

GlueX Barrel ECAL - Production and Assembly

In-Person Barrel Imaging Calorimeter Meeting

Argonne National Lab

June 12-16, 2023

Z. Papandreou

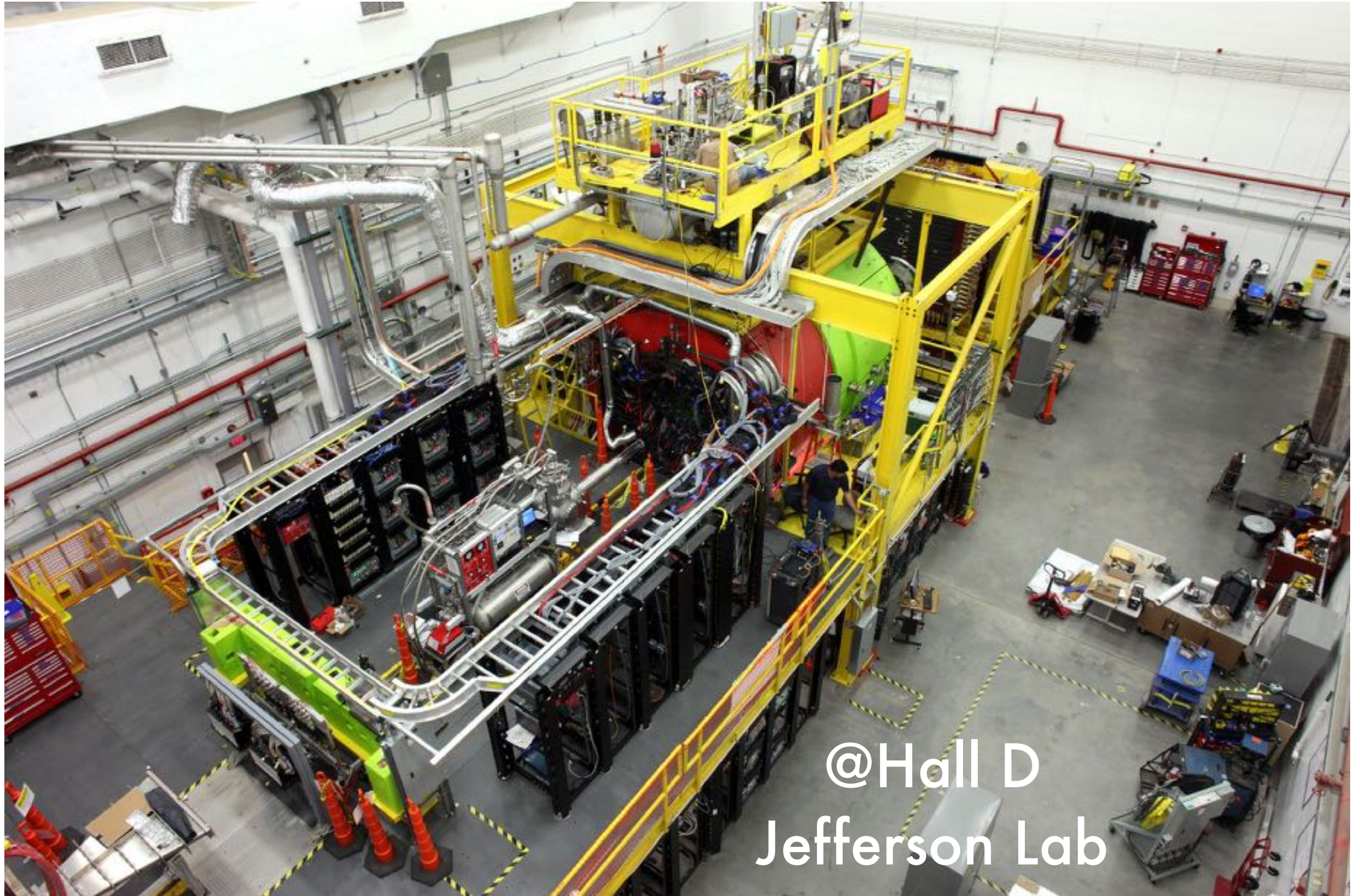


GlueX-BCAL Construction

- Overview
- Procurement & Preparations
- Construction Prototype
- Production Assembly line, QA/QC
- Machining and Shipping
- Assembly and Installation
- Paperwork...



