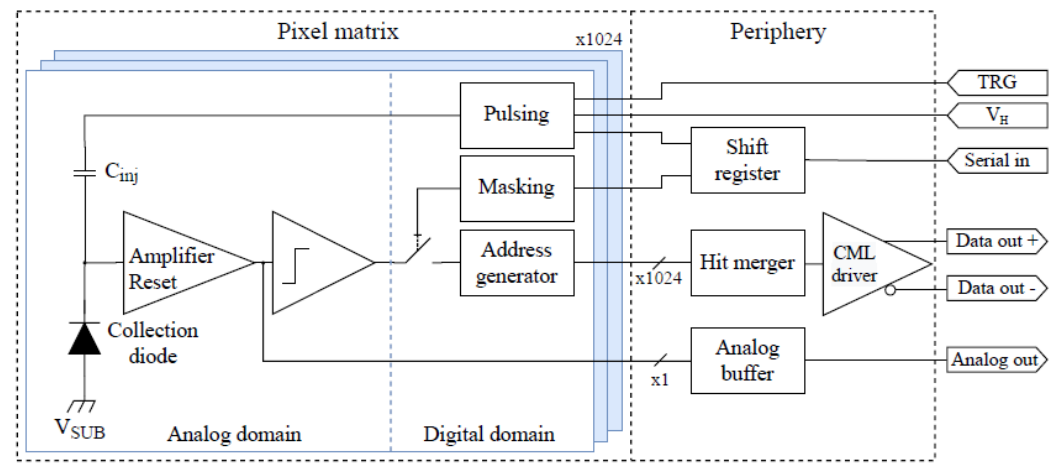
These PID and GID times identify the pixel.



