

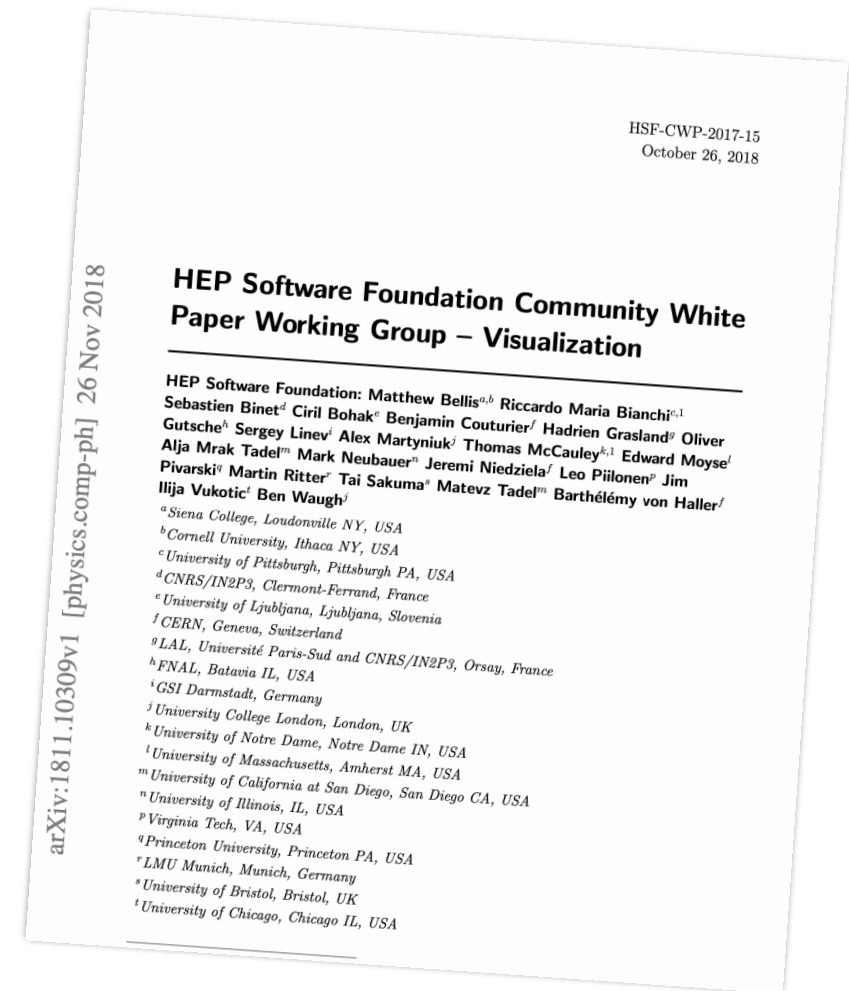
PHOENIX

EDWARD MOYSE

# THE PHOENIX EVENT DISPLAY FRAMEWORK

# INTRODUCTION

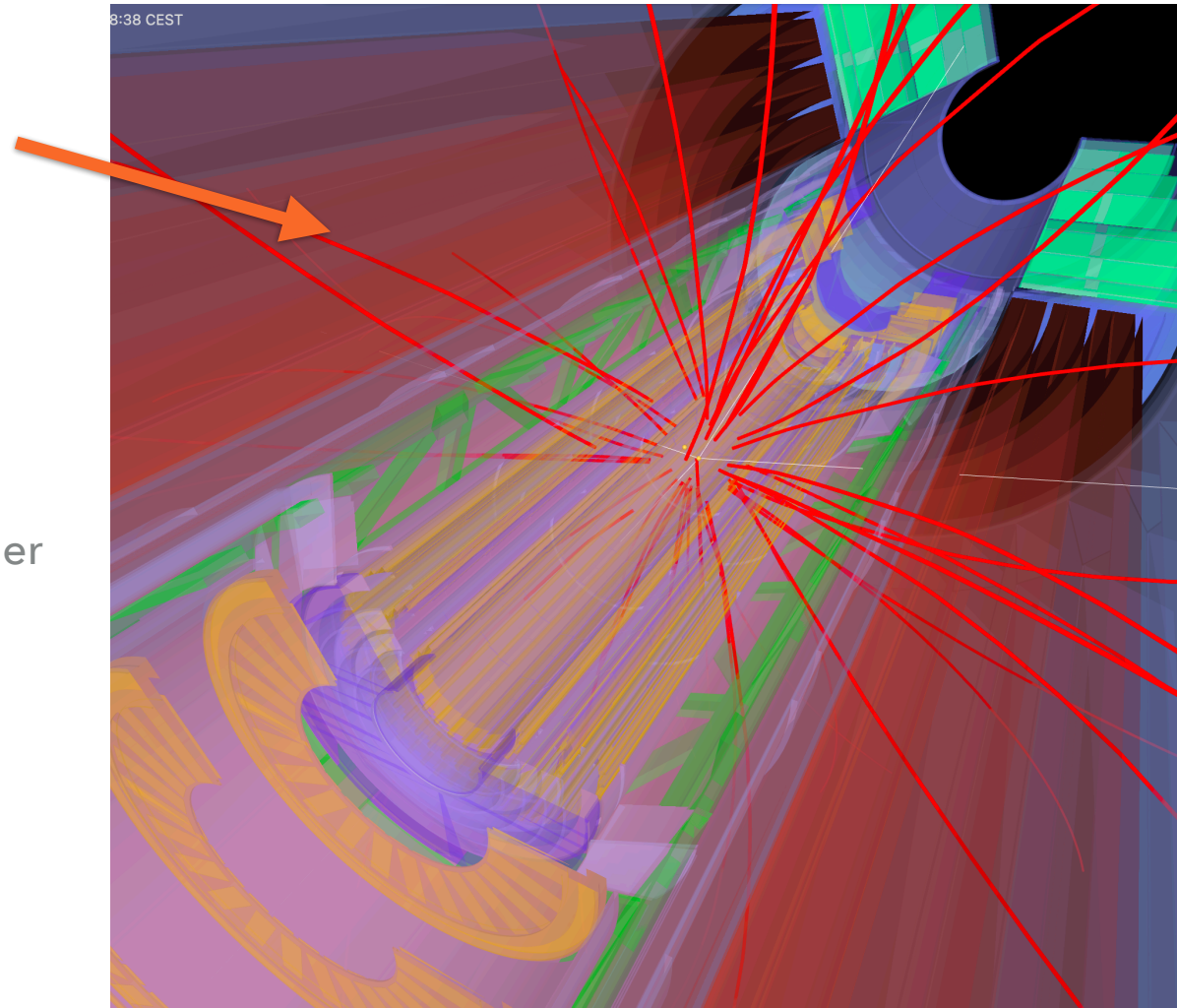
- ▶ In 2017 the [HSF visualisation white paper](#) identified the desirability of having a common event format, and a common tool to visualise event data (and geometry)
  - ▶ Up until now, event displays have tended to be per-experiment
- ▶ Phoenix is an experiment agnostic display, supported by the HSF visualisation group:
  - ▶ Repository: <https://github.com/HSF/phoenix>
  - ▶ Demo: <http://hepsoftwarefoundation.org/phoenix/>
  - ▶ Runs entirely in the browser, so scalable and cheap to host
    - ▶ Uses industry standard, such as [three.js](#) and [angular](#), nodeJS, NPM (+ other libraries)
      - ▶ (Also a [demo](#) using [reactjs](#))
  - ▶ Extensible by design
    - ▶ Currently has built in support for LHCb, ATLAS, CMS, TrackML , EDM4HEP **geometry** and/or **event data**
    - ▶ Currently officially used by ATLAS, FCC, LHCb, Belle-II (see [documentation](#))





