

The EICROC Project

Objective: **Development** and **characterization** of an **ASIC EICROC** (32 x 32)
able to read out the new generation of pixelated ($500 \times 500 \mu\text{m}^2$) silicon sensors: **AC-LGAD**
(**L**ow-**G**ain **A**valanche **D**iode) coupled **AC**
for the **Electron Ion Collider** (EIC)

1st intention: optimized for Far Forward detectors: the **Roman Pots**

Perspectives: to read out **ALL** (**pixelated** $0.5 \times 0.5 \text{ mm}^2$) **AC-LGAD** sensors implemented in other
ePIC detectors, e.g. OMD, Forward TOF, pFRICH, hpDIRC.

Stepping up through successive ASIC iterations
to control performances fulfilling ePIC detector requirements

➤ **EICROC0 prototype** (16 channels; 4×4): **under characterization since mid '23**

Requirements:

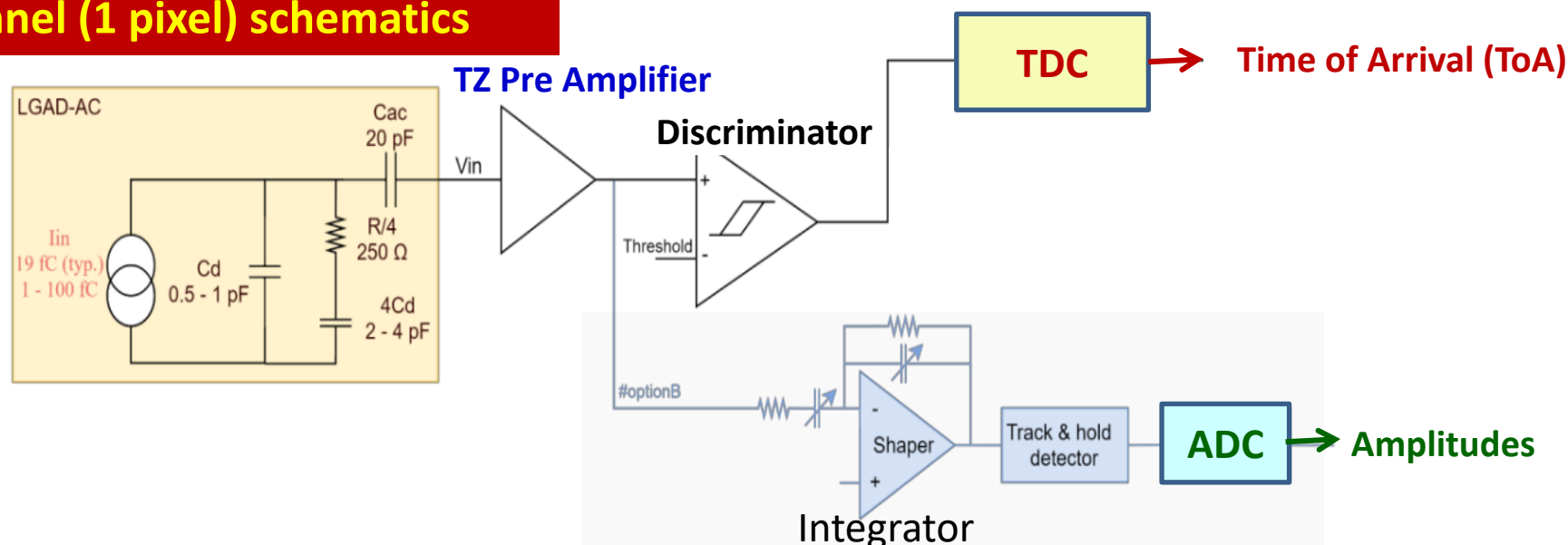
- pixel size **0.5 x 0.5 mm²** (HGTD 1.3x1.3 mm²)
- low power consumption < **2 mW/channel**
- low jitter ~ **20 ps**
- low noise ~ **1 mV/channel**
- sensitivity to low charge (**2 fC**)
- time resolution: **30 ps**
- spatial resolution: **50 microns**

Charge sharing studies (simulation + β source w/ ALTIROC1_v2)

EICROC0 design:

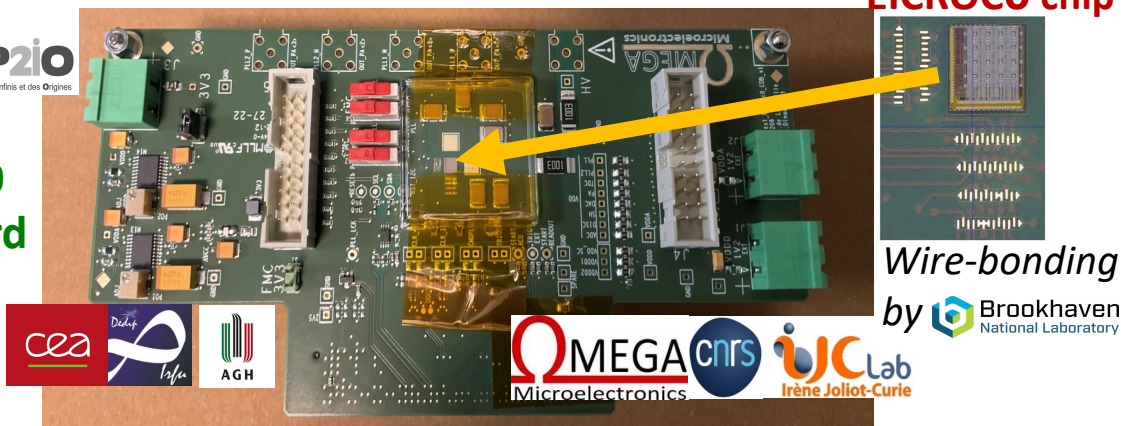
- **TZ Pre Amplifiers** from ALTIROC (ATLAS/HGTD)
- 10 bit **TDC** from HGCROC (CMS, [CEA/Irfu/DEDIP](#))
- **8 bit ADC** for time-walk correction ([AGH Krakow](#), adapted from HGCROC)

1 channel (1 pixel) schematics

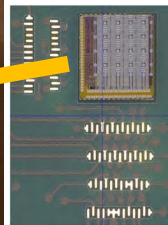


Compared to ALTIROC (ATLAS/HGTD), ToT TDC (non-linear behavior versus the deposited charge) replaced by an ADC

