

Fiber and SiPM Tests

In-Person Barrel Imaging Calorimeter Meeting
Argonne National Lab
June 12-16, 2023

Z. Papandreou

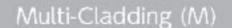


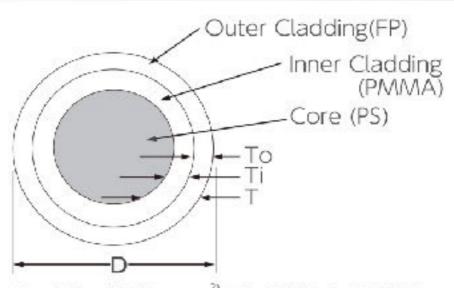






Kuraray SCSF-78MJ





Cladding Thickness: T=2%(To)+2%(Ti)

=4% of D

Numerical Aperture: NA=0.72 Trapping Efficiency: 5.4%

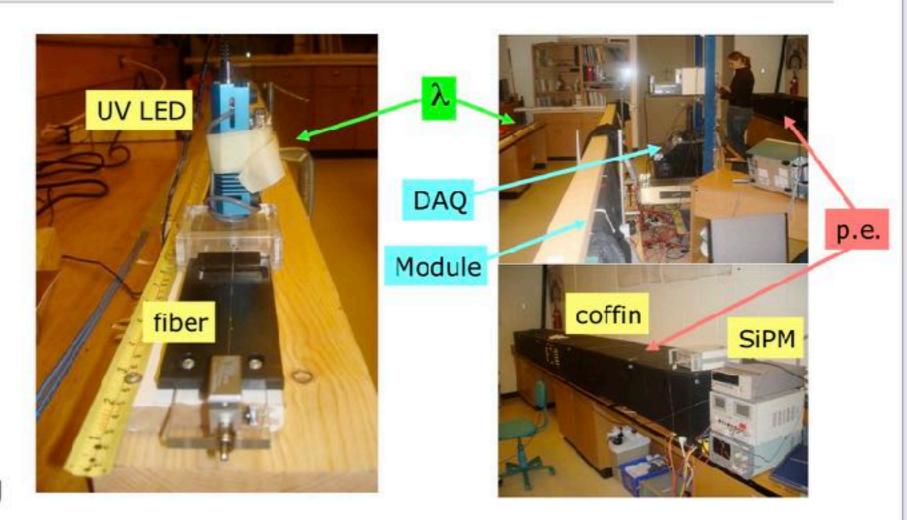
Formulations¹⁾

Description	Emission			Decay Time	Att.Leng.2)	Characteristics
	Color	Spectra	Peak[nm]	[ńs]	[m]	Characteristics
SCSF-78	blue	See the following figure	450	2.8	>4.0	Long Att. Length and High Light Yield
SCSF-81	blue		437	2.4	>3.5	Long Attenuation Length
SCSF-3HF(1500)	green		530	7	>4.5	3HF formulation for Radiation Hardness

- Test fibers are Non-S type, 1 mm φ.
- Measured by using bialkali PMT and UV light(254nm).
 Quality control is made by another measurement of the transmission loss every batch.

Fibre Testing lab

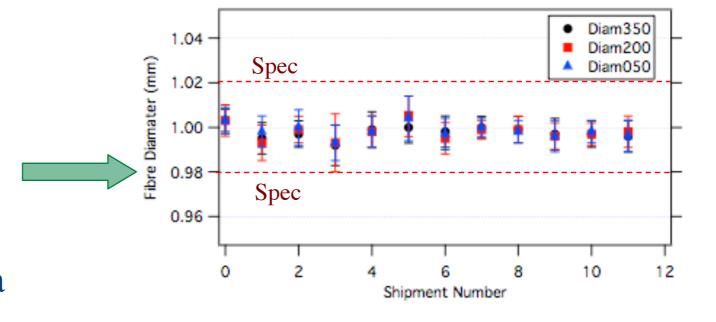
- First article
 - Regina data
 - JLab data
 - GlueX-doc-1317
 - Bench Reference
- Production (Regina)
 - Condition/packaging
 - **O**Diameter
 - Attenuation length: LED, photodiode current
 - ✓ N_{pe} at 200cm: ⁹⁰Sr, PMT, external trigger

