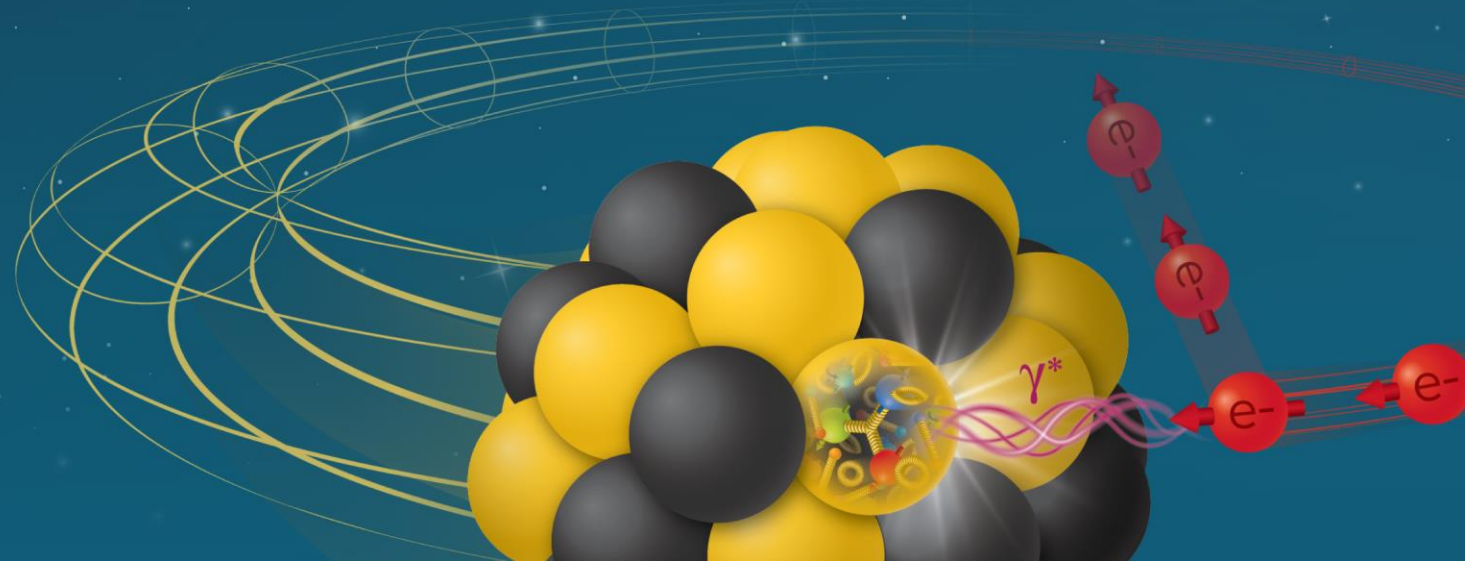


Barrel Outer Tracker / MPGD (μ RWELL)

Triple I Engineering Meeting Update (05192025)

Seungjoon Lee (Jlab)

