

# Jet Workshop Summary

Anthony Hodges

On Behalf of the Jet Workshop

RHIC/AGS Users' Meeting

June 13<sup>th</sup>, 2024



UNIVERSITY OF  
**ILLINOIS**  
URBANA-CHAMPAIGN



NSF Ascend Fellow

# The Workshop at a Glance

- Two overview talks from theory and experimental perspective
- Talks focused on variety of physics topics
- All centered, of course, on jets!

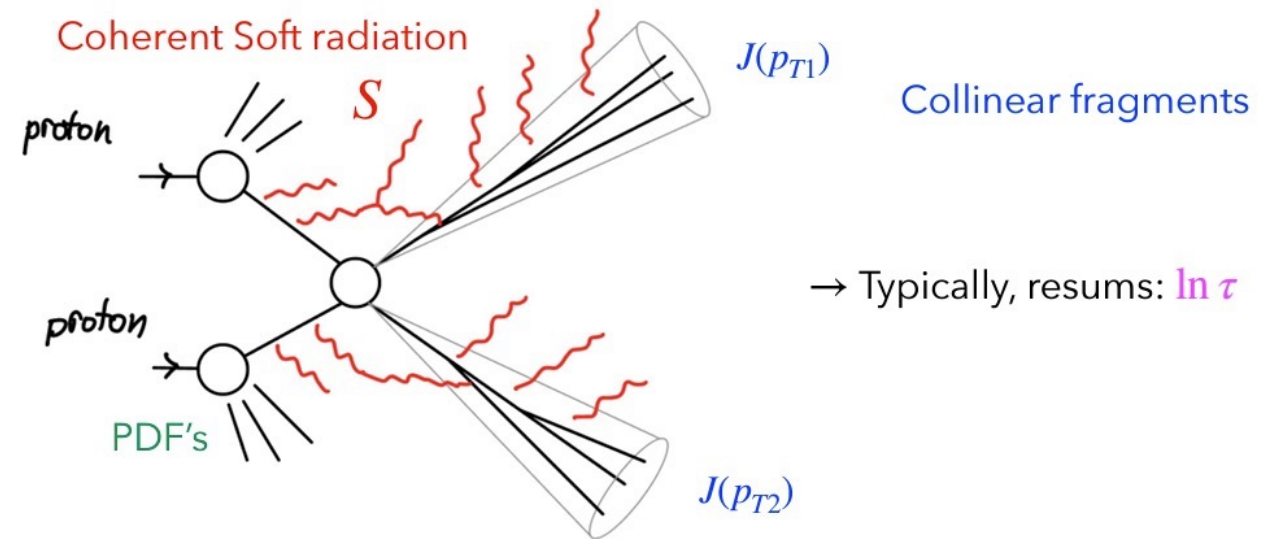
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 12	
8:30 AM → 12:11 PM	<b>Jets - Bldg 488 Berkner Hall Room B</b> Conveners: Anthony Hodges (University of Illinois), Jussi Viinikainen (University of Illinois at Chicago), Tristan Protzman (Lehigh University) 488 (Bldg.)
8:30 AM	<b>Theory Overview</b> Speaker: Yacine Mehtar-Tani (Brookhaven National Laboratory) RAUM2024.pdf 35m
9:05 AM	<b>X-SCAPE</b> Speaker: Mayank Singh (Vanderbilt University) Singh_X-SCAPE.pdf 25m
9:30 AM	<b>Jet Physics at the EIC</b> Speaker: Felix Ringer (UC Berkeley/LBNL) RHICAGS24_FRing... 25m
9:55 AM	<b>Coffee Break</b> 25m
10:20 AM	<b>Experimental Overview</b> Speaker: Prof. Laura Havener (Yale University) RHIGAGSUsersMee... 35m
10:55 AM	<b>Synergies Between RHIC and LHC Jet Measurements</b> Speaker: Virginia Bailey (Georgia State University) jets_RHIC_LHC.pdf 25m
11:20 AM	<b>Path-Length Dependent Energy Loss</b> Speaker: Megan Connors (Georgia State University) Connors_AUM2024... 25m
11:45 AM	<b>Jet Substructure</b> Speaker: Dhanush Hangal (Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (US)) RHIC_AGS_AUM20... 25m

# Setting the Stage, What Are Jets?

- Textbook definition: “jets are collimated, high-energy spray of hadrons resultant from the fragmentation of a hard-scattered parton”

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- In theory:

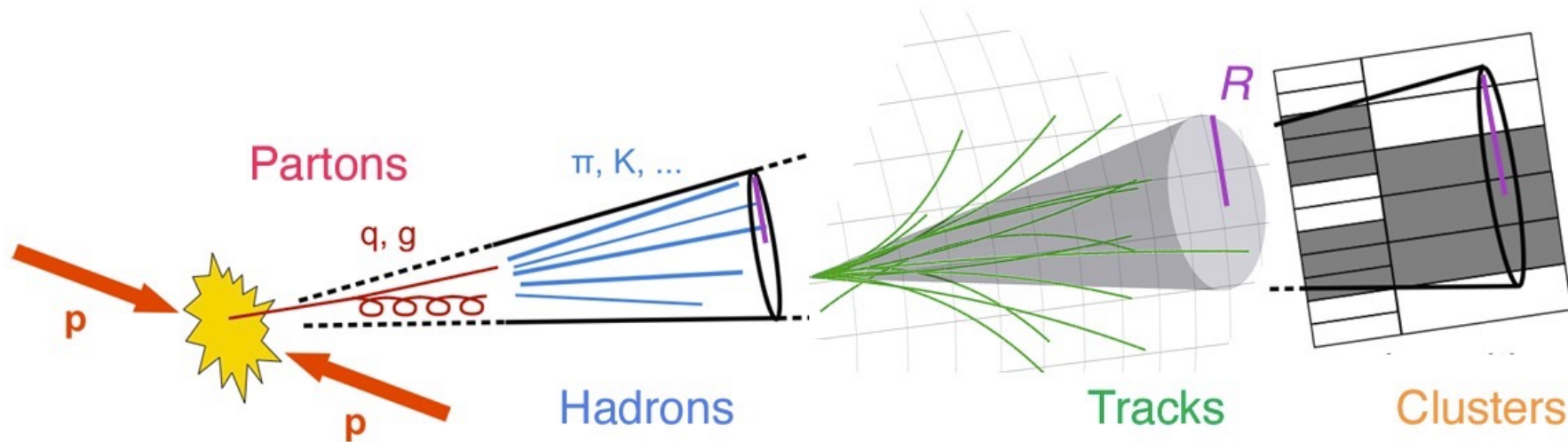


$$\frac{d\sigma}{dp_{T1} dp_{T2} d\tau} \equiv xf(x_1) xf(x_2) \otimes H(\mu^2) \otimes S \otimes J(p_1) J(p_2) \delta\left(\tau - \sum_{i \in \Omega} p_i\right)$$

Theory Overview: Yacine Mehtar-Tani

# Setting the Stage, What Are Jets?

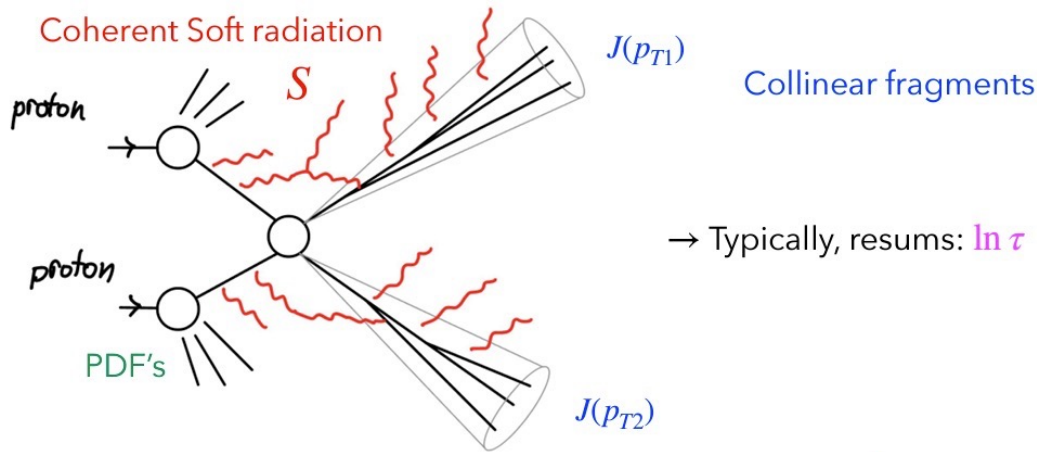
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- In experiment:



