

# Muon Detection Study in the forward region at ePIC (for 2<sup>nd</sup> Detector)

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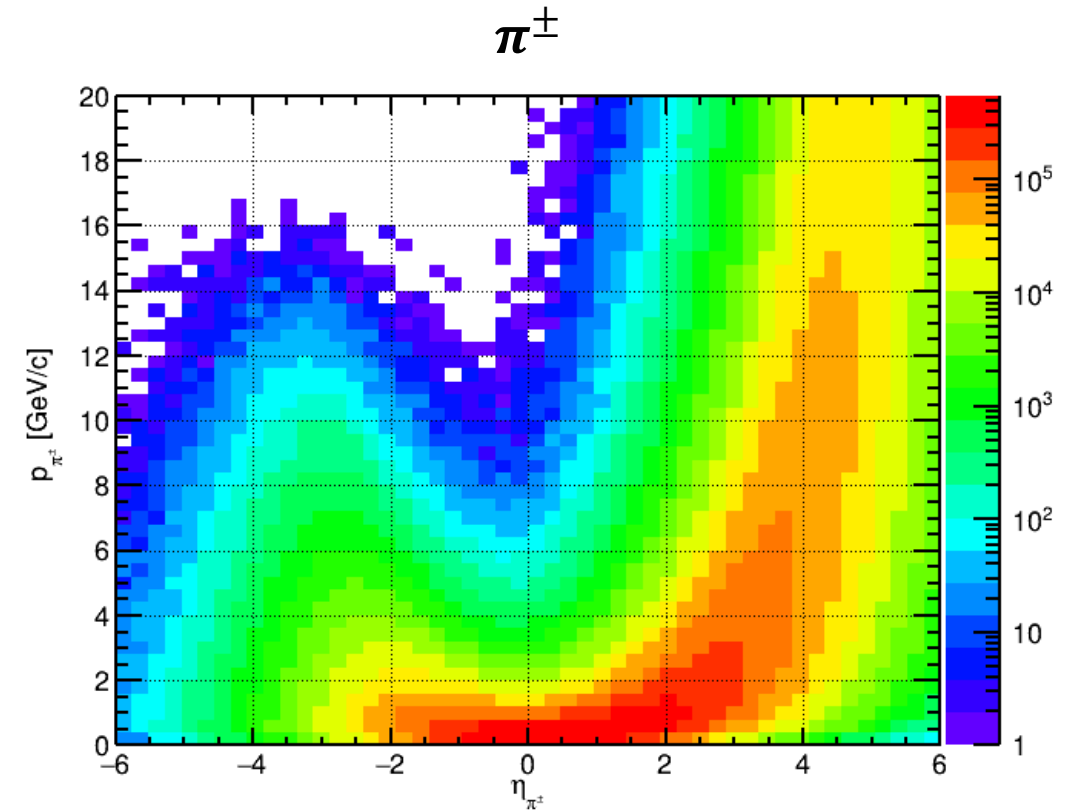
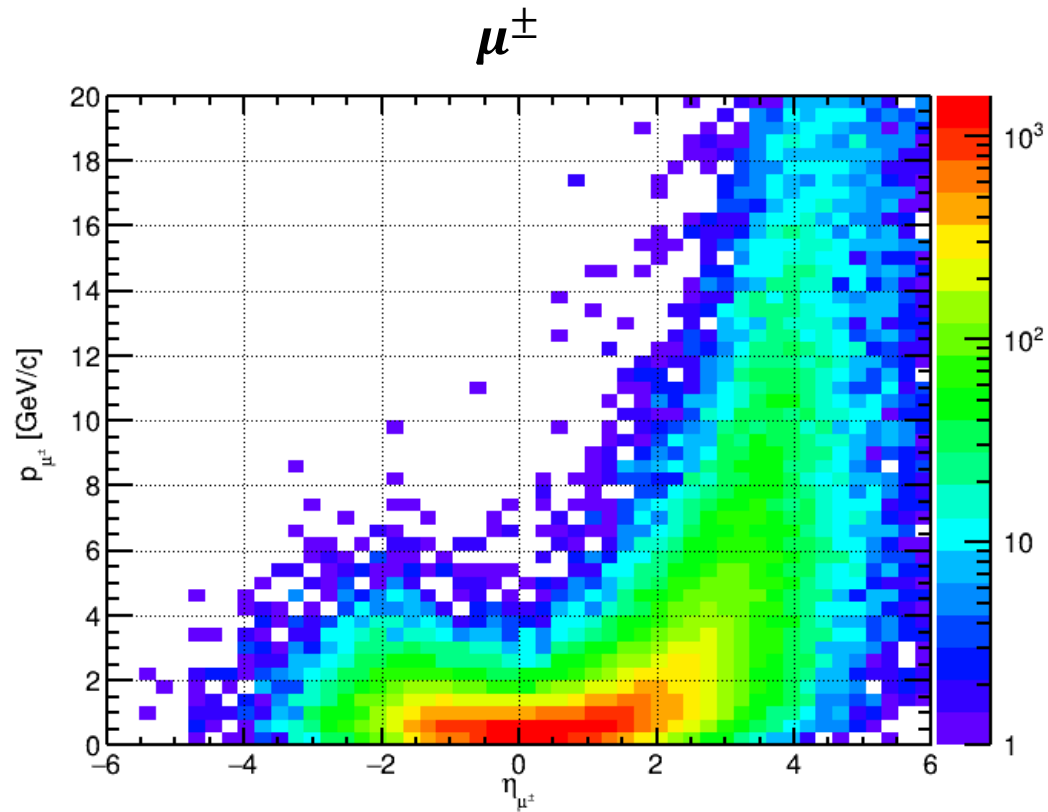
2024/10/21

# Goal, Approach, and Pythia Sample

- **Worth having Muon ID in the forward region?**
  - Look at **muon kinematics in ep** using Pythia8 (big thanks to Brian)
  - Particles we interested in: Muon and Pion
    - Pick single momentum and pseudo-rapidity
  - Evaluate **pion/muon rejection factor** at current ePIC detector
    - Use single particle simulation
    - Check response from forward EMCAL and HCAL: Energy deposit and # of hits
- **Pythia8 NC DIS ep  $5 \times 41$ ,  $10 \times 100$ , and  $18 \times 275$  GeV<sup>2</sup>**
  - **10M** events each beam configuration
  - **$Q_{\min}^2 > 1$  GeV<sup>2</sup>**
  - Look at **kinematics of muons and pions**

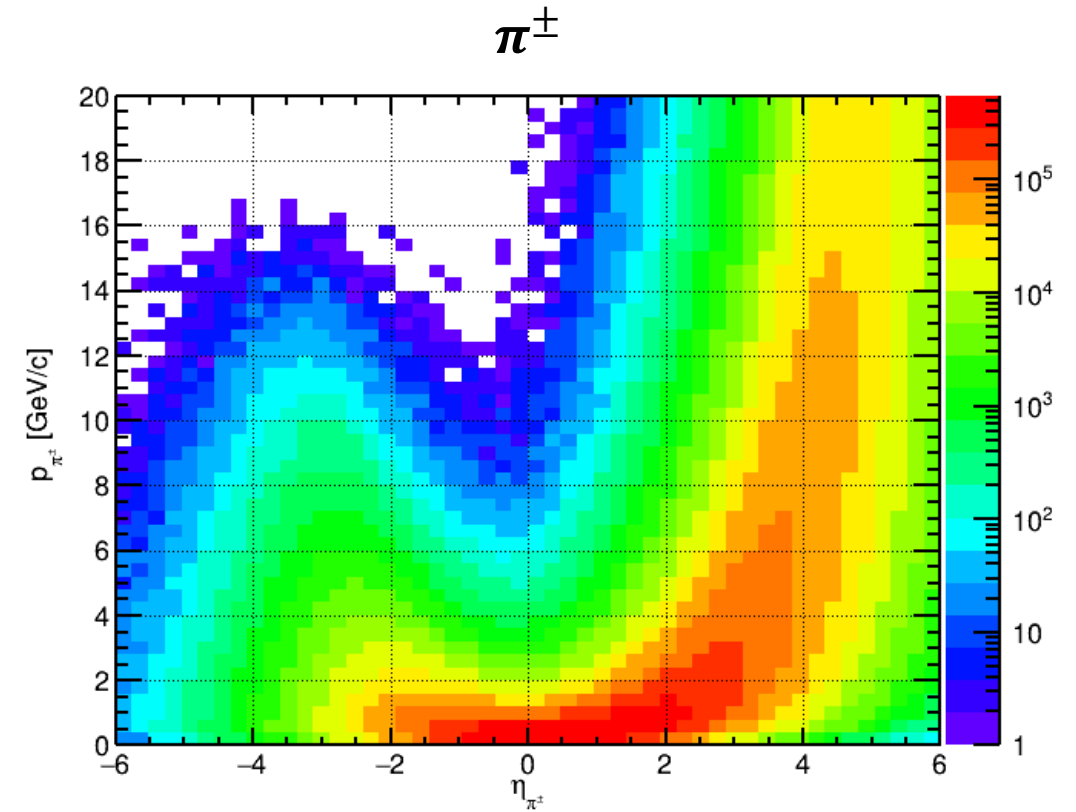
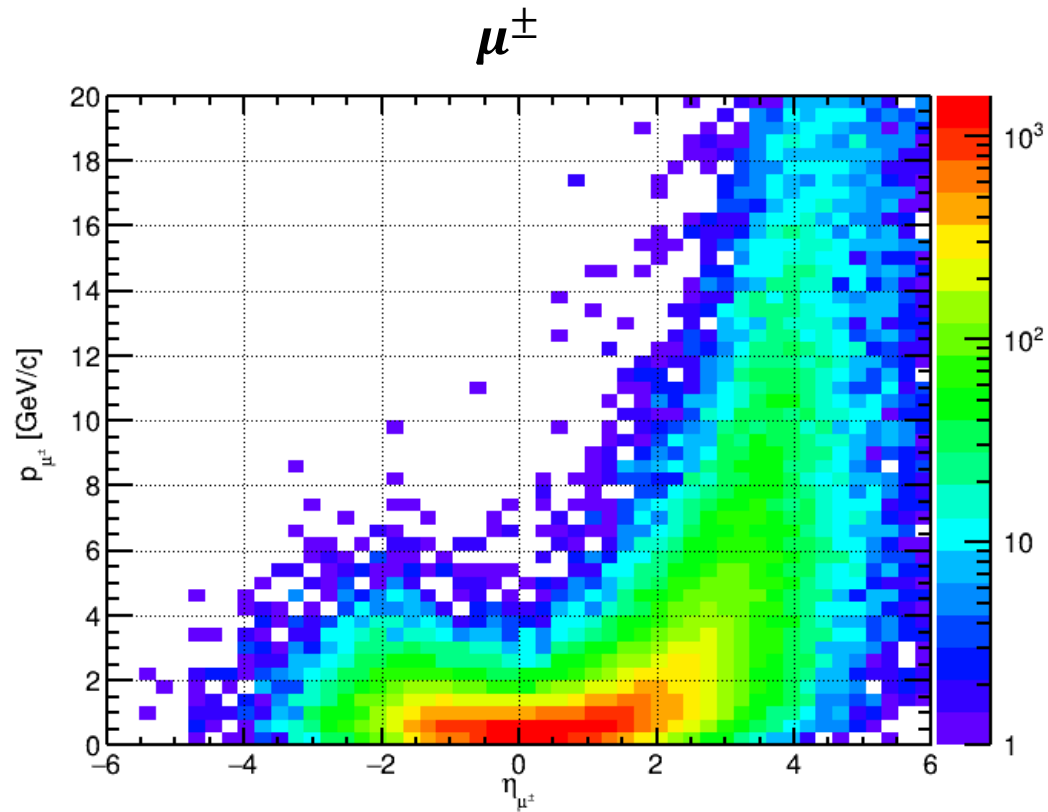
# Pythia8 Events

# Muon and Pion Kinematics – $18 \times 275 \text{ GeV}^2$



$\eta = 1.74$	1 GeV/c	2 GeV/c	5 GeV/c	10 GeV/c
Muons	736	271	22	2
Pions	368039	109691	7507	492
Ratio (Pions/Muons)	$\sim 500$	$\sim 405$	$\sim 342$	$\sim 246$

# Muon and Pion Kinematics – $18 \times 275 \text{ GeV}^2$



$\eta = 3.13$	1 GeV/c	2 GeV/c	5 GeV/c	10 GeV/c
Muons	76	110	93	34
Pions	80240	130908	97796	21590
Ratio (Pions/Muons)	$\sim 1056$	$\sim 1190$	$\sim 1052$	$\sim 635$

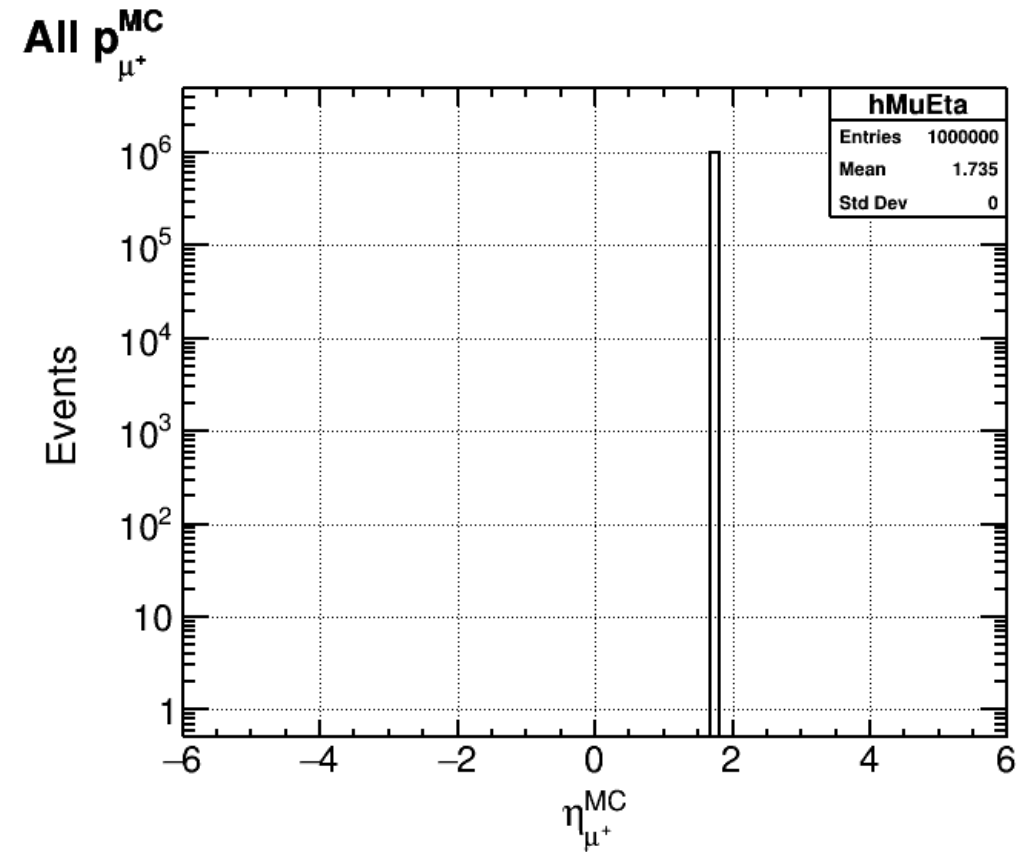
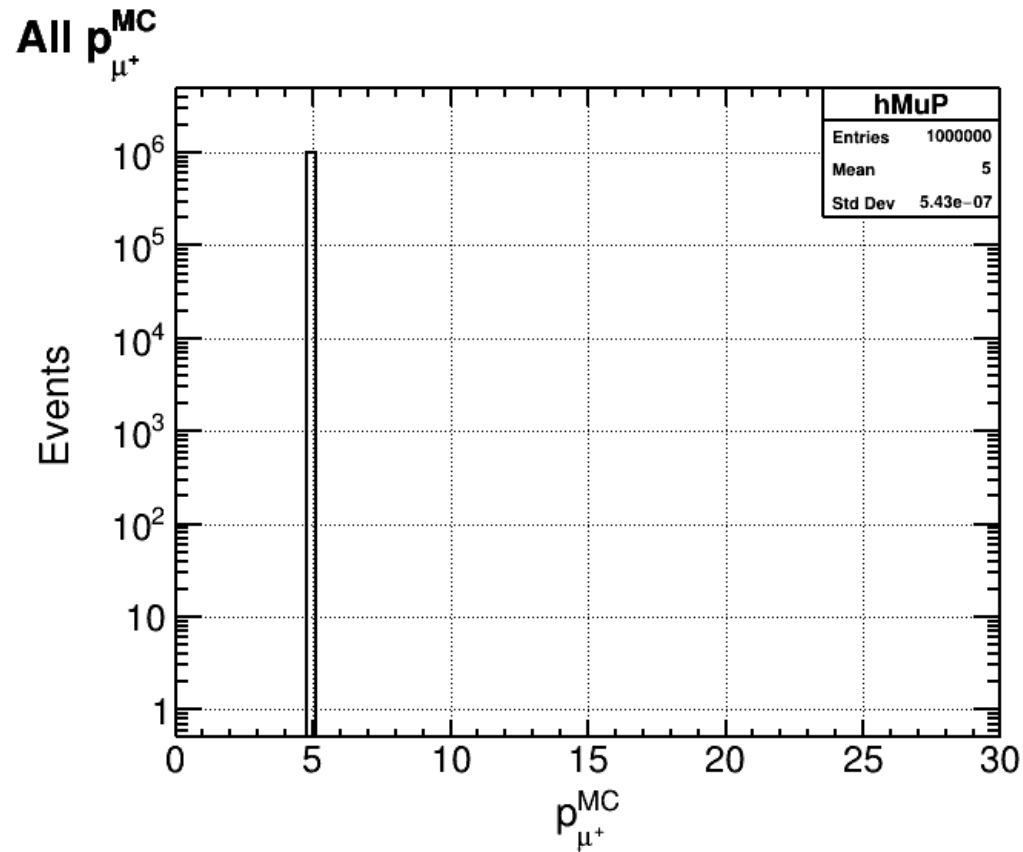
# Simulation Sample

- Single particle simulation
  - Muon ( $\mu^+$ ) and Pion ( $\pi^+$ )
  - $p = 1, 2, 5,$  and  $10$  GeV/c
  - $\eta = 1.74$  ( $\theta = 20^\circ$ ), and  $3.13$  ( $\theta = 5^\circ$ )
  - Detector responses from **Forward EMCAL** and **HCAL**
  - **Energy deposit** and **number of hits**
- Run **ePIC** simulation
  - Craterlake version
  - Forward ECAL – Tungsten power mixed with eposy + scintillating fibers,  $5\text{ cm} \times 5\text{ cm} \times 17\text{ cm}$  blocks, 4 independent towers per block, 4 SiPM per tower,  $50\text{ }\mu\text{m}$  pixel, and  $23 X_0$
  - Forward HCAL – Steel + Scintillator SiPM-on-tile, highly segmented longitudinally and 65 layers per tower (7 layers in reconstructed hit configuration)
- Muon sample used for efficiency and energy/nhit cut
- Pion sample used for contamination

# **ePIC Simulation – Muons**

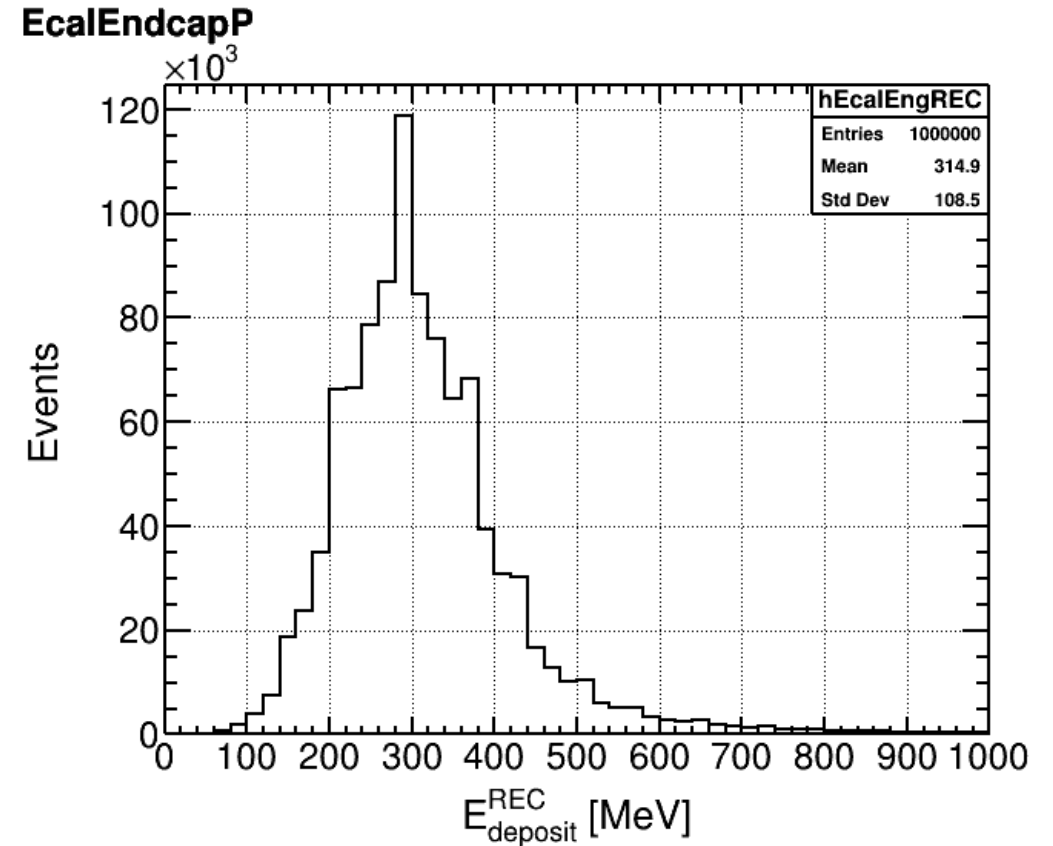
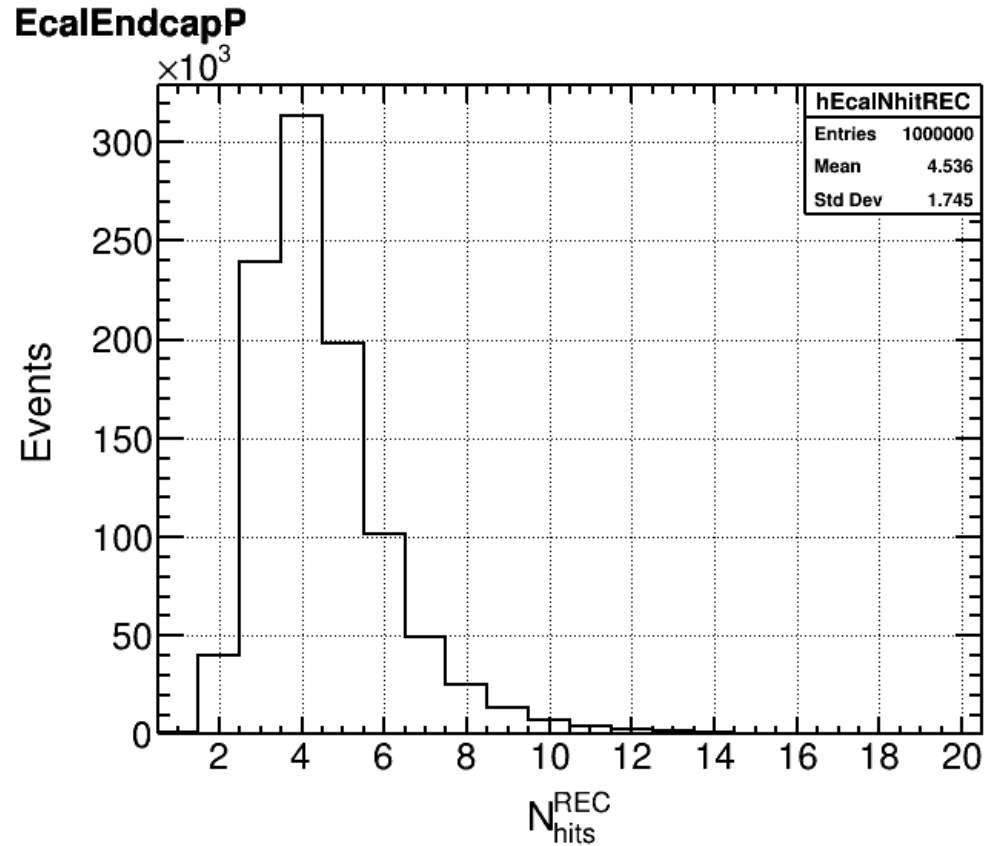
**ex) 5 GeV at  $\eta = 1.74$**

# Muon Sample – Input Distribution



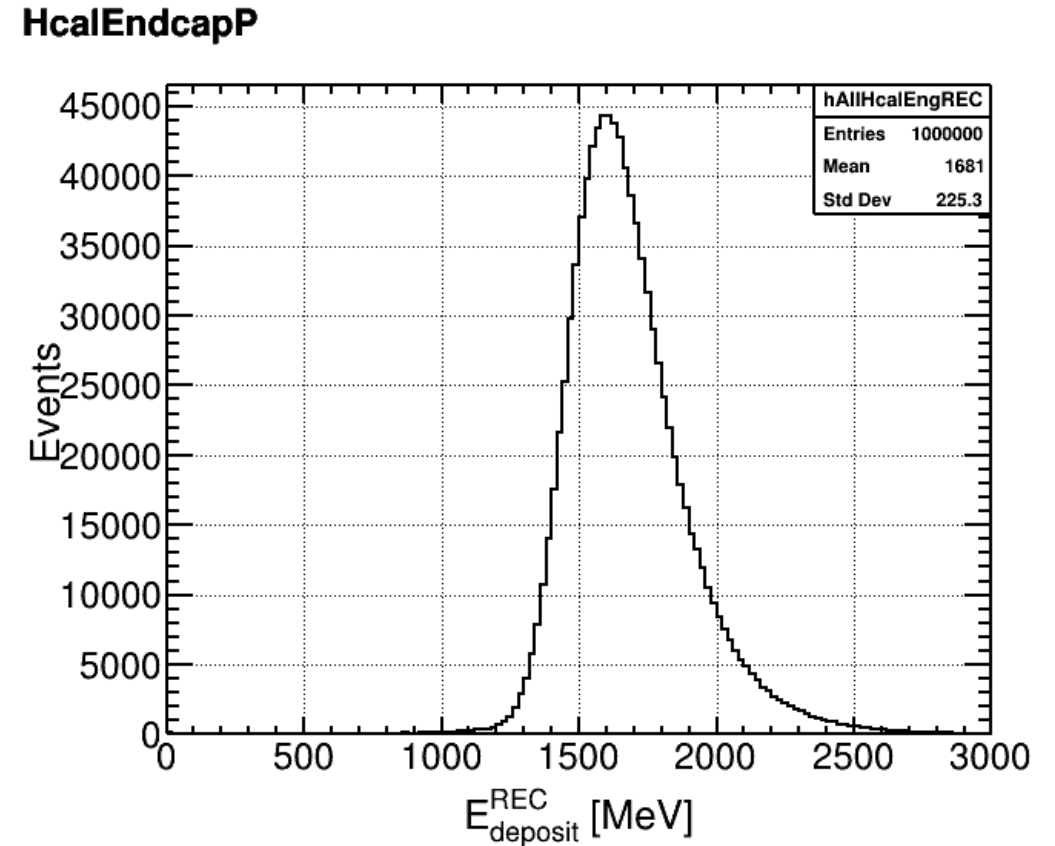
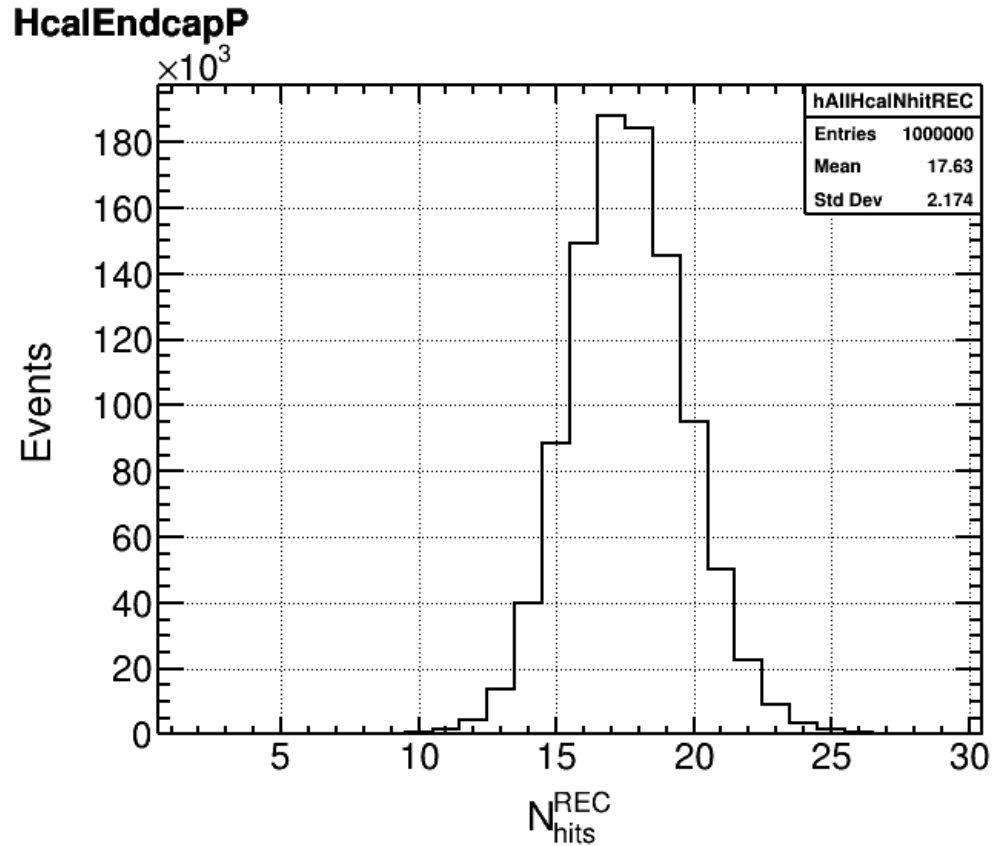


