

Beam Test at CERN PS T10

24.8.2 BIC meeting: Beam Test Plan

Jeongsu Bok (Pusan National University)

Pb/SciFi Prototype Module Production

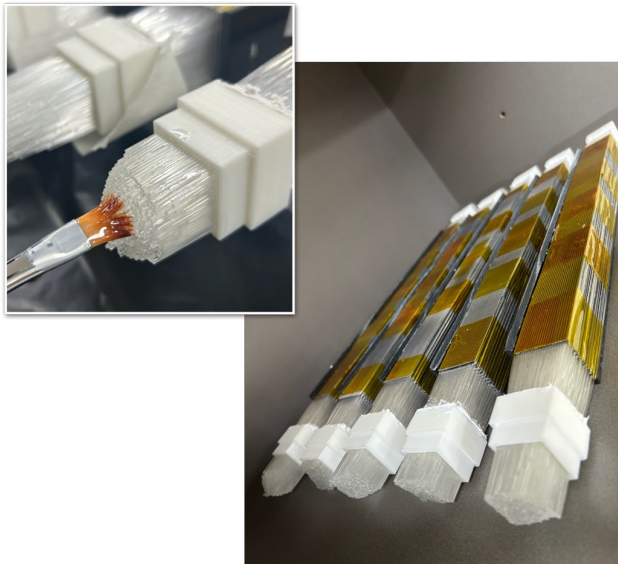
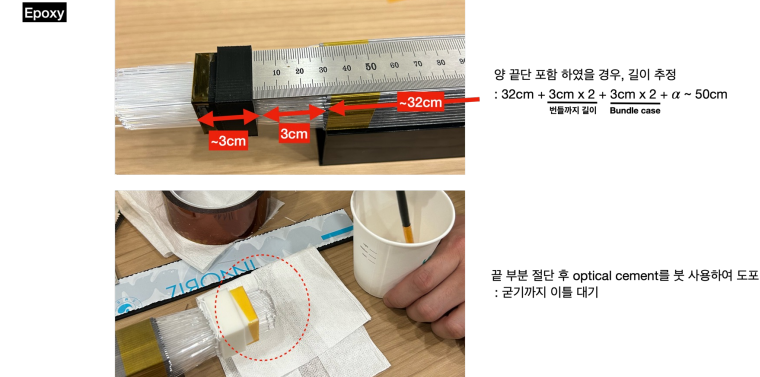
1) Pb plate preparation



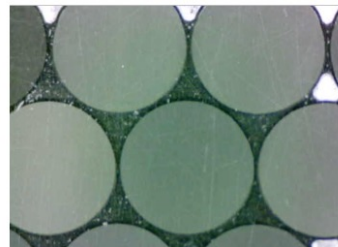
2) Stacking with fiber



3) Cutting fiber

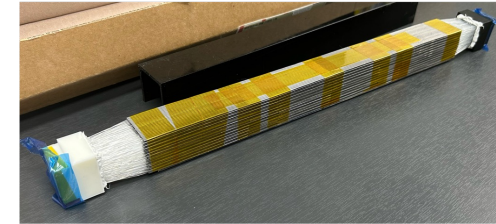
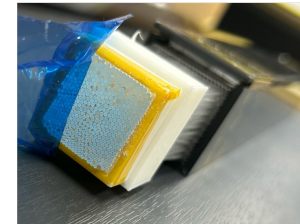


4) curing



5) polishing

완성본

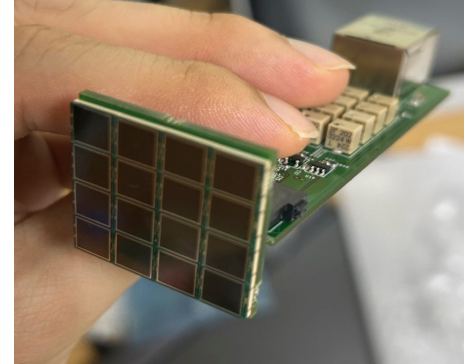


6) Connect with PMT



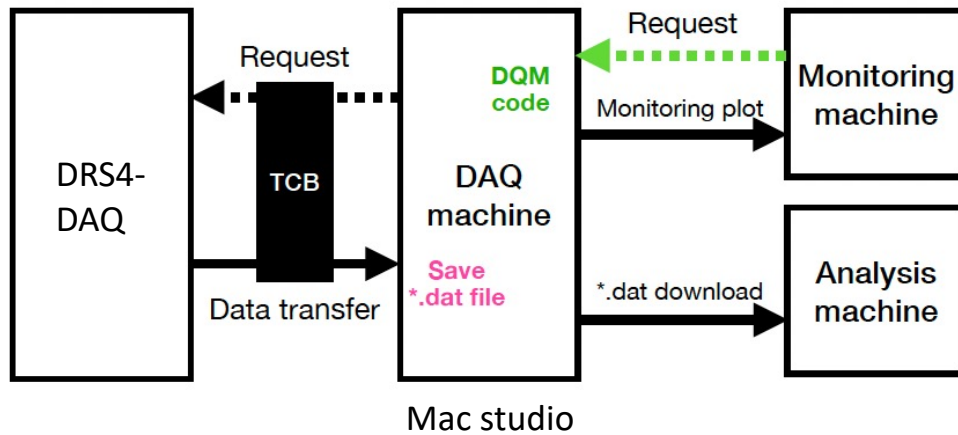
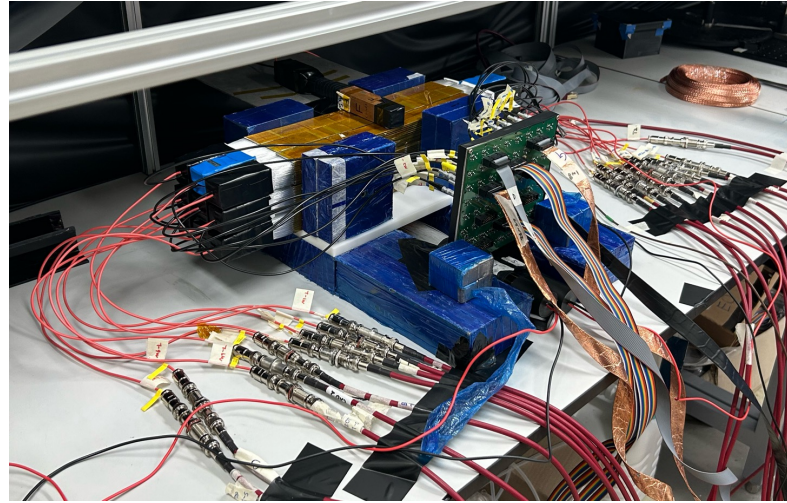
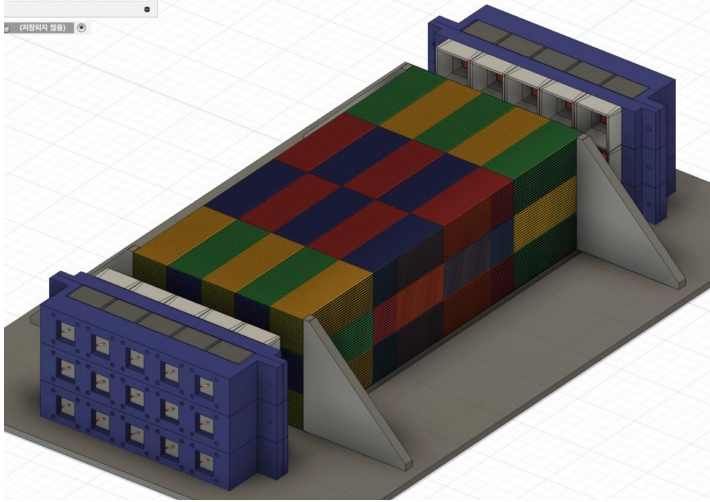
Pb/SciFi module with SiPM

