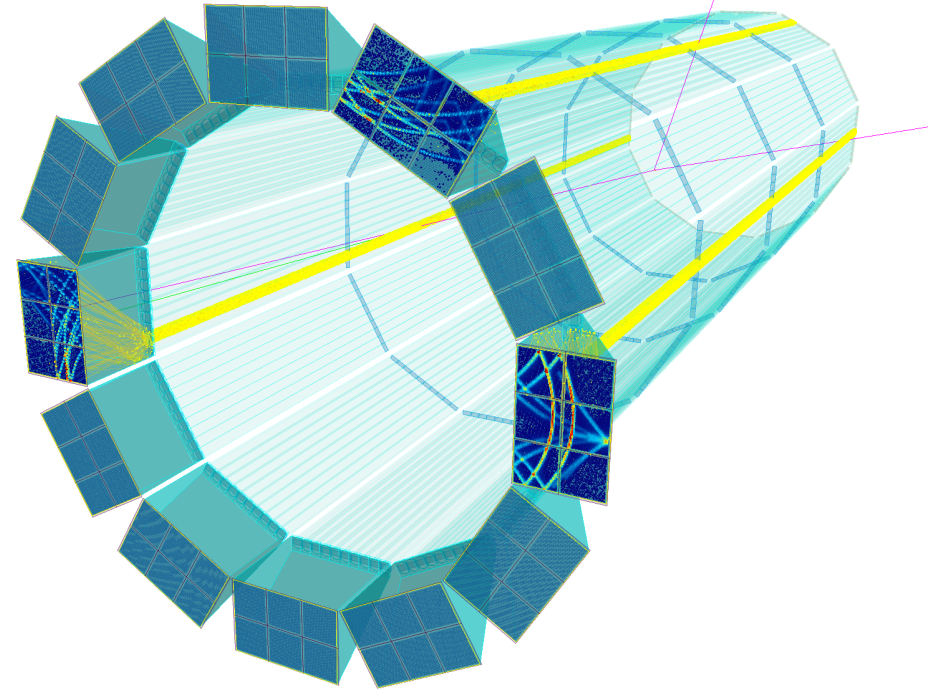
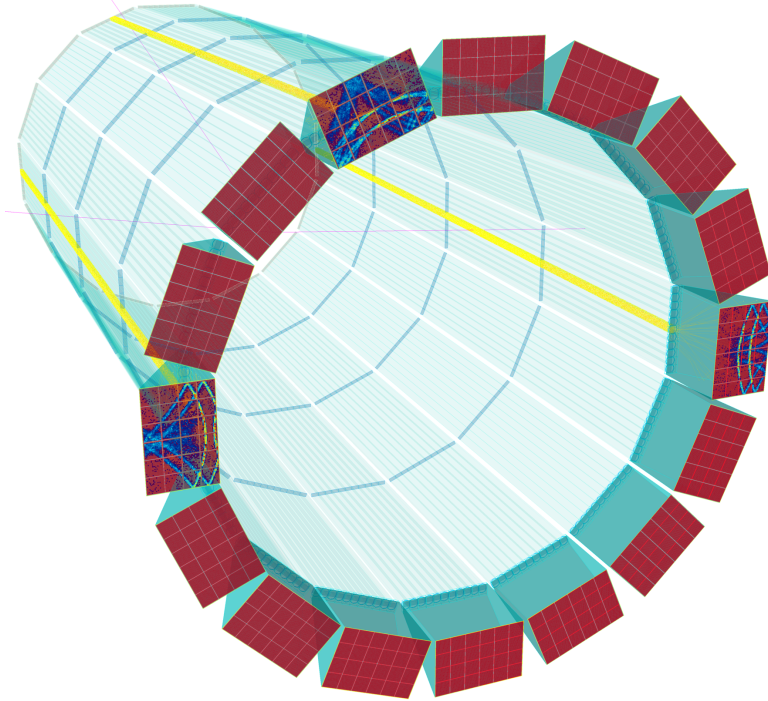