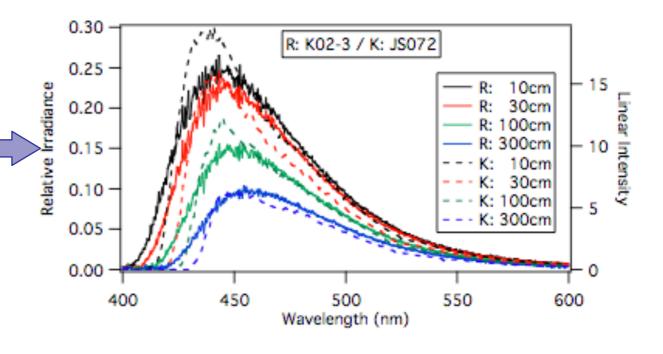


Fiber QA

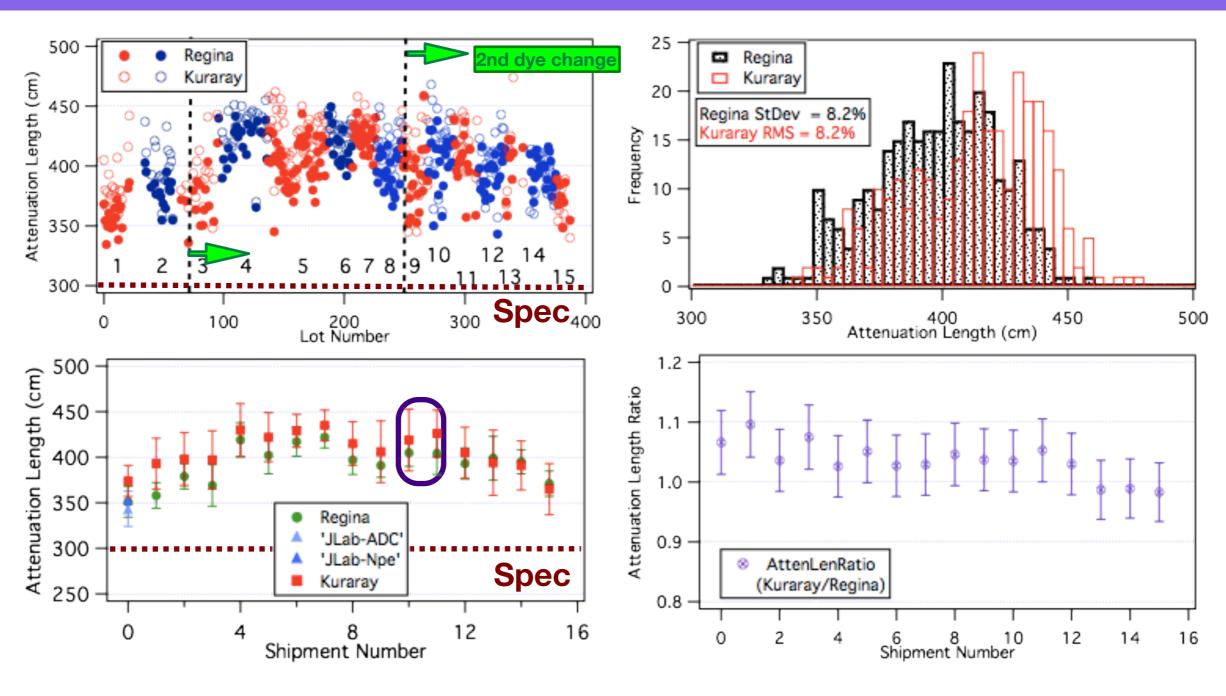
780,000 fibres!

- Kuraray SCSF-78MJ (blue-green); selected in late 2008
- diameters: within specs
- Spectra measured at Regina qualitatively agree with Kuraray's
- integrals are close, but shapes are different; response is acceptable and scales by distance in a similar fashion