# Muon Sample – Forward ECAL



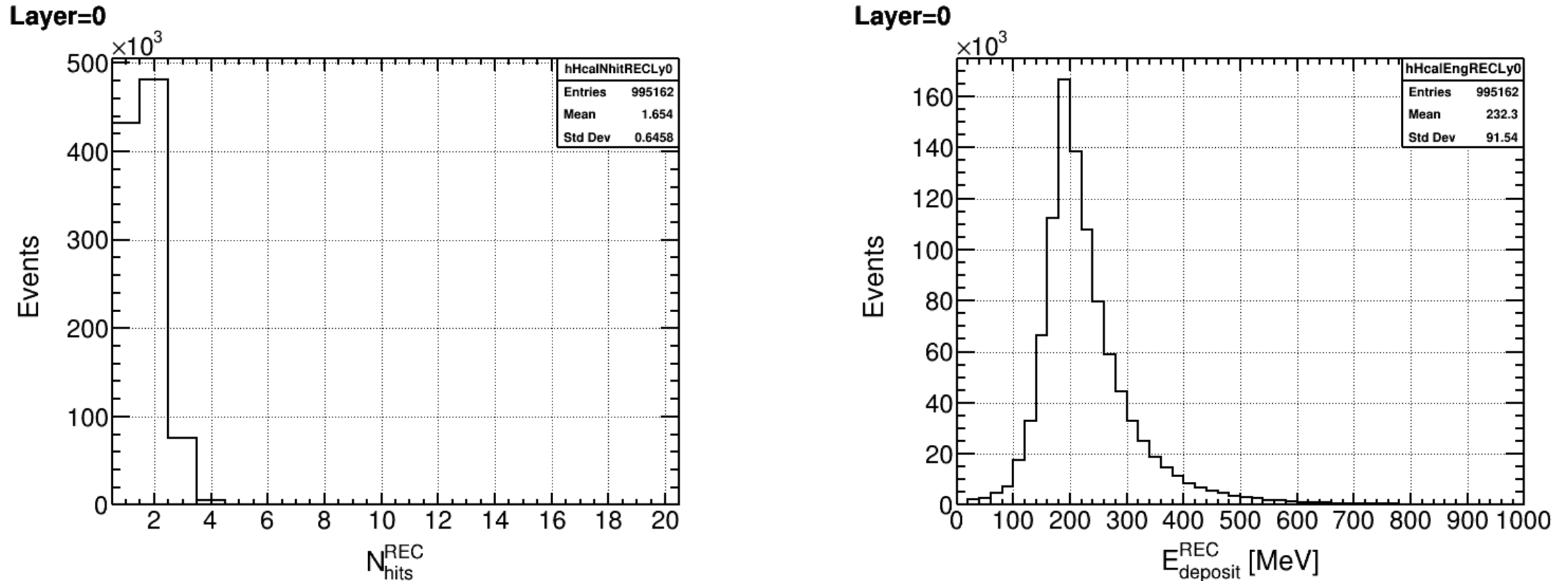
Total number of hits and total energy deposit in EMCAL

# Muon Sample – Forward HCAL



Total number of hits and total energy deposit in HCAL

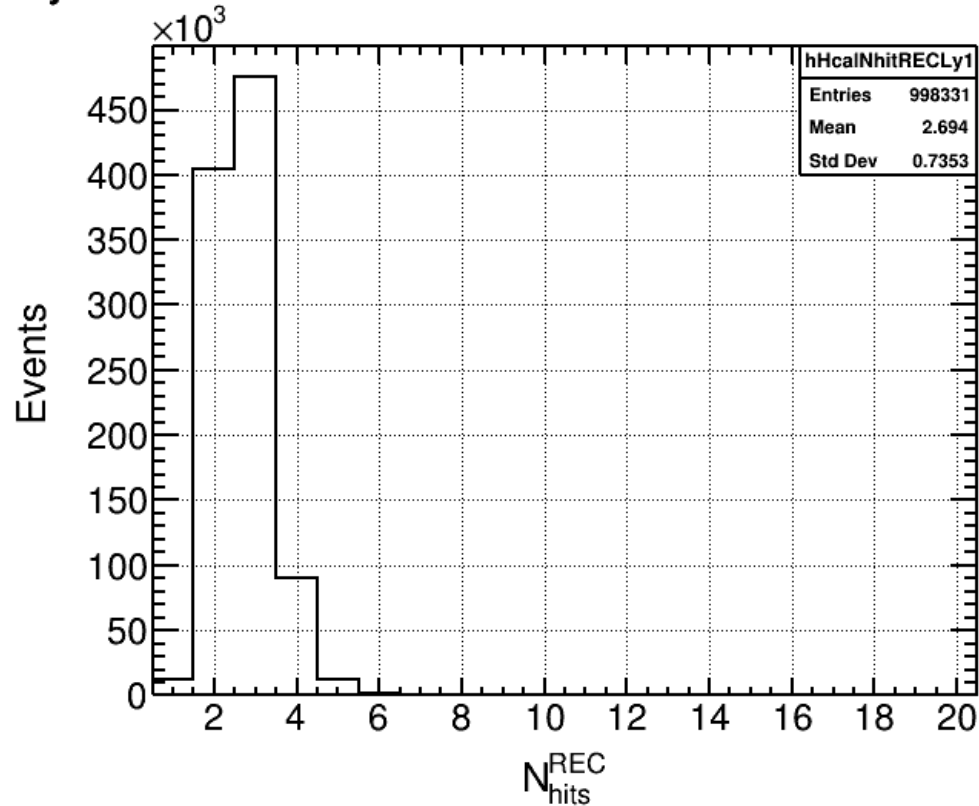
# Muon Sample – Forward HCAL (Layer0)



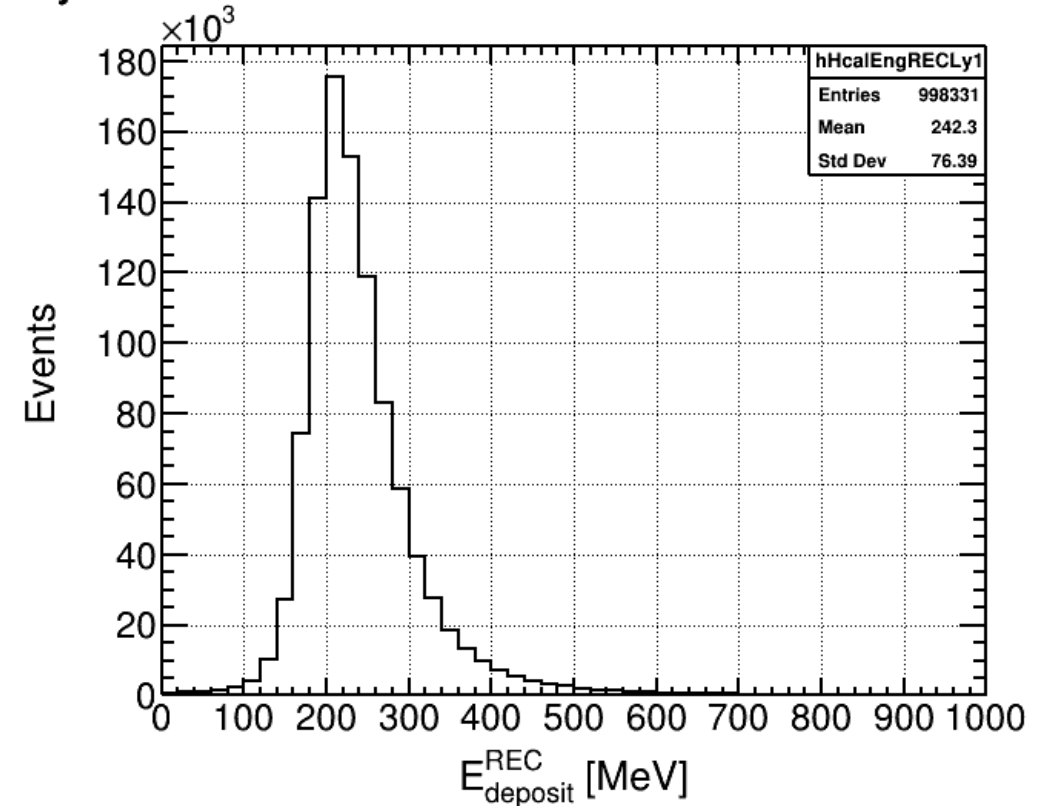
Number of hits and Energy deposit at each HCAL layer are consistent throughout entire HCAL

# Muon Sample – Forward HCAL (Layer1)

Layer=1



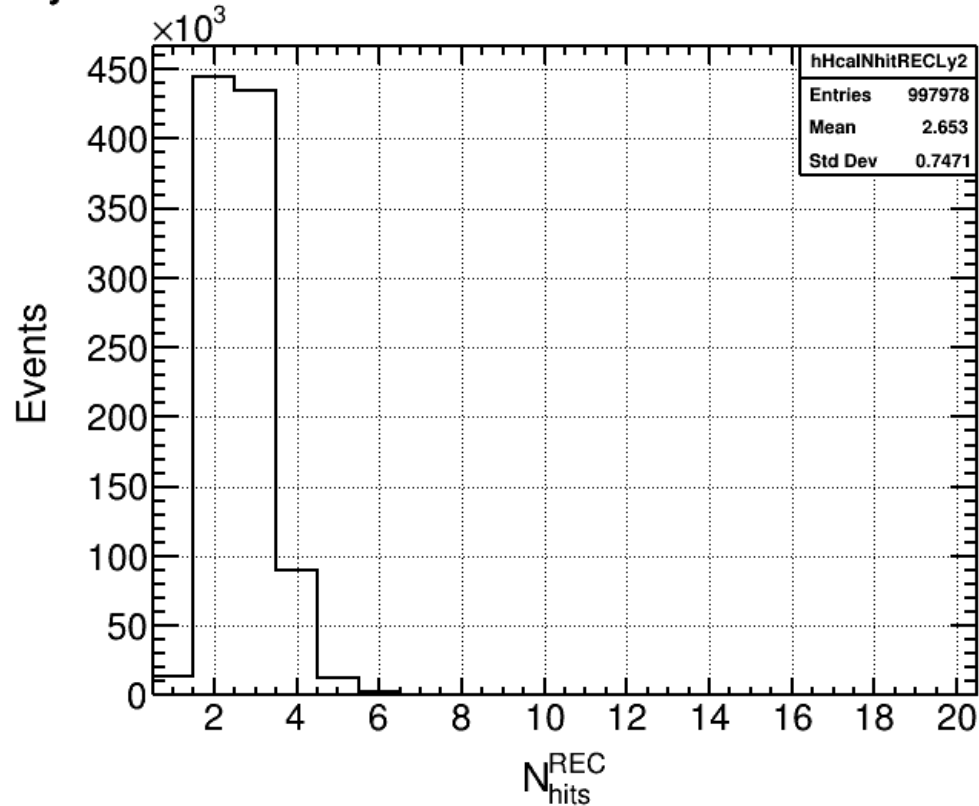
Layer=1



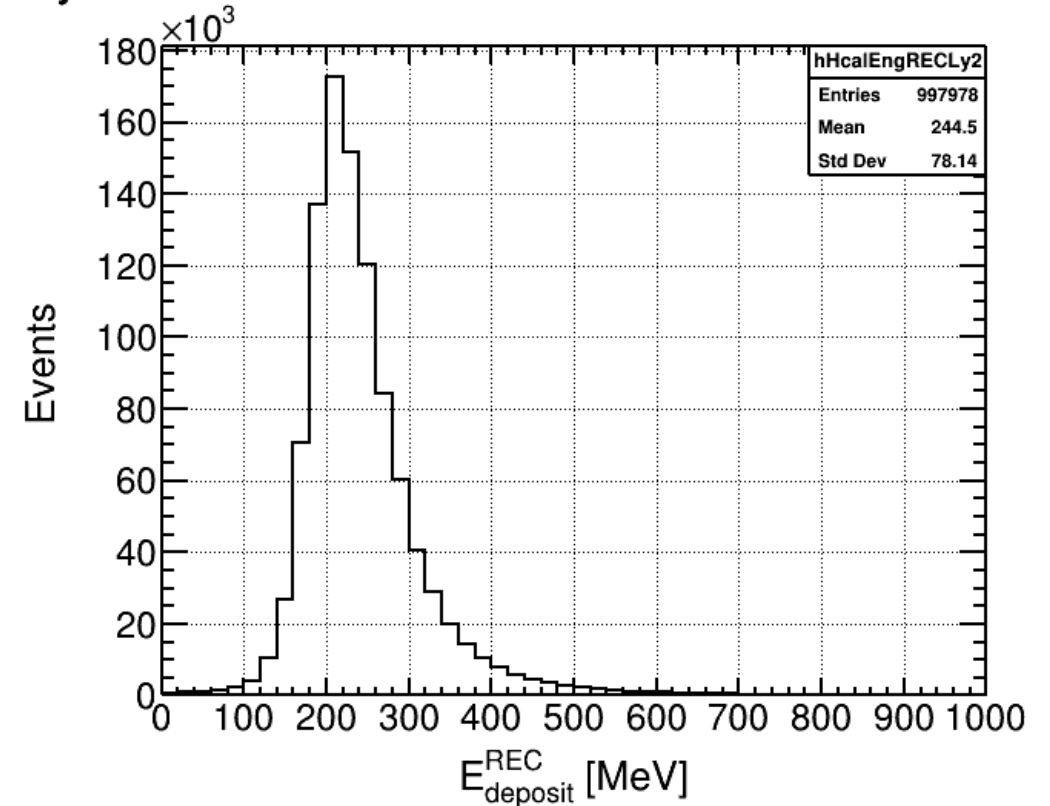
Number of hits and Energy deposit at each HCAL layer are consistent throughout entire HCAL

# Muon Sample – Forward HCAL (Layer2)

Layer=2



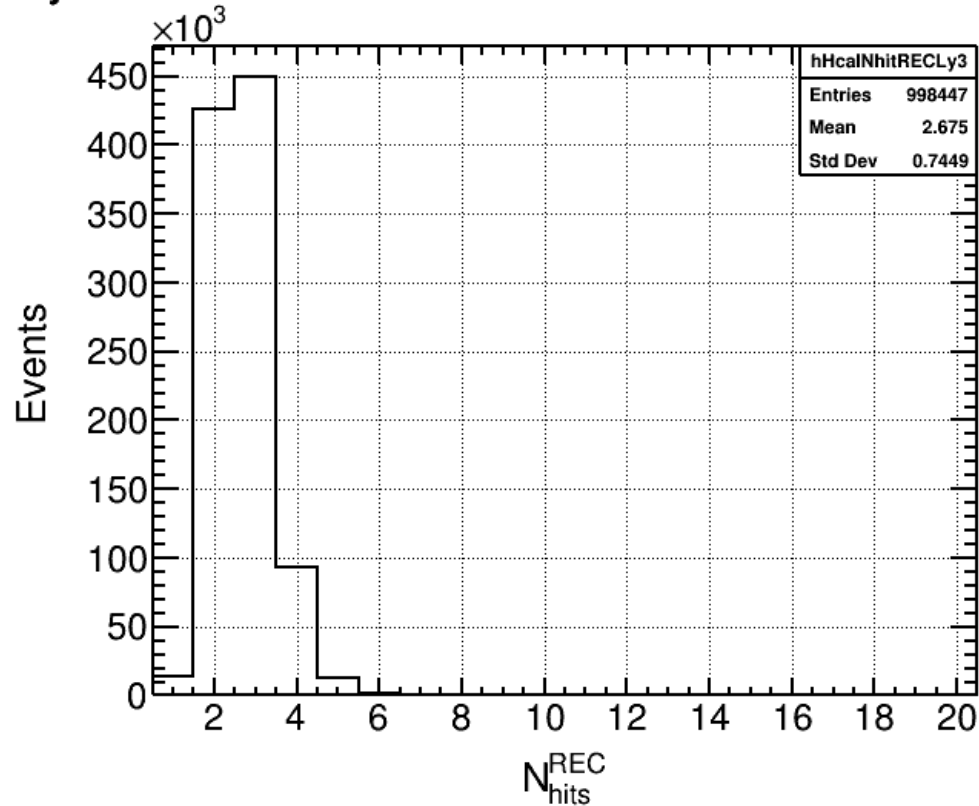
Layer=2



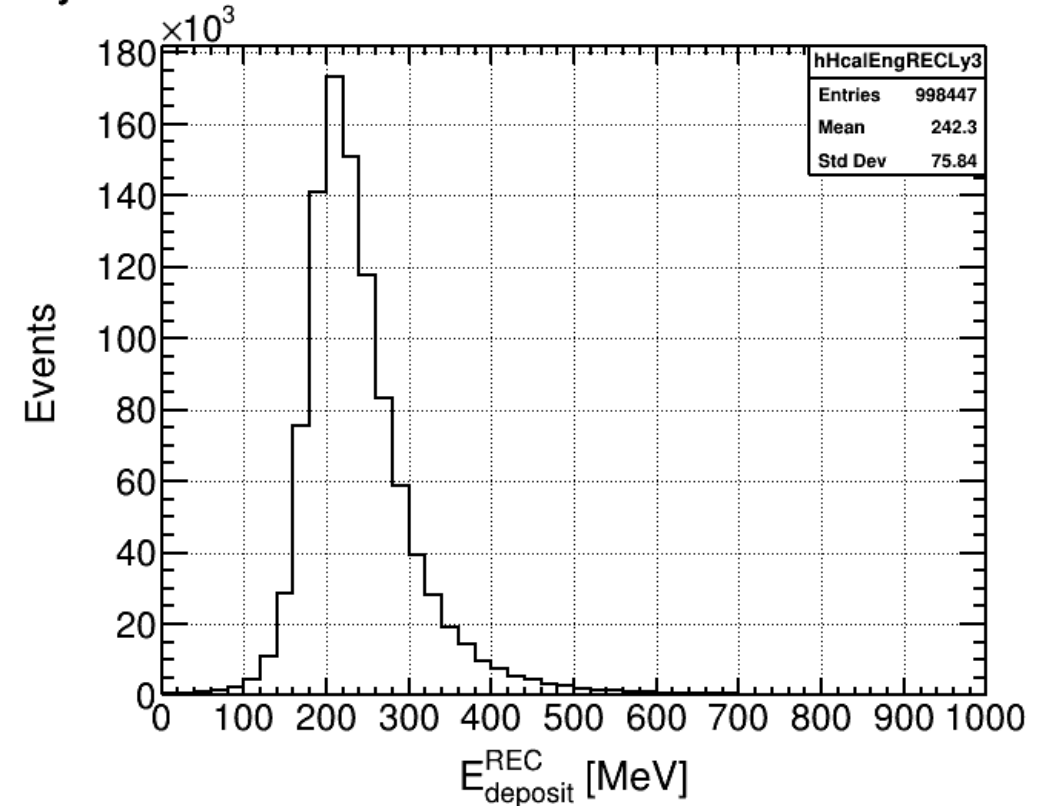
Number of hits and Energy deposit at each HCAL layer are consistent throughout entire HCAL

# Muon Sample – Forward HCAL (Layer3)

Layer=3



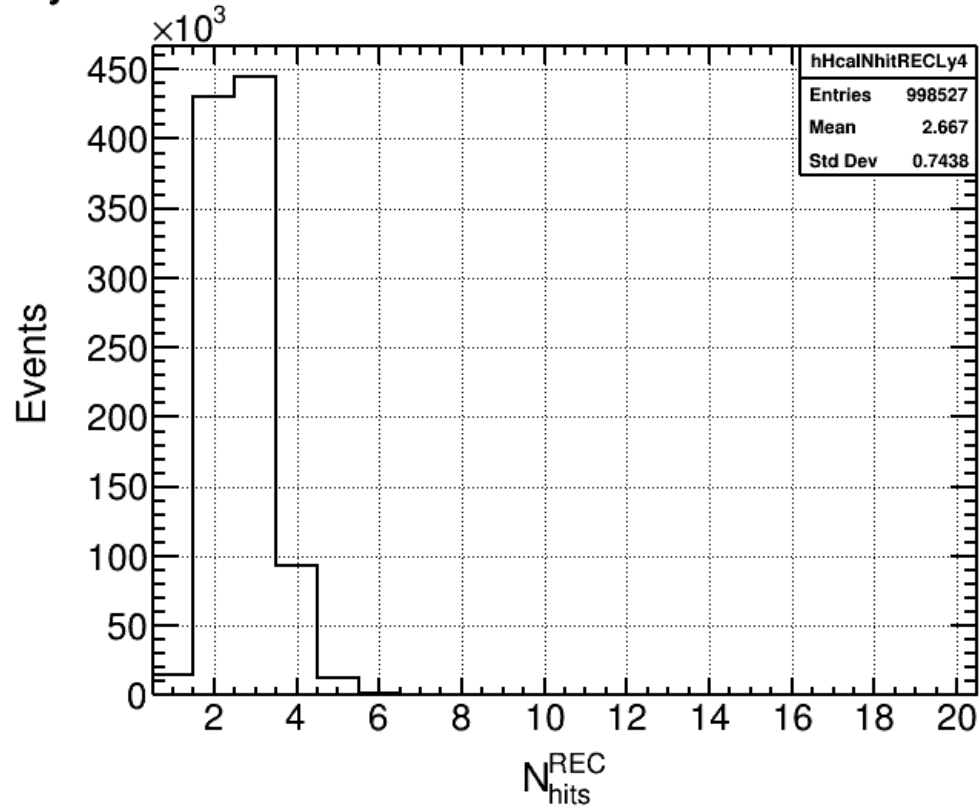
Layer=3



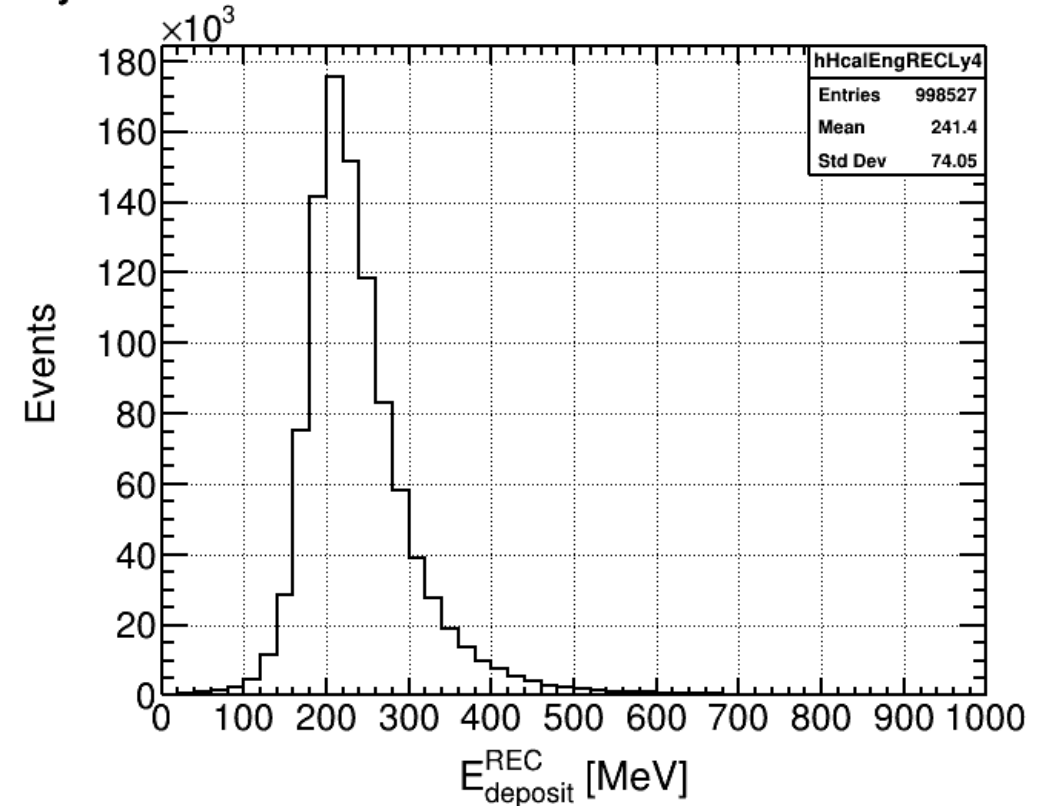
Number of hits and Energy deposit at each HCAL layer are consistent throughout entire HCAL