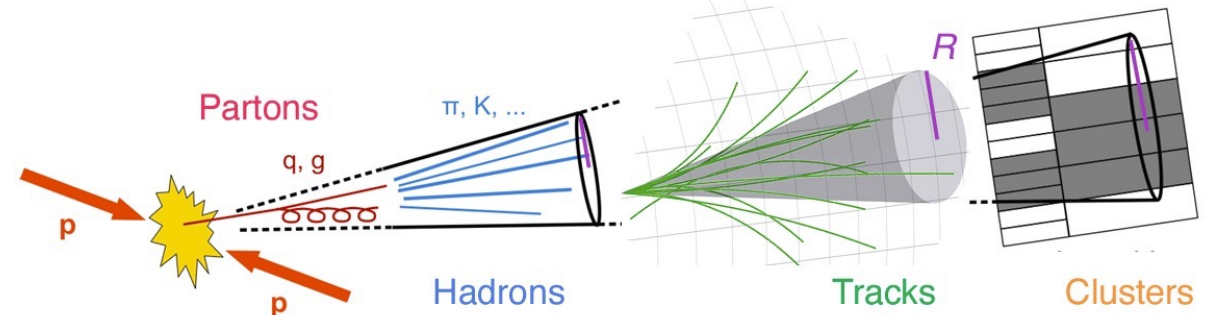
Grouped together using *jet clustering algorithms* to form experimental jets with a  $p_T$  and resolution parameter  $R$

# Why Do We Study Jets?

- Jets serve as proxies for the partons that created them, which we are interested in studying
- For theorists: Jets are perturbatively calculable objects
- For experimentalists: jets use high-resolution detector response regimes



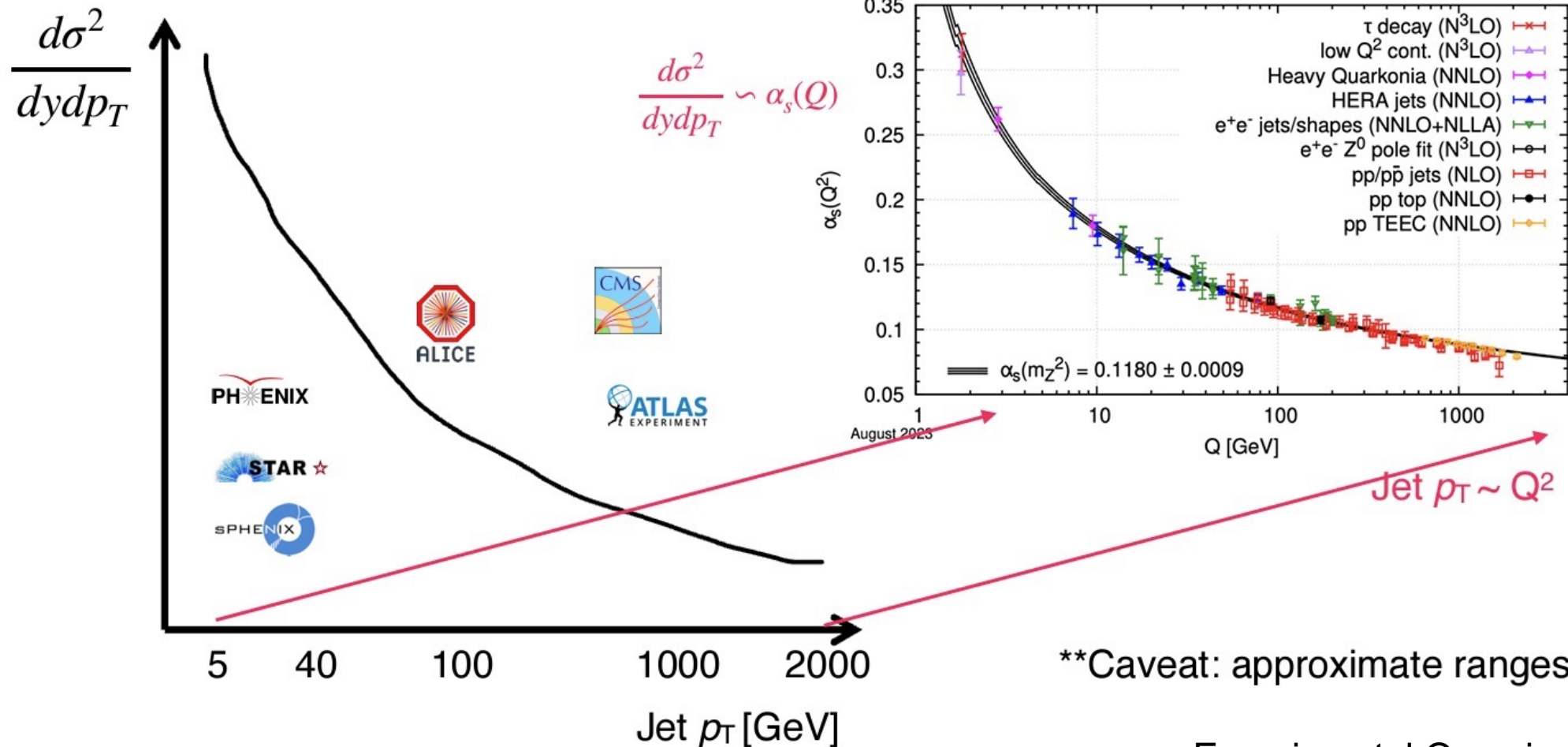
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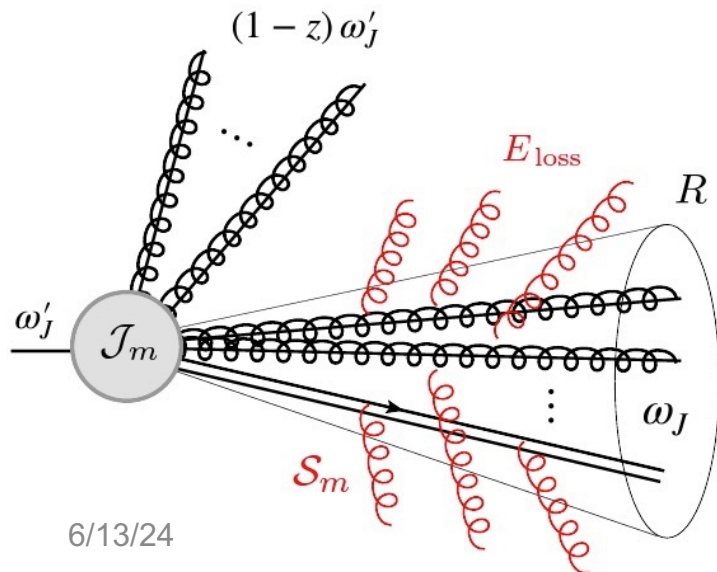
- Jets are a critical probe of the QCD phase space!