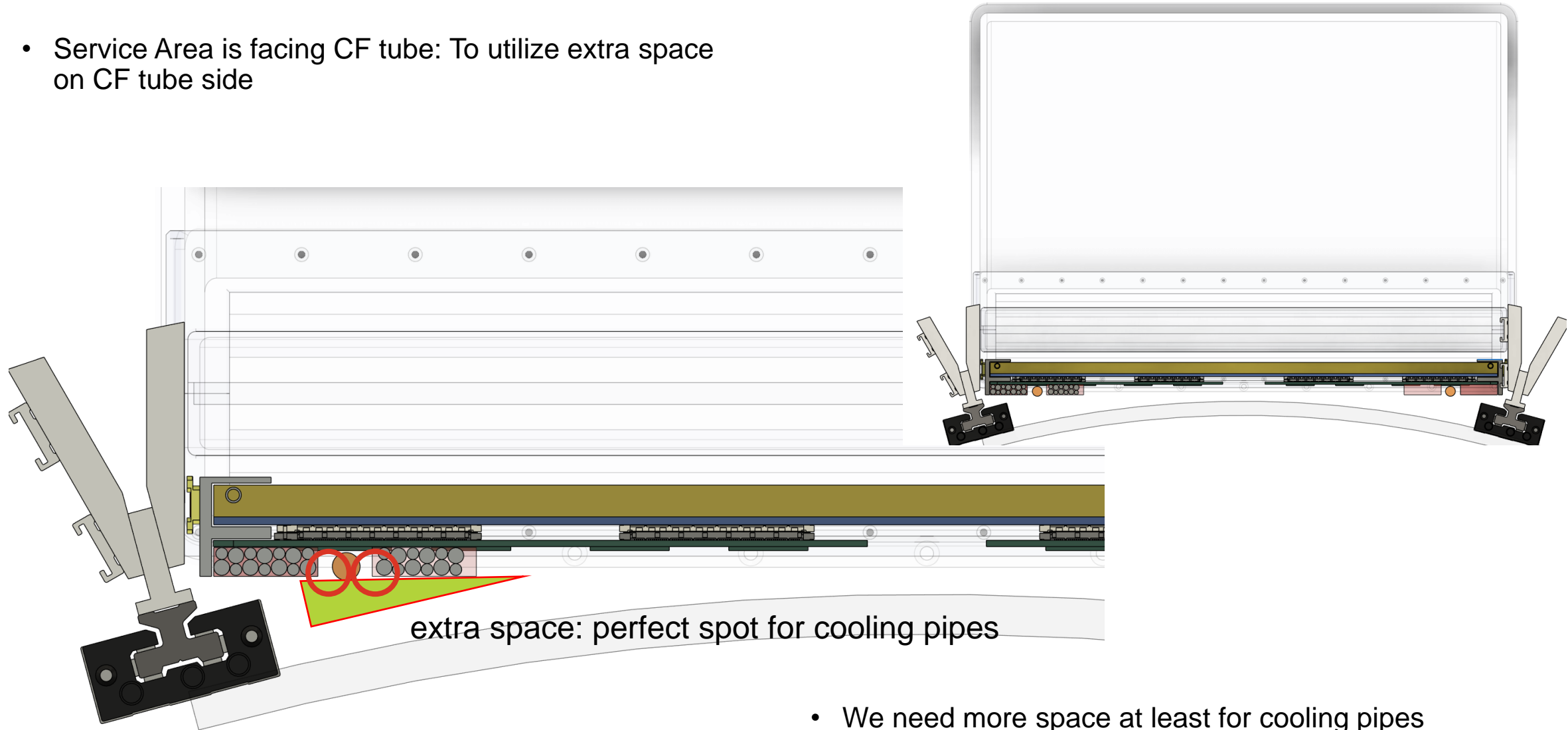


Update

- Jlab MPGD Facility is moving foreword.
- Most of purchased items delivered.
- MPGD frames delivered
- Clean Room (MPGD assembly) is designed.
- Clean Room (previously used for 12GeV upgrade) will be remodeled. (in progress)
- There is no big issue yet.

