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- So what is High Energy Physics about?
- What information will our software be used on, what hardware does it come from?

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Follow the references/links in many slides if you want to know more

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... or, just ask!

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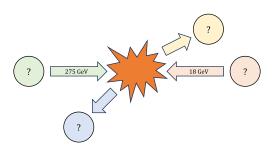
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- There's nuance to that of course
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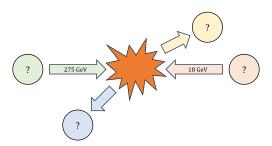
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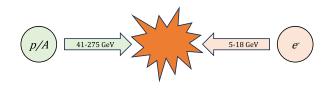
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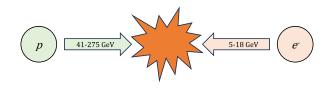
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- Typically, we can group events into categories based upon the types of particles we detect in them
- At the Electron-Ion Collider, EIC, there are a few broad categories of events we wish to observe

- Deep Inelastic Scattering DIS
- A golden process to probe nucleons and nuclei

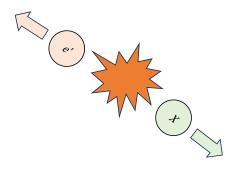
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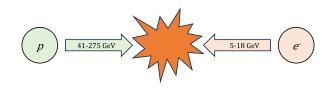


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- \circ In DIS, we have a scattered electron, e'
- ... and a shower of hadronic "stuff", X

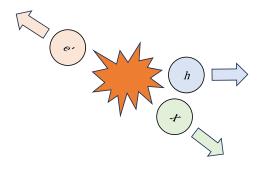


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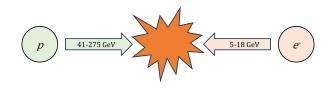


- Semi-Inclusive Deep Inelastic Scattering SIDIS
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- Again we have, e' and X
- But we also tag a specific hadron, h

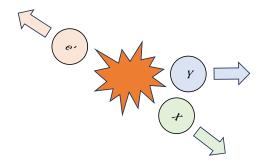


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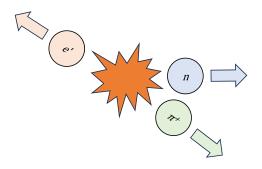
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- As a specific example, Deep Exclusive Meson Production



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- Data Acquisition and readout We need to interpret the signals from our detectors in some way and pass that on to systems that can process it further
- Analysis We need to process readout from our detectors and use it to interpret the event
 - What particles were produced?
 - How much energy does each particle have?
 - o ...

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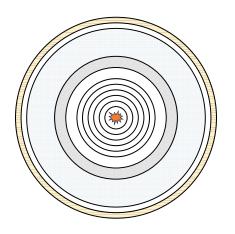
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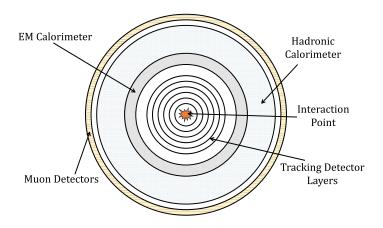
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- Systems for other purposes too, polarimetry, timing etc

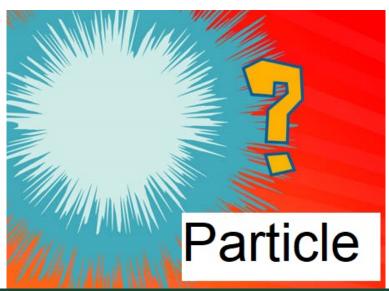
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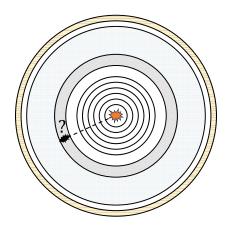


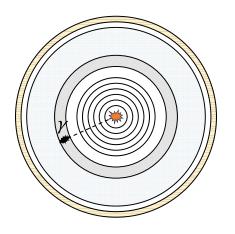
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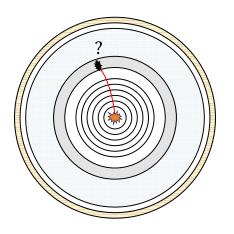


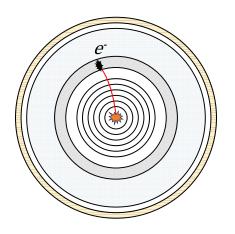
Who's that Pokemon Particle?