# ePIC hpDIRC



Greg Kalicy

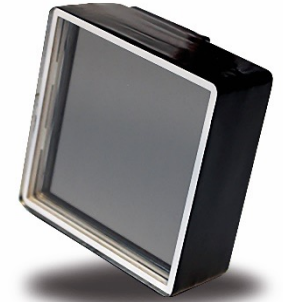


# HPDIRC PHOTSENSORS

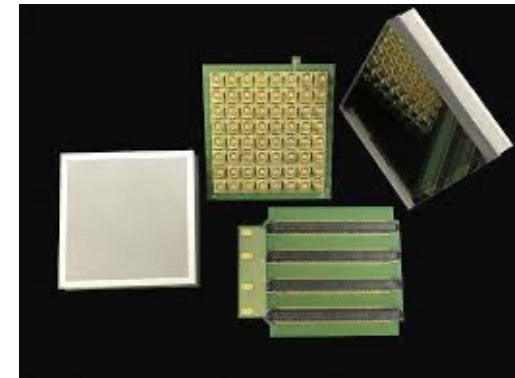
## hpDIRC sensor: Microchannel-Plate PMT

- Baseline sensor for hpDIRC: 2" MCP-PMTs from Photonis\* or Photek
  - Potential solution: DC-coupled Incom HRPPD
    - Evaluation studies in preparation for both solutions (eRD110 + Jlab and pFRICH)
    - In the future hpDIRC Prototype at CRT can be used for prototype sensor studies
- MCP-PMTs in principle capable of meeting all hpDIRC requirements (A. Lehmann@RICH2022)
- Successful application in Belle-II TOP (Hamamatsu 1" MCP-PMTs) and PANDA/EIC DIRC beam tests (Photonis 2" MCP-PMTs)
- Lifetime-enhanced 2" MCP-PMTs commercially available from Photonis\* and Photek with suitable DC-coupled anode configurations
- Good performance of 8x8 anode versions in PANDA MCP-test stands (see S. Krauss, RICH2022), configuration with smaller anodes to be validated
- Ongoing development at Incom: 12 cm-sized Gen III HRPPDs, 32x32 anodes
  - Active project, supported by EIC PED funds, baseline sensor for ePIC pFRICH