The GlueX Detector

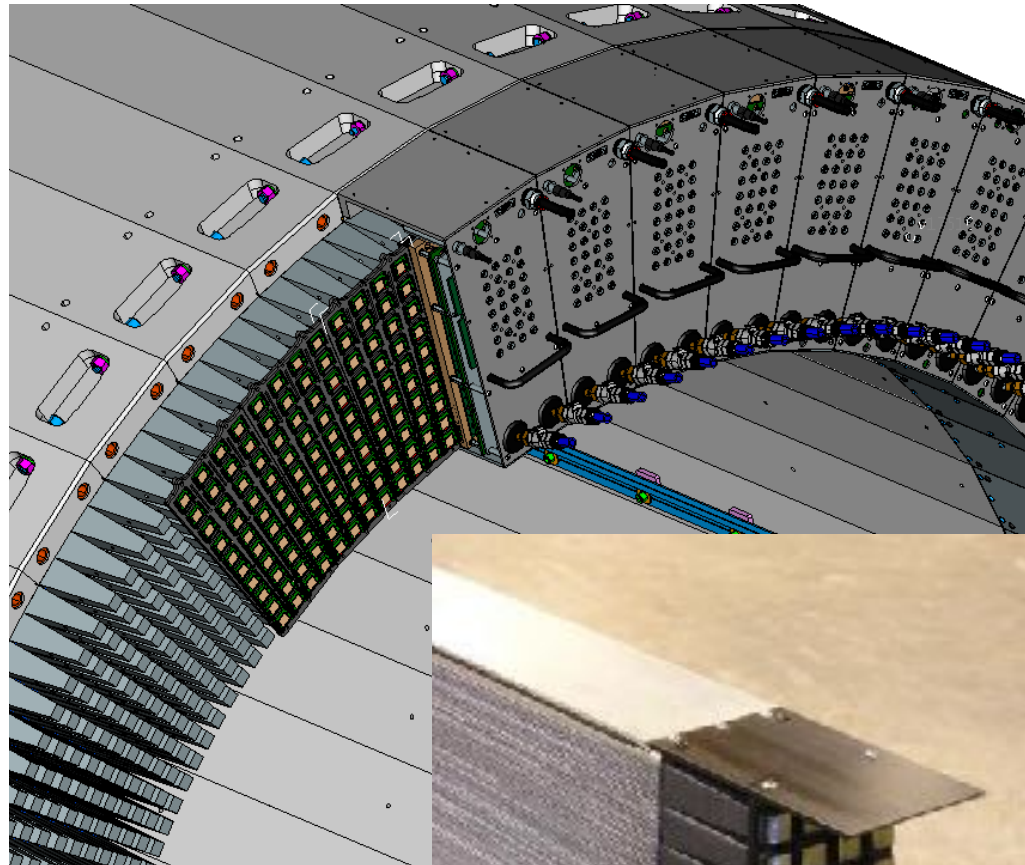


@Hall D
Jefferson Lab

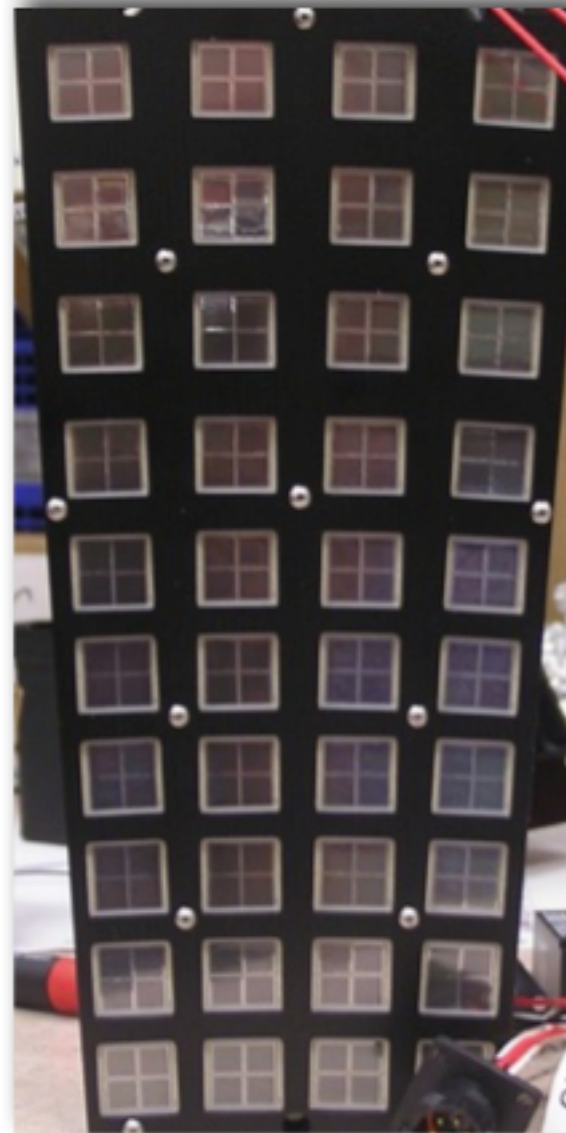
The Barrel Calorimeter



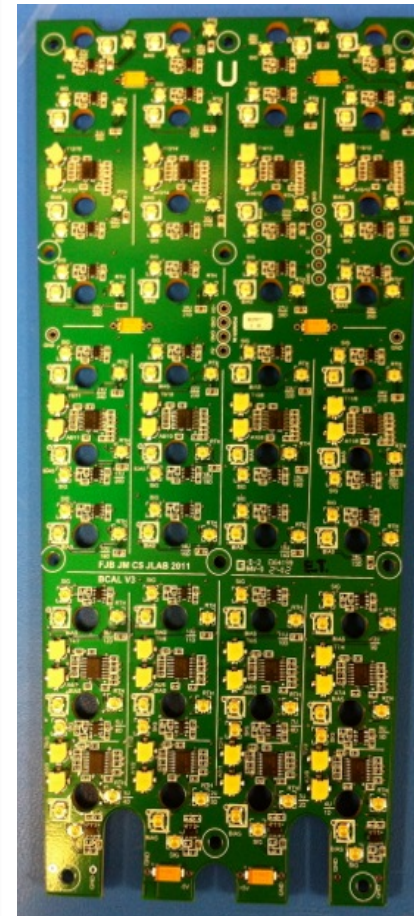
SiPM Readout Assemblies



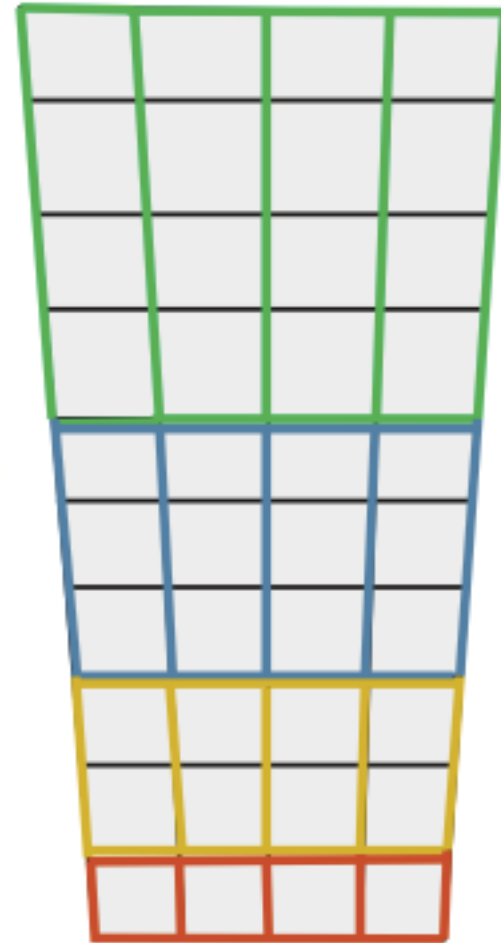
Light
guides



Assembly

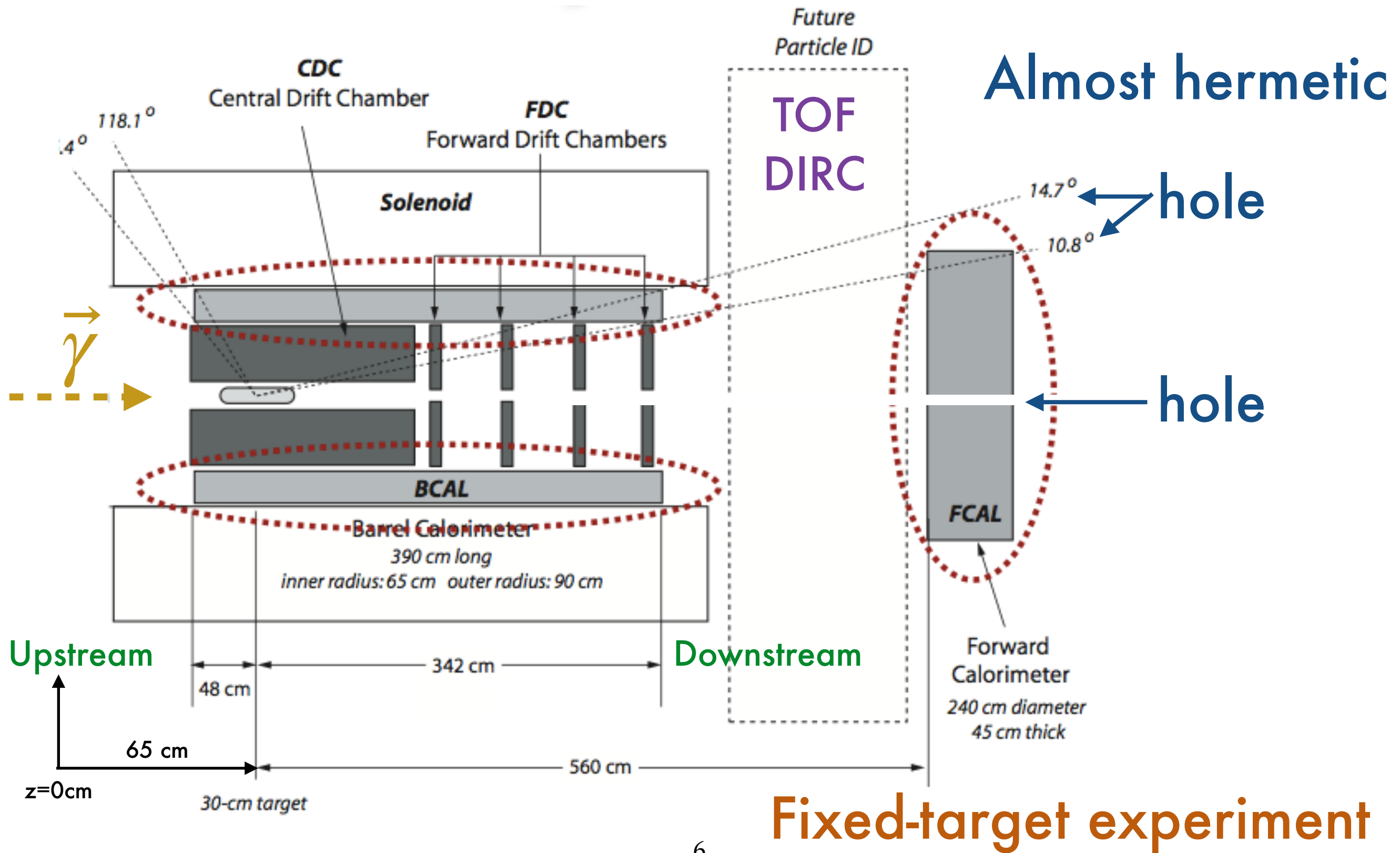


Electronics

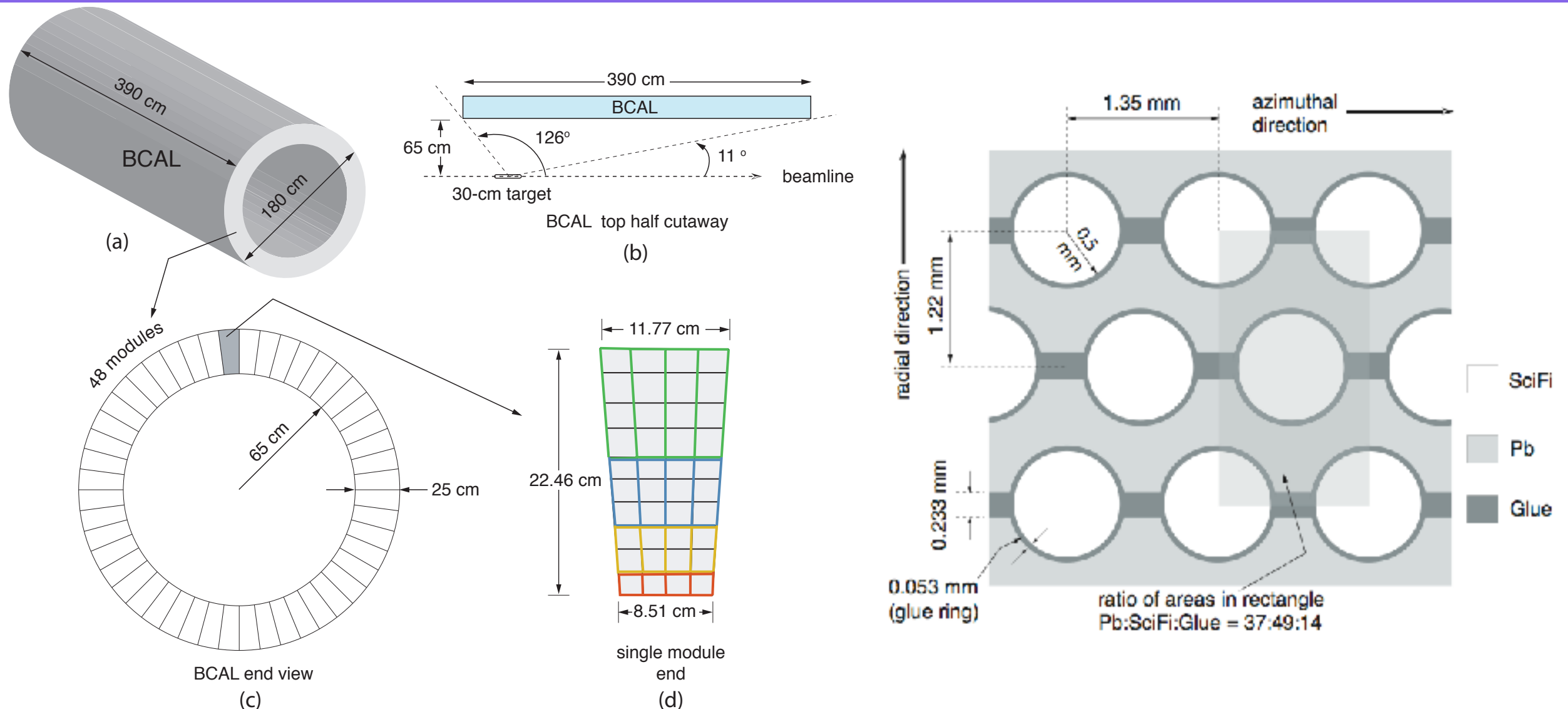


Summing
Scheme

Calorimetry



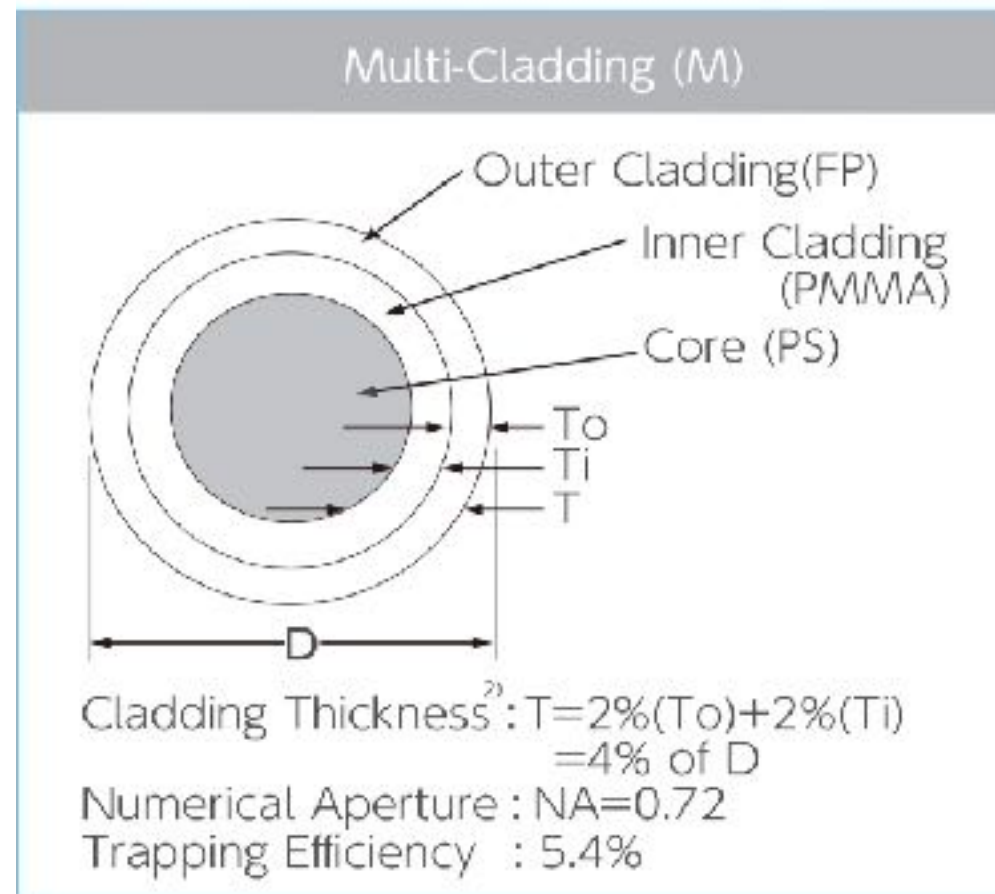
The Barrel Calorimeter



- 48 azimuthal sections (**modules**) → **sectors for bECAL**
- Reconstructs γ showers from π^0 and η decays
- Provides timing information (neutrals/charged)
- With the CDC it provides charged particle PID

- Sampling calorimeter (9.5% sampling fraction)
- 750,000 double-clad scintillating fibers
- BCAL: 25 tonnes

Fiber Type



Formulations¹⁾

Description	Color	Emission Spectra	Peak[nm]	Decay Time [ns]	Att.Leng. ²⁾ [m]	Characteristics
SCSF-78	blue	See the following figure	450	2.8	>4.0	Long Att. Length and High Light Yield
SCSF-81	blue		437	2.4	>3.5	Long Attenuation Length
SCSF-3HF(1500)	green		530	7	>4.5	3HF formulation for Radiation Hardness







1) Test fibers are Non-S type, 1 mm ϕ .

2) Measured by using bialkali PMT and UV light(254nm).

Quality control is made by another measurement of the transmission loss every batch.