Experimental Overview: Laura Havener

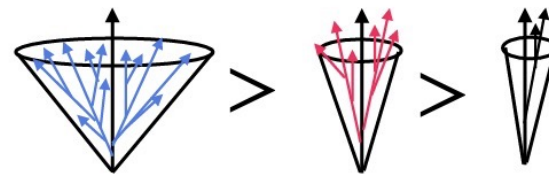
# Why Do We Study Jets... In Heavy-Ion Collisions?

- Jet-Medium interactions important probe of Quark-Gluon Plasma formed in heavy-ion collisions
- Large underlying event offers challenges our understanding of particle correlations (positive spin!)
- Elucidate important QCD question, e.g. quark vs. gluon QCD interactions, mass dependence...



6/13/24

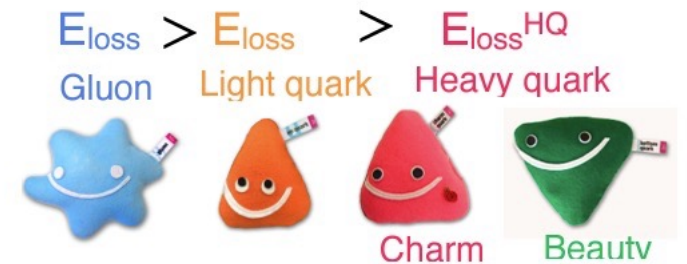
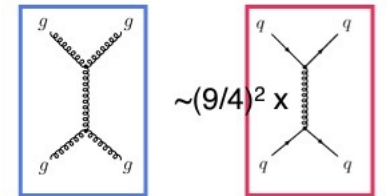
More complex structure -> more opportunities for interactions



Quark jets narrower than gluon jets

Anthony Hodges, NSF Ascend Fellow, UIUC

Flavor and mass dependence



Experimental Overview: Laura Havener



# Why Do We Study Jets...

At the LHC

vs.

At RHIC?

Large Hadron Collider (LHC) at CERN

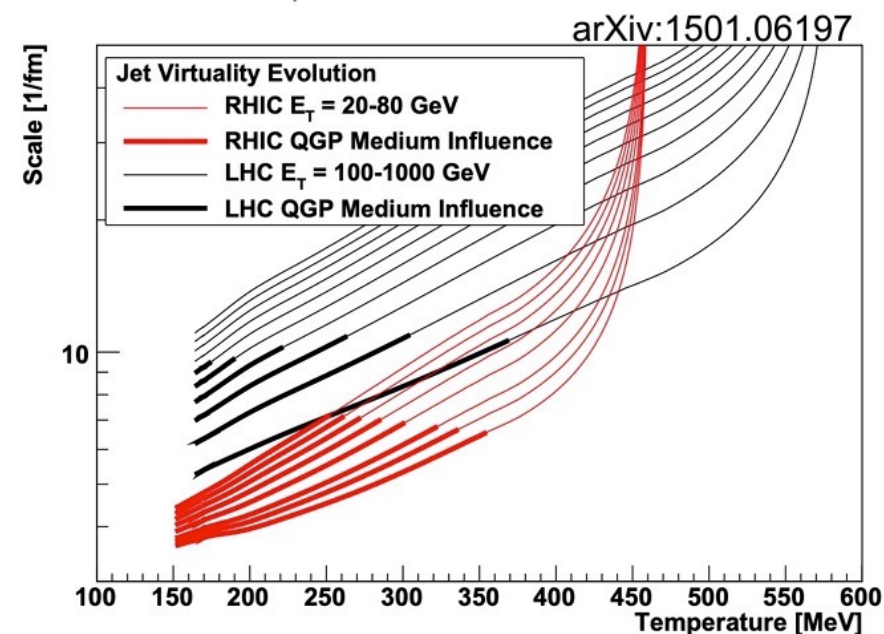
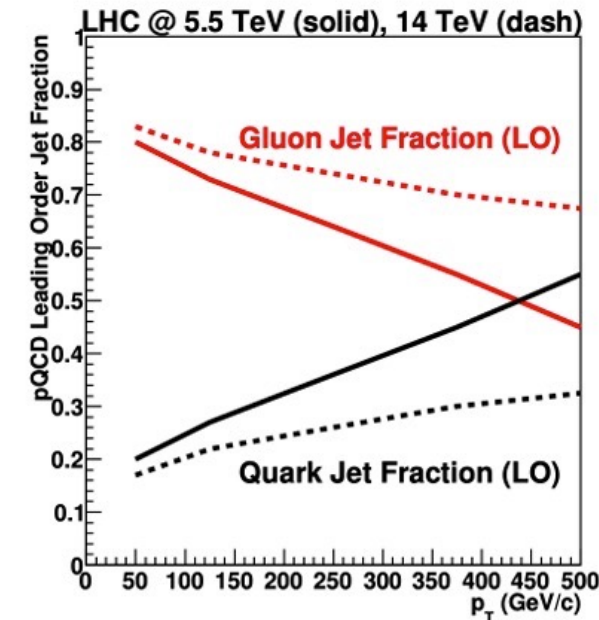
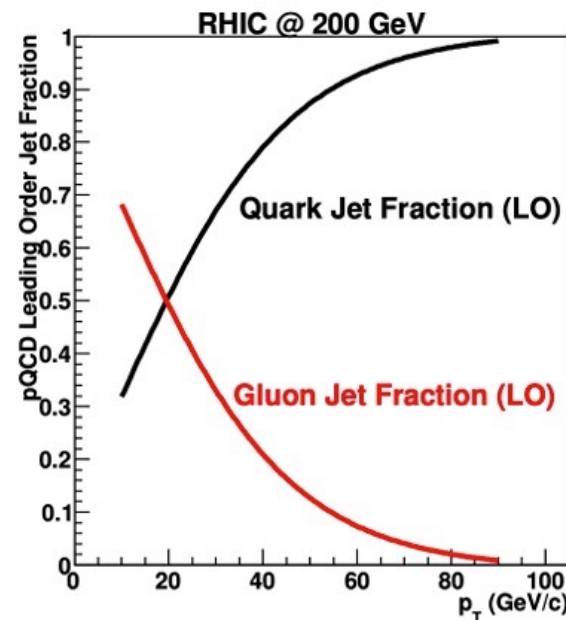
Relativistic Heavy Ion Collider (RHIC) at BNL



