

# EEEMCal gap and background studies

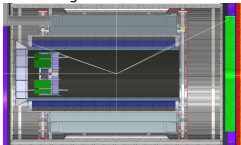
Dmitry Kalinkin

February 15, 2024

Gap

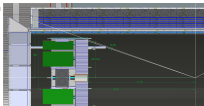
# Problem?

## EMCAL Coverage



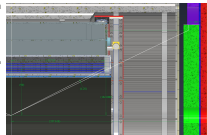
## Backward Direction

- 0.58-degree gap between Barrel EMCAL and EEEMCAL
- For the EEEMCAL the 1<sup>st</sup> layer of blocks was ignored, so the top of the second layer was used (179cm in Z, 59.4cm in Y)
- For the Barrel EMCAL the mid point of all the imaging layers was used (275cm in Z, 10cm in Y)



## Forward Direction

- 1.25-degree gap between Barrel EMCAL and Hadron EMCAL
- For the Hadron EMCAL the 1<sup>st</sup> layer of blocks was ignored, so the top of the second layer was used (137.6cm in Z, 14.0cm in Y)
- For the Barrel EMCAL the mid point of all the imaging layers was used (177.5cm in Z, 90cm in Y)



## Prior work by Pu-Kai

Maria pointed me to

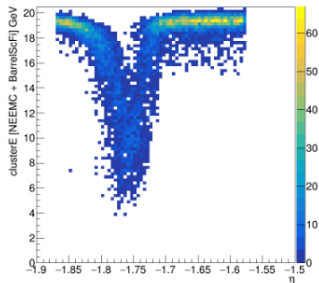
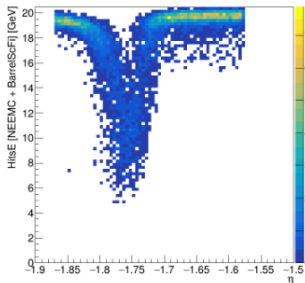
<https://chat.epic-eic.org/main/pl/e176bffaeif4xn4pxbmtzw88aa>

July 07, 2023

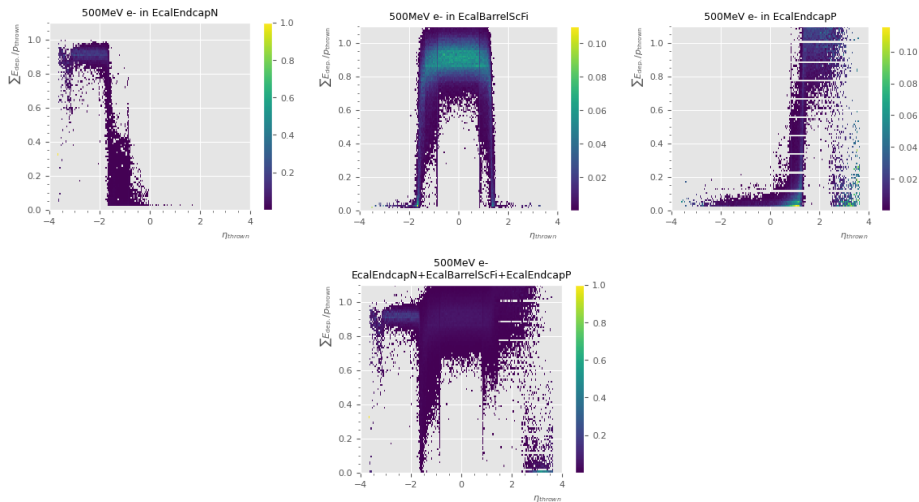


pwang 6:44 AM

Hi all, I recently ran the standalone simulation (latest epic repo of epic\_brycecanyon.xml) to look into the transition area between NEEMC and Barrel calorimeter. I distributed the 20 GeV photon between eta around -1.9 to -1.6 and reconstruct the photon's energy with summation the hits energy (`EcalEndcapNRecHits.energy + EcalBarrelScFiRecHits.energy`) or clusters energy (`EcalEndcapNClusters.energy + EcalBarrelScFiClusters.energy`). I found the energy reconstruction in both ways are poor from eta: -1.82 to -1.72. Any thoughts about this?

