

Track-Cluster Matching

Tristan Protzman
Lehigh University
April 17th, 2025

Intro

- I was asked to implement a track-cluster matching factory into EICRecon
 - Used as input to electron identification, particle flow algorithms
 - We need to move away from using truth information in these algorithms
- Based on stand-alone implementation from Derek Anderson
 - [MatchProjectionsAndClusters.cxx - github.com](#)
- This is a first pass to enable us to start developing algorithms without truth data, I'm sure there's plenty to improve
- Related issue: [EICRecon Issue #1648](#)
- Related PR: [EICRecon PR #1768](#)
- Definition: $\Delta R = \sqrt{\Delta\phi(\text{track, cluster}) + \Delta\eta(\text{track, cluster})}$

Algorithm

- Inputs: Track Segment Collection, Cluster Collection
- Output: TrackClusterMatchCollection
 - Association between edm4eic::Track and edm4eic::Cluster
- For each cluster, loop over all track segments
- Check if each point in the segment is at the surface of either the EMCal or HCal
- Find the closest point in $\eta - \phi$ space to the cluster
- Create an association

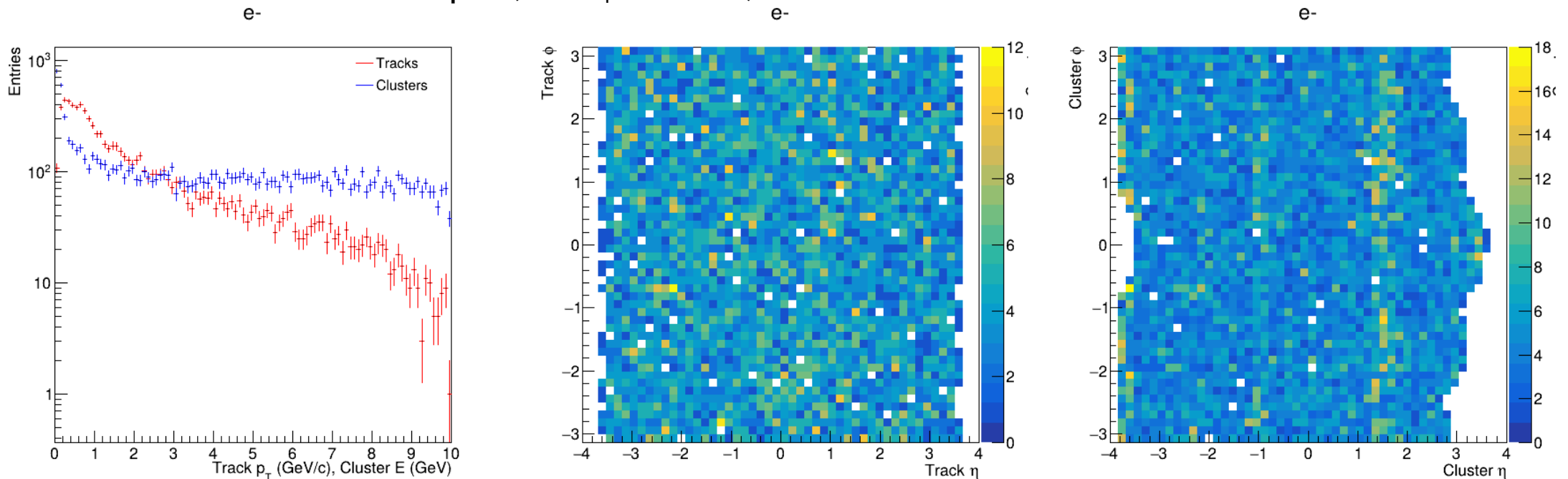
Pseudocode of [TrackClusterMatch.cxx](#)

```
for cluster in clusters:
    best_match = none
    for track in tracks:
        if track is used:
            continue
        for point in track:
            if point is not at calo surface:
                continue:
            if  $\Delta R(\text{track}, \text{cluster}) < \text{best\_match}$ :
                best_match = track
```