RHIC and LHC Synergies: Virginia Bailey

# Different Jet Populations

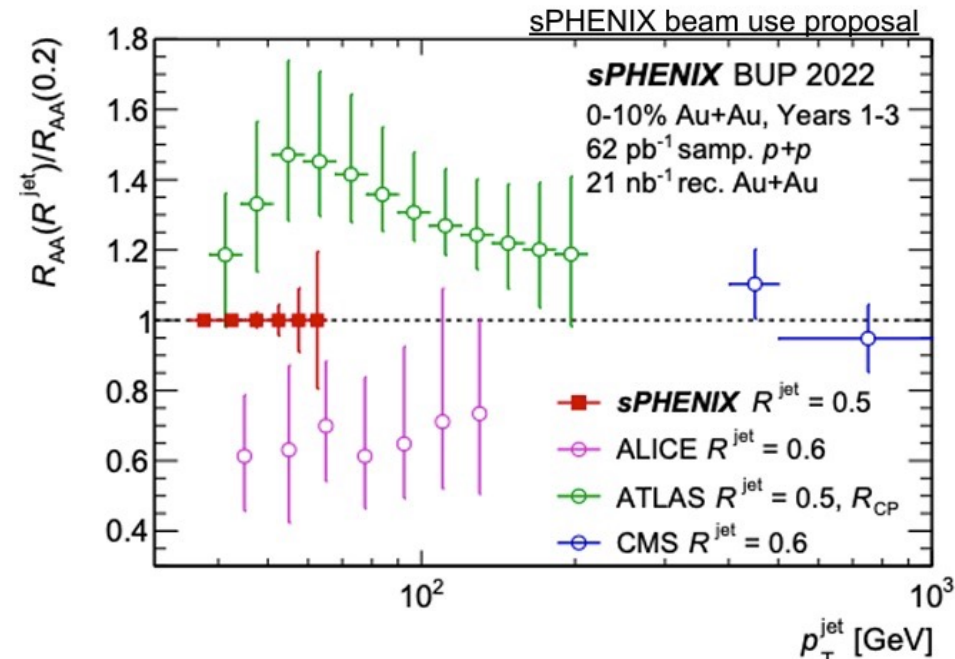
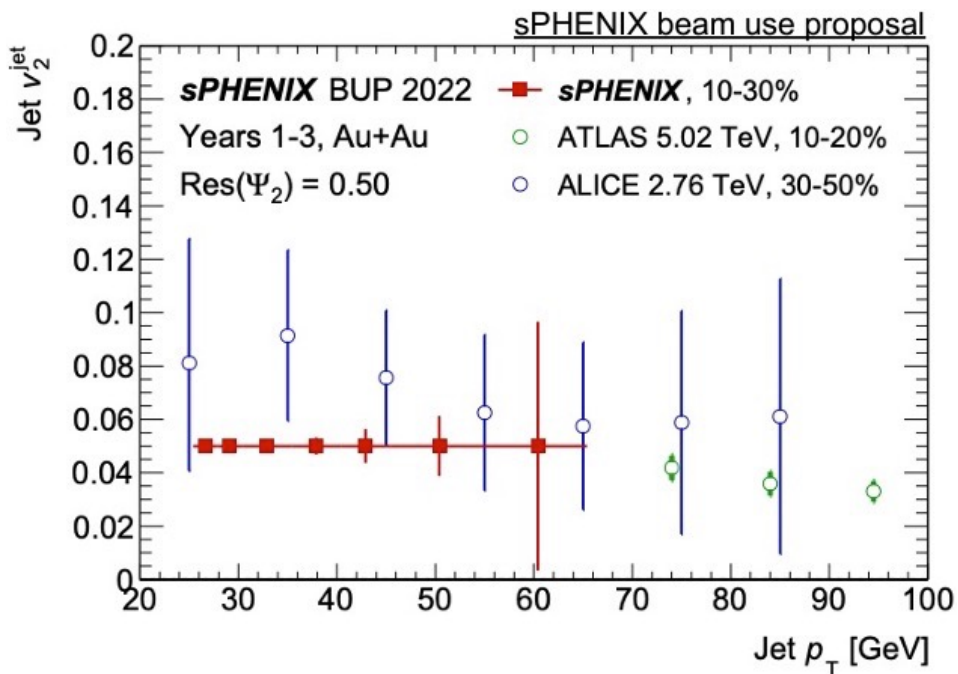
- Jets at RHIC offer a more quark-rich sample
- Jets at LHC offer interesting physics opportunities to study inclusive vs. quark-rich samples
- Additionally, jets at RHIC exist closer to the medium scale



RHIC and LHC Synergies: Virginia Bailey

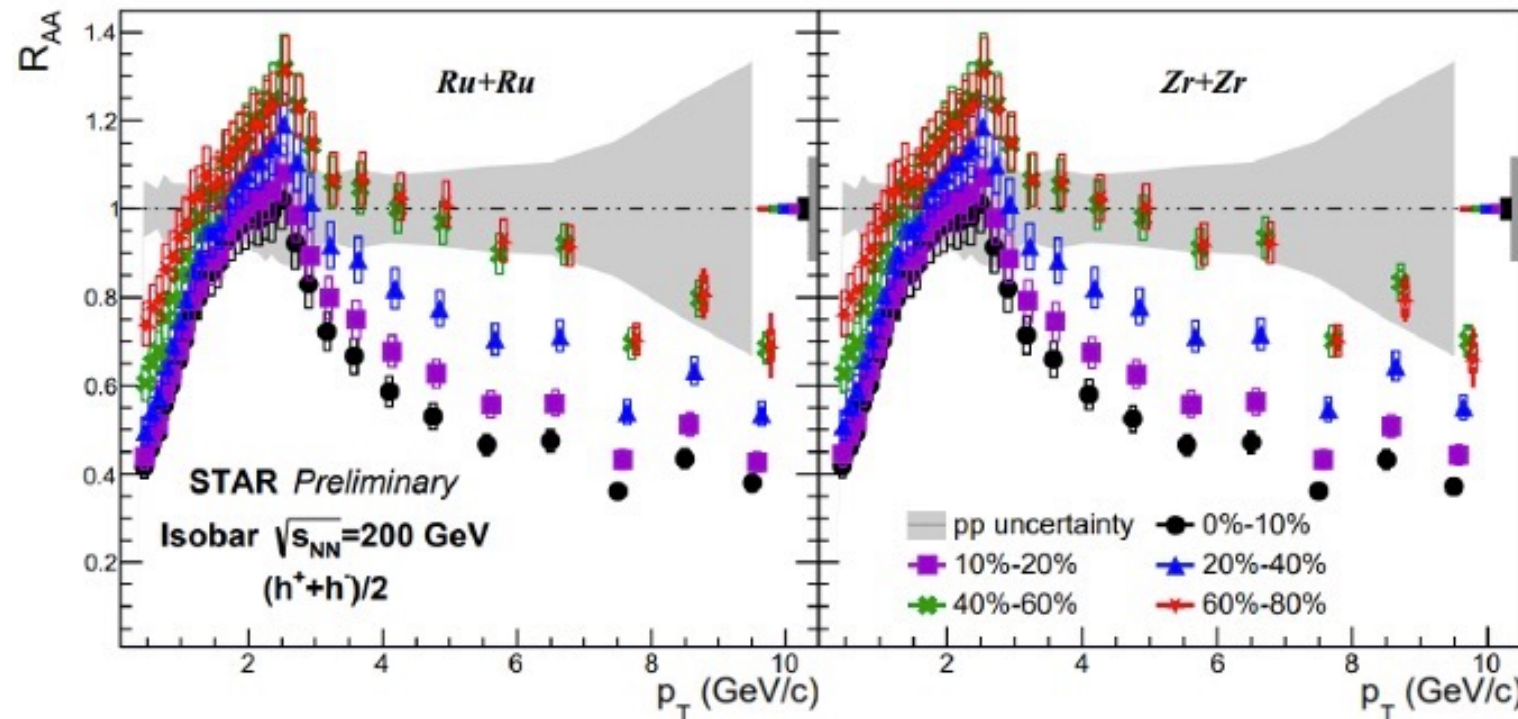
# The Power Of Multiple Machines...

- Generally one wants multiple experiments (2-3)
  - To serve as cross-checks on collider results
  - Also to complement varying strengths
- Cross-checks across *colliders* now possible as well, thanks to LHC-detector sPHENIX's development at RHIC



# What Do Jets See in Heavy-Ion Collisions?

- How finely can jets resolve the medium?
- Strong, system-independent, centrality *dependent*  $R_{AA}$  hints that jets can resolve differential path-lengths