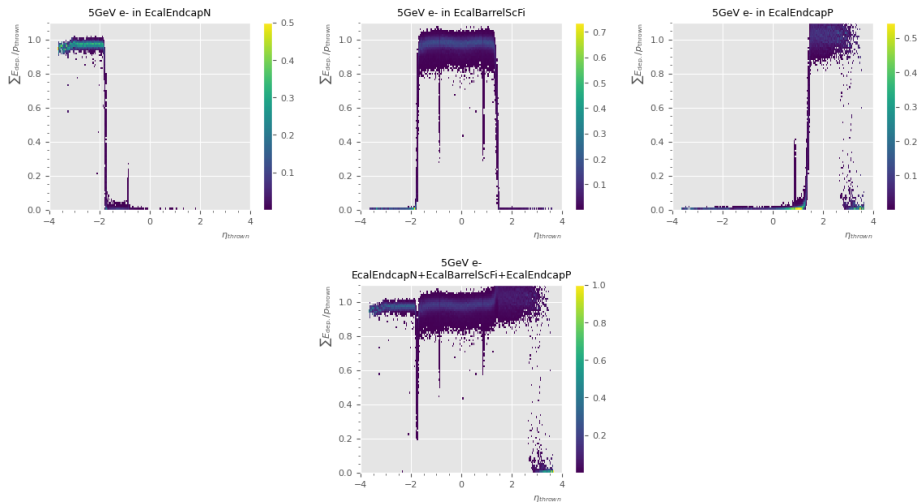


# Total energy deposition vs $\varphi$



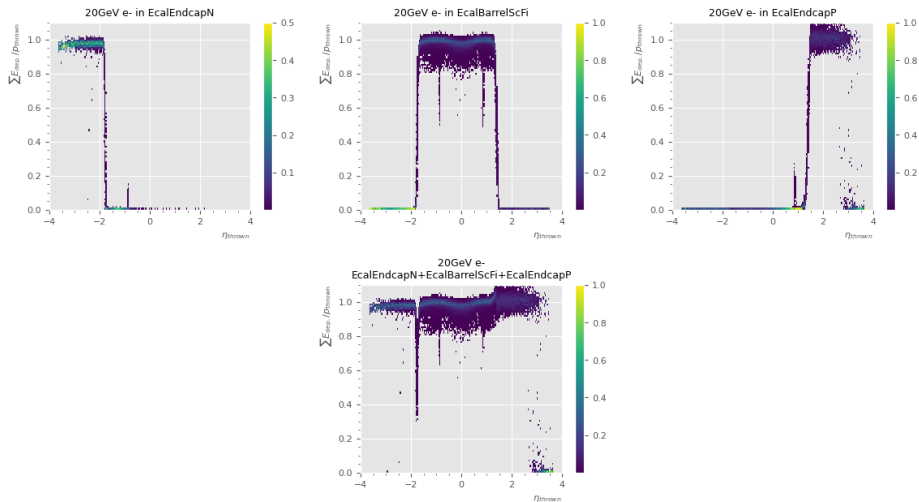
Tracker cone visible at  $\eta \approx \pm 1$

# Total energy deposition vs $\varphi$



Tracker cone visible at  $\eta \approx \pm 1$

# Total energy deposition vs $\varphi$



Tracker cone visible at  $\eta \approx \pm 1$

## Conclusion

Looks like there is a significant gap in acceptance between negative and barrel ecals, vanishes at low  $|\vec{p}|$ . This might be partially “remedied” by introducing missing material into the simulation geometry.



# Background embedding

## HepMC embedding

This is a continuation of a study from September 2023

Slides 7 & 8 from [here](#)

During my second attempt to perform embedding, I've reached out to Kolja, turns out their script takes inverse of frequencies for "Freq" parameters. New command:

```
python signal_background_merger.py -i  
"pythia8NCDIS_10x100_minQ2=1_beamEffects_xAngle=-  
0.025_hiDiv_1.hepmc" -bg1 "100GeV.hepmc" -bg2  
"..../beam_gas_ep_10GeV_foam_emin10keV_10Mevt_vtx.hepmc" -bg3 ""  
-sf 0 -bf1 31347.96238244514 -bf2 314.7375875363915
```

where

bg1\_freq= $1e9 / 31900.$ , # last number in Hz,  $1e9$  converts to ns

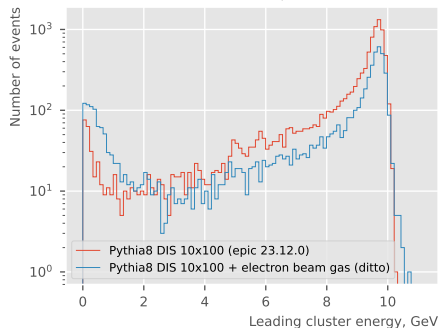
bg2\_freq= $1e9 / 3177250.$ , # last number in Hz,  $1e9$  converts to ns

with frequencies taken from the [Background Wiki page](#)

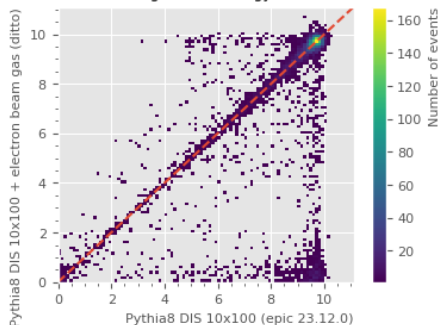
**2 picosecond integration window used, but TOF is not synced with beam**<sub>0/11</sub>

# First results

EcalEndcapN



Leading cluster energy, GeV



Still work in progress...