

# Exclusive vector meson $J/\psi$ study using ePIC simulation

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# Motivation

- One of golden channels for EIC 2<sup>nd</sup> detector
  - Study coherent/Incoherent **Vector Meson production** (ex.  $J/\psi$ ) to investigate nuclear diffractive pattern inside ion
  - Compare two di-lepton channels of  $J/\psi \rightarrow e^+ e^-$  and  $\mu^+ \mu^-$
- **Complementary** to ePIC and **cross-checking**
- More interested in muon channel
  - **Cleaner signal** in quarkonium reconstruction compared to di-electron
  - **Reduce ambiguity** to scattered electrons

# Simulation

- **Event Generator**
  - Sartre 18×110 GeV **coherent**  $eAu \rightarrow J/\psi(ee)$
  - BeAGLE 18×108.4 GeV **incoherent**  $ePb \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu\mu)$
- **ePIC full simulation framework**
  - World volume filled with “**Air**”
  - Magnetic field  $\sim 1.7T$
  - Tracking based on truth seeding
  - Focus on central detector

Input data files used

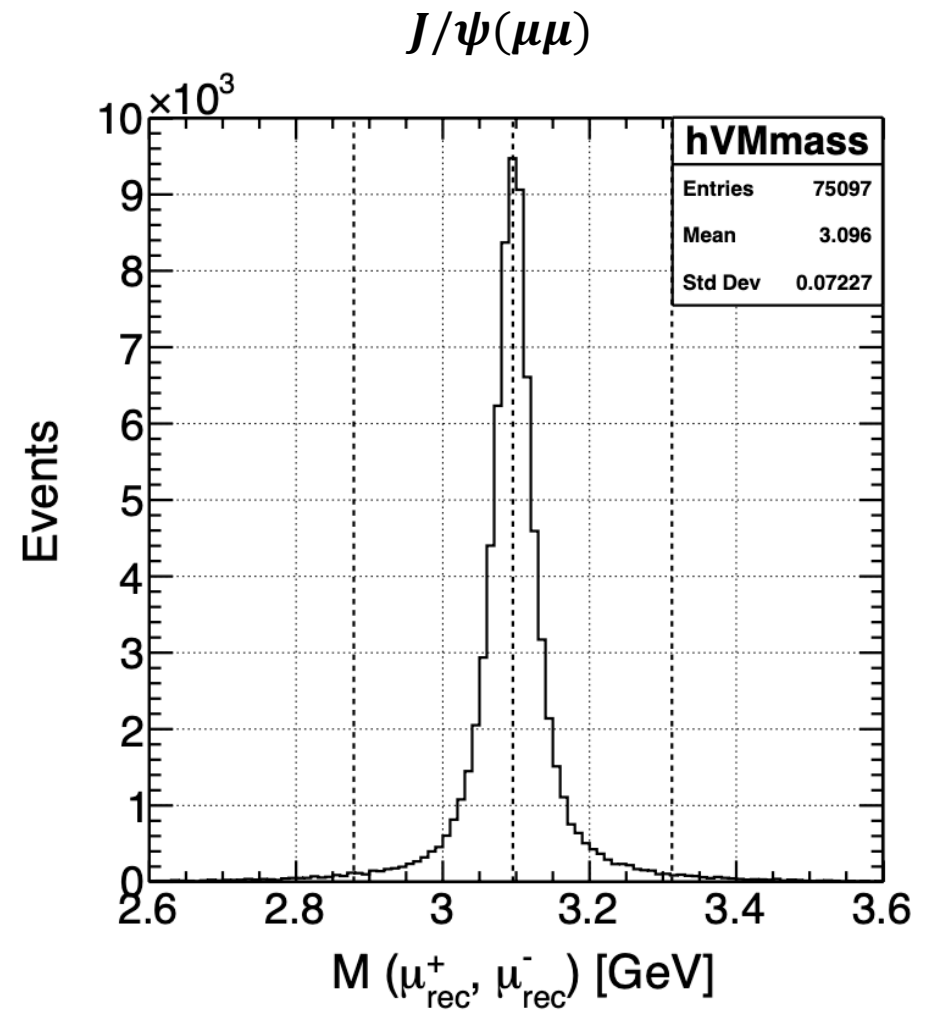
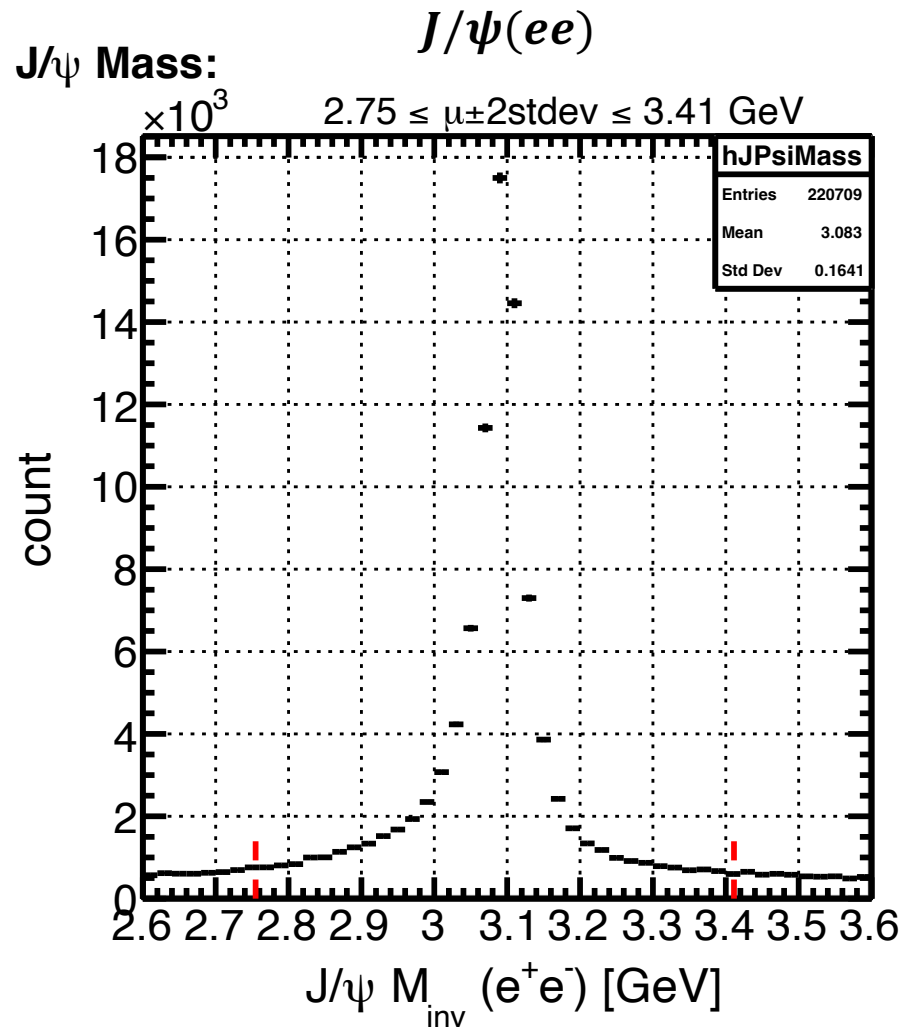
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S3/eictest/EPIC/EVGEN/EXCLUSIVE/DIFFRACTIVE\_JPSI\_ABCONV/BeAGLE/ePb\_18x108.41\_tau10\_B1.1\_Jpsi\_highstats/ePb\_18x108.41\_tune3\_tau10\_B1.1\_extracted\_Jmu\_1.hepmc

