

# FTBF-2023 Thin Gap tracking detector studies

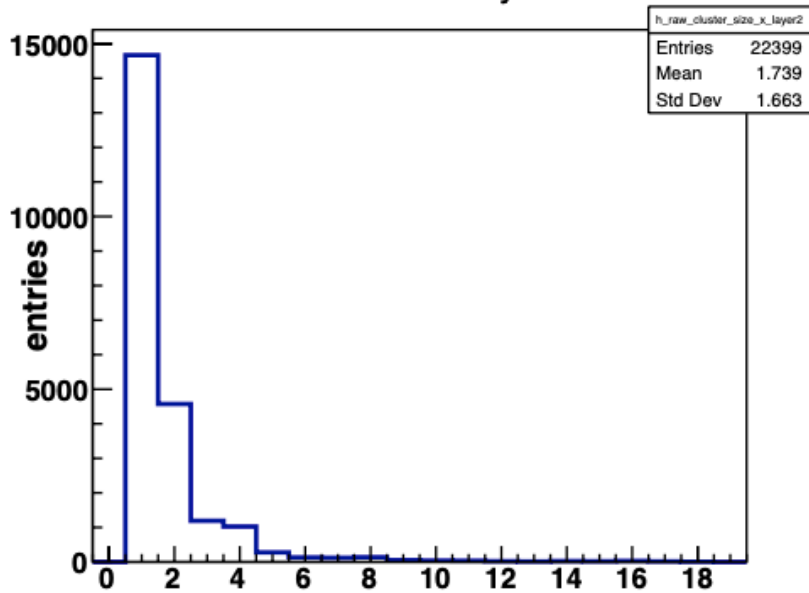
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eRD-108 meeting  
10/05/2023

# FTBF thin gap prototypes –Vanderbilt

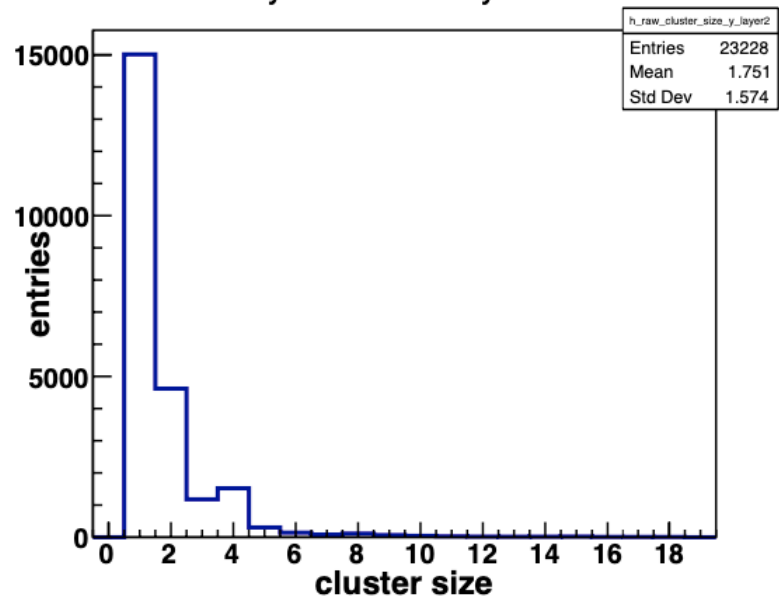
- Prototypes in test beam
  1. GEM +mRwell prototype : 1mm + 0.5 mm drift and transfer gaps
  2. GEM + MMG prototype : 1 mm + 1 mm drift and transfer gaps
  3. Single thin gap mRwell prototype : 1 mm drift gap
- Test beam had data from prototype 1 and 2. Nothing from prototype 3.
- All three prototypes has chevron R/O with 1.6 mm pitch. Total 128 channels (64 X + 64 Y) over 10x10 cm<sup>2</sup> active area.
- Very preliminary result on estimated efficiency in KrCO<sub>2</sub> during HV scan.
- Setup : 2 front GEM trackers + 3 thin gap prototypes + 2 back GEM trackers