- One module is produced for SiPM readout.
- We will begin with 3x5 PMT-module setup for calibration and initial study
- Then we will include SiPM module in 4x4 setup. (other 15 modules are PMT)



SiPM for the Pb/SciFi

DAQ test

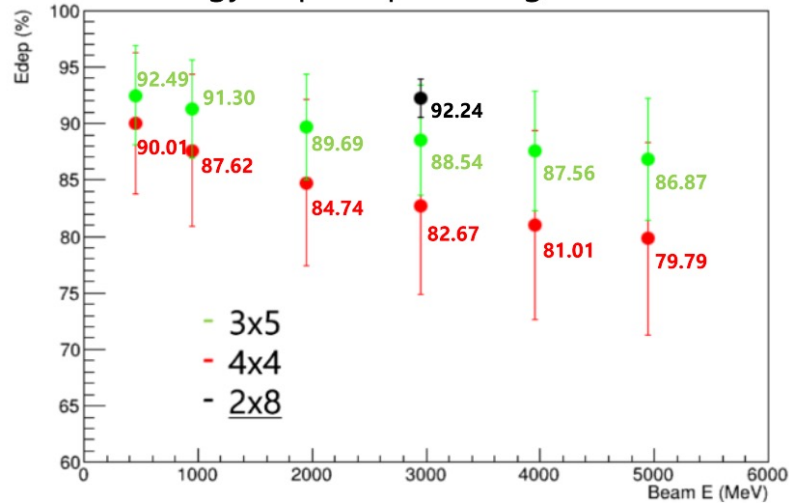


- PMT+DAQ based on DRC beam test
- Cosmic test at Yonsei was succesful
- DAQ tutorial will be at CERN before beamtest

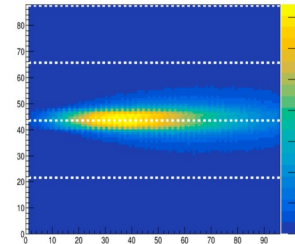
Simulation for Beamtest

Edep using histogram mean, stddev

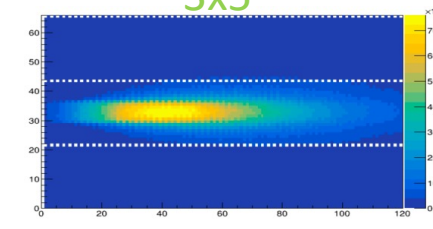
<Mean Energy deposit percentage for e- beam>



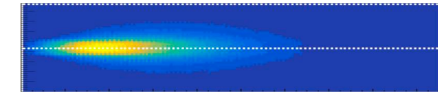
4x4



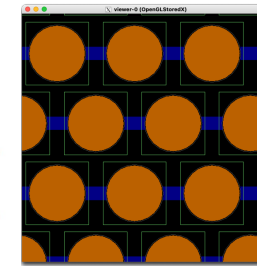
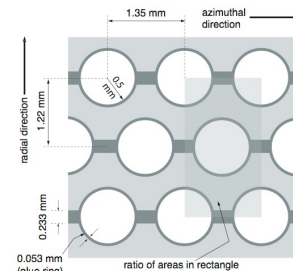
3x5