EICROC0
Test board

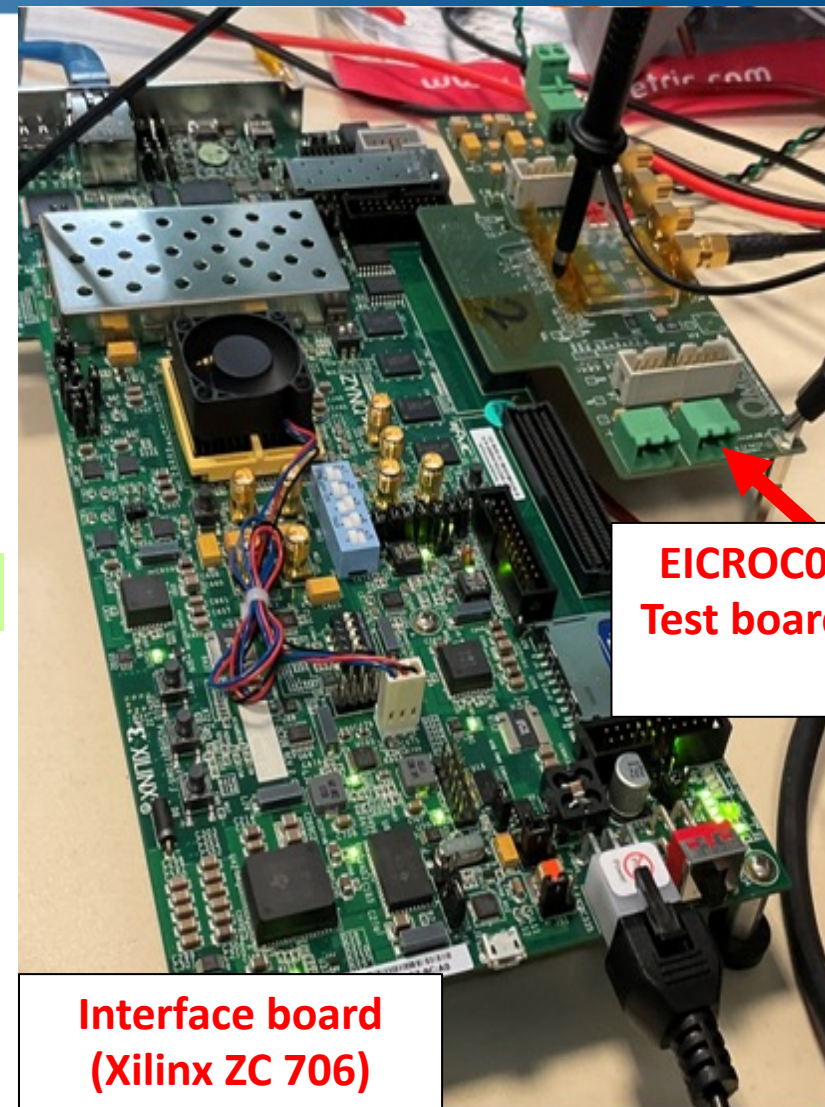


EICROC0 chip



Wire-bonding

by Brookhaven
National Laboratory



EICROC0
Test board

Interface board
(Xilinx ZC 706)

EICROC0 test bench operational at IJCLab since mid '23

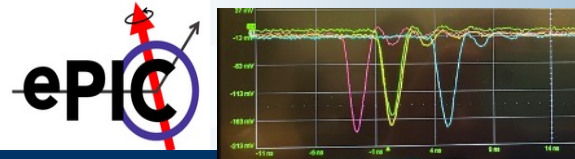
- ✓ I²C communication (firmware + software developments)
- ✓ Data stream written/read
- ✓ EICROC0 DC levels
- ✓ Discri. threshold exploration
- ✓ EICROC0 charge injection system (0 to 25 fC)
- ✓ EICROC0 decoding (TDC, ADC) Firmware + software
- ✓ External trigger: signal directly injected into TDC

Additional EICROC0 test benches operational
at OMEGA, CEA/Irfu, BNL and Hiroshima University

<https://gitlab.in2p3.fr/verplancke/eicroc0>

Developed and maintained by Adrien Verplancke (OMEGA)

- **Firmware**
 - New version implemented ✓
 - Scripts corrected to work with new firmware ✓
- **Code development for new firmware**
 - Config files, test scripts, data processing scripts ✓
 - Code that allows to plot S-Curves, TDC, ADC, Hit automatically ✓
 - Uploaded on GitLab ✓
- **Documentation write-up (updated over time)**
 - User guide ✓
 - Code guide ✓
 - Datasheet
 - Uploaded on GitLab ✓
- **Tests on ASIC with new firmware and scripts**
 - S-Curves ✓
- **New boards** (10 PCBs) have been produced and assembled
 - **Measurements on-going**

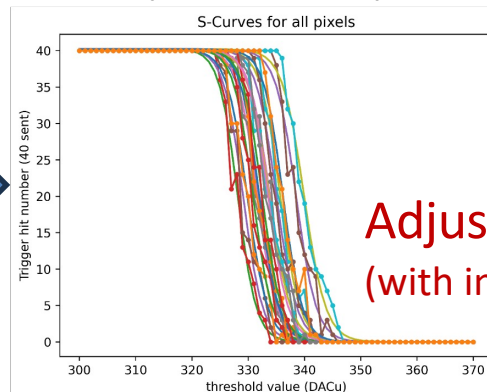
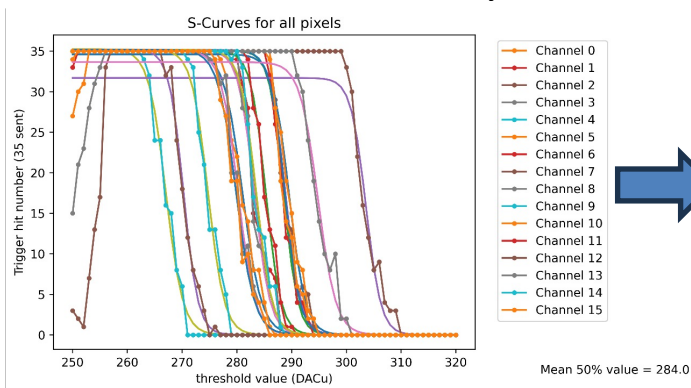


Status of EICROC0 characterization

Characterization of boards w/ EICROC0 only

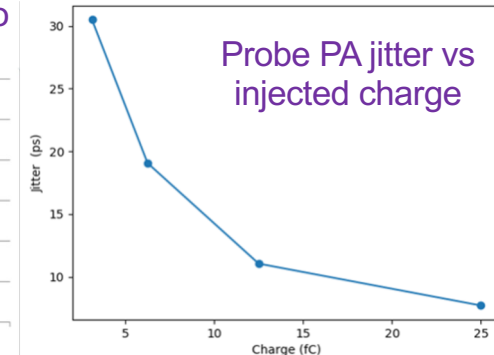
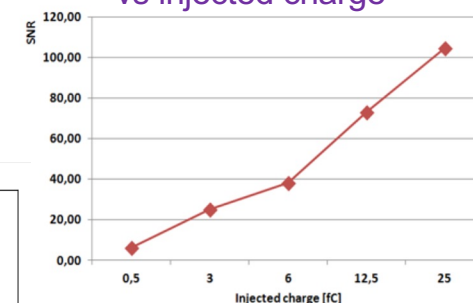
- **TZ Pre Amplifier** output signals
 - SNR > 70 for 12.5 fC input ; SNR > 6 for 1 fC input)
 - Jitter evaluation: < 20 ps (≥ 6 fC) ; 8 ps (25 fC)

- **Discriminator** efficiency versus threshold (« S-curve »)



Adjusted
(with individual channel threshold)

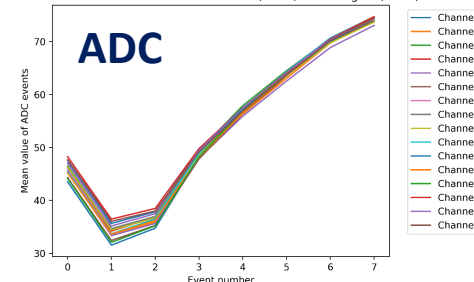
Probe PA Signal-to-Noise Ratio vs injected charge



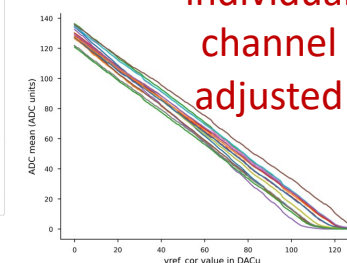
- **TDC** performance (alone):
 - quantification step (~25 ps) in fair agreement with design
 - observation of a large noise coupled to 160 MHz clock
 - Time of Arrival resolution estimated to 14 ps (25 fC)

- **ADC** performance (alone) functional, 8-fold noise structure observed

ADC mean vs event nb for threshold 400 (DACu) and charge 0 (DACu)



ADC pedestal
individual
channel
adjusted



- Status:**
- Individually each component shows performance in agreement with design
 - Investigation of noise / clock couplings (preventing us to fully exploit TDC & ADC data) on-going
 - Board with AC-LGAD sensor: investigation of oscillation origin when > 2 Probe PA channels

EICROC Project Overview

- EICROC0 is a testbeam prototype => sensor characterization
 - Triggered readout, all data shipped out : 16 ch * 8 samples ADC + TDC
 - Present power ~ 2 mW/ch + 4*20 mW « analog probe preamp »
 - Status : measurements in progress
 - ADC power + shaper/driver to be reduced from **~ 1 mW to 100 μ W/ch** => EICROC0A
 - EICROC0A : simulations in progress

