News $-\frac{2}{27/2024}$

• EIC Project Detector R&D

- FY24 plan (p2); contracting in progress, mid-year report due Feb 29, 2024
- Detector R&D Day on March 25, 2024, Detector R&D annual review in August 2024 with deadline for submission July 1, 2024

• ePIC TOF Project Engineering Design

- Mechanical engineering on support structure and cooling: Mechanical PED
- BTOF (and FTOF?) module prototyping in preparation

ePIC TOF Simulation

- TOF geometry: Zhenyu updated TOF according to <u>latest geometry database</u> in DD4HEP #564 Wei: will update the FTOF design
- TOF in tracking Nicolas et al.: re-check FTOF material budget impact
- TOF PID reconstruction Oskar et al.: TOF reconstruction, validation plots, and PID LUT
- TOF digitization Souvik/Adam: charge sharing and detector noise
- TOF service in simulation TBD: implement the missing material for mechanical support structure, cooling and cabling

• ePIC TOF DSC

- Working with CAMs to understand/update the TOF cost and schedule new version in discussion
- Reform TOF DSC ORG with new leadership team and working group structures (p5)

• Upcoming Reviews

- Incremental Design and Safety Review on July 5-6, 2023: <u>Presentations</u>; <u>Review report</u>; <u>answers in preparation (p3/4)</u>
- PDR2 in Summer 2024?; CD2/3 in Winter 2024?
- pre-TDR/TDR planning (p6/7): see Silvia's slides at TIC on Feb 19, PID discussion on Feb 23, and presentation at TIC on March 4

AC-LGAD FY24 R&D Proposal

- Optimized sensor design and final prototypes that meet ePIC requirements, including timing and spatial resolution, irradiation tolerance, and reasonably large size for module assembly
- Prototypes of interposer for mechanical/electrical connections between strip sensor and ASIC
- Prototypes of light-weight module mechanical structures for forward TOF
- Prototypes of frontend ASICs
- Functional and full size low-mass Kapton PCB
- Low-cost interconnect for sensor-ASIC hybridization
- Service hybrid prototype

eRD112 (414k->286k\$)

- Sensor R&D (346k->261k\$)
 - BNL, HPK/FBK productions
 - TCAD, lab/beam/irradiation tests
- Sensor/ASIC integration (15k\$)
 - Interposer
- Mechanical structure (\$53k)
 - Light-weight structure w. cooling

eRD109 (435k->390k\$)

- Frontend ASICs
 - EICROC (85k\$)
 - FCFD (40k\$)
 - 3rd Party ASICs (45k\$)
- Frontend electronics
 - Low-mass Kapton PCB (30k\$)
 - Low-cost hybridization (15k)
 - Service hybrid (220k)

EPIC Simulation

- Geometry model, digitization and reconstruction
- Requirements on spatial, timing resolutions, and material budget

Project Engineering Design

- Engineering design for pre-TDR
- Integration & services

Sensor Electronics Sensor-ASIC integration Mechanics

8/28/2023 Zhenyu for eRD112

News

• Incremental Design and Safety Review on ePIC PID detectors conducted on July 5-6: Review presentations; Final review report

Detector

- (AC-LGAD) 35ps Barrel/ 25ps FW timing resolution seems to be almost the best performance without safety margin. Under these circumstances, a bias voltage scheme should be more flexible than only one pair of cables for each board, because the temperature gradient and the position-dependent radiation fluence require different operation voltages.
- (AC-LGAD) The type of interconnection to the sensors (like wire bonding or bump bonding) must be clearly specified. If a detector uses a bump bonding connection, we would advise to start testing the flip-chipping process since it takes longer to develop a stable procedure.