# Data Selections and Reconstruction

- Muon Detection from di-muon channel
  - **Track-based momentum** and PID
- Electron Selection from di-electron channel
  - Use PID to pair opposite di-electron
  - If the reconstructed mass is within 2 standard deviations, the  $e^+$  and  $e^-$  are labeled as “ $J/\psi$  decayed” di-electron
  - If  $\eta < -1.5$ , use **ECAL energy** instead of momentum from tracking
- Reconstruction
  - $Q^2 = -(e_{beam} - e_{scattered}).M2()$
  - **t** from **method L** (estimate scattered ion beam to incorporate beam effect)
  - Events with  $Q^2 \geq 1 \text{ GeV}^2$  and  $J/\psi |\eta| \leq 1.5$

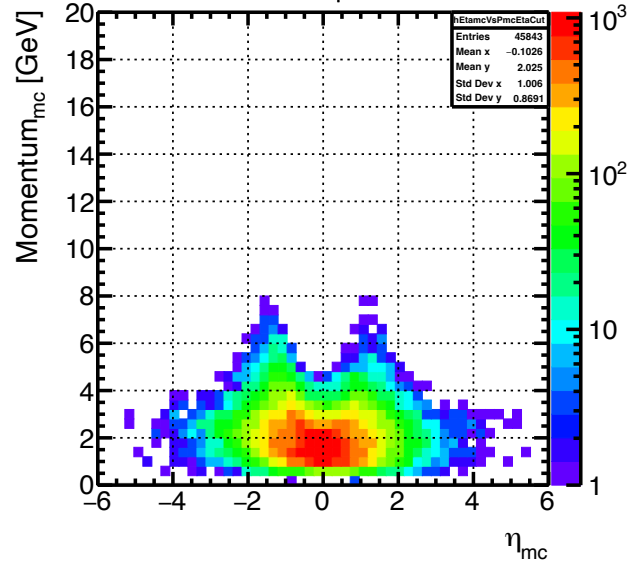
# Mass Reconstruction



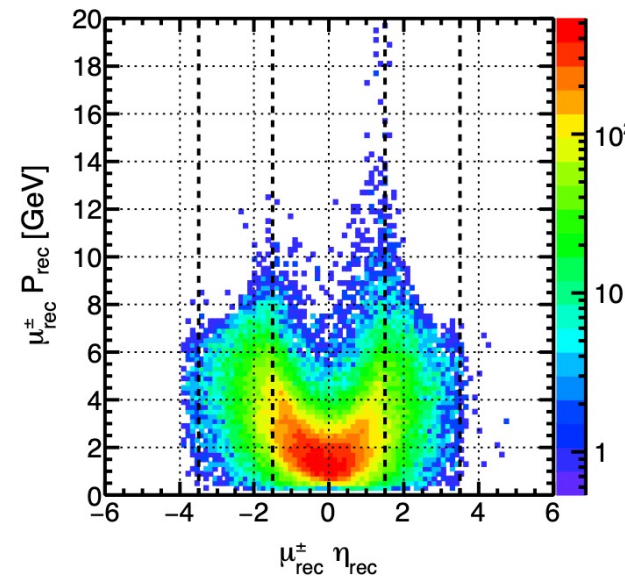
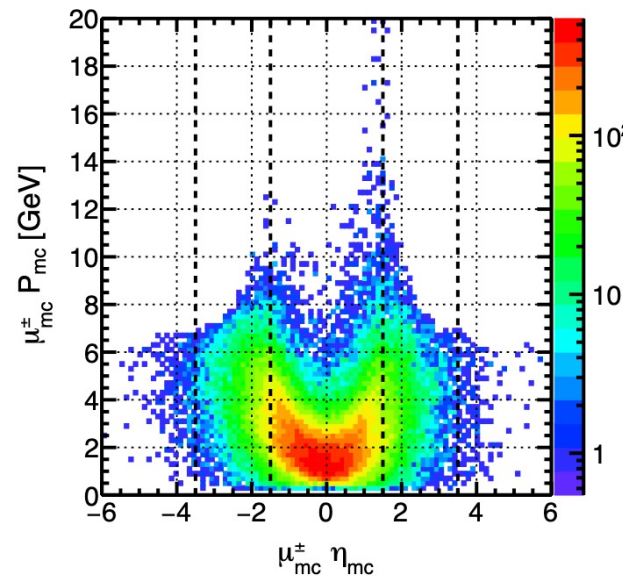
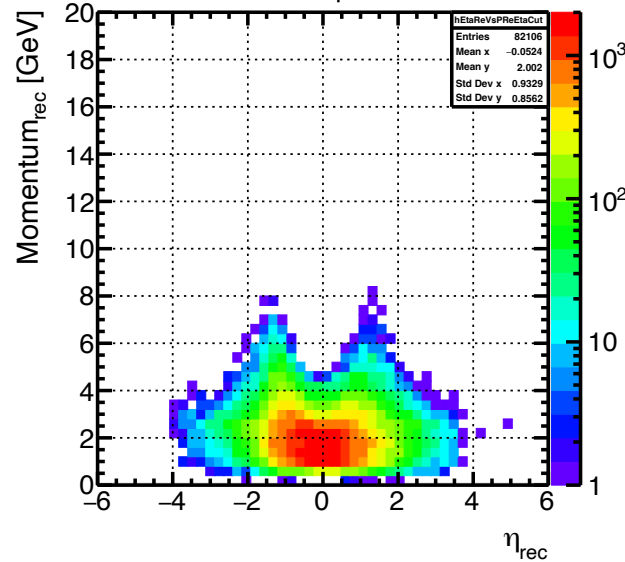
In di-electron channel, it has asymmetric radiative tail. On the other hand, di-muon channel shows more clean mass distribution with a half of di-electron rms.

