

Future opportunity I

Nuclear data for space radiation protection

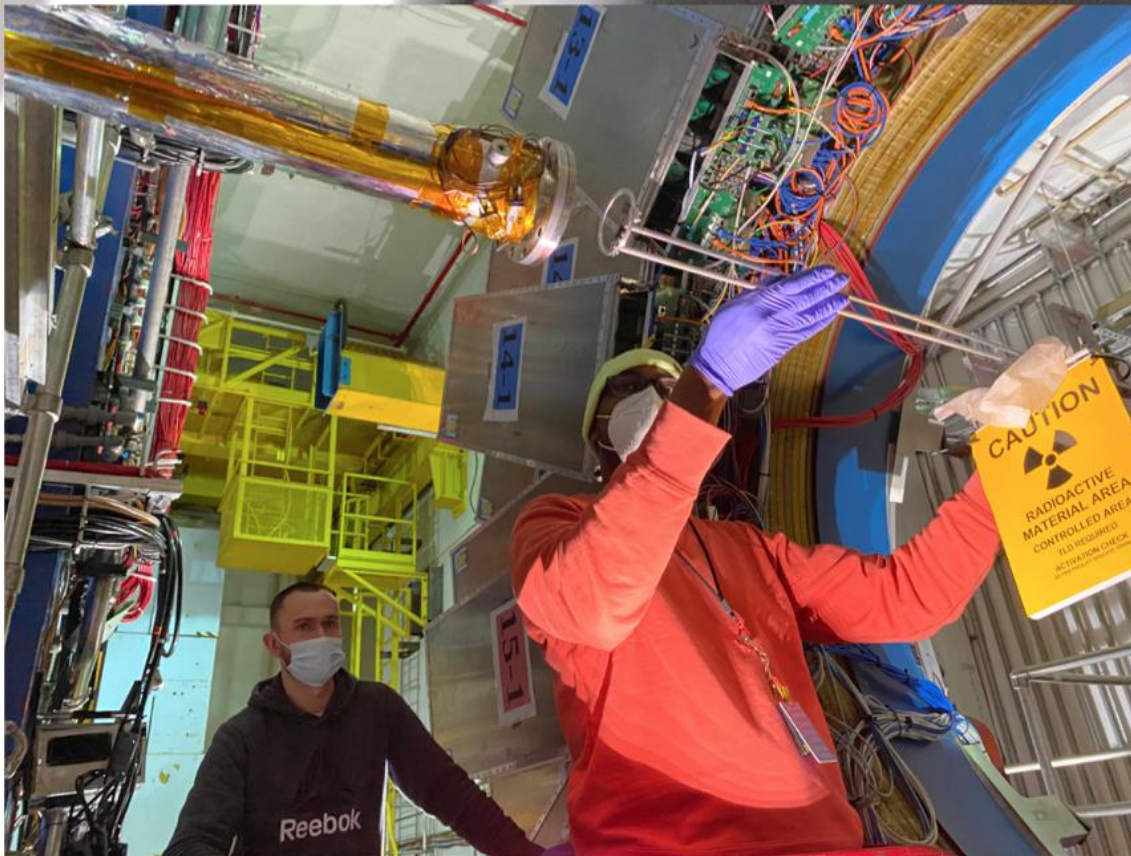
Not part of STAR physics program in the final RHIC phase but represents an opportunity for RHIC to contribute with some important nuclear data

- The Space Radiation Protection community has identified 3-50 GeV/n region as an area of need. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fphy.2020.565954>**
- STAR has excellent light fragment capabilities.**
- RHIC can deliver the ion beam species (C, Al, Fe) and energies (3-50 GeV/n) of need to the Space Radiation Protection community. STAR installed the targets of interest (C, Al, Ni) and is ready to take FXT data when opportunities arise.**

