

FEMC Minimal Energy: Reconsidering the Requirements

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November 2025

YR: Detector Requirements

η	Nomenclature		Tracking				Electrons and Photons			$\pi/K/p$ PID		HCAL		Muons
			Min p_T	Resolution	Allowed X/X_0	Si-Vertex	Min E	Resolution σ_E/E	PID	p-Range (GeV/c)	Separation	Min E	Resolution σ_E/E	
-6.9 — -5.8	↓ p/A	Auxiliary Detectors		$\delta\theta/\theta < 1.5\%; 10^{-4} < Q^2 < 10^{-2} \text{ GeV}^2$										
...														
-4.5 — -4.0		low- Q^2 tagger												
-4.0 — -3.5		Instrumentation to separate charged particles from γ												
-3.5 — -3.0	Central Detector	Backwards Detectors		$\sigma_{\theta}/p \sim 0.1\% \times p + 2.0\%$		$\sigma_{\eta} \sim 30 \mu\text{m}/p_T$ 40 μm		2%/√E+ (1-3)%					~50%/√E+6%	
-3.0 — -2.5				$\sigma_{\theta}/p \sim 0.05\% \times p + 1.0\%$		$\sigma_{\eta} \sim 30 \mu\text{m}/p_T$ 20 μm		7%/√E+ (1-3)%	π suppression up to 1.10^4	$\leq 7 \text{ GeV}/c$			~45%/√E+6%	
-2.5 — -2.0				$\sigma_{\theta}/p \sim 0.05\% \times p + 0.5\%$	~5% or less	$\sigma_{\eta} \sim 20 \mu\text{m}$ $d_0(z) \sim d_0(\eta)$ $\sim 20/p_T \text{ GeV}$ $\mu\text{m} + 5 \mu\text{m}$	50 MeV			$\leq 10 \text{ GeV}/c$	$\geq 3\sigma$	~500 MeV	~85%/√E+7%	Useful for bkg. improve resolution
-2.0 — -1.5				$\sigma_{\theta}/p \sim 0.05\% \times p + 1.0\%$		$\sigma_{\eta} \sim 30 \mu\text{m}/p_T$ 20 μm		(10-12)%/√E+ (1-3)%		$\leq 15 \text{ GeV}/c$				
-1.5 — -1.0				$\sigma_{\theta}/p \sim 0.05\% \times p + 1.0\%$		$\sigma_{\eta} \sim 30 \mu\text{m}/p_T$ 20 μm				$\leq 30 \text{ GeV}/c$				
-1.0 — -0.5				$\sigma_{\theta}/p \sim 0.05\% \times p + 1.0\%$		$\sigma_{\eta} \sim 30 \mu\text{m}/p_T$ 40 μm				$\leq 50 \text{ GeV}/c$			~35%/√E	
-0.5 — 0.0				$\sigma_{\theta}/p \sim 0.05\% \times p + 2.0\%$		$\sigma_{\eta} \sim 30 \mu\text{m}/p_T$ 60 μm				$\leq 30 \text{ GeV}/c$				
0.0 — 0.5														
0.5 — 1.0														
1.0 — 1.5														
1.5 — 2.0														
2.0 — 2.5														
2.5 — 3.0	↑ p/A	Auxiliary Detectors												
3.0 — 3.5		Instrumentation to separate charged particles from γ												
3.5 — 4.0														
4.0 — 4.5														
...	↑ e	Proton Spectrometer		$\sigma_{\text{transac}}(d / l < 1\%$ Acceptance: $0.2 < p_T < 1.2 \text{ GeV}/c$										
> 6.2														

Section 8.2.5: $\Sigma \rightarrow \Lambda \gamma$

“We concluded that a requirement of γ detection with the nominal resolution in that region for $E_\gamma > 200 \text{ MeV}$ up to $\eta=3.0$ and $E_\gamma > 400 \text{ MeV}$ for $3.0 < \eta < 4.0$ is sufficient to maintain a reasonable acceptance for Σ^0 s.”

Section 8.3.5: Jets

“... have assumed minimum energy thresholds of $200 \text{ MeV}/c$ and see good jet energy scales and missing transverse energy resolutions.”

Section 8.3.7: SIDIS

“An energy threshold of 100 MeV or better is also requested.”

In Project:

“General, Functional, and Performance Requirements for the EIC Detector Systems”

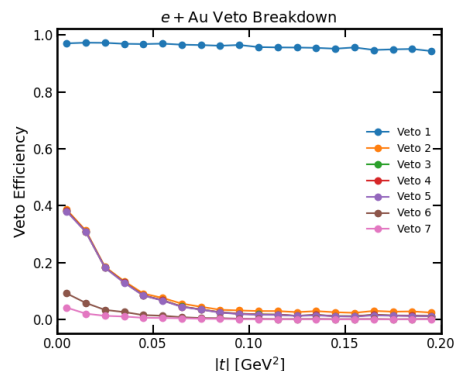
$E_{\min}=100 \text{ MeV}$ is used

Keeping 100 MeV requirement in FEMC is a big challenge, which may require expensive design modification (if possible at all)

Can we accept higher threshold, e.g. 200 MeV for $1.4 < \eta < 3.0$ and 400 MeV $\eta > 3.0$?