# $J/\psi$ Decayed $e^\pm/\mu^\pm$ Kinematics

$J/\psi$  decayed  $e^\pm$  ( $-1.5 < \eta_{J/\psi} < 1.5$ )



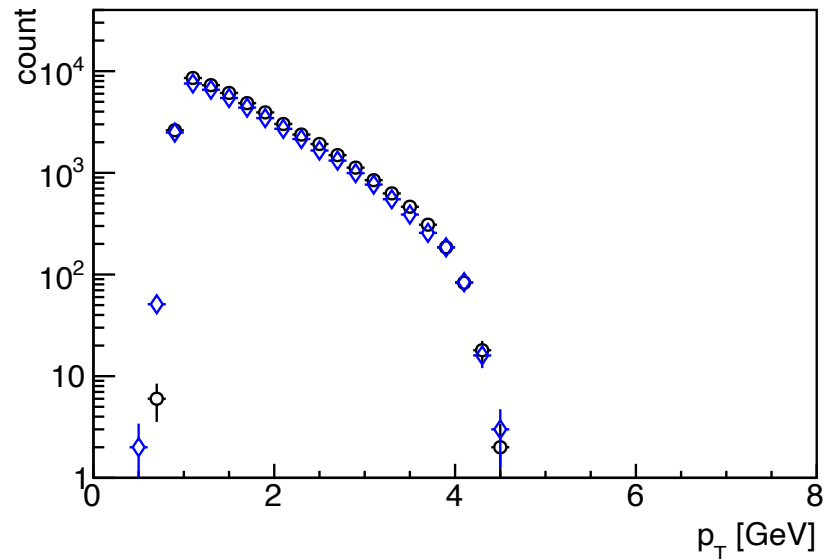
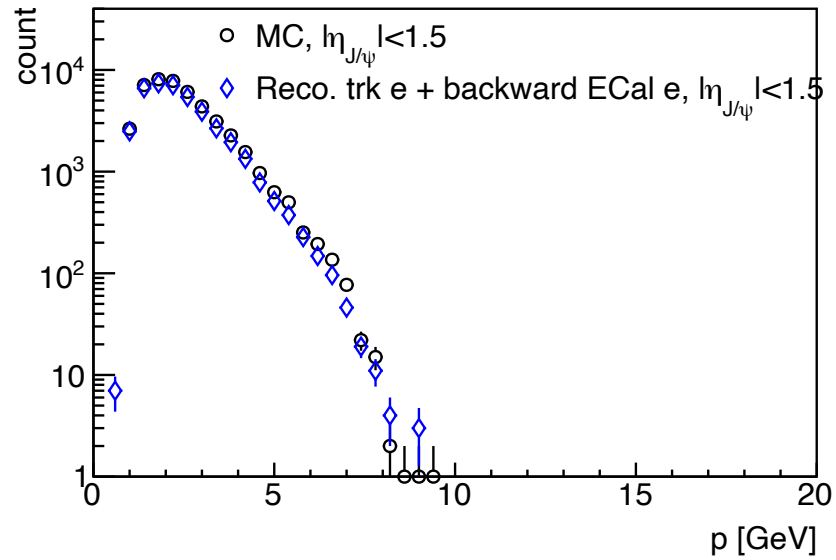
$J/\psi$  decayed  $e^\pm$  ( $-1.5 < \eta_{J/\psi} < 1.5$ )



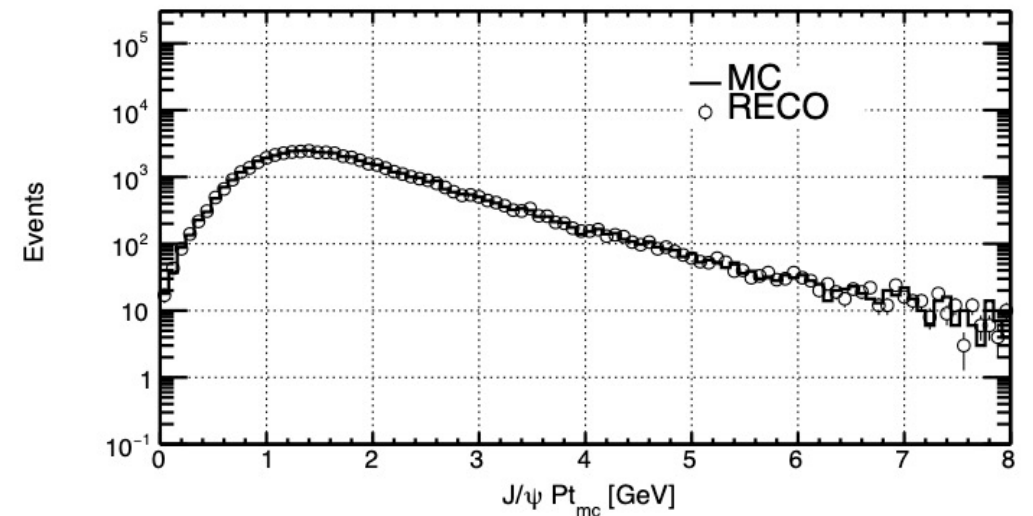
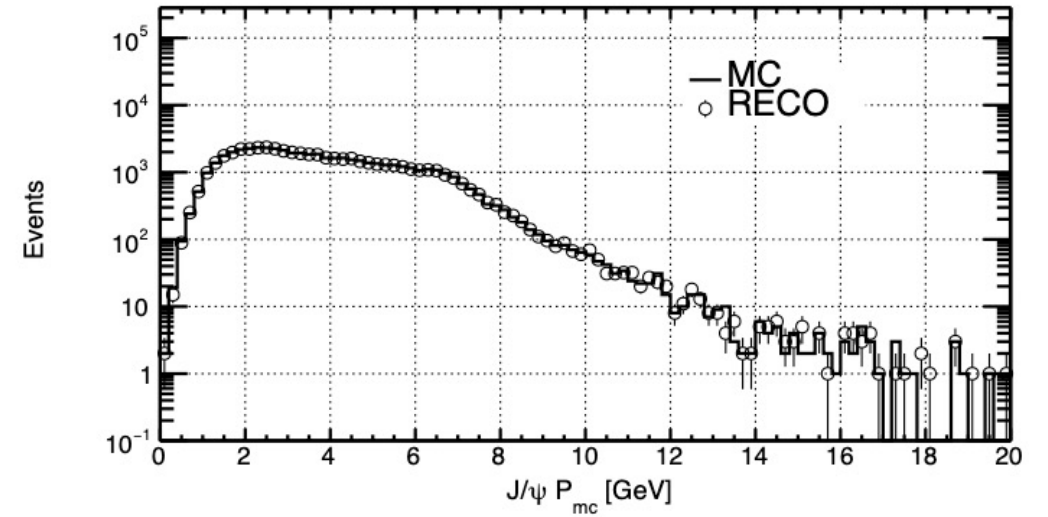
- Kinematic of di-lepton is similar
  - Cut on  $|\eta_{J/\psi}| \leq 1.5$
- Di-electron
  - Track-based momentum ( $|\eta_e| < 1.5$ )
  - ECAL energy ( $|\eta_e| > -1.5$ )
- Di-muon
  - Track-based momentum ( $|\eta_\mu| < 3.5$ )

