# PDHD APA1 "Fix" Network

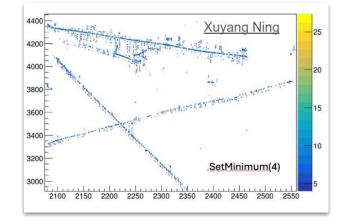
**Jake Calcutt** 

#### **Motivation**

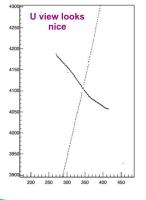
Xuyang has done a lot of work to determine a more accurate field response for PDHD

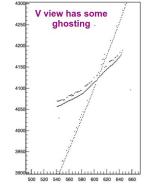
Even with this, downstream reco (i.e. Pandora) performance remains degraded

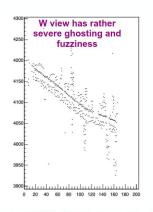
- Can we 'fix' this?
  - Note: this is not saying the Field Response is wrong – instead we want to see if we can recover what the image would have looked like with a properly-biased APA



- Example beam event from data the collection plane looks fuzzy
  - Clearer if we zoom in and look at the points







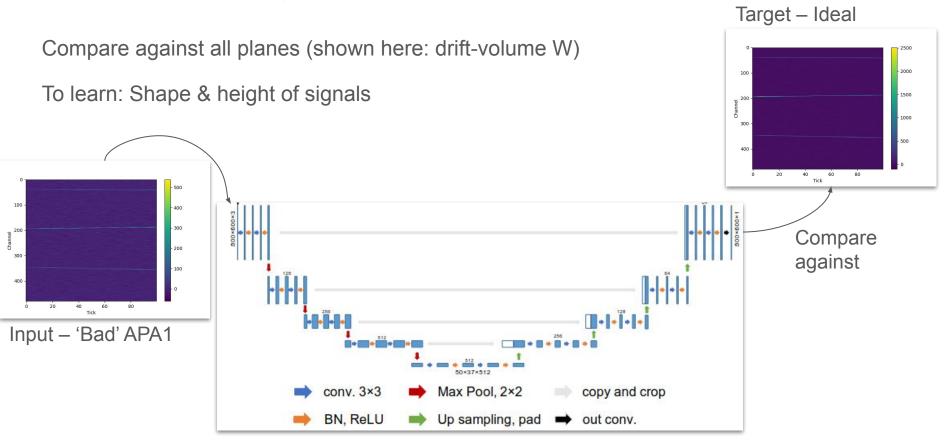
#### **Potential Solution**

Can we simulate readout with signal (i.e. MIPs or MIP-like tracks) in the APA1 drift volume

- 1. With the ideal bias applied to the wires
  - a. "Target"
- 2. With some varied/assumed bias configuration (i.e.  $V_w = 0$ )
  - a. "Input"

And train a UNet (like the DNNROI network) to transform the input ( $V_W = 0$ ) to the ideal configuration

# **Network/Training Setup**



#### **Input Creation**

Made some PDHD cosmics simulation with both APA configurations

Same simulation (CORSIKA + G4) up to wirecell drift simulation then split into APA configs

Extract first 100 ticks (500ns each -> 50us total) from each

- Simulated field response known to 100us
  - I made a mistake when setting up the extraction can rerun jobs to make sure I get the correct size)
  - o "Fine" for proof of principle

Instead – can set up wirecell simulation workflow with random directions/positions/lengths of MIP tracks simulated in a single PDHD TPC with the 2 different APA setups

Then: only need to simulate 200 ticks exactly

### First Attempts

Copied DNNROI UResNet implementation (<u>model</u>, <u>parts</u>) and trained using only simulated readout from the drift-volume TPC

N Features: 16, 32, 64, 128

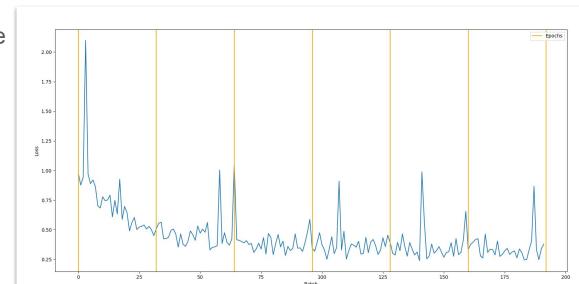
Scaling inputs & truth by 1./128.