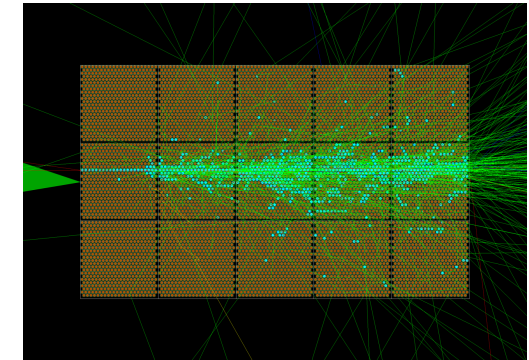
2x8



Side view

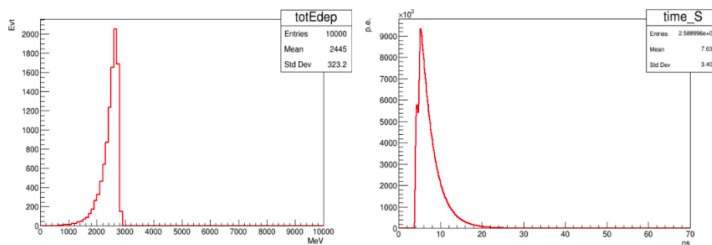


Implemented geometry based on material composition of prototype

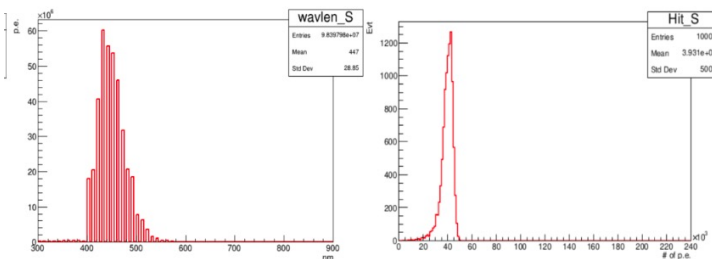


Visualization (different setup)

• Edep 3GeV e- • Time

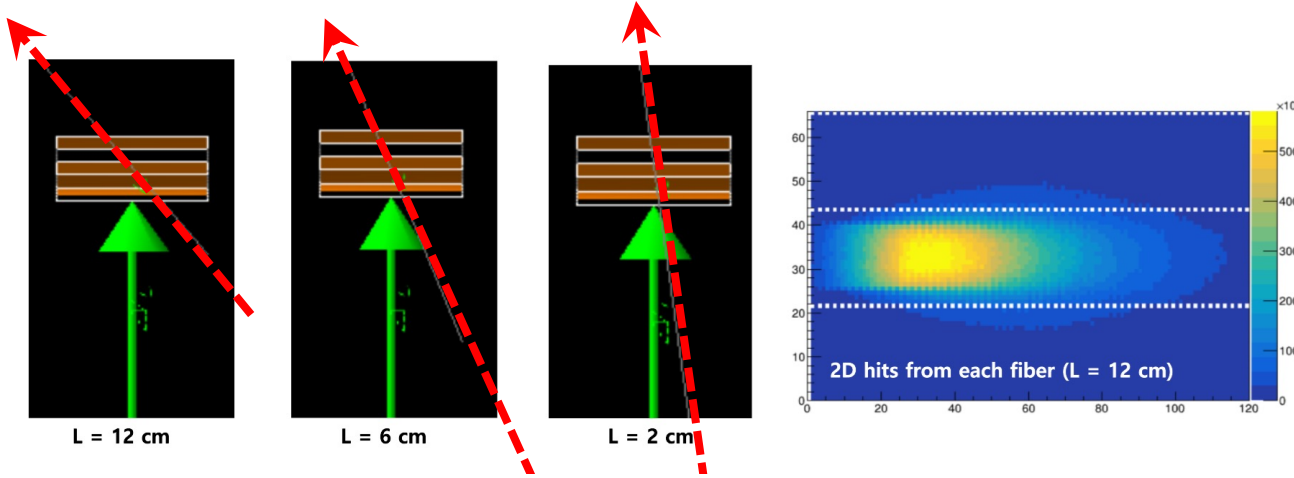


• Wavelength • Hits

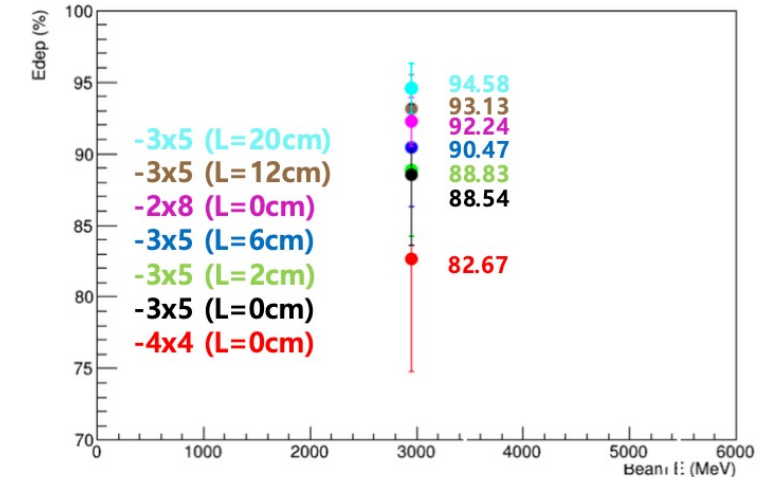


- Changhui Lee(KNU), Joonsuk Bae(SKKU), Harim Seong(SKKU)
- 10k electron 0.5~5GeV using KNU computing farm
- Implementation from DRC simulation

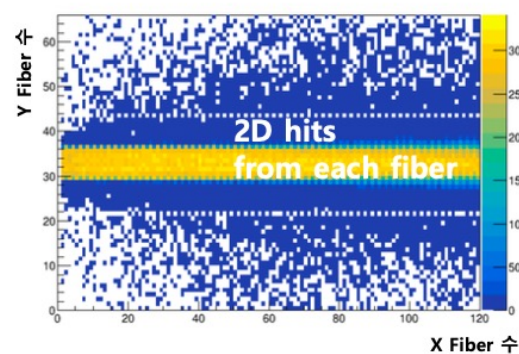
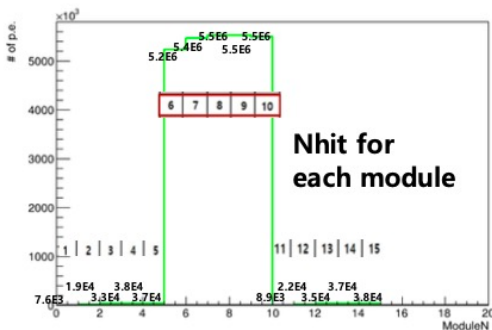
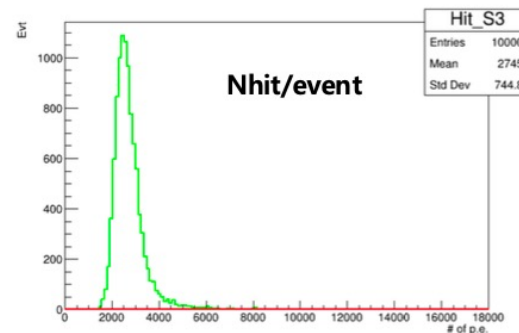
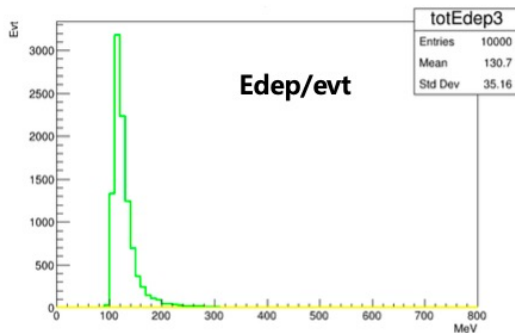
Simulation for Beamtest