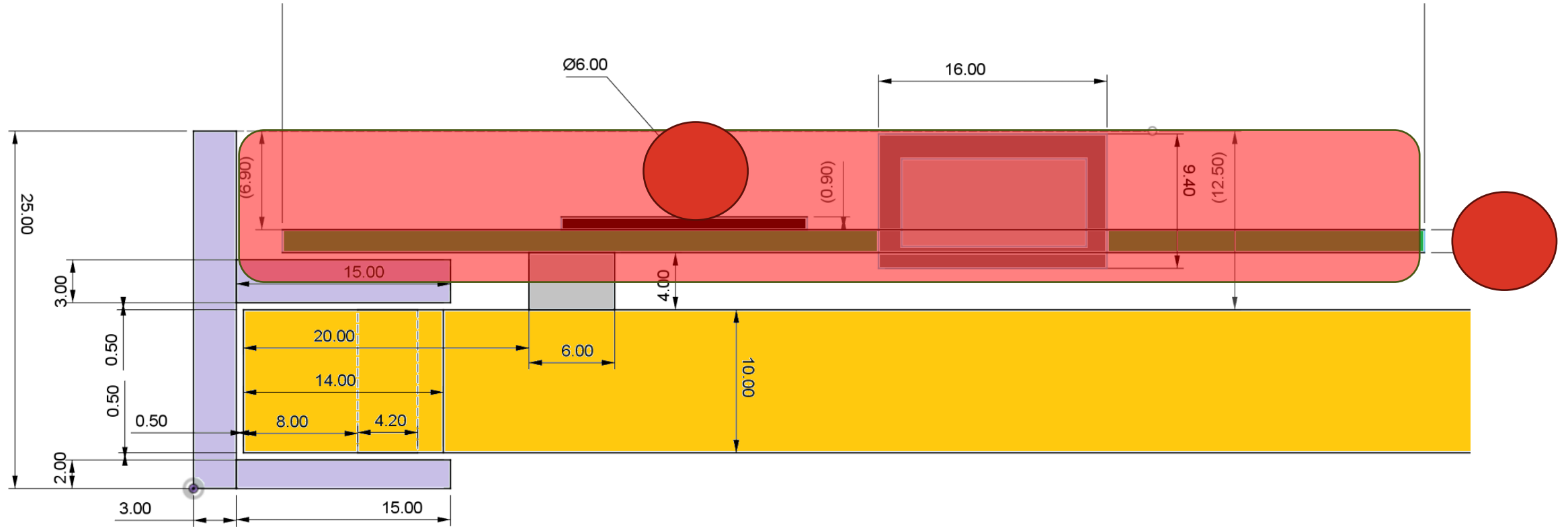
Detector Views

- Service Area is facing CF tube: To utilize extra space on CF tube side

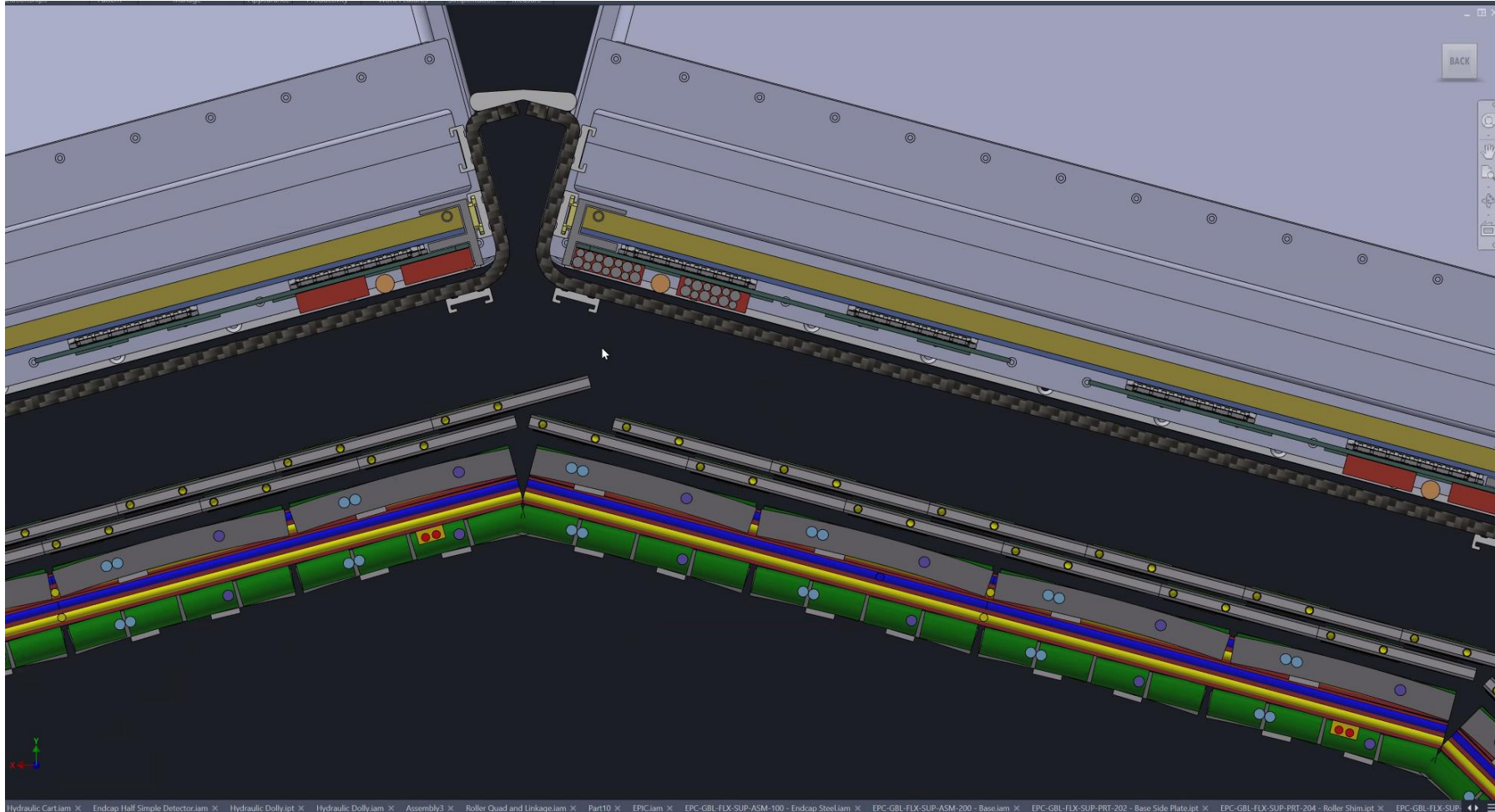


- We need more space at least for cooling pipes

Drawing (upside down)



New Design Draft (from Dan)



- CF housing encapsulates MPGD, removing extra space for service