Procurement

Specs to Vendors

 BCAL Readout Specifications.pdf	May 28, 2009 at 8:21 AM
 Bcal_fiber_specs_signed.pdf	May 19, 2009 at 10:16 AM
 bcal_lead_spec_draft_v4.pdf	Dec 9, 2008 at 12:26 PM
 bcalreadout_specs.pdf	May 19, 2009 at 10:16 AM
 D00000-01-07-3000Rev-27881.pdf	May 18, 2023 at 6:44 AM
 D000000107S004 RevA27925.pdf	May 18, 2023 at 6:44 AM
 MSDS_lead.pdf	May 19, 2009 at 10:16 AM
 SIPM_evaluation_v227928.docx	May 18, 2023 at 6:44 AM
 W027Leadspec.pdf	May 19, 2009 at 10:16 AM

(These conversations have started for bECAL)

Construction Preparation

- Fiber shipments: Long-Lead Procurement JLab12
- Lead coil shipments
- Tooling, Materials, supplies (epoxy, safety, etc)
- Grounded Cu table for fiber handing
- Swager - plastically deforms lead coils
- Two Construction Presses
- **Construction Prototype** - fall 2009
- Matrix machining - industry
- Transportation, customs, reporting

Tiger Team Review

BCAL readiness review

QA Supplier

Jefferson Lab <small>OF THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY</small>			
Quality Assurance Supplier Evaluation Checklist		JEFFERSON LAB QA/QI EVALUATOR:	VENDOR NUMBER:
DATE OF EVALUATION:		DATE OF LAST EVALUATION:	Revision 0
SECTION 1: SUPPLIER INFORMATION			
SUPPLIER:			POINT OF CONTACT:
ADDRESS:			TELEPHONE:
E-MAIL:			FAX:
SECTION 2: EVALUATION OF SUPPLIER PERFORMANCE			
AVERAGE SCORE ATTAINED FROM CHECKLIST:			
COMMENTS:			
SECTION 3: EVALUATION SUMMARY			
CURRENTLY ON APPROVED SUPPLIER LIST?		YES	NO
Determination of capability to provide products which conform to specified JLab requirements.			
SECTION 4: DETERMINATION			
APPROVED:			
CONDITIONALLY APPROVED:			
NOT APPROVED:			
SIGNATURE:			DATE:
PRINT:			

z. papandreou
university of regina
november 4, 2009

After completion
of
construction prototype

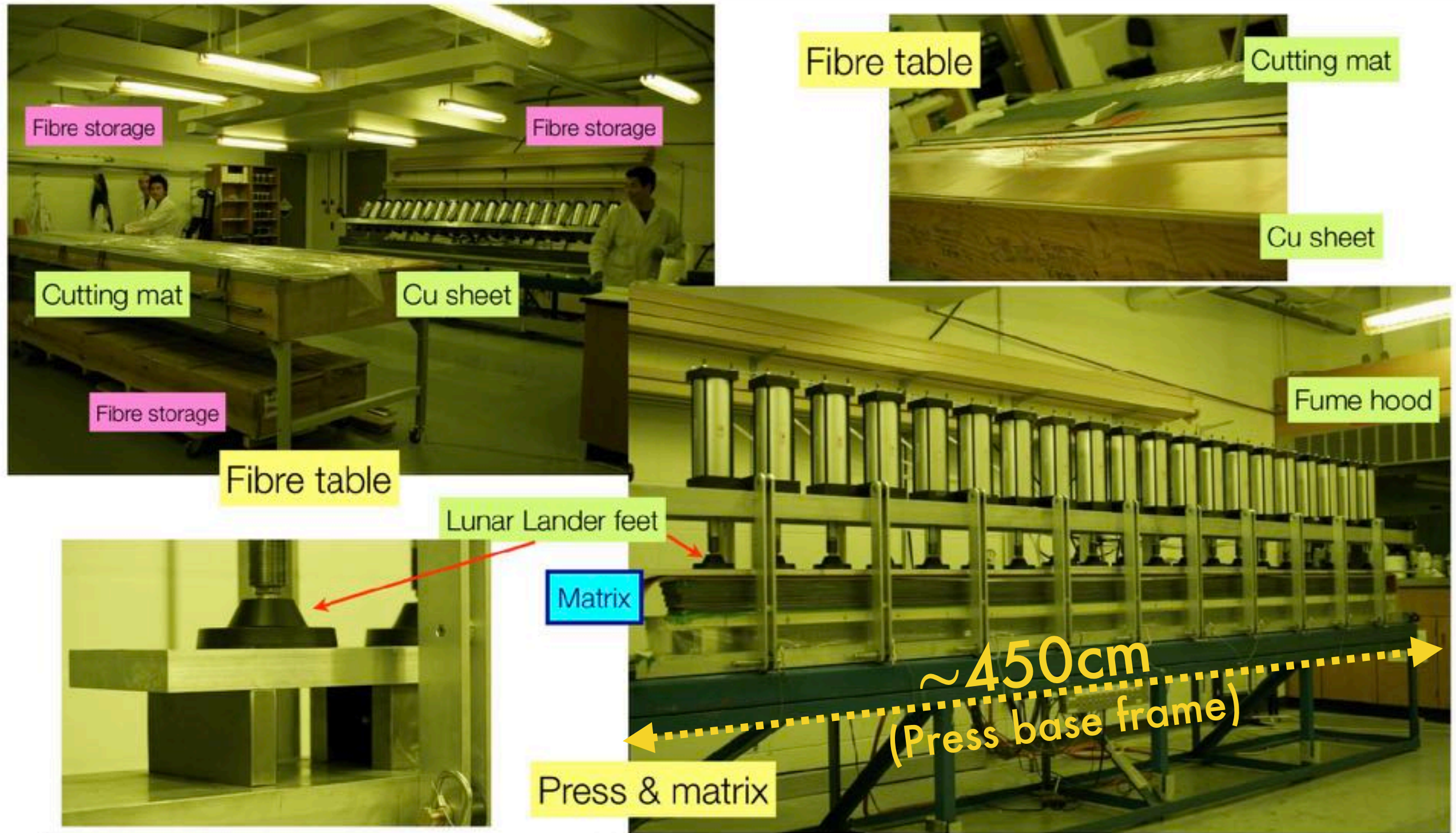
on behalf of the GlueX-Regina Team:

J. Chan, B. Giesbrecht, K. Janzen, S. Katsaganis,
G. Lolos, A. Semenov, I. Semenova, Y. Sun, K. Vu
A. Watson

thanks to:

Dept.Phys. (J. Lockert, N. Ashton), Fac. Science (J. Lockert)
(safety) ORS (H. Yum), Supply Management, Facilities

Matrix construction progress - panoramatic



Construction Facility @ Regina

ROLLING



GLUING



QUALITY CONTROL AT EVERY STEP

SWAGGING



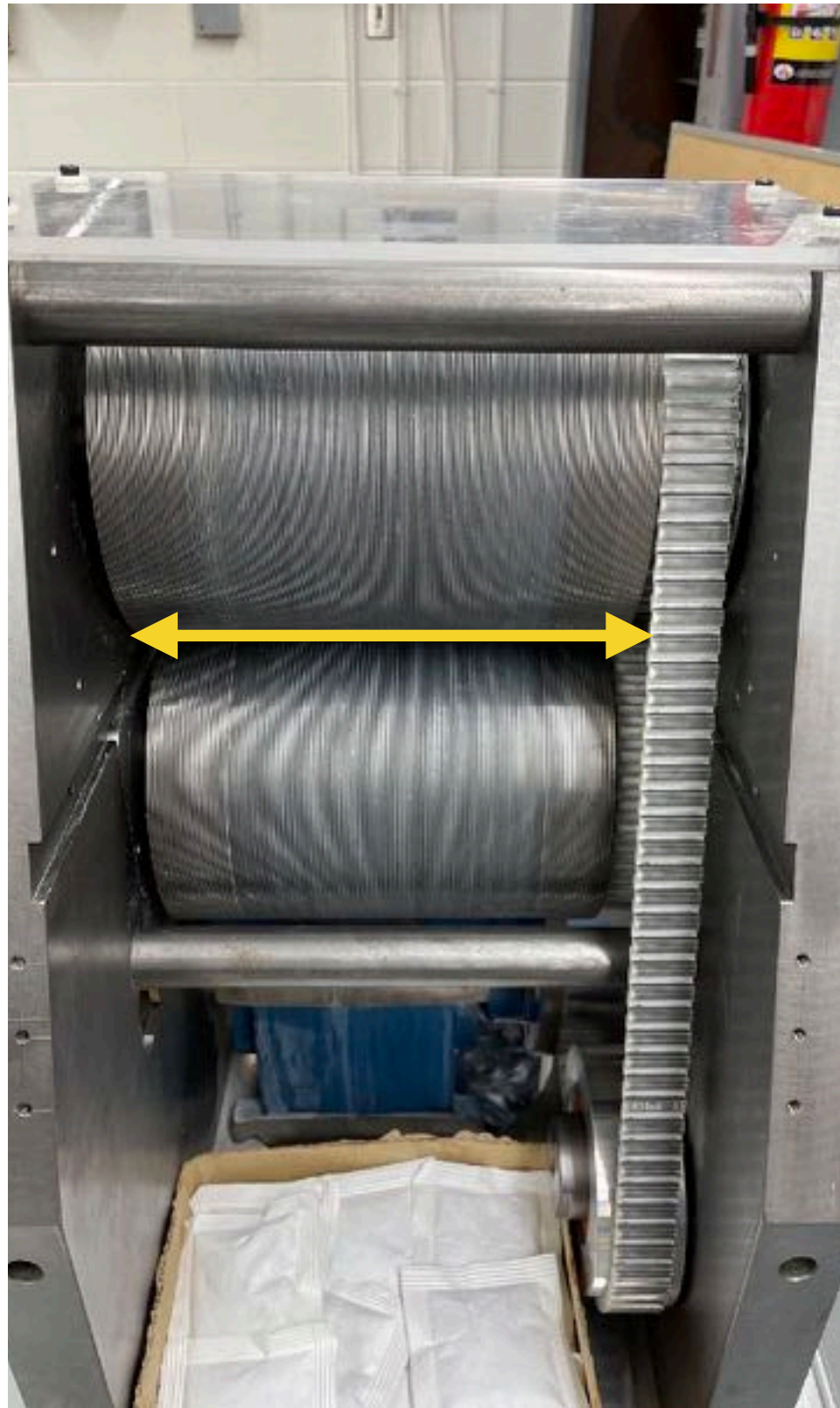
PRESSING



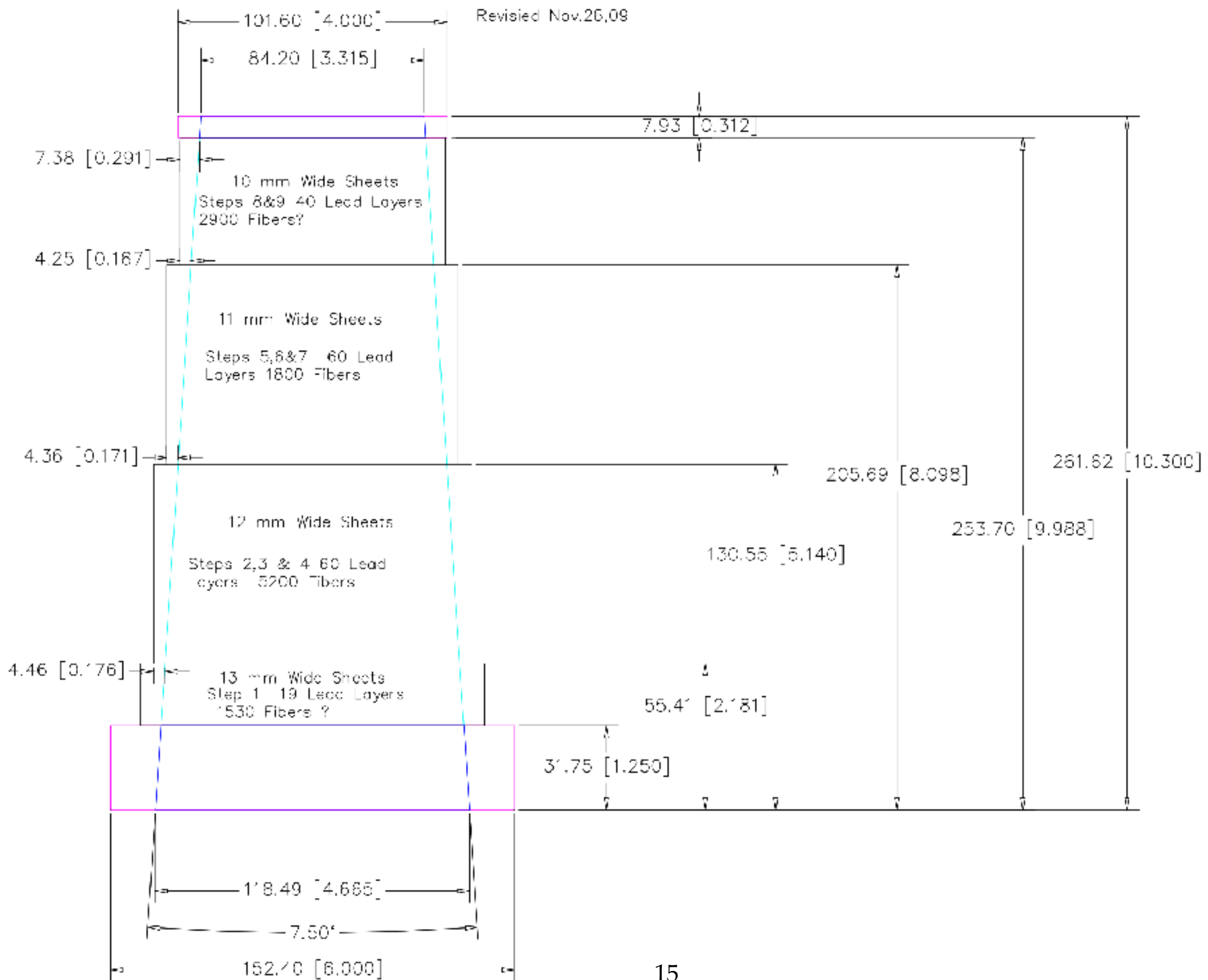
Swagger

Roller width
19.5 cm

BCAL widest
sheet was 13cm



Mayan Pyramid



Fiber Preparation

1. Make sure the copper covered fiber table is grounded.
2. Take a box of fibers from the crate onto the fiber table.
3. Open the box at one end. There are two large bags of fibers in each box. One person holds the bags and keeps the fibers on the table, while another person pulls the box out.
4. Cut the end of the large bags. There are 12 small bags of fibers in each large bag. One person holds the small bags, while another person pulls the large bag out.