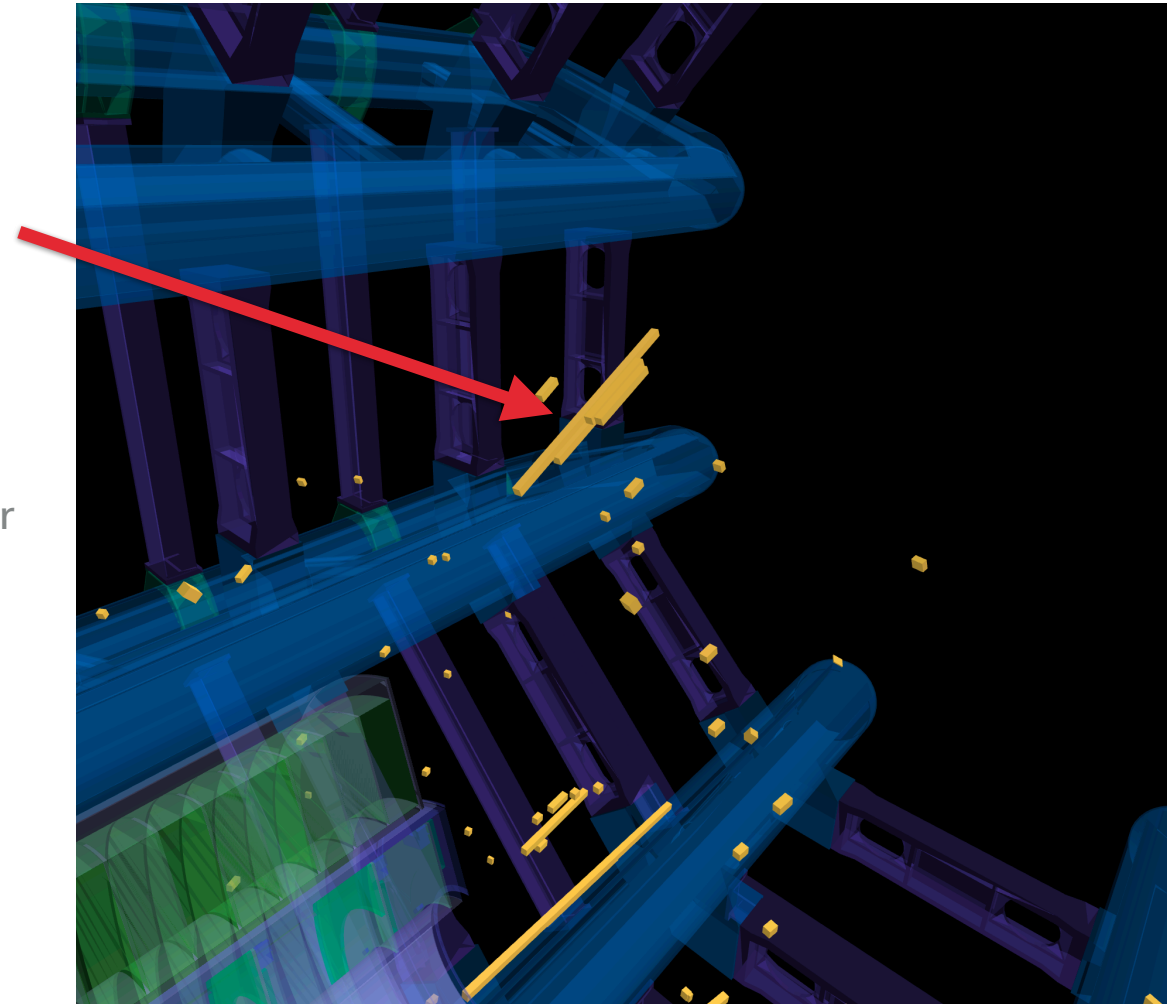
# SUPPORTED PHYSICS OBJECTS

- ▶ **Tracks** - the trajectory of a charged particle (usually in a magnetic field)
- ▶ **Calorimeter cells** - deposits of energy in a calorimeter (planar and cylindrical are supported).
- ▶ **Jets** - cones of activity within the detector
- ▶ **Hits** - individual measurements, which can either be points or lines
- ▶ **Vertices** - optionally linked to tracks
- ▶ **Compound objects** (e.g. 'Muons', which link 'Tracks' and 'Clusters')
- ▶ **Missing energy**