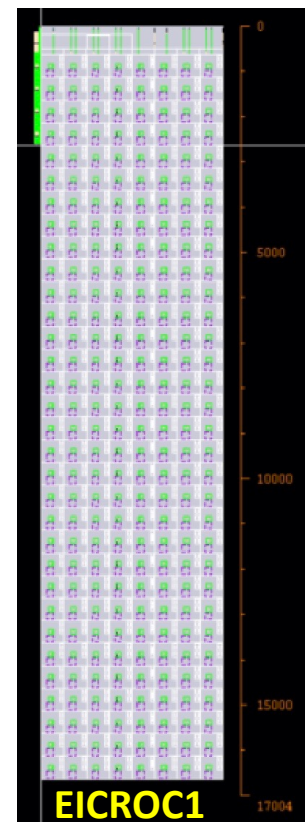
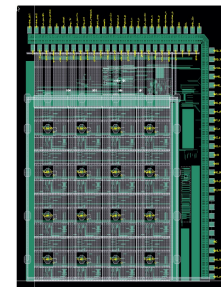
Power dissipation concern:

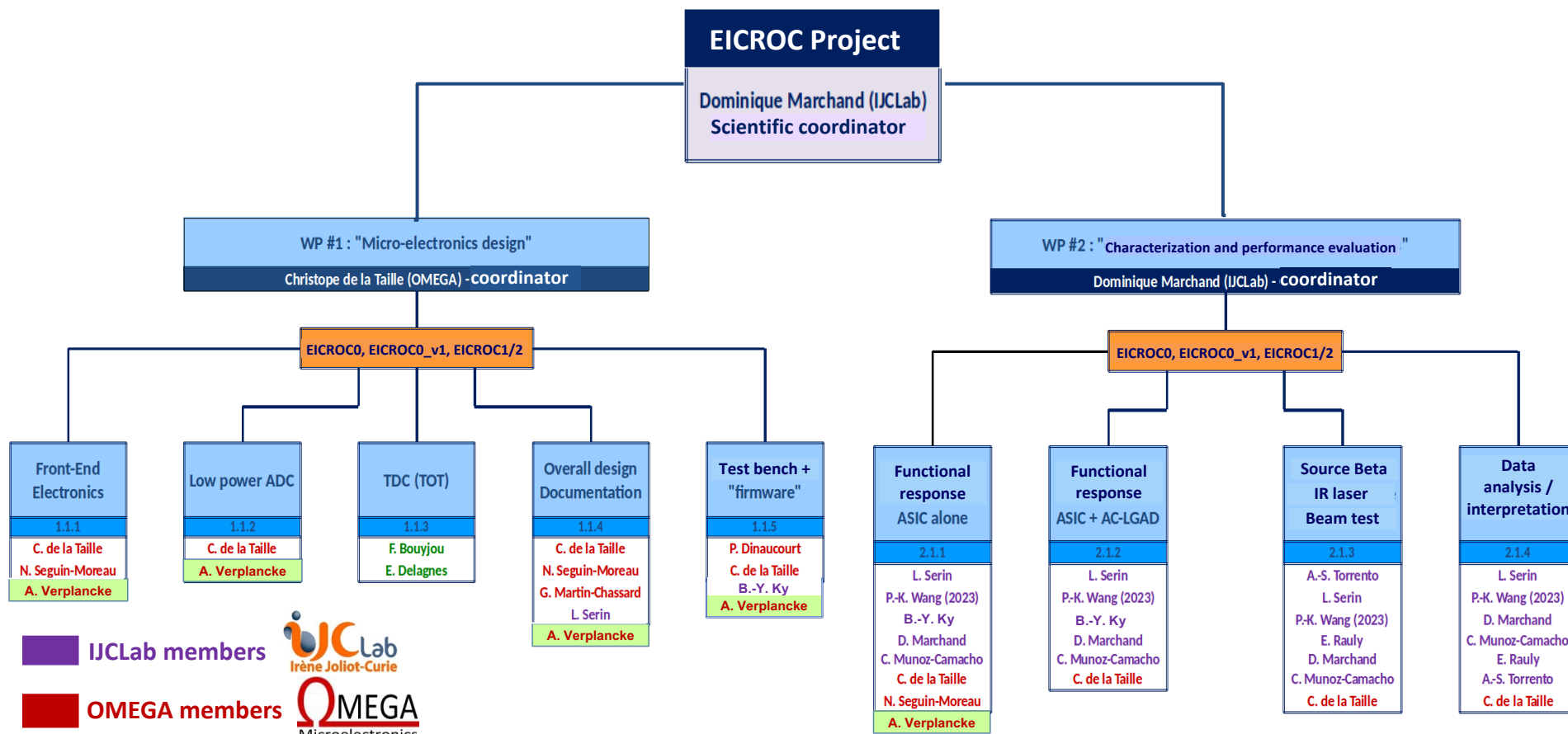
* For 32x32 channels (1024 channels) ~ 1 W per chip

➤ **Heat flow study** to be performed at IJCLab to determine best cooling option to operate under 30° C in vacuum

- EICROC1 will address larger dimensions 8x32
 - Address floor planning and power distribution
 - Selective readout : hit + 9 neighbouring channels
 - Status : layout started based on EICROC0, adding more testability
 - Still EICROC0-like readout
- EICROC2 final size : 32x32

EICROC0A



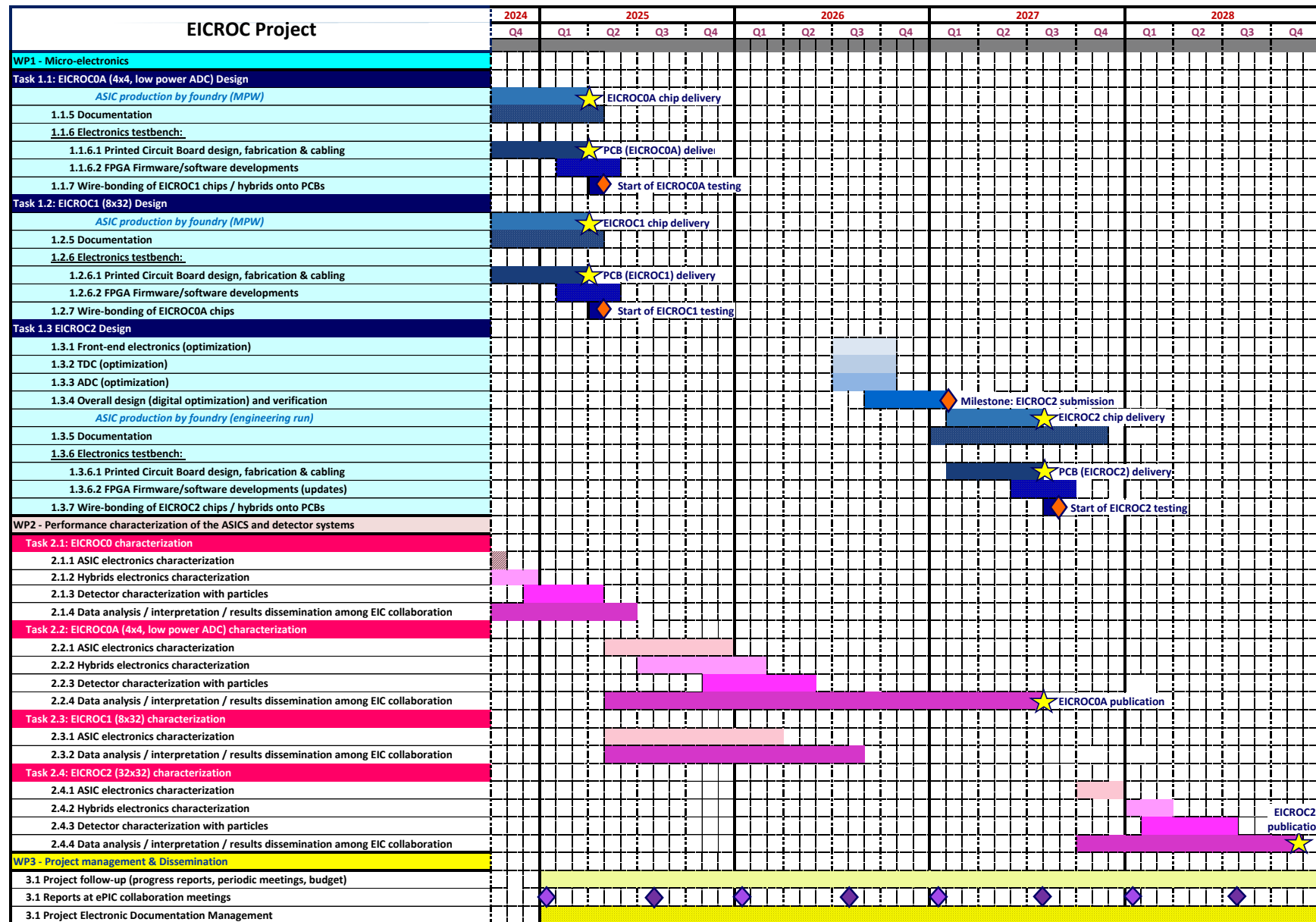


+ 1 year postdoctoral position IJCLab (01/07/24 ->)

+ A. Tricoli's team  **Brookhaven**
National Laboratory

synergy with Japanese & Taiwanese teams

EICROC Project: Timeline



* 2027-2028:

- EICROC2 ASIC + PCBs mass production,
- chip/board **quality characterization** based on a dedicated testbench,
- **Implementation** within EIC DAQ system

* 2028-2029:

- **detector assembly** (bump-bonding of EICROC2 ASIC with AC-LGAD sensors)
- **detector performance characterization** at a testbeam facility.