# Muon Sample – Forward HCAL (Layer4)

Layer=4



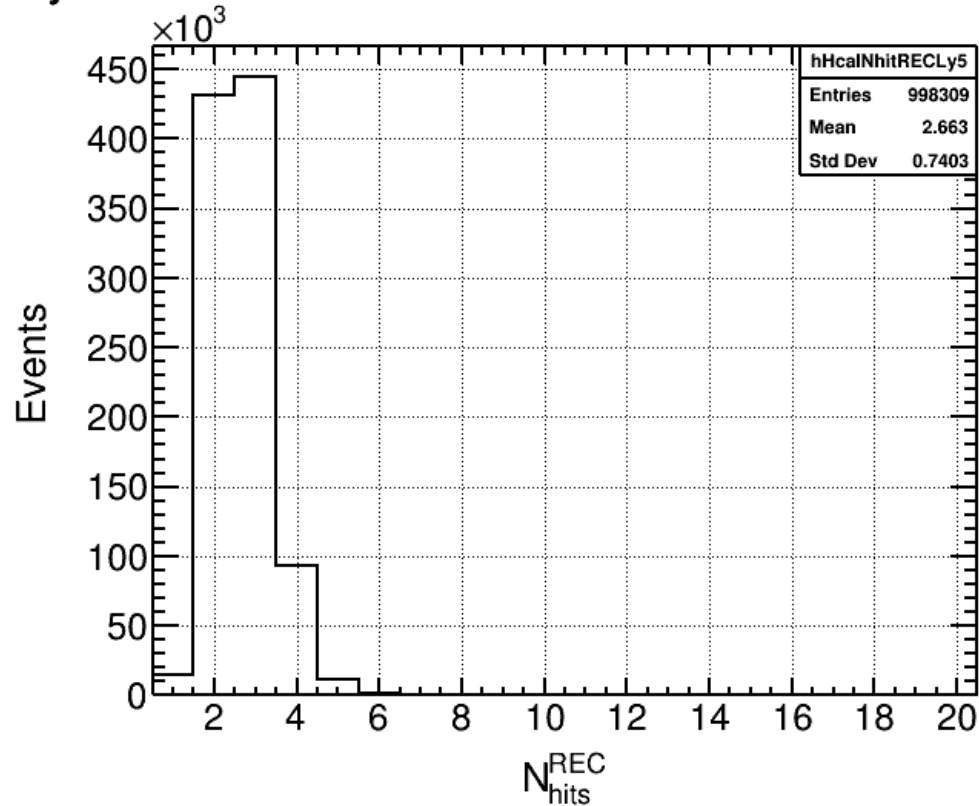
Layer=4



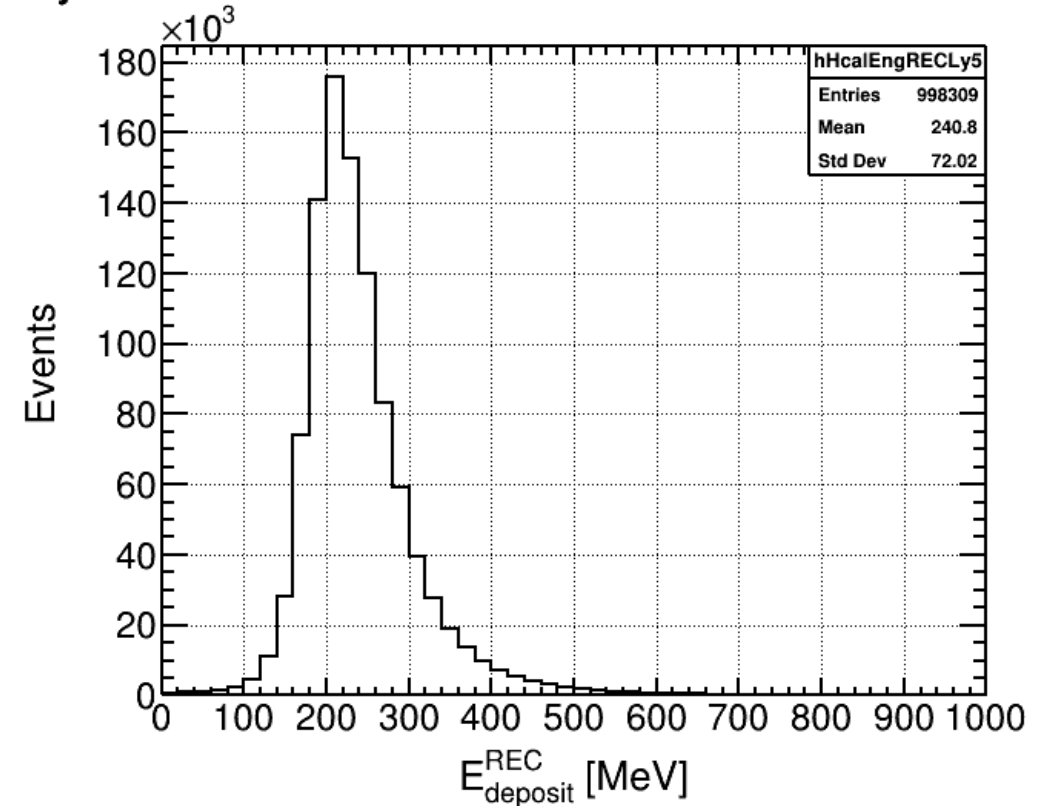
Number of hits and Energy deposit at each HCAL layer are consistent throughout entire HCAL

# Muon Sample – Forward HCAL (Layer5)

Layer=5



Layer=5

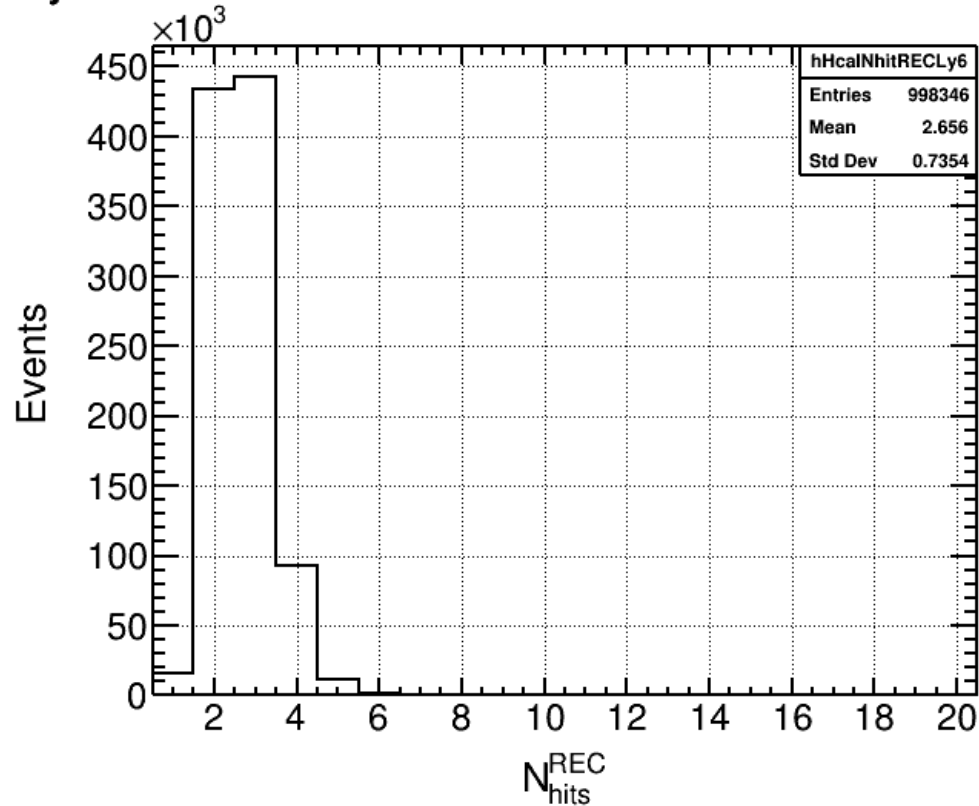


Number of hits and Energy deposit at each HCAL layer are consistent throughout entire HCAL

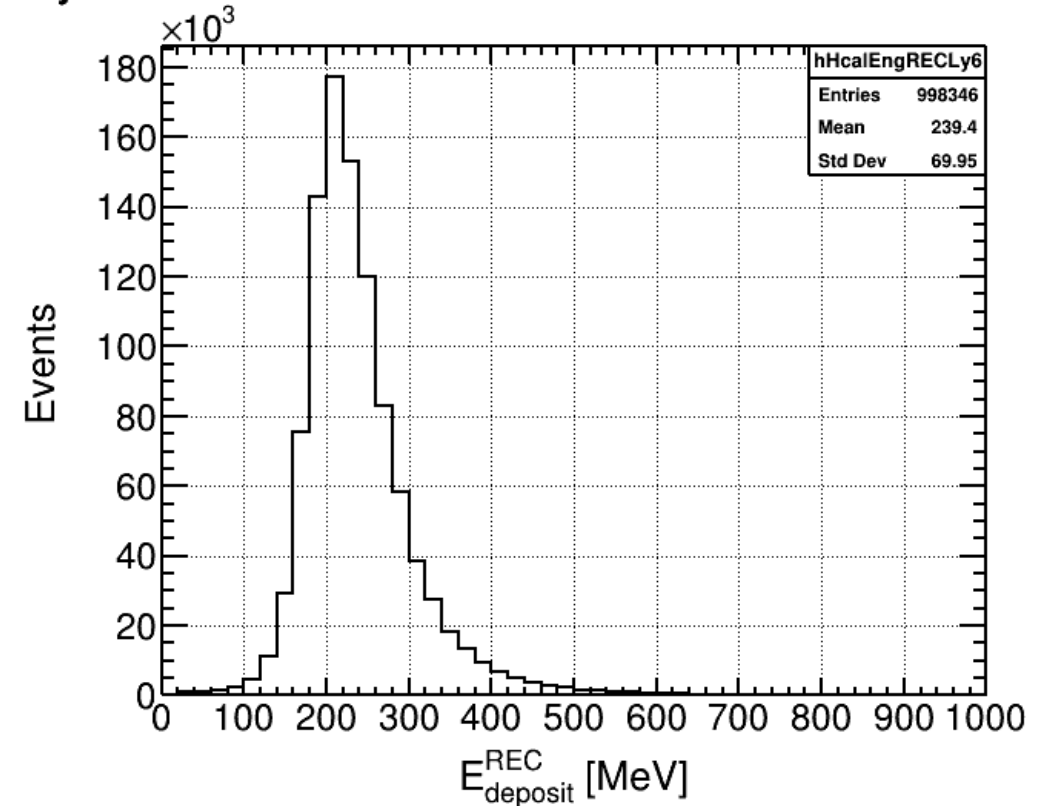


# Muon Sample – Forward HCAL (Layer6)

Layer=6



Layer=6



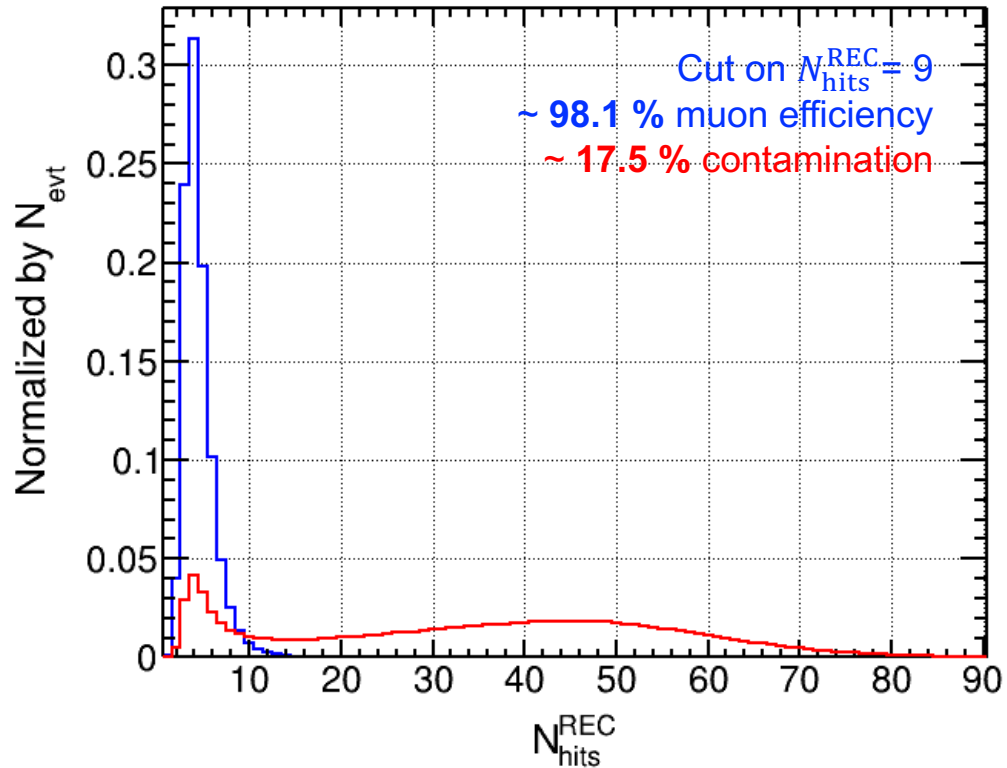
Number of hits and Energy deposit at each HCAL layer are consistent throughout entire HCAL

# ePIC Simulation – Pions

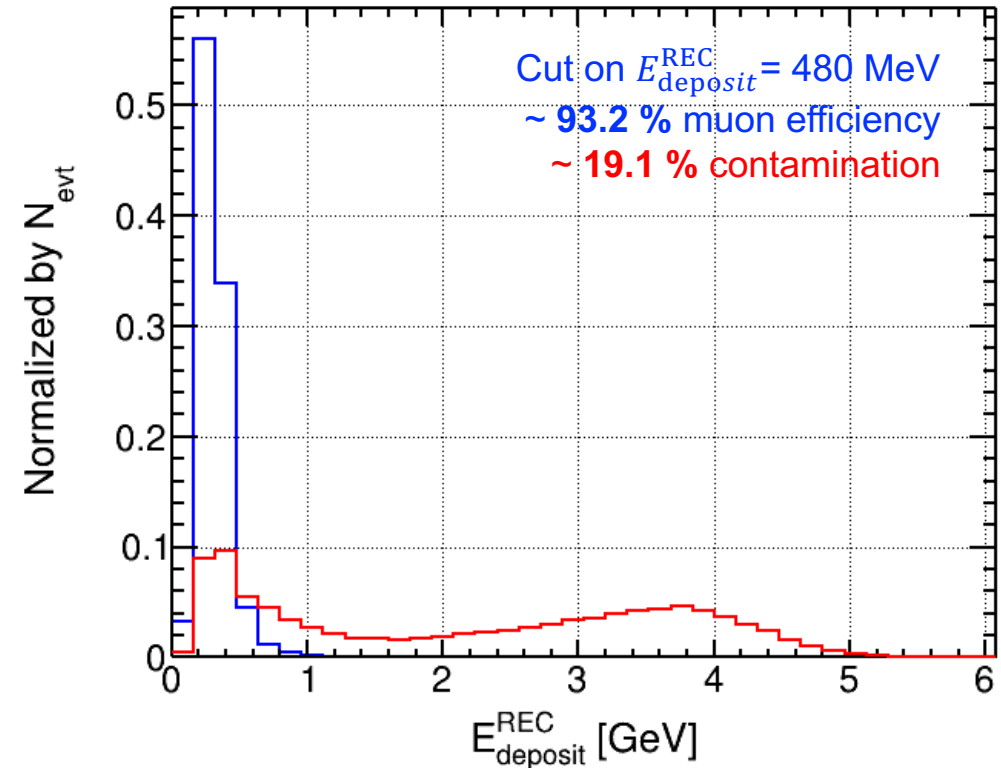
ex) 5 GeV at  $\eta = 1.74$

# Comparison – Forward ECAL

EcalEndcapP



EcalEndcapP

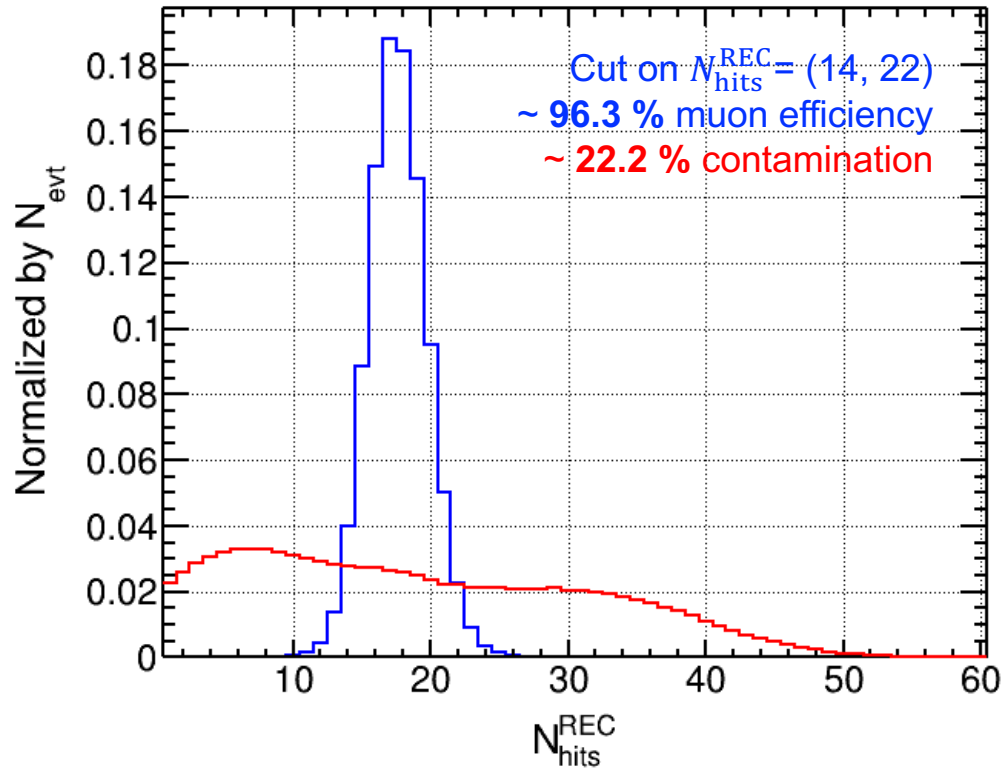


Comparing muon, pion has a long tail.

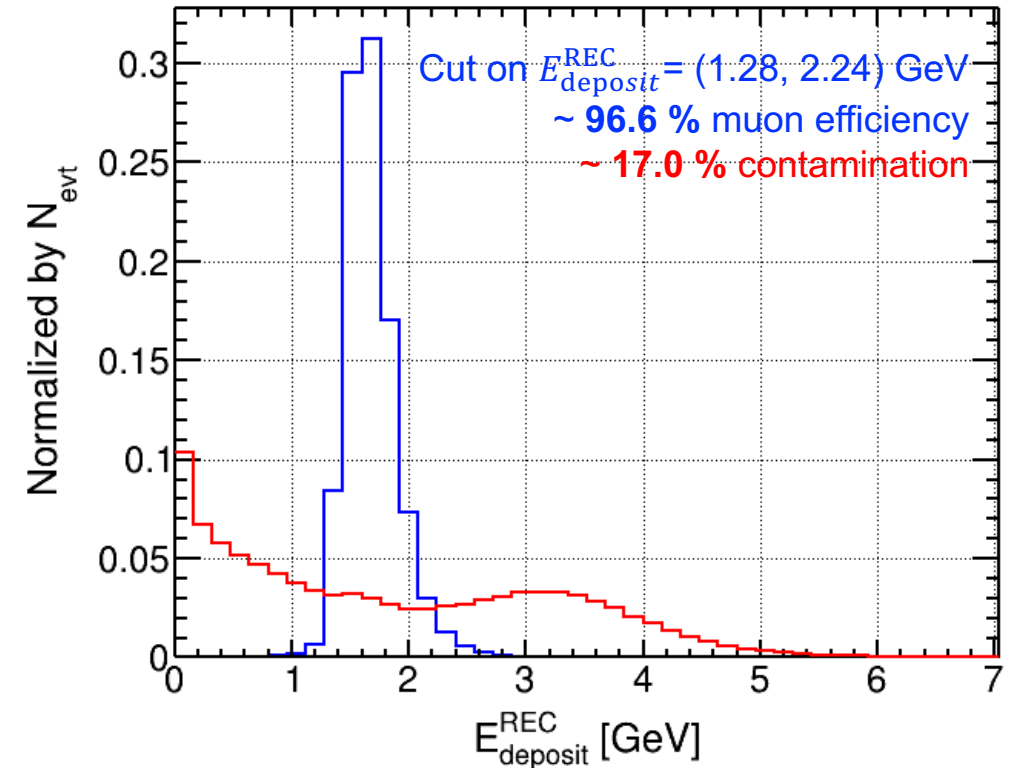
Defined a cut where muon (treated as a signal) is below pion (treated as a background)

# Comparison – Forward HCAL

HcalEndcapP



HcalEndcapP

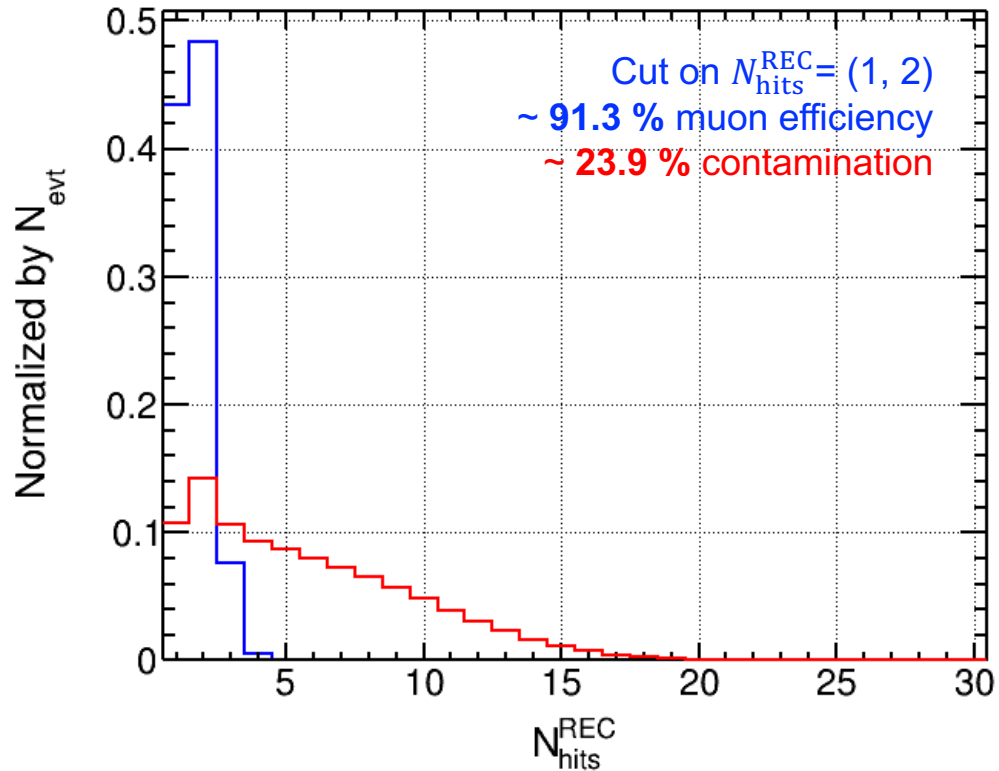


Comparing muon, pion has a long tail.

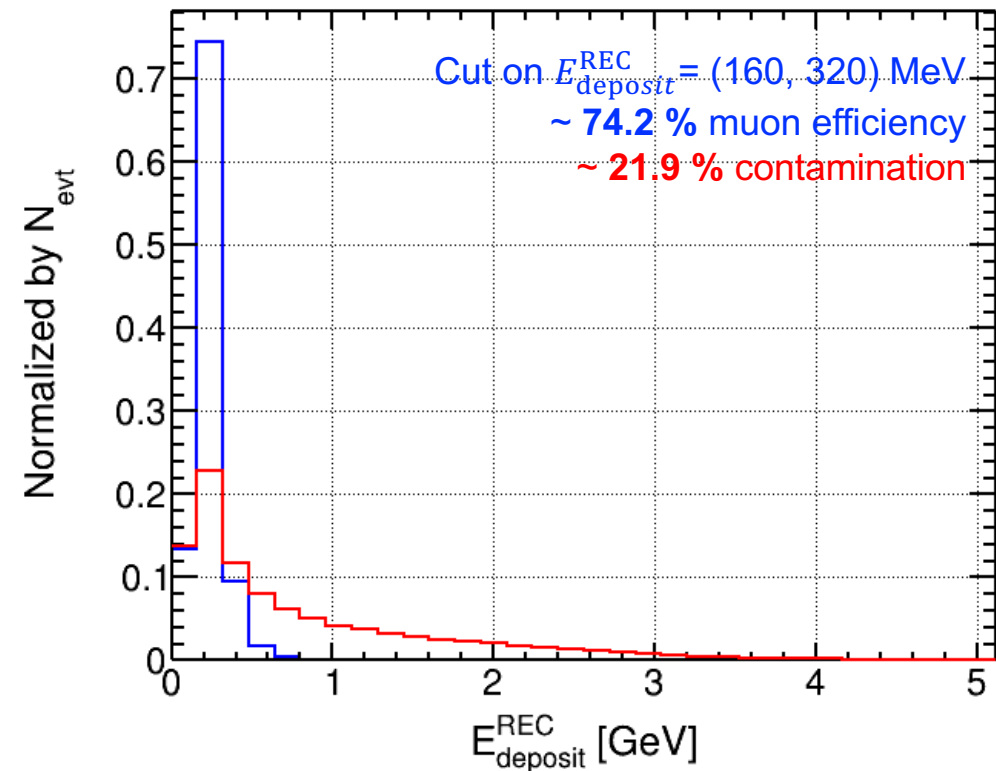
Defined a cut where muon (treated as a signal) is below pion (treated as a background)

# Comparison – Forward HCAL (Layer0)

Layer=0



Layer=0

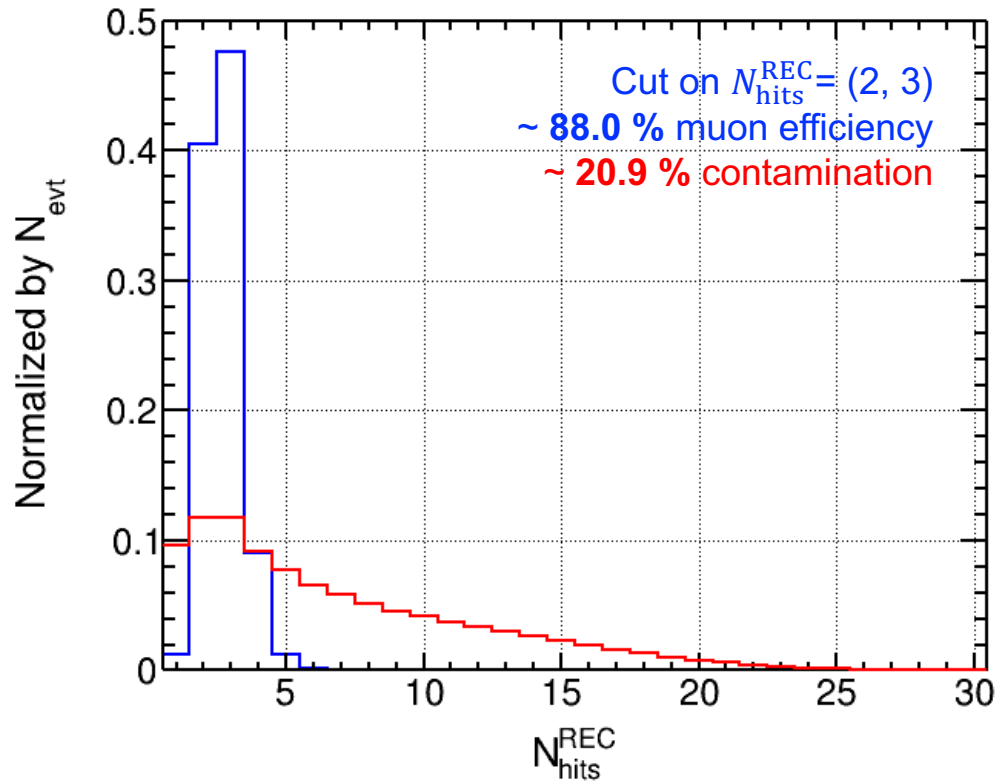


Comparing muon, pion has a long tail.