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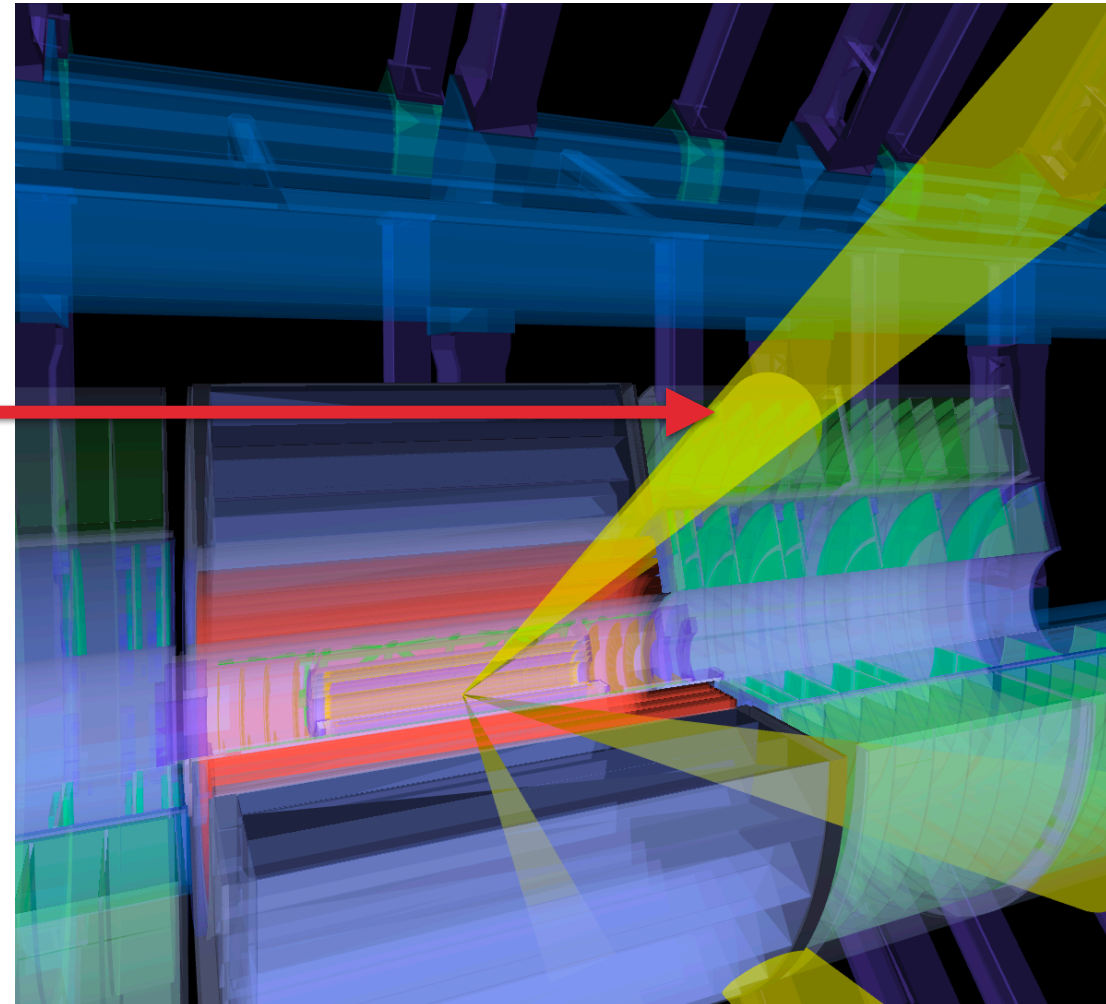
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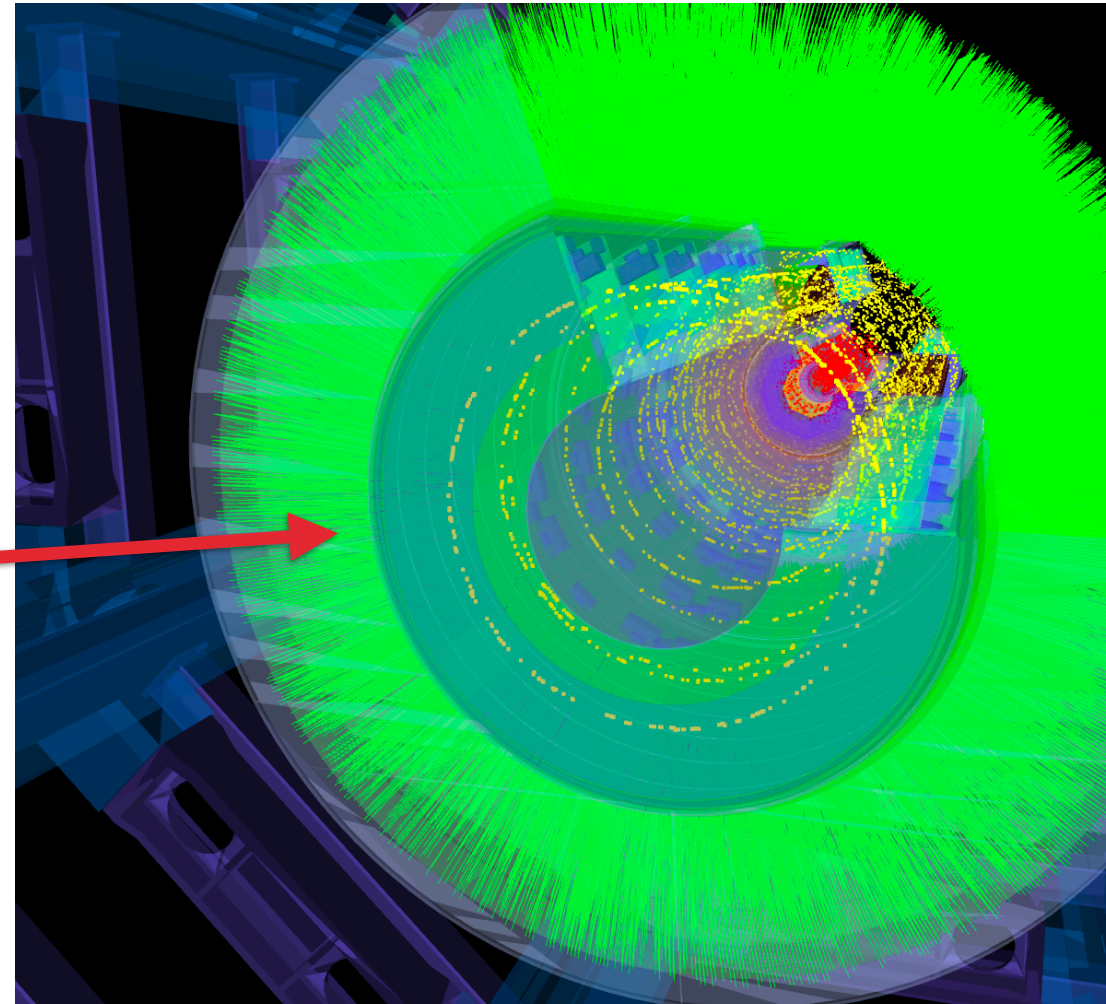
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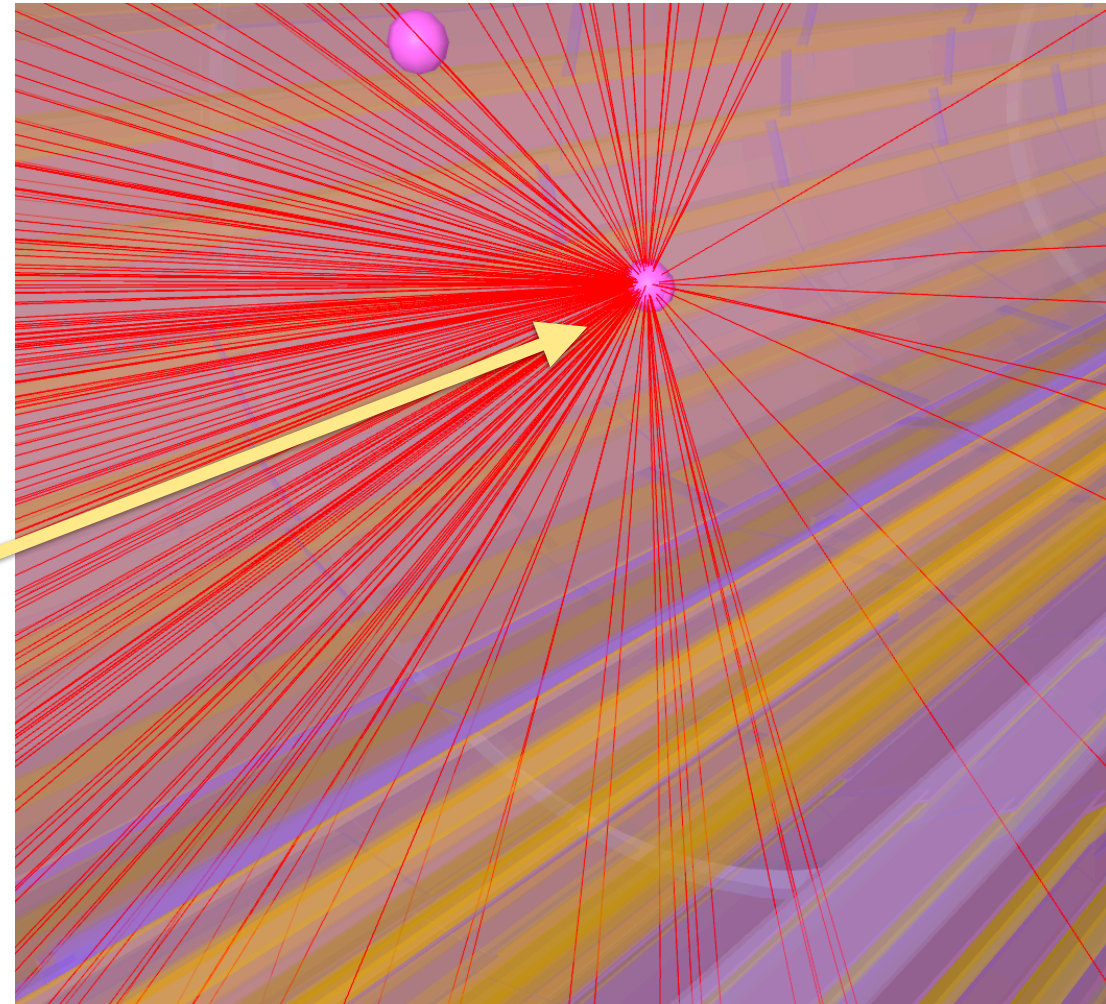
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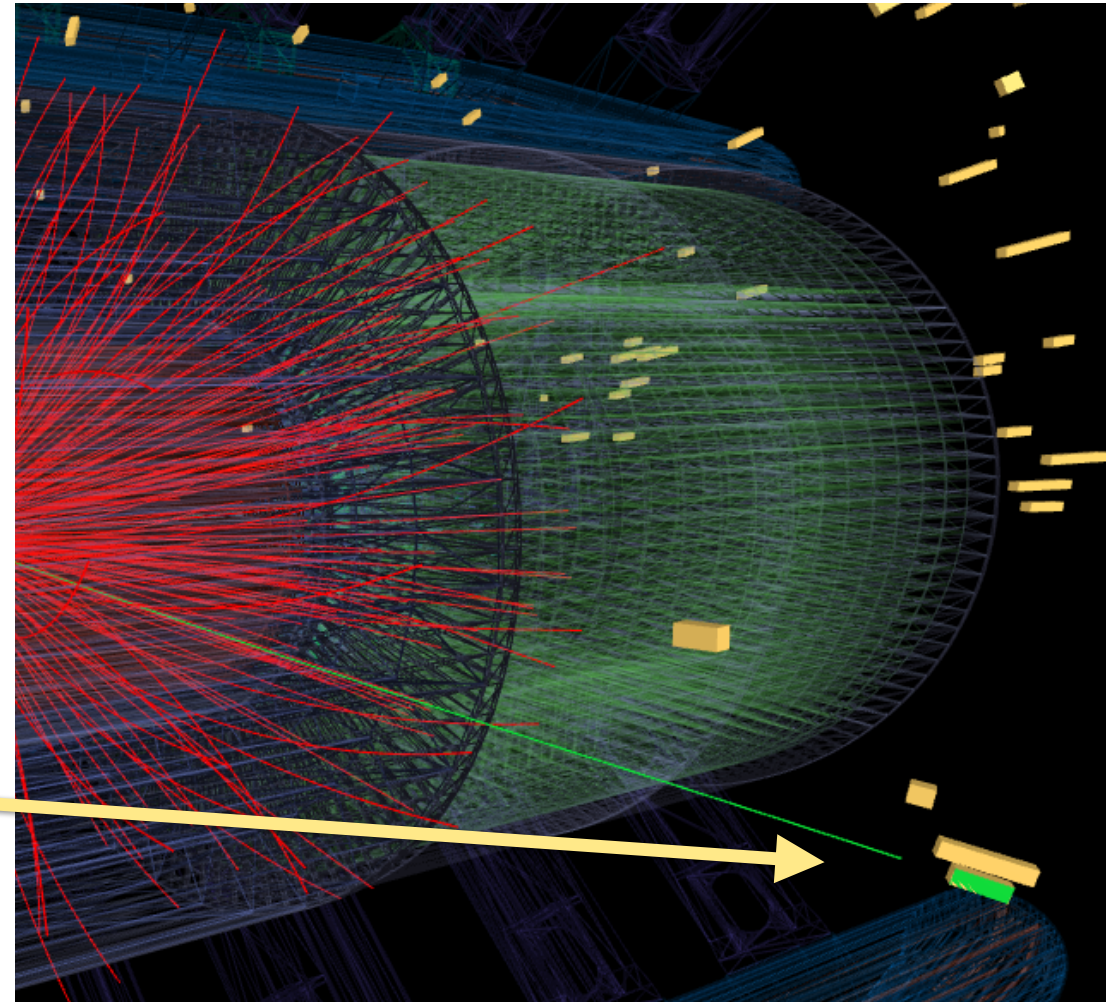
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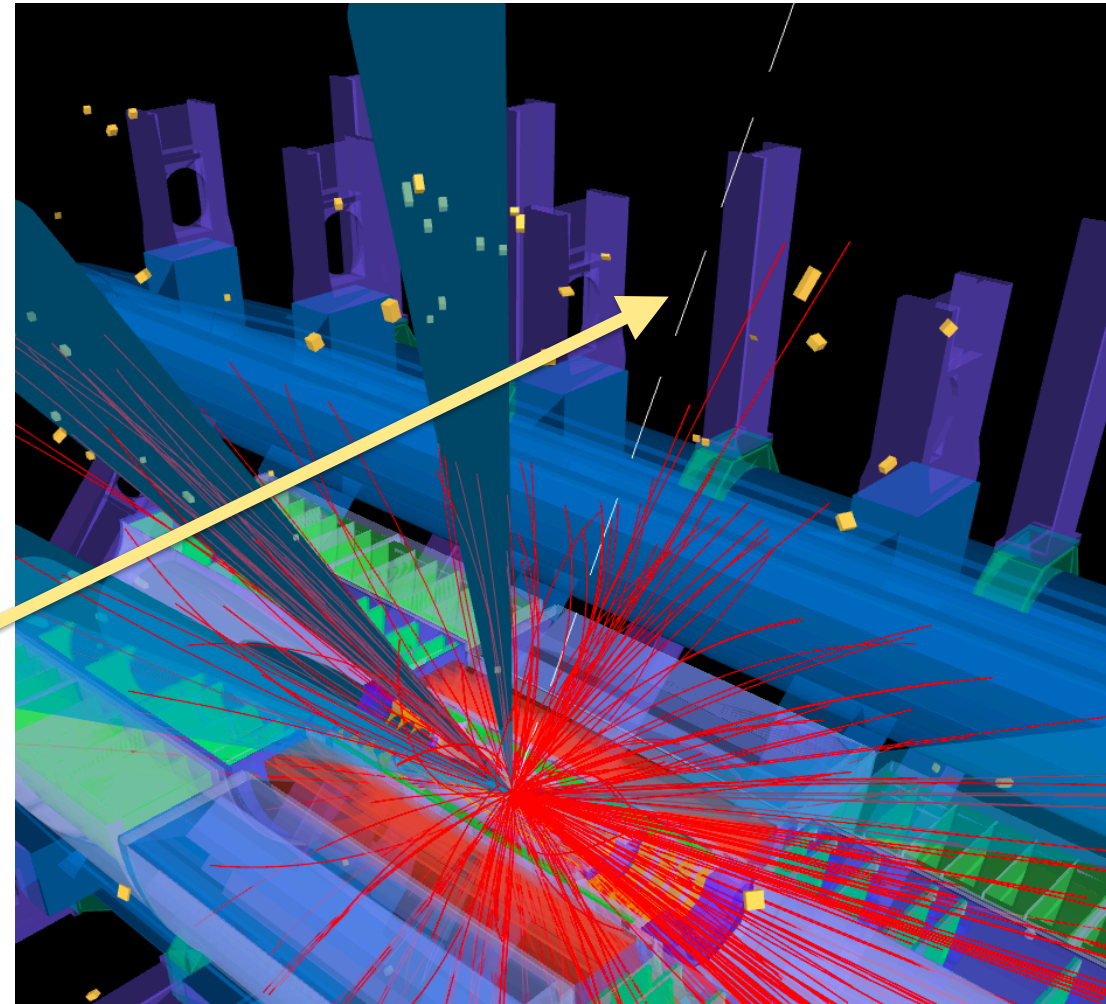
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# SUPPORTED EVENT DATA FORMATS