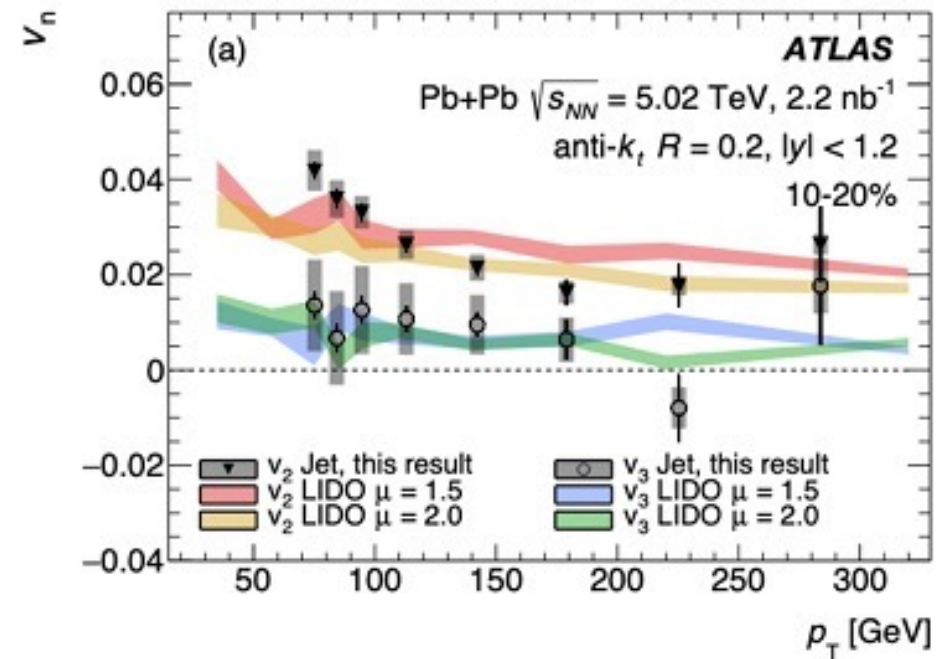
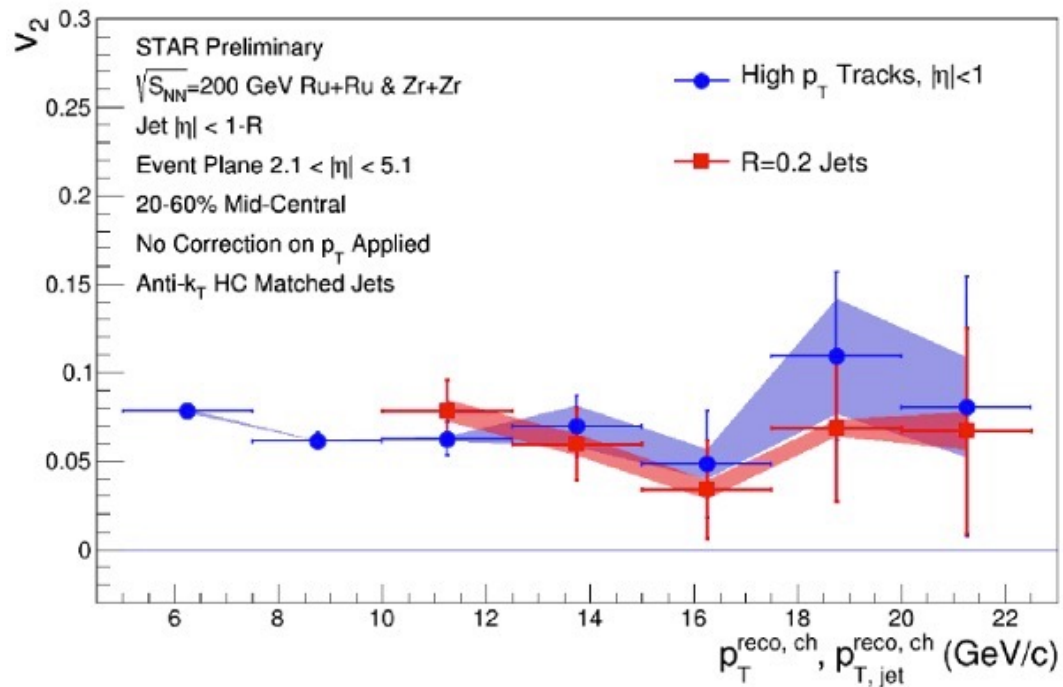
$$R_{AA} = \frac{1}{N^{AA}} \frac{d^2 N^{AA} / d\eta dp_T}{T_{AA} d^2 \sigma^{NN} / d\eta dp_T}$$

$$T_{AA} = \langle N_{coll} \rangle / \sigma_{inel}^{NN}$$

Path-length-dependent Energy Loss: Megan Connors

# Clear Path-Length Dependence

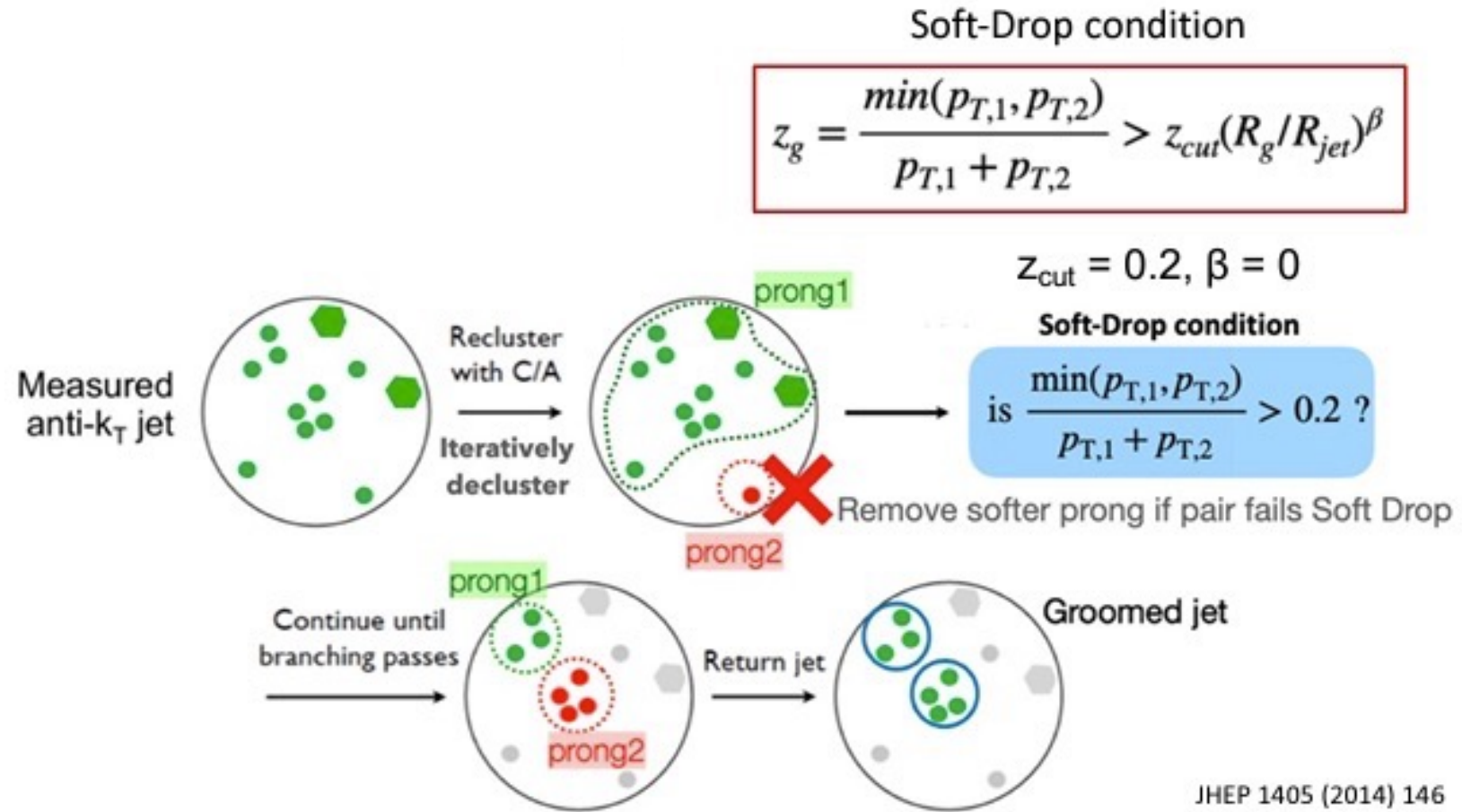
- Not only non-zero  $v_2$  for high  $p_T$  jets, but non-zero  $v_3$  measured at LHC!
- Jets are sensitive not only to differences in pathlength, but *fluctuations* of the pathlength as well