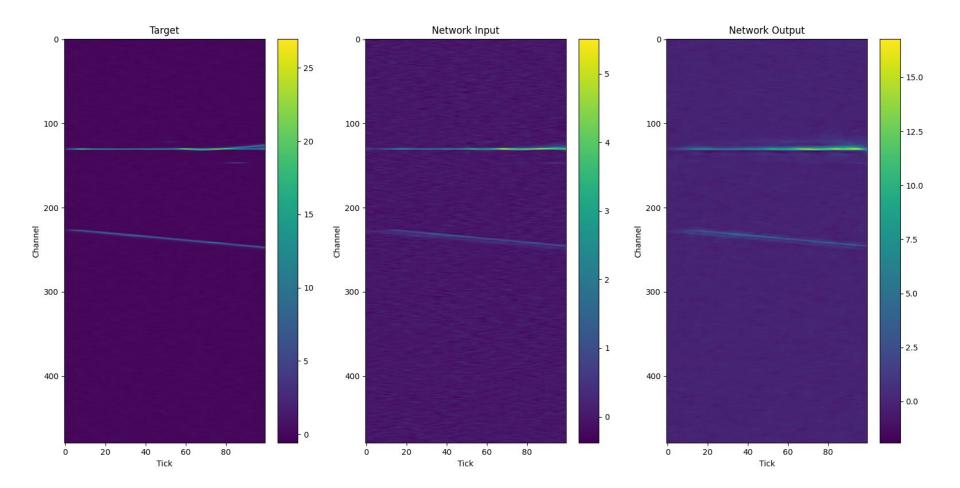
Need to figure out better scale

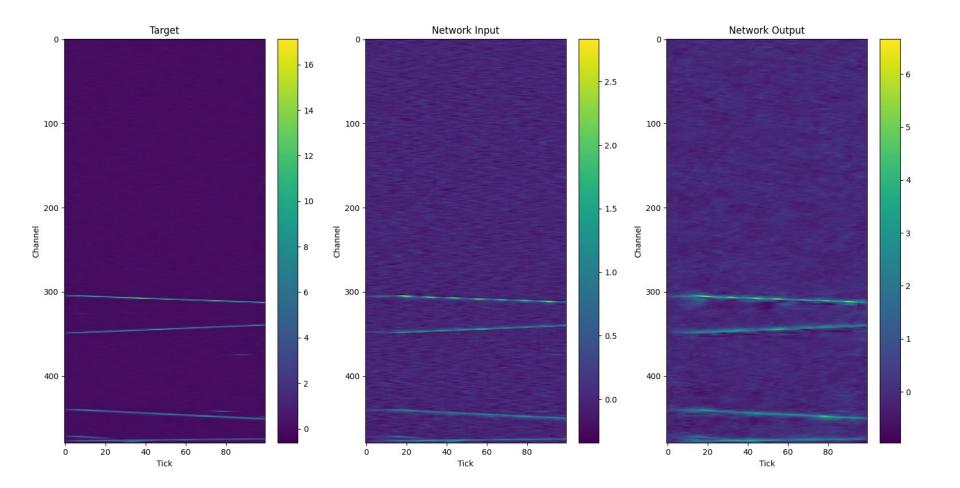
I believe the spikes are from higher-occupancy events