- ▶ Phoenix internally makes use of a JSON format to represent event data. The JSON format is designed to be human-readable, but still compact.
- ▶ We also provide “loaders” to convert from arbitrary formats to our internal format...
  - ▶ (More on this later)

[phoenix](#) / [packages](#) / [phoenix-event-display](#) / [src](#) / [loaders](#) /

**EdwardMoyse** Merge pull request [#599](#) from kjvbrt/cell-opacity

Name	Last commit message
..	
objects	Merge pull request <a href="#">#599</a> from kjvbrt/cel
cms-loader.ts	Fix lint issues
edm4hep-json-loader.ts	Adding possibility to specify opacity for
event-data-loader.ts	Fix lint issues
jivexml-loader.ts	Fix lint issues
jsroot-event-loader.ts	Fix lint issues
phoenix-loader.ts	Fix lint issues
script-loader.ts	Fix lint issues
trackml-loader.ts	Fix lint issues



# SUPPORTED GEOMETRY

- ▶ Phoenix can display geometry stored in many standard formats:
  - ▶ Natively supported formats are OBJ, **glTF**, ROOT, json(gz)
    - ▶ We recommend compressed glTF (glb) as it is the most compact, recommended by threejs, and Phoenix can automatically populate the detector menu with the embedded hierarchy (see our [docs](#) for more)
    - ▶ However **threejs** supports a **HUGE** number of 3D formats, so any of these could easily be added
  - ▶ We also have a workflow (described [here](#)) for how to convert from GDML to ROOT to glTF/glb
- ▶ ACTS can output OBJ format geometry

dev three.js / examples / jsm / loaders /

Go to file Add file ...

karimi and fraguada Returning conversion warnings in 3DMLoader (#21639) 8fa6227 5 hours ago History

..		
ifc	Make WASM path configurable + Update IFC library (#21683)	28 days ago
lwo	Run lint fix on js and jsm files	5 months ago
3DMLoader.js	Returning conversion warnings in 3DMLoader (#21639)	5 hours ago
3MFLoader.js	Examples: Update fflate version (#21669)	29 days ago
AMFLoader.js	Examples: Update fflate version (#21669)	29 days ago
BVHLoader.js	Examples: Convert loaders to ES6 Part I. (#21612)	last month
BasisTextureLoader.js	Examples: Convert loaders to ES6 Part I. (#21612)	last month
ColladaLoader.js	Material: Remove skinning. (#21788)	13 days ago
DDSLoader.js	Examples: Convert loaders to ES6 Part I. (#21612)	last month
DRACOLoader.js	Examples: Convert loaders to ES6 Part III. (#21616)	last month
EXRLoader.js	Examples: Update fflate version (#21669)	29 days ago
FBXLoader.js	Material: Remove skinning. (#21788)	13 days ago
GCodeLoader.js	Fixed eslint errors for examples (#21842)	21 hours ago
GLTFLoader.js	GLTFLoader: Ignore redundant 'KHR_texture_transform' extensions and '...	6 days ago
HDRCubeTextureLoader.js	Examples: Convert loaders to ES6 Part II. (#21614)	last month
IFCLoader.js	Fixed eslint errors for examples (#21842)	21 hours ago
KMZLoader.js	Examples: Update fflate version (#21669)	29 days ago
KTX2Loader.js	KTX2Loader: Update ktx-parse dependency, import enums. (#21567)	2 months ago
KTXLoader.js	Examples: Convert loaders to ES6 Part II. (#21614)	last month
LDrawLoader.js	Examples: Clean up. (#21632)	last month
LUT3dLoader.js	update LUTPas	4 months ago
LUTCubeLoader.js	update LUTPas	4 months ago
LWOLoader.js	Examples: Convert loaders to ES6 Part II. (#21614)	last month
LottieLoader.js	Add build-examples script (#21584)	last month
MD2Loader.js	Fixed eslint errors for examples (#21842)	21 hours ago