- It would be a good chance to review MPGD envelope

Cooling requirement

- Data and power cables can be spread out to MPGD surface.
- Cooling pipe/**connectors** are limiting factor.
- Size and position of cooling system must be carefully designed.

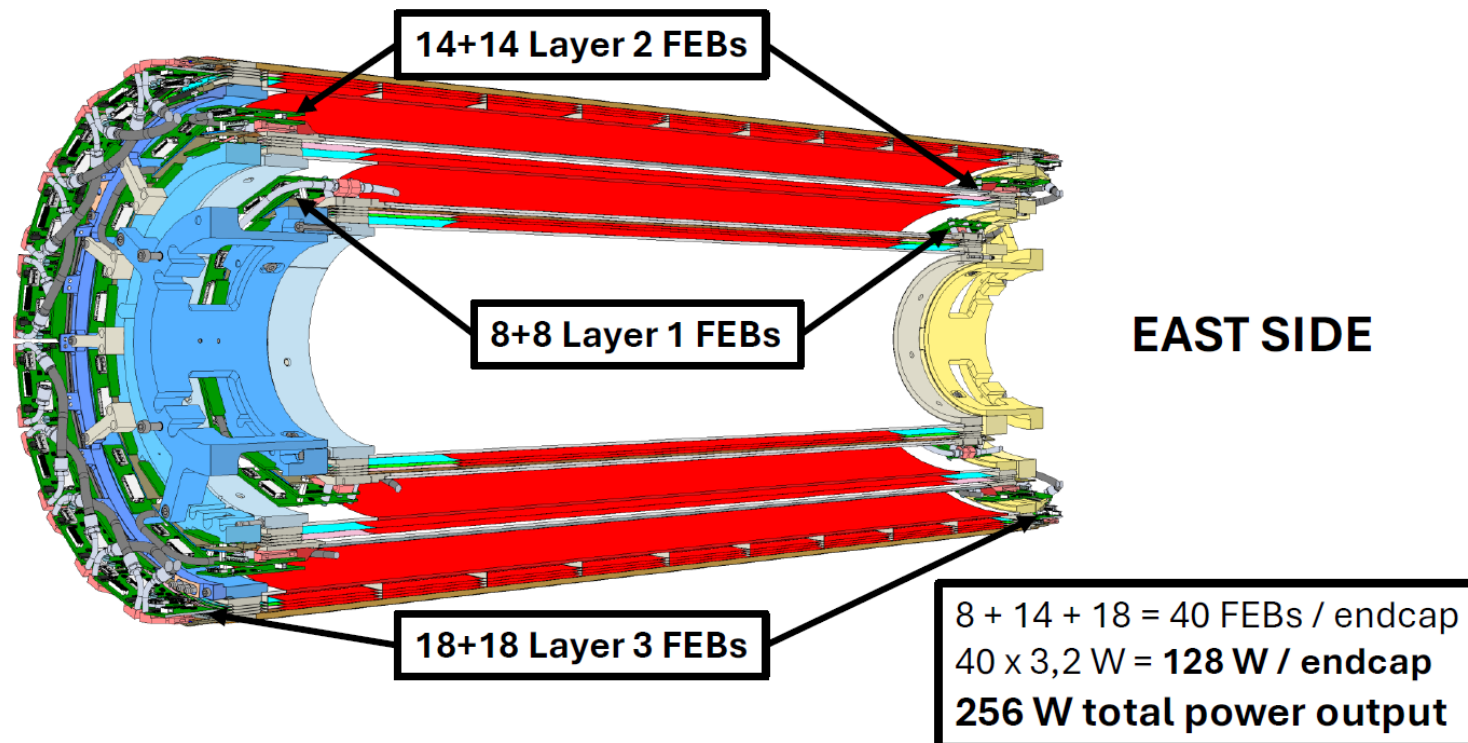
Cooling system reference – BESIII CGEM data from Stefano