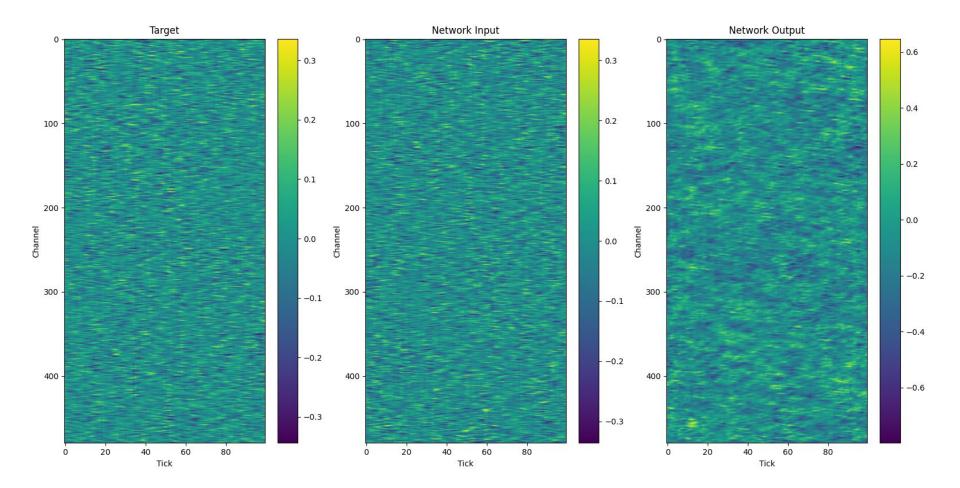
Need to check this

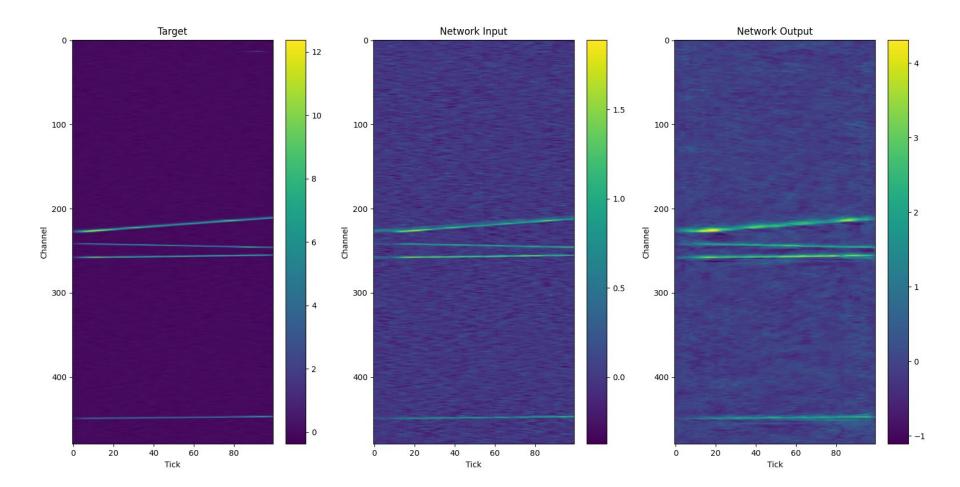
Loss flattens out after ~3 epochs

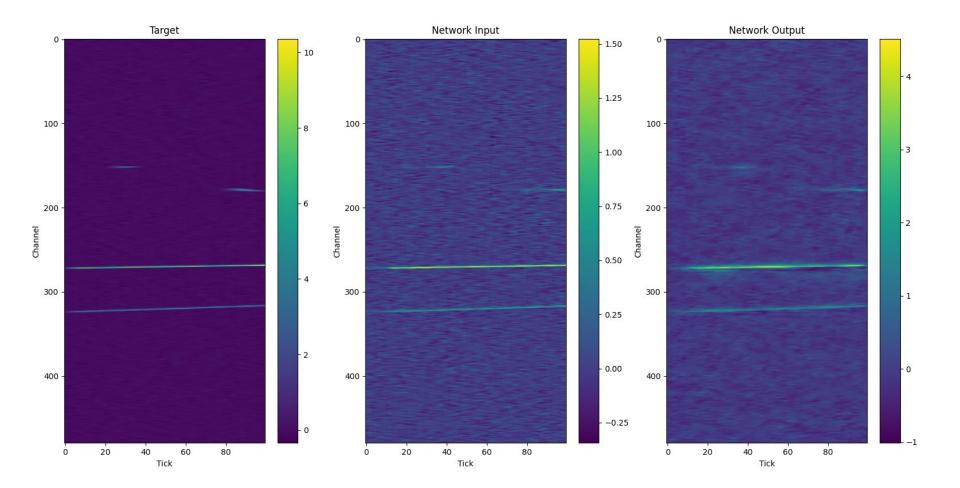


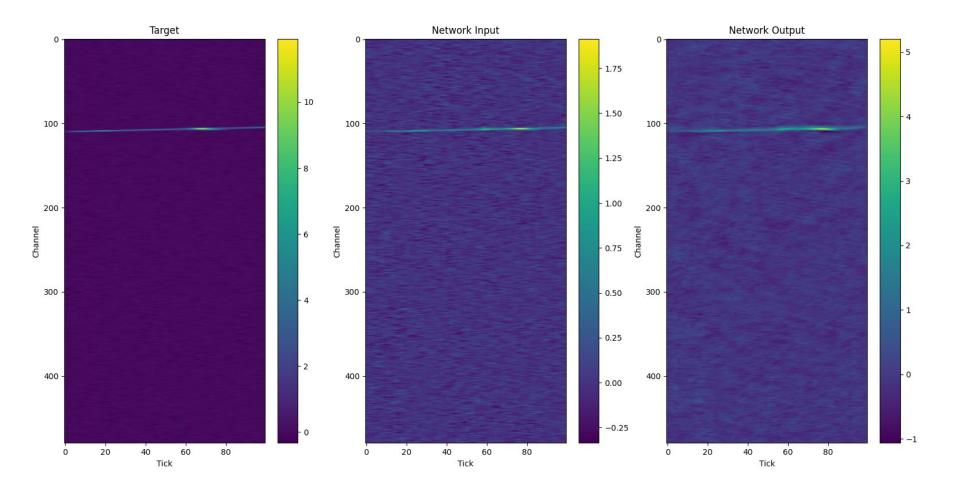










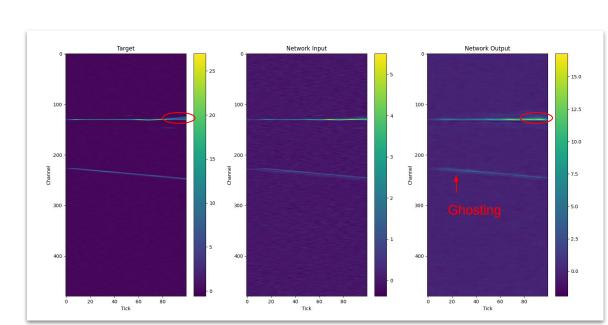


## Discussion

Overall scale of signal is closer to target

Some signal remains 'washed out'