# $J/\psi$ Reconstruction

## $J/\psi(ee)$

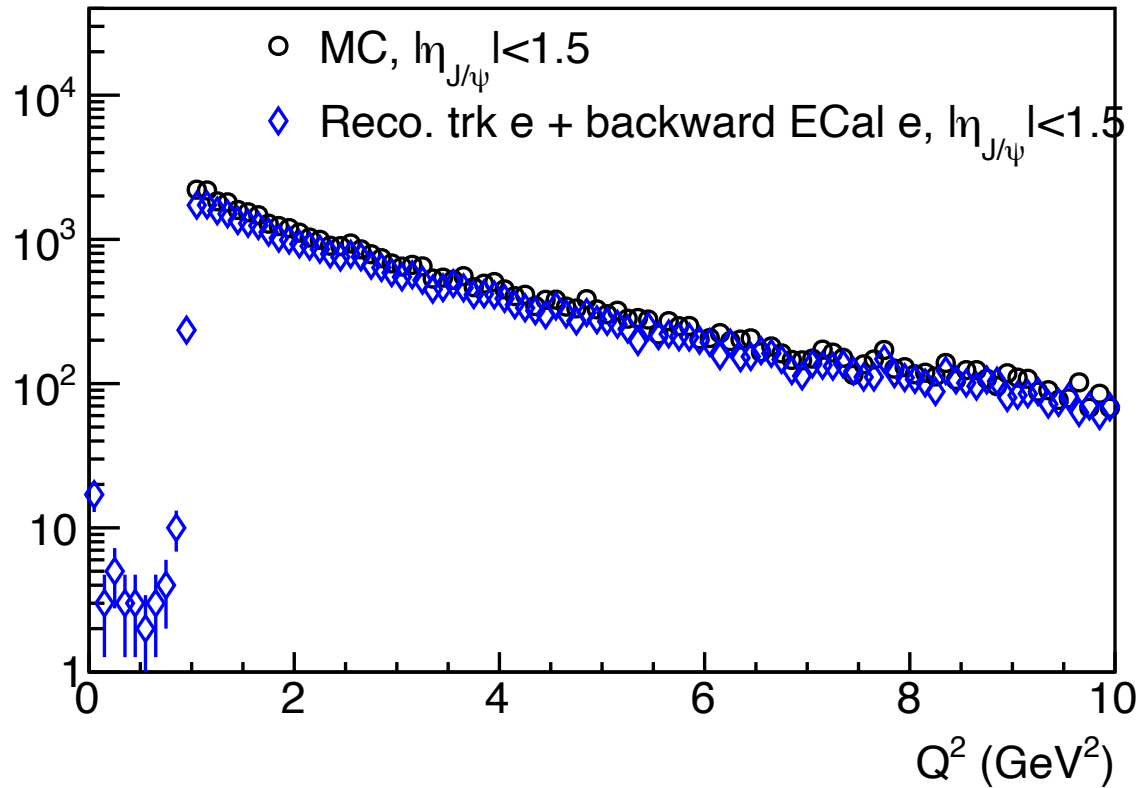


## $J/\psi(\mu\mu)$

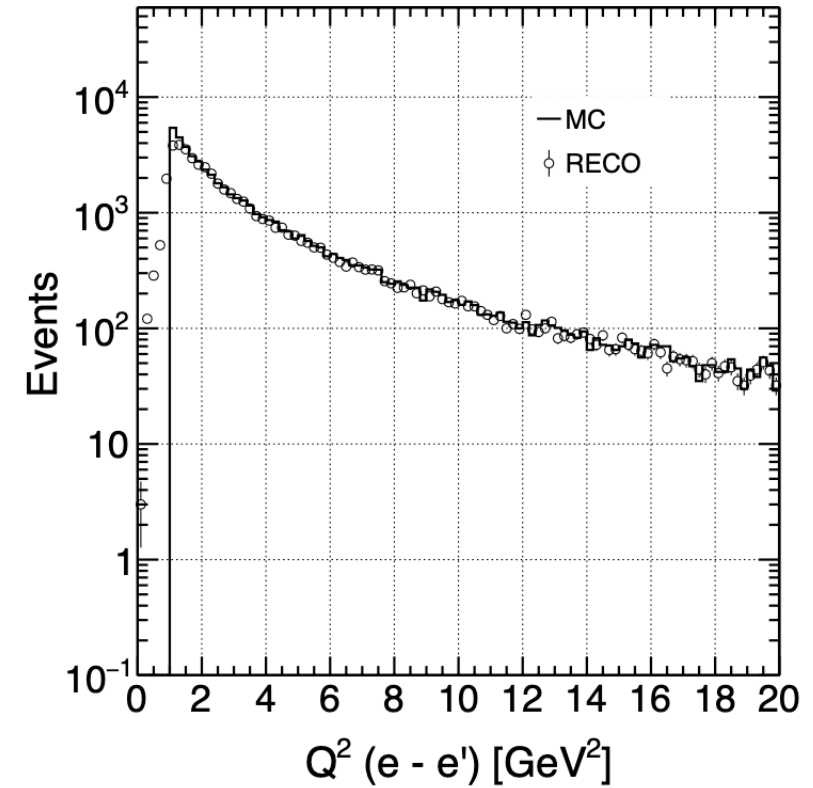


# Q<sup>2</sup> Distribution

*J/ψ*(ee)



*J/ψ*(μμ)