Performance studies - input

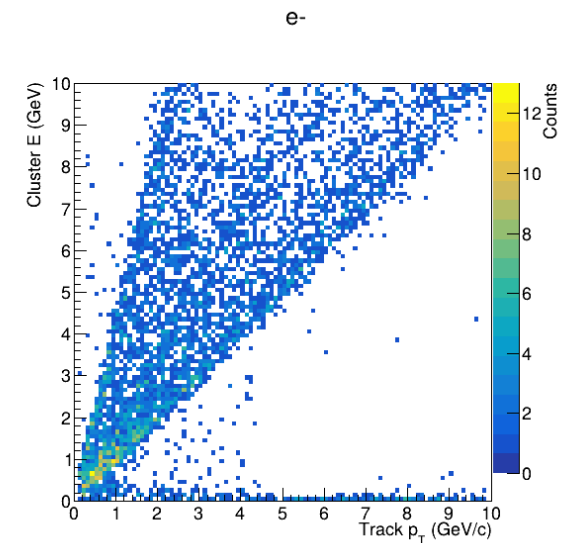
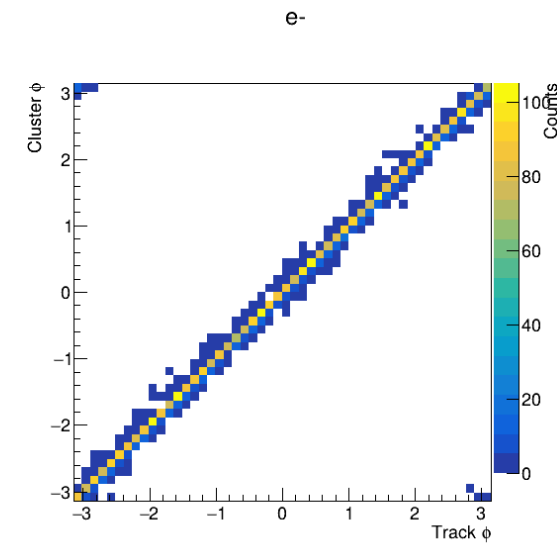
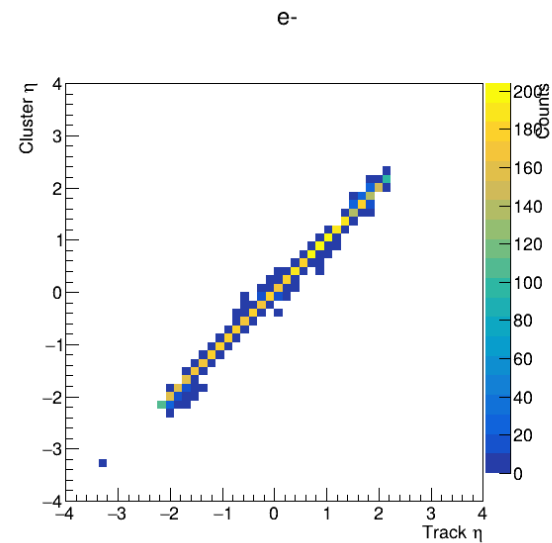
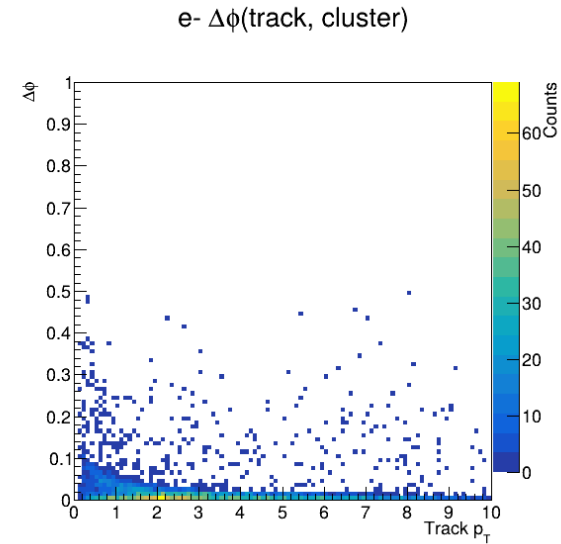
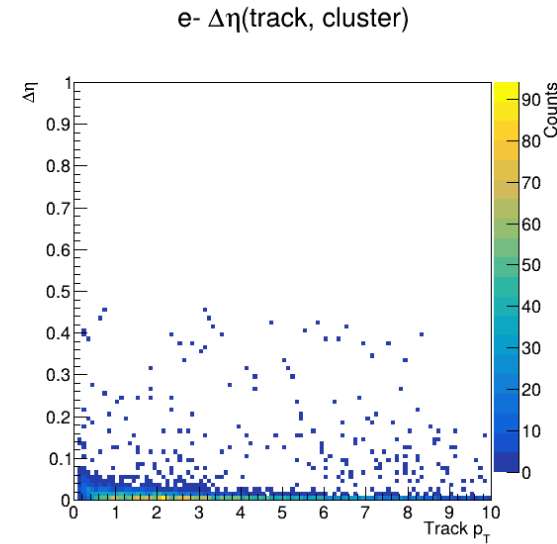
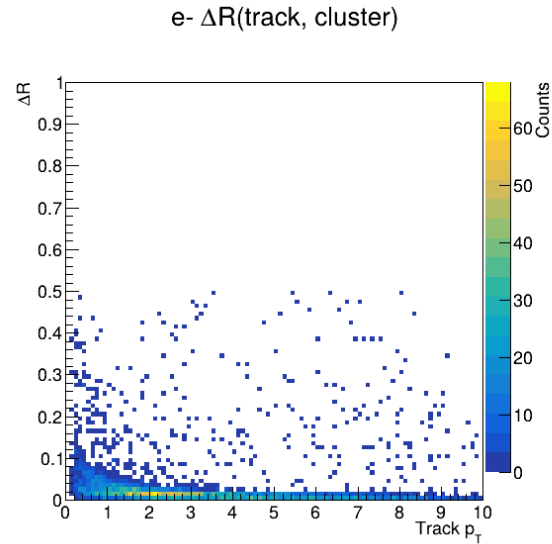
- Using single particle simulations
 - 0.1 to 10 GeV/c momentum
 - 2 to 178 degrees theta, flat in eta
 - Electrons, muons, pions, kaons, protons, and their antiparticle