Path-length-dependent Energy Loss: Megan Connors

# How Finely Can We Resolve Jets?

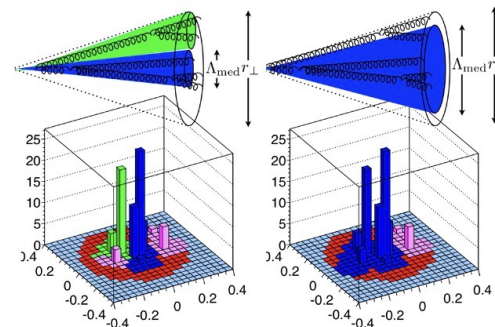
- Jet grooming can be used to study the hard splittings within jets
- Gives experimental access to the hadronization/fragmentation process



Jet Substructure: Dhanush Hangal

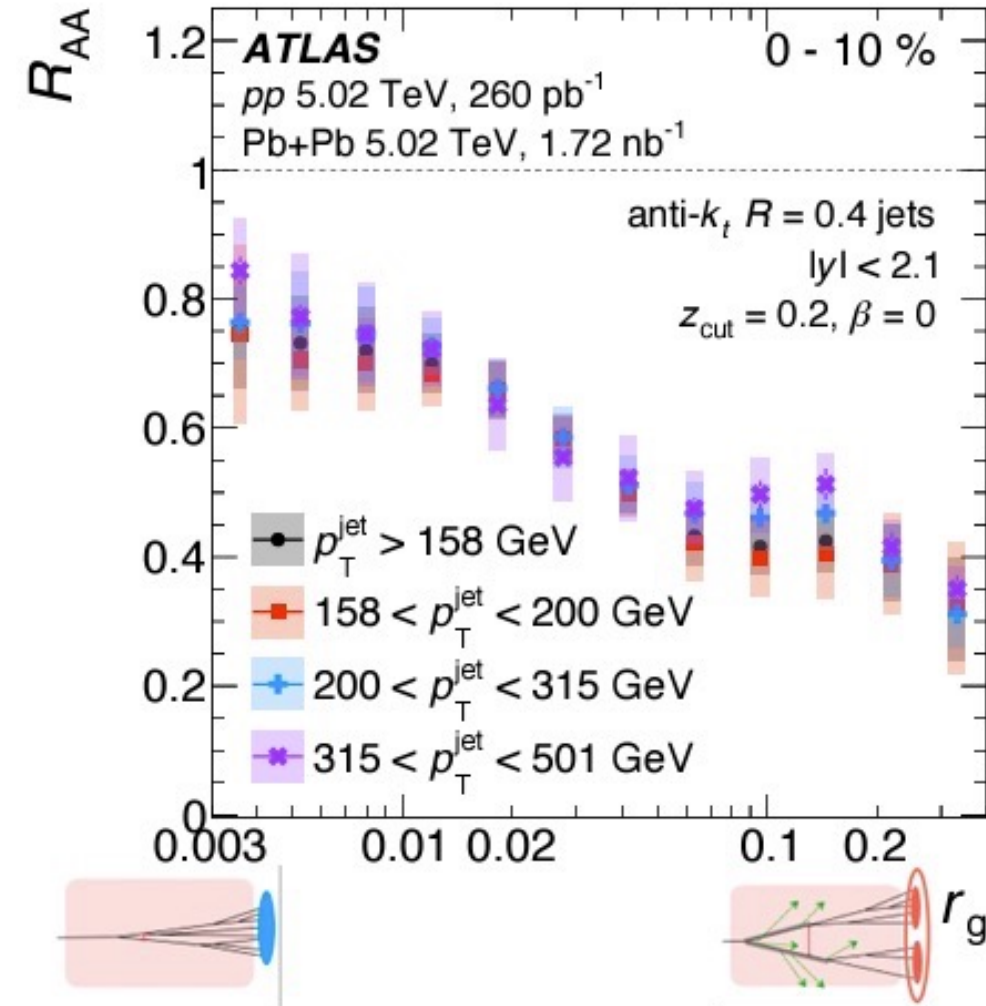
# How Finely Can the *Medium* Resolve Jets?

- ATLAS result hints that at high  $p_T$ , medium modification is more sensitive to coherence effects
- Large  $r_g \rightarrow$  medium sees two colored objects  $\rightarrow$  more energy loss
- Small  $r_g \rightarrow$  medium sees *one* colored object  $\rightarrow$  less energy loss



Two effective color charges

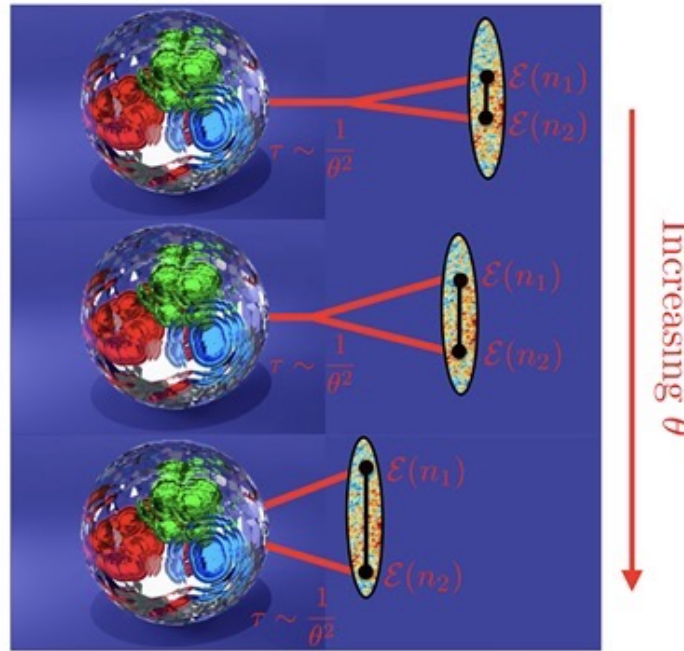
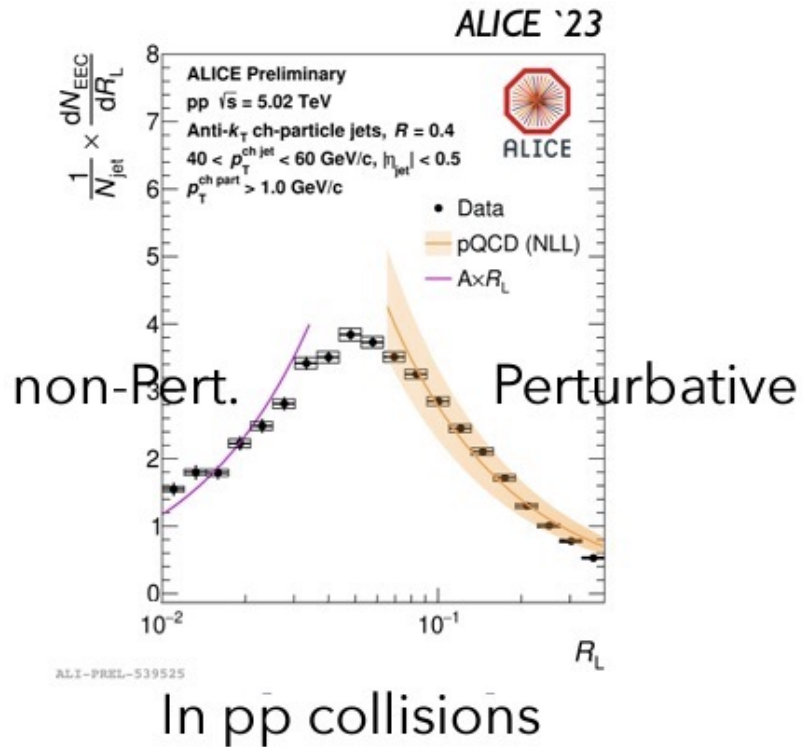
One effective color charge