**Ghosting remains** 



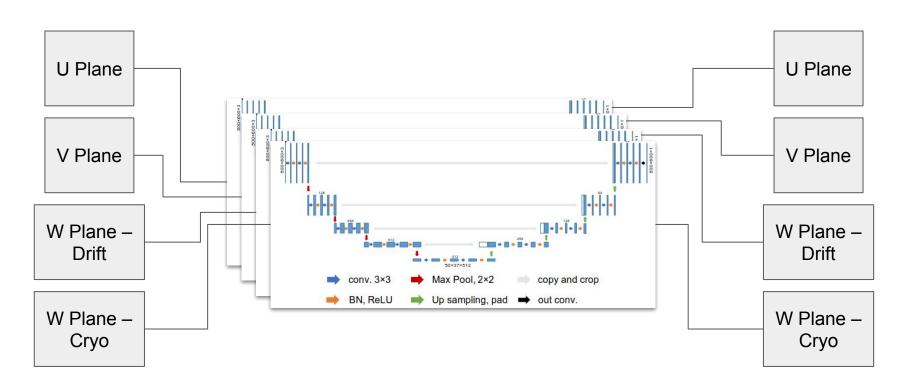
## Future Improvements

More features in UNet layers

Including readout from all planes should 'recover' charge that is not collected on W planes

- How best to combine the info?
  - My naive intuition: separated UNets for each plane trained at once wouldn't be so powerful

# Simple extension for all planes



# Extension for all planes