<Mean Energy deposit percentage for e- beam>

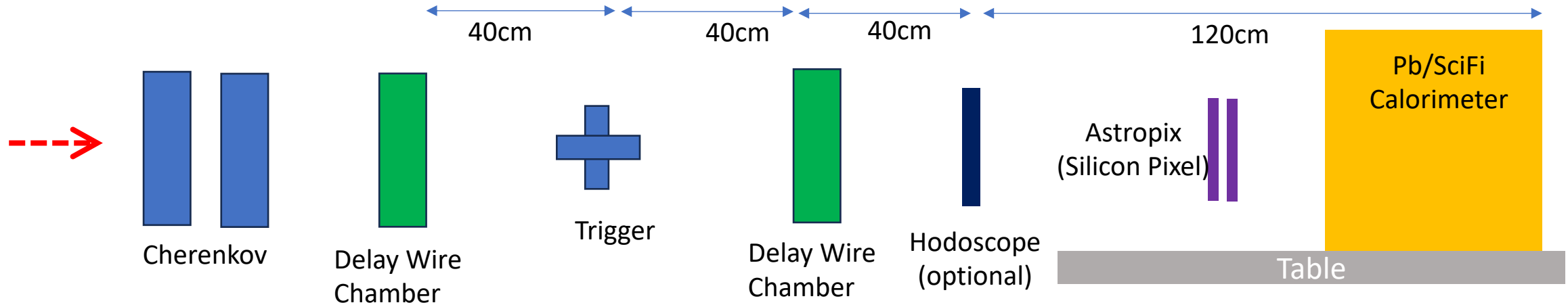


- **Value** : Edep mean * 100 / Beam E
- **Err** : Edep Std Dev * 100 / Beam E



- Tilted beam
 - enter +6cm from center, exit -6cm from center
 - Edep: 92.3% (larger than 2x8)
- Edge effect (in progress): beam position nearby PMT
- Muon simulation with 3GeV muon

Detector Configuration



- Auxiliary Detectors
 - Trigger: ((finger) Scintillator + PMT) x2
 - Optional: SciFi Hodoscope: (1.6x1.6cm active area, 15x15cm size)
 - 2 Cherenkov Counters + 2 Delay Wire Chambers
- Setup: Pb/SciFi only → + AstroPix → + Hodoscope(optional)
- DAQ, power supply will be installed in the side of detectors

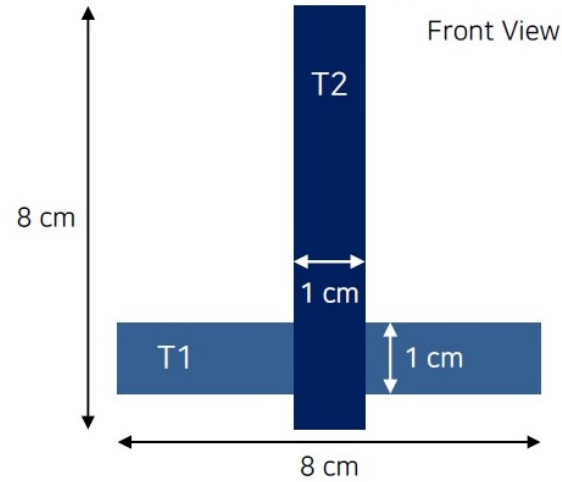
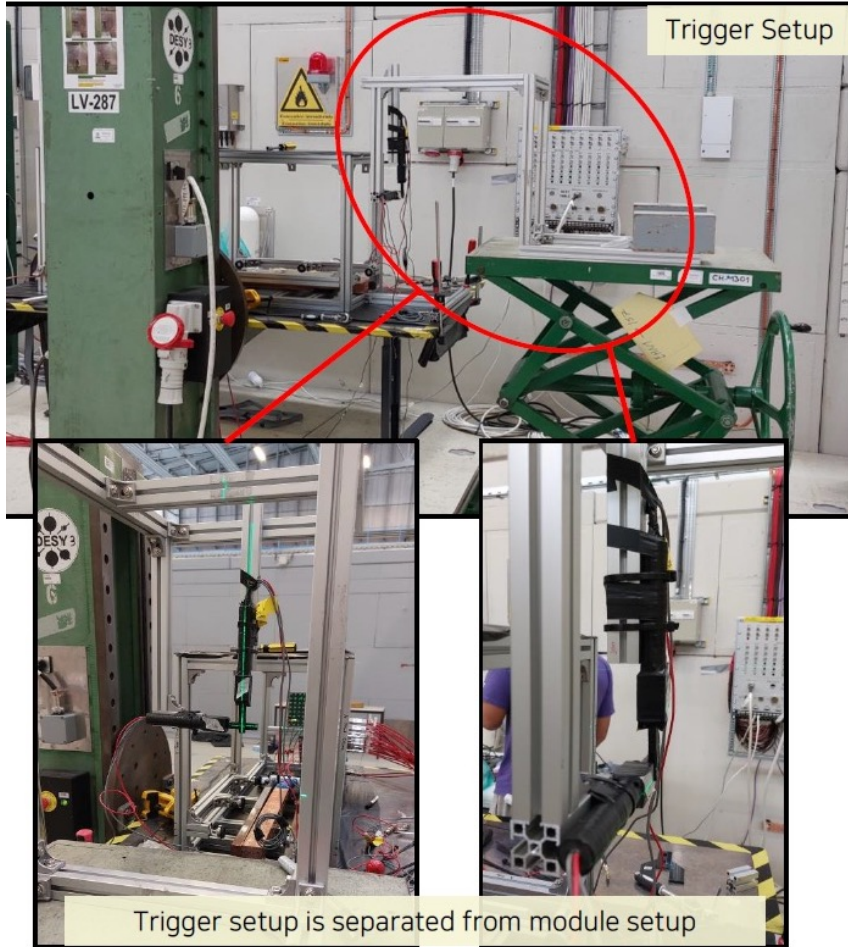


