# **IP8 DD4Hep Simulation**

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### **IP8 Far-Forward Layout**

- World Volume filled with Vacuum
- Origin (0 cm, 0 cm, 0 cm)
- Crossing angles
  - lon crossing angle = +0.035 rad
- No beam pipe implemented yet





Reference from <u>https://wiki.bnl.gov/eic-detector-2/images/d/de/IR8\_magnet\_layout\_12052022.xlsx</u> Reference from <u>https://wiki.bnl.gov/eic-detector-2/images/8/86/IP8\_HSR\_lattice\_performance\_10\_13\_22\_v3.pdf</u>

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## **Far-Forward Acceptance**



### Method

#### • Far-Forward region

- Particles with  $\theta < \sim 37 \text{ mrad} (2.1^{\circ})$
- Tag charged hadrons (protons, pions) or neutral particles (neutrons, photons)
- Single particle simulation focusing on scattering angle  $0 < \theta_{MC} < 5$  mrad
  - Roman Pot at Secondary Focus for detecting charged particles from nuclear breakup
    - Proton energy:  $E_p = 275 \text{ GeV}$
  - Zero Degree Calorimeter for detecting photons and neutrons
    - Neutron energy:  $E_n = 275 \text{ GeV} (*\theta_{MC} < 10 \text{ mrad})$
  - Off-Momentum Detector for detecting protons from nuclear breakup
    - Proton energy: 123.75 GeV (45%) <  $E_p$  < 151.25 GeV (55%)



### **Roman Pots at Secondary Focus**

Single Proton E = 275 GeV  $0 < \theta_{MC} < 5$  mrad



About 95.4 % events were accepted and observed losses at higher theta (polar angle) Clipping occurs in Quadrupoles for protons

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# Kindly Provided by Alex Jentsch using EicRoot Simulation Event Display Reference from https://wiki.bnl.gov/eic-detector-2/images/8/86/IP8\_HSR\_lattice\_performance\_10\_13\_22\_v3.pdf Clipping on Acceptance of Far-Forward

275 GeV Neutrons





123.75 – 151.25 GeV Protons



DD4hep simulation event display was not successful...

### **Roman Pots at Secondary Focus**

Single Proton E = 275 GeV  $0 < \theta_{MC} < 5$  mrad



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Single Proton E = 275 GeV  $0 < \theta_{MC} < 5$  mrad







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Single Neutron E = 275 GeV  $0 < \theta_{MC} < 5$  mrad



Single Neutron E = 275 GeV  $0 < \theta_{MC} < 5$  mrad



### **Off Momentum Detectors**

Single Proton 123.75 GeV (45%) < E < 151.25 GeV (55%)  $0 < \theta_{MC} < 5$  mrad



About 64.7 % events were accepted where scattering angle stretched upto 2 mrad Hadron lattice in simulation set to be 275 GeV proton

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## **Incoherent Tagging Power**



### Method

• Used **BeAGLE** 791k events with  $1 < Q^2 < 10$ 

- **ePb 18**×**110 GeV incoherent diffractive**  $J/\psi(\mu\mu)$  **events**  $ePb \rightarrow e' + J/\psi(\mu\mu) + X$ (S3/eictest/EPIC/EVGEN/EXCLUSIVE/DIFFRACTIVE\_JPSI\_ABCONV/BeAGLE/ePb\_18x108.41\_tau10\_B1.1\_Jpsi\_highstats/ePb\_18x108.41\_tune3\_tau10\_B1.1\_extracted\_Jmu\_1-9.hepmc)
- Through afterburner : applied crossing angle 35 mrad and beam parameters as in IP6 eAu from EIC CDR table 3.5
- Discarded events having more than one electrons in final state within  $\eta < -1$
- Calculated  $10\sigma$  radial cut based on IP6 eAu from EIC CDR table 3.5
  - $R_{10\sigma} \sim 3.89526 \text{ mm}$
- Tagging power
  - Checked if any registered RAW hits exist in any of far-forward detectors, then be tagged \*no central detector yet\*
  - For **RPSF**, if any registered RAW hits exist less than  $10\sigma$  cut, \***not be tagged**\*



## Final-state Electrons

Candidates for e'

BeAGLE 18x110 GeV<sup>2</sup> Incoherent events  $ePb \rightarrow e' + J/\psi(\mu\mu) + X$ 

Within BeAGLE incoherent J/ $\psi$  events, there can be multiple electrons in final-state If there are multiple electrons, take electron having less than -1 in rapidity However, more than one electron heading backward ( $\eta < -1$ ), then discard for now



### **Nuclear Breakups Distribution**

BeAGLE 18x110 GeV<sup>2</sup> Incoherent events  $ePb \rightarrow e' + J/\psi(\mu\mu) + X$ 

	Nuclear Breakups at Final State	Number of Events
Generated Level	Only Neutrons	7.55 %
	Only Protons	0.0 %
	Only Photons	3.23 %
	Neutrons + Protons	3.28 %
	Neutrons + Photons	43.97 %
	Protons + Photons	2.24 %
	Neutrons + Protons + Photons	39.73 %



### t distribution

#### BeAGLE 18x110 GeV<sup>2</sup> Incoherent events $ePb \rightarrow e' + I/\psi(\mu\mu) + X$



### **Nuclear Breakups Distribution**

#### BeAGLE 18x110 GeV<sup>2</sup> Incoherent events $ePb \rightarrow e' + J/\psi(\mu\mu) + X$







**Remaining Events** 

Remaining events have higher mass nuclear remnants and low number of particles in final state

### **Remaining Events**

#### BeAGLE 18x110 GeV<sup>2</sup> Incoherent events $ePb \rightarrow e' + J/\psi(\mu\mu) + X$



Remaining events have higher mass nuclear remnants and very small scattering angle

### Summary

- Converted coordinate system in IP8 far-forward lattice and detectors in DD4hep simulation
  - $\circ$  From machine coordinate to electron beamline reference + origin (0,0,0)
  - Expect to make easier to add central detector with IP8 FF
- With basic components are in-place, looked at acceptance on each FF detector which makes sense
  - Some further optimizations needed
- $_{\odot}$  Given current layout, looked at incoherent event on tagging power with 1 < Q^2 < 10 and t < 0.2
  - Checked on coherent diffractive minima at t ~ 0.02, 0.05, and 0.1
  - Tagging power ~ 96%, 98%, and 99% at t ~ 0.02, 0.05, and 0.1
  - Regarding remaining events, it has low number of particles in final state and high mass nuclear remnants



### **Next Steps**

- Add simplified beampipe in DD4hep to quantify impact on acceptance/efficiency
- **Add central tracker only** to reconstruct vector meson  $(J/\psi)$  in mid-rapidity
- Optimize detector layout and find possible technologies and required energy/spatial resolution

□ Add threshold in terms of hit reconstruction

□ Find link to connect **hit-level info to true particle ID** 



## BackUp Slide



### **Q<sup>2</sup>** and t Distribution

BeAGLE 18x110 GeV<sup>2</sup> Incoherent events  $ePb \rightarrow e' + J/\psi(\mu\mu) + X$ 