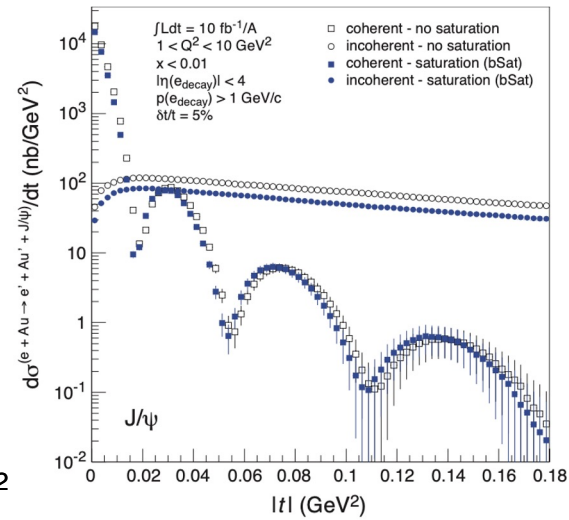


Cut on events ( $Q^2 < 1$ ) treated as mis-reconstruction to calculate t



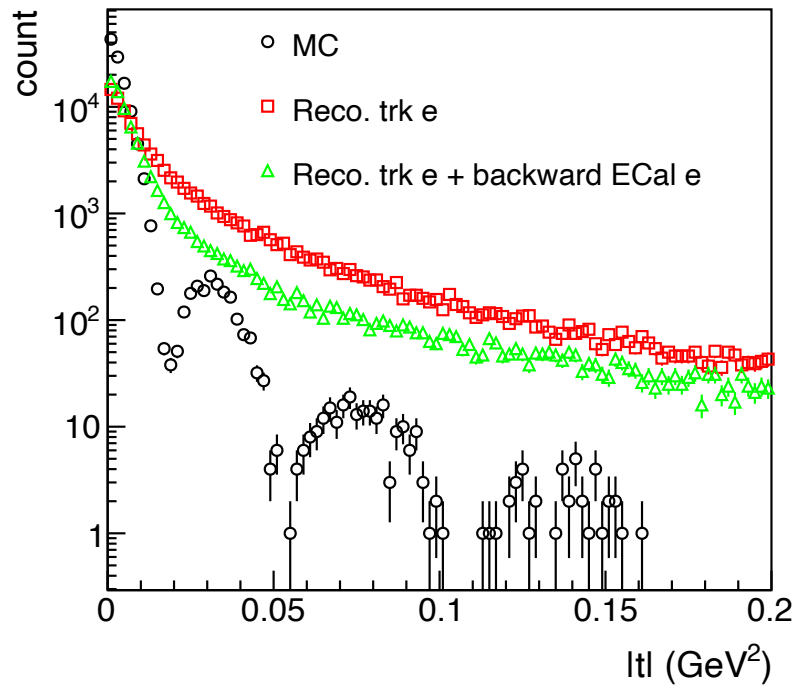
# t Distribution

Diffractive e+Au collisions (Sartre)  
from EIC White paper

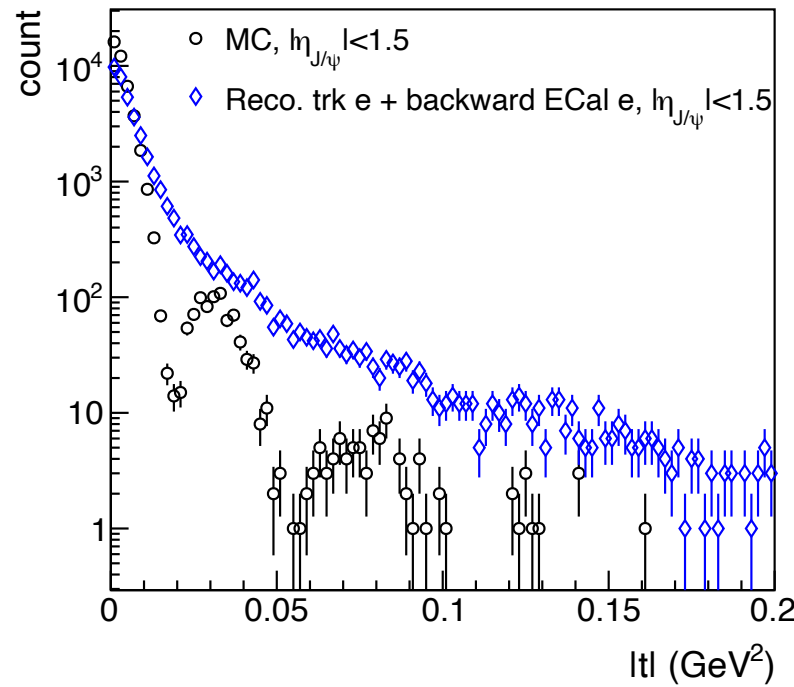


Coherent  $J/\psi(ee)$

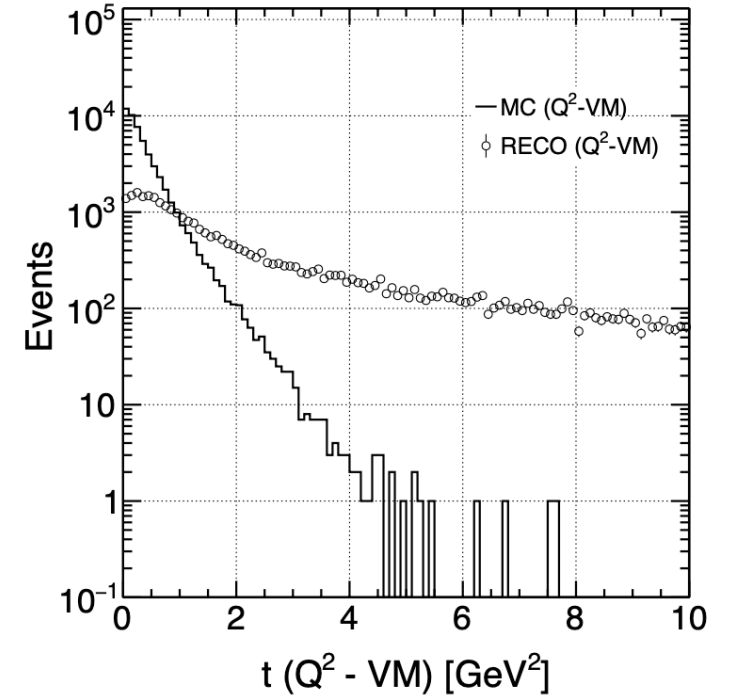
$1 < Q^2 < 10 \text{ GeV}^2$



$1 < Q^2 < 10 \text{ GeV}^2$



Incoherent  $J/\psi(\mu\mu)$

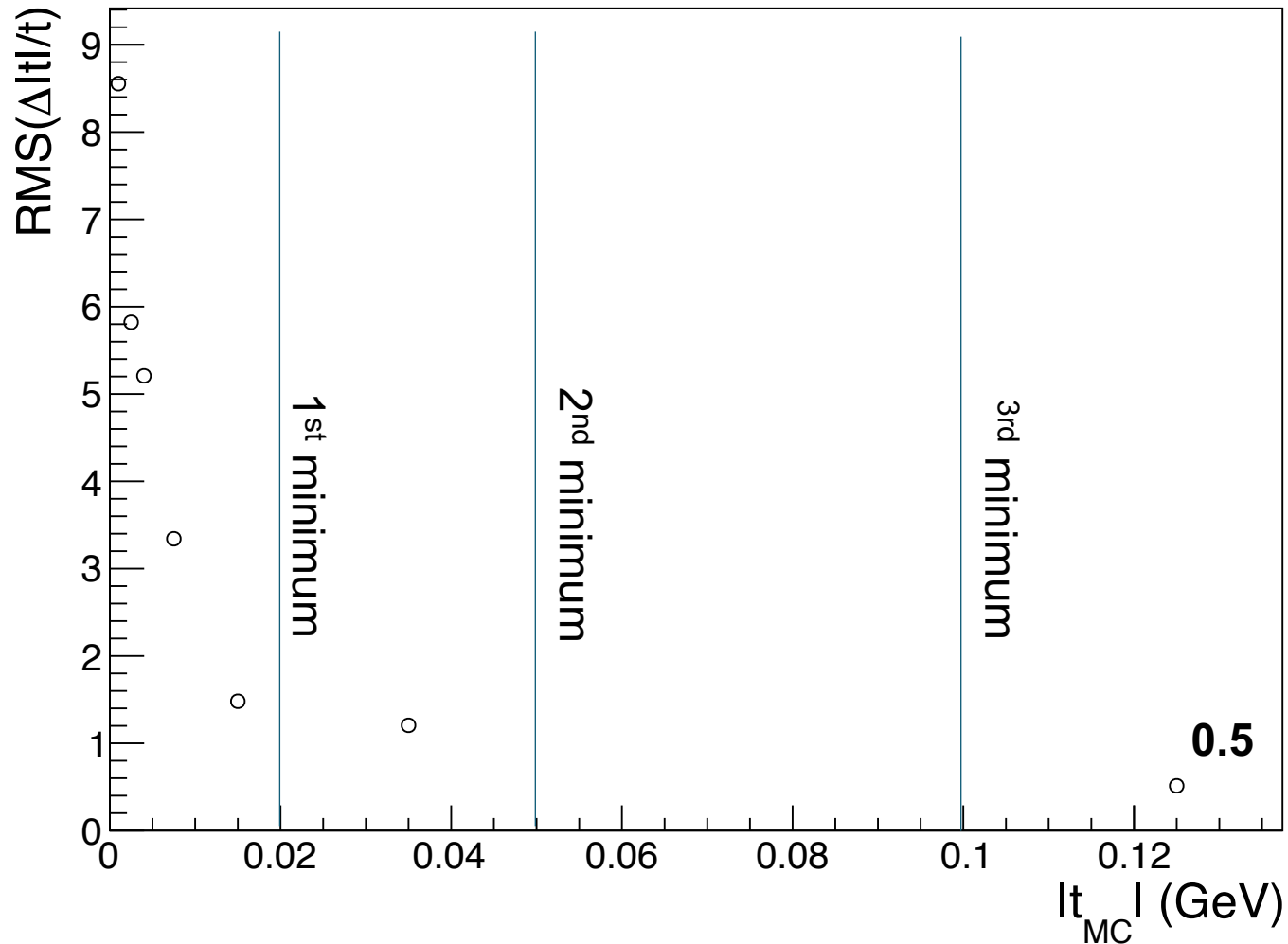


Reduced background at high  $|t|$  with the  $|\eta_{J/\psi}| < 1.5$  selection

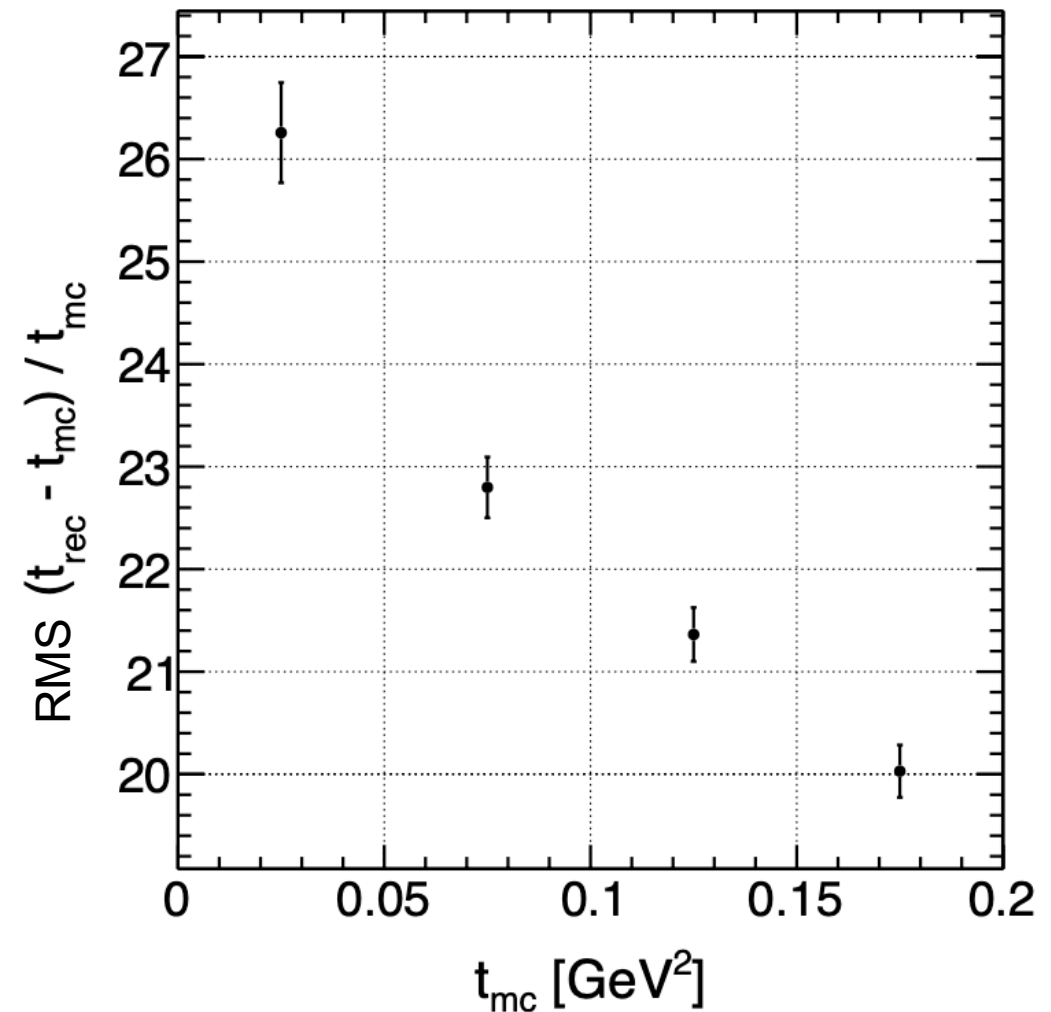
$t$  was calculated using Method L for coherent di-electron channel, not for incoherent di-muon channel 9