## GEM+MMG

x cluster size layer2

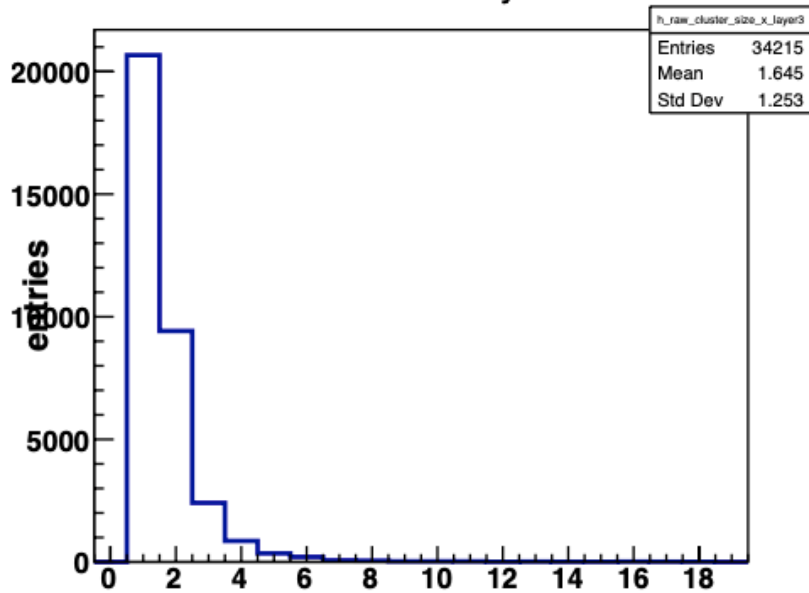


y cluster size layer2

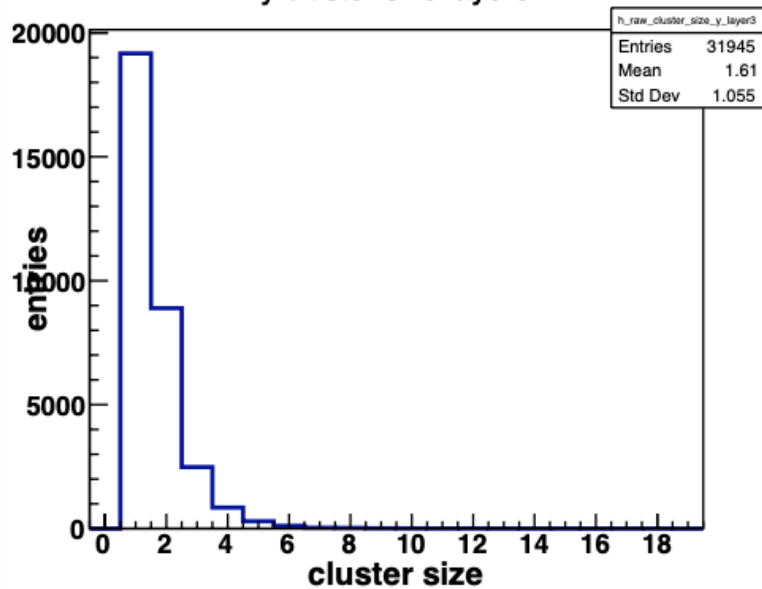


## GEM+mRwell

x cluster size layer3



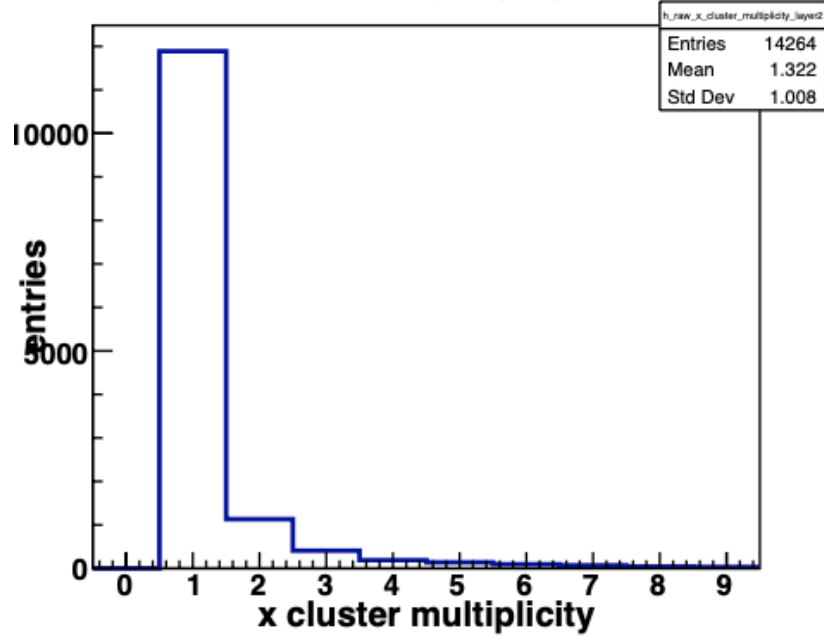
y cluster size layer3



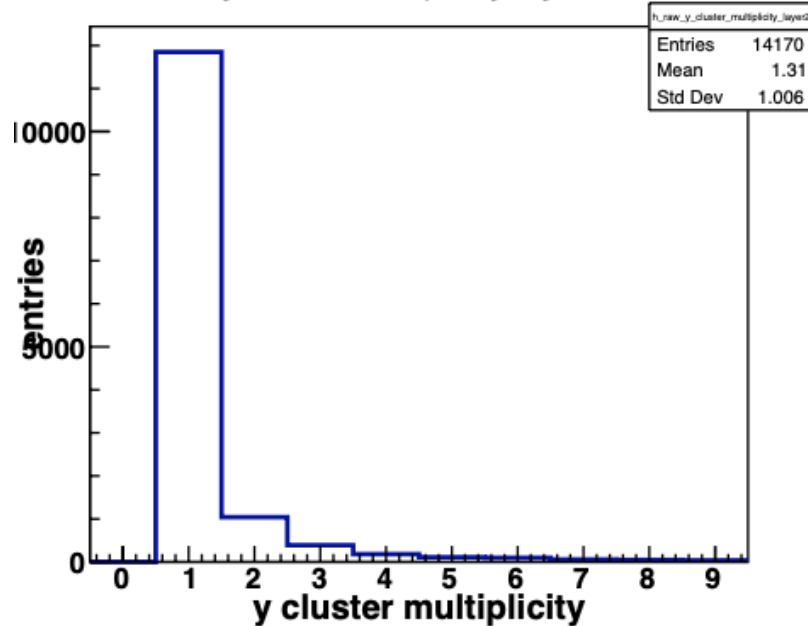
- Mostly 1 strip is fired as compared to an average of 3 strips in triple GEM trackers.