Tagging incoherent vector-meson production

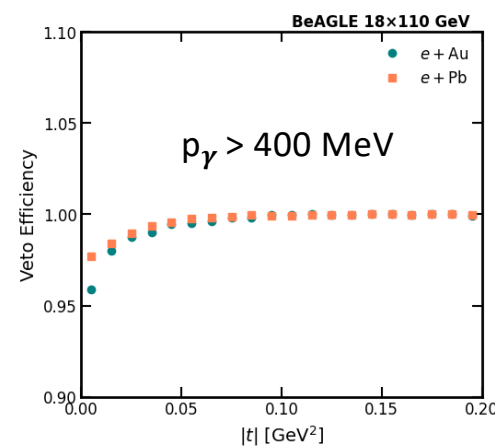
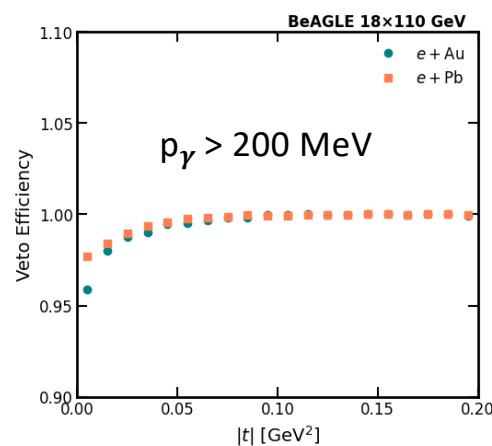
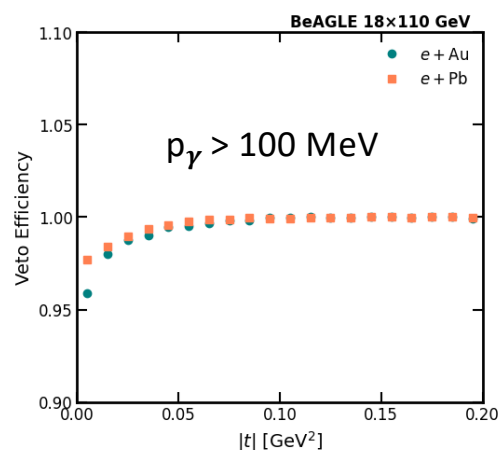
- Veto.1: no activity other than e^- and J/ψ in the main detector ($|\eta| < 4.0$ and $p_T > 100$ MeV/c) ;
- Veto.2: Veto.1 and no neutron in ZDC;
- Veto.3: Veto.2 and no proton in RP;
- Veto.4: Veto.3 and no proton in OMDs;
- Veto.5: Veto.4 and no proton in B0;
- Veto.6: Veto.5 and no photon in B0;
- Veto.7: Veto.6 and no photon with $E > 50$ MeV in ZDC.



Mathias Labonté

Exclusive, Diffraction, & Tagging Meeting
June 30, 2025

Measuring photons coming from nuclear de-excitations
can serve as a means of tagging incoherent events



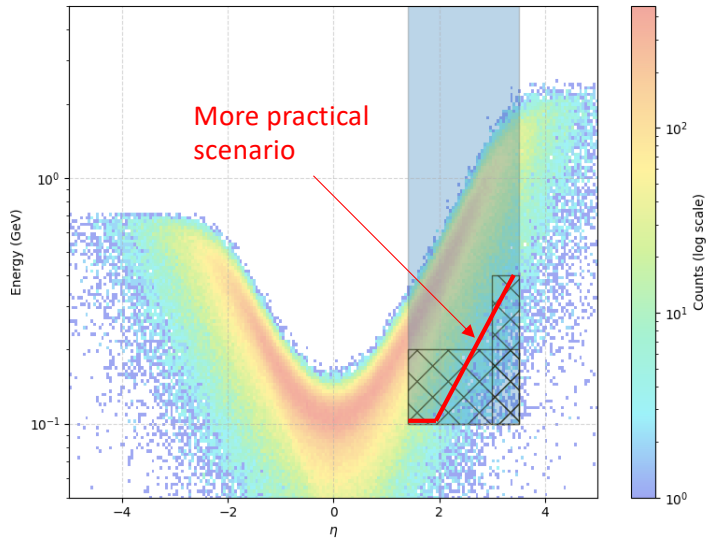
No impact, because all photons are very forward and are tagged by B0 and ZDC

Charmonium radiative decays

Minjun Kim