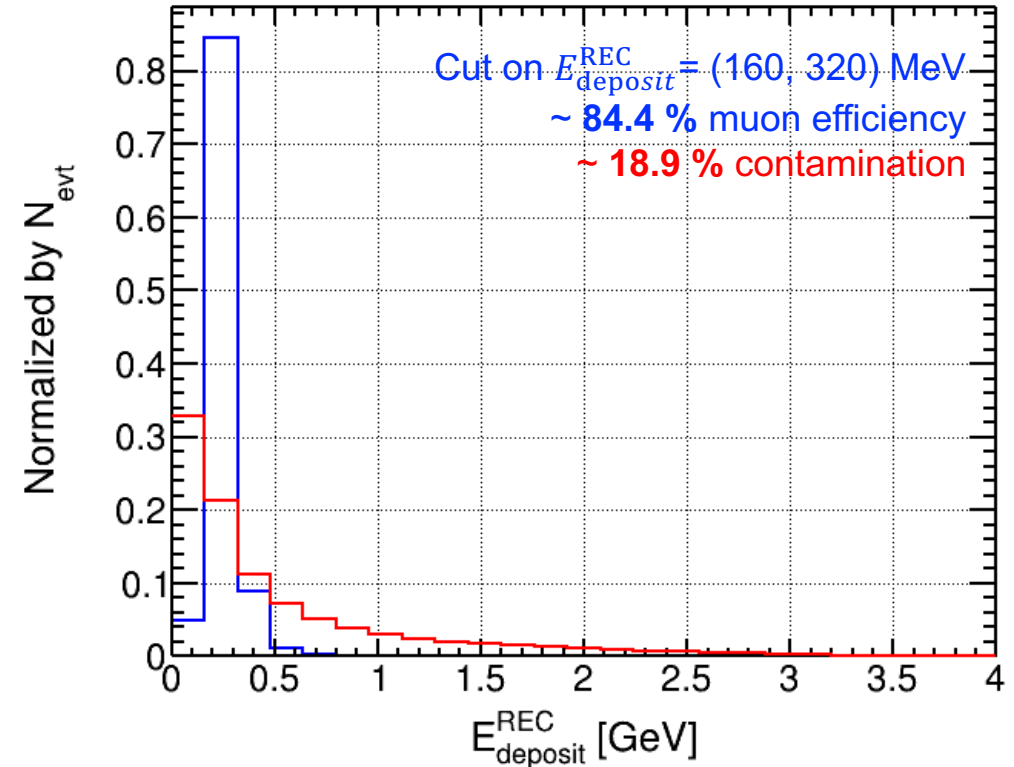
Defined a cut where muon (treated as a signal) is below pion (treated as a background)

# Comparison – Forward HCAL (Layer1)

Layer=1



Layer=1

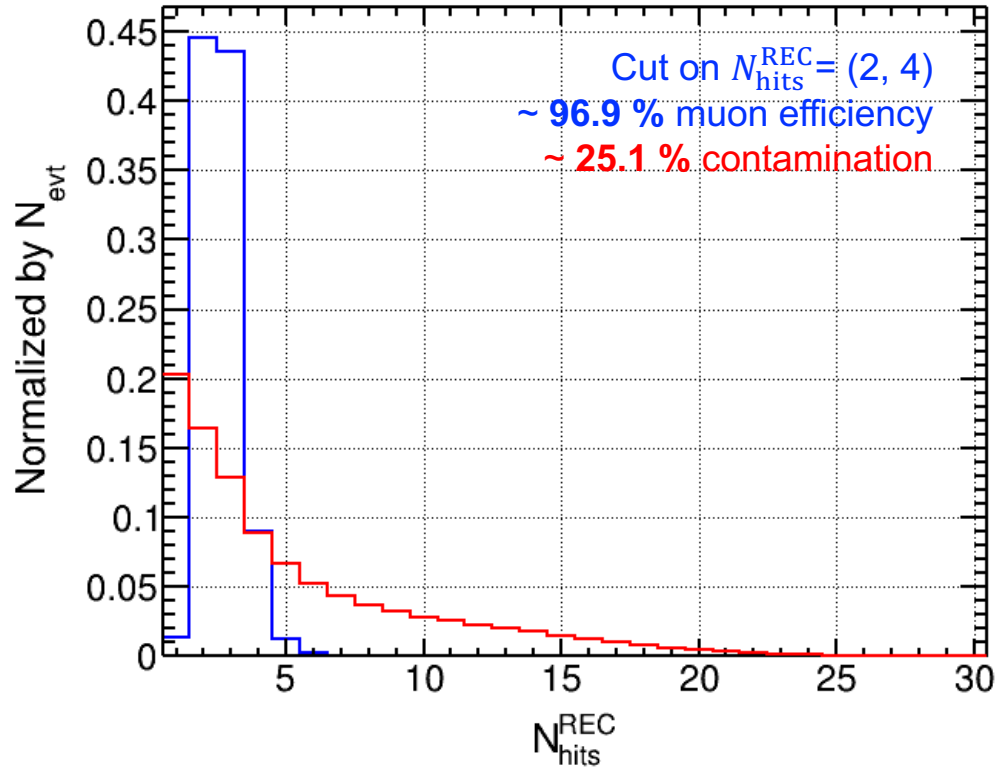


Comparing muon, pion has a long tail.

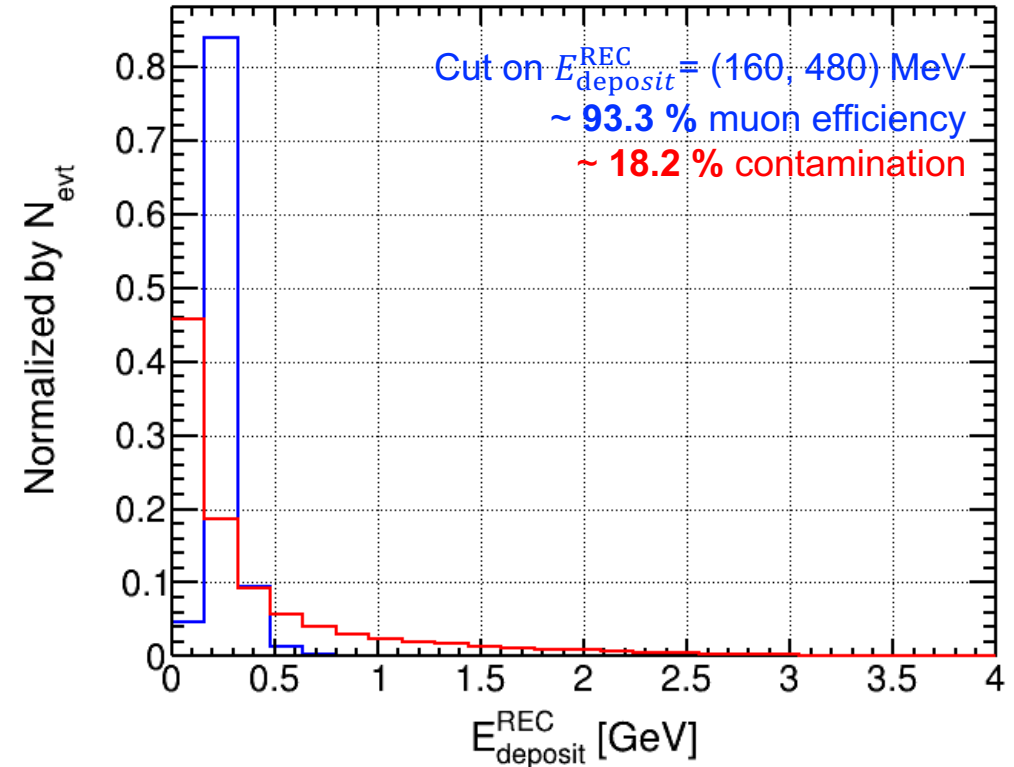
Defined a cut where muon (treated as a signal) is below pion (treated as a background)

# Comparison – Forward HCAL (Layer2)

Layer=2



Layer=2

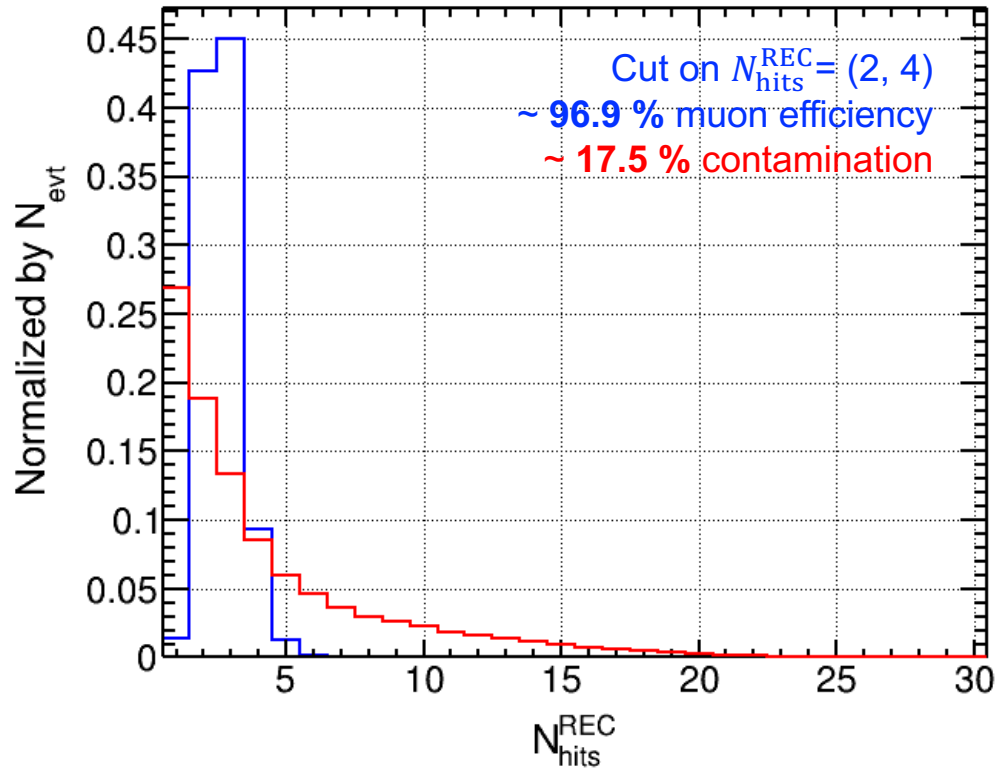


Comparing muon, pion has a long tail.

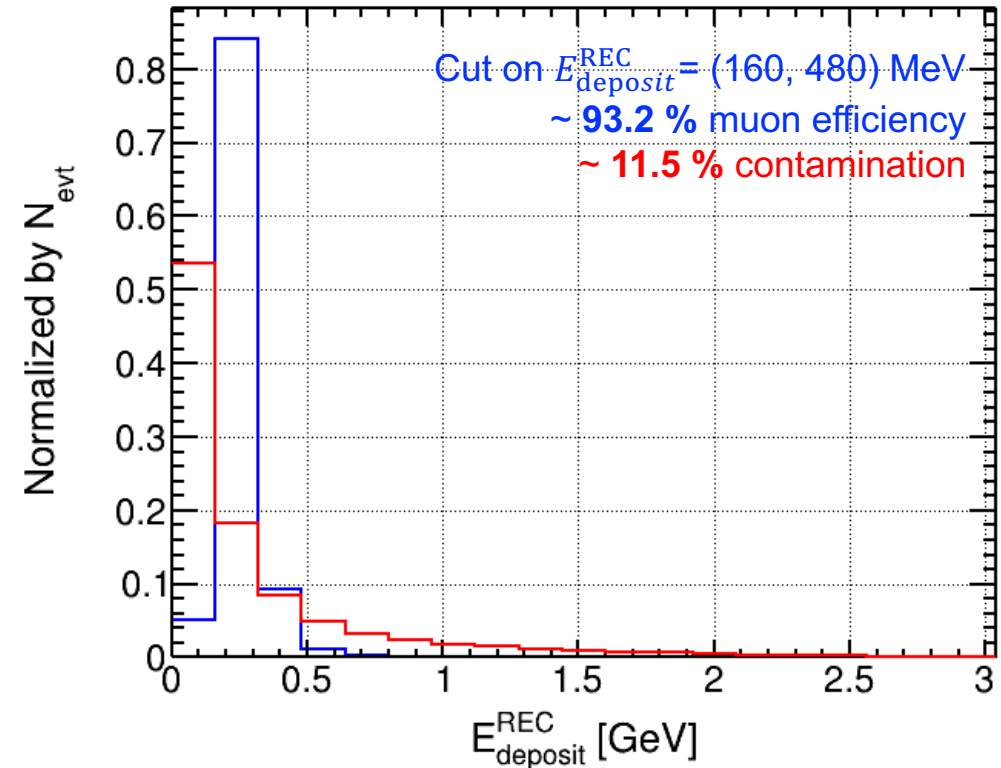
Defined a cut where muon (treated as a signal) is below pion (treated as a background)

# Comparison – Forward HCAL (Layer3)

Layer=3



Layer=3



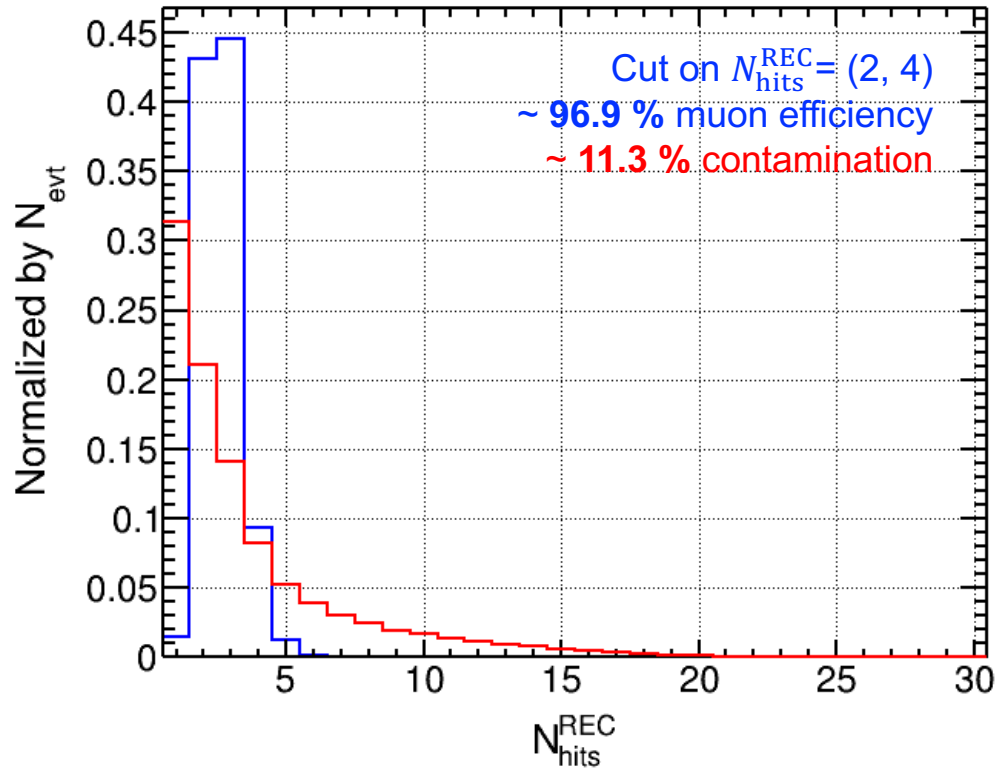
Comparing muon, pion has a long tail.

Defined a cut where muon (treated as a signal) is below pion (treated as a background)

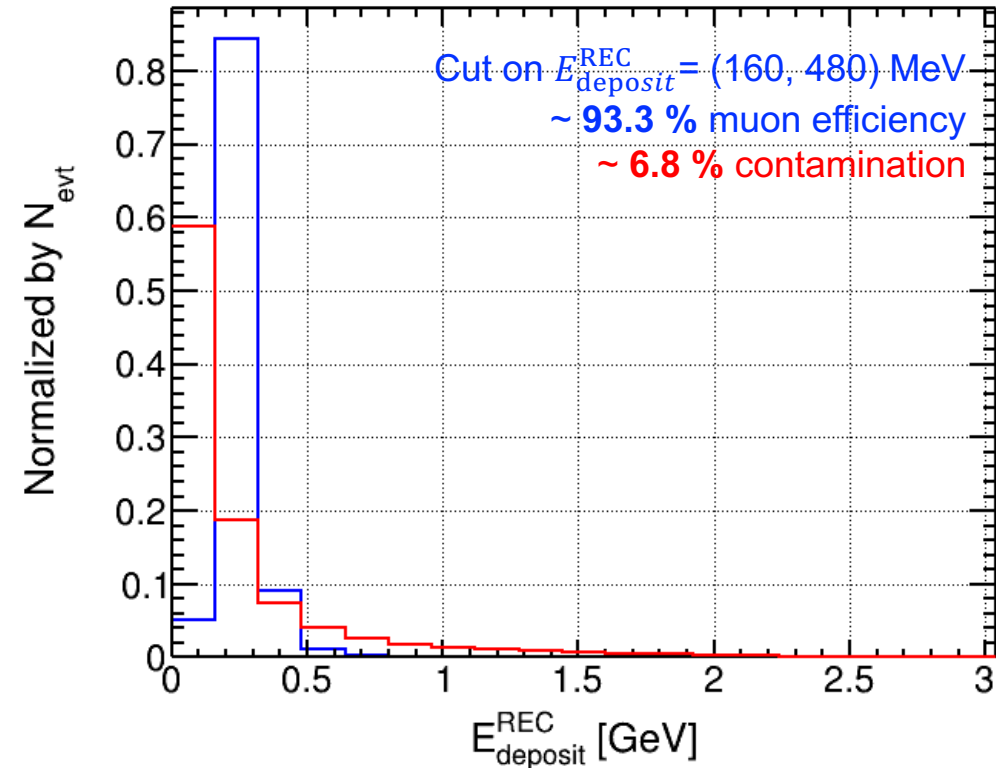


# Comparison – Forward HCAL (Layer4)

Layer=4



Layer=4

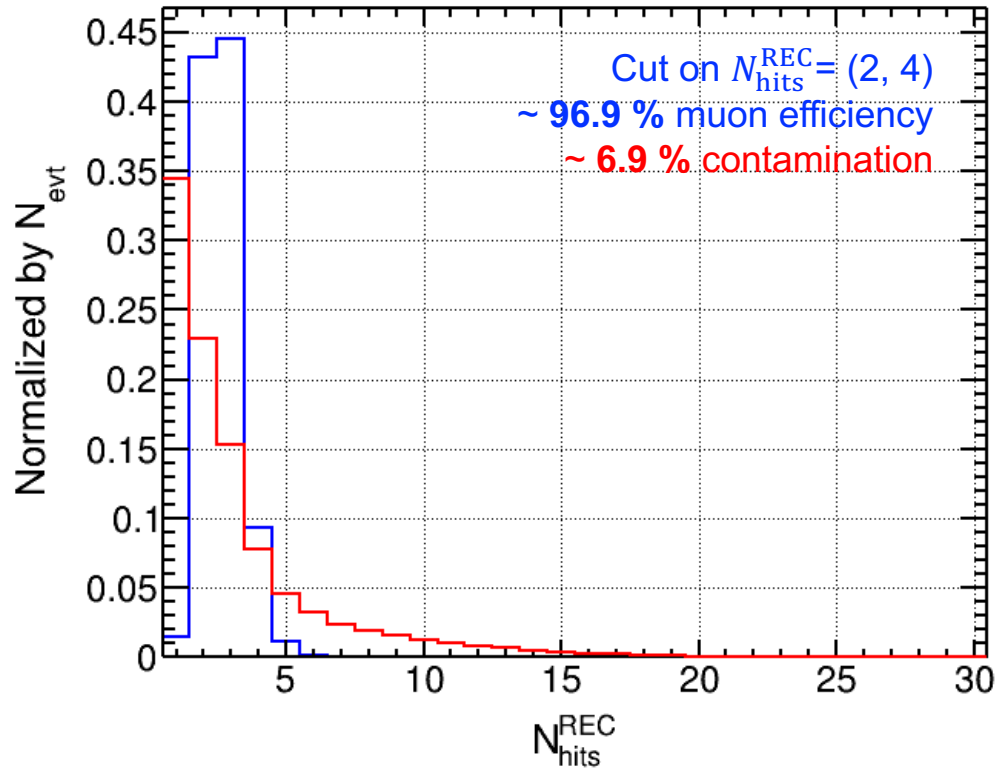


Comparing muon, pion has a long tail.

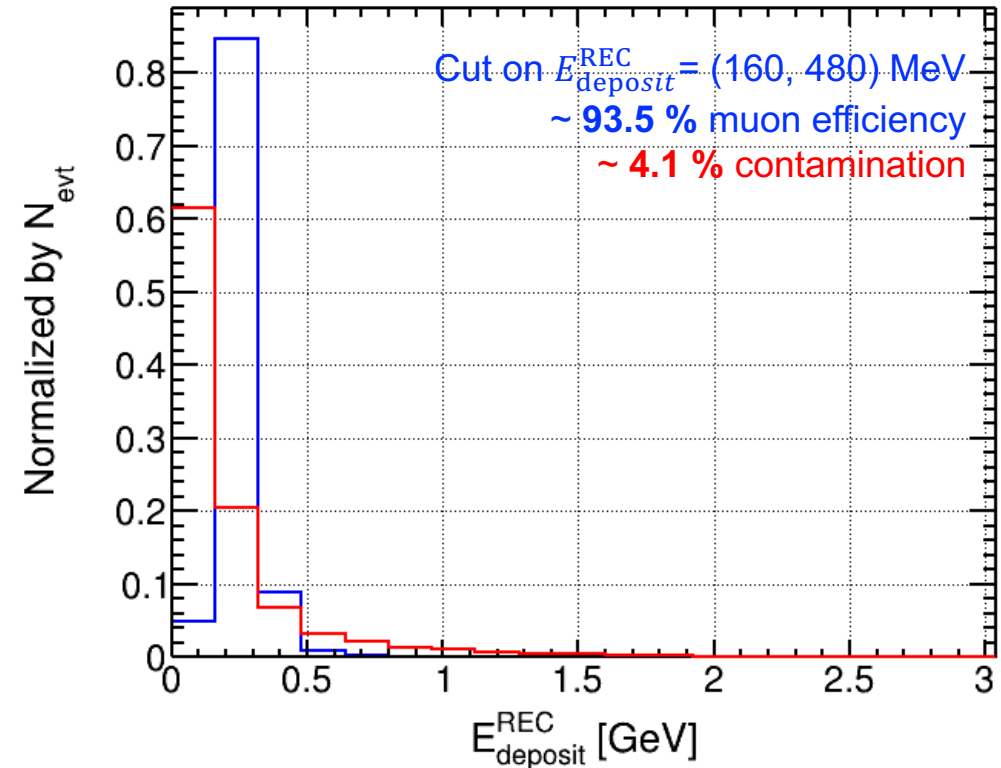
Defined a cut where muon (treated as a signal) is below pion (treated as a background)

# Comparison – Forward HCAL (Layer5)

Layer=5



Layer=5

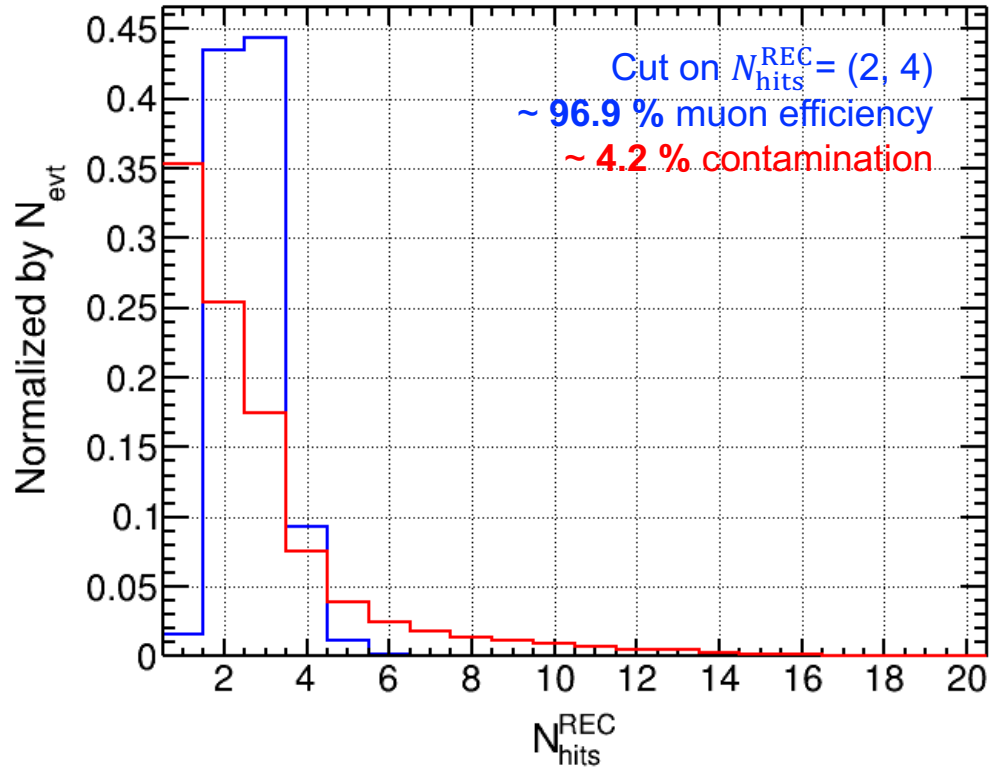


Comparing muon, pion has a long tail.

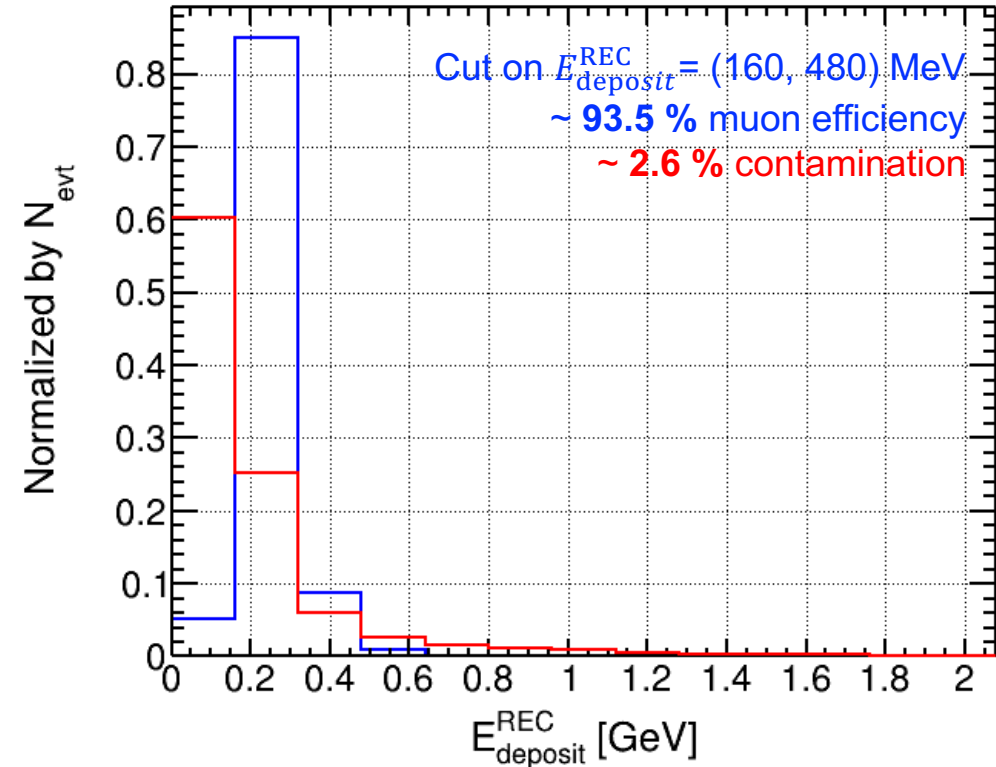
Defined a cut where muon (treated as a signal) is below pion (treated as a background)

# Comparison – Forward HCAL (Layer6)

Layer=6



Layer=6



Comparing muon, pion has a long tail.