# t Resolution

$J/\psi(ee)$  Method L used



$J/\psi(\mu\mu)$

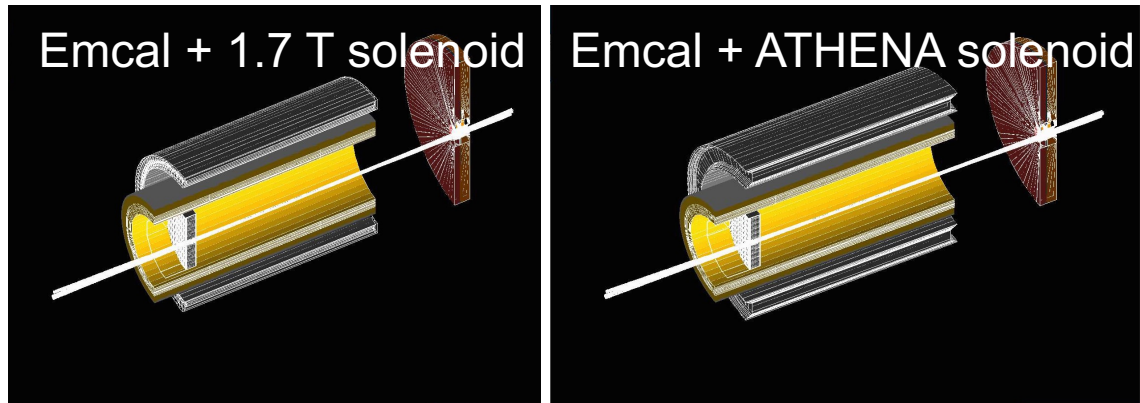


# Summary

- **Use coherent  $J/\psi$  as a golden channel to study the needs of the 2<sup>nd</sup> EIC detector**
- One of the goal is to compare coherent  $J/\psi \rightarrow e^+ e^-$  and  $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$  study
- By focusing on J/Psi within barrel region with coherent di-electron channel, it helps reducing background in higher t, but it is hardly describing diffractive pattern.
- Currently analyzing coherent  $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$  events to **evaluate advantage of using di-muon channels**