5. Cut one end of the small bag. Be careful not to damage the fibers.

13cm – 96-97 fibers

12cm – 88-89 fibers

11cm – 80-81 fibers

10cm – 73-74 fibers



Construction Procedure

- 19-page step-by-step manual
- Extensive photo gallery

University of Regina

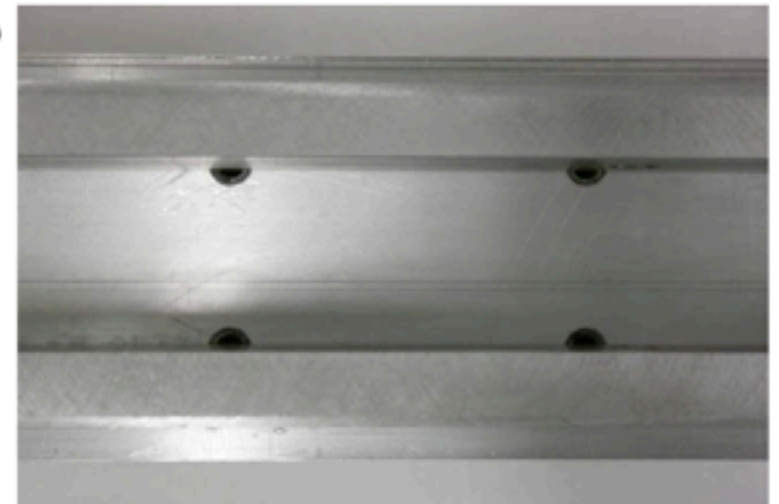
DRAFT ONLY

Barrel Calorimeter Module Construction Procedure Manual

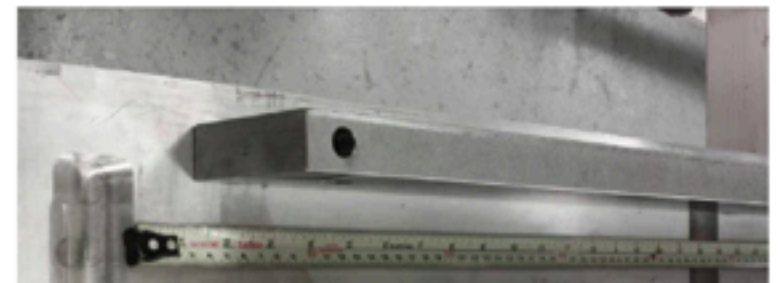
Proper Safety Procedures, Clothing, Equipment, and Materials Must be Used During the entire construction and all measuring equipment must be properly calibrated before use.

Preparing Base Plate

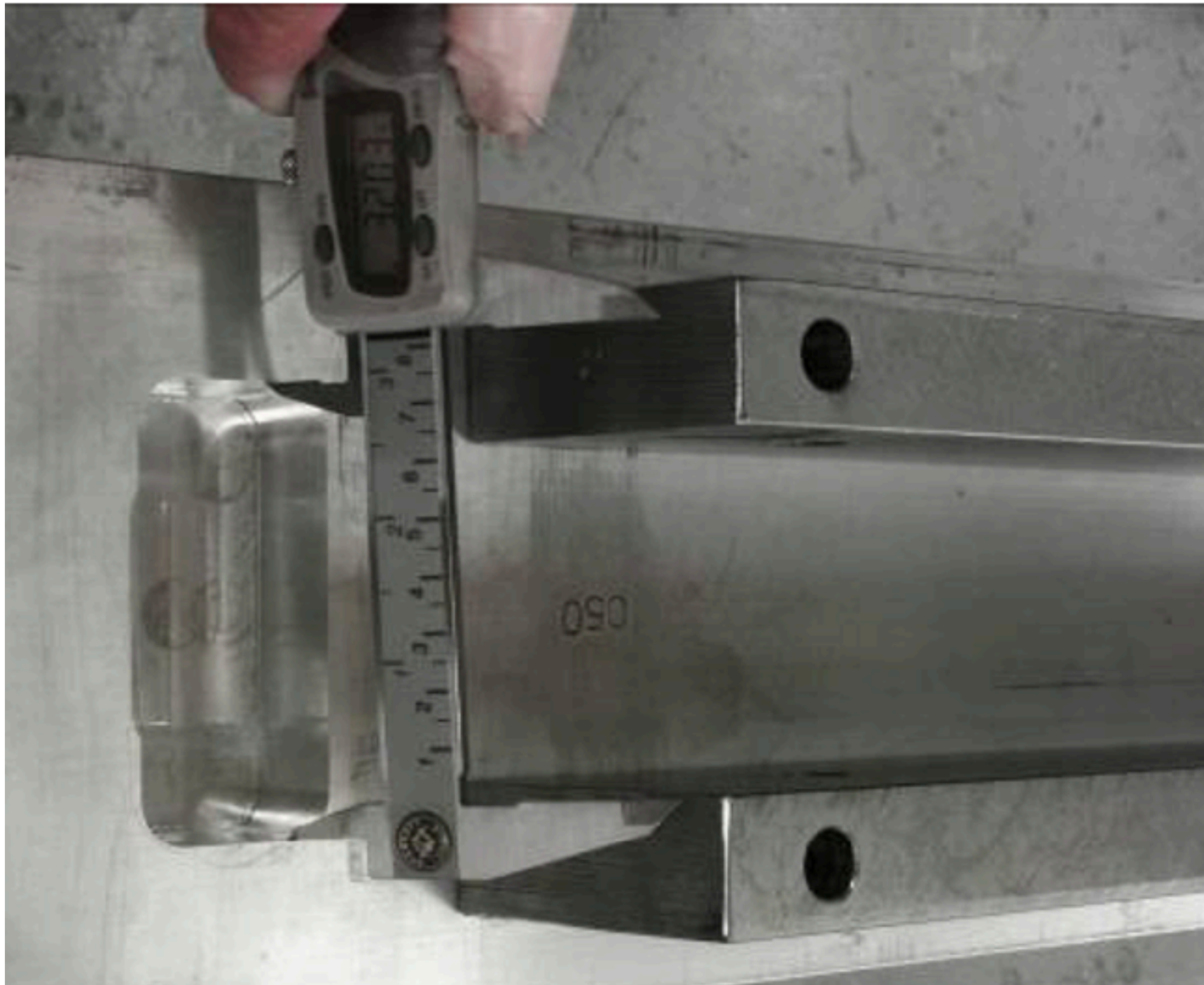
1. Clean the bottom of base plate with a water soluble degreaser followed by ethanol.
2. Check that the inserts (two sets of four) have been properly installed. Position is checked at Ross Machine Shop using the gauges that we provided.



3. Using a calibrated tape measure check the position, of the bolt hole pockets, report only out of specification measurements on the traveler for that specific base plate.



Base plates



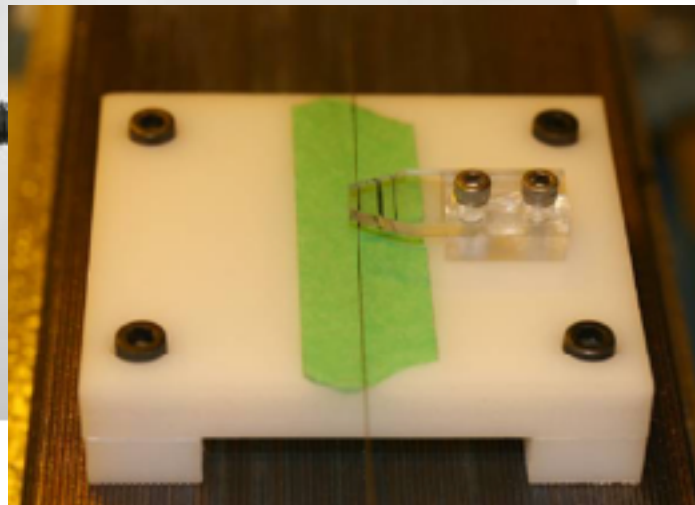
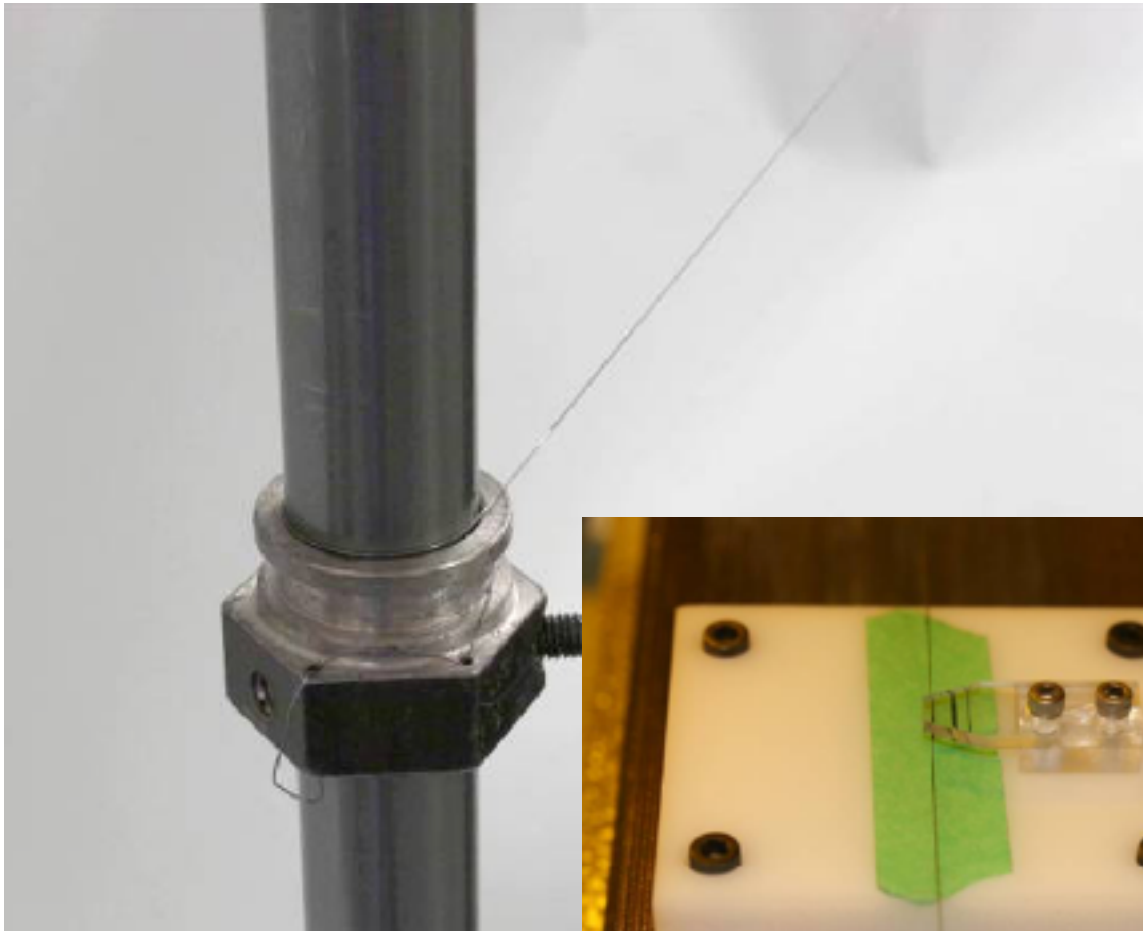
Verify Pockets, Holes

6. Measure the depth of each bolt hole pocket with calibrated digital depth gauge, report only out of specification measurements on the traveler for that specific base plate.
8. Label 16 points on the side of the plate: Facing the machine side (front side), point 1 is on the left; stamp is near point 16. Either use the drill holes on a top plate as a guide, transferring them to the base plate



QC Press Attachments

12. Set up [posts and wire](#), and set guides .5 mm above the top of the plate.
13. Move the base plate with rails attached on to the press, level, [shim](#) if necessary, center and align the groove parallel to the wire.