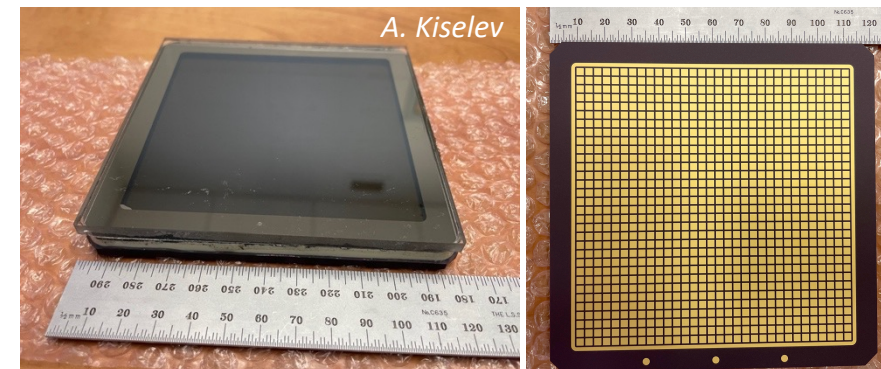
PHOTONIS XP85122-S



Photek MAPMT 253



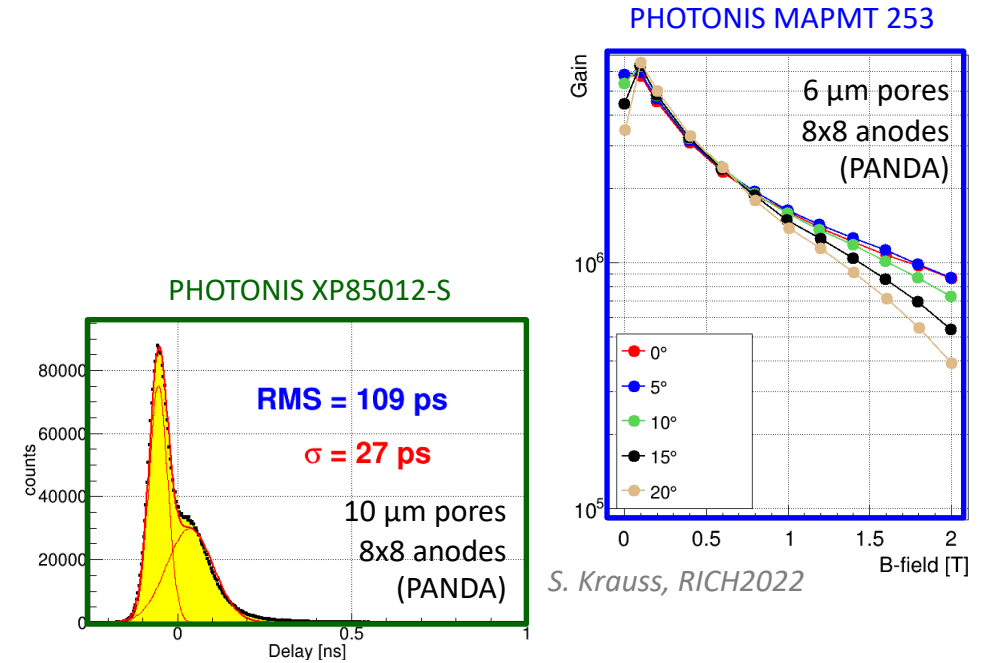
INCOM Gen III HRPPD prototype (front/back view)



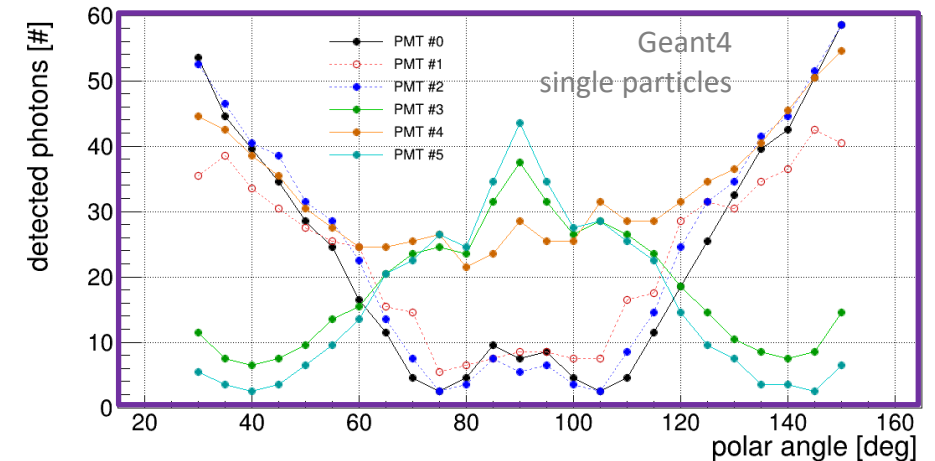
# PHOTOSENSORS

## hpDIRC sensor requirements

- Single photon sensitivity in ePIC magnetic field:  $10^6$  gain at  $\sim 1$  T
- Fast timing for single photons: timing precision (rms)  $< 100$  ps
- Large active area ratio for tiled sensors: goal  $> 75\%$
- High PDE in visible range: goal  $> 25\%$  at 400 nm
- Small pixels: anode pixel size  $< 3.5$  mm
- Tolerance for high photon rates: goal  $> 0.5$  MHz/cm<sup>2</sup>
- Tolerance for high occupancies: up to 200+ photoelectrons per particle, need DC-coupled anodes
- Long lifetime: goal  $> 10$  C/cm<sup>2</sup>