Total Thermal Output Pt. 1

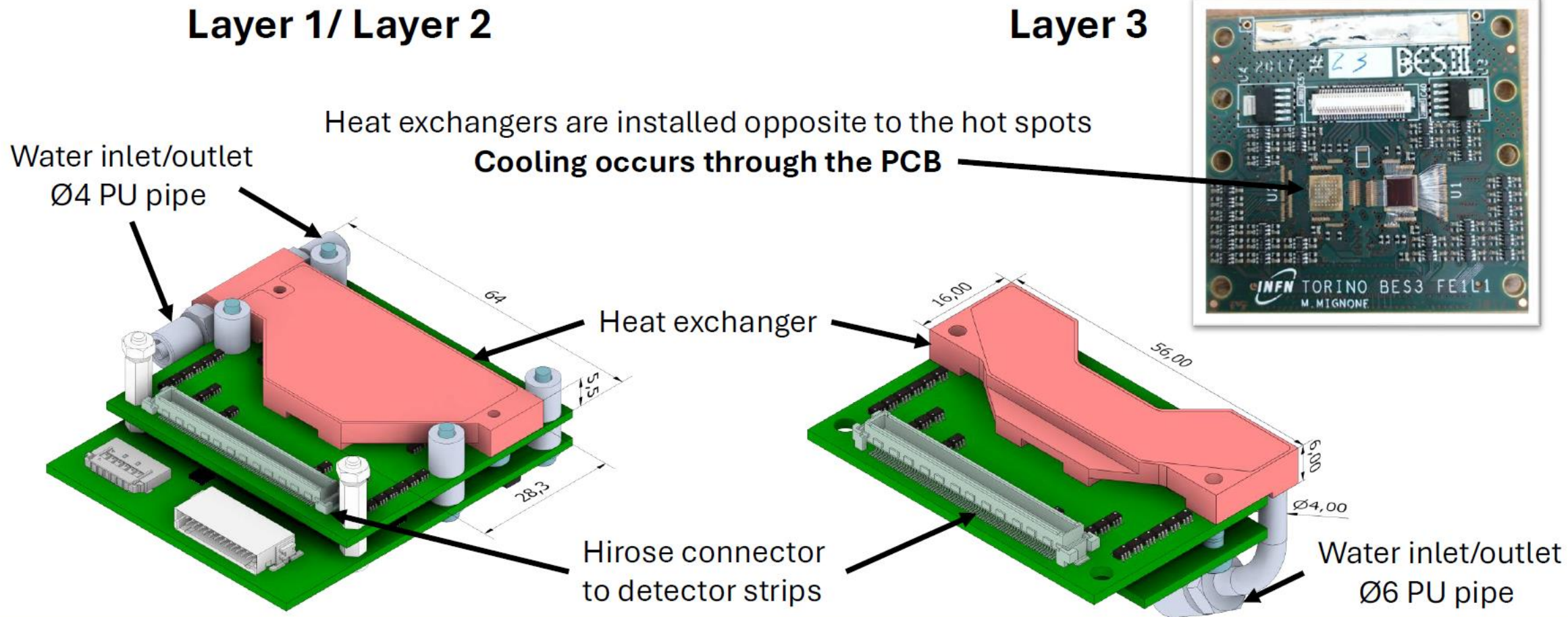
Cooling System of the
Cylindrical GEM Inner Tracker
of the BESIII Experiment