## GEM+MMG

x cluster multiplicity layer 2

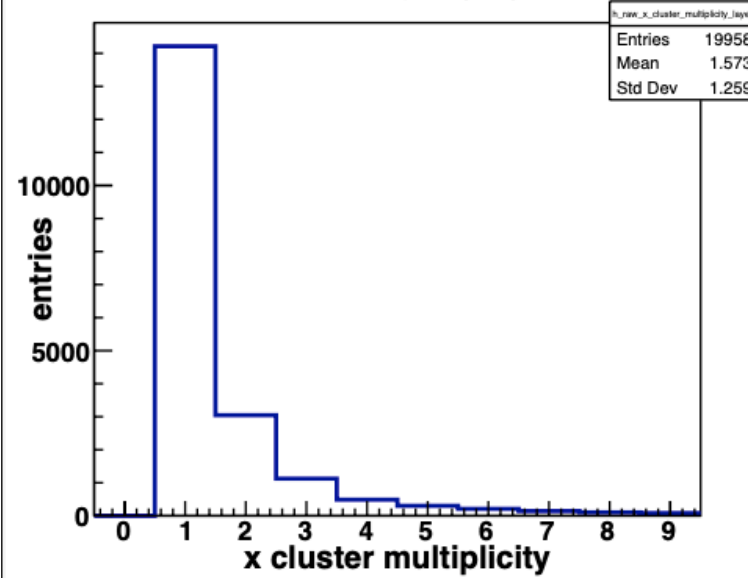


y cluster multiplicity layer 2

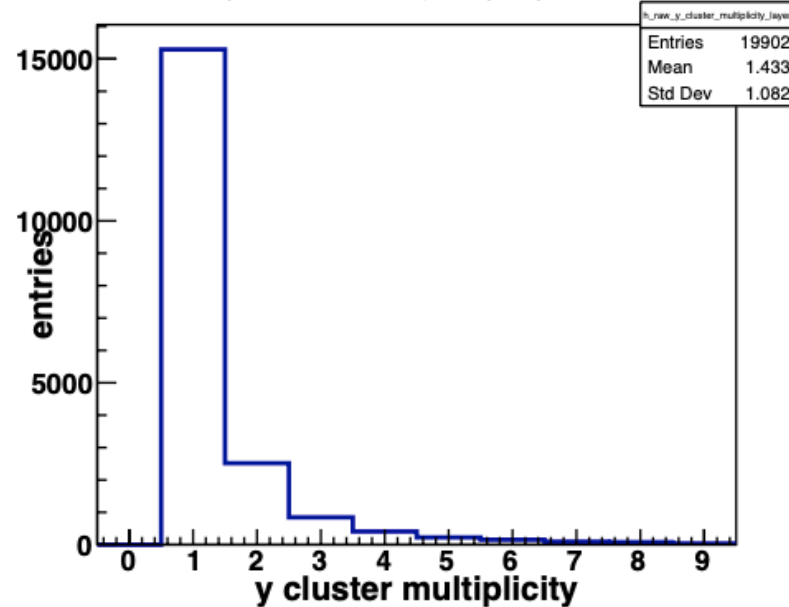


## GEM+mRwell

x cluster multiplicity layer 3



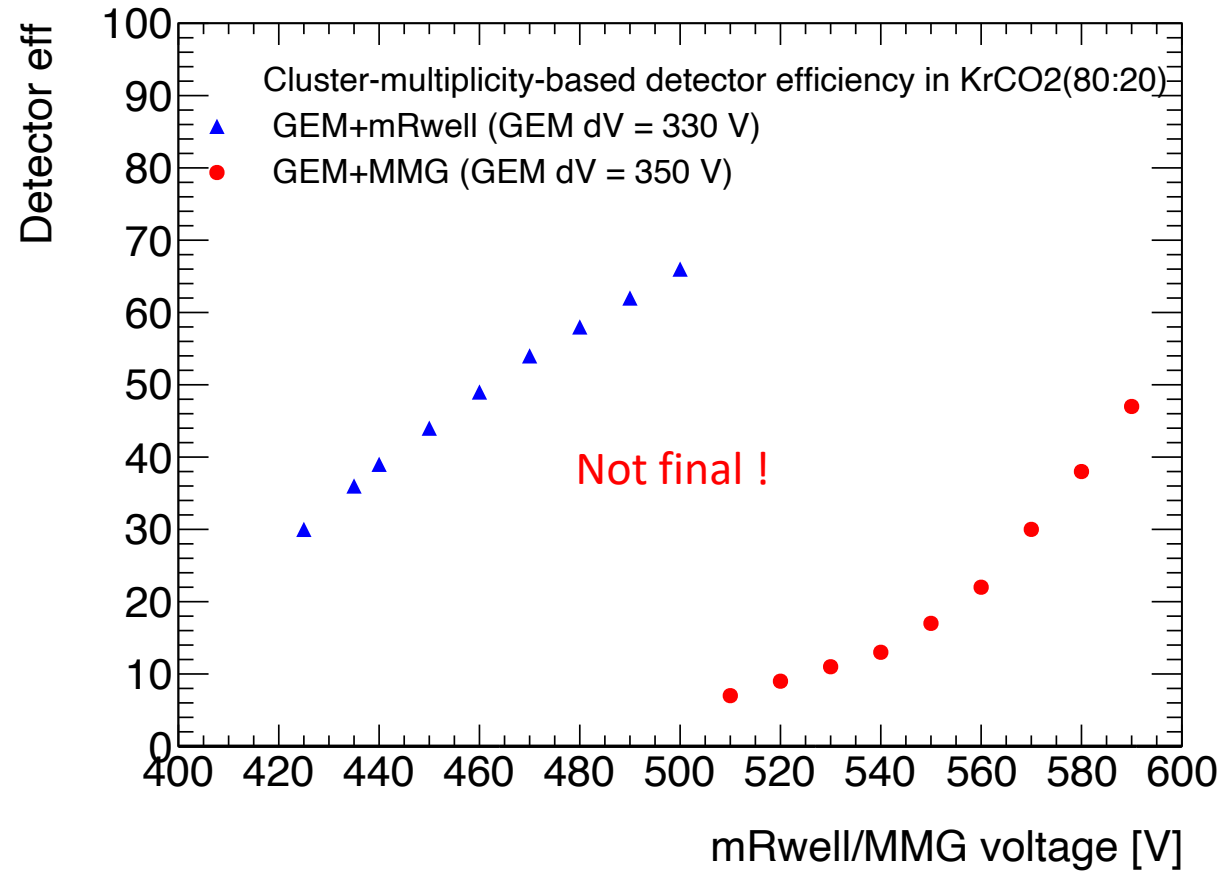
y cluster multiplicity layer 3



- Most of the events has single clusters as expected.
- Use the entries in the histograms along with total triggered events to estimate cluster based detector efficiency.

$$\text{Eff.} = \frac{\text{Entries in cluster multiplicity}}{\text{total triggered events}}$$

## Cluster-multiplicity based detector efficiency



To do list :

- Need special treatment for pedestal on these prototypes
- Need to estimate tracking based efficiency.
- Process all the runs
- Estimate spatial resolution for various track angles.