<https://github.com/mrdoob/three.js/tree/dev/examples/jsm/loaders>

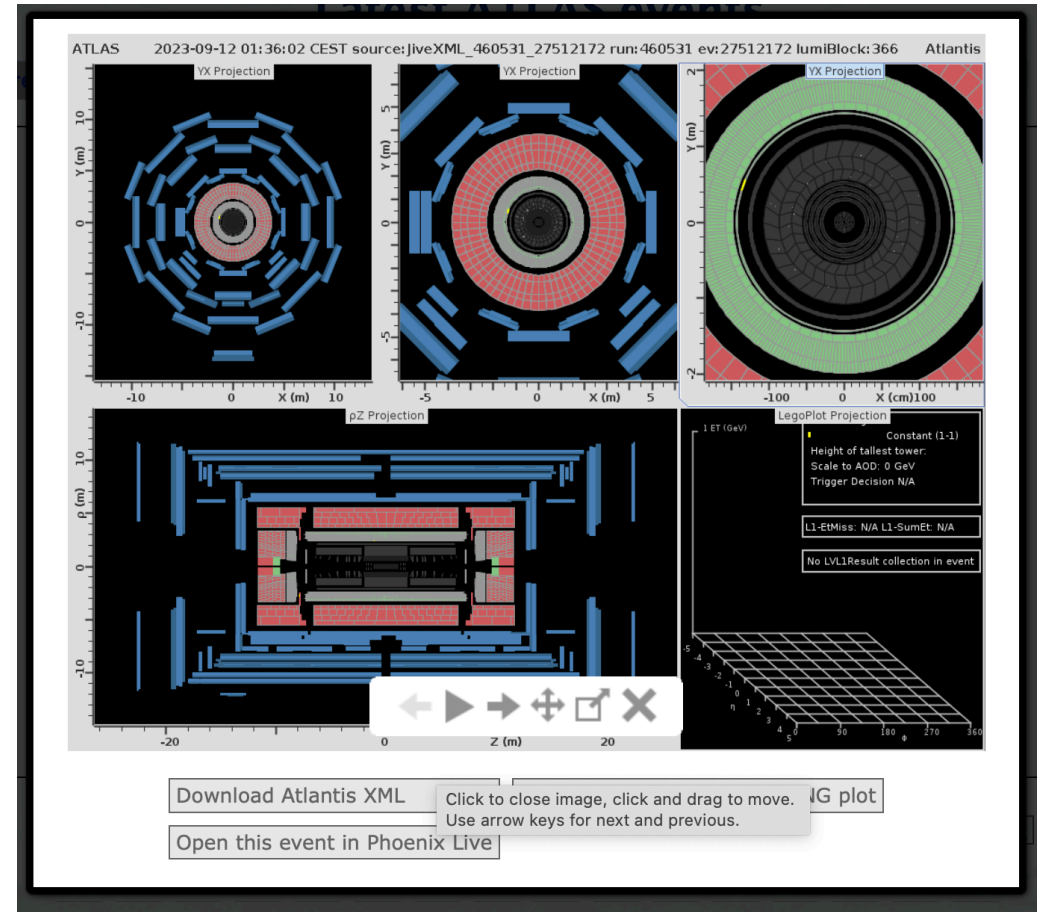
# SHAREABLE URLS

- ▶ Clicking on the **link button** in the menu bar opens a dialog which provides you with a shareable link
  - ▶ For example, for **outreach**, you can give a URL which opens Phoenix with a predefined event and configuration
    - ▶ Allows you to frame the physics and geometry you want to show
  - ▶ Can also generate a QR code, for e.g. posters
- ▶ Also get an embeddable link, optionally with limited GUI
  - ▶ Useful for e.g. Physics briefing - instead of a static event display, you have a rotating, animated (and interactive) one
  - ▶ See for example, [Heavyweight champions: a search for new heavy W' bosons with the ATLAS detector](#)



# “LIVE” STREAMING EVENTS

- ▶ ATLAS copies a small fraction of live events to a server
- ▶ From here, can open a view generated by Atlantis, or a link to PhoenixATLAS (the ATLAS-specific)
- ▶ The





- ▶ Physics objects can be given **labels**:
  - ▶ Added in **collection view**
  - ▶ Dedicated **entry in menu**, to turn off/on, change colour etc

The screenshot displays the Phoenix software interface. At the top left, a 'Collections Info' window shows a table of physics objects. The first row is highlighted with a red box, indicating the 'Leading jet' object. The table columns are: No., Selection, Label, coneR,  $\phi$ ,  $\eta$ , and Energy.

No.	Selection	Label	coneR	$\phi$	$\eta$	Energy
#0		Leading jet	0.4	0.824946	1.50592	194975
#1			0.4	0.01044	0.56400	510250
#2			0.4	1.70057	-1.51383	101902
#3			0.4	-1.73707	-0.410219	34353
#4			0.4	-2.63921	-2.75246	234091
#5			0.4	-0.94098	-2.10072	109742

The main 3D visualization shows a jet of red lines originating from a central point, with a red box around the label 'Leading jet'. A 'Choose a color' dialog is open, showing a 'Spring' color palette. On the right, the 'Phoenix Menu' is visible, with 'Labels' and 'Jets > AntiKt4LCTopoJ' highlighted in yellow. A tooltip for the 'Jet' object is shown at the bottom right, displaying its properties: coneR: 0.4, label: Leading jet,  $\phi$ : 0.824946,  $\eta$ : 1.50592, Energy: 194975.

# VR/AR

- ▶ Rudimentary support for VR/AR
  - ▶ AR works on Android, VR works in Quest 2 etc, see Twitter [post](#) for example video
  - ▶ No menu support in AR/XR so much functionality not available
    - ▶ [Ticket 558](#)
- ▶ Depends on browser (notably, Safari on iOS does not work any more)
  - ▶ VisionPro will [support](#) WebXR, so maybe it will FINALLY come to iOS (but I would not bet on it)
- ▶ In short, this works, but not on all devices and is currently quite limited



## ▶ How would you add a new detector?

▶ You basically need to add **two** files

▶ `experiment.component.html` file (defines the 'view')

▶ `experiment.component.ts` the experiment specific **implementation** i.e. file contains e.g.

▶ The default configuration and event,

▶ Loaders required (if you need to convert from another event data format to Phoenix format)

▶ Geometry etc

▶ And that is it!