Courtesy of the CGEM-IT Working Group

Stefano Gramigna - sgramigna@roma2.infn.it



Heat Exchanger and FEB Geometry Pt. 1



Heat Exchanger and FEB Geometry Pt. 2

Heat Exchanger and FEB Geometry Pt. 3

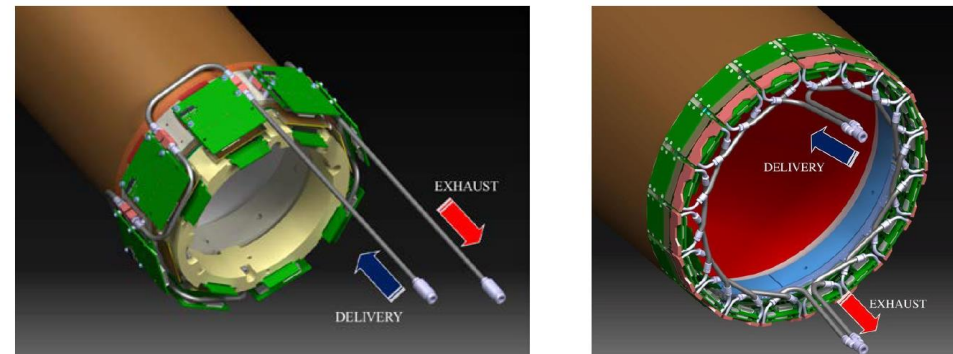
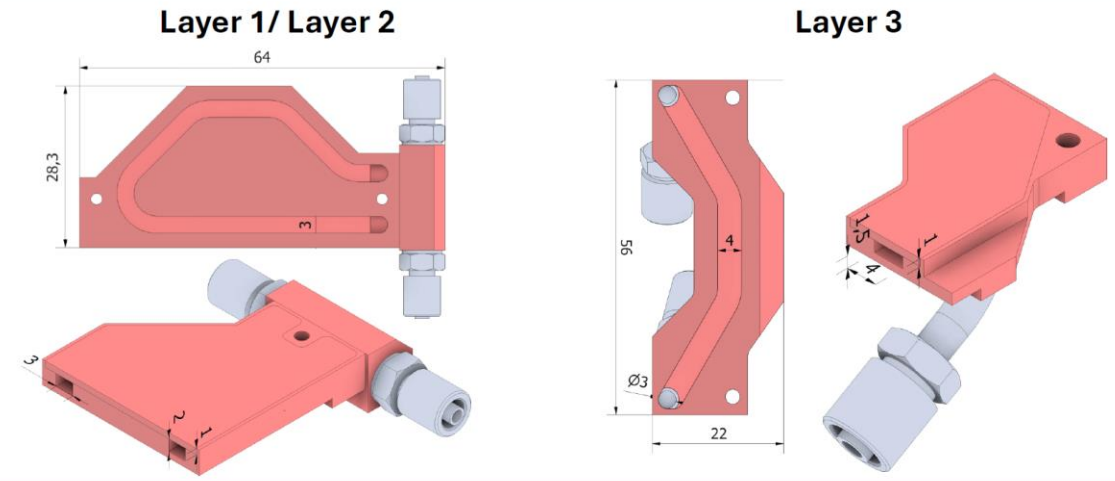
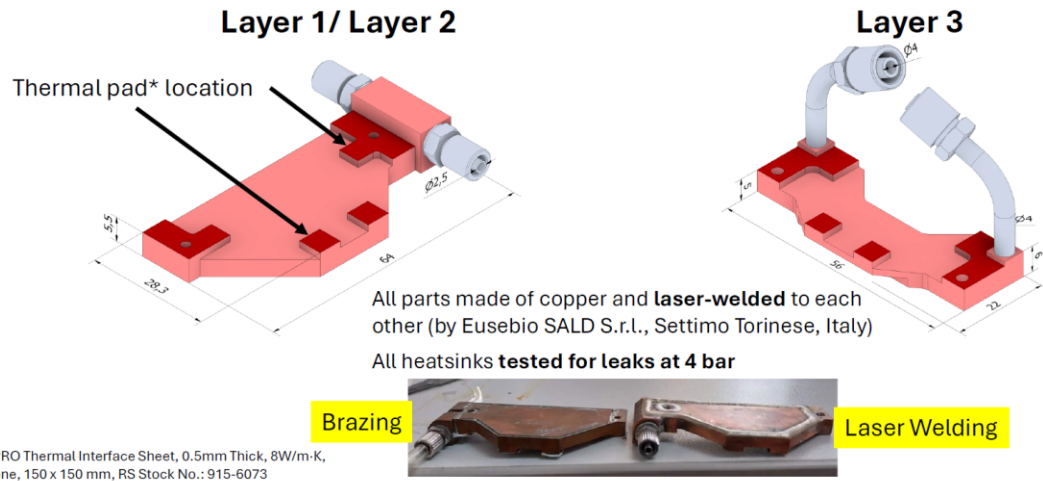
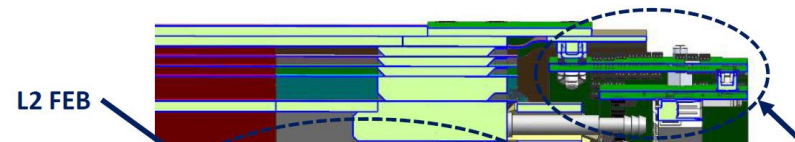