Expected number of photoelectrons per particle per 12 cm x 12 cm sensor

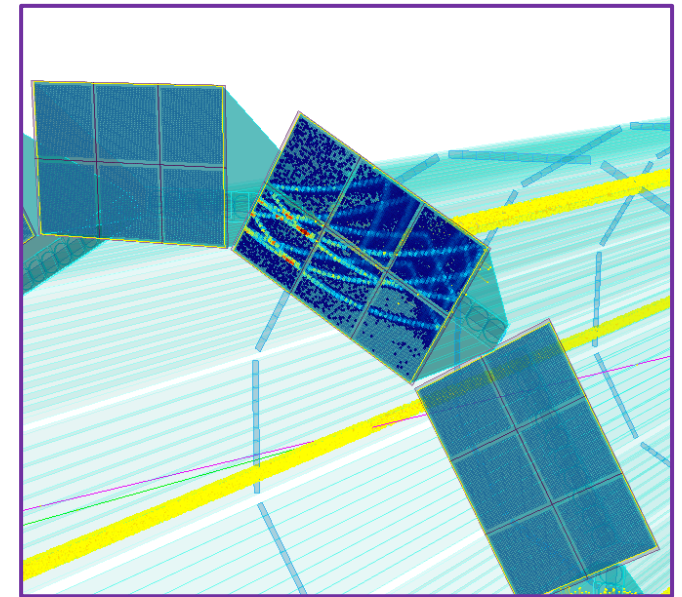


# PHOTOSENSORS

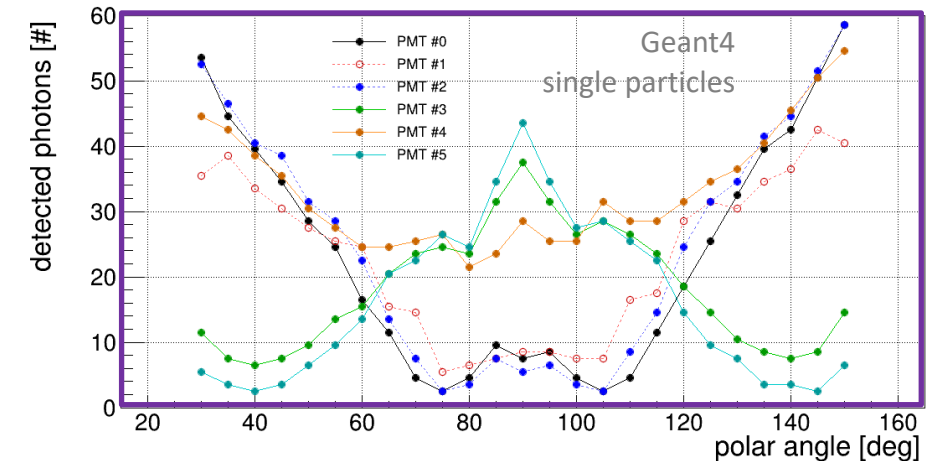
## hpDIRC sensor requirements

- Single photon sensitivity in ePIC magnetic field:  $10^6$  gain at  $\sim 1\text{T}$
- Fast timing for single photons: timing precision (rms)  $< 100\text{ ps}$
- Large active area ratio for tiled sensors: goal  $> 75\%$
- High PDE in visible range: goal  $> 25\%$  at  $400\text{ nm}$
- Small pixels: anode pixel size  $< 3.5\text{ mm}$
- Tolerance for high photon rates: goal  $> 0.5\text{ MHz/cm}^2$
- Tolerance for high occupancies: up to 200+ photoelectrons per particle, need DC-coupled anodes
- Long lifetime: goal  $> 10\text{ C/cm}^2$