DAQ from Dual Readout Calorimeter team

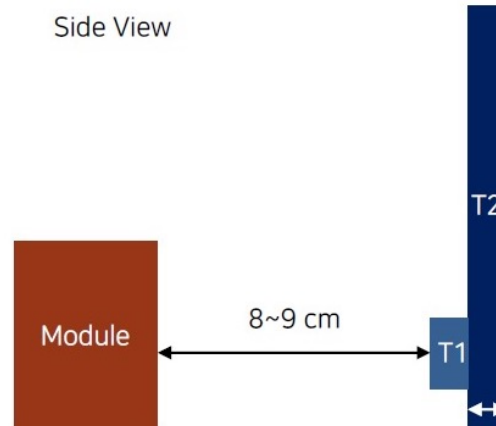
Example of other team



Auxiliary detector: Trigger



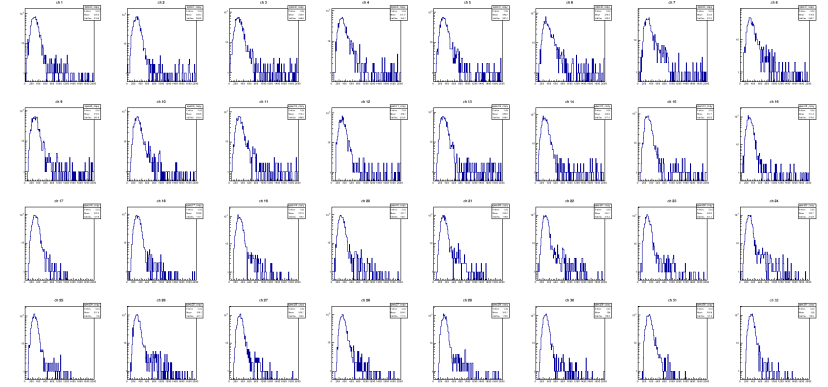
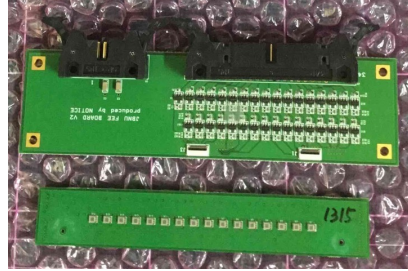
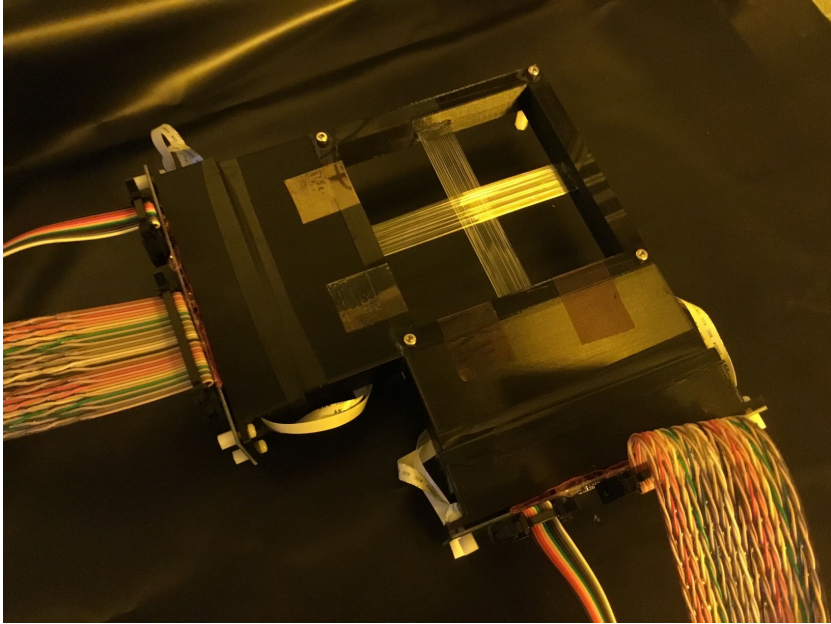
Side View



- Used for DRC beam test
- Scintillator+ PMT (R2076)
- Trigger connected to
 - NIM (FIFO,Disc,Logic)
 - Trigger to TCB board of DAQ modules
 - (Raw signal to DAQ)
 - Trigger to TCB board of SciFi Hodoscope