▶ *Less than a day of work to add a new detector*

▶ See the documentation for more information

▶ e.g. [How to write your own event data loader](#)

```
1 import { Component, OnInit } from '@angular/core';
2 import { EventDisplayService } from 'phoenix-ui-components';
3 import { Configuration, PresetView, PhoenixMenuNode, PhoenixLoader } from 'phoenix-event-~
4 import { environment } from '../../environments/environment';
5 import eventConfig from '../../environments/event-config.json';
6
7 @Component({
8   selector: 'app-atlas',
9   templateUrl: './atlas.component.html',
10  styleUrls: ['./atlas.component.scss']
11 })
12 export class AtlasComponent implements OnInit {
13   phoenixMenuRoot = new PhoenixMenuNode('Phoenix Menu', 'phoenix-menu');
14
15   constructor(private eventDisplay: EventDisplayService) { }
16
17   ngOnInit() {
18     let defaultEvent: { eventFile: string, eventType: string };
19     // Get default event from configuration
20     if (environment?.singleEvent) {
21       defaultEvent = eventConfig;
22     } else {
23       defaultEvent = {
24         eventFile: 'assets/files/JiveXML/JiveXML_336567_2327102923.xml',
25         eventType: 'jivexml'
26       }
27     }
28
29     // Define the configuration
30     const configuration: Configuration = {
31       eventDataLoader: new PhoenixLoader(),
32       presetViews: [
33         new PresetView('Left View', [0, 0, -12000], 'left-cube'),
34         new PresetView('Center View', [-500, 12000, 0], 'top-cube'),
35         new PresetView('Right View', [0, 0, 12000], 'right-cube')
36       ],
37       defaultView: [4000, 4000, 4000],
38       // Set the phoenix menu to be used (defined above)
39       phoenixMenuRoot: this.phoenixMenuRoot,
40       // Default event data to fallback to if none given in URL
41       // Do not set if there should be no event loaded by default
42       defaultEventFile: defaultEvent
```



# EXTENSIBILITY: ADDING A NEW PHYSICS OBJECT

- ▶ **An example:** LHCb authors wanted to add CaloCells which do not point to the origin i.e. PlanarCaloCells
  - ▶ Have a look at [PR 299](#) for details (and the [documentation](#))
  - ▶ But, main steps were :
    - ▶ Add a `getPlanarCaloCell` function to `phoenix-objects.ts` (which draws the cells)
    - ▶ Call this from `phoenix-loader.ts`
      - ▶ And also add relevant cuts/filters, GUI options

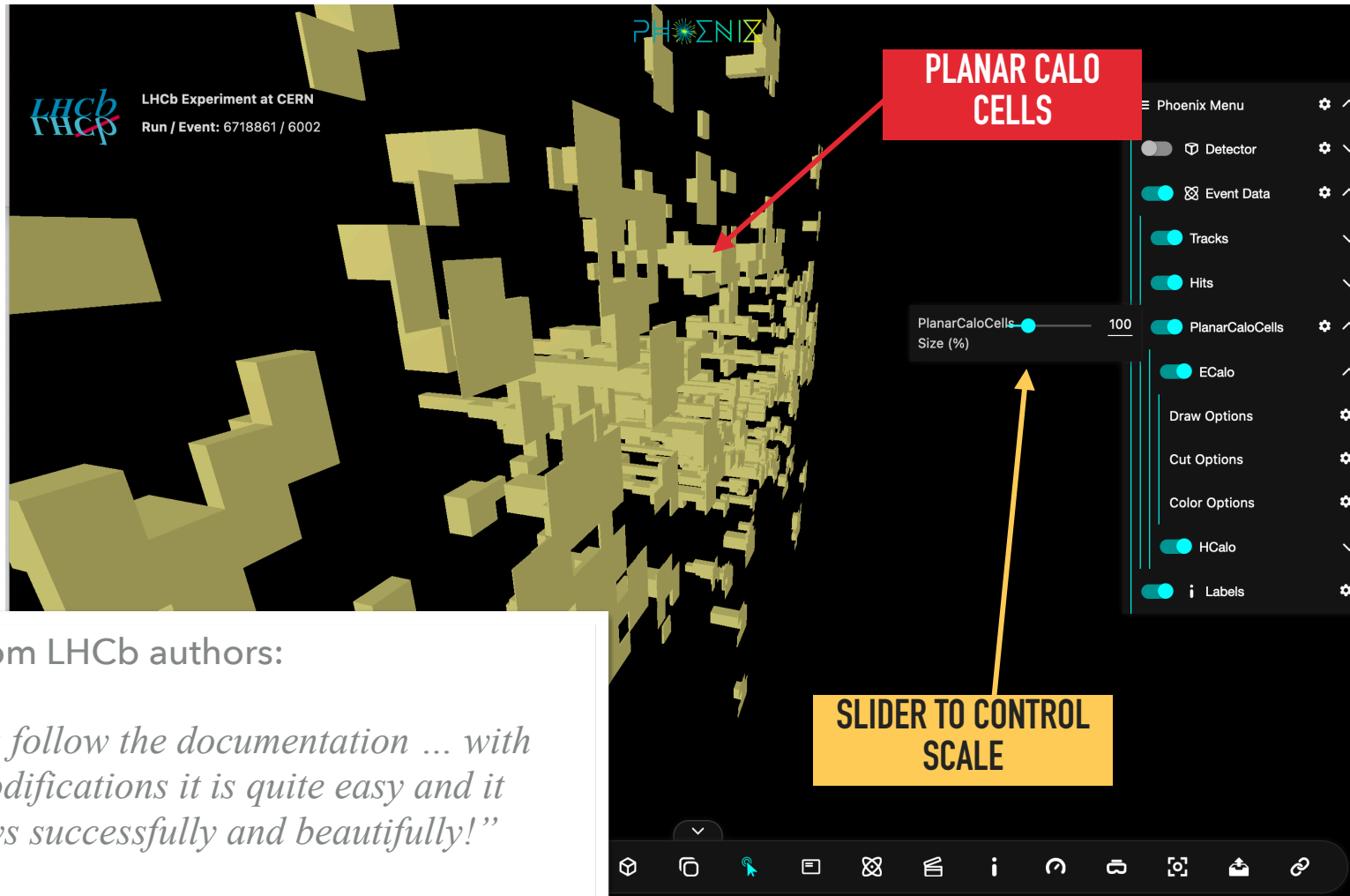
```
263 + if (eventData.PlanarCaloCells) {
264 +   //(Optional) Cuts can be added to any physics object.
265 +   const cuts = [
266 +     new Cut('energy', 0, 10000)
267 +   ];
268 +
269 +   const addPlanarCaloCellsOptions = {
270 +     typeFolder: GUI,
271 +     typeFolderPM: PhoenixMenuNode
272 +   } => {
273 +     const scalePlanarCaloCells = (value: number) => {
274 +       this.graphicsLibrary
275 +         .getSceneManager()
276 +         .scaleChildObjects('PlanarCaloCells', value / 100, 'z')
277 +     };
278 +
279 +     if (typeFolder) {
280 +       const sizeMenu = typeFolder
281 +         .add({ PlanarCaloCellsScale: 100 }, 'PlanarCaloCellsScale', 1, 400)
282 +         .name('PlanarCaloCells Size (%)');
283 +       sizeMenu.onChange(scalePlanarCaloCells);
284 +     }
285 +
286 +     if (typeFolderPM) {
287 +       typeFolderPM.addConfig('slider', {
288 +         label: 'PlanarCaloCells Size (%)',
289 +         value: 100,
290 +         min: 1,
291 +         max: 400,
292 +         allowCustomValue: true,
293 +         onChange: scalePlanarCaloCells,
294 +       });
295 +     }
296 +   };
297 +
298 +   const { typeFolder, typeFolderPM } = this.ui.addEventDataTypeInfoFolder(
299 +     'PlanarCaloCells'
300 +   );
301 +   const objectGroup = this.graphicsLibrary.addEventDataTypeInfoGroup(
302 +     'PlanarCaloCells'
303 +   );
```

CHECK IF PLANAR CELLS IN INPUT

ADD AN ENERGY CUT

ADD A SLIDER TO CONTROL SCALE





## Feedback from LHCb authors:

- ▶ *“if you follow the documentation ... with few modifications it is quite easy and it displays successfully and beautifully!”*
- ▶ *“Surprisingly easy to add new objects”*