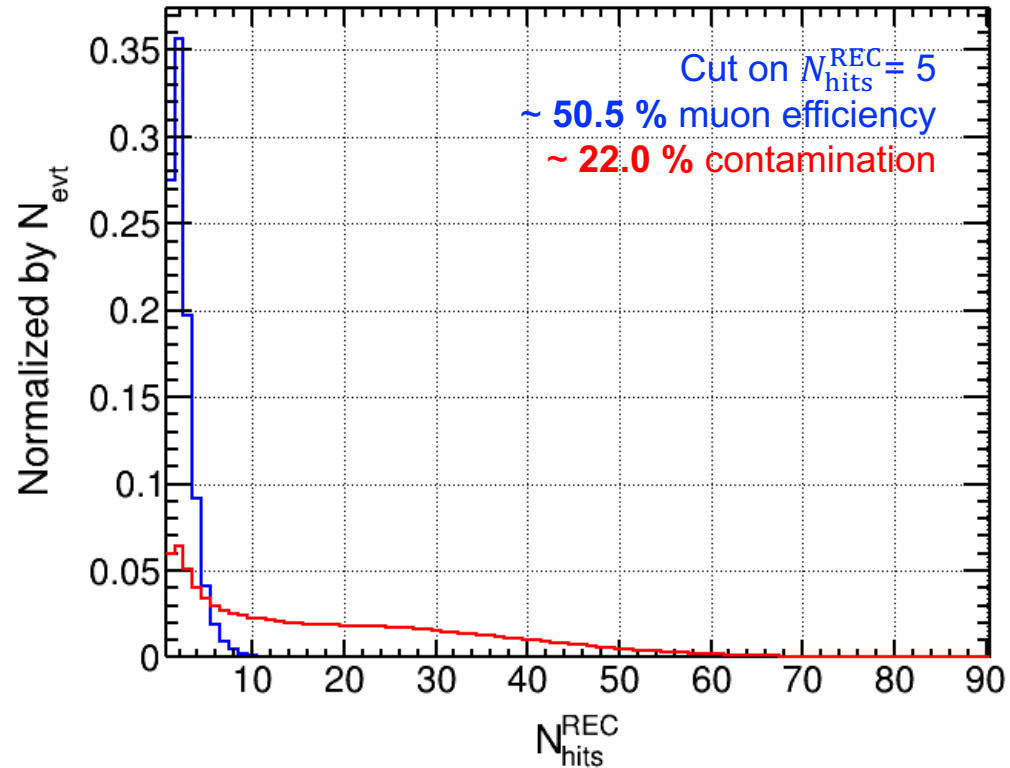
Defined a cut where muon (treated as a signal) is below pion (treated as a background)

# ePIC Simulation – Pions

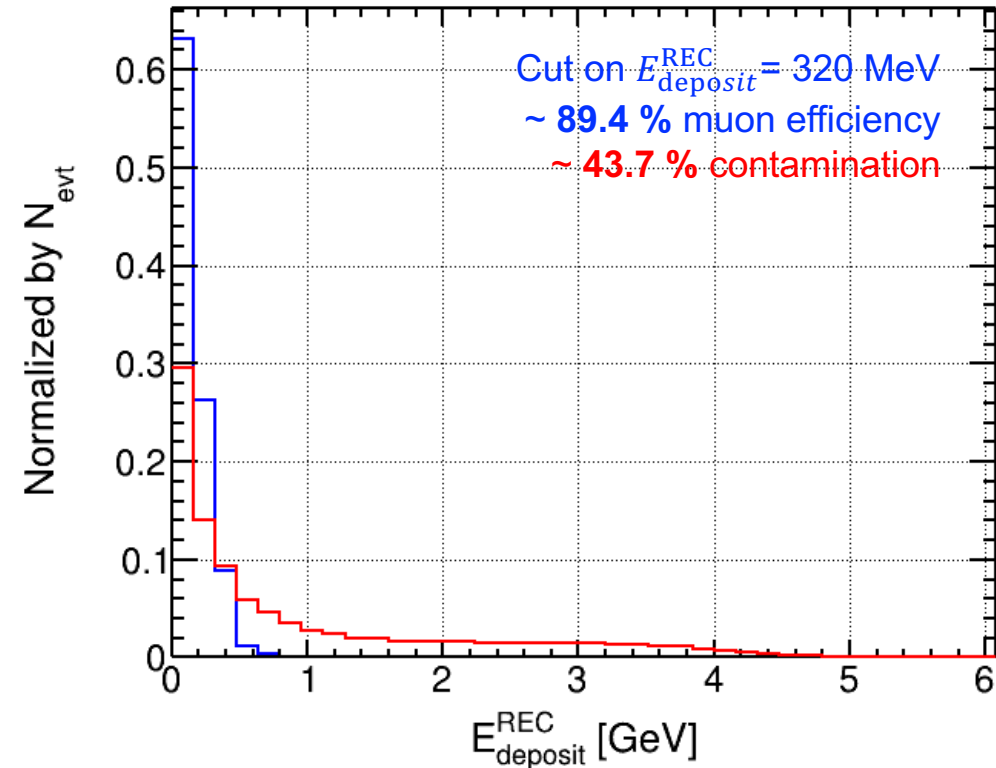
ex) 5 GeV at  $\eta = 3.13$

# Comparison – Forward ECAL

EcalEndcapP



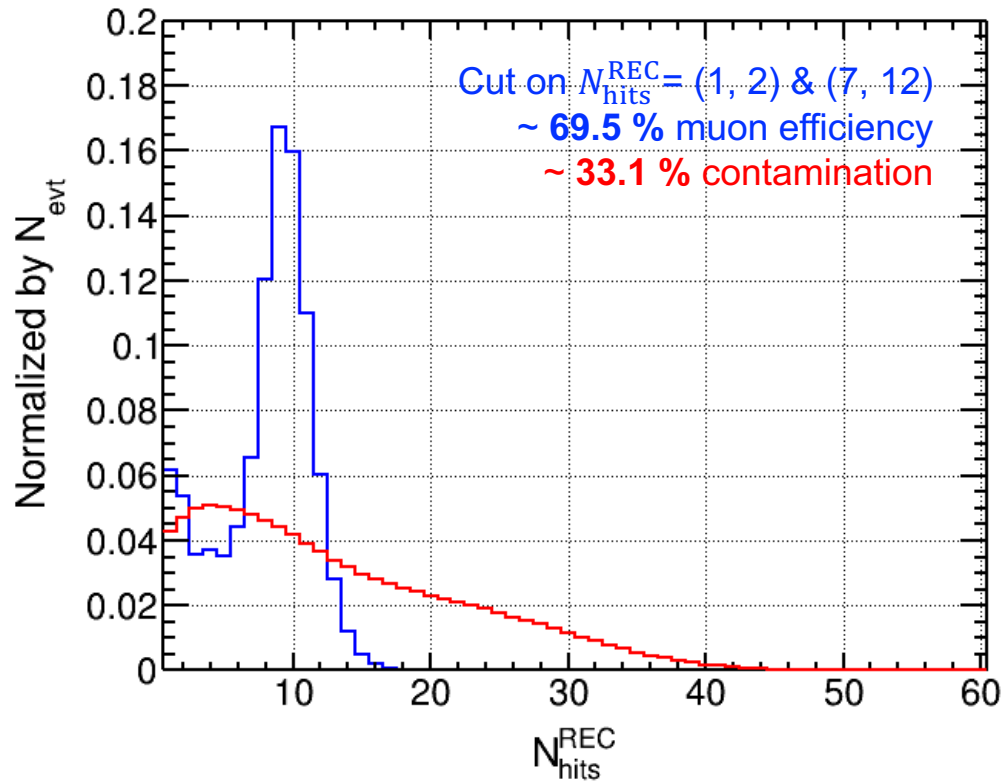
EcalEndcapP



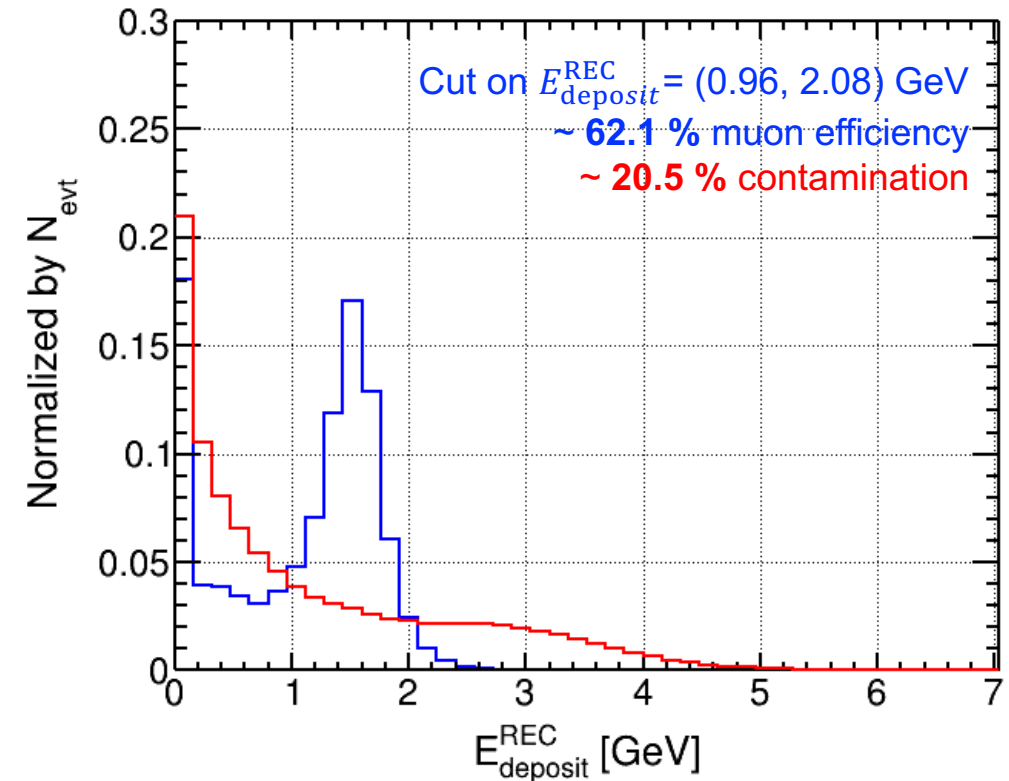
For more forward going muons, it has more less number of hits and less energy deposit in general. Lower efficiency is observed. Defined a cut where muon (treated as a signal) is below pion (treated as a background)

# Comparison – Forward HCAL

HcalEndcapP



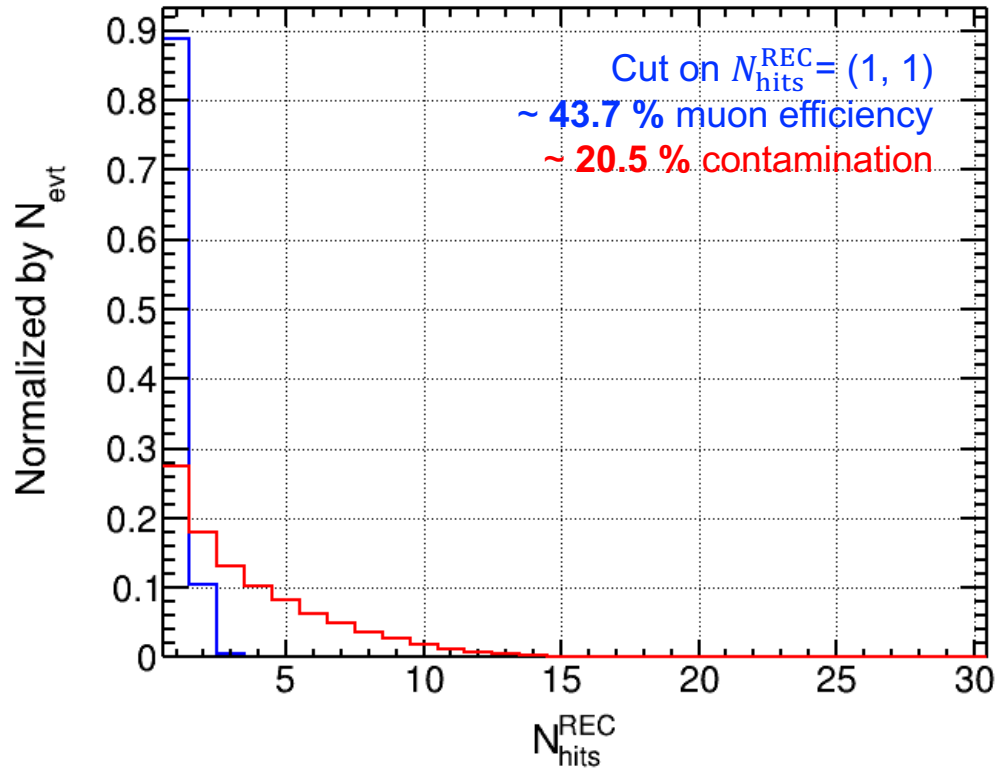
HcalEndcapP



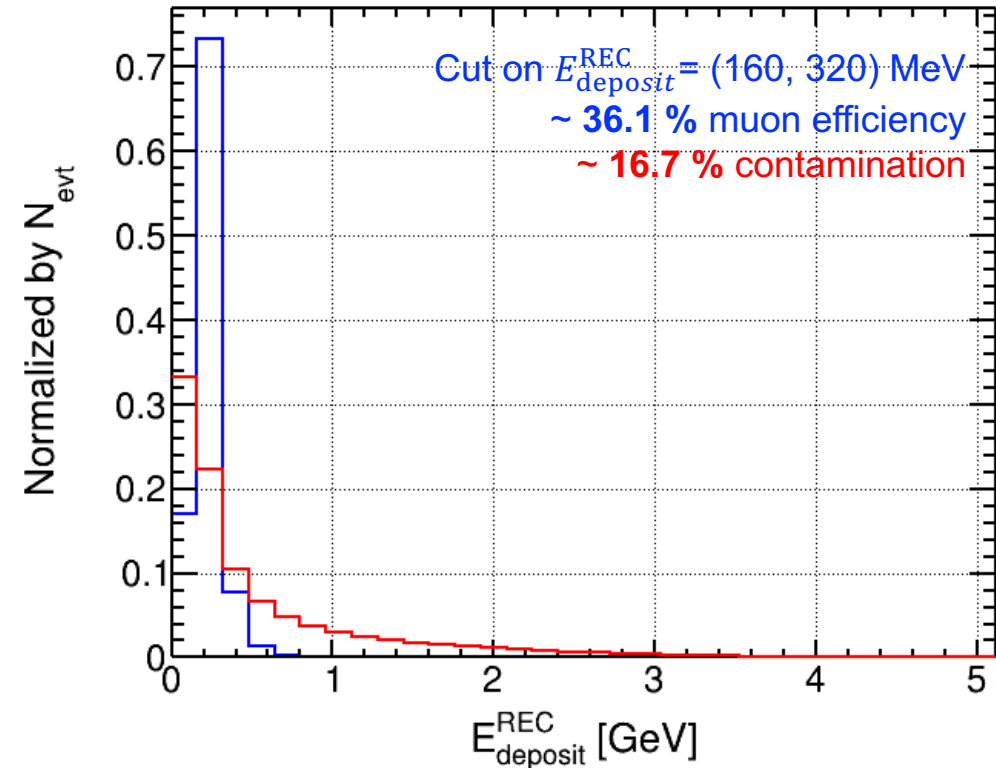
For more forward going muons, it has more less number of hits and less energy deposit in general. Lower efficiency is observed. Defined a cut where muon (treated as a signal) is below pion (treated as a background)

# Comparison – Forward HCAL (Layer0)

Layer=0



Layer=0

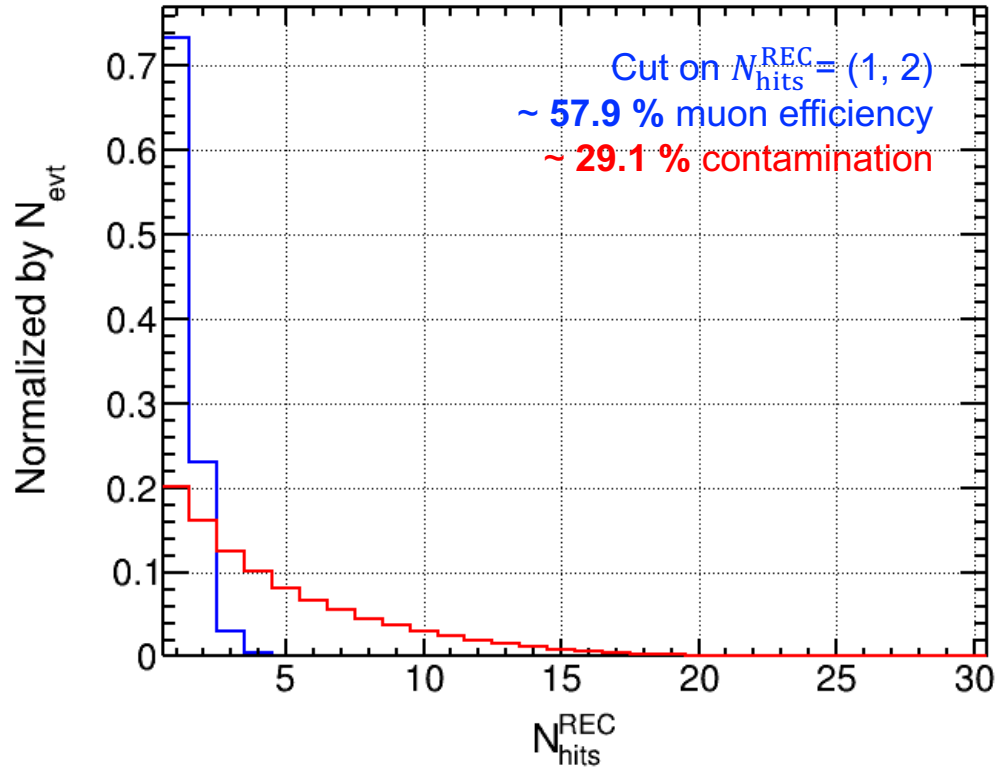


Comparing muon, pion has a long tail.

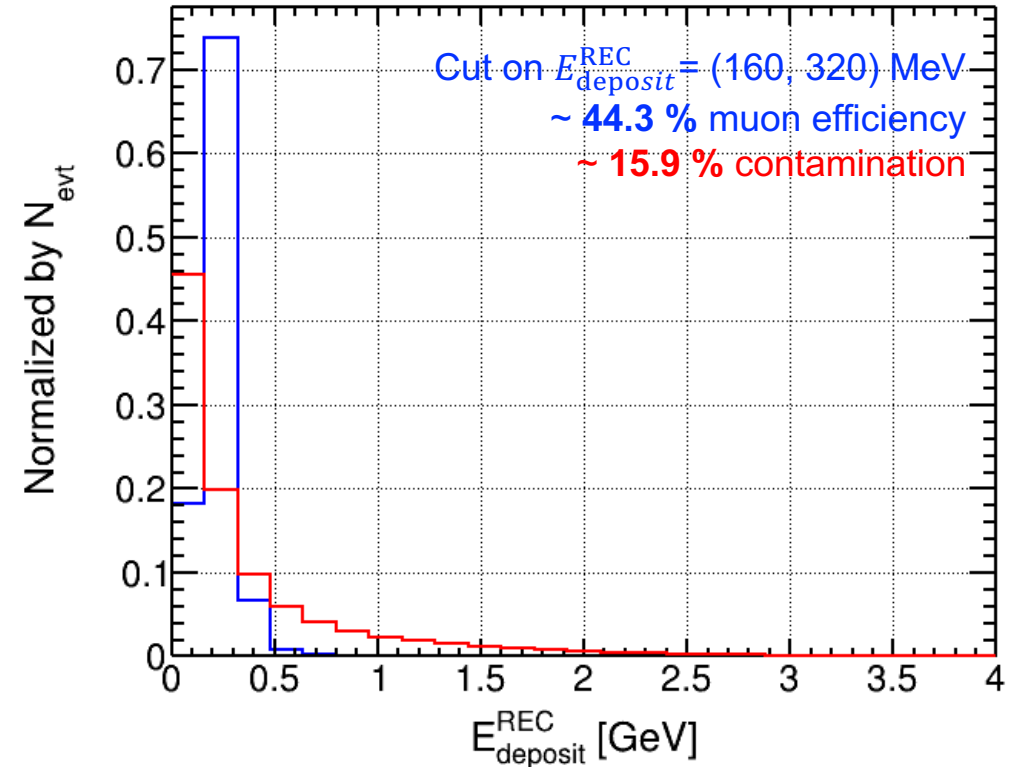
Defined a cut where muon (treated as a signal) is below pion (treated as a background)

# Comparison – Forward HCAL (Layer1)

Layer=1



Layer=1



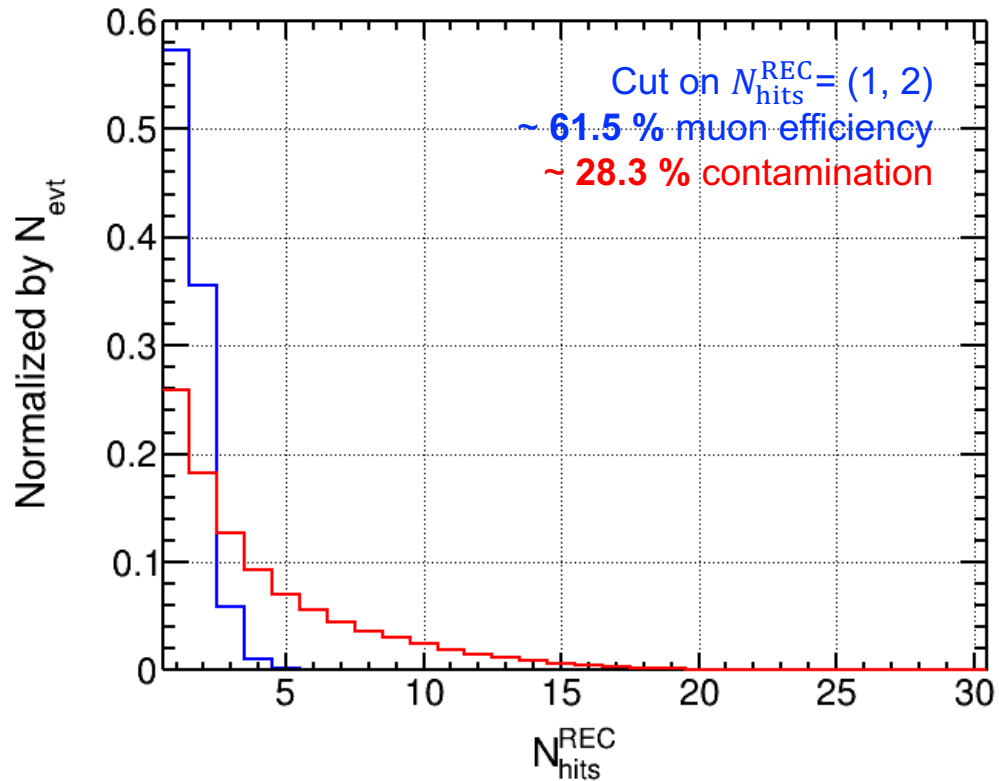
Comparing muon, pion has a long tail.

Defined a cut where muon (treated as a signal) is below pion (treated as a background)

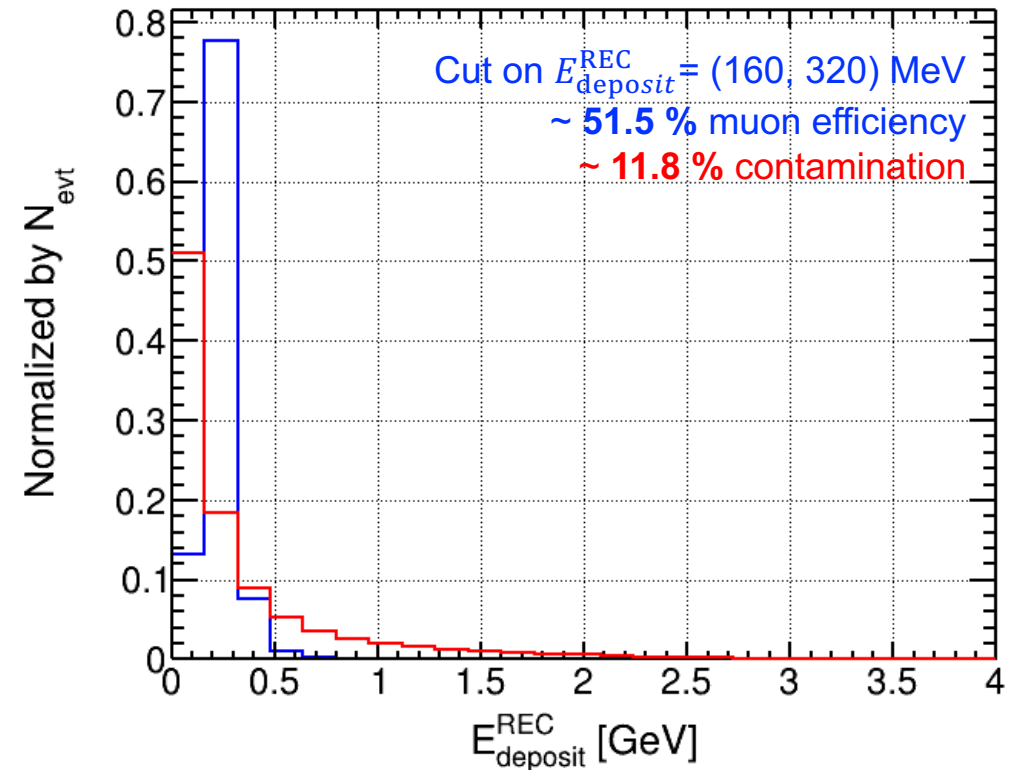


# Comparison – Forward HCAL (Layer2)

Layer=2



Layer=2

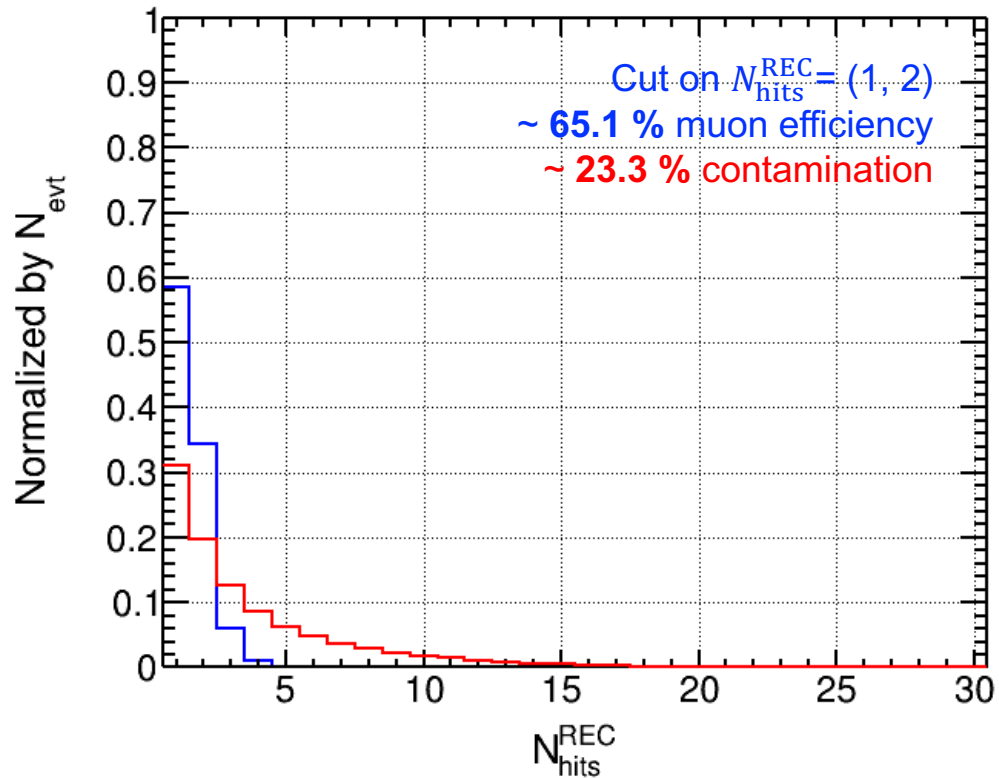


Comparing muon, pion has a long tail.