Prepare Building Surface

10. Using an orbital sander, abrade the top of the plate using 80 grit sand paper to improve epoxy bonding characteristics.

Single-fiber
guiding groove



First Build

- Layer 0
using
industrial
epoxy
- “Roll”
lead over
surface



Epoxy (St. Gobain BC-600)

Preparing Epoxy

1. Check and recalibrate the scale if necessary using the 100g weight.
2. Cover the scale with plastic wrap.
3. Put a plastic cup on the scale. Zero (tare) the scale.
4. Measure the resin and hardener separately in clean new 10 ml. plastic cups:
5. The ratios are as follows:

Bicron Optical Epoxy:	100.0g <u>resin</u>
	<u>28.0g hardener</u>
<u>Arltite 2011</u> Industry Epoxy:	100.0g resin
	80.0g hardener
6. **Do not mix** the epoxy until it is ready to be used. Cover the resin and hardener with plastic wrap until such time.
7. When the epoxy is ready to be used, add the hardener to the resin. Stir and fold with a mixing stick for one minute in the original cup and then transfer mixed contents to the center of a clean new cup and continuing mixing for a total minimum time of 4 minutes.

Epoxy Tracking

Build #	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Day	Dec 15/09	Dec 15/09	Dec 16/09	Dec 16/09	Dec 17/09	Dec 18/09	Dec 21/09	Dec 21/09	Dec 22/09
Pb layers	7	6	6	7	8	7	8	10	8
SciFi lost	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Start Time	9:50	18:45	9:00	18:45	8:45	8:48	8:50	18:47	9:06
End Time	12:36	20:59	11:28	21:14	11:08	11:11	11:11	21:03	11:25
Time/Layer	0:23	0:22				0:20	0:17	0:13	0:17
Time Mixed	9:50	18:45				8:48	8:50	18:47	9:06
1 resin (g)	99.9	100.0				100.1	100.0	100.1	100.0
1 Hardener (g)	28.1	28.0				28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0
Time Mixed	10:11	19:04				9:07	9:08	18:57	9:27
2 resin (g)	99.9	100.0				37.1	100.2	100.1	99.9
2 hardener (g)	28	28.0				10.4	28.1	28.1	28.0
Time Mixed	10:46	19:43				9:22	9:38	19:24	9:45
3 Resin (g)	100.1	100.0				100.0	100.0	100.0	100.1
3 Hardener (g)	28	28.0				28.1	28.0	28.0	28.0
Time	11:17	20:19				9:56	10:09	19:43	10:17
4 Resin (g)	50.1	50.0				100.1	99.9	100.1	100.1
4 Hardener (g)	14	14.0				28.0	28.0	28.0	27.9
Time	11:41					10:29	10:47	20:06	10:46
5 Resin (g)	50					100.0	50.0	100.0	100.0
5 Hardener (g)	14					28.1	14.0	28.0	28.0
Time								20:40	
6 Resin (g)								50.2	
6 Hardener (g)								14.1	
Time									
7 Resin (g)									
7 Hardener (g)									
total Resin (g)	400.0	350.0	400.0	399.8	450.2	437.3	450.1	550.5	500.1
Total Hardener (g)	112.1	98.0	112.0	112.1	126.1	122.6	126.1	154.2	139.9
sample	10.5	10.0	10.5	8.0	13.5	18.6	12.8	11.3	8.7
left	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.0	0.0	32.3	0.0	6.1	21.7



25 builds per module

Fiber Laying - Lead Rolling

1. Two people paint optical epoxy evenly on the top lead layer of the module.
2. One person with clean gloves (no epoxy) should lift one end of a bundle of fibers from the grounded copper covered fiber sorting table so that another person can hold the fibers from that end. Repeat this at the middle of the bundle and at the other end. Three people



Lead Tracking

Module #1							
	used	wast	total				
13 cm	21	1	22				
12 cm	61	3	64				
11 cm	65	1	66				
10 cm	38	2	40				
Total	185	7	192				
Module #2							
	used	wast	total				
13 cm	21	1	22				
12 cm	62	0	62				
11 cm	62	1	63				
10 cm	38	0	38				
Total	183	2	185				
Module #3							
	used	wast	total				
13 cm	21	0	21				
12 cm	60	1	61				
11 cm	61	2	63				
10 cm	40	0	40				
Total	182	3	185				

		Sheets	Lead Coils
Total 13 cm lead		65	7
Total 12 cm lead		187	19
Total 11 cm lead		192	20
Total 10 cm lead		118	12
Total		562	57

Press Retracted



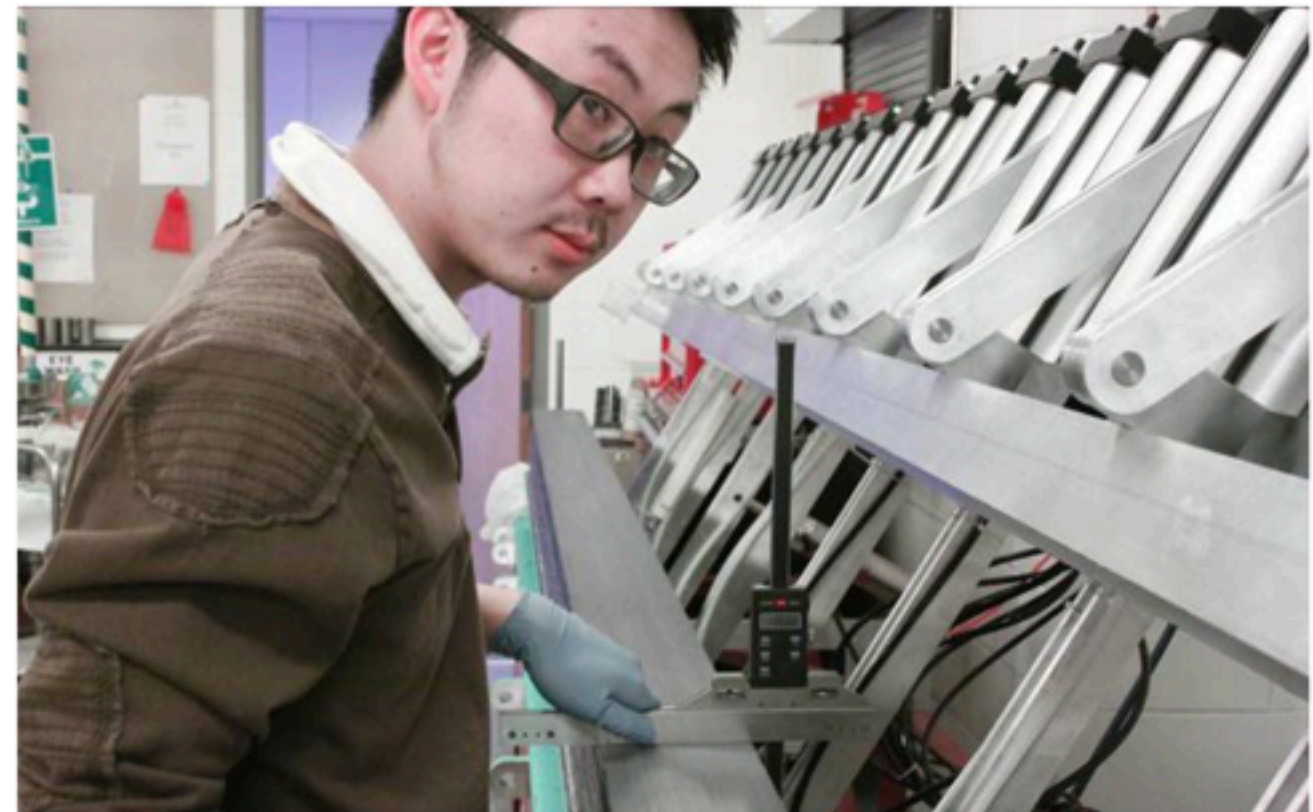
"Growing" Process Check

Work on each press 1/2 day: then press for 20 hrs

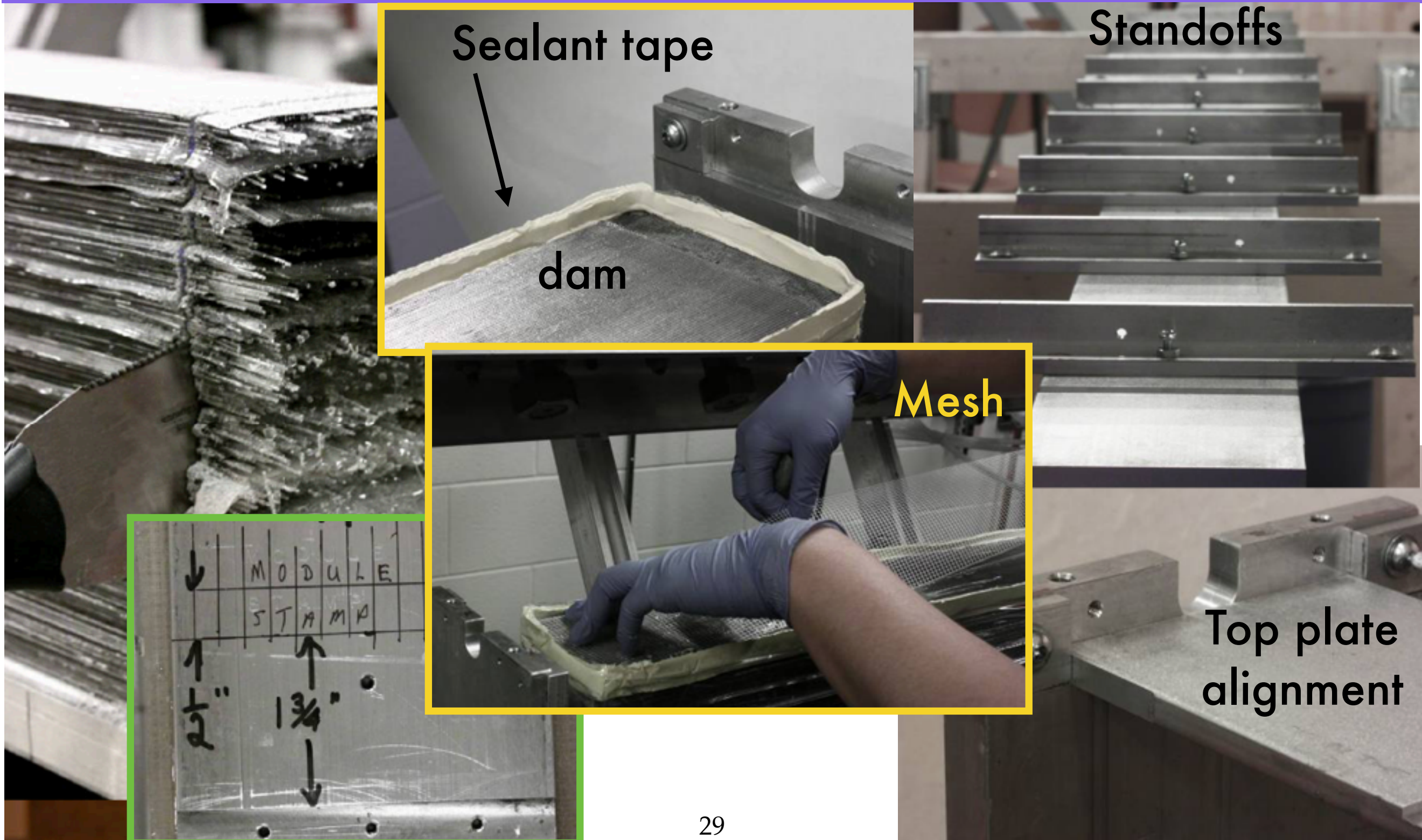
Last Build of Each Step

- 1 Reference drawing [Stepwedge.pdf](#) to determine the minimum height needed to complete the step.