Figure 1.17: 3D view representation of the cooling system for the CGEM-IT Layer 1 (left) and 3 (right).

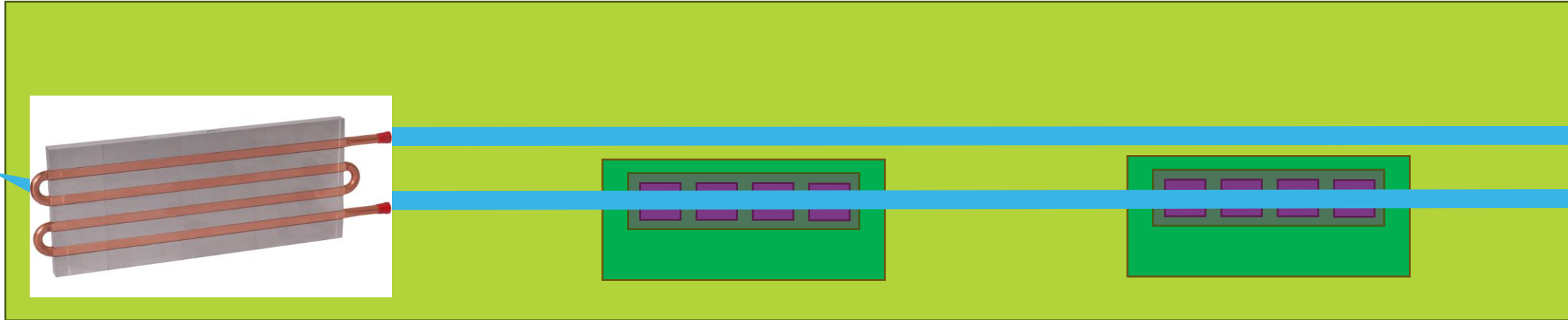
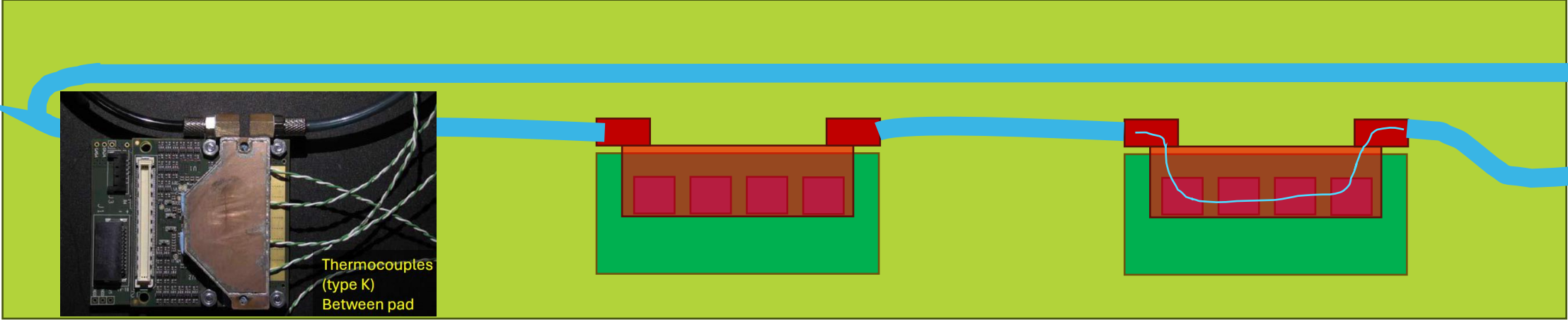