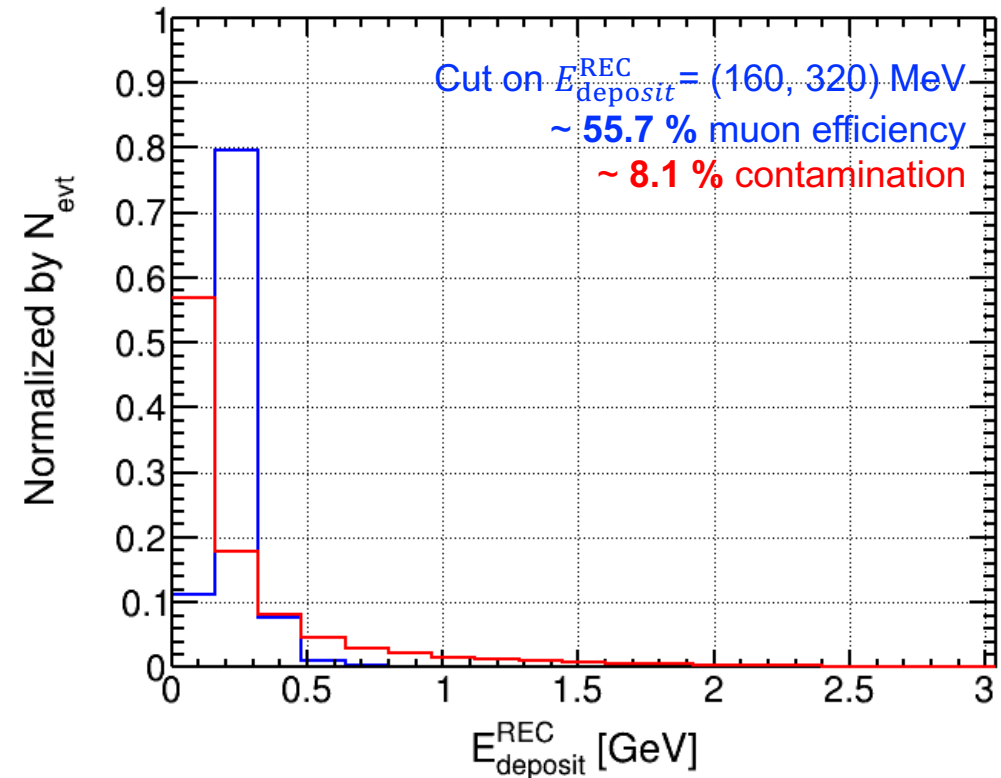
Defined a cut where muon (treated as a signal) is below pion (treated as a background)

# Comparison – Forward HCAL (Layer3)

Layer=3



Layer=3

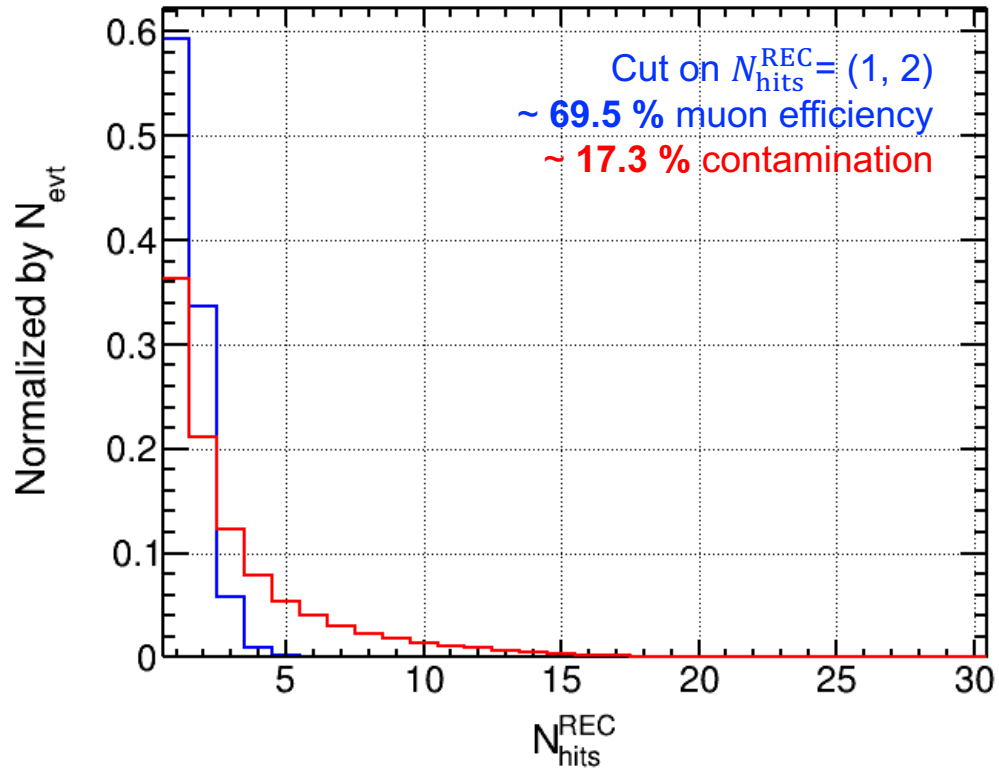


Comparing muon, pion has a long tail.

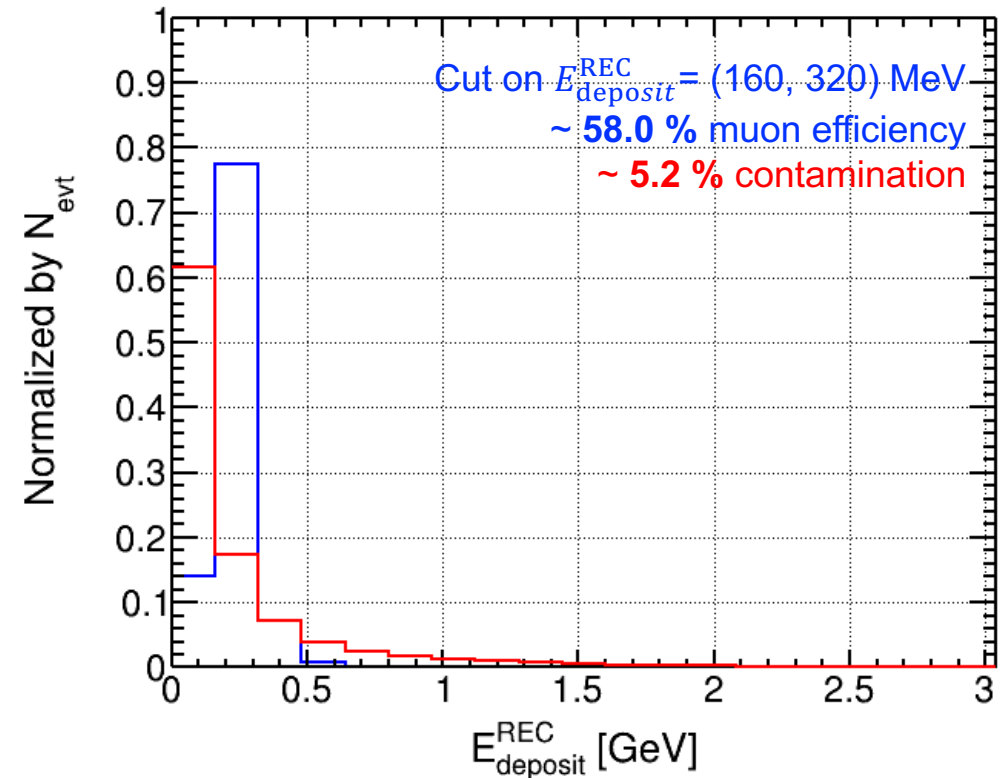
Defined a cut where muon (treated as a signal) is below pion (treated as a background)

# Comparison – Forward HCAL (Layer4)

Layer=4



Layer=4

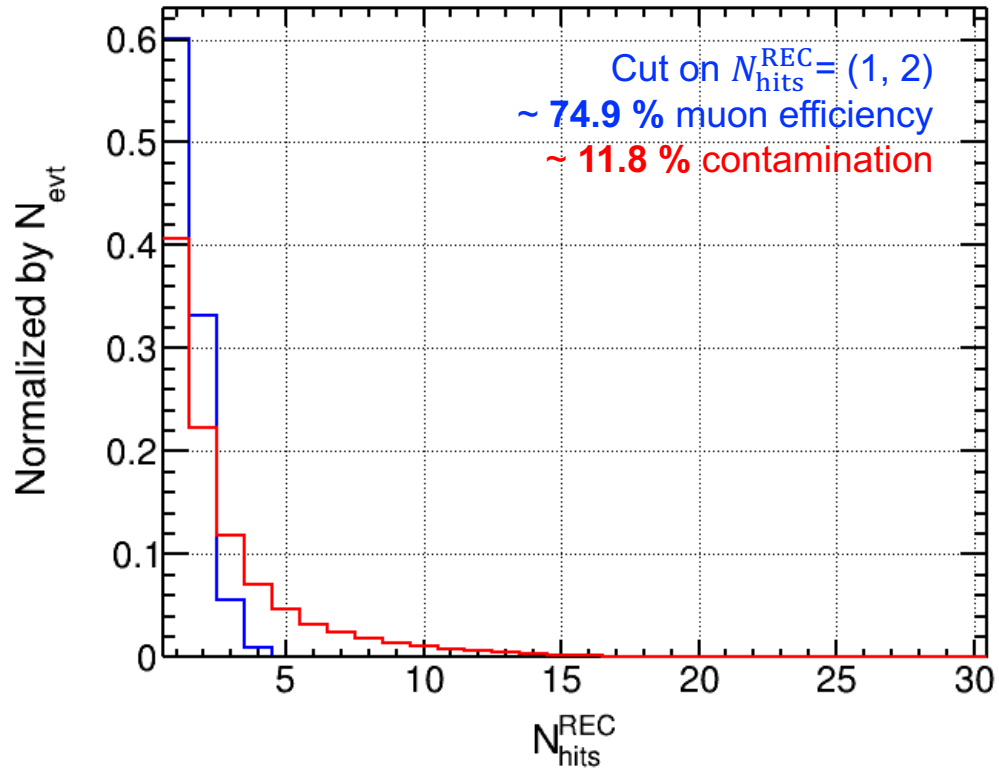


Comparing muon, pion has a long tail.

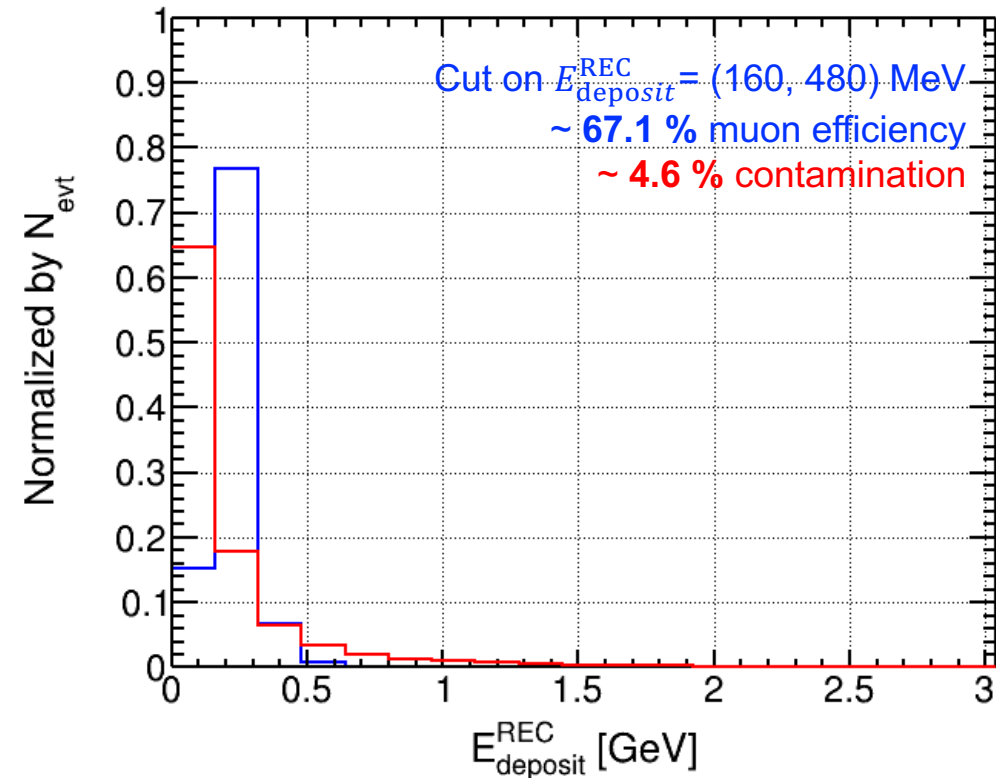
Defined a cut where muon (treated as a signal) is below pion (treated as a background)

# Comparison – Forward HCAL (Layer5)

Layer=5



Layer=5

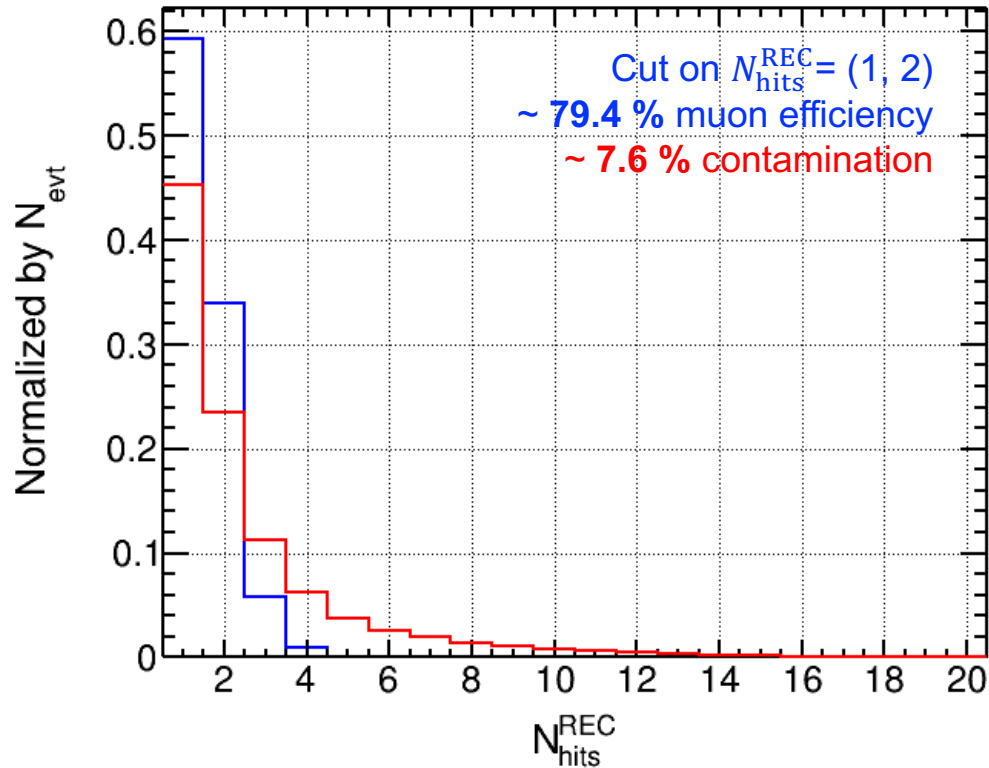


Comparing muon, pion has a long tail.

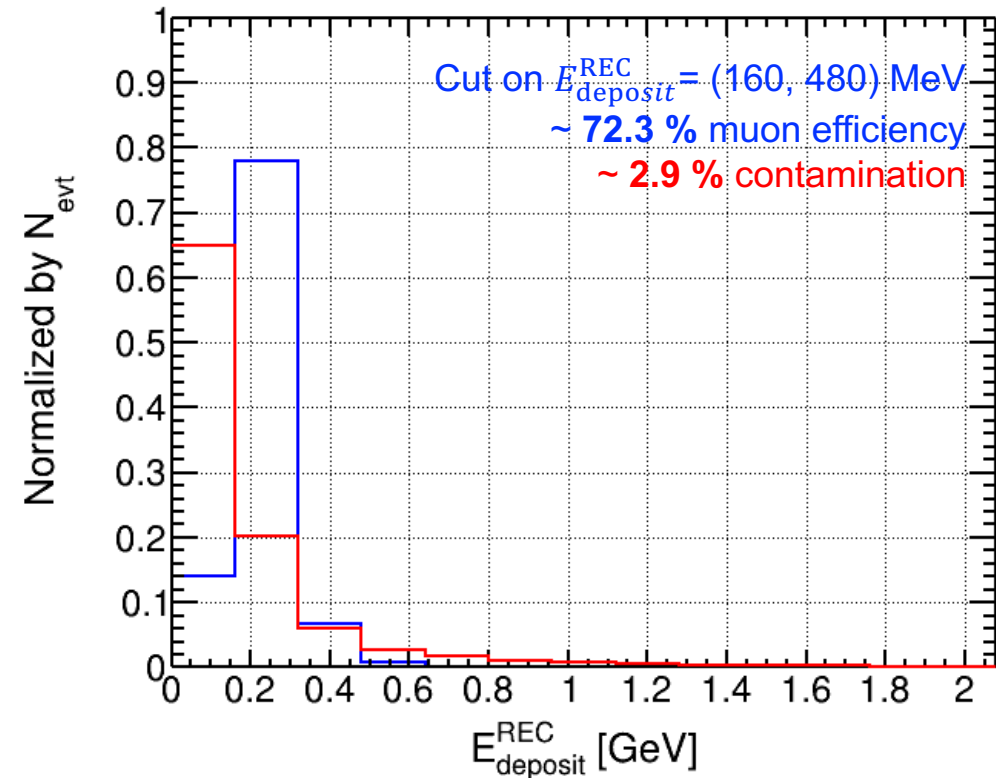
Defined a cut where muon (treated as a signal) is below pion (treated as a background)

# Comparison – Forward HCAL (Layer6)

Layer=6



Layer=6



Comparing muon, pion has a long tail.

Defined a cut where muon (treated as a signal) is below pion (treated as a background)

# ePIC Simulation – Results

# So, How We Apply Cut for Muon ID?

- Cut parameters based on comparison between muon and pion
  - Current “**pass-0**” on **whole ECAL** and **whole HCAL** ( $N_{\text{hits}}^{\text{REC}}$ ,  $E_{\text{deposit}}^{\text{REC}}$ )

$$\eta = 1.74 (\theta = 20^\circ)$$

Cut Params	p = 10 GeV	
Stage	ECAL	HCAL
$N_{\text{hits}}^{\text{REC}}$	> 9	14 < hits < 22
$E_{\text{deposit}}^{\text{REC}}$	> 600 MeV	1.20 GeV < $E_{\text{dep}}$ < 2. 40 GeV
Cut Params	p = 5 GeV	
Stage	ECAL	HCAL
$N_{\text{hits}}^{\text{REC}}$	> 9	14 < hits < 22
$E_{\text{deposit}}^{\text{REC}}$	> 480 MeV	1.28 GeV < $E_{\text{dep}}$ < 2.24 GeV
Cut Params	p = 2 GeV	
Stage	ECAL	HCAL
$N_{\text{hits}}^{\text{REC}}$	2 < hits < 7	13 < hits < 29
$E_{\text{deposit}}^{\text{REC}}$	> 480 MeV	1.28 GeV < $E_{\text{dep}}$ < 1.92 GeV
Cut Params	p = 1 GeV	
Stage	ECAL	HCAL
$N_{\text{hits}}^{\text{REC}}$	2 < hits < 6	5 < hits < 11
$E_{\text{deposit}}^{\text{REC}}$	160 MeV < $E_{\text{dep}}$ < 480 MeV	480 MeV < $E_{\text{dep}}$ < 960 MeV

$$\eta = 3.13 (\theta = 5^\circ)$$

Cut Params	p = 10	
Stage	ECAL	HCAL
$N_{\text{hits}}^{\text{REC}}$	> 5	> 13
$E_{\text{deposit}}^{\text{REC}}$	> 400 MeV	$E_{\text{dep}} < 0.20 \text{ GeV} \& 1 \text{ GeV} < E_{\text{dep}} < 2. 20 \text{ GeV}$
Cut Params	p = 5 GeV	
Stage	ECAL	HCAL
$N_{\text{hits}}^{\text{REC}}$	> 5	hits < 2 & 7 < hits < 12
$E_{\text{deposit}}^{\text{REC}}$	> 320 MeV	0.96 GeV < $E_{\text{dep}}$ < 2.08 GeV
Cut Params	p = 2 GeV	
Stage	ECAL	HCAL
$N_{\text{hits}}^{\text{REC}}$	> 4	7 < hits < 15
$E_{\text{deposit}}^{\text{REC}}$	> 320 MeV	0.80 GeV < $E_{\text{dep}}$ < 1.92 GeV
Cut Params	p = 1 GeV	
Stage	ECAL	HCAL
$N_{\text{hits}}^{\text{REC}}$	> 3	4 < hits < 9
$E_{\text{deposit}}^{\text{REC}}$	> 320 MeV	320 MeV < $E_{\text{dep}}$ < 960 MeV

# Muon Efficiency and Fake-ID Efficiency

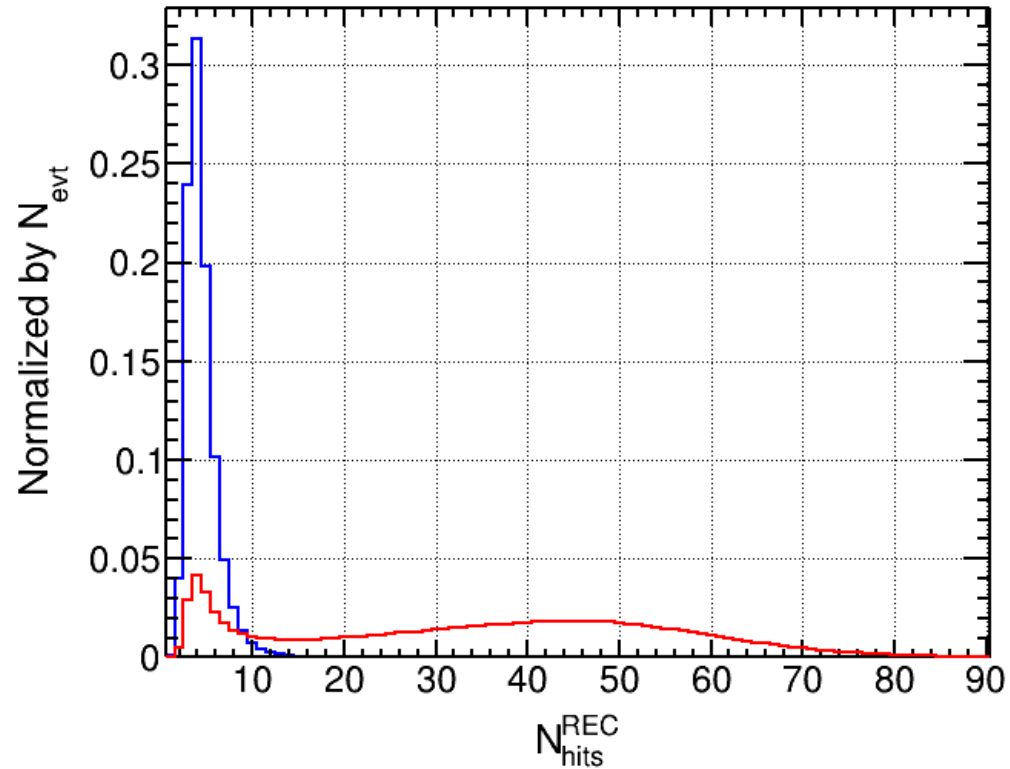
$\eta = 1.74 (\theta = 20^\circ)$	Muon Efficiency	Fake-ID Efficiency	Cut
$p = 1 \text{ GeV/c}$	79.5 %	8.36 %	Whole ECAL & Whole HCAL
$p = 2 \text{ GeV/c}$	88.6 %	6.33 %	Whole ECAL & Whole HCAL
$p = 5 \text{ GeV/c}$	87.4 %	1.27 %	Whole ECAL & Whole HCAL
$p = 10 \text{ GeV/c}$	86.9 %	0.68 %	Whole ECAL & Whole HCAL
$\eta = 3.13 (\theta = 5^\circ)$	Muon Efficiency	Fake-ID Efficiency	Cut
$p = 1 \text{ GeV/c}$	41.1 %	7.99%	Whole ECAL & Whole HCAL
$p = 2 \text{ GeV/c}$	50.5 %	8.07%	Whole ECAL & Whole HCAL
$p = 5 \text{ GeV/c}$	47.1 %	1.40 %	Whole ECAL & Whole HCAL
$p = 10 \text{ GeV/c}$	72 %	2.43 %	Whole ECAL & Whole HCAL

- Fake-ID efficiency (surviving pions for muon cut) level varies from 0.7 – 8.4 % and found that at higher momentum less pions are survived after muon cut
- There might be room for improvement on using layer information instead of whole HCAL
  - Consistent energy deposit and number of hits each layer throughout HCAL layers for muons