Jet Substructure: Dhanush Hangal

# Energy-Energy Correlators!

- Energy N-point Correlators becoming increasingly popular
- Possible to delineate regions of perturbative and non-perturbative physics related to free-hadrons and partons, respectively



(a)



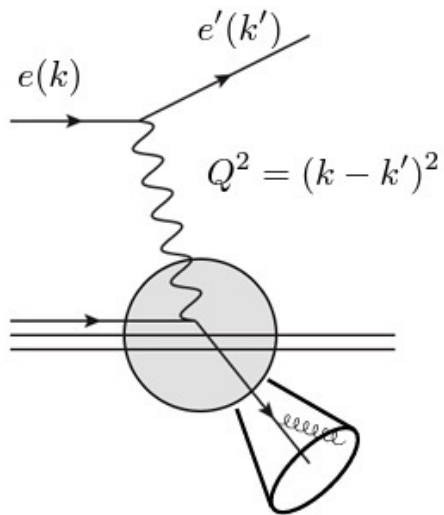
The Field

Basham et al (1978)... Dixon, Moulton, Zhu 2019



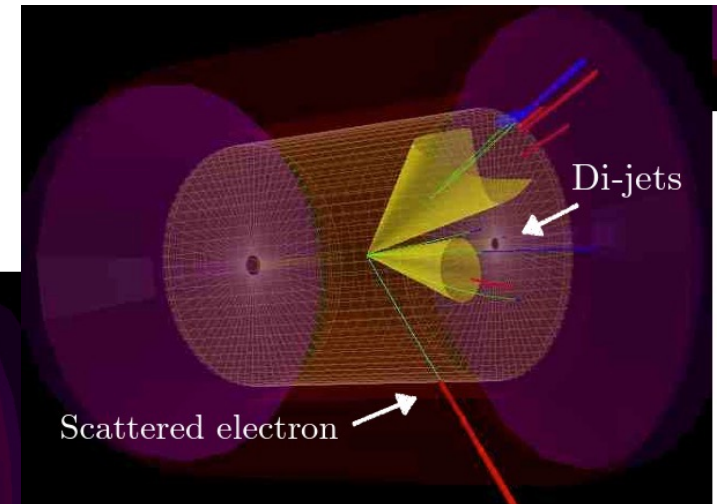
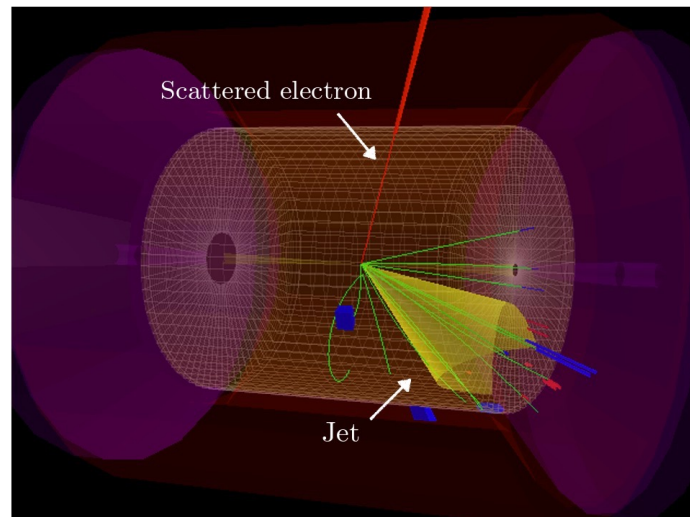
# Looking Towards the Future: Jets at the EIC

- Aim of Electron-Ion collider is to probe the spin structure of nuclear matter with unprecedented precision
- Jets still an important part of the EIC physics mission!



*Arratia, Jacak, FR, Song '19  
see also Aschenauer et al.*

Jets At the EIC: Felix Ringer



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- Aim of Electron-Ion collider is to probe the spin structure of nuclear matter with unprecedented precision

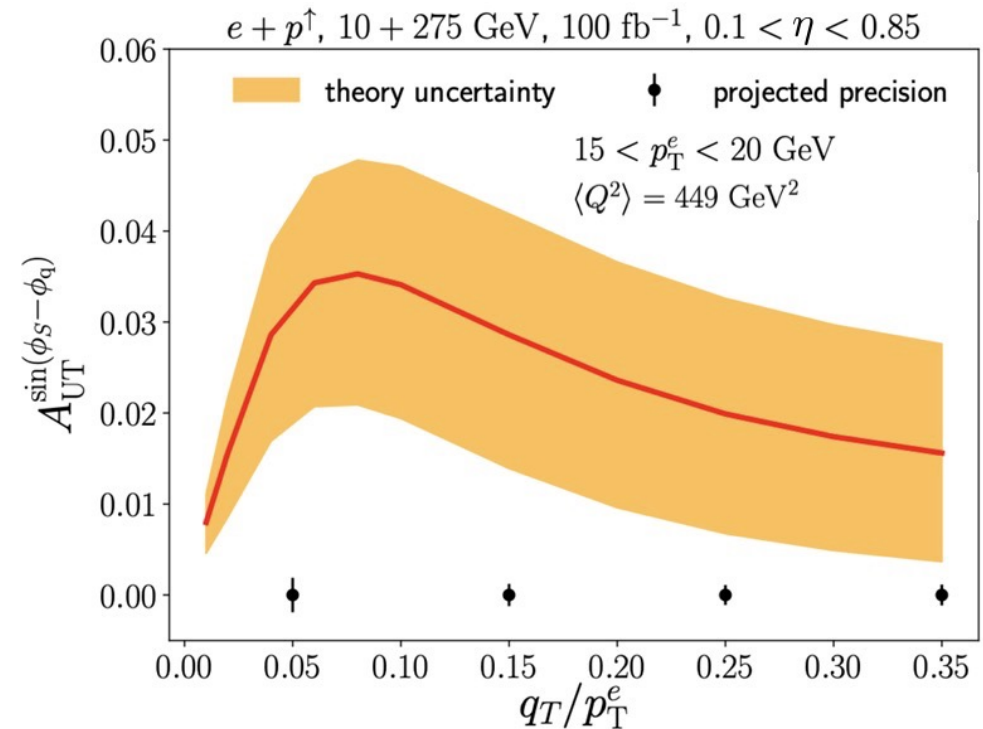
- Electron-jet imbalance at the EIC

$$\vec{q}_T = \vec{p}_T^e + \vec{p}_T^{\text{jet}}$$

- Sensitivity to TMD PDFs but no TMD FF
- TMD factorization

$$F_{UU} = \sigma_0 H_q(Q, \mu) \sum_q e_q^2 J_q(p_T^{\text{jet}} R, \mu) \times \int \frac{d^2 \vec{b}_T}{(2\pi)^2} e^{i\vec{q}_T \cdot \vec{b}_T} f_q^{\text{TMD}}(x, \vec{b}_T, \mu) S_q(\vec{b}_T, y_{\text{jet}}, R, \mu)$$