* 2029 :

- **Full detector assembly** (Roman Pots/ OMD, Fw TOF, ...)

* 2030 :

- **Detector installation**

➤ **Quality Assessment:**

- Radiation tolerant design (TID, SEEs) based on designs for HL-LHC (200 Mrad, $1\text{E}13\text{h}/\text{cm}^2/\text{yr}$)
- Digital on top (DoT) design for EICROC2 to guarantee timing closure of digital signals (as in ALTIROC)
- Validation of interface to DAQ with CALOROC
- Tests on testboards and testbeam

➤ **Quality Control:**

- Experience at IJCLab on wafer test with automated probe station (*picture of ALTIROC to be added*)

- **Design of an updated PCB (improved testability, grounds); 10 pieces**
 - Cabled at IJCLab
 - EICROC0 wire-bonded onto updated PCB (IPHC, France): 2 boards (April '24)
 - Characterization of electronics responses (PA, TDC, ADC) **on-going**
 - **Wire-bonding of an AC-LGAD sensor** (IPHC France) by end of June '24
 - Beta Source (evaluation of charge sharing), IR laser (evaluation of spatial resolution)

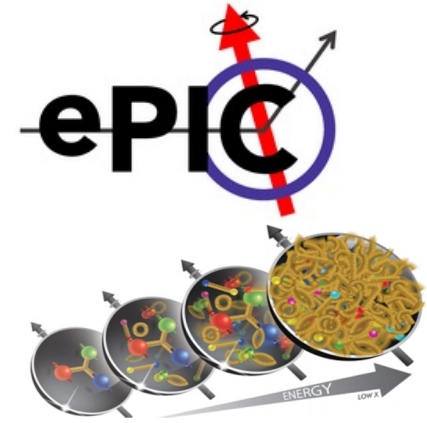
❖ Perspectives:

- **EICROC0 bump-bonded to an AC-LGAD sensor** (to be provided by BNL)
- Wire-bonding of hybrids onto updated PCBs (IPHC, pre-station)
- Characterization of electronics responses (PA, TDC, ADC)
- Beta Source (evaluation of charge sharing), IR laser (evaluation of spatial resolution)
- **Test beam**

❖ Next foreseen ASIC iterations:

- **EICROC0A**: 4x4 (idem EICROC0) including 8-bit low power ADC
- **EICROC1**: 8x32 pads to study floor planning, ground distribution

Design underway
Submission Autumn
'24



Thank you for your attention

The EICROC Project French team:

*F. Bouyjou, S. Conforti, E. Delagnes, P. Dinaucourt, F. Dulucq, B.-Y. Ky, C. de La Taille,
D. Marchand, C. Munoz, N. Seguin-Moreau, L. Serin, A. Verplanck*



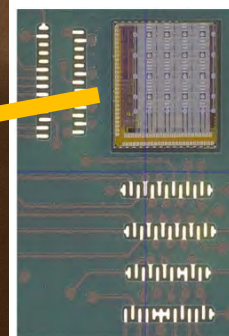
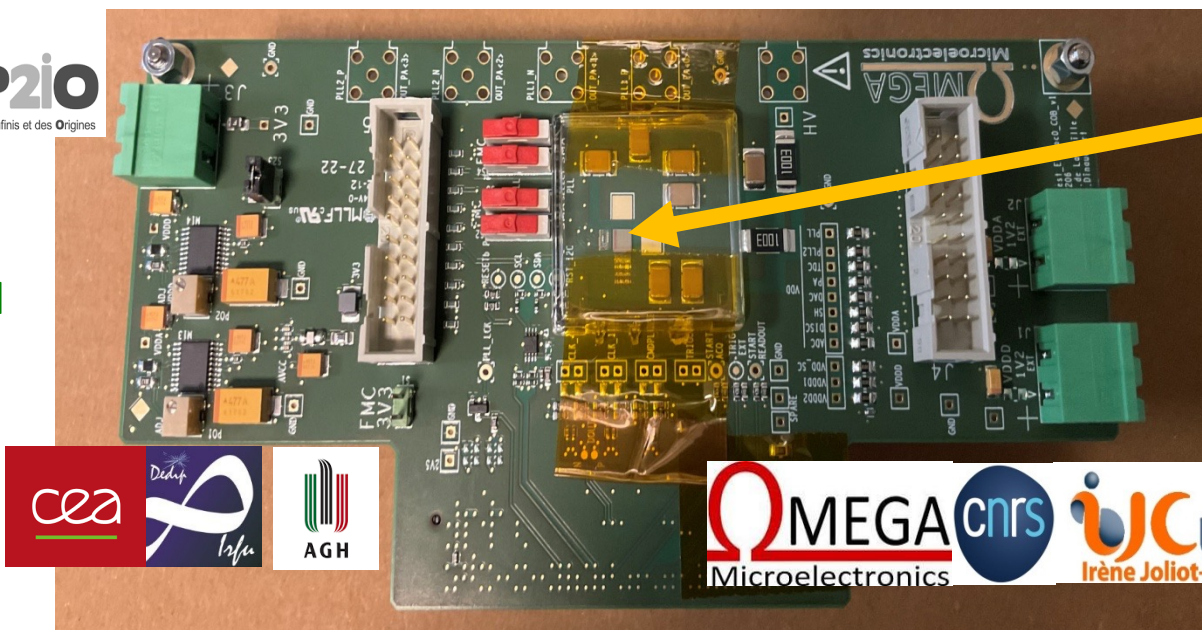
Support from DOE/eRD109

BACKUP

- Submitted through a Multi Project Wafer (**130 nm CMOS technology**) in March 22
EICROC0 chips delivered mid-July 22
- **Test board (PCB)** designed by OMEGA, 10 pieces **delivered end of July 22**
 - test board partially cabled by IJCLab
- **Wire-bonding of EICROC0 to test boards** by **BNL collaborators**
- Delivery at IJCLab of 3 test boards w/ EICROC0 chip in **Oct. 22**
- Interface board (Xilinx ZC 706): (I²C communication) firmware/software developments (IJCLab)



**EICROC0
Test board**



EICROC0 chip

- High speed TZ PA and discriminator (from ALTIROC)
- I²C slow control (from CMS HGCROC)
- 8 bits 40 MHz ADC (adapted from HGCROC 10 bits ADC, M. Idzik *et al.*, AGH Krakow)
- Digital readout FIFO (depth 8, 200 ns)
- 10 bits **TDC** (TOA) designed by **CEA Irfu/DEDIP**:

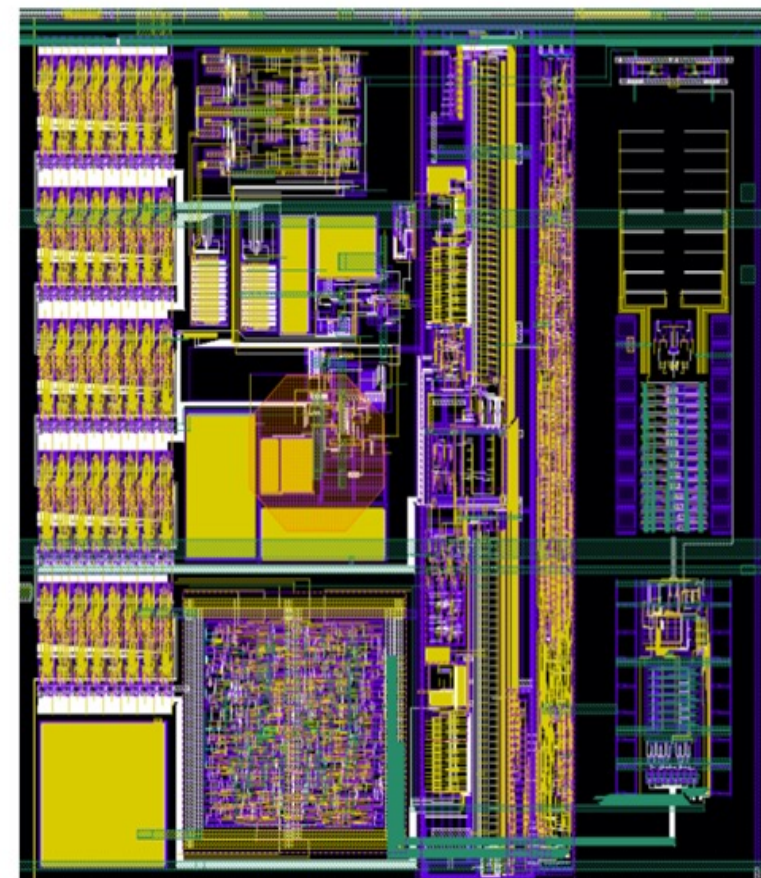
HGCROC TDC (1 mm x 120 μ m):

- spatially adapted to fit in a pixel of 0.5 x 0.5 mm²
- optimization in terms of dynamic range and resolution (10 ps rms) as well as power consumption
- common block for calibration of all TDC channels

★ 5 slow control bytes/pixel:

- 6 bits local threshold
- 6 bits ADC pedestal
- 16 TDC calibration bits
- Various on/off and probes

EICROC0 layout (1 pad = 1 channel)