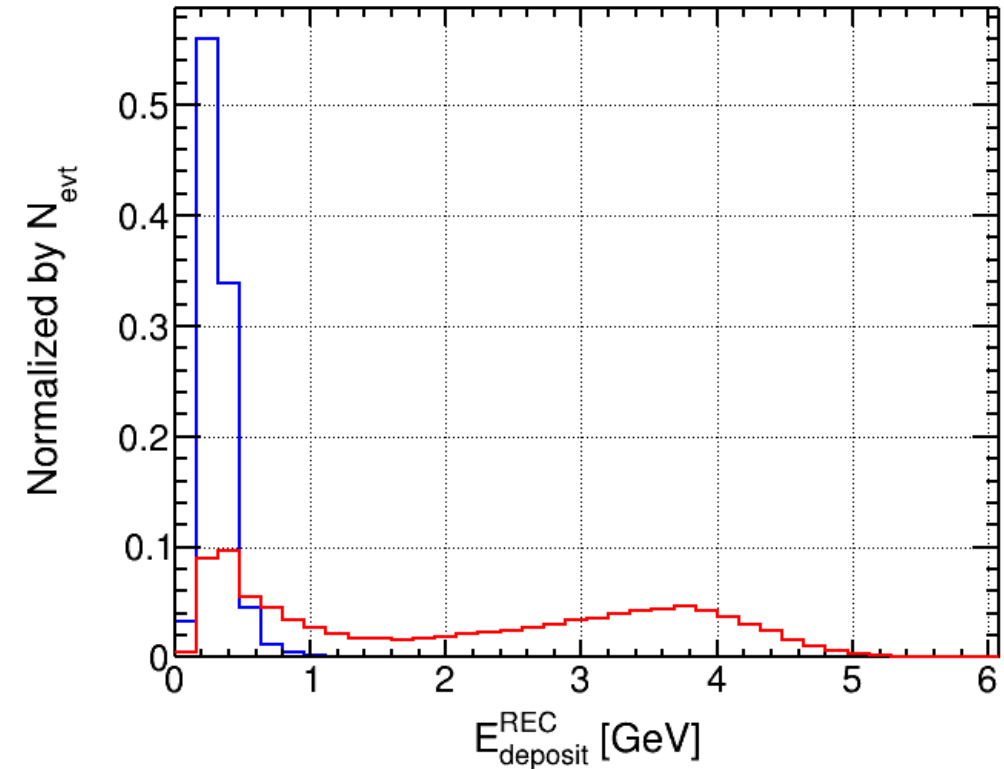


# Next Step – Consider Cross Section?

EcalEndcapP

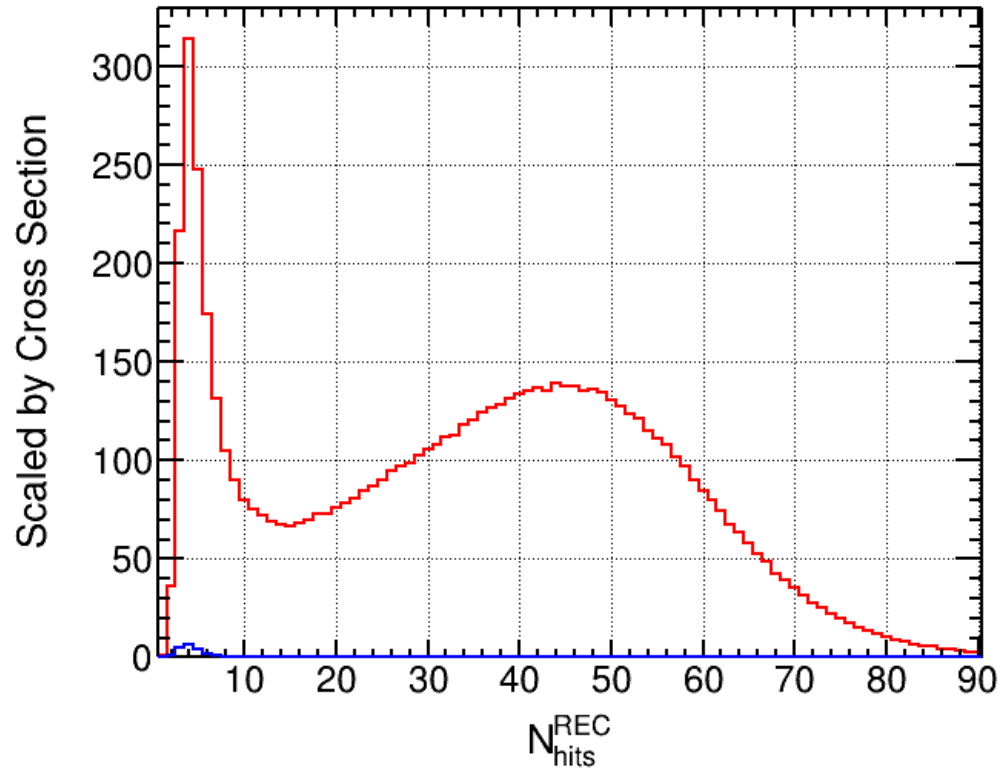


EcalEndcapP

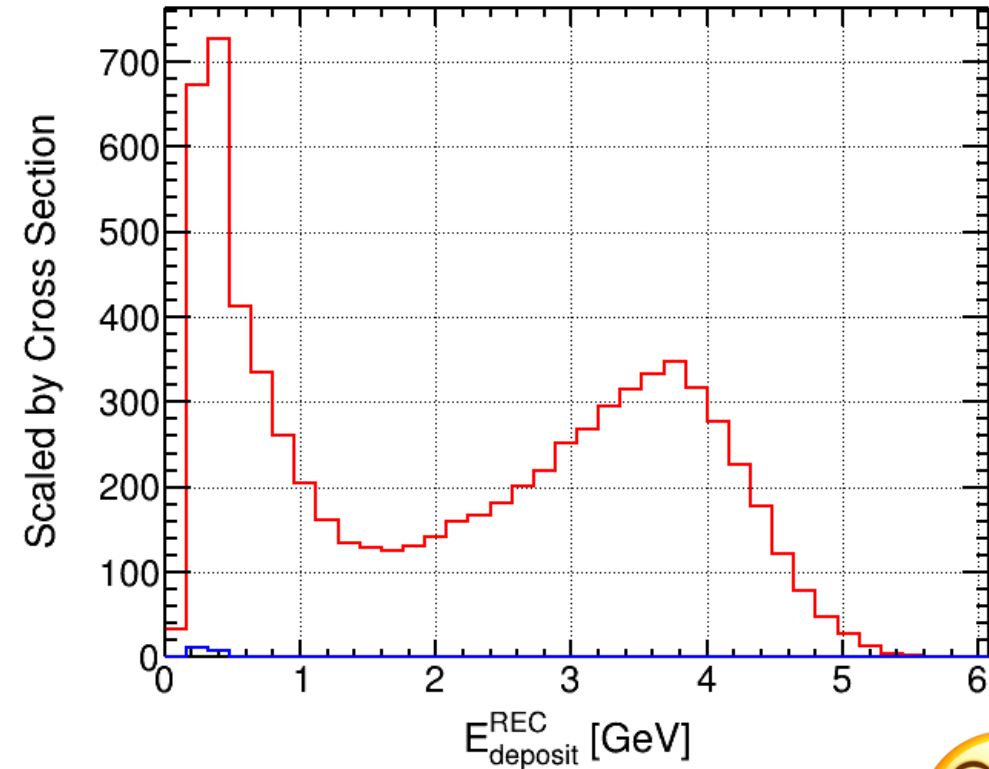


# Next Step – Consider Cross Section?

EcalEndcapP



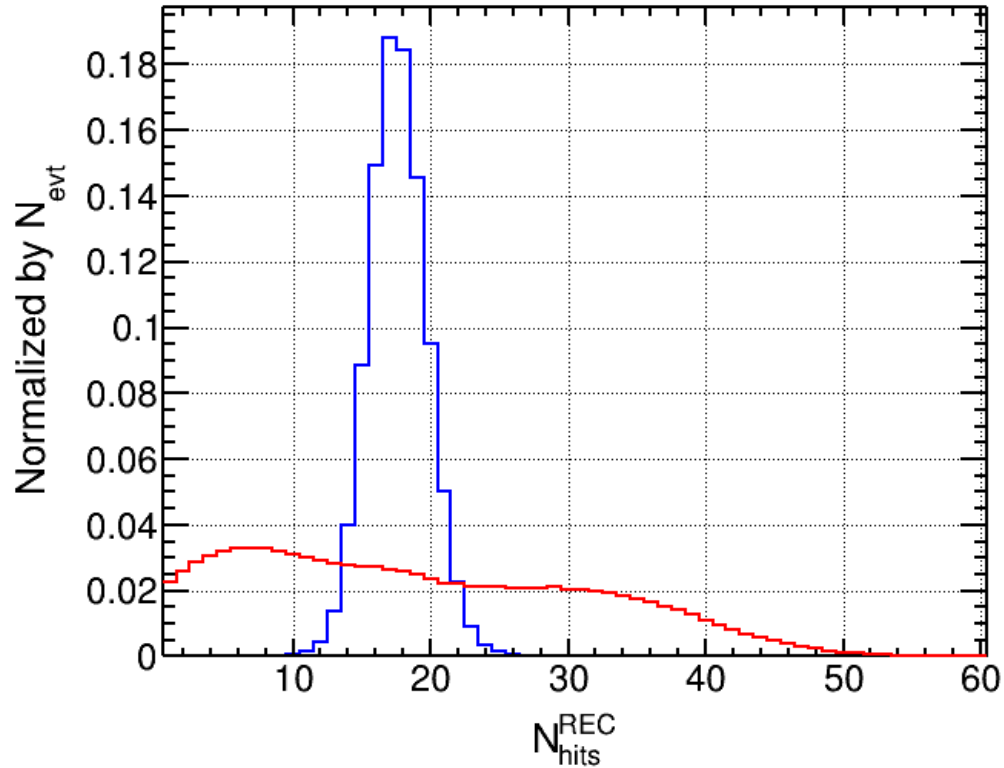
EcalEndcapP



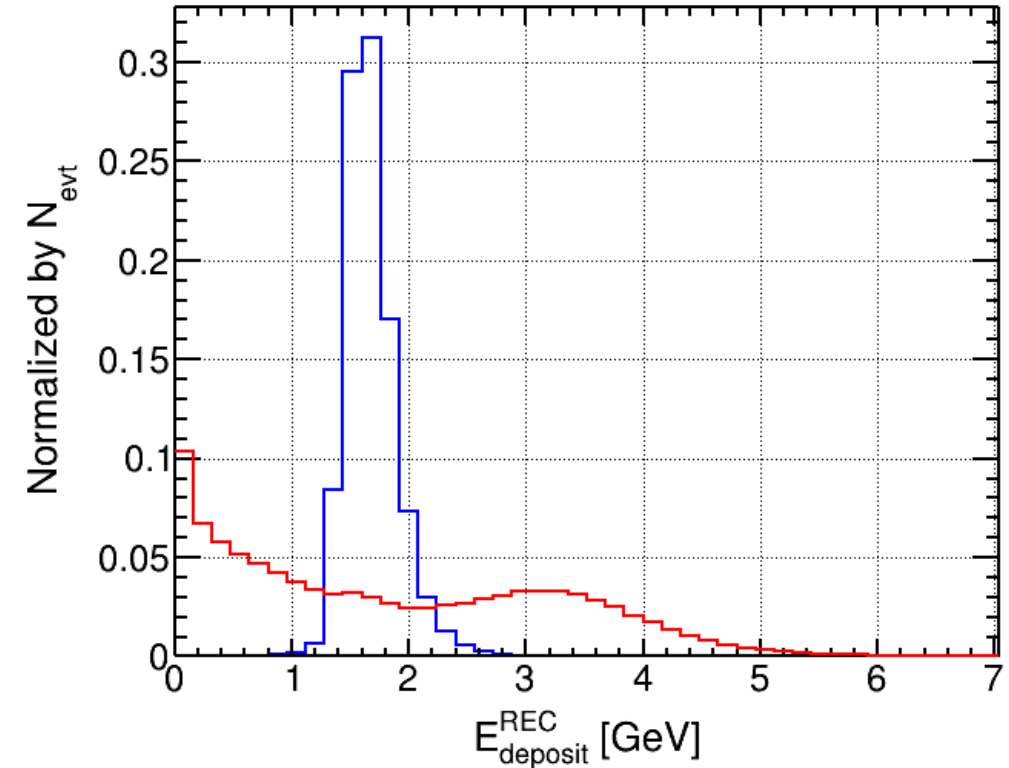
Overwhelming background from pion? 🤔

# Next Step – Consider Cross Section?

HcalEndcapP

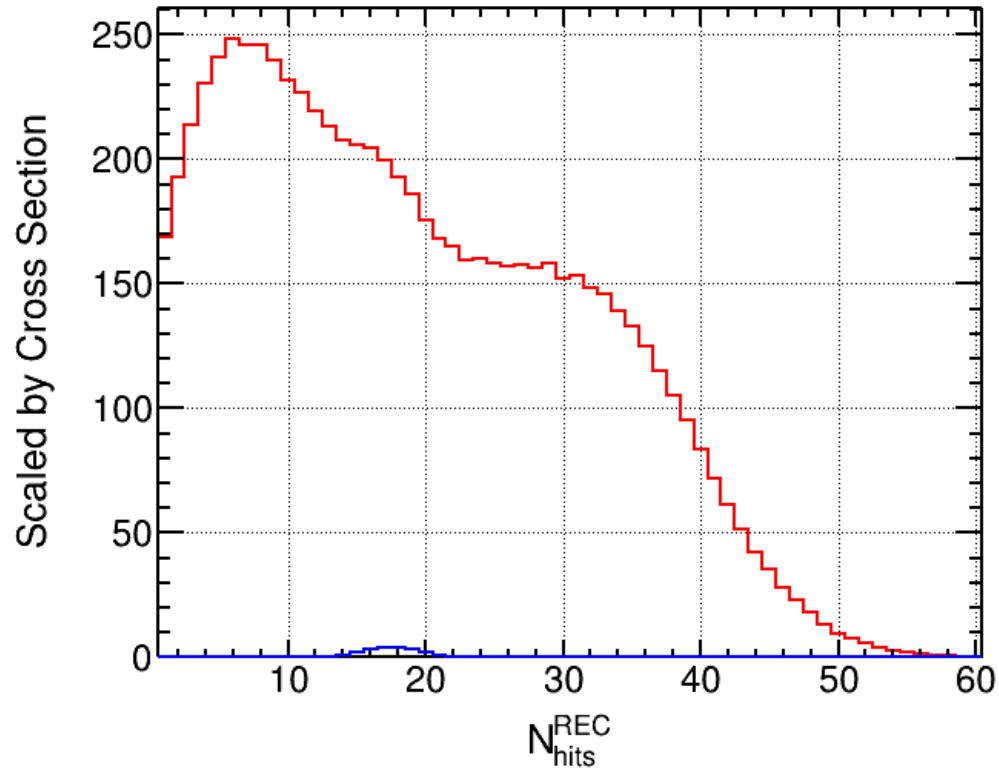


HcalEndcapP

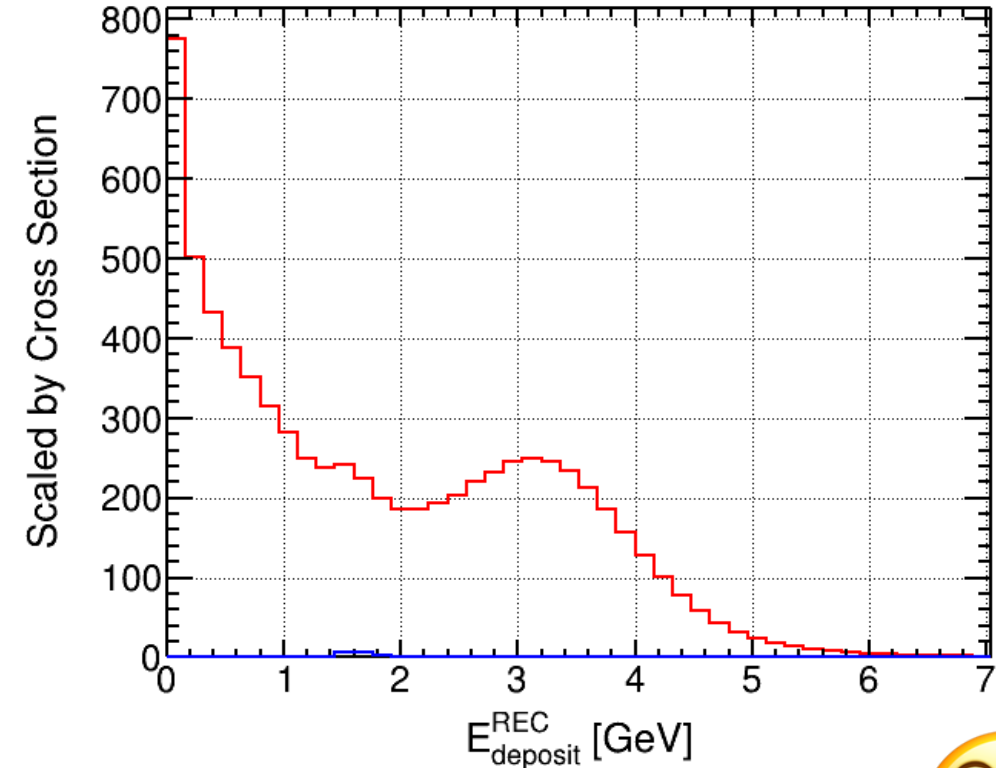


# Next Step – Consider Cross Section?

HcalEndcapP



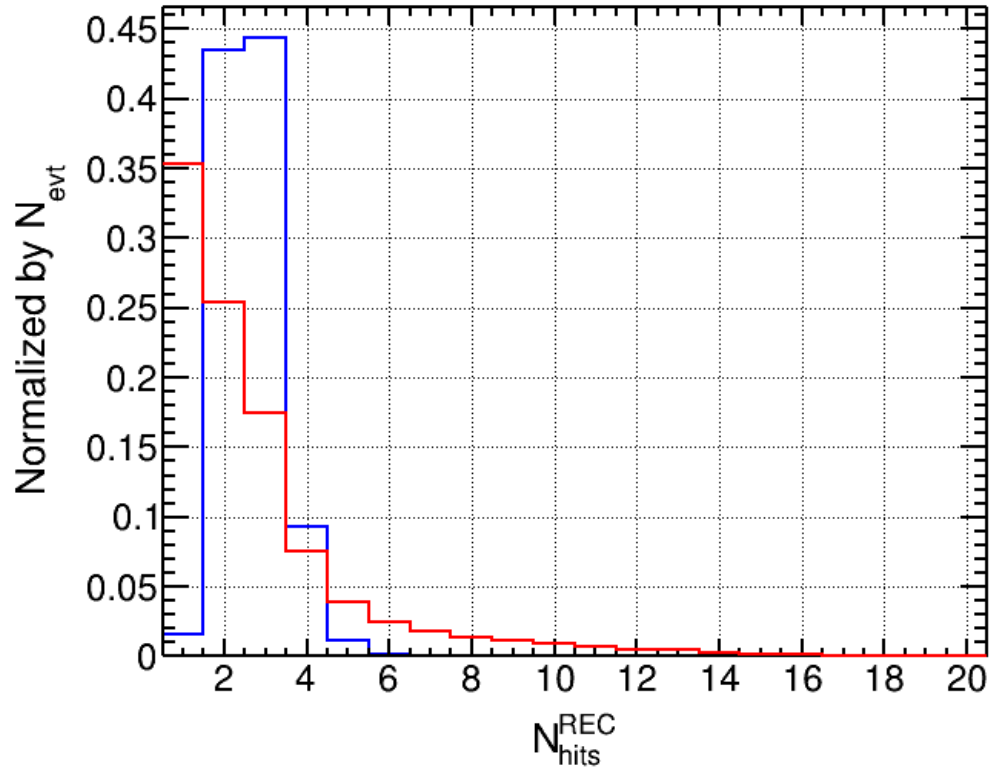
HcalEndcapP



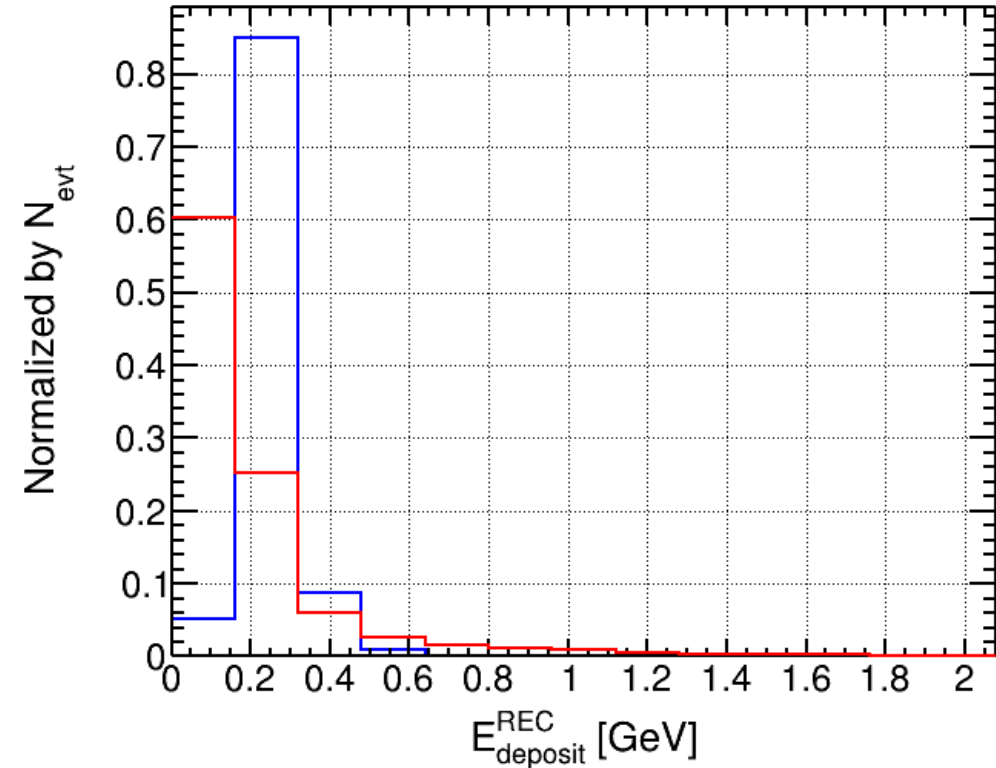
Overwhelming background from pion? 🤔

# Next Step – Consider Cross Section?

Layer=6

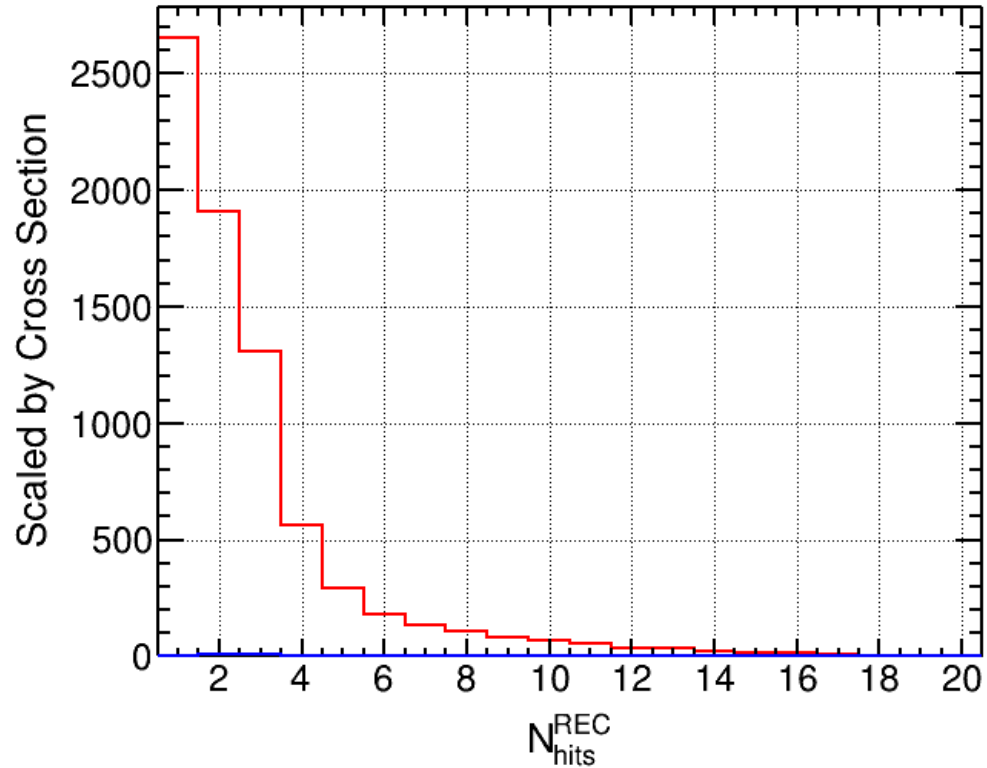


Layer=6

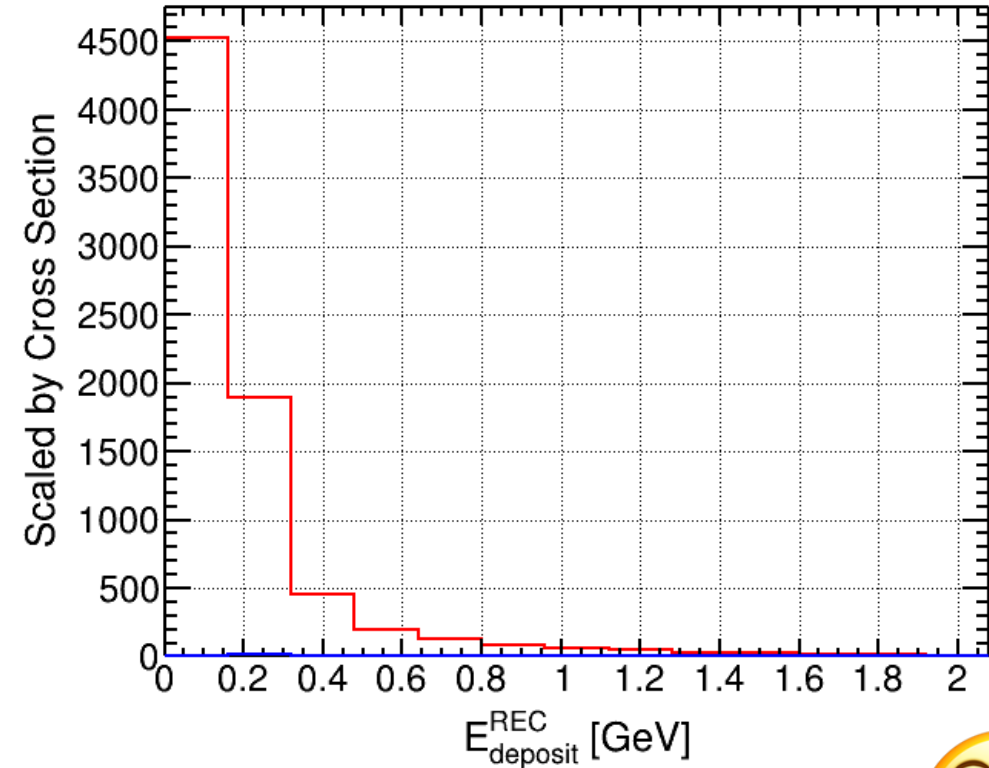


# Next Step – Consider Cross Section?

Layer=6



Layer=6



Overwhelming background from pion? 🤔

# Status of IR-8 Vetoing Efficiency

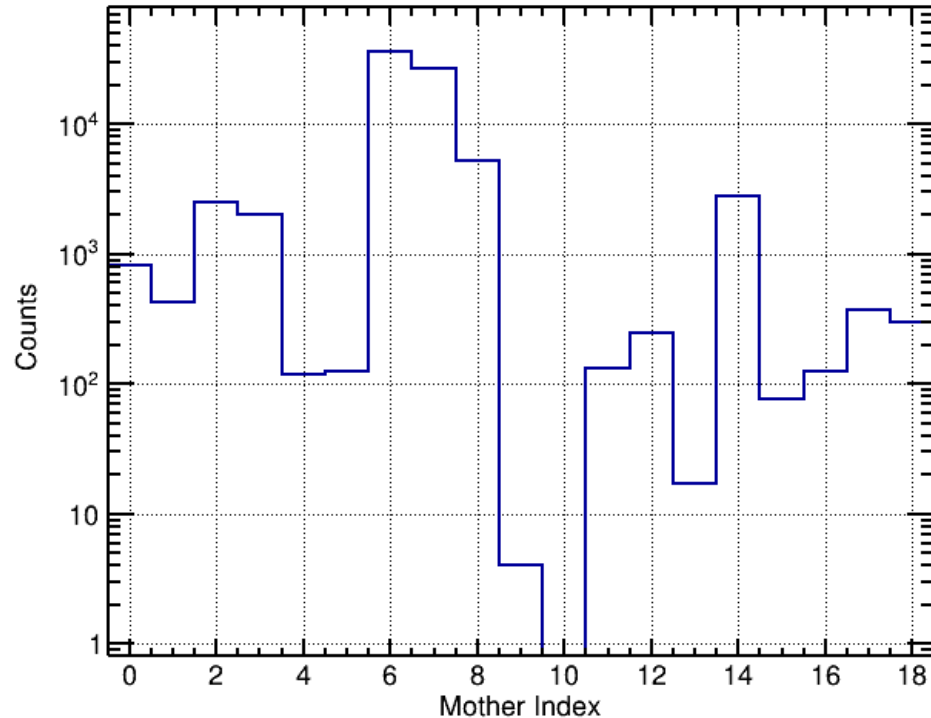
- Draft of IR-8 vetoing efficiency on overleaf is **ready**
- Thinking of **EPJ C** or **PRD journal**
- <https://www.overleaf.com/3628945327hgycdydxcjp#b66c9d>
- Primary message: Simple. Introduce pre-conceptual design of IR-8 and secondary focus feature. Show how powerful can be in terms of tagging and vetoing.
- Outline
  - **Introduction** – EIC, EIC 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup> detectors, and Exclusive Diffractive VM measurements
  - **Proposed IR-8 layout** – Interaction region and secondary focus feature
  - **Far-Forward Detectors** – Detector general layout and acceptance
  - **Event Generator** – BeAGLE and incoherent sample
  - **Results** – Vetoing procedure , impact of secondary focus, and neutron exit window impact
  - **Summary** – Physics case for 2<sup>nd</sup> detector (“secondary focus”) will be dedicated to the next paper
- Please let me know if you have any **comments** and **feedback**. **I would appreciate it.**
- Thank you so much for your input! Xiaoxuan, Alex\*, Kong, Elke, and Thomas (\*English/Grammar)

# Supplemental Slides



# Where Muons Come from – $18 \times 275 \text{ GeV}^2$

Muon Parents

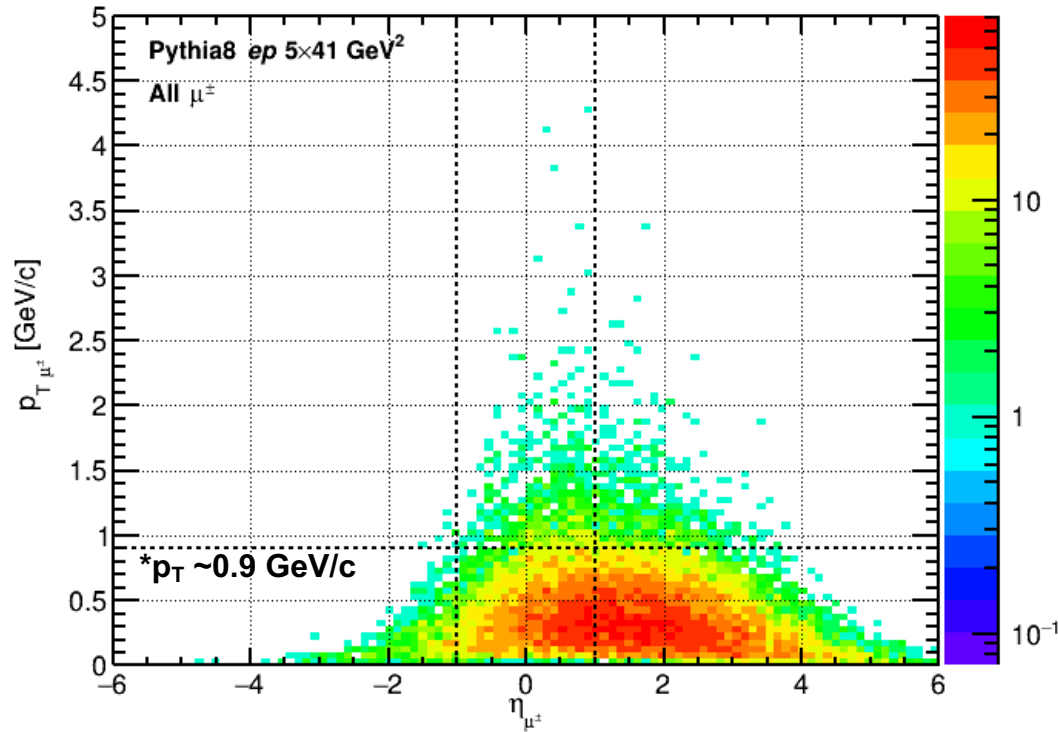


[0]  $\tau$   
 [1]  $\rho^0$   
 [2]  $\eta$   
 [3]  $\omega$   
 [4]  $\eta'$   
 [5]  $\phi$   
 [6]  $D^+$   
 [7]  $D^0$   
 [8]  $D_s^+$   
 [9]  $J/\psi$