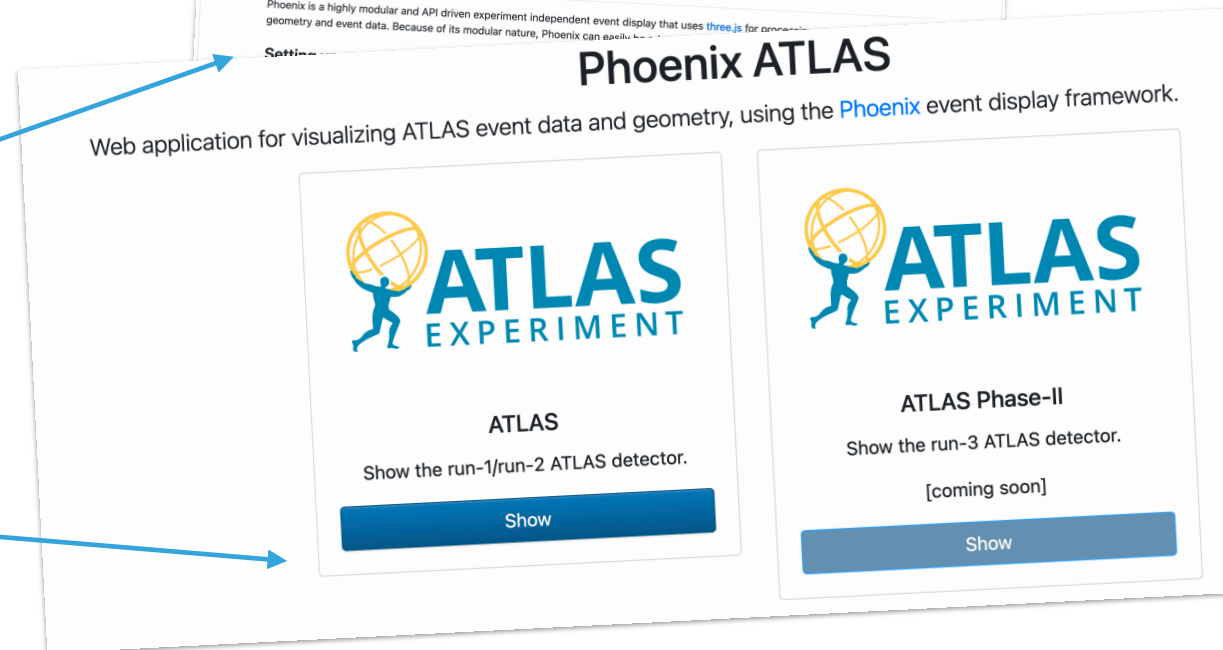
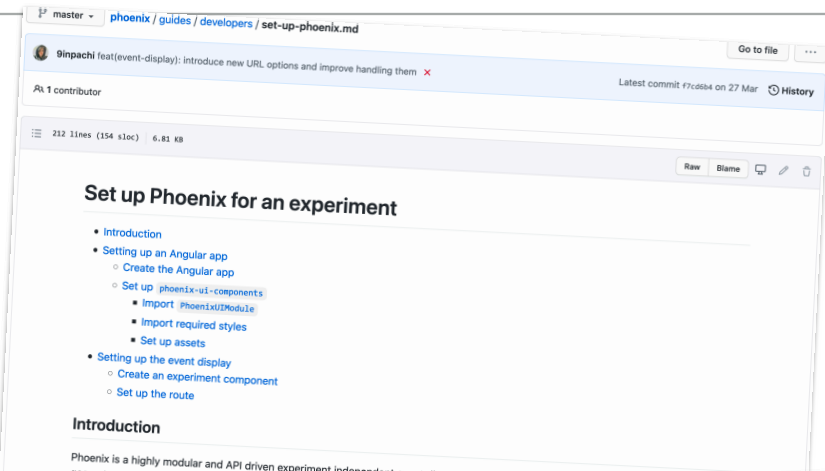


# EXTENSIBILITY: ROLL YOUR OWN VERSION

- ▶ Of course, you can use Phoenix as part of an entirely independent application i.e.
  - ▶ Your own repository, your own default configuration etc
  - ▶ No Phoenix home screen with demos for other experiments
- ▶ Just install phoenix, following the detailed [instructions](#)

```
npm install phoenix-ui-components  
npm install phoenix-event-display
```

- ▶ Example: [PhoenixATLAS](#)



## ▶ How do you learn more?

- ▶ Phoenix has detailed developer and user guides, as well as API docs

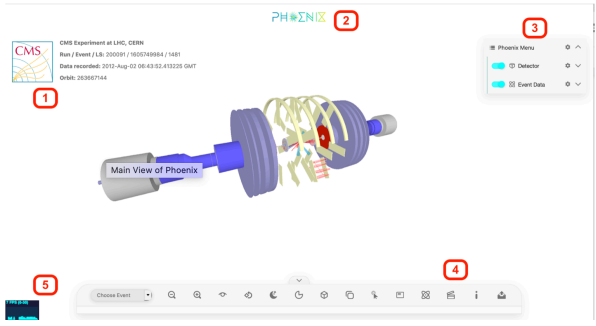
### The demo grid

When you first open the Phoenix [demo](#) (see the developer [instructions](#) for how to check it out and run locally) you will see a grid of Phoenix demos:

- **Playground**: a blank canvas where you can load 3D objects, move them around and generally experiment with Phoenix
- **Geometry display**: a simple demo of generating geometry procedurally/programmatically with Phoenix
- **ATLAS**: the ATLAS experiment demo. Here you can load Phoenix JSON or JSONML event data files, and visualise physics objects such as Jets, Tracks, Calo cells etc within the ATLAS geometry.
- **LHCb**: the LHCb experiment demo shows a detailed view of the LHCb geometry, as well as tracks passing through it.
- **CMS**: the CMS experiment demo. Here you select from various event data files, and visualise physics objects such as Jets, Tracks, Calo cells etc within the CMS geometry. One special feature of the CMS demo is the visualisation of Muon Chambers.
- **TrackML**: this shows the imaginary detector created for the TrackML [challenges](#).

### The phoenix standard UI

Since Phoenix is configurable, it is not guaranteed that all demos/implementations will look the same, but a typical Phoenix view is shown below:



In the centre, you see the 3D view of the experiment and event data. Around it, you have:

- 1: CMS logo
- 2: PHΣNIX logo
- 3: Phoenix Menu
- 4: Detector and Event Data selection buttons
- 5: 3D visualization of the CMS detector geometry

### 2. Start coding

Once you are decided to start coding you can find more information [here](#).

### 3. Commit messages

For commit messages, we follow a standard format. Namely, every message should contain:

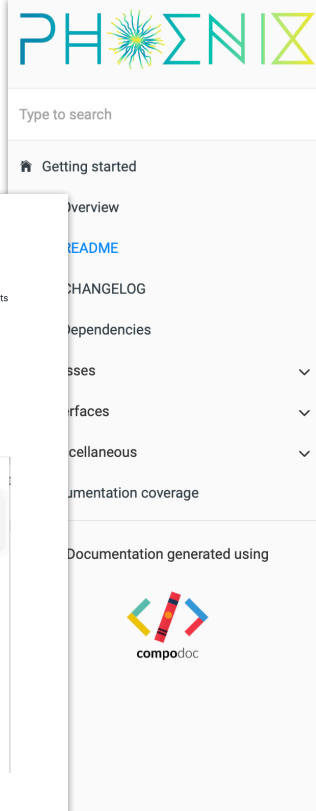
```
<header>
<body>
```

The **header** is mandatory and must be a single line. The **body** is encouraged, and should be wrapped at 80 characters.

#### Commit message header

```
<type>(<scope>): <short summary>
Summary in present tense. Not capitalized. No period at the end.
Commit Scope: app | event-display
Commit Type: feat | fix | docs | style | build
```

Here is an example of a documentation improvement for the phoenix-app package:



## Phoenix event display

vendor: unresponsive | downloads: 439 | documentation: 100%

A highly modular and API driven experiment independent event display that uses [three.js](#) for processing and presenting detector geometry and event data.

To use in your application. First, install the npm package.

```
1 | npm install phoenix-event-display
```

### Usage

To create a simple event display.

```
1 // Import required classes
2 import { EventDisplay, Configuration } from 'phoenix-event-display';
3
4 // Create the event display
5 const eventDisplay = new EventDisplay();
6
7 // Create the configuration
8 const configuration = new Configuration('wrapper_element_id');
9
10 // ... other configuration options
11
12 // Initialize the event display with the configuration
13 eventDisplay.init(configuration);
14
15 // Load and parse event data in Phoenix format and display it
16 fetch('path/to/event-data.json')
17   .then((res) => res.json())
18   .then((res) => {
19     eventDisplay.parsePhoenixEvents(res);
20   });
21
22 // Load detector geometry
23 eventDisplay.loadOBJGeometry('path/to/geometry.obj', 'Detector OBJ', 0x8c8c8c /* color */);
```

[users.md](#)

<https://hepsoftwarefoundation.org/phoenix/api-docs/>

[CONTRIBUTING.md](#)

# HOW DOES PHOENIX MATCH THE EPIC REQUIREMENTS?

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22

- ▶ I went through the [requirements](#) document, and mostly it all seems fine. I had a few comments...
- ▶ Section 1
  - ▶ *Subsystem-Specific Troubleshooting* - not sure I understand what this means?
- ▶ Section 2
  - ▶ *Streaming readout* - ditto?
  - ▶ *Automated tools compatible & Batch mode graphics* - we do not yet have a batch mode
  - ▶ *Security* - we use industry standard tools such as threejs, angular, node etc
  - ▶ *Visualization Capabilities* - showing active detector elements can be shown, but this is not trivial and needs improvements.
  - ▶ *Remote data sources* - we can load data from local directories (can be network mounted) on server, or via [URL](#). Is this sufficient?