hpDIRC Simulation with Incom HRPPD



Expected number of photoelectrons per particle per 12 cm x 12 cm sensor

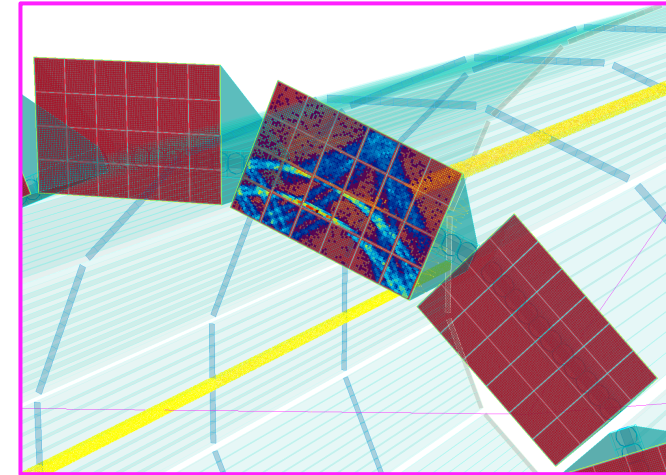


# PHOTOSENSORS

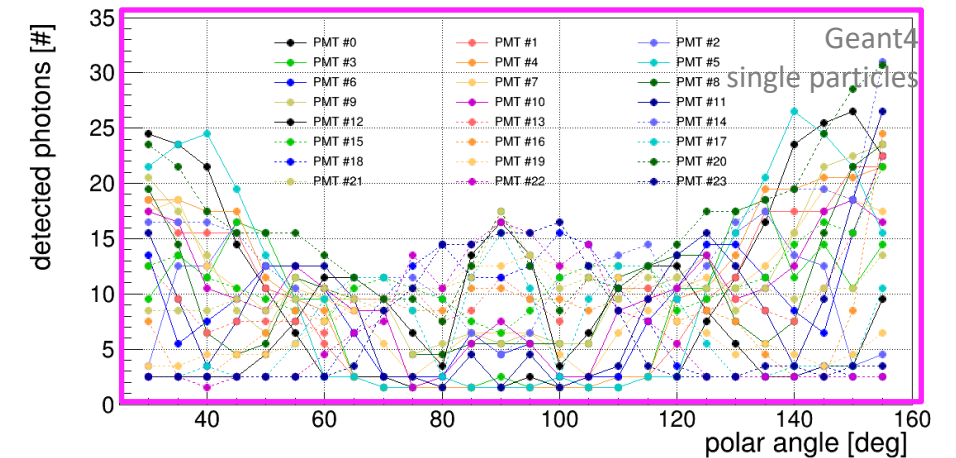
## hpDIRC sensor requirements

- Single photon sensitivity in ePIC magnetic field:  $10^6$  gain at  $\sim 1\text{T}$
- Fast timing for single photons: timing precision (rms)  $< 100\text{ ps}$
- Large active area ratio for tiled sensors: goal  $> 75\%$
- High PDE in visible range: goal  $> 25\%$  at  $400\text{ nm}$
- Small pixels: anode pixel size  $< 3.5\text{ mm}$
- Tolerance for high photon rates: goal  $> 0.5\text{ MHz/cm}^2$
- Tolerance for high occupancies: up to 200+ photoelectrons per particle, need DC-coupled anodes
- Long lifetime: goal  $> 10\text{ C/cm}^2$

hpDIRC Simulation with baseline 2" MCP-PMTs



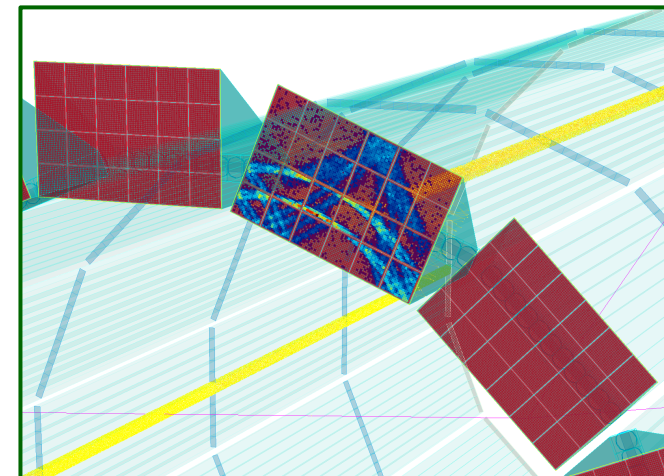
Expected number of photoelectrons per particle per 6 cm x 6 cm sensor



# HPDIRC PHOTSENSORS

- Measurements of all three types of sensors are in preparation by Glasgow group
- Main goals:
  - Demonstrate that the tubes do not suffer from coherent oscillations at high intensities
  - Single-photon timing precision (both transit time spread and rms timing)
- Photek tube and adapter board purchased by Jlab
- Photonis tube potentially available from eRD14 effort
- HRPPDs purchased for tests, will need scheduling to be shared between groups
- Future tests:
  - Collection and Quantum efficiency
  - Uniformity
  - Integration with EICROC

*hpDIRC Simulation with baseline 2" MCP-PMTs*



*hpDIRC Simulation with Incom HRPPD*