# Next Steps Toward EIC 2<sup>nd</sup> Detector

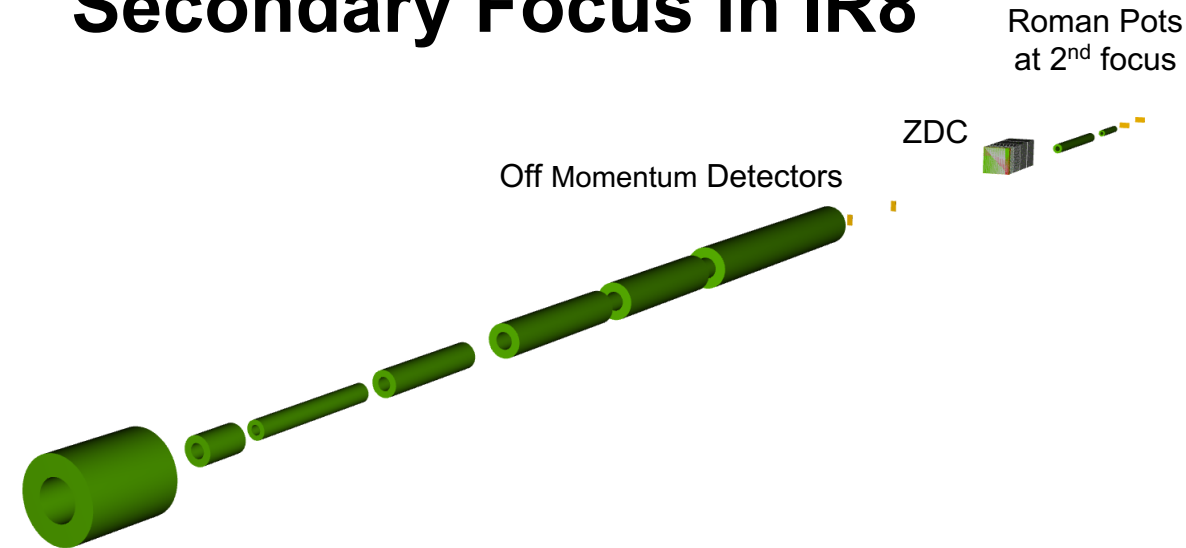
## Scatter Electrons + Muons



Modify detector setup in simulations  
Replace ePIC **solenoid** with ATHENA solenoid  
Replace Hcals with **KLM**

Focus on better detecting scattered electrons' energy/momentum and muon ID  
- **Tracker improvement + barrel KLM type detector**

## Secondary Focus in IR8



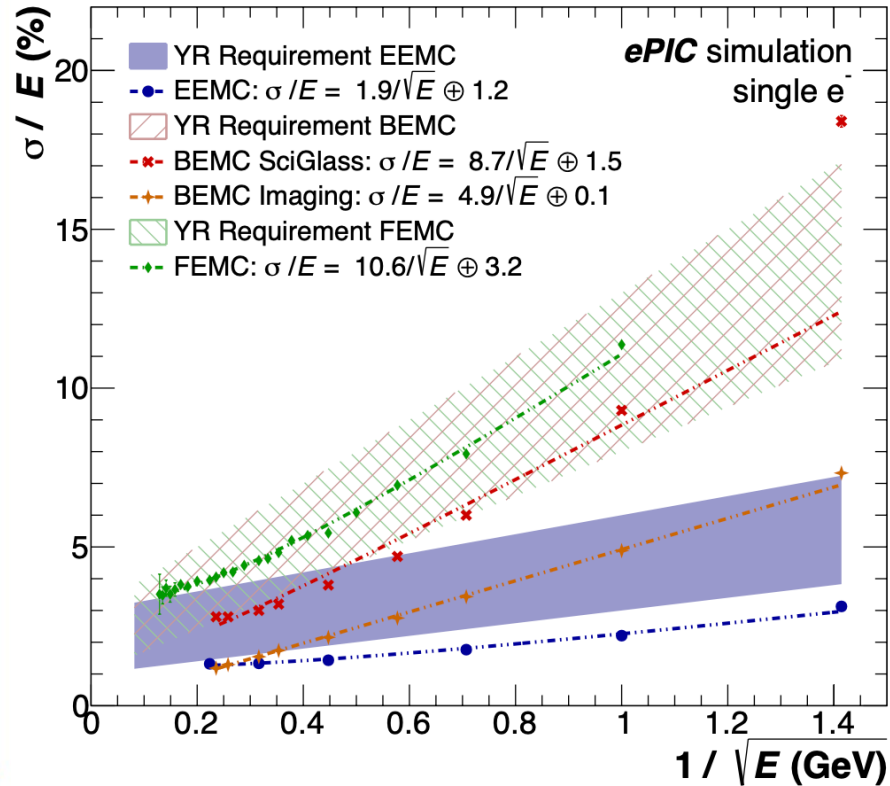
Implemented **IP8 IR** and **Far-forward detector** setup in DD4hep simulations

- Need to work on optimization of detector layout

Focus on **incoherent veto to understand background** and acceptance/detection efficiency