DRC beamtest 2023

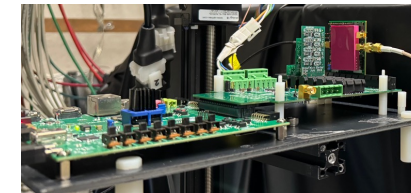
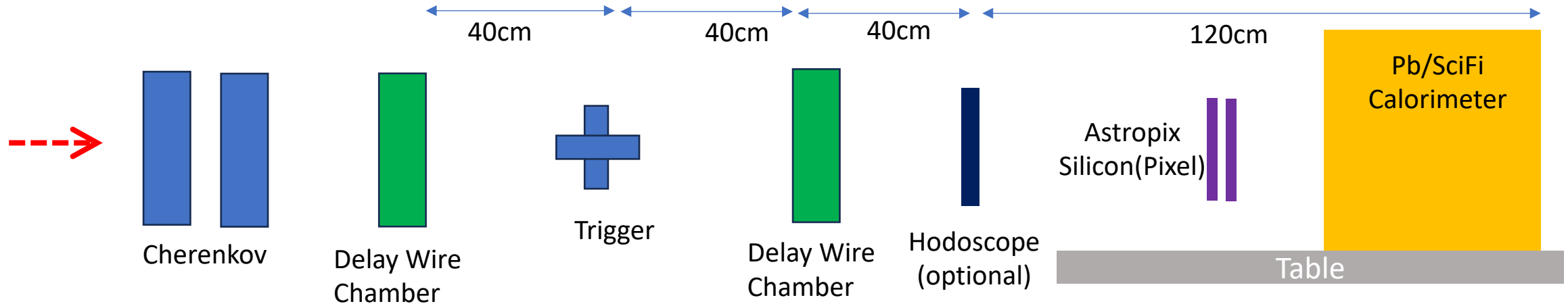
Auxiliary detector: Fiber Hodoscope (Optional)



90Sr, 10s

- We will have two Delay Wire Chamber (~mm resolution)
- SciFi + SiPM hodoscope at PNU
 - 16x16mm² using 1mm SciFi and 32 SiPMs
 - Separate FADC readout + power supply using flat cables
 - Trigger input can be used like Pb/SciFi, but TTL.