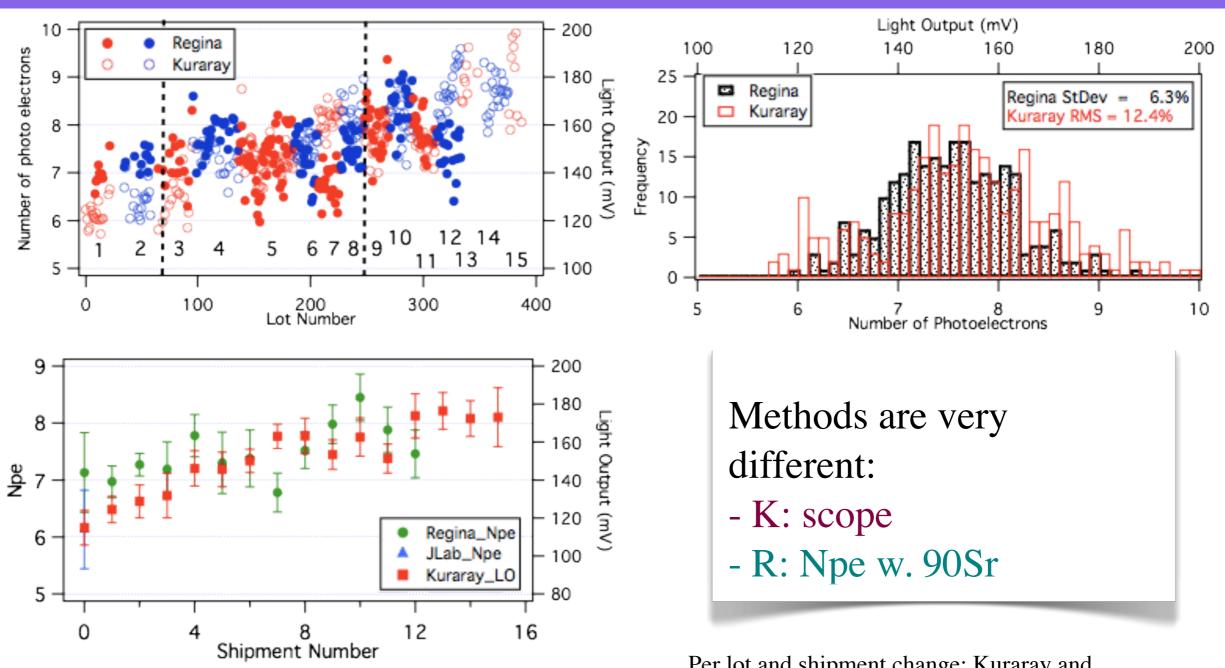
Attenuation Length



Per lot and shipment change; but Kuraray and Regina track

5

Light Output



Per lot and shipment change; Kuraray and Regina roughly track

... and fibres meet specs

SiPM Schematic

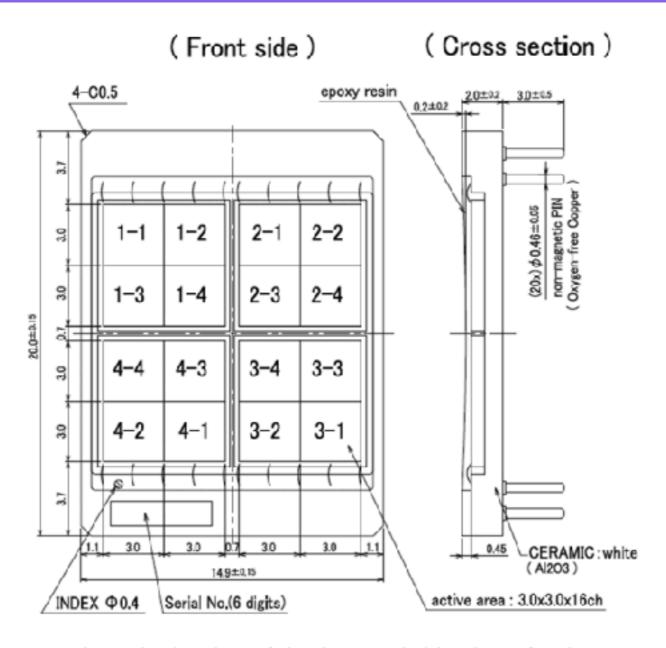


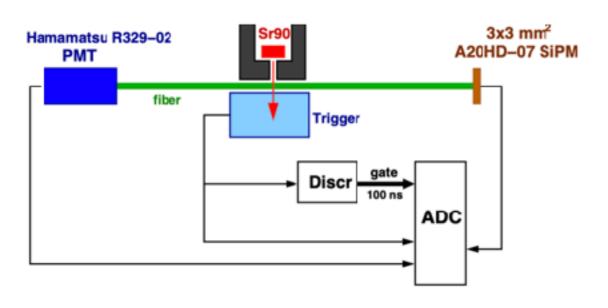
Fig. 1. A schematic drawing of the front and side views for the Hamamatsu MPPCs for the GlueX experiment is shown, detailing the tiling of the 3×3 mm² cells into a 4×4 configuration. The numbered cells are active; all other areas and spacings are inactive. (Courtesy of Hamamatsu).

