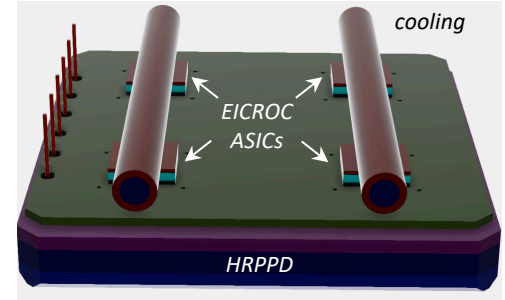


HRPPD photosensor

- DC-coupled version assumed for either pfRICH or hpDIRC
 - Charge sharing is of a minor importance; therefore, saturation is of no harm (?)
- Operating gain: *variable*, up to $\sim 10^7$ (prefer to stay well below 10^6)
- Pulse leading edge ~ 0.5 ns, duration < 2 ns
- Intrinsic single photon timing resolution < 50 ps
- Noise level (DCR) ~ 1 kHz/cm²

- 1024 channels in a 120mm x 120mm footprint
- Assume ASIC backplane is directly attached to the sensor
 - A mezzanine connection is not excluded

- Pad+trace capacitance $C_d < 10$ pF



Requirements to ASIC

- Assume ToA/ADC architecture works well for this sensor type in general
 - Will hopefully have a direct proof on a half a year time scale
- Bump bonding to a custom backplane assumed (ASIC pitch does not matter)
- Assume 256ch per ASIC & copper uplink to RDOs
 - Can probably use 64..128ch version as well ...
 - .. though may be problematic to pack that many individual fiber links on a backplane
- Prefer to stay within few mW/ch power dissipation (and can afford water cooling)
- Suggest intrinsic ASIC timing resolution <50ps (hpDIRC) and <20ps (pfRICH)
 - Provided C_d/Q ratio is not a limiting factor, and bearing in mind a difference between SPE (aerogel) and multi-photon (sapphire window) timing resolution requirements
 - Expect a typical amplitude difference ~10 times between the SPE and multi-photon cases
- Total sensor count: 68 for pfRICH & 72 for hpDIRC (therefore, ~70k channels each)