- 2 Using a digital depth gauge measure the height of the build from the top of lead sheet to the top of base plate step at positions 1-16, front and back. Enter



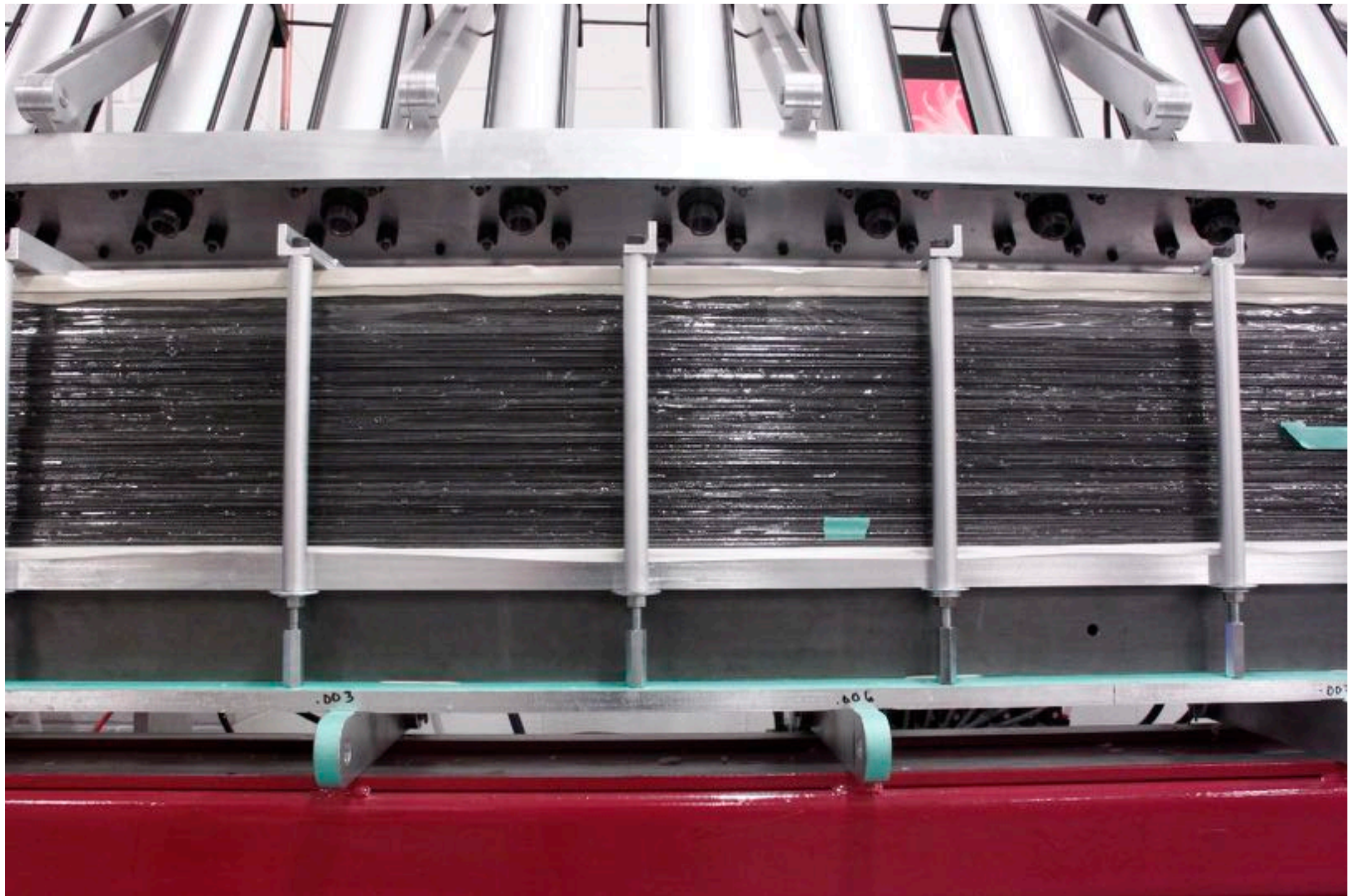
Top Plate Gluing



Blue Press



Red Press



Machined Modules



Prototype



02



04

- Excellent finish of end faces & transmission uniformity
- 52 modules have been built & machined (3 prototypes, 48 production, 1 spare)

Travellers

BCAL Construction Traveller

BCAL Construction

Traveller version 1.0

Module No. **01** **Nonconformities:** [Build & Machining](#) [Fibres](#)

Base Plate

Stamp/Segment No. 005 [Drawing](#) [RMS Traveller](#)

Matrix Build

Date Start	09/11/09	Fibre Shipment	02	Epoxy Used (g)	14576.9
Date End	02/12/09	Fibre Lots (JS-)	32-34, 37-39,	Epoxy Lost (g)	899.6
No. of Layers	187		41,42,45,46,49,	Pb Sheets Lost	4
No. of Builds	23		51,52,59,60,63		
Temp Range	20-22C	AttenLen Means	334-387cm	Build Stats	
Humid Range	20-22%	Npe Means	6.5-7.6	Epoxy Stats	
		Fibres Used	15468	Procedures	
		Fibres Lost	3	Photos	

Top Plate

Stamp No. 01 [Drawing](#) [DC Rails:](#) No

Machined Module

Module/Segment No. 01 [Drawing](#) [RMS Traveller](#)

Transmission Uniformity

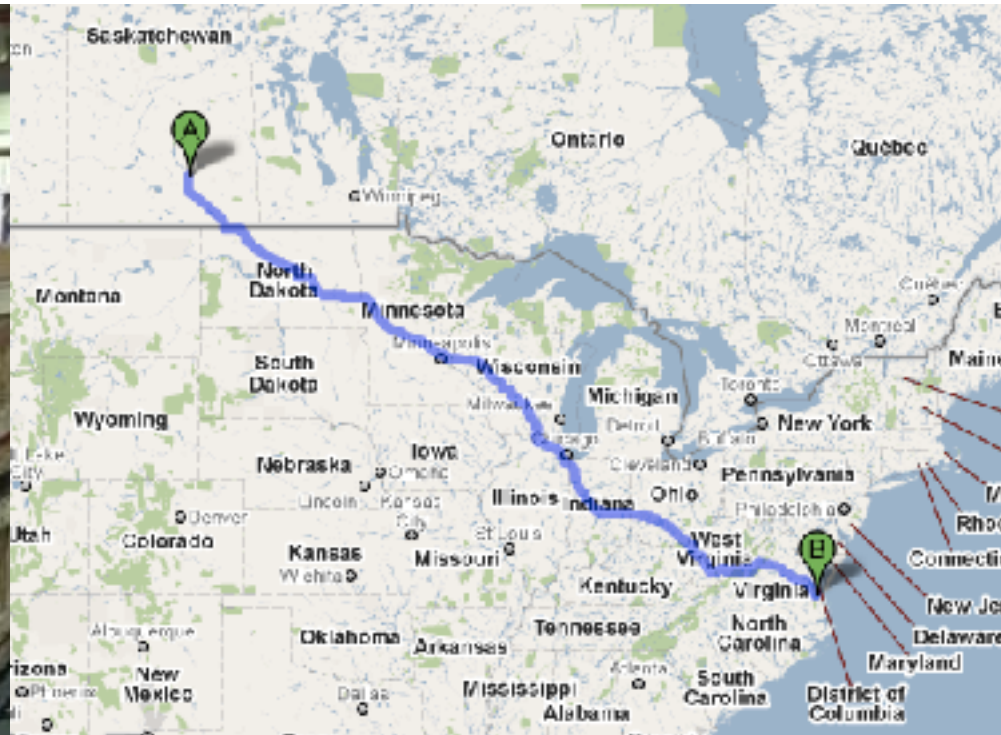
Light Source:	UV-LED	Coupling:	Air gap	Uniformity Results
Coupler:	Winston Cone	Readout:	Winston Cone	End 1 Image
				End 2 Image

Last Updated: 05/08/10 13:17

Module Delivery to JLab



Left Regina
(April 22, 2023)



~3,255 km
in refrigerated truck

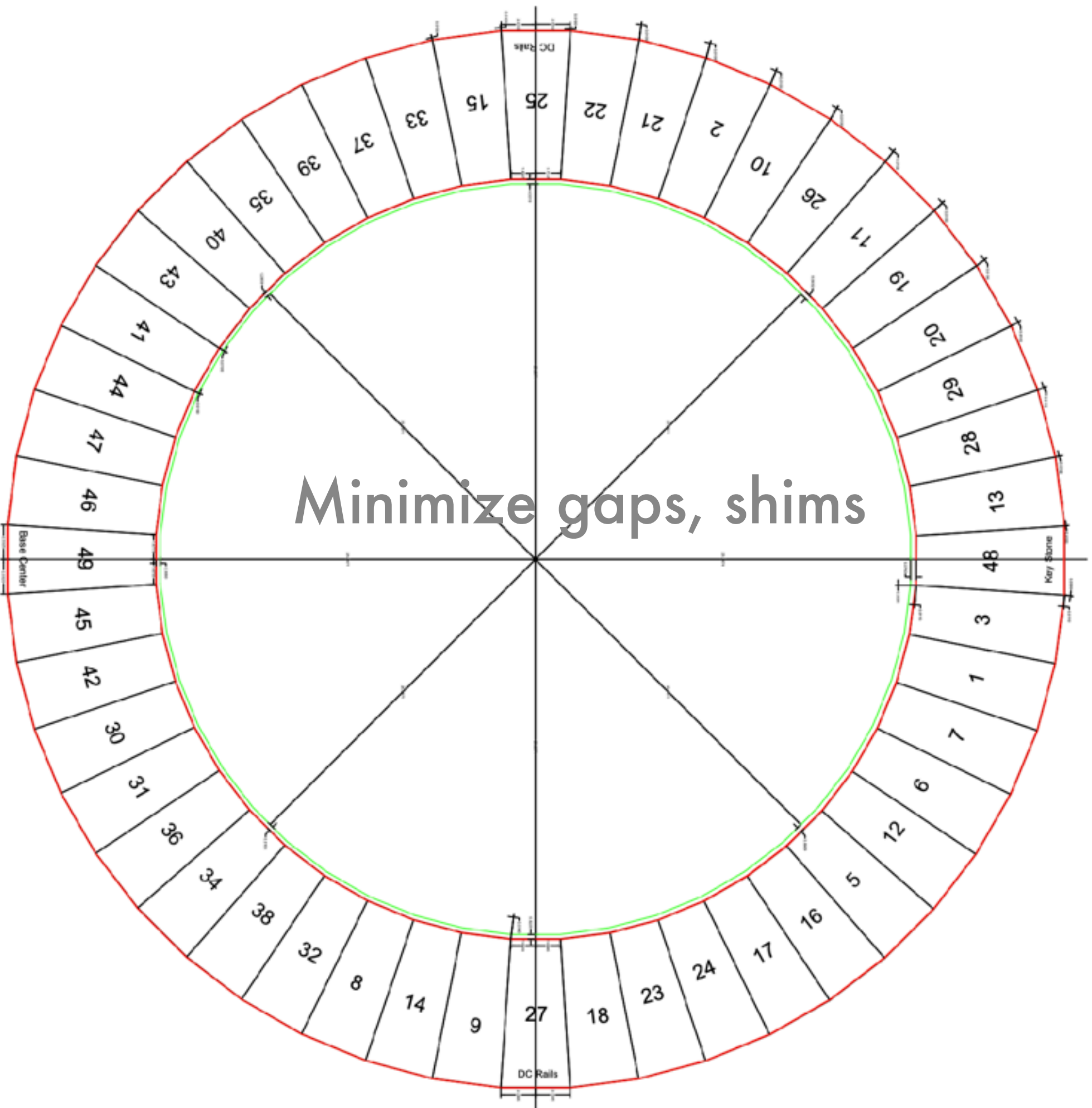
~3,226 km
to BNL



Arrived at JLab
(April 26, 2010)

Modules 01-04: 1st detector delivery for 12 GeV program!

