Update on SiPM-on-tile ZDC Towards TDR

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SiPM-on-tile ZDC



Shower Examples 100 GeV neutrons



Energy Resolution

 Software compensation needed for the Fe/Sc design established by GNNs, which is the state-of-the-art. Detailed in <u>https://arxiv.org/abs/2310.04442</u> (to appear in JINST). Note that CALICE catched up: <u>https://arxiv.org/abs/2403.04632</u>



Position Resolution



HEXPLIT design and algorithm described in

"Leveraging staggered tessellation for enhanced spatial resolution in high-granularity calorimeters" <u>NIMA 1060 (2024) 169044</u>



5

Gamma-pi0 separation



Plot by Ryan Milton

Multi Neutron Response

In eA collisions, spectator neutrons are monoenergetic with beam energy, i.e. 100 GeV each





Example even showers with multiple 100 GeV neutrons

eA response

GNN reconstruction able to apply software compensation when showers overlap

Fixes scale, improves resolution.

Plot emphasizes linearity, dynamic range





Algorithms/factories included in ZDC pipelines

ZDC LYSO:



Acceptance studies

Neutron local hit position at ZDC HCal front face



Including latest version of beam line from Alex.



ZDC Physics Benchmark

https://github.com/eic/physics_benchmarks/tree/demp_zdc/benchmarks/demp/



Work in progress:

- Lambda reconstruction
- Tweaks to 3D topological clustering algorithm
- GNN model to be run within EICRECON using ONXX

Comment on Clustering

Event = 3, E_{Truth} = 100 GeV, Num. neutrons = 1



Given high granularity of ZDC, any decent clustering, like the <u>3D Topological Clustering</u>, will yield more than one cluster per neutron in cases like these. Same is true for granularity of LFHCAL, and H1 and ATLAS (similar longitudinal granularity)

"Clusters" needed for calibration and noise suppression but cannot be our "final" object for neutron analysis.

We are working on a "ReconstructedNeutron" object class for ZDC which will take TopoClusters and merge them to get reconstructed 4-vector for "physics analysis"

Testing

- UC Davis Test May 14-15th Radiation Damage SIPMs, S/N quantified
- Ongoing Insert/ZDC prototype at RHIC In-situ calibration, operation, rad damage
- Generation-3 prototype test, Fall 24 @ JLab Scale up, uniformity, test of HEXPLIT design





First SiPM-on-tile Calorimeter operating in a Collider ever!





Mechanical Structure







Linking plates every 3 rows seem OK, leaving space for 30x30 cm PCBs We will included updated SketchUp blow out model



Low-energy $\gamma \rightarrow LYSO$ High-energy γ and $\pi 0 \rightarrow$ Fe/Sc High-energy neutrons \rightarrow Fe/Sc

Money Plot for LYSO

LYSO is able to reconstruct the first line of U238 (45 keV), which shows up at ~10 MeV in the lab frame

over 500.0 are hidden .

307.18 (8)

148.38 (3)

44,916 (13)

20

150

100

50

0.004

H Needd

 $\mu = 0.009 \pm 0.000$

 $\sigma = 0.001 \pm 0.000$

Resolution = 6.88%

0.006

0.008

0.010

 ${}^{238}_{92}\mathsf{U}_{146}$

2+

0+



Summary SiPM-on-tile ZDC status

TRD studies on track to be ready

Geometry (including staggering) and reconstruction algorithms (including HEXPLIT) already implemented in EICRECON. GNN on the works.

Physics benchmarks:

DEMP (charged pion + n), well underway DEMP (charged Kaon + Lambda) starting

Prototype and irradiation tests ongoing, should result in papers before pre-TDR

Sketchup for more realistic mechanical structure and PCBs under way



Backup

Reminder: Combined system could be LYSO crystal ECAL (<u>Oct 9th design</u>) and SiPM-on-tile Fe/Sc



Meets all physics requirements while maximizing synergies with other ePIC subsystems, reducing cost and risks.

Low-energy $\gamma \rightarrow LYSO$ High-energy γ and $\pi 0 \rightarrow$ Fe/Sc High-energy neutrons \rightarrow Fe/Sc

Combined LYSO + Fe/Sc neutron performance with GNNs

GNN yields optimal reconstruction, software compensated linear response



- Adding LYSO slightly improves energy resolution.
- No significant impact on the angular resolution

Credit: Bishnu Karki, Sebastian Moran, Ryan Milton