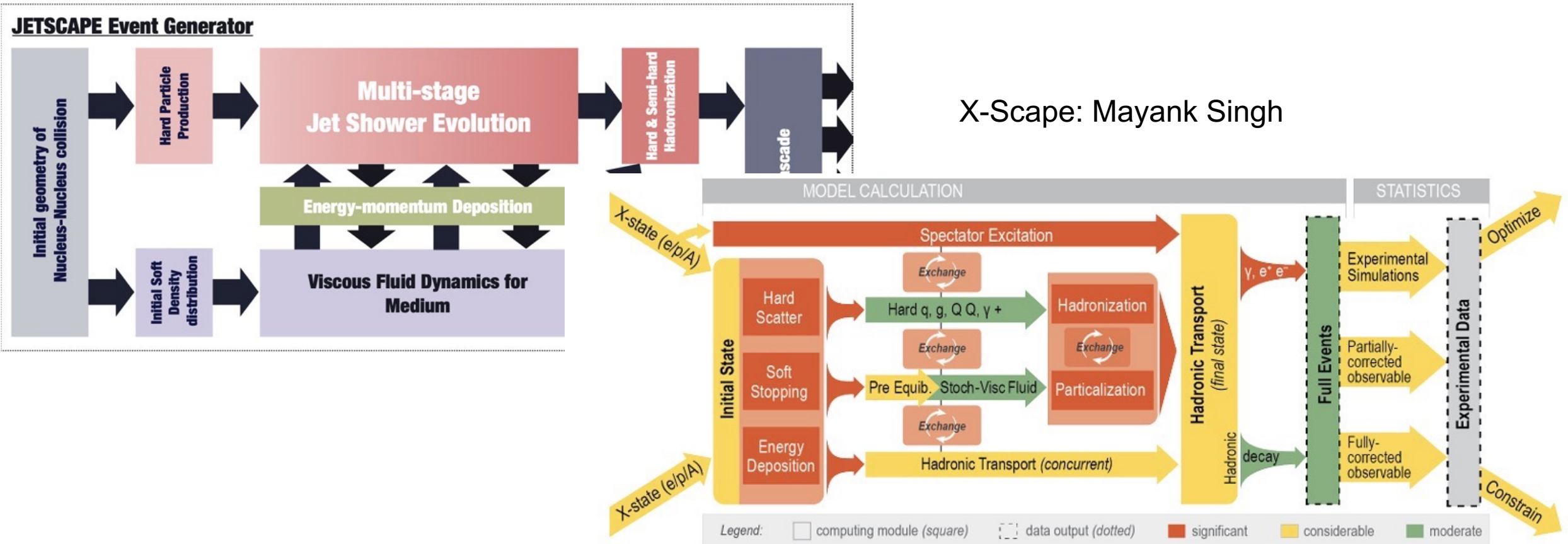
- Sensitivity to the Sivers function



Jets At the EIC: Felix Ringer

# A Framework For Theory and Experiment

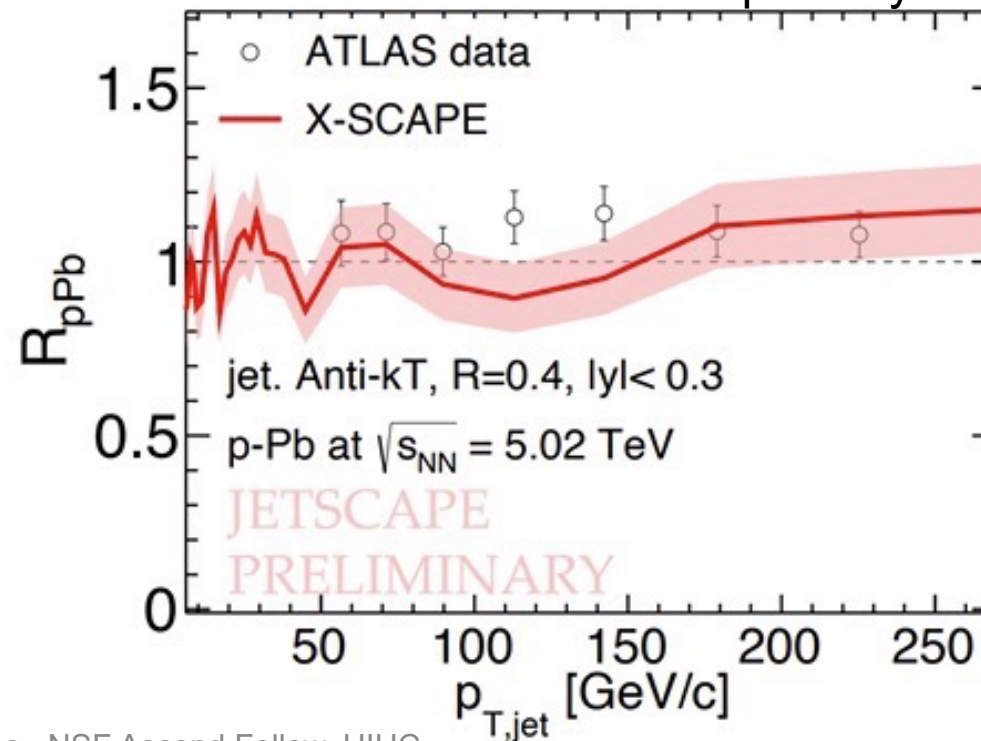
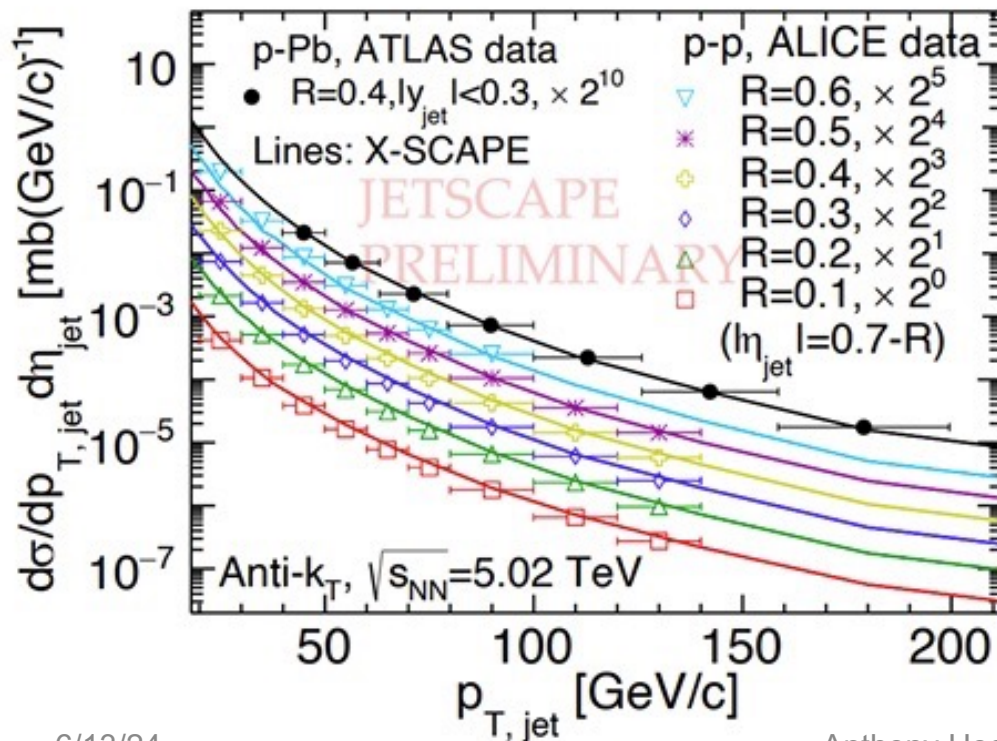
- JET/XSCAPE modular framework allows for the simultaneous usage of many theory models and event generators



# XSCAPE in Asymmetric Systems

- A theory/experiment framework for xA systems
- Shows good agreement with LHC data already
- Improves ease of model discrimination with unified framework

X-Scape: Mayank Singh



# Some Concluding Remarks

- Jets a multifaceted way to make precision measurements of QCD phenomenon
- The field is rapidly approaching a transition from the familiar “Golden Age” of Heavy-Ion physics to the new frontier of EIC physics
- Proper accounting of what we’ve learned in the past 20 years of RHIC and LHC jet physics is a *necessity*
- The successful conclusion of the sPHENIX, STAR, and RHIC science missions are a *necessity*
- The development of models that can simultaneously describe multiple aspects of jet physics are necessary more than ever to begin approaching a more unified understanding of hot and cold QCD physics



This talk