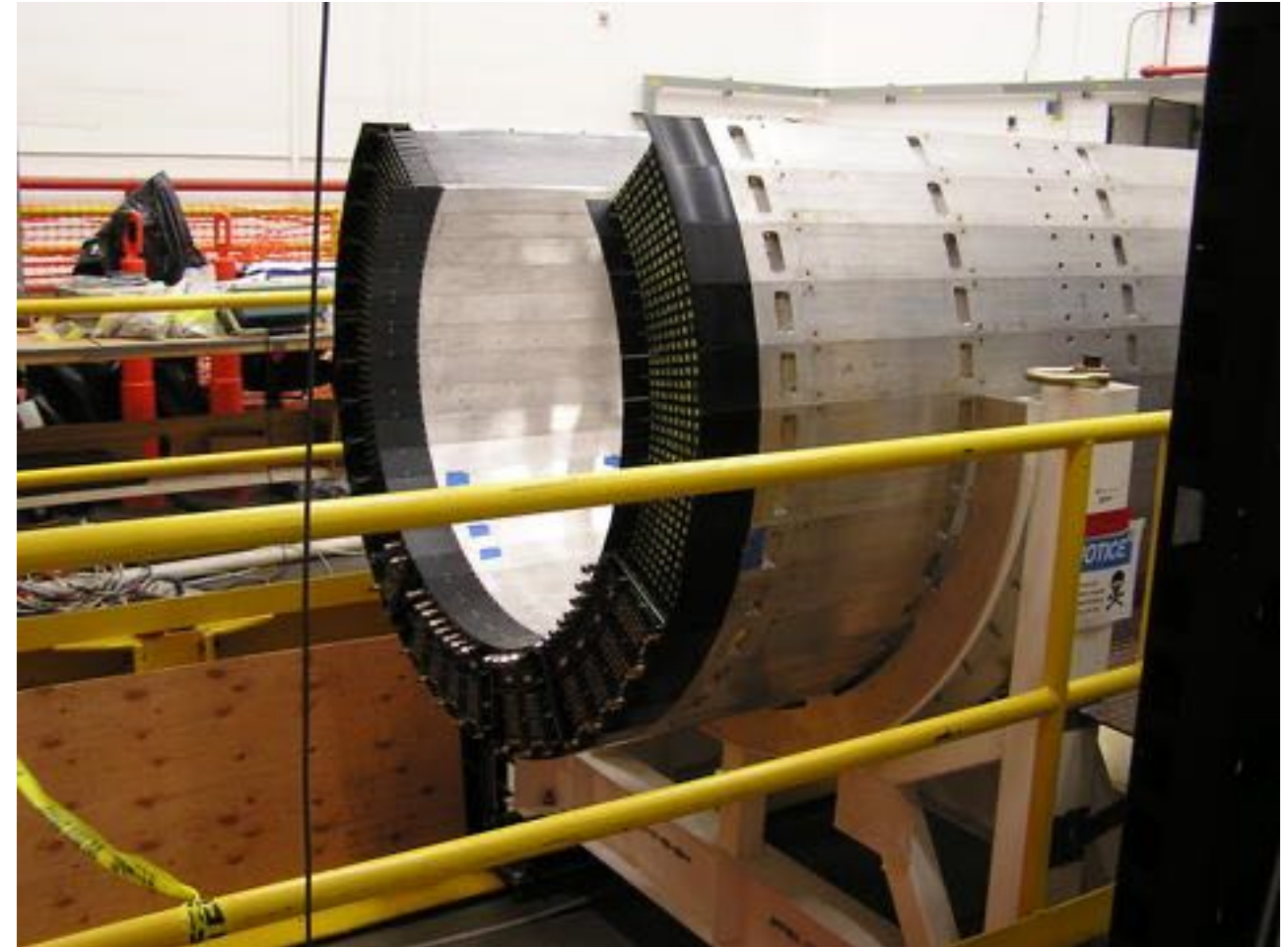
Module Arrangement



Assembly

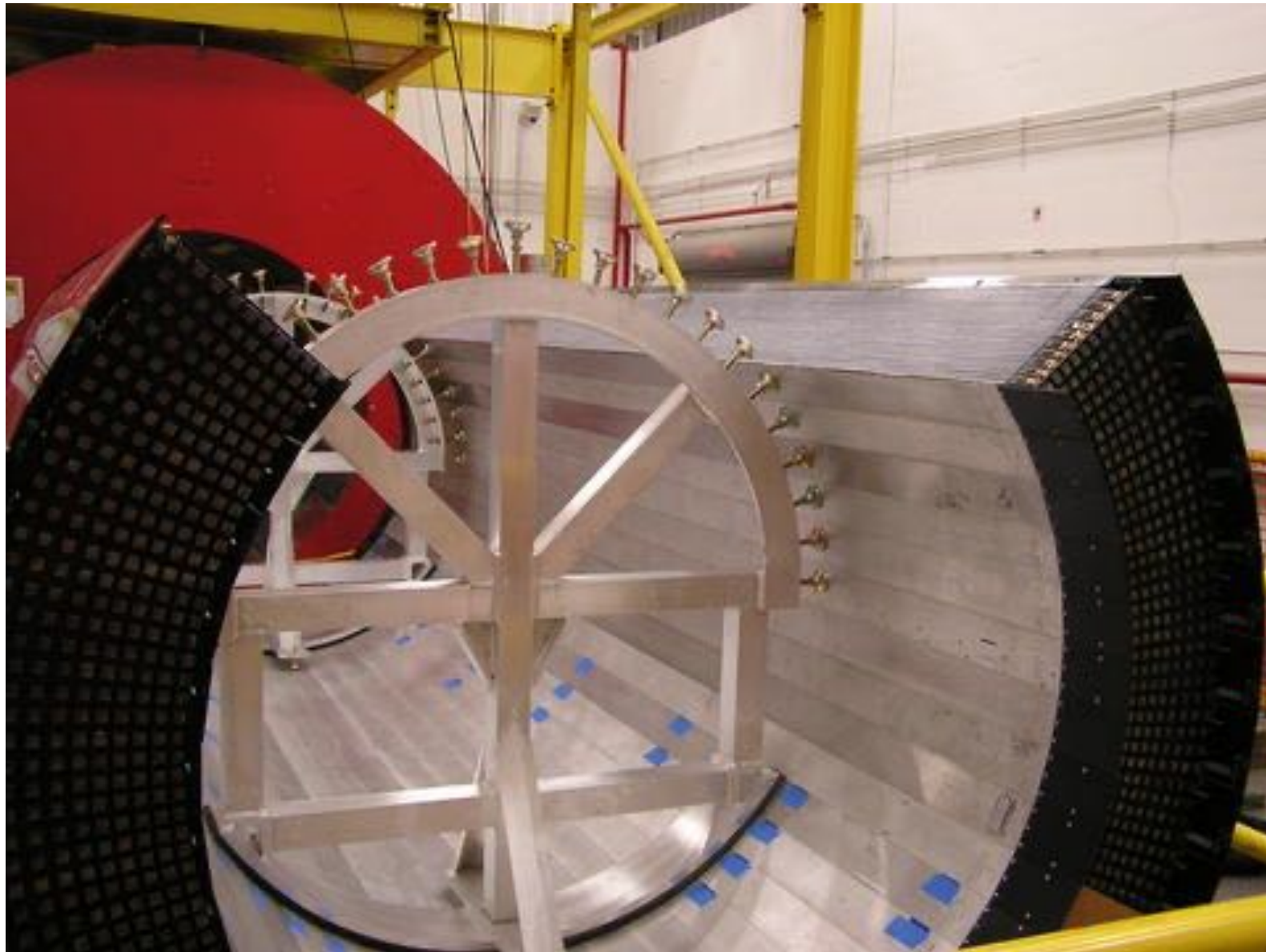


Cradle



Assembly on floor
then upstream platform

Assembly & Installation



fixture to support top modules

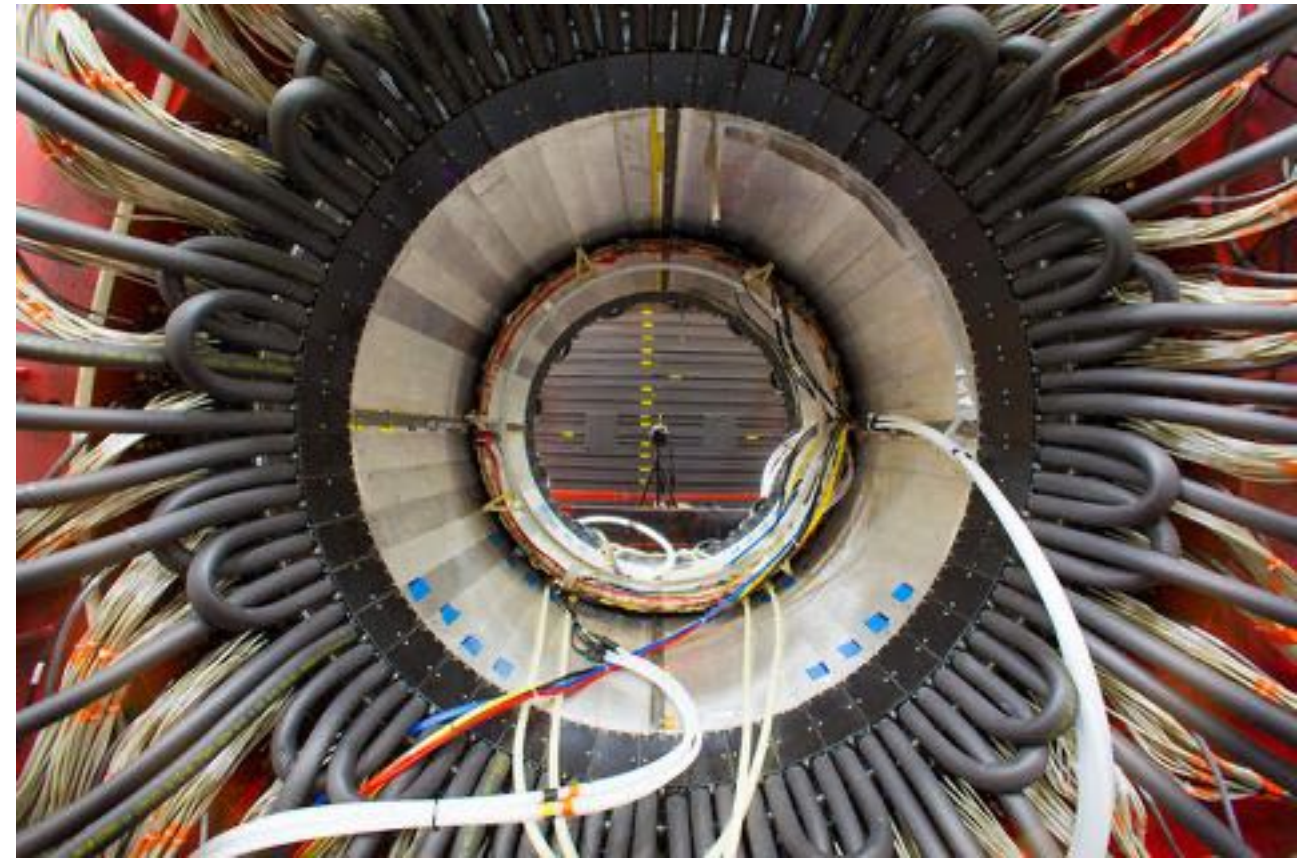


into the solenoid

Cables, Cooling, N2



Cabling starts



Before tracker installation

**Memorandum of Understanding
between**

**Jefferson Science Associates, LLC.,
Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility**

and the

**UNIVERSITY OF REGINA, as represented by
the Subatomic Physics at Regina with Research Offsho
(SPARRO) Group**

Pursuant to the 12 GeV Upgrade Project

**WBS 1.5.2.2.1
The Hall D/GlueX Barrel Calorimeter**

March 9, 2009

Jefferson Lab

12000 Jefferson Avenue
Newport News, VA 23606

STATEMENT OF WORK

D00000-01-07-S003

TITLE: Hall D Barrel Calorimeter Module
Fabrication Statement Of Work
WBS 1.5.2.2.1

DATE: March 12, 2009

BY: Elton Smith

APP: _____

E. S. Smith
SOTR

Date

APP: _____

E. Chudakov

Date

Hall D Group Leader

APP: _____

T. Whitlatch

Date

Hall D Engineer

Jefferson Lab

Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility

COST REIMBURSEMENT SUBCONTRACT

[FOR EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS AND NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS]

**JEFFERSON SCIENCE ASSOCIATES, LLC
628 HOFSTADTER ROAD SUITE 5
NEWPORT NEWS, VA 23606**

**Subcontractor: University of Regina
Office of Research Services**

Attention: Lucille Legare

Street Address: 3737 Wascana Parkway, Rm 109

City, State, Zip: Regina, SK S4S0A2

Phone: 306-585-4775 Fax: 396-585-4893

E-Mail: Lucille.legare@uregina.ca

JSA Subcontract No.: JSA 09-C1744

Subcontracts Manager: Teresa Danforth

Phone #: (757) 269-7364

Fax #: (757) 269-7057

E-Mail: danforth@jlab.org

Introduction

This is a cost-reimbursement (no-fee) subcontract for production of 48 Barrel Calorimeters (BCAL) as further described Article I. Statement of Work.