Generated electron sample (other species [here](#))



Performance studies - matching

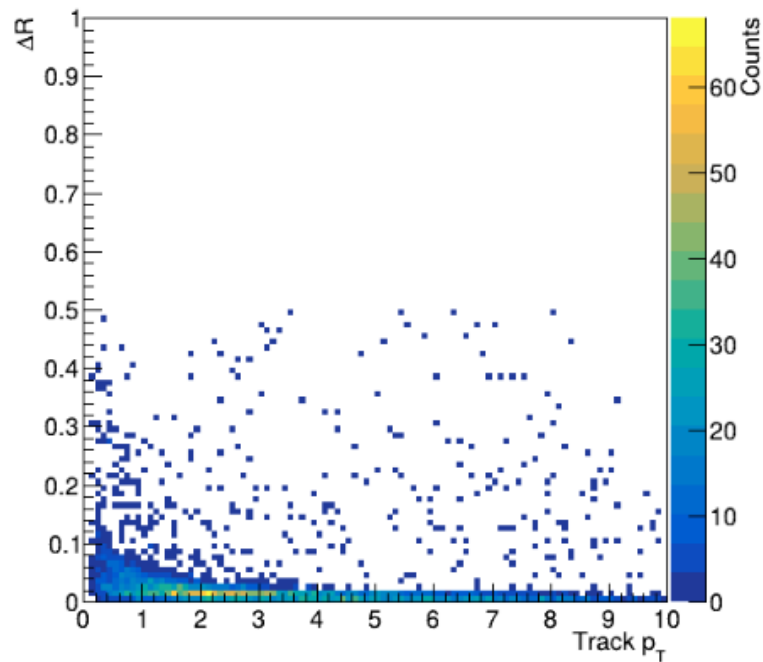
- Focus on electrons for input to electron ID algorithm
- Some structure in ΔR and $\Delta\phi$ at low p_T
- No matches outside $\sim|2|$ in η , not sure where the actual limits are
 - Tracks and clusters are generated beyond this range
- Other species [here](#)