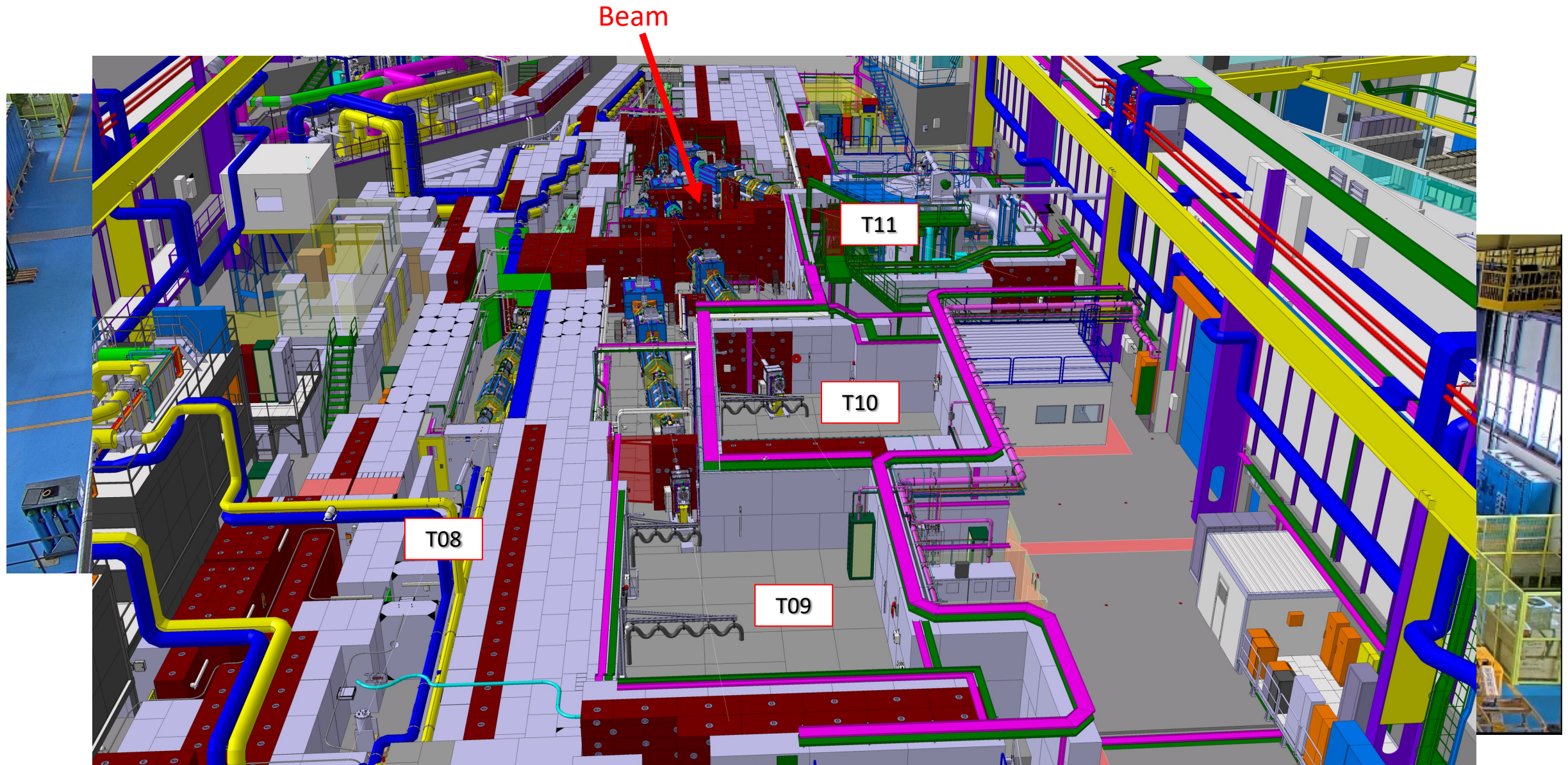
Plan for AstroPix



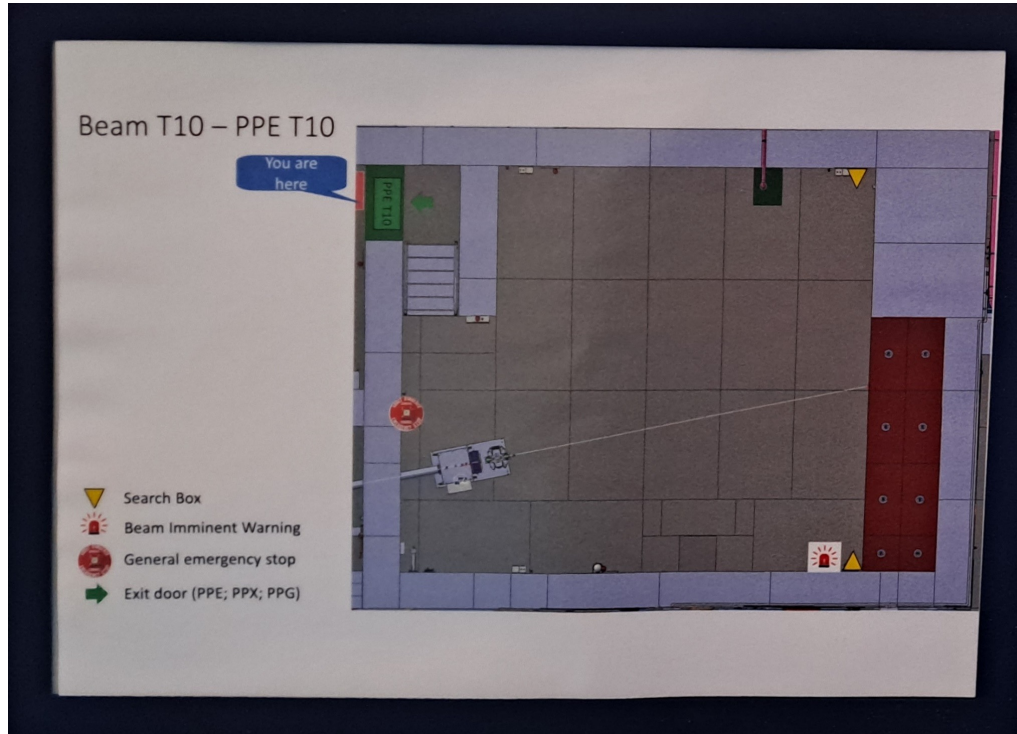
FTBF

- Setup
 - Quad, single, multi layer setup by Bobae
 - DAQ laptop is from PNU (used for chip obtained in May)
 - Analog signal goes to TCB board (Trigger)
- If calibration is succesful, **we may consider pre-shower** using three(or more) of $32 \times 3 \times 3 \text{ cm}^3$ modules between astropix.
- Goal: signal from electron, muon, pion
- In future: sync time information

East Area B-157



PS T10 Beamline



Courtesy of Sangwoo Park (SKKU)

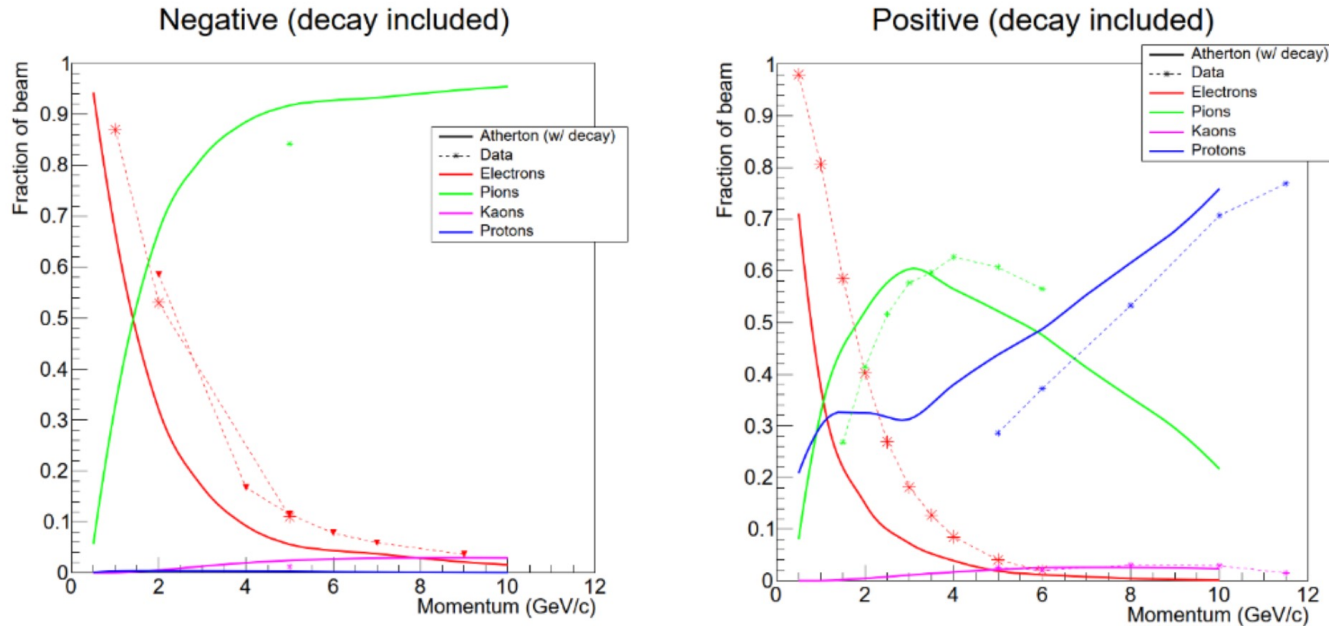
PS T10 Beamline



PS T10 Control Room



PS T10 Beam composition



- Electron
 - 50% at 2 GeV/c
 - 15% at 4 GeV/c
 - Negative is better
- Pion
 - Negative is better

Characteristics of the beams

Parameter	T09	T10	T11
p_{\max} of secondary beam in GeV/c	16	12	3.5
$\Delta p/p$ in %	± 0.7 to ± 15		
Maximum intensity/spill (hadrons/electrons)	10^6		
Available particle types	Pure electrons (T09 only) or mixed electrons (T10) or mixed/pure hadrons or pure muons		

Test Beam Program by Prof. Sewook Lee (KNU)

Beam Test Program

- Delayed Wire Chamber Calibration
- Find the geometric center
 - send electrons to the center module of the front face
 - position scan from left to right or vice versa
- Tower Calibration
 - send electrons to the center of the front module in each row
 - adjust HVs in accordance with energy deposits of individual modules in each row