Other parameters

- Should DSC provide cooling or ePIC?
- Water chiller location (distance)
- ePIC operation temperature/humidity (dew point)

Backup

Comparison of cold plate



Intro

- Cooling Design for BOT
- Assumption:
 - 7 FEB per cooling loop. Total 4 loops per sector (12 sectors)
 - Each board has 4 SALSA (ASIC)
 - Each FEB requires 8.5 W (including safety margin)
 - Total power for each loop = 60 W
 - Each sector = $60 \times 4 = 240$ W
 - Total = $12 \times 240 = 2880$ W
- Water Inlet temperature = 18 °C
- Target ASIC temp = 30 °C

-
- $Q = m \times C_p \times dT$
 - $Q = 63 \text{ W}$
 - $m = \text{flow rate (kg/s)}$
 - $C_p \text{ (water)} = 4186 \text{ J/kg.K}$
 - $dT = \sim 5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 - $m = 0.003 \text{ kg/s} = 3 \text{ g/s} = 0.18 \text{ L/min}$
 - $m_{\text{safe}} = 0.6 \text{ L/min}$
 - ~~Total = 12 x 4 x m_{safe} = $\sim 30 \text{ L/min}$~~

Tubing

- Inner diameter
- 4~8 mm depends on volume, pressure, type of pressure (positive, negative)
- If negative pressure: PVC or PEEK ?
- Pressure drop by connectors: connector inner diameter is smaller than tubing ID
- Pressure drop by 90 degree angle, 4 elbows per FEB
-

Condensation

- 25 °C and 50% humidity
- Dewpoint = 14 °C
- Minimum water temp = 15 °C
- 16~18 °C will be OK.
- Insulation required from chiller to BOT

Options for heatsink

- Direct heatsink with stainless steel tubing
 - simple, smaller tubing
 - less bending (lower pressure drop)
 - requires insulation

- Custom made heatsink with soft tubing
 - complicate heatsink required, larger tubing
 - more bending (high pressure drop)
 - insulation not required

Services Estimates

- Per sector (12 sectors total)
- Total 28 FEBs, 2 MPGD Chambers
- 4 Gas lines (in&out) for chamber: \varnothing 8 mm
- 4 HV: \varnothing 8 mm
- 56 LV: \varnothing 2.4 mm or 28 LV: \varnothing 2.8 mm (if supply power to 2 x DC/DC converters)
- 28 Data: \varnothing 3 mm (Optical Fiber)
- 1 Ground: copper braid
- 4 Cooling pipe: \varnothing 6 mm (Stainless Steel)
- 2 Temperature & Humidity Sensors

- The main unknown: FEB power requirement => DC/DC converter spec. => Cable/cooling specification

CyMBaL



BOT