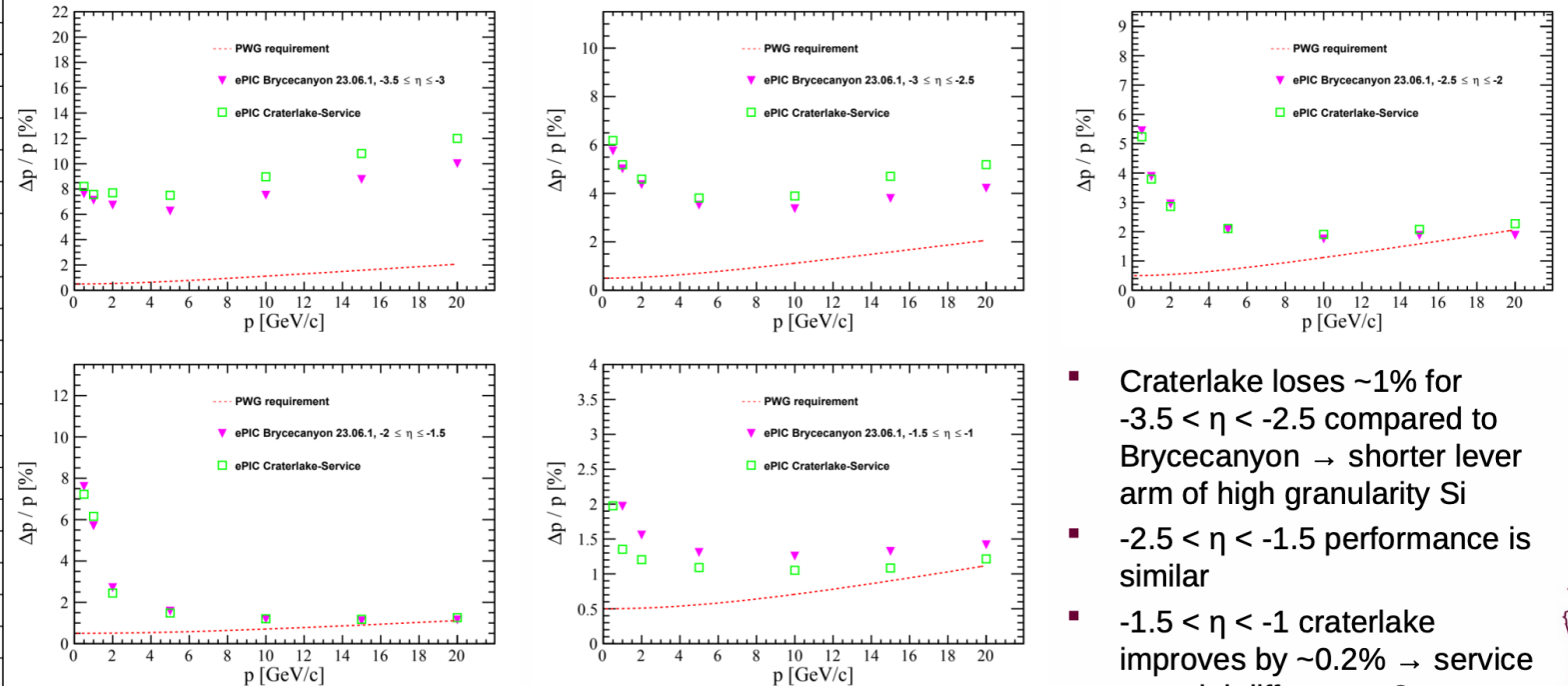
# Backup Slides

# Tracking/Energy Resolution in Backward



From Friederike Bock

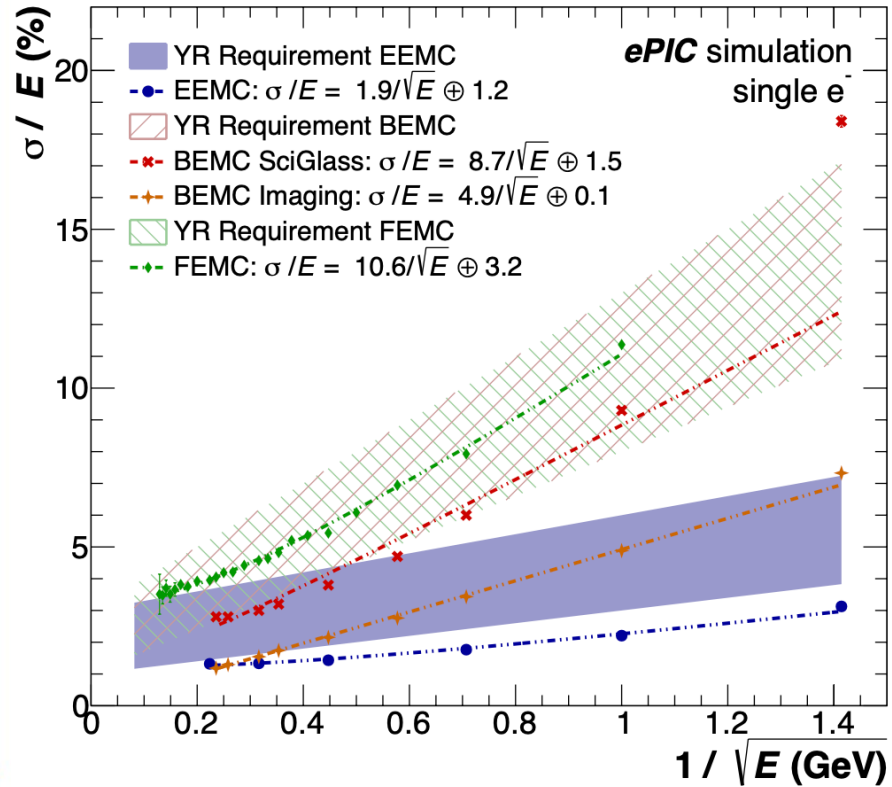
## Relative Momentum Resolution Backward (pions)



- Craterlake loses ~1% for  $-3.5 < \eta < -2.5$  compared to Brycecanyon → shorter lever arm of high granularity Si
- $-2.5 < \eta < -1.5$  performance is similar
- $-1.5 < \eta < -1$  craterlake improves by ~0.2% → service material differences?

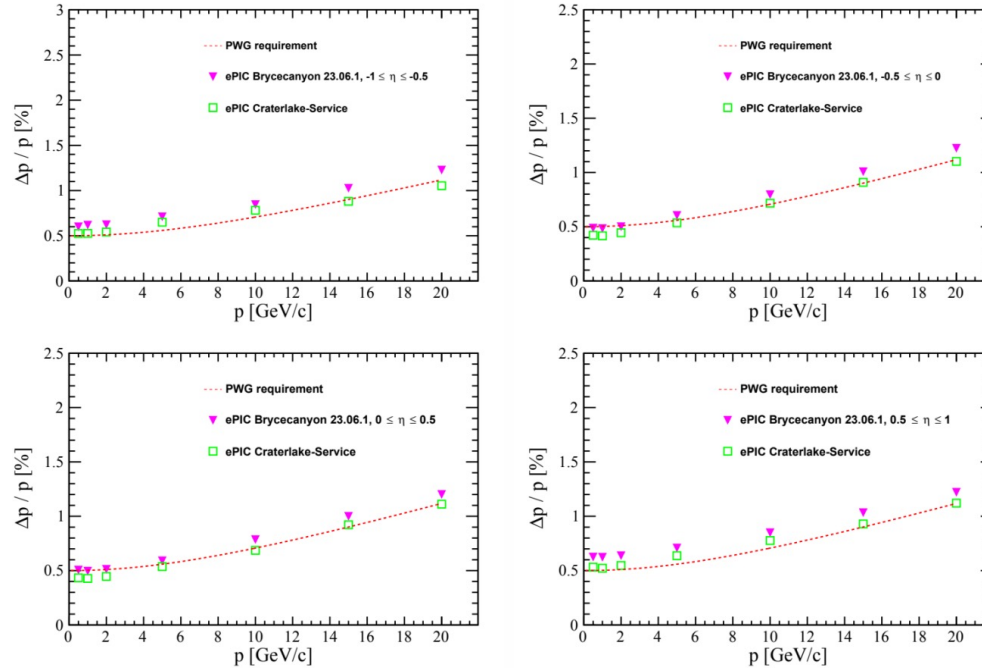
From Stephan Maple

# Tracking/Energy in Central



From Friederike Bock

## Relative Momentum Resolution Central (pions)



- Craterlake improves  $dp/p$  by  $\sim 0.1\%$  in central region  $\rightarrow$  removal of L2 support material

From Stephan Maple

# t Resolution