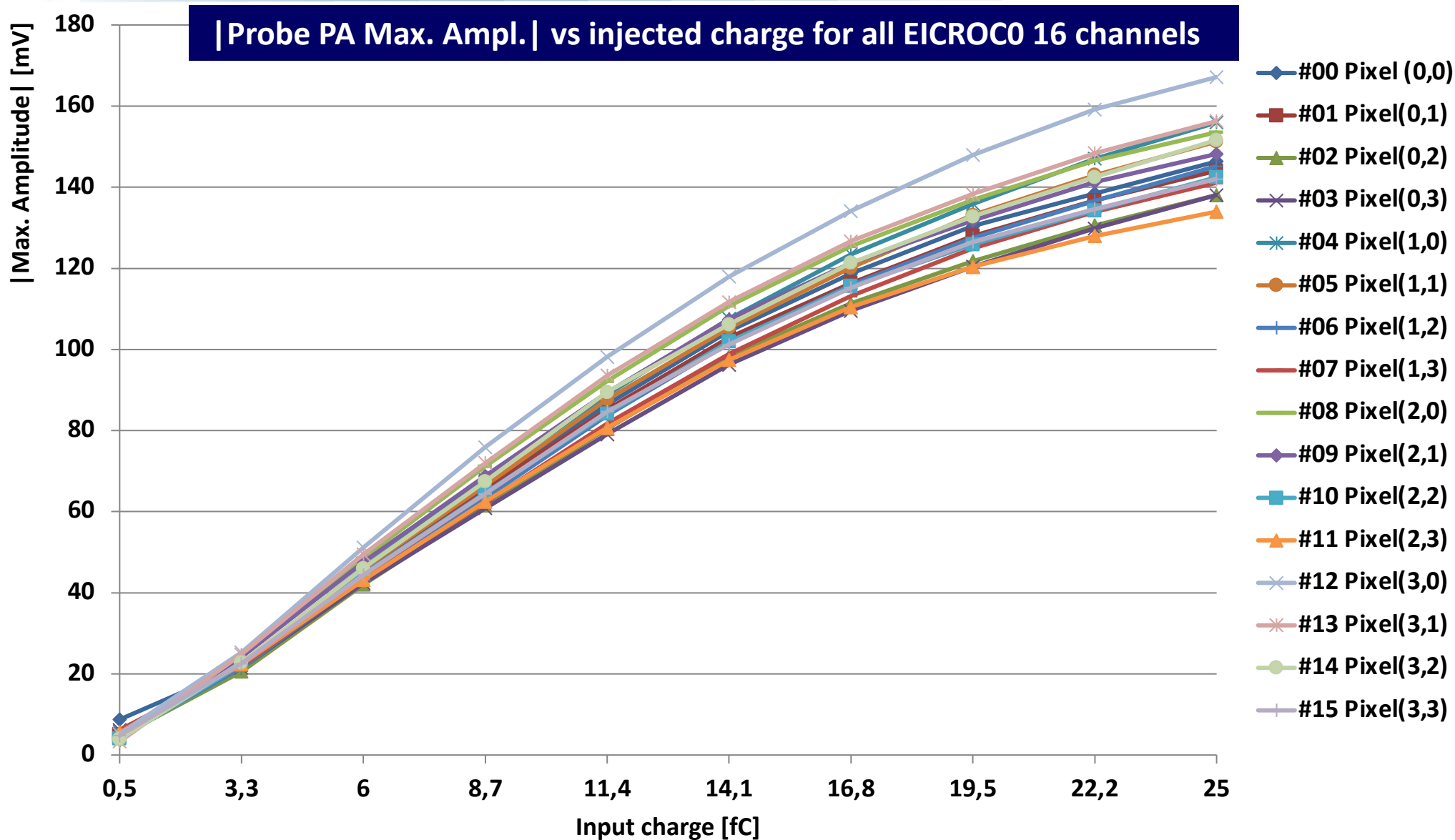
Slow
control

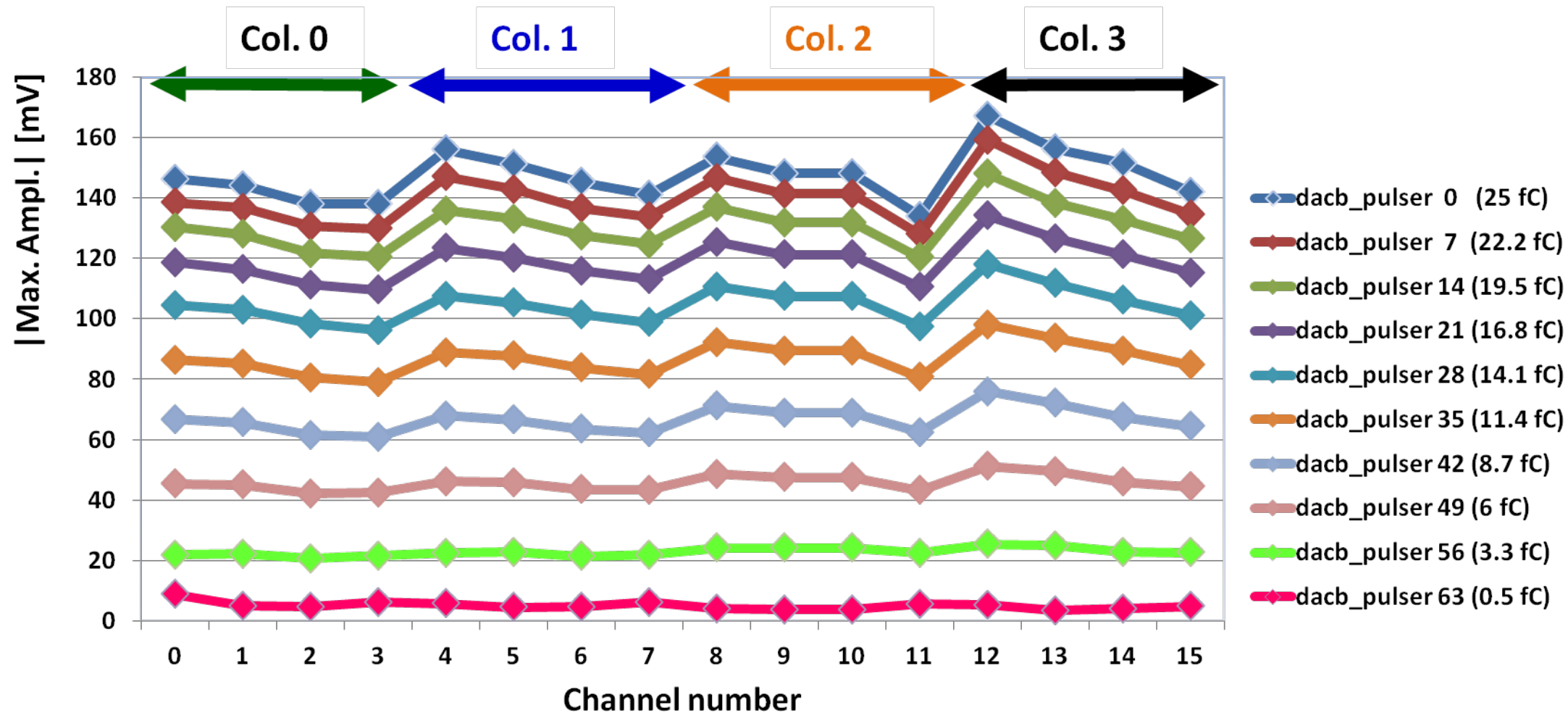
PA
+discri

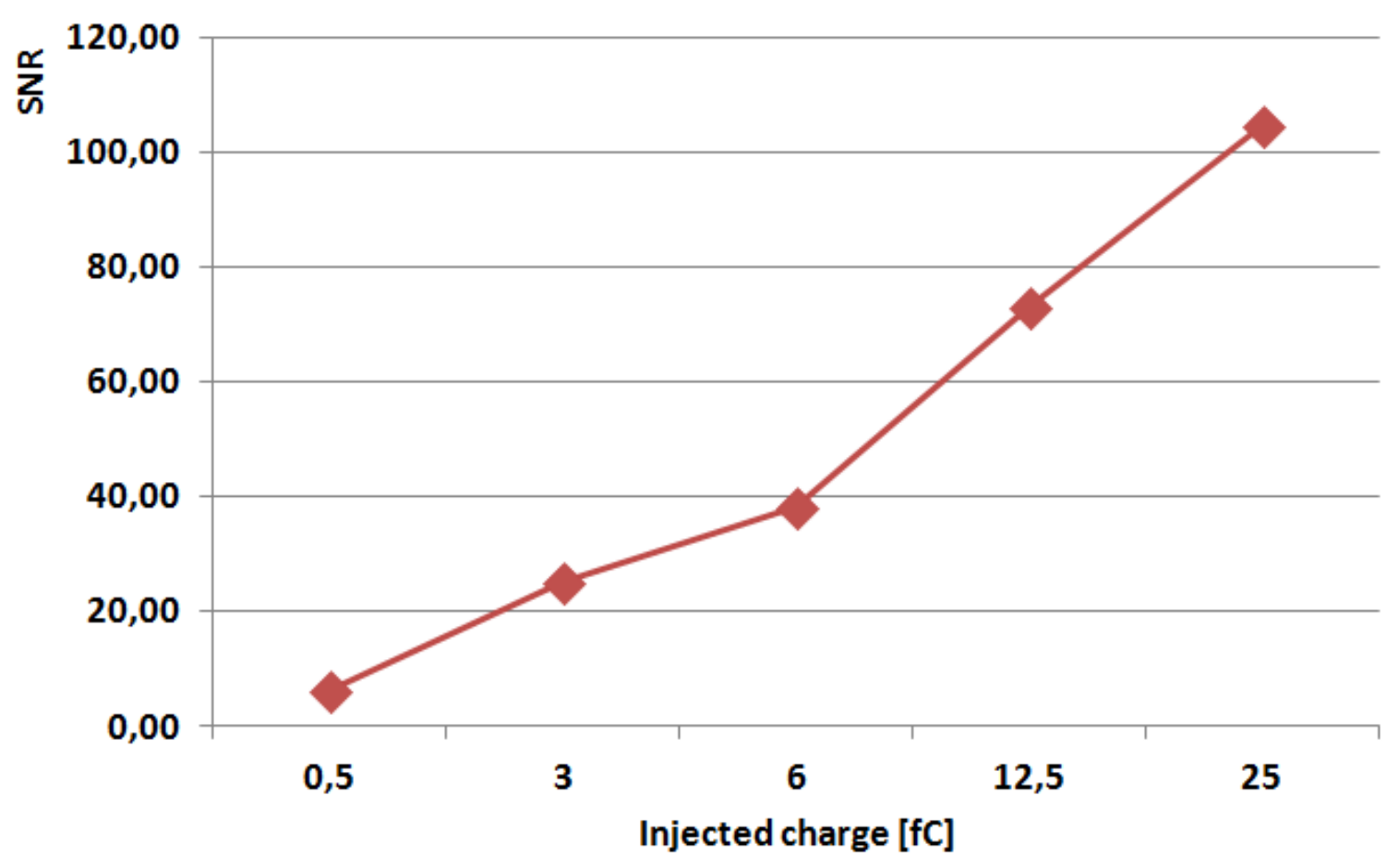
TOA
TDC

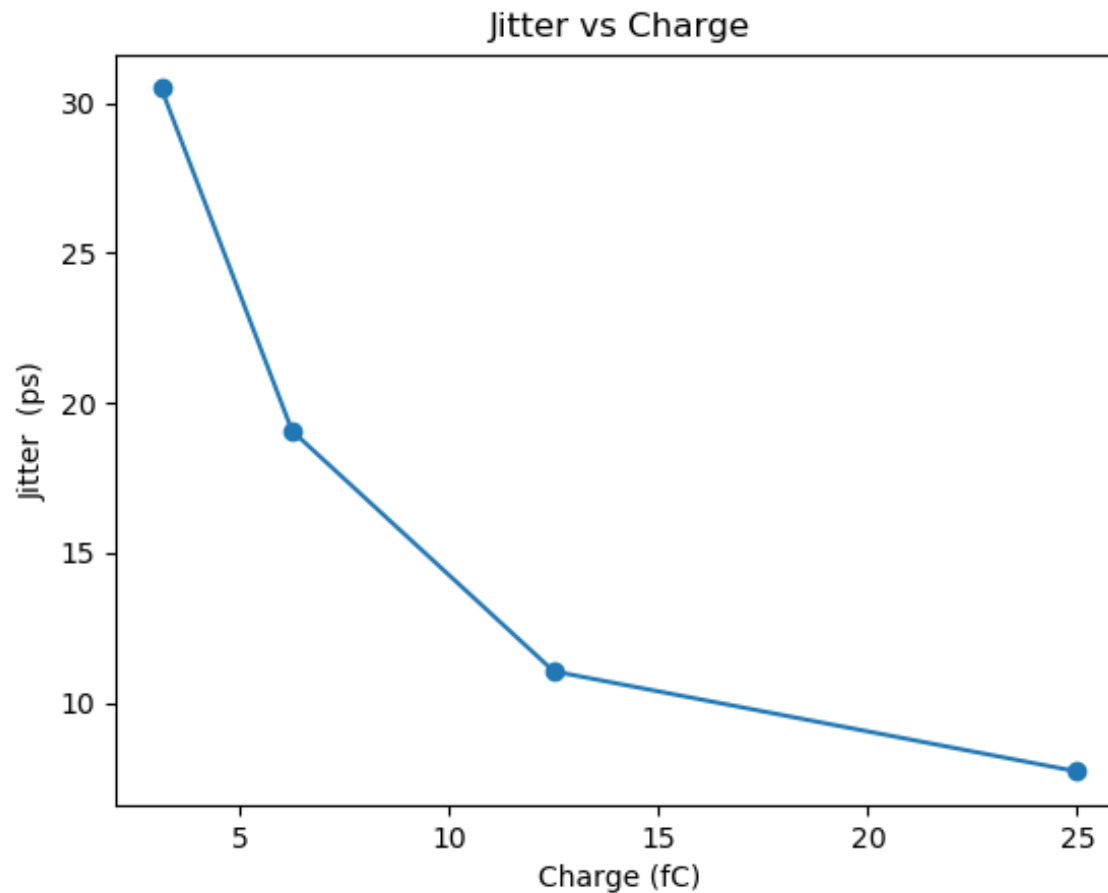
8b 40M
ADC

EICROC0 TZ Pre Amplifier Probe output signal amplitudes

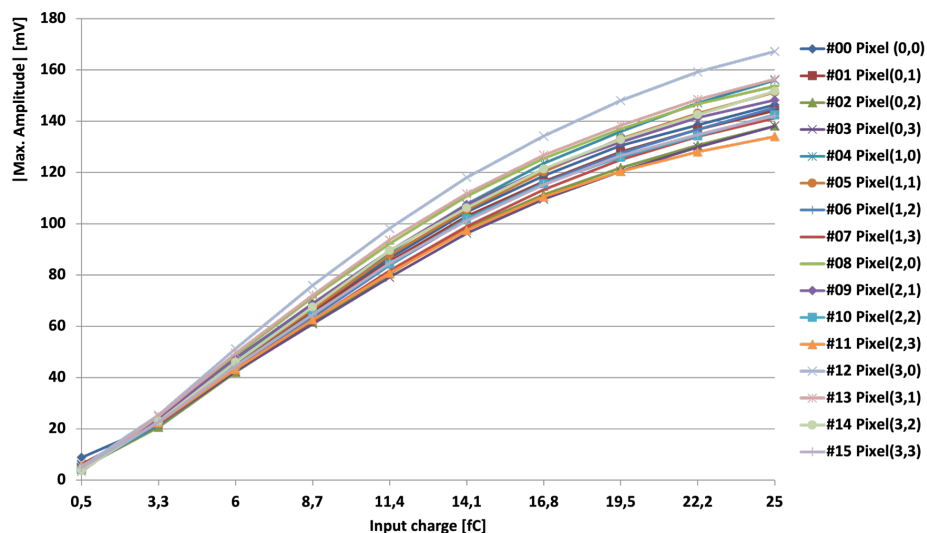




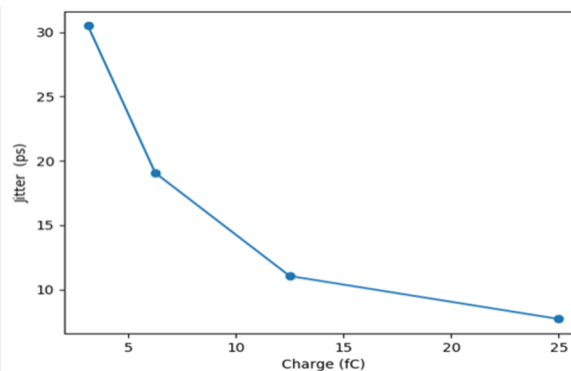




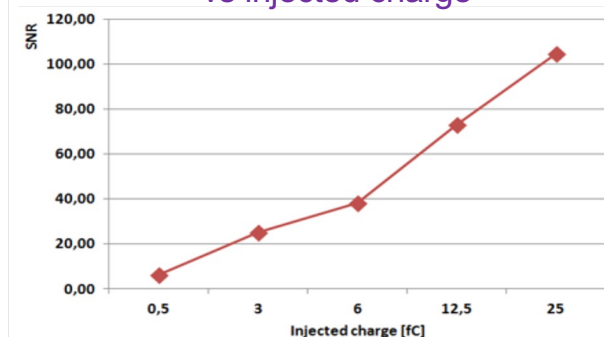
| Probe PA Max. Ampl. | vs injected charge (16 channels)



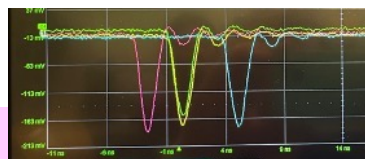
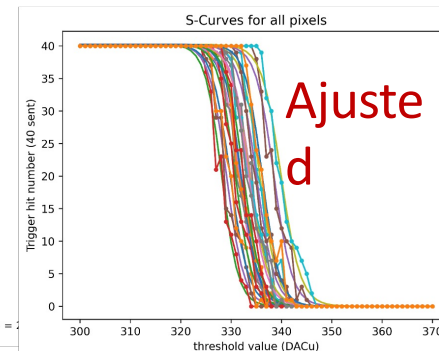
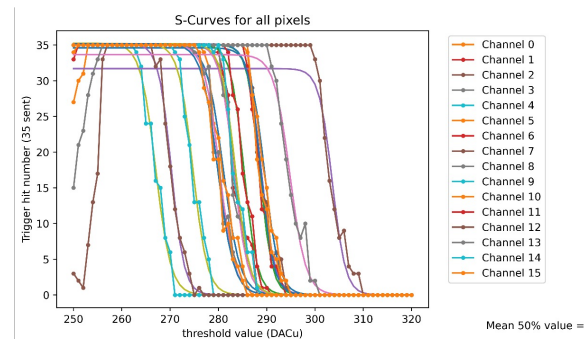
Probe PA jitter vs injected charge



Probe PA Signal-to-Noise Ratio vs injected charge



Discriminator efficiency (S-Curves) vs threshold



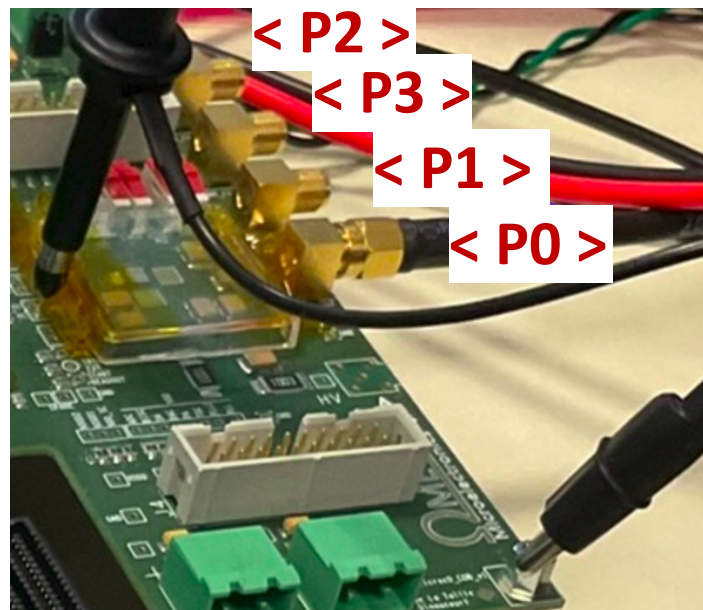
Feature of EICROC0 test board:

