Detector DB requirements

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Thanks to Friederike Bock & Nicole Apadula for inputs!

Link to the Living document is **here!**



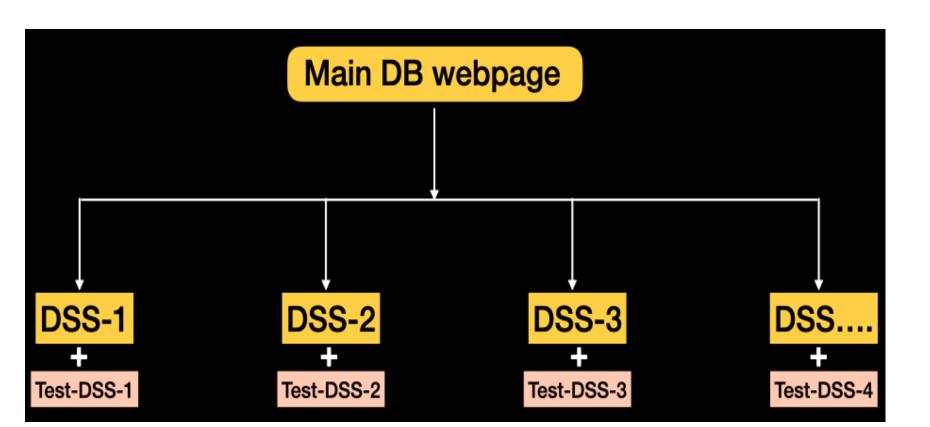


Introduction

- Previous DB talk in TIC meeting: https://indico.bnl.gov/event/22079/
- Purpose: Facilitate effective management and tracking of hardware components for various subsystems.
- Scope: Not for technical suggestions like database software, HTML, php etc.
- Goal: Provide necessary features without burdening users.
- Flexibility: Open to addition or modification of features.
- Maintenance: Regular updates by Global Administrator and subsystem DSLs.
- Objective: Outline overall expectations and structure of the database for the software team.

Landing Page

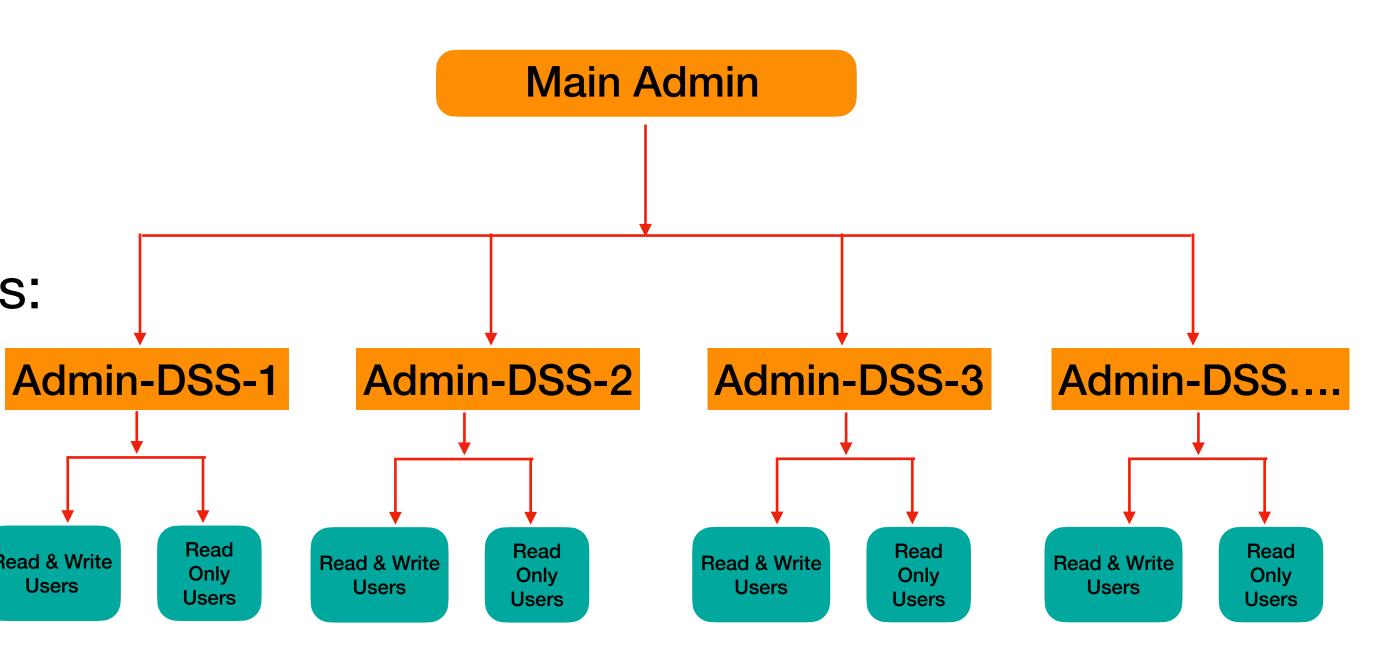
- Landing Page: Includes a list of all databases with links for easy navigation.
- Real and Test Database Pages:
 - Each Detector Subsystem (DSS) has:
 - A "Real Database Page" for live data.