# Threshold scan

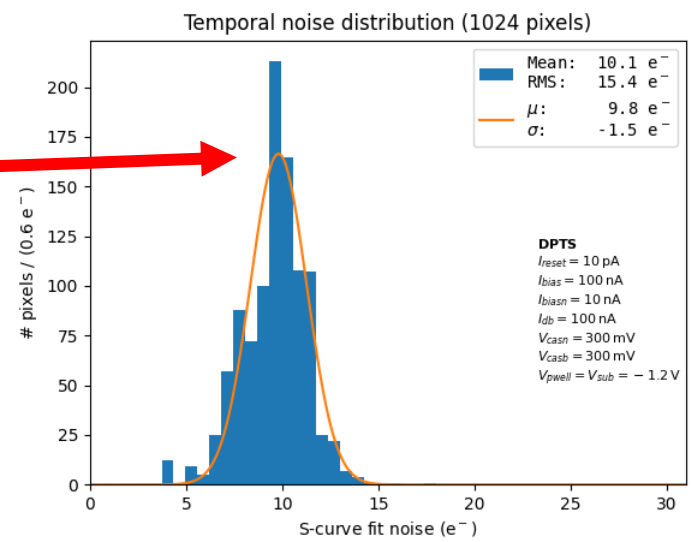
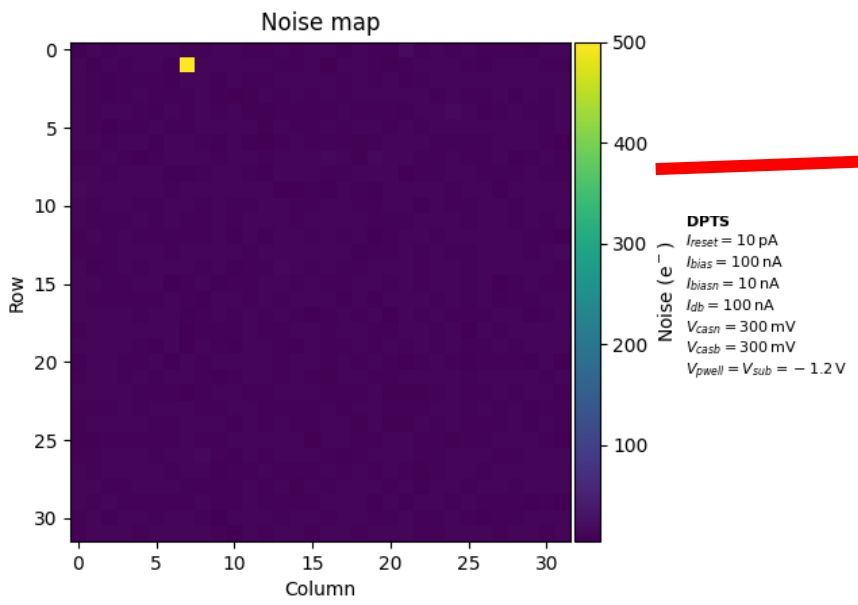
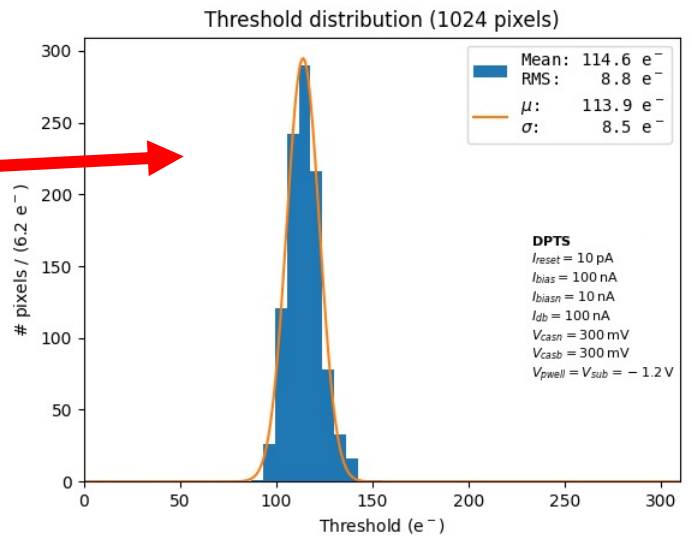
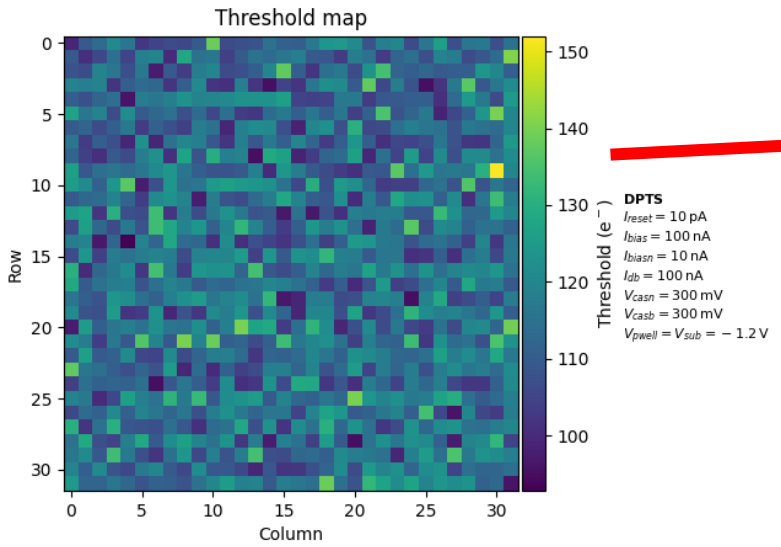


**At a given  $V_H$  (i.e. input charge), each pixel is pulsed 25 times and the number of hits is recorded. A hit requires two pulses to be captured by the scope - indicating the assertion and de-assertion of the discriminator pulse.**





# Threshold & noise map



**The threshold and noise are determined from the mean and standard deviation of the derivative of the S-Curve.**

# Summary

- LBNL has a working DPTS bench set up
- Verified with fake hit rate and threshold scan
- Next step is time-over-threshold study