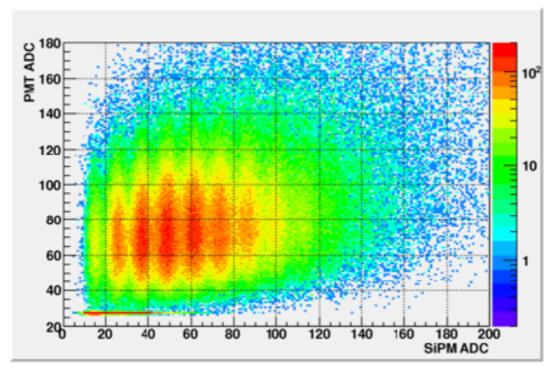
SiPM Assessment

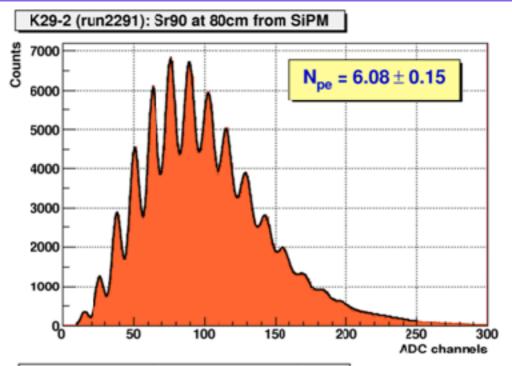
Photon Detection Efficiency

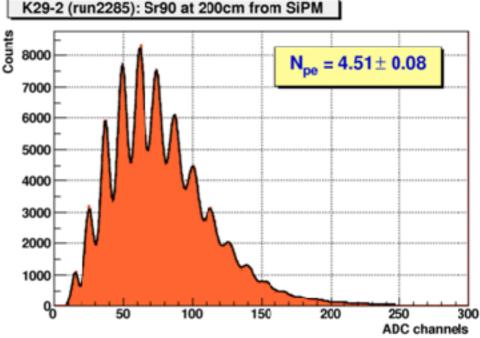
35 PDE = QE x FF x $\alpha_{\rm p}$ PDE1_78 PDE1_85 30 PDE Method 1 QE – quantum efficiency (pixels) 25 -*FF* – "fill factor" (active area) α_p - avalanche probability = $f(V-V_{br})$ 20 -15 3 4 Laser Intensity (a.u.) Hamamatsu •S2281 Photodiode **UV** laser **Stimulates** •R329 PMT fibre Calibrated Photodiode **SiPM** or array (scope, ADC)

PDE Measurements



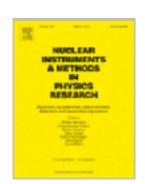








Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research Section A: Accelerators, Spectrometers, Detectors and Associated Equipment



Volume 739, 1 March 2014, Pages 89-97

Novel Hamamatsu Multi-Pixel Photon Counter (MPPC) array studies for the GlueX experiment: New results

Orlando Soto, Rimsky Rojas, Sergey Kuleshov, Hayk Hakobyan 🙎 🖂 , Alam Toro, William K. Brooks , Rene Rios

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Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research Section A: Accelerators, Spectrometers, Detectors and Associated Equipment



Volume 732, 21 December 2013, Pages 431-436

Characterization of novel Hamamatsu Multi Pixel Photon Counter (MPPC) arrays for the GlueX experiment

Orlando Soto 🙎 🖂 , Rimsky Rojas, Sergey Kuleshov, Hayk Hakobyan, Alam Toro, William K. Brooks

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https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nima.2013.06.071 >

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Methodology for the Determination of the Photon Detection Efficiency of Large-Area Multi-Pixel Photon Counters

Publisher: IEEE

Cite This



T. Beattie; G. J. Lolos; Z. Papandreou; A. Yu. Semenov; L. A. Teigrob All Authors

Paper

147 Full Text Views Citations









Abstract

Document Sections

- Introduction
- II. Large-Area Mppcs for the Gluex BCAL
- III. Evaluation and Quality Control
- IV. Photon Detection Efficiency
- Experimental Setup and

Abstract:

Large-area, multi-pixel photon counters will be used for the electromagnetic Barrel Calorimeter of the GlueX experiment at Jefferson Lab. These photo sensors are based on a 3 ×3 mm² cell populated by 50 µm pixels, with 16 such cells tiled in a 4 ×4 arrangement in the array. The 16 cells are summed electronically and the signals are amplified. The photon detection efficiency of a group of first-article units at room temperature under conditions similar to those of the experiment was extracted to be $(28 \pm 2(\text{stat}) \pm 2(\text{syst}))\%$, by employing an analysis methodology based on Poisson statistics carried out on the summed energy signals from the units.

Published in: IEEE Transactions on Nuclear Science (Volume: 62, Issue: 4, August 2015)

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Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research Section A: Accelerators, Spectrometers, Detectors and Associated Equipment



Volume 698, 11 January 2013, Pages 234-241

Technical Notes

Radiation hardness tests of SiPMs for the JLab Hall D Barrel calorimeter &

Yi Qiang 🙎 🖂 , Carl Zorn, Fernando Barbosa, Elton Smith

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