- ✓ Fluence: Wei/Xiao
- Power for Service
 - Hybrid: Tonko/Wei
- Thermal: Yi/Andy
- eRD109: ORNL
- eRD112: UCSC/UIC

Electronics

- The initial requirements for the EICROC were specified mostly for the Roman Pot detector and not for all detectors which use EICROC. We advise summarizing the BTOF: <u>Draft</u> requirements for all detectors and making a single EICROC specification before FTOF: ? submitting further prototype chips.
- A specification on the tolerable clock drift and the robustness to phase irregularities should be defined and will help to ensure that these parameters are measured and controlled in the architecture from the beginning of the design phase. The DAQ design should include a backup solution for a directly distributed clock to the RDO boards to provide the clock precision required by each subsystem.
- ✓ Tonko: 5ps jitter

News

• Incremental Design and Safety Review on ePIC PID detectors conducted on July 5-6: Review presentations; Final review report

Tracking

- Recent progress has been made in ePIC's cross-cutting PID WG to understand tracking requirements for PID detectors. Requirements documents should capture the bi-directional interface between tracking and PID detectors: e.g., translation between extrapolated track impact point and angle resolution requirements for PID detectors. It could be evaluated where the PID subdetectors can contribute to improving the tracking performance and how in the reconstruction algorithms this could be integrated.
- Encouraging track momentum resolution improvement was achieved by including the AC-LGAD in reconstruction. The reviewers suggest extending this study to understand the impact on the extrapolated track impact point and angle at the radius of the DIRC.

Nicholas (NCU?)

ZY: (recommendation)

Recommendations

- 1. Capture the bi-directional interface between tracking and PID detectors: e.g., translation between position and angular resolution requirements for PID detectors.
 - ZY: <u>draft</u>

Pre-TDR Planning

- Simulation and reconstruction
 - Tracking
 - PID
- R&D:
 - Sensor: new HPK production and Characterization, simulation, irradiation
 - Sensor-ASIC integration: interposer for BTOF, hybridization for FTOF pixel sensor-ASIC
 - ASIC: EICROC0/1, FCFDv1, HGCROC?
 - Module PCB: Low-mass flexible Kapton for BTOF
 - Module structure: Low-mass CF structure for BTOF module
 - Service Hybrid: RDO + Power board
- PED:
 - BTOF and FTOF support structure
 - BTOF module prototyping in prep.
 - FTOF module prototyping?

Zhenyu Ye @ UIC

The Request

Dear DSLs,

Following what has already been communicated at the ePIC collaboration meeting (Jan 9-13, 2024), the DSLs are requested to prepare a TDR plan for their subsystem for calendar year 2024, including:

- The lab/testbeam/prototyping needed;
- The further progress needed for the reconstruction software;
- The verification of the implementation of the detector and detector response in simulation and validation using information from lab/testbeam exercises or from literature;
- The studies required to demonstrate the detector performance;
- The required engineering design;
- The needed resources to achieve 60% (CD-2) and 90% (CD-3) design completion;
- The plan should include the time required to draft the text for the pre-TDR (CD-2) and TDR (CD-3).

The plan should present the activities required month by month in order to allow progress to be monitored. The ultimate goal of this exercise should be 90% design completion consistent with the requirements of the TDR and CD-3, indicatively by the end of 2024. We recognize that the available time is limited. Therefore, please make an educated selection of the most essential studies doable within the available time.

We understand that a planning exercise like this will identify shortcoming in workforce and resources. Those shortcomings should be clearly identified so everyone is aware and we can work together to address them.

The plans will be presented at dedicated CC WG meetings, to be organized by the CC WG conveners over the next few weeks. The CC WG conveners will be asked to report on the status of the planning at the TIC meeting on Monday Feb. 19.