In total, two weeks of running including machine setup

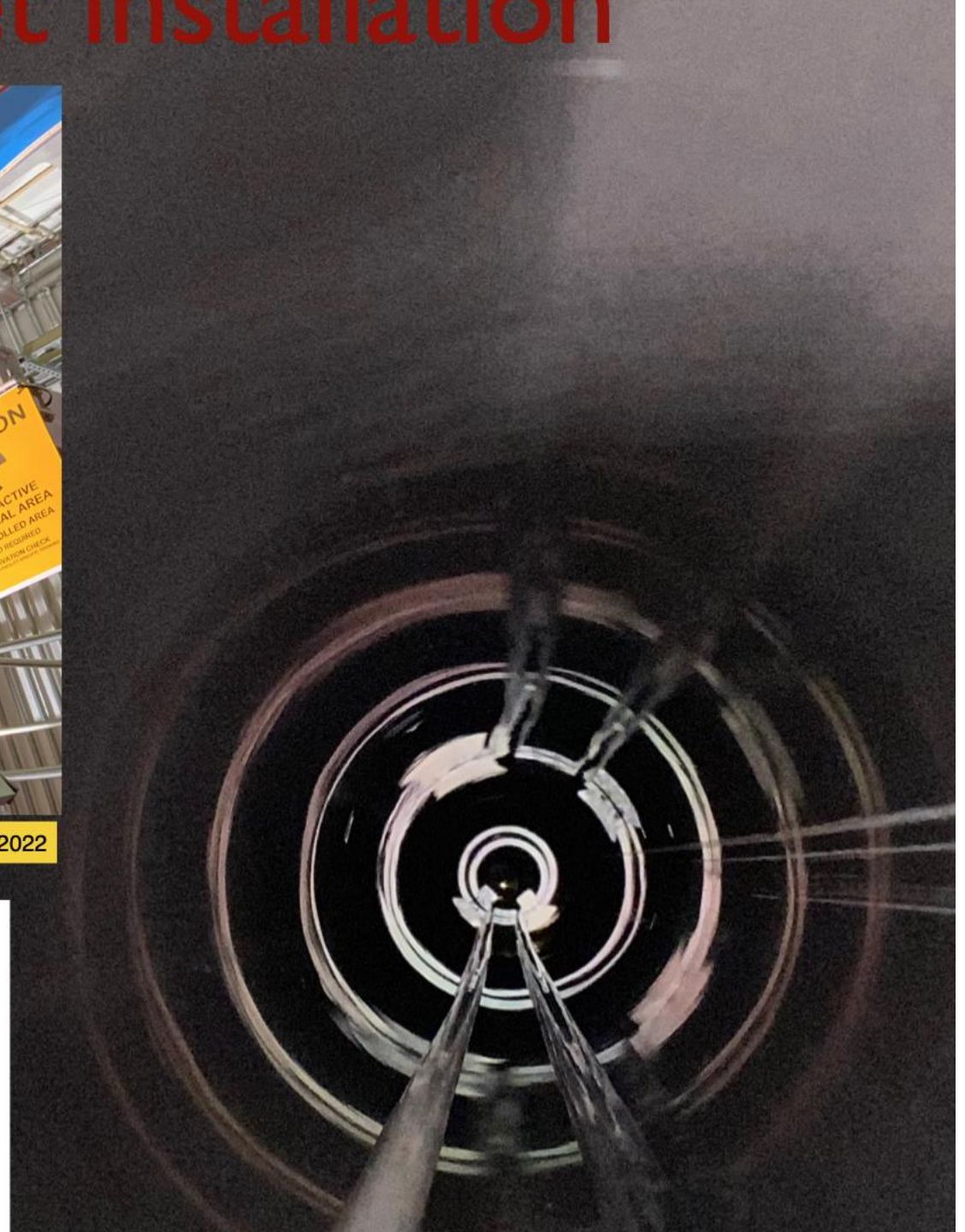
Targets installed in 2022

Fixed target installation

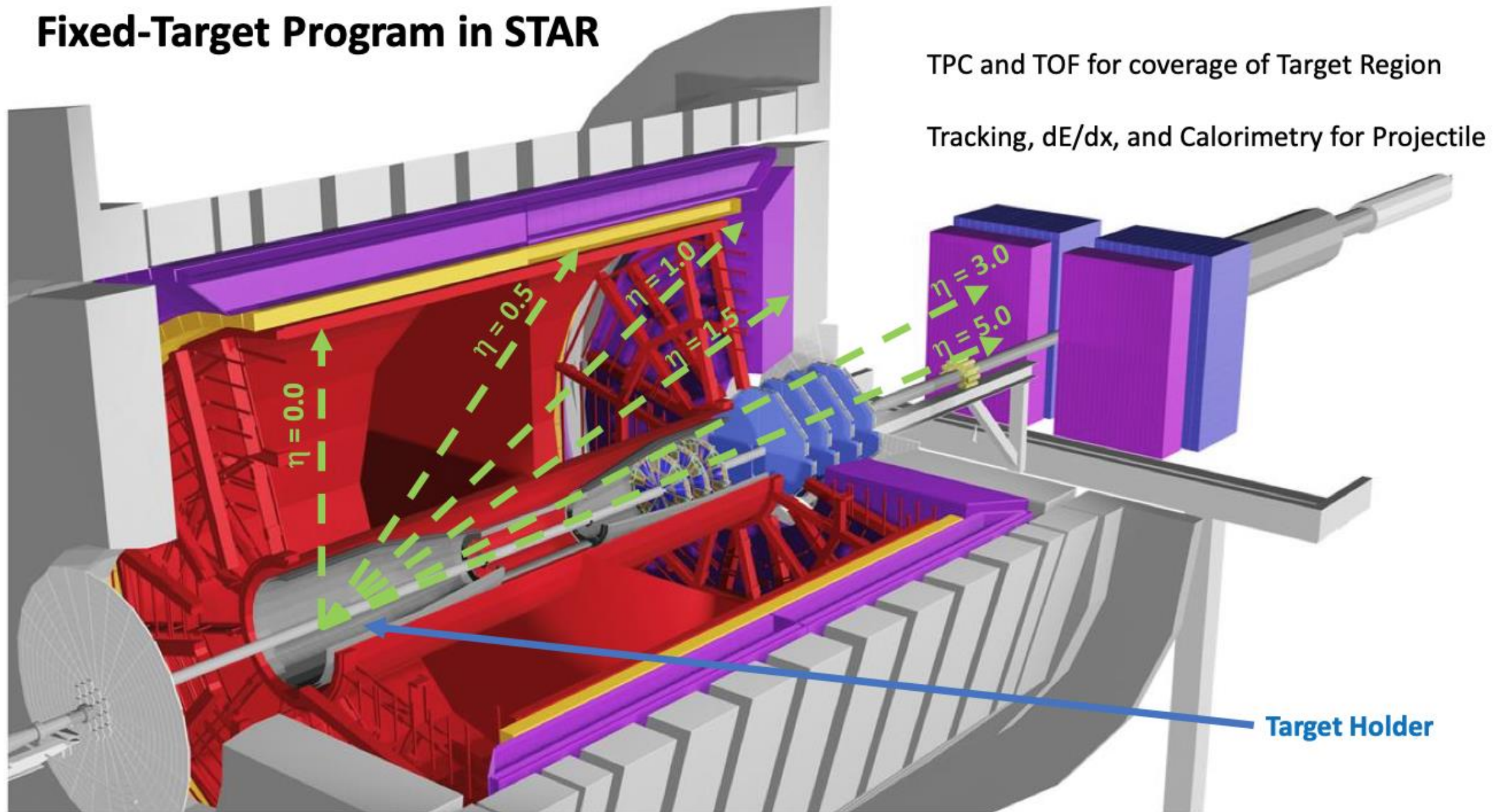


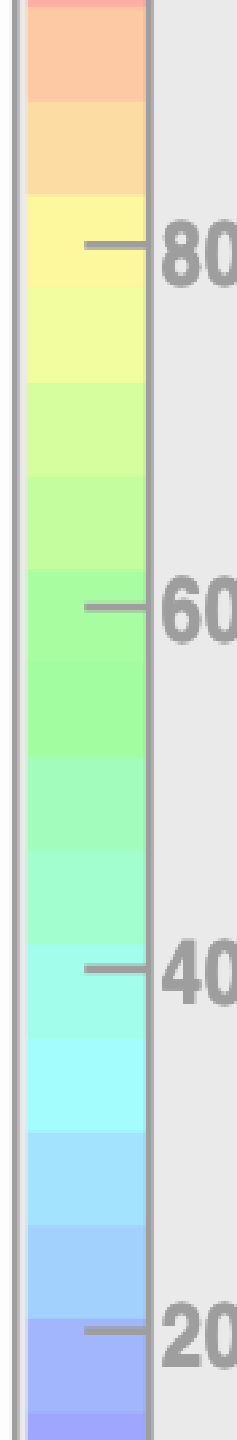
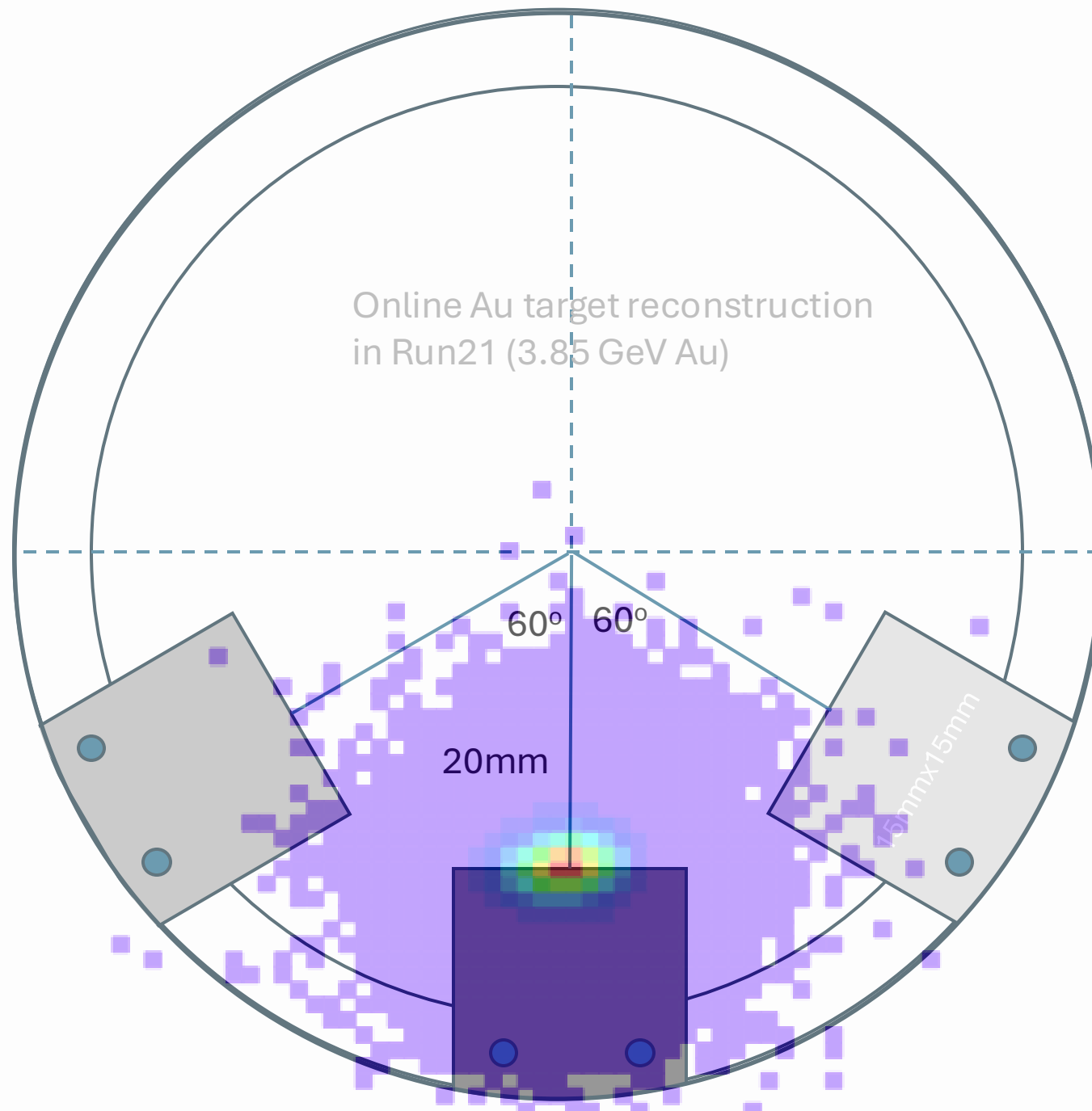
12/22/2022

- Three targets (1mm C (graphite), Ni, 1.5mm Al)
- East side at 1.8m to face Blue beam
(Au target remains in West side at 2m)
- for Space Radiation program: to run likely in Run25



Fixed-Target Program in STAR





Fixed Target run with Blue beam - proposal

- Al beam in Blue at nominal injection energy (~ 12 GeV) on three targets: C, Al, Ni
 - ~ 6 hours on each target (Al+C, Al+Al, Al+Ni) : $\sim 80\text{M} \times 3$ min-bias events
- Proposed data taking: ~ 24 hrs Saturday PM – Sunday
- Run conditions:
 - 12 bunches to minimize out-of-time pileup
 - Vertical and horizontal bumps (+BBQ kicker) to scrape beam halo on the targets
 - “level” Min-bias trigger rate (sent to CAD) $\sim 8\text{kHz}$
 - Beam position to be adjusted/optimized using online target reconstruction (sent to CAD)