- A "Test Database Page" for practice and familiarization.
- Test database is periodically synchronized with real DB.
- Visual Differentiation:
 - Test and real DB pages have distinct color schemes.
 - ▶ Helps prevent accidental use or confusion between environments.

Administration hierarchy:

- Global Level Admin:
 - Access to main database, sub DB's, and webpages.
 - Oversees overall database management.
- Detector Subsystem Leaders (DSLs):
 - Access to their respective DB.
 - Privileges to manage personnel and rights:
 - e.g., View-only or Read/Write/Submit access.
- Language and Criteria Management:
 - ▶ DSLs have exclusive privilege to:
 - Change criteria language.
 - Add or remove requirement criteria.
- Considerations for host server:
 - Ensure accessibility for diverse user base.
 - Address potential access restrictions behind lab's firewall.



Backup and Contact info

- Database Backup:
 - All DB tables and user data (figures, text, etc.) should be backed up to a separate storage.
 - Ensures data integrity and security in case of system failure or data loss.
- Contact Page Information:
 - DSLs can input details of personnel from different institutions participating in subsystem construction.
 - Includes:
 - Full name
 - Email address
 - Full shipping address
 - Optional: Cell phone and office phone numbers
- Email [Optional]:
 - Feature to select personnel from the list and send them emails directly.
 - Content of the email can be listed on this page, similar to a mailing list archive.

Numbered and Unnumbered items

- Numbered Items:
 - Components with unique characteristics (e.g., HRPPD tiles for pfRICH) should have a unique ID.
 - IDs can be barcodes, QR codes, or any other permanent unique number.
 - IDs should be searchable in the database and identifiable on hardware components.
 - Ensures one-to-one relationship and history tracking.
- Non-Numbered Items:
 - Items without individual characterization (e.g., ESR foils for LFHCal) should be stocked unlabeled.
 - Allows easy access to assess need and usage, avoiding delays due to shipping, etc.

Data upload and Plotting:

- Data Upload:
 - ▶ Each item page should feature data file upload based on subsystem needs.
 - Log history maintained if data file is replaced with another.
- Timestamp Append:
 - Database automatically appends timestamp to file name to prevent mishandling.
- Plotting Compatibility:
 - Item pages compatible with plotting engine to read and display data plots.
 - File format and display style coordinated with main DB Admin and DSLs.
- Red Flagging:
 - Entries can have boolean logic associated with them.
 - e.g., Humidity > 50% flagged with red color for user attention.
- Color Coding:
 - Color coding for sorting finished and unfinished tasks: e.g.
 - Tested good: Green
 - Yet to be tested: Yellow
 - Tested bad: Red

Query, Inventory and shipping

- Inventory Page:
 - Clearly reflects used/tested and remaining items in each category.
- Criteria Logic:
 - OR & AND logic for different criteria combinations to sort the query.

Shipping and Receiving:

- Feature, Not Necessity:
 - Shipping and receiving treated as optional feature for each subsystem.
 - Advantages:
 - Log for tracking number and shipment details.
 - Prevents items from being lost in transit or forgotten to be shipped.
 - Management:
 - Left up to subsystems to decide how to manage shipping and receiving processes.

Stage of Preparation with Time:

- Item Preparation:
 - Each category will have a list of numbered items.
 - QA steps to be followed with each item.
- Progress Plot:
 - Based on completion of steps, progress plots can be generated.
 - Project coordination <u>will be needed</u> to determine the best way to present progress.
 - Allows visualization of project milestones over time.

Summary

- Its not a fully inclusive list and suggestions are welcome to the Live document.
- It is recognized that maintaining the DB regularly as a "Global Administrator" will require a dedicated personal, and sub-system DSL's will have the responsibility to ensure that the information is up-to-date for their respective DB.
- DB shouldn't be a tremendous burden to the users instead it should help to manage the sub-system.
- It would be better to first put it together with one sub-system as a model example and then slowly expand it to others as needed.

Thank You!