Thank you,

Silvia, John, Oskar, Matt, Prakha

TOF presentation at PID meeting last Friday

Summary of Pre-TDR Planning

Simulation and reconstruction:

- Tracking
- PID

https://indico.bnl.gov/event/22323/

• R&D:

- Sensor: new HPK production and Characterization, simulation, irradiation
- Sensor-ASIC integration: interposer for BTOF, hybridization for FTOF pixel sensor-ASIC

eRD112 (286k\$ in FY24) for 60%

- ASIC: EICROCO/1, FCFDv1, HGCROC
- PCB: Low-mass flexible Kapton
- Service Hybrid: Readout board + Power board
- Module structure: Low-mass CF structure for BTOF module

• PED:

- BTOF and FTOF support structure
- BTOF and FTOF module preconstruction

eRD109 (390k\$ in FY24) for 60%

Mytake on main comment: to produce a list/table of what are the critical items, and what is the current percentage of design, what/how it takes to get to 60% and 90% with schedule. Although we have the overall schedule, but need to connect with each item presented.

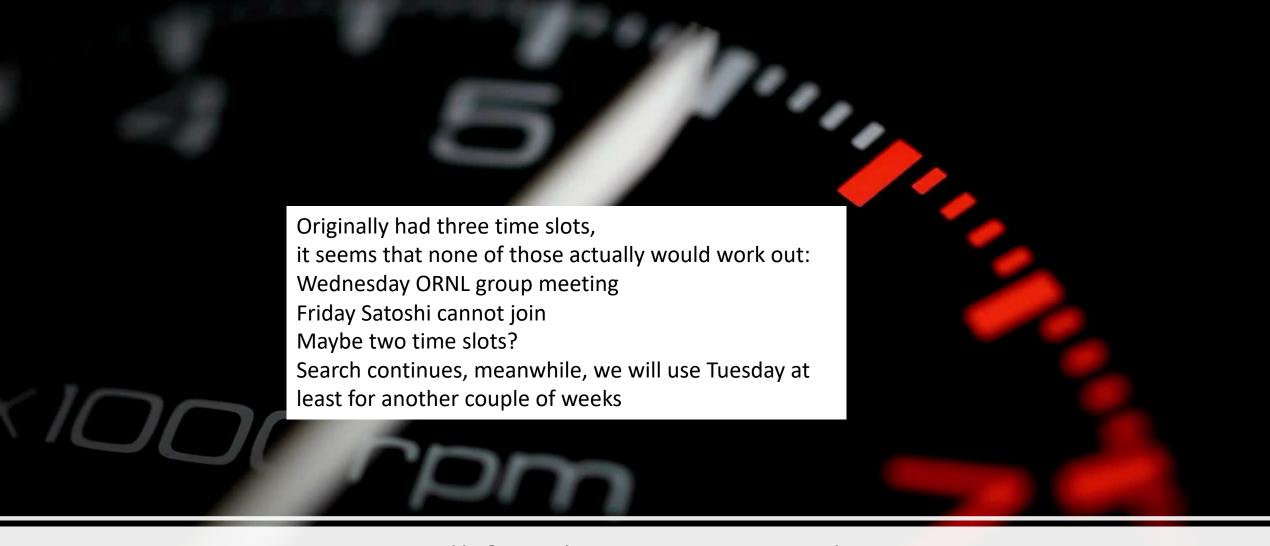
New TOF DSC ORG

• Leadership Structure

Position Candidate(s) 1 Detector Subsystem Leader Zhangbu Xu 1 Deputy DSL Satoshi Yano 2 Detector Subsystem Tech. Coordinators Mathieu Benoit, Matthew Gignac

Work packages combining BTOF and FTOF

- 1. Sensors (2 coordinators) Simone Mazza, TBC, Japanese colleague
- 2. Frontend Electronics (all electronics that are on the detector) (2 coordinators) Wei Li, TBD
- 3. Module local integration and assembly (2 coordinators) Mathieu/Matthew?, Takashi Hachiya
- 4. System tests and validation (2 coordinators)
 TBC+TBD
- 5. Mechanical structure, cooling and global integration (2 coordinator) Andy Jung, Yi Yang
- 6. DAQ & Clock distribution (1 coordinator)
 Tonko Ljubicic
- 7. Power system, Detector slow control, monitor and safety system (1 coordinator) TBC
- 8. Simulations, software & calibration, Database(1 coordinator)



Poll for the new time slot