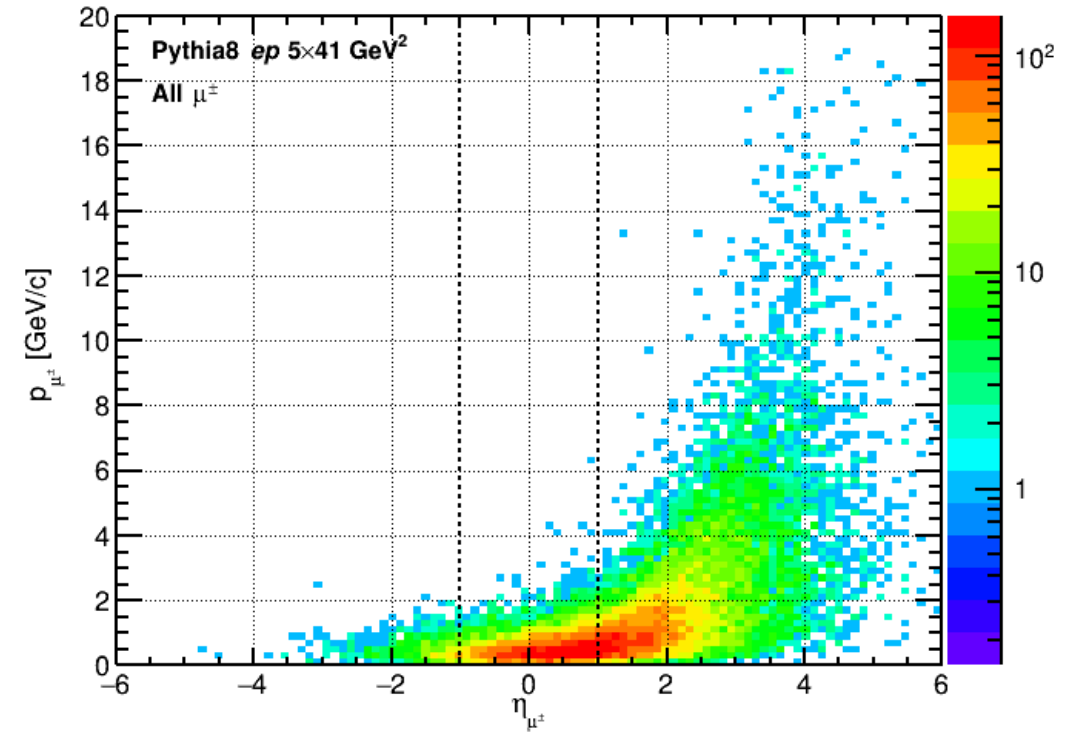
[10]  $\Upsilon$   
 [11]  $\Sigma^-$   
 [12]  $\Lambda$   
 [13]  $\Xi^-$   
 [14]  $\Lambda_c^+$   
 [15]  $\Xi_c^0$   
 [16]  $\Xi_c^+$   
 [17]  $\gamma \rightarrow \mu^\pm$  pair production  
 [18] the rest (ex.  $B^+$ ,  $B^0$ , ...)

# Muon Kinematics – $5 \times 41 \text{ GeV}^2$

Transvers Momentum vs Pseudo-rapidity



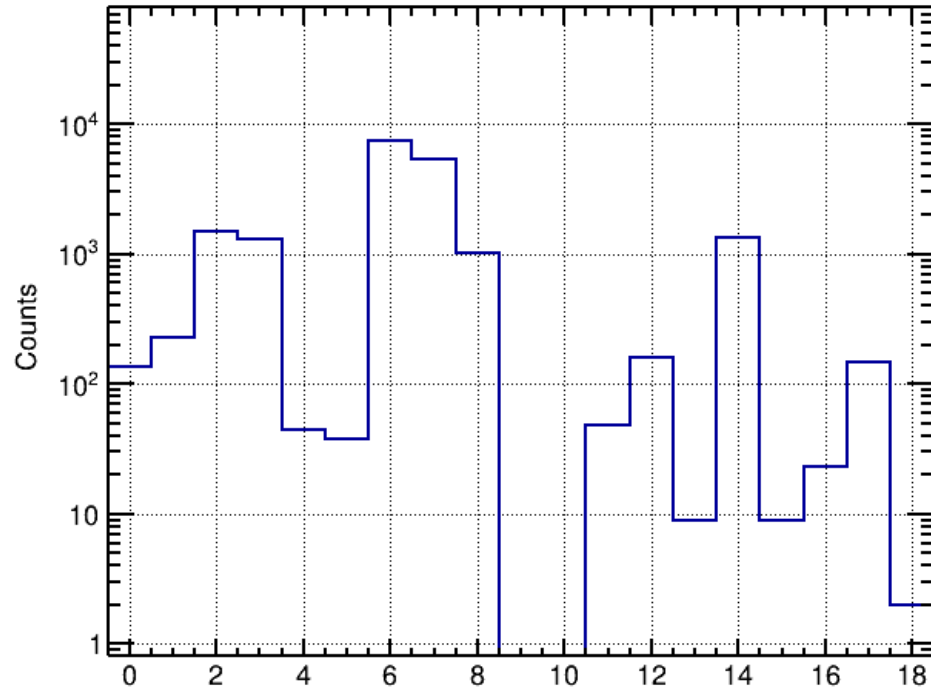
Momentum vs Pseudo-rapidity



There are muons going beyond mid-rapidity ( $|\eta| > 1$ ), but they are soft

\*evaluated based on 1.7 T and  $R_{\text{max}}$  of solenoid of ePIC

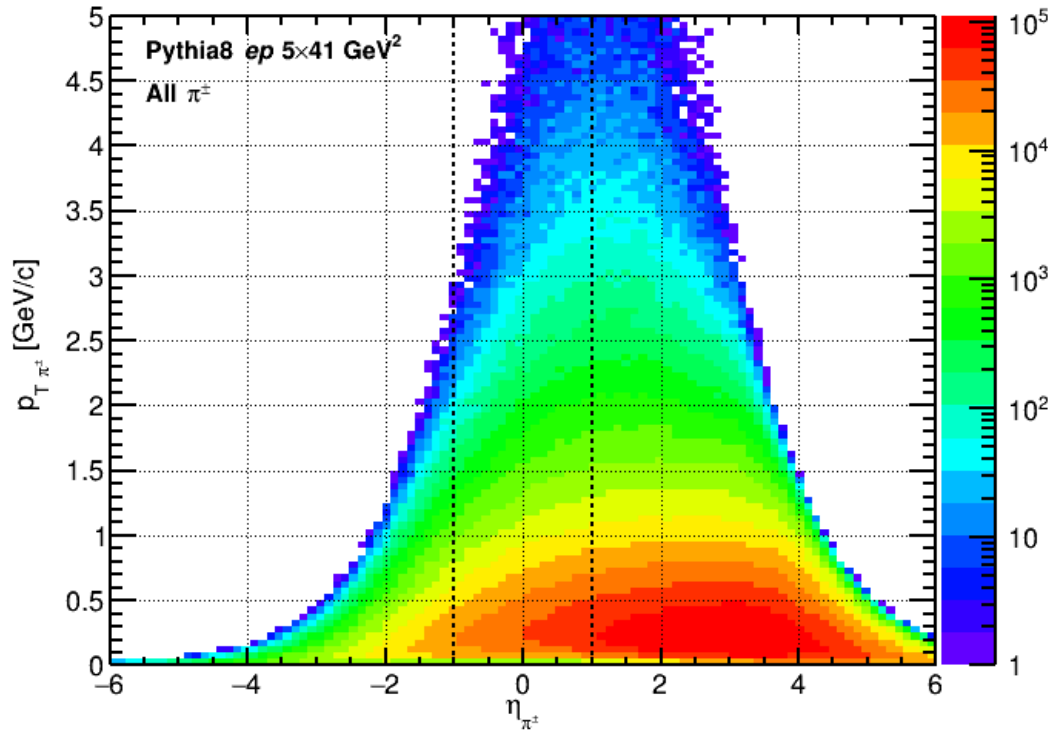
# Where Muons Come from – $5 \times 41 \text{ GeV}^2$



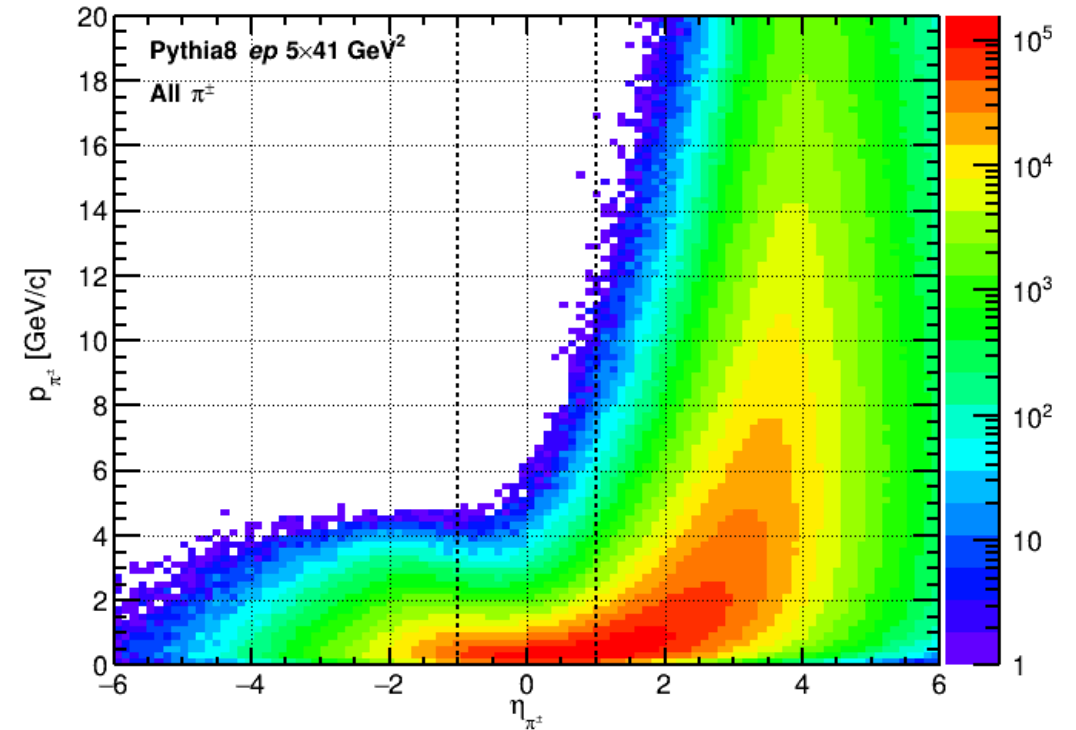
[0] $\tau$	[10] $\Upsilon$
[1] $\rho^0$	[11] $\Sigma^-$
[2] $\eta$	[12] $\Lambda$
[3] $\omega$	[13] $\Xi^-$
[4] $\eta'$	[14] $\Lambda_c^+$
[5] $\phi$	[15] $\Xi_c^0$
[6] $D^+$	[16] $\Xi_c^+$
[7] $D^0$	[17] $\gamma \rightarrow \mu^\pm$ pair production
[8] $D_s^+$	[18] the rest (ex. $B^+$ , $B^0$ , ...)
[9] $J/\psi$	

# Pion Kinematics – $5 \times 41 \text{ GeV}^2$

Transvers Momentum vs Pseudo-rapidity



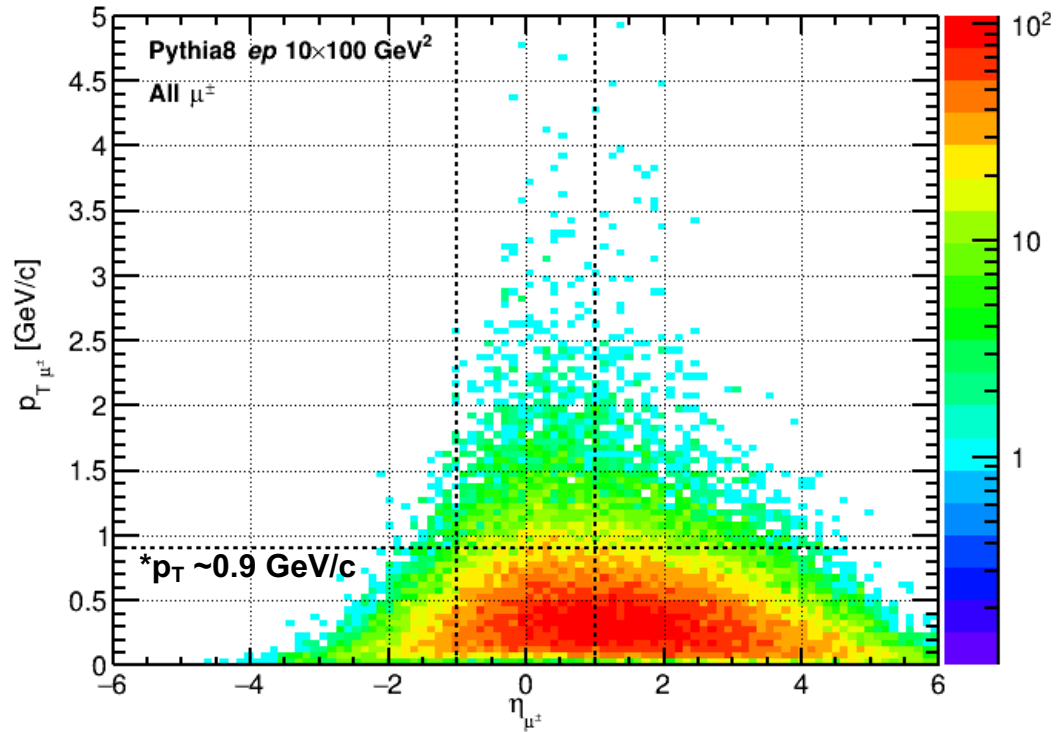
Momentum vs Pseudo-rapidity



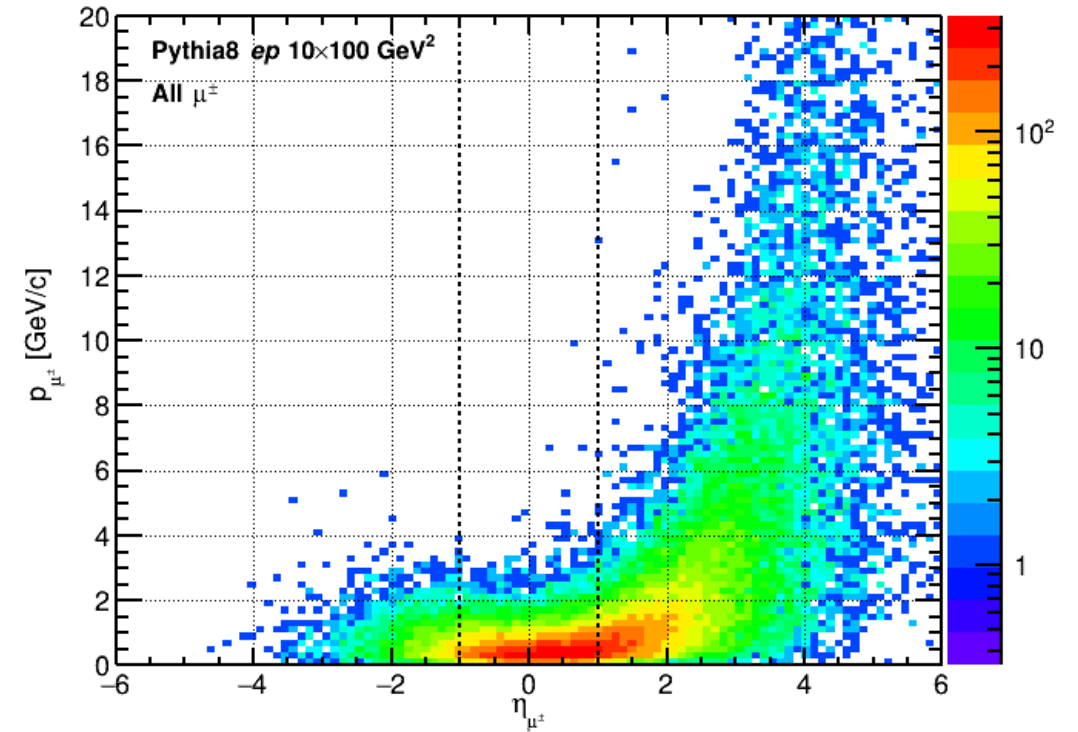
There are huge pions going forward

# Muon Kinematics – $10 \times 100 \text{ GeV}^2$

Transvers Momentum vs Pseudo-rapidity



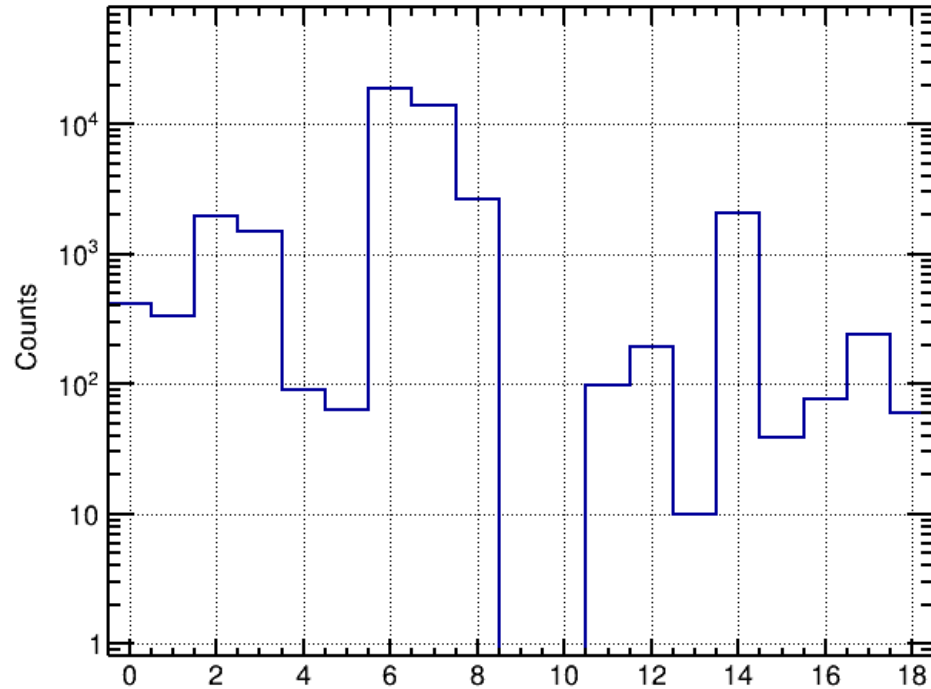
Momentum vs Pseudo-rapidity



There are muons going beyond mid-rapidity ( $|\eta| > 1$ ), but they are soft

\*evaluated based on 1.7 T and  $R_{\text{max}}$  of solenoid of ePIC

# Where Muons Come from – $10 \times 100 \text{ GeV}^2$

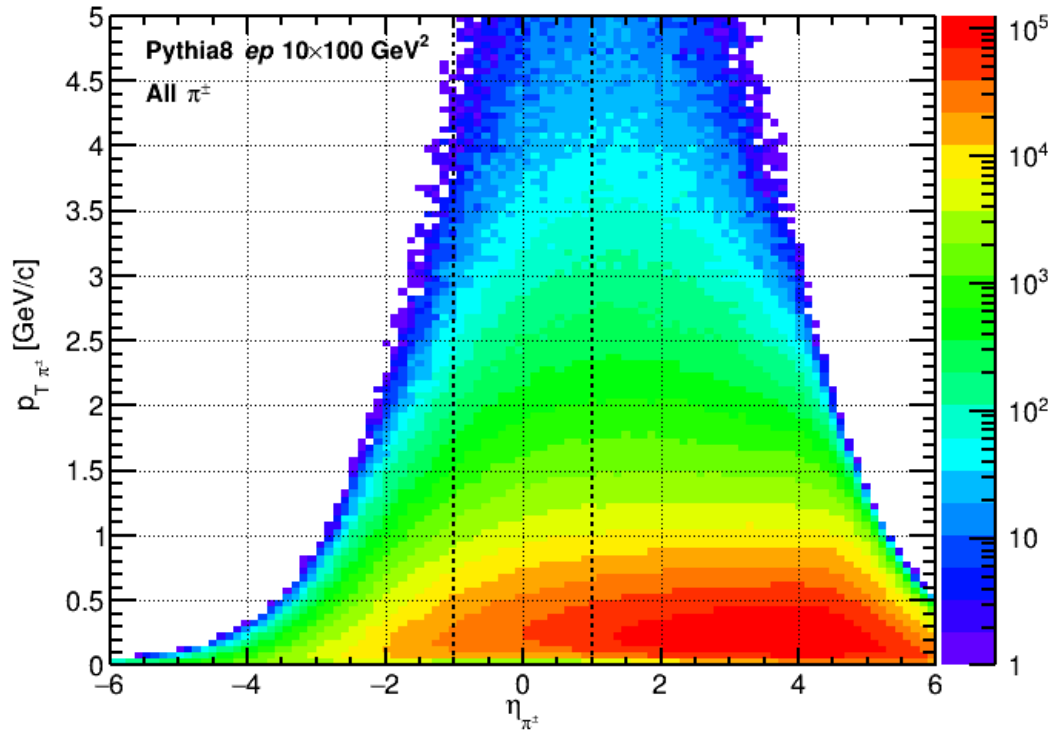


[0]  $\tau$   
 [1]  $\rho^0$   
 [2]  $\eta$   
 [3]  $\omega$   
 [4]  $\eta'$   
 [5]  $\phi$   
 [6]  $D^+$   
 [7]  $D^0$   
 [8]  $D_s^+$   
 [9]  $J/\psi$

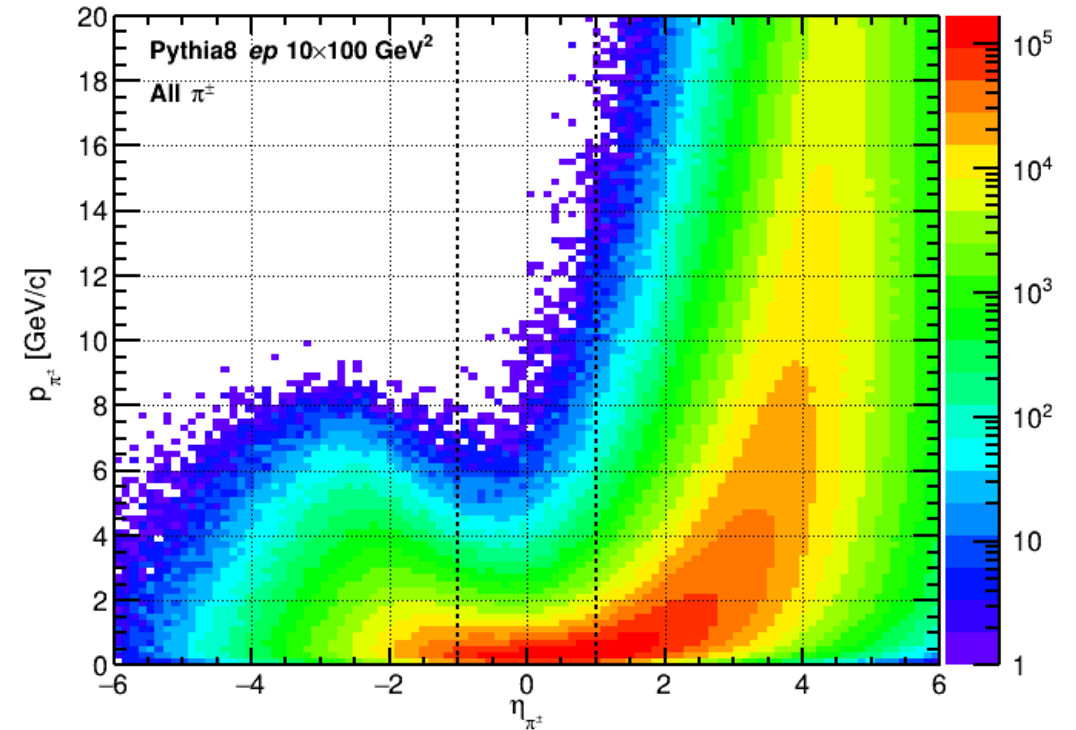
[10]  $\Upsilon$   
 [11]  $\Sigma^-$   
 [12]  $\Lambda$   
 [13]  $\Xi^-$   
 [14]  $\Lambda_c^+$   
 [15]  $\Xi_c^0$   
 [16]  $\Xi_c^+$   
 [17]  $\gamma \rightarrow \mu^\pm$  pair production  
 [18] the rest (ex.  $B^+$ ,  $B^0$ , ...)

# Pion Kinematics – $10 \times 100 \text{ GeV}^2$

Transvers Momentum vs Pseudo-rapidity



Momentum vs Pseudo-rapidity



There are huge pions going forward

# Backup Slides



# Pythia8 Steering File

```
/*
Steering file for LO DIS with realistic EIC beam parameters
18x275 in High Divergence Mode
See CDR Table 3.3
*/

Main:numberOfEvents = 10000000

/*
Beam Parameters
*/

Beams:frameType = 2
Beams:idA = 2212
Beams:idB = 11

Beams:eA = 275
Beams:eB = 18

/*
PDF Selection 2 = CTEQ5L
PDF:GammaHardSet needed to try SAS Photon set, LHAPDF5 isn't linked yet ...
PDF:extrapolate = on allow extrapolations to low x
*/
PDF:pset = 2
PDF:lepton = off

/*
Subprocess Selection
*/
WeakBosonExchange:ff2ff(t:gmZ) = on

/*
Shower Settings
*/
SpaceShower:dipoleRecoil = on
SpaceShower:pTmaxMatch = 2
TimeShower:QEDshowerByL = off

/*
Photoproduction Settings and Kinematics
0 = All
1 = Resolved
2 = Direct
*/
```

```
/*
Photoproduction Settings and Kinematics
0 = All
1 = Resolved
2 = Direct
*/

/*
PhaseSpace Settings

PhaseSpace:pTHatMin = 1.0
PhaseSpace:pTHatMinDiverge = 0.5
*/
PhaseSpace:mHatMin = 1.0
PhaseSpace:pTHatMinDiverge = force 0.45
PhaseSpace:Q2Min = 1.0

/*
Hadronization and Radiation Settings
*/
HadronLevel:Decay = on
HadronLevel:all = on
PartonLevel:ISR = on
PartonLevel:MPI = off
PartonLevel:FSR = on
PromptPhoton:all = off

/*
Display Settings
*/
Init:showProcesses = off
Init:showChangedSettings = off
Init:showMultipartonInteractions = off
Init:showChangedParticleData = off

Next:numberShowInfo = 0
Next:numberShowProcess = 0
Next:numberShowEvent = 0
Next:numberCount = 10000

Random:setSeed = on
Random:seed = 0
```