

The vessel at Stony Brook

pfRICH project

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on behalf of the Stony Brook team

Center for Frontiers in Nuclear Science

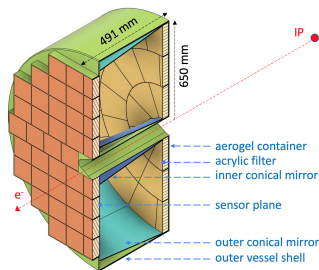
pfRICH group meeting

November 16, 2023



Introduction

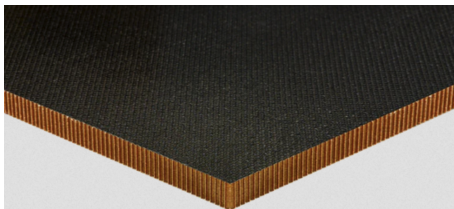
- **Key feature:** Cylindrical vessel outer shell.



- Engineering aspects need attention for DOE reviews in 2024-2025.
- Outer shell construction **crucial for light and gas-tight enclosure.**

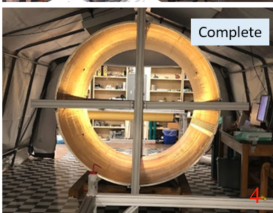
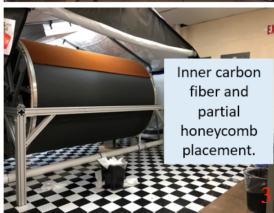
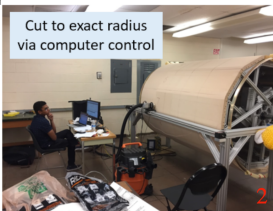
Vessel dimensions: measurements

- ▶ **Shape:** 1/2" thick cylinder (12.7 mm)
- ▶ **Outer Diameter:** 1300 mm
- ▶ **Length:** 491 mm
- ▶ **Precision:** < 1 mm radius and length
- ▶ **Technology:** Carbon-fiber composite material with nomex honeycomb core.



Vessel materials

- ▶ Outer shell designed with carbon fiber honeycomb sandwich technique.
- ▶ Mimics the successful sPHENIX TPC construction method.
- ▶ Construction steps identical to sPHENIX TPC outer field cage.



Building the Cylindrical Honeycomb Shell

- **Start:**

- ▶ Craft a [dodecahedron](#) base from machinable foam.
- ▶ Ensure the foam is of [appropriate size](#).

- **Precision Shaving:**

- ▶ Utilize computer-controlled machinery for [exact radius](#).
- ▶ Guarantee [uniformity and precision](#).

- **Carbon Fiber Application:**

- ▶ Apply fine [carbon fiber](#) selectively incorporating a [honeycomb structure](#).
- ▶ Add [structural rigidity](#) while maintaining a [lightweight](#) design.

- **Final Assembly:**

- ▶ Ensure proper bonding and curing for [carbon fiber](#) and [honeycomb layers](#).
- ▶ Inspect for [imperfections](#) or areas requiring [reinforcement](#).

Steps and Milestones

- ▶ **Milestones:**

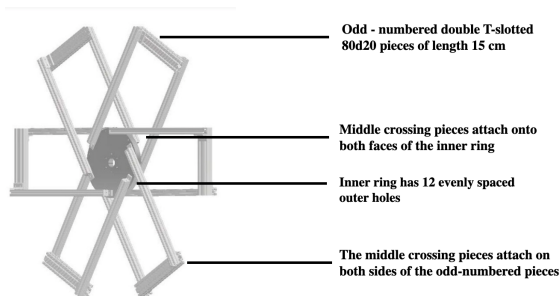
- ▶ Mandrel Completion: February 1, 2024
- ▶ Shell Completion: April 1, 2024

- ▶ **Deliverables:**

- ▶ Completed outer shell by April 1, 2024.

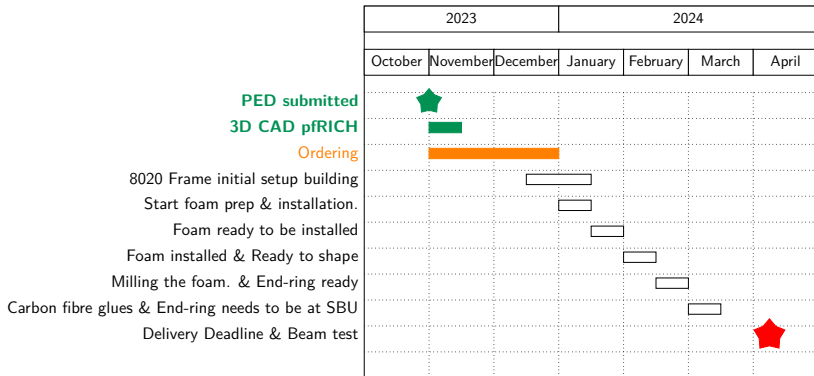
Computer-Aided Design (CAD)¹

- ▶ Developing a scalable CAD program with a 65 cm radius.
- ▶ The chosen radius is closer to the vessel's maximum diameter of 130 cm than the initial 81 cm.
- ▶ This adjustment aims to establish a preliminary correlation among different ring components.
- ▶ The choice considers the uncertainty surrounding the final diameter of the vessel.



¹From E. Gebb and S. Madishetty

Project Timeline



Mirror Coating Updates

Nov 16, 2023

Where are we? How ready are we?

- **Water cooling system Stability**
 - 24 hour continuous operation
- **Vacuum quality**
 - 3×10^{-6} Torr (current configuration limit)
- **Tape stability**
 - Stickiness and outgassing test
- **Rotation Motor**
 - Continuous 1 hour operating ~ 1 rev/s



Documentation

- **Coating Documentation:**

<https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1qd2DJs3Ms1QuVJTnB4B2kjaajST8t2qY7ZGq4mlvHr0/edit?usp=sharing>

- **Coating Plan:**

<https://elog.cfnssbu.physics.sunysb.edu/SoLID/17>

- **elog to keep track of the progress:**

<https://elog.cfnssbu.physics.sunysb.edu/SoLID/>

- **First coating preparation:**

<https://elog.cfnssbu.physics.sunysb.edu/SoLID/>

Next Step

- **First coating projected at Friday morning Nov 16th.**
- **Reflectivity measurement at BNL will follow.**
- **Tighten up the protocol on “clean” coating condition.**
 - We are coating in a dirty environment
 - Requested PED fund to help with this.
- **Practice and optimize the coating parameter**

Sincere Gratitudes for SPhenix Colleagues

- To **Ross Corliss** and **Vassu Doomra** for their patience and guidance in preparing and setting up the evaporator.