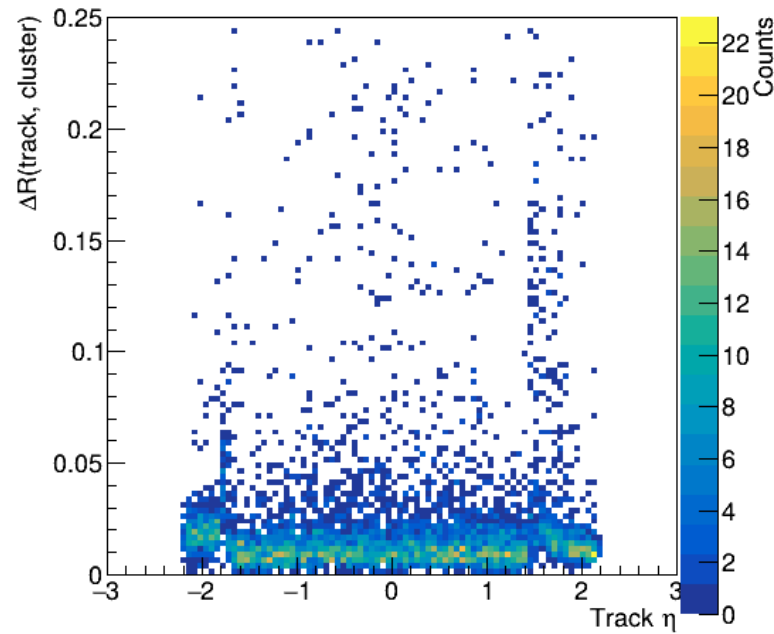
Performance studies - uniformity

- Looking at ΔR as a function of η and ϕ shows discontinuities at what (I think) are detector boundaries

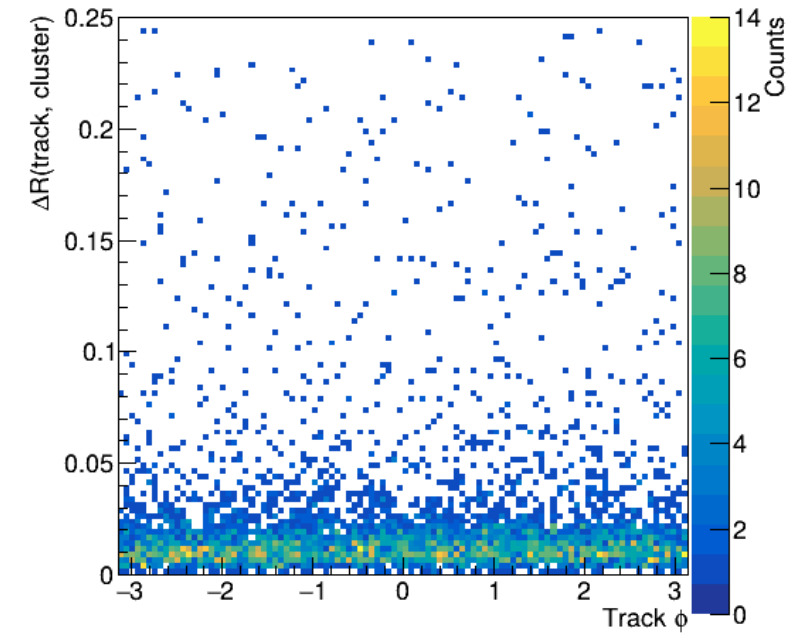
e- $\Delta R(\text{track}, \text{cluster})$