This Subcontract is between *Jefferson Science Associates, LLC, (hereinafter called "JSA" or "Contractor")* and *University of Regina (hereinafter called "Subcontractor")*. The Subcontract is issued under Prime Contract No. DE-AC05-06OR23177 between JSA and the United States Department of Energy (hereinafter called "DOE").

Agreement

The parties agree to perform their respective obligations in accordance with the terms and conditions of TC-9 Section I- Schedule of Articles rev. April 2008 and TC-9 Section II- General Provisions rev April 2008, and other documents included in the appendices, attachments or incorporated by reference, which together constitute the entire Subcontract and supercede all prior discussions, negotiations, representations, and agreements.

UNIVERSITY OF REGINA

By: _____

Name: _____

Title: _____

Date: _____

JEFFERSON SCIENCE ASSOCIATES, LLC

By: _____

Name: Teresa Danforth

Title: Subcontracts Manager

Date: _____

BCAL Construction Budget

1. Salaries (Labour)

The table below lists the salaries for students and the Construction Manager in US\$. Cost to JLab includes the UofR overhead, which is 15% for students and 10% for the Construction Manager. **For more details, please see Appendix 2.**

All amounts include benefits.

Personnel	#	Task	Salary (US\$/m)	Duration (months)	Cost (US\$)	Cost to JLab (US\$)
Students	4	BCAL Construction	2,000	28	224,000	257,600
Students	2	SciFi & BCAL Optical QA	2,000	24*	96,000	110,400
Construction Manager	1	BCAL Construction and QA	6,666.67	36	240,000	264,000
Total Labour					560,000	632,000

* If longer duration is needed, it will be contributed manpower by the UofR.

2. BCAL Materials and Machining (Ross Machine Shop)

The table below lists the costs of materials (Al plates, inner and outer and steel support base plates) and the machining as per drawings and specifications. The UofR overhead rate of 15% is included as cost to JLab. **For more details, please see Appendix 2.**

PST and/or GST are included in the estimates, where it applies.

Description	#	Unit Price (US\$)	Cost (US\$)	Cost to JLab (US\$)
Al base (outer) plate	48	1,175	56,400	64,860
Al top (inner) plate	48	349	16,752	19,265
Module machining	48	2,465	118,320	136,068

- Quotes / costs:
- Materials
- Machining
- Shipping
- Customs

QUALITY ASSURANCE PLAN FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE BCAL

George J. Lolos

JUNE 3, 2009

1. SCOPE

The quality of a finished BCAL module is judged on two separate criteria. One is dimensional uniformity in meeting the stated objectives of all the geometric characteristics of the BCAL. Second is the optical quality of the BCAL, which reflects the quality controls of the SciFi's, including response to cosmic rays, and the machining and polishing of the BCAL read-out ends. The controls on the SciFi quality will be the subject of a separate document and will only be touched upon briefly here.

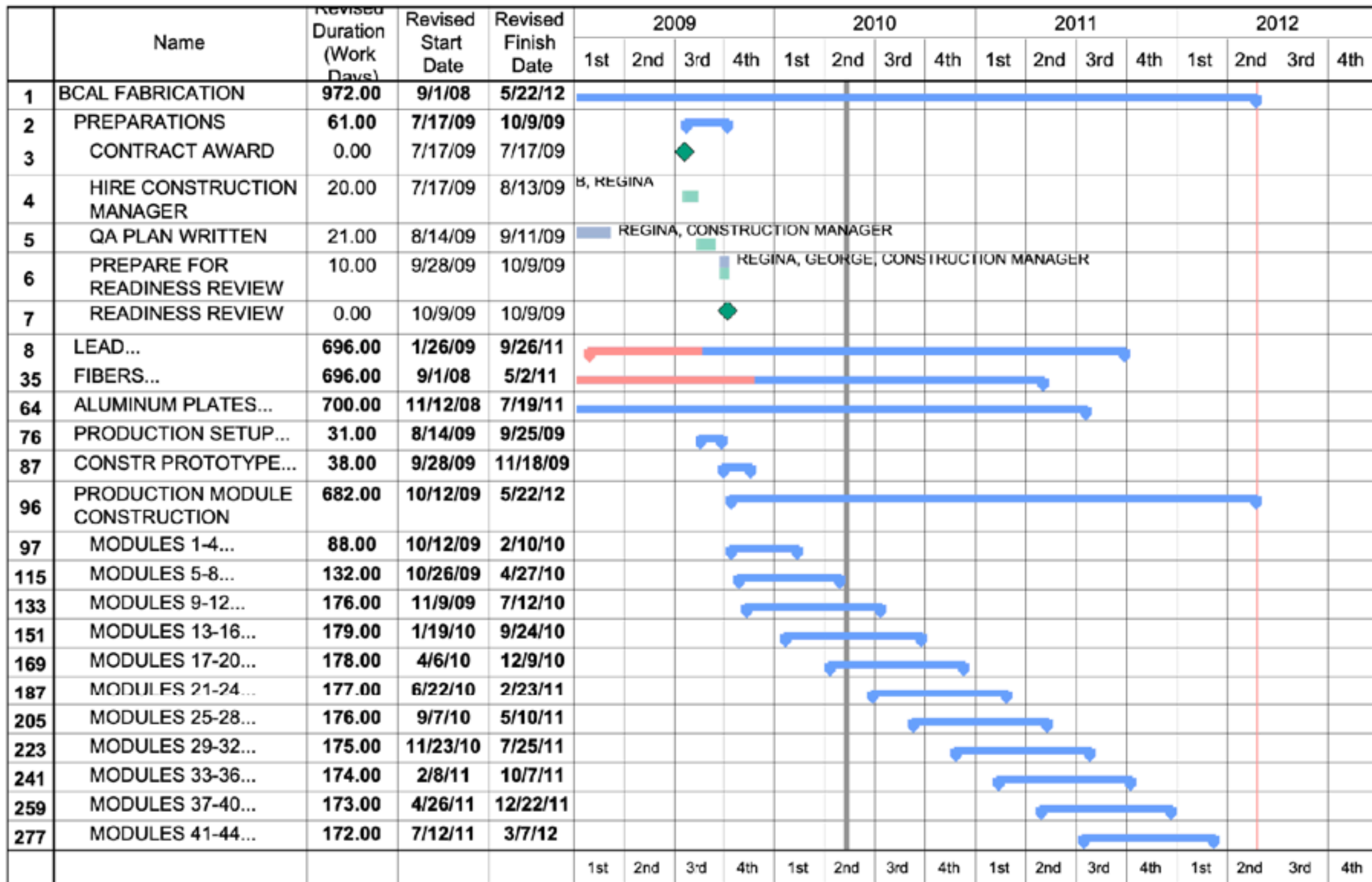
The UofR group has constructed a series of prototype modules, including two full-scale modules, and personnel that participated in the construction is still available to act as the instructor core for the student labour that will be employed for the construction of the 48 (+1) modules. In addition, both written and video material is available to further assist in the training of the students and illustrating the continuous testing of the modules as they are being constructed.

1.1 Key components to control and the methodology to be followed

The methods of lead swaging and epoxy curing, which have been developed as part of the extensive R&D, have resulted in excellent uniformity of construction. Specifically, starting with a high quality base of pure Pb of uniform thickness, the swaging process results in further improvements in thickness uniformity of the now grooved Pb sheets. Furthermore, the final thickness can be adjusted, within $\sim 150 \mu\text{m}$, by the gap between the two grooved rollers. In addition, the new wider rollers in the swaging machine, which was designed and built at the UofR, compared to the original swaging machine on loan from INFN-LNF, result in more even distribution of pressure on the Pb sheets by placing the latter away from the ends of the rollers.

Earned-Value Management System

University of Regina					
Barrel Calorimeter				dollar value	
1.5.2.2.1					
		Planned		Budgeted Total	Original
<u>Activity ID</u>	<u>Activity Name</u>	<u>Start</u>	<u>Finish</u>	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Duration</u>
	PHASE 1			\$220,407.00	
15221050	Proc 2nd press/Frame (BarCal)	8-31-09	3-1-10	\$30,655.00	24.00
15221195LOE	Bcal Module Construction Manager Phase 1	8-31-09	3-1-10	\$50,160.00	16.20
15221200	Module #1 Matrix Fabrication	8-31-09	12-01-09	\$12,842.00	12.80
15221205	Module #1 Machining and Shipping	8-31-09	02-10-10	\$4,607.00	21.60
15221210	Module #2 Matrix Fabrication	8-31-09	12-01-09	\$12,842.00	12.80
15221215	Module #2 Machining and Shipping	8-31-09	02-10-10	\$4,607.00	21.60
15221220	Module #3 Matrix Fabrication	8-31-09	01-07-10	\$12,842.00	17.00
15221225	Module #3 Machining and Shipping	8-31-09	02-10-10	\$4,607.00	21.60
15221230	Module #4 Matrix Fabrication	8-31-09	01-07-10	\$12,842.00	17.00
15221235	Module #4 Machining and Shipping	8-31-09	02-10-10	\$4,607.00	21.60
15221240	Module #5 Matrix Fabrication	8-31-09	02-12-10	\$12,842.00	5.80
15221245	Module #5 Machining and Shipping	8-31-09	04-27-10	\$4,607.00	16.00
15221250	Module #6 Matrix Fabrication	8-31-09	02-12-10	\$12,842.00	5.80
15221255	Module #6 Machining and Shipping	8-31-09	04-27-10	\$4,607.00	16.00
15221260	Module #7 Matrix Fabrication	8-31-09	03-24-10	\$12,842.00	11.20
15221265	Module #7 Machining and Shipping	8-31-09	04-27-10	\$4,607.00	16.00
15221270	Module #8 Matrix Fabrication	8-31-09	03-24-10	\$12,842.00	11.20
15221275	Module #8 Machining and Shipping	8-31-09	04-27-10	\$4,607.00	16.00





Thursday, December 1, 2011

Thursday, December 1, 2011

To: Customs and/or Carriers

Re: Packing List/Description for Shipment of four (6) Calorimeter modules

To Whom It May Concern:

This shipment consists of four (5) wooden crates with gross weight 7500 lbs (1500 lbs per crate), plus one (1) smaller crate with gross weight 350 lbs, destined to the Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility (Jefferson Lab), 12000 Jefferson Avenue, Newport News, Virginia, USA, 23606. The Jefferson Science Associates consortium operates Jefferson Lab on behalf of the Department of Energy.

Item description: Each of the large crates contains one (1) Calorimeter module, consisting of a rows of optical fibres bonded in to thin, corrugated lead sheets in a stack, forming a single unit between top and bottom aluminum plates. This device will be used in basic physics research experiments at Jefferson Lab to detect cosmic rays and other particles. The small crate contains a one (1) Calorimeter sample module as well as its mechanical and positioning support structure.

Item ownership: The equipment is property of JSA/Jefferson Lab. The equipment is used only for research purposes and has no commercial value. However, for purposes of insurance, the total estimated value of the shipment is USD\$695,600 (USD\$135,000 per large module and USD\$20,600 for the sample module).

NAFTA/Duty Free Status: The Calorimeter modules were assembled/constructed at the University of Regina, from materials purchased and provided by JSA/Jefferson Lab; JSA/Jefferson Lab also paid for the labour.

- For questions related to Customs Clearance please contact Eastport Customs Brokers, 757-873-2215, fax 757-873-2130).
- Upon arrival of the shipment at the U.S. port of entry, the U.S. Customs Office is requested to release the shipment under 19 CFR 142 and request the Jefferson Lab subcontracting officer (Mitch Laney, 757-269-5338, fax 757-269-7057) and property administrator (Joan Holloway, fax 757-269-5825) to furnish duty-free status documentation if required.

For any questions or clarifications please do not hesitate to contact our Construction Manager, Mr. Dan Kolybaba, at (306) 585-4264 or me directly.

Sincerely,

Dr. Zisis Papandreou
Professor of Physics
Calorimeter Construction Principal Investigator

Last shipment

PbSciFi Decisions & Discussion

- Technical: fiber types, SiPM (sensors)
- Construction sites? 1 or 2
- Financial, Political
- Labour
- Mechanical, installation