# CONCLUSION

## ► Very brief overview of Phoenix

- Didn't have time to cover many features, such as the integrated RK propagator, object collection cuts etc etc
- If you are interested in using Phoenix, or contributing, please contact us:
  - Via **github** issues: [\[link\]](#) or discussions: [\[link\]](#)
  - Or on our **mailing list**: [phoenix-event-display@cern.ch](mailto:phoenix-event-display@cern.ch)



**BACKUP**

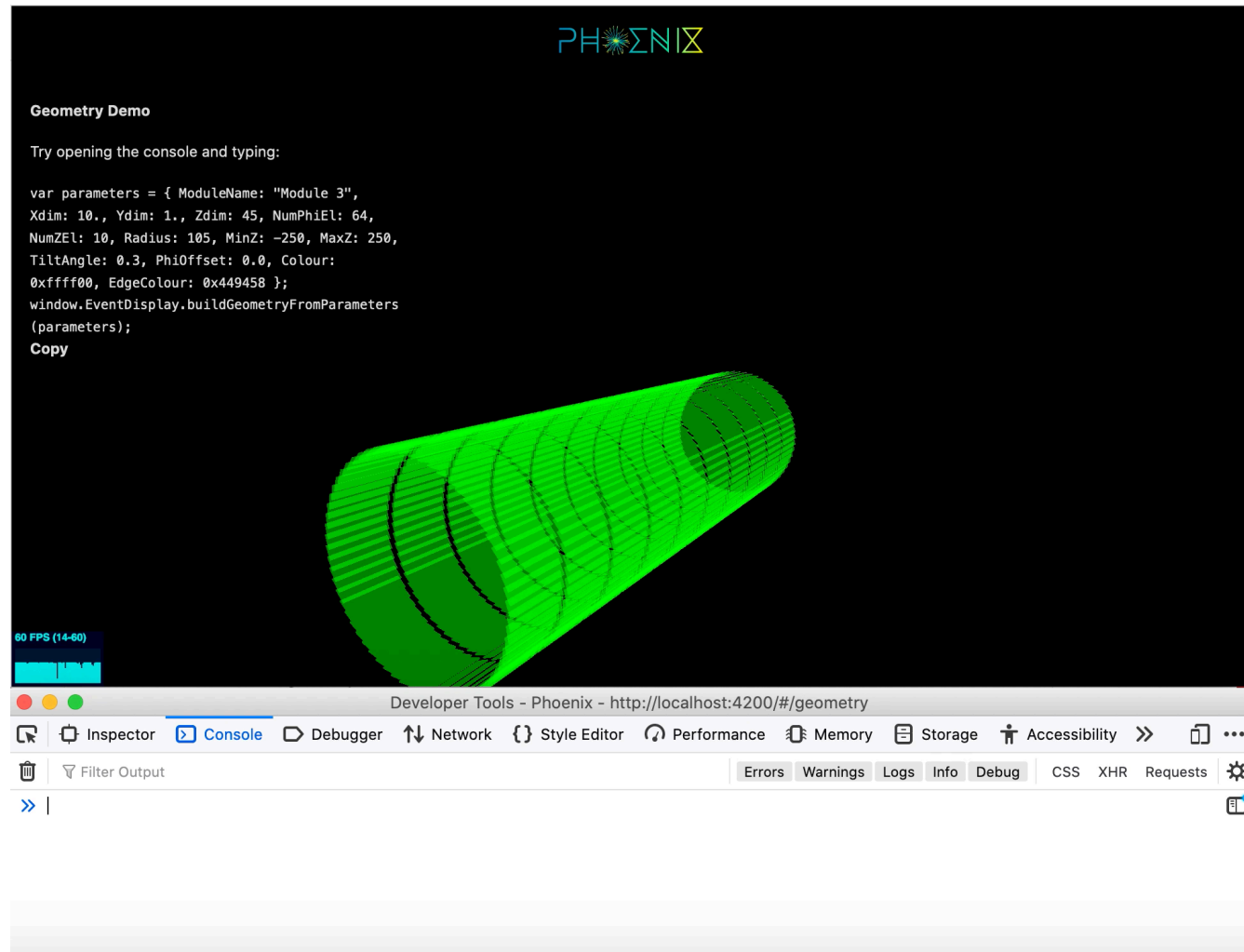
# WALKTHROUGH: PLAYGROUND AND GEOMETRY

▶ In **Geometry** [[link](#)], you can open the javascript console in your browser and programmatically add a very simple detector

▶ e.g.

```
var parameters = { ModuleName: "Module 3", Xdim: 10., Ydim: 1., Zdim: 45, NumPhiEl: 64, NumZEL: 10, Radius: 75, MinZ: -250, MaxZ: 250, TiltAngle: 0.3, PhiOffset: 0.0, Colour: 0x00ff00, EdgeColour: 0x449458 };
```

```
window.eventDisplay.buildGeometryFromParameters(parameters);
```



- ▶ In order to support as many experiments as possible, some key goals:
  - ▶ **Permissive licence and open source** (Apache 2.0 Licence)
  - ▶ **Use industry standards**
  - ▶ **Simple standard format for Event Data**
  - ▶ **Good documentation**
  - ▶ **Don't make experiment specific assumptions**
  - ▶ **Make Phoenix configurable, extendable and modular**



- ▶ Phoenix provides lots of functionality to help developers
  - ▶ e.g Phoenix has its own menu system [phoenix-ui-components](#)
- ▶ Phoenix also has many classes to help render physics data e.g.
  - ▶ Many experiments only store limited numbers of track parameters, so cannot draw a complete curve
  - ▶ Phoenix provides a **RungeKutta** propagator
  - ▶ You just need to supply the magnetic field!

The screenshot shows the API documentation for the `RungeKutta` class. It includes tabs for 'Info' and 'Source', a 'File' path of `src/helpers/runge-kutta.ts`, a 'Description' stating it's a class for Runge-Kutta operations, and an 'Index' section. The 'Methods' section lists `propagate` and `step` as static methods. The `propagate` method is detailed with its signature: `propagate(startPos: Vector3, startDir: Vector3, p: number, q: number, mss: number, plength: number, inbounds: (pos: Vector3) => void)`. It is defined in `src/helpers/runge-kutta.ts:93`. A description states: 'Propagate using the given properties by performing the Runge-Kutta steps.' Below this is a 'Parameters' table.

Name	Type	Optional	Default value	Description
<code>startPos</code>	<code>Vector3</code>	No		Starting position in 3D space.
<code>startDir</code>	<code>Vector3</code>	No		Starting direction in 3D space.
<code>p</code>	<code>number</code>	No		Momentum.
<code>q</code>	<code>number</code>	No		Charge.
<code>mss</code>	<code>number</code>	No	<code>-1</code>	Max step size.

<https://hepsoftwarefoundation.org/phoenix/api-docs/classes/RungeKutta.html>

- ▶ The `experiment.component.html` file, specifies what is used in the view ...

## 1. Link back to main Phoenix page

```
<app-nav></app-nav>
```

## 2. Phoenix row menu

```
<app-ui-menu></app-ui-menu>
```

## 3. Experiment logo, link and info

```
<app-experiment-info experiment="atlas" experimentTagline="ATLAS Experiment at CERN"></app-experiment-info>
```

```
<app-phoenix-menu [rootNode]="phoenixMenuRoot"></app-phoenix-menu>
```

## 4. Phoenix geometry/event data menu

```
<div id="eventDisplay"></div>
```

[atlas.component.html](#)