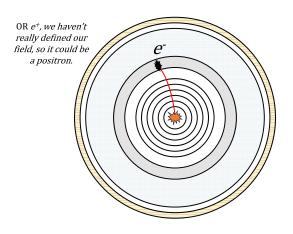


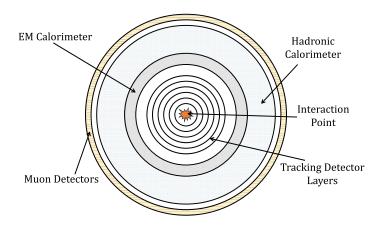


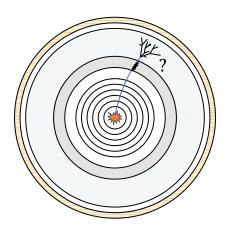


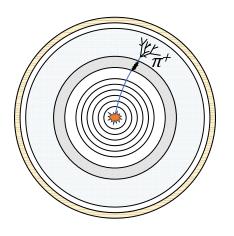




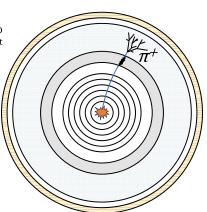


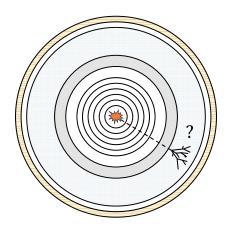


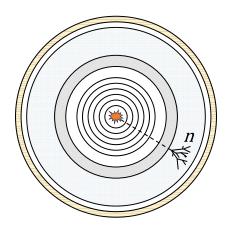


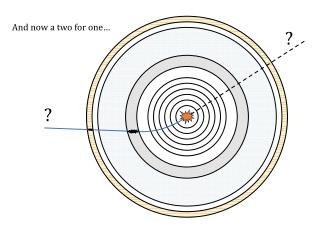


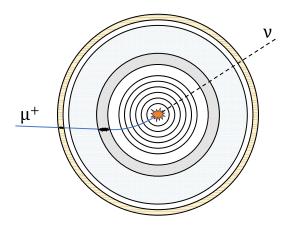
Or some other +ve hadron. Without PID info, we can't be that definitive here.











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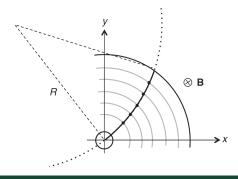
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- Many parameters to consider -
 - Energy resolution
 - Timing Resolution
 - Radiation length/nuclear interaction length
 - Sampling fraction
 - Position resolution
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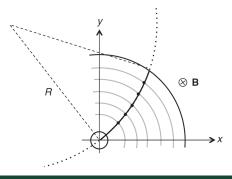
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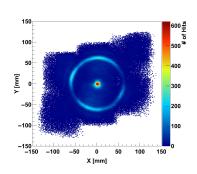
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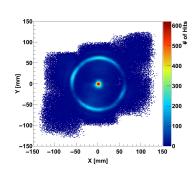
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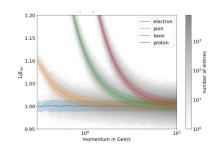
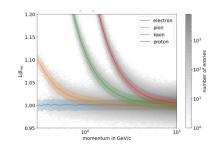


Image - Chandradoy Chatterjee, Hadron 2023

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- Can also be binary yes/no combinatorics as we did by eye earlier



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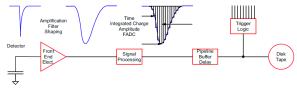
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- Software to digitise our processed signal
- Could read it out now... or pass it to a trigger

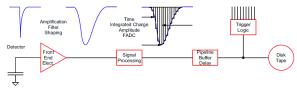
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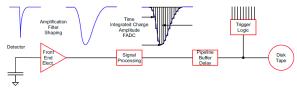


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- Almost inevitable that a trigger will "lose" some information

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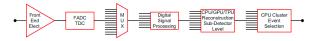
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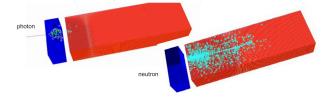
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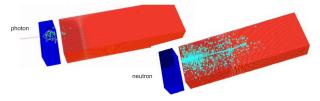
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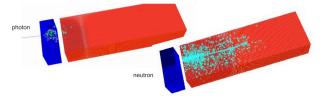


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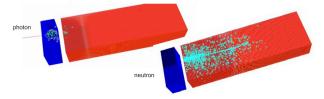
Key cluster parameters: Cluster energy and Cluster position

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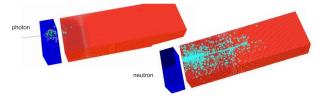
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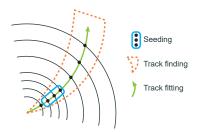


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- Range of algorithms can be used to reconstruct clusters
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 - Potential AI/ML application

- Idea is easy, connect the dots and make a track
- Reality is more painful

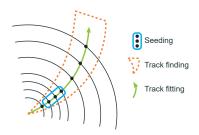
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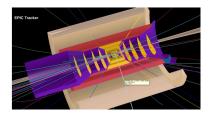
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- As with tracking and calorimetry, often need to utilise reconstruction algorithms to interpret information from dedicated PID detectors
- Can try to quantify confidence of assignment in some way

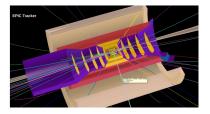
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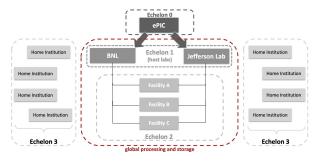


Processing Data

- As we saw from the readout discussion, we have a lot of data!
- Typically use a distributed data processing model
- ePIC is no different

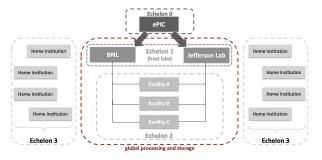
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 Once we eventually get to our reconstructed data, need tools to analyse our output

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- Multiple ways to utilise ROOT
 - Use ROOT directly
 - PyRoot,
 - Python/Uproot
 - RDataFrames

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- Also allows us to develop reconstruction/analysis before a detector is built



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Image - The Simpsons, Season 9 Episode 9, "Realty Bites"

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- Not something we can do for real data of course, but a vital tool for projections



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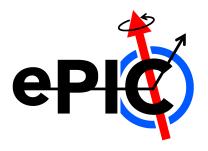
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 - Saturday: Working time on an analysis task
- Give you the tools and the techniques to analyse ePIC data

Thanks for listening, any questions before we move on?



stephen.kay@york.ac.uk

Ok then, time to try setting up our environment to the tutorials!	for
the tutorials!	