

Thermodynamics of baryon rich hadronic matter

Monday 7 August 2017 16:00 (30 minutes)

We study the thermodynamics of hadronic matter using the hadron resonance gas model with repulsive interactions between baryons. The repulsive interactions are modeled using the mean field approach. We study higher order fluctuations of baryon number and strangeness within this approach and compare the calculations with the most recent lattice results. We find that the repulsive mean field reduces the thermodynamic properties as expected. More interestingly, however, we find that the reduction is bigger for the higher order fluctuations, in particular the repulsive mean field approach predicts χ_4^B/χ_2^B (the ratio of the fourth to second order baryon number fluctuations) should decrease close to T_c as seen on the lattice. After validating the model through detailed comparison with the lattice data we extend the study of thermodynamics in the baryon dense region with $\mu_B > 400$ MeV, which is not accessible with current lattice calculations.

Summary

We study fluctuations of conserved charges and QCD thermodynamics at non-zero baryon density using hadron resonance gas model with repulsive interactions.

Author: PETRECZKY, Peter Petreczky (BNL)

Co-author: HUOVINEN, Pasi (University of Wroclaw)

Presenter: PETRECZKY, Peter Petreczky (BNL)

Session Classification: Parallel 1

Track Classification: Parallel Session