e-



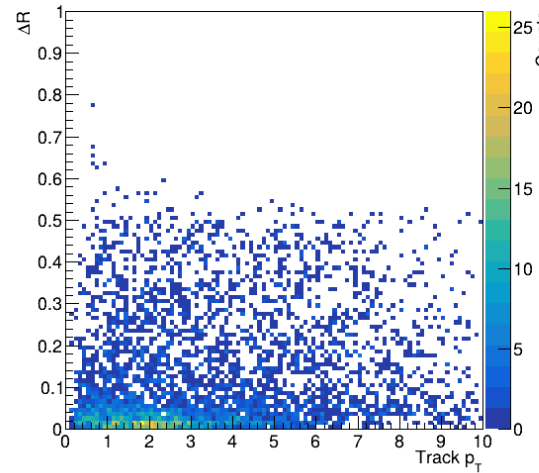
e-



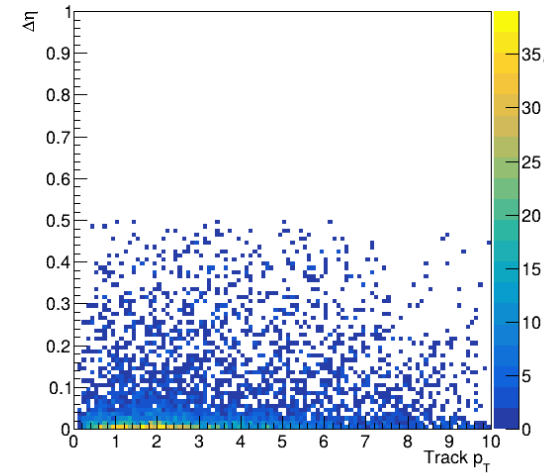
Performance studies - hadrons

- Hadrons have similar characteristics with wider distribution
- Probably not too surprising, hadronic showers will be larger than EM showers
- Strong η dependence

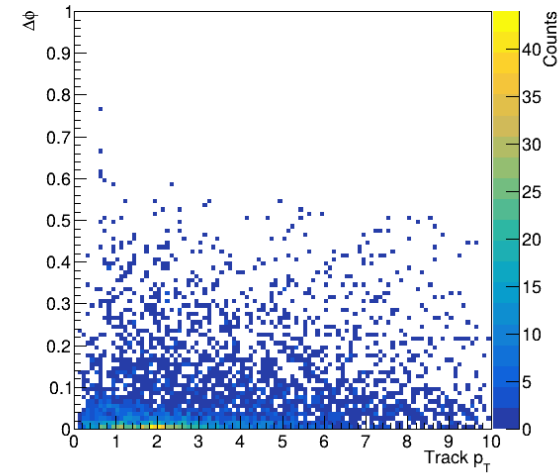
pi- $\Delta R(\text{track}, \text{cluster})$



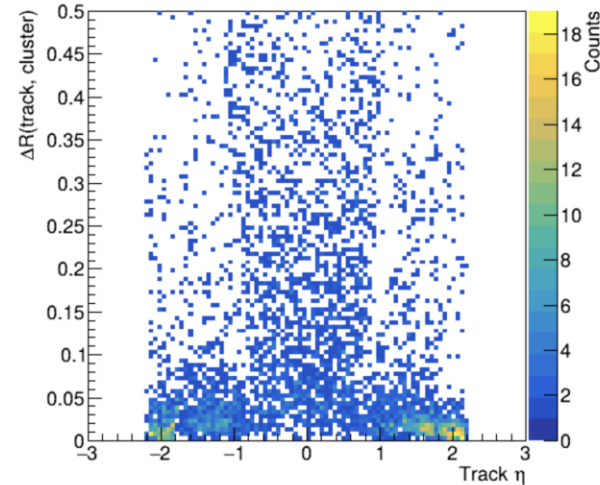
pi- $\Delta \eta(\text{track}, \text{cluster})$