Capability to observe 4 Probe PA channels simultaneously

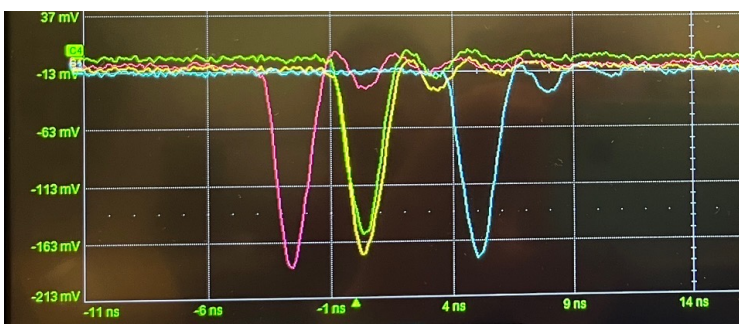
Status:

- Individually each component shows performance in agreement with design
- Evaluation of cross-talk between neighboring channels underway
- Investigation of noise / clock couplings (preventing us to fully exploit TDC & ADC data) mandatory to drive next ASIC iteration
- Board with AC-LGAD sensOr: investigation of oscillation origin when > 2 Probe PA channels

Pixel / Channel Mapping	Column 0	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Line 0	Pixel (0,0) #00	Pixel (1,0) #04	Pixel (2,0) #08	Pixel (3,0) #12
Line 1	Pixel (0,1) #01	Pixel (1,1) #05	Pixel (2,1) #09	Pixel (3,1) #13
Line 2	Pixel (0,2) #02	Pixel (1,2) #06	Pixel (2,2) #10	Pixel (3,2) #14
Line 3	Pixel (0,3) #03	Pixel (1,3) #07	Pixel (2,3) #11	Pixel (3,3) #15