Astropix

- Calibration with muons
 - need a good alignment between DWCs and a silicon chip
- Measurements of energy deposits and position resolution
 - electrons, pions, protons (if possible), muons: 0.5 ~ 4 (or 5) GeV/c

Pb-Fiber Modules (Standalone)

- Energy Resolution and Linearity with Pb-fiber modules
 - e^- 0.5 GeV/c ~ 4 GeV/c (or 5 GeV/c) with (0 deg., 0 deg.)
 - e^- 0.5 GeV/c ~ 4 GeV/c (or 5 GeV/c) at some angle to contain more shower
- PMT test to investigate the effect of em shower leakage
 - send electrons to one end of the center module with the highest energy of the electron beam
- Time Resolution with electrons (4 or 5 GeV/c)
 - send electrons from one end to the other (time difference of two PMTs)

Pb-Fiber + Astropix

- Energy resolution, Linearity, position resolution with the electron beam
 - e^- 0.5 GeV/c ~ 4 GeV/c (or 5 GeV/c) with (0 deg., 0 deg.)
 - e^- 0.5 GeV/c ~ 4 GeV/c (or 5 GeV/c) at some angle to contain more shower

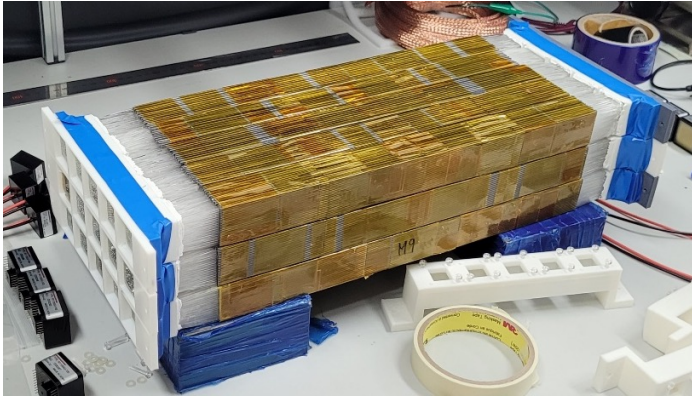
If calibration is done for both, we may consider preshower setup

backup

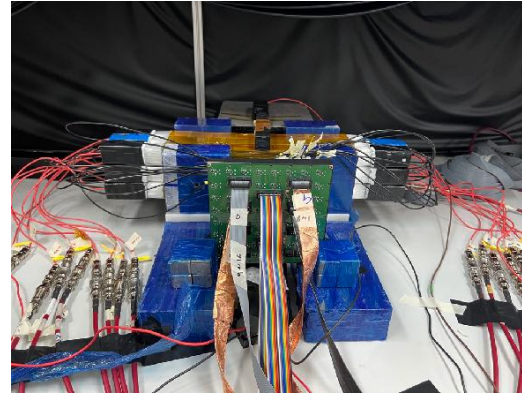
Beamtest Program (initial draft)

- Calibration study for prototype modules
 - Equalization of calorimeter modules using **muon** beam
 - Tuning HV for each module to get similar response
- Energy resolution and linearity study using **electron** beam 0.5~5GeV
 - Tilt the calorimeter to study various effect for more shower containment
 - Beam on the side of calorimeter to study edge effect (e.g. effect of shower leakage on PMT) and effect on timing.
 - Response from pion beam
- Study of different geometry (4x4) including a module with SiPM
- Study of Astropix Silicon pixel.
 - Energy deposit and dE/dx for various energy.

Prototype of EIC Barrel Electromagnetic Calorimeter



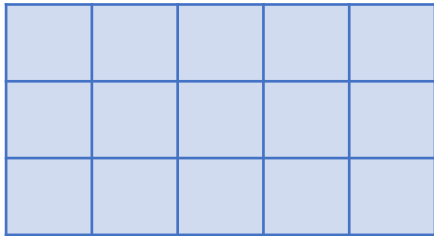
Pb/SciFi module 3x5 array



DAQ test of
Pb/SciFi module

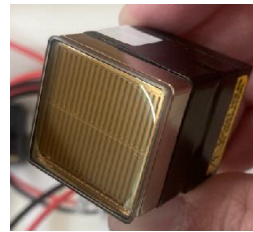
- Pb/SciFi Module
 - 3x5(4x4) of unit module($32 \times 3 \times 3 \text{ cm}^3$)
 - Dimension: $32 \times 15 \times 9 \text{ cm}^3$
 - Readout with PMT (R11265-100)
 - One additional module with SiPM will be used for 4x4 setup
- AstroPix Module (Silicon Pixel)
 - Dimension: $2 \times 2 \text{ cm}$
- Detectors will arrive at CERN tonight

3x5=15cm

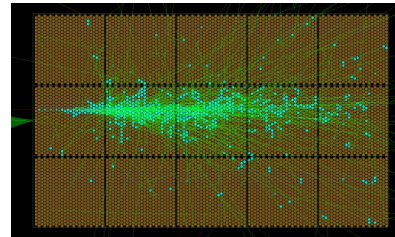


3x3=9cm

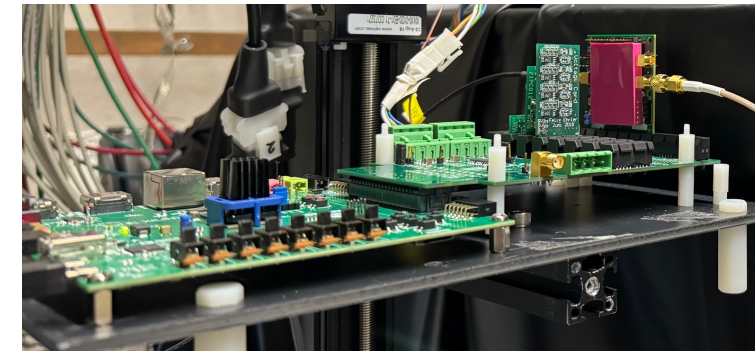
Side view



PMT



Simulation



AstroPix Chip + Carrier Board