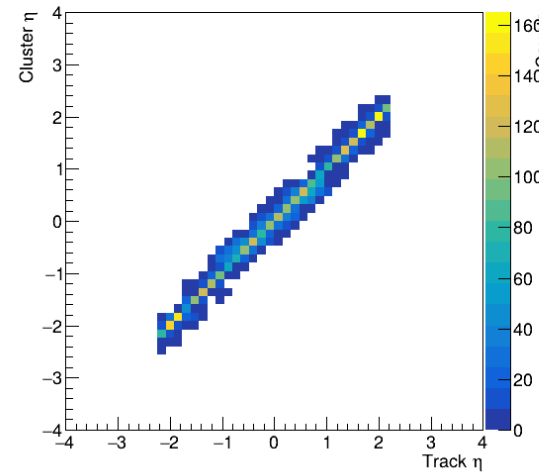
pi- $\Delta \phi(\text{track}, \text{cluster})$



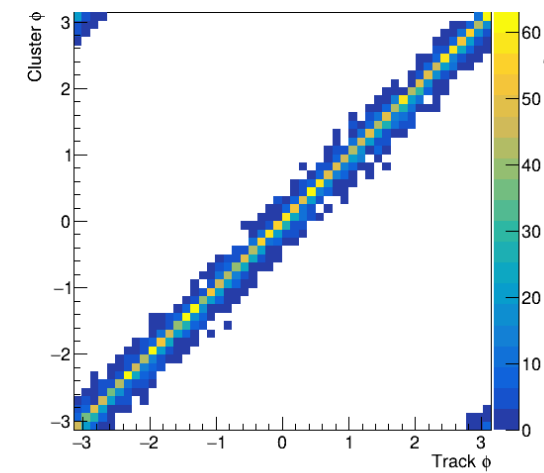
pi-



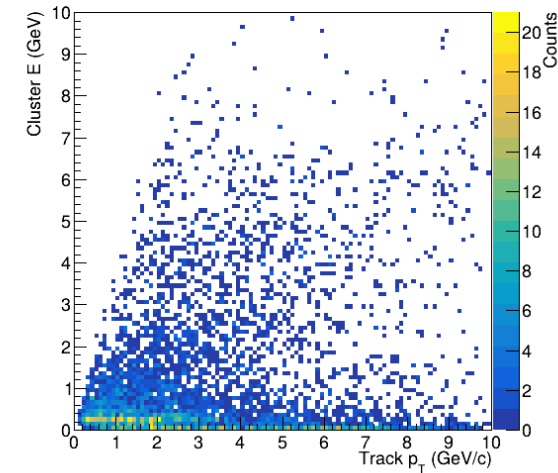
pi-



pi-



pi-

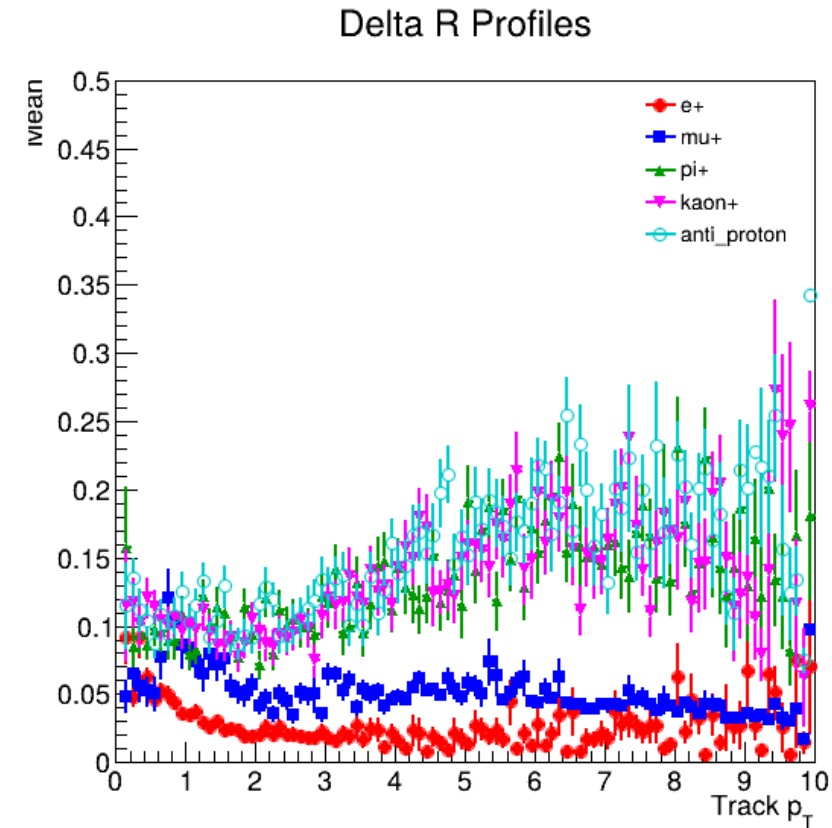
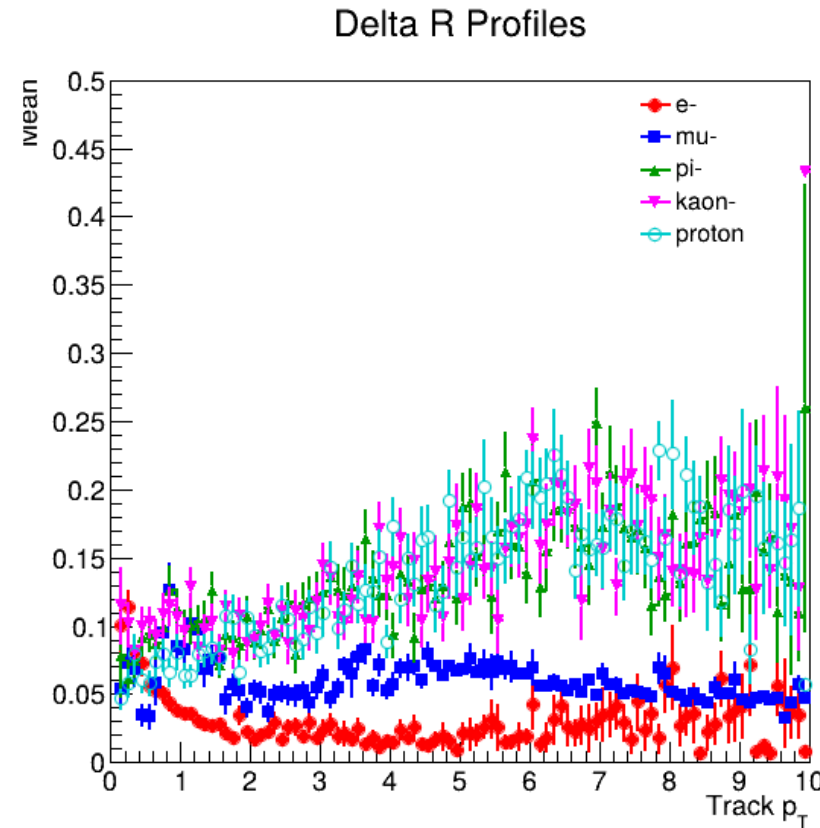


Summary

- Profile of ΔR for each particle type
- I've been told the calorimetry clustering doesn't deal well with muons yet

Next steps

- Adapting electron ID code to use this rather than truth
- Package into a reconstruction benchmark to run for each PR
- Evaluation of full events



What would be helpful from the tracking side?