PA output signals through SMA connectors (PCB back plane)



Feature of EICROC0 test board:

Observation of 4 Probe PA channels simultaneously

1 Probe PA per column

Ex.: #00, #04, #08, #12

From Artur Apresyan (FermiLab)

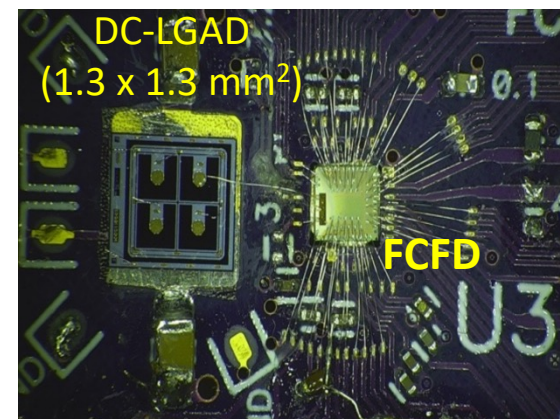
Goals:

- Develop a robust fast-timing measurement technique for fast detector
- 30 ps time resolution or better
- easy to use & stable: no corrections, no calibration or threshold adjustment
- very low dead time after a hit (< 25 ns)

Methodology:

★ « A **simulation model** of front-end electronics for high precision timing measurements with LGAD », C. Peña *et al.*, NIM A 940 (2019) 119.

⇒ **CFD outperforms Leading edge Discriminators**
for low amplitude signal (**preferred** for AC-LGAD charge sharing capability)



FCFD

FCFDv0 (TSMC 65 nm CMOS technology)

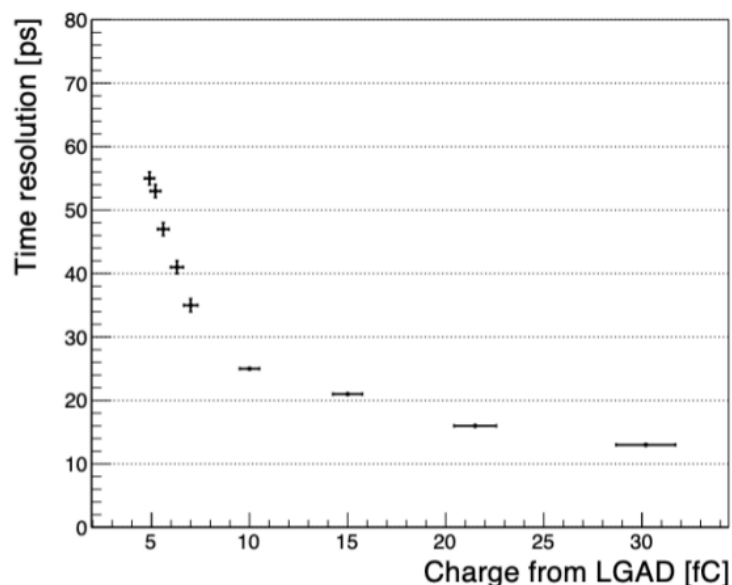
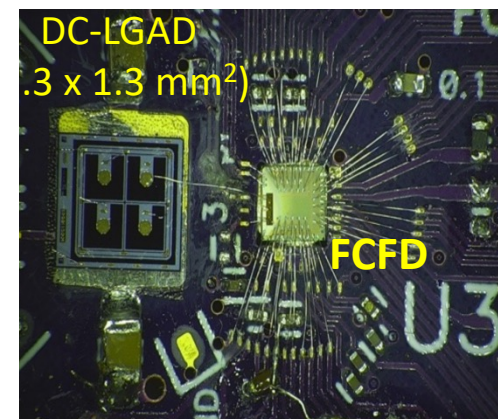
1 single channel, only analog blocks to test CFD approach

- Chip performance characterization with **internal charge injection circuit**
Jitter: **~30 ps** (5 fC); < 10 ps (30 fC)
- + DC-LGAD (CMS-size pixel: 1.3×1.3 mm²) 1 # wire-bonded
IR Laser, Beta source ⇒ confirmation of expected time resolution: **~30 ps**
- *measurements at test beam facility will follow*

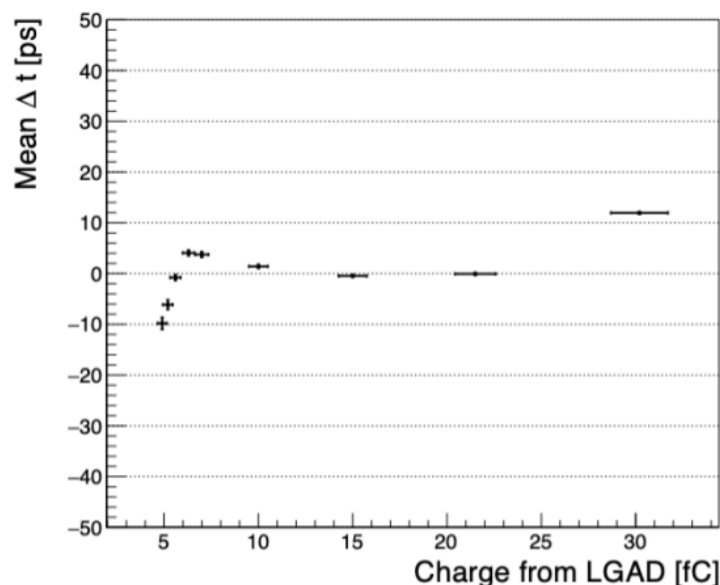
From Artur Apresyan (FermiLab)

Timing ASIC with CFD **FCFDv0**

- Measurements with laser confirm the excellent intrinsic performance of the ASIC in time resolution and low jitter



Time resolution with 1.3x1.3 mm² LGAD sensor



Jitter with 1.3x1.3 mm² LGAD sensor

From Artur Apresyan

★ **FCFDv1 (TSMC 65 nm CMOS technology): design finalized, expected delivery from TSMC summer 2023**
10 channels, analog blocks + ADC (charge measurement)

- optimized for EIC AC-LGAD strips (500 μm pitch, 1 cm length)
 - development of associated PCB test board
 - characterization: late summer '23 ->
 - + AC-LGAD sensor < BNL
- IR Laser & Beta source: fall '23; Test beam: fall-winter '23

★ **FCFDv2 (TSMC 65 nm CMOS technology): design FY24, characterization FY25**
10 channels, + digital readout

- development of associated PCB test board
 - + AC-LGAD sensor < BNL
- IR Laser, Beta source, Test beam

FCFD presentations at eRD112 meetings:

<https://indico.bnl.gov/event/17999/> (01/04/23)

<https://indico.bnl.gov/event/17084/> (09/14/22)

<https://indico.bnl.gov/event/19471/> (05/16/23)

Objective: closely collaborating with 3rd party **institutions** and **companies** to **guide** ASIC developments **targetting EIC requirements** developing **PCB test boards** and performing **thorough characterization** (calibration ; laser, 90Sr source with LGAD wire-bonded) allowing for ASIC performance comparison

Lead institution	Name	Tech	Output	n channels	Funding
INFN Torino	FAST	110 nm CMOS	TDC	20	INFN
NALU Sci.	HPSoC	65 nm CMOS	Waveform	5 (\geq 81 final)	DoE SBIR
Anadyne Inc.	ASROC	SiGe BiCMOS	Discrim.	16	DoE SBIR

Name	Specific goal	Status
FAST	Large cap TDC	Testing, new version soon
HPSoC	Max timing precision, digital back-end	Testing
ASROC	Max timing precision, low power	Simulations finalized, Layout board

- optimized (EIC) **HPSoC 4-ch prototype** (*High Pitch digitizer System on Chip*): tapeout expected summer '23
- **ASROC**: chip ready, waiting for delivery. Associated test board in fabrication
- **INFN FAST**: characterization of FAST-2 digital part; waiting for FAST-3 availability

SCIPP presentations at eRD112 meetings: <https://indico.bnl.gov/event/17999/> (01/04/23)
<https://indico.bnl.gov/event/16767/> (09/06/22)
<https://indico.bnl.gov/event/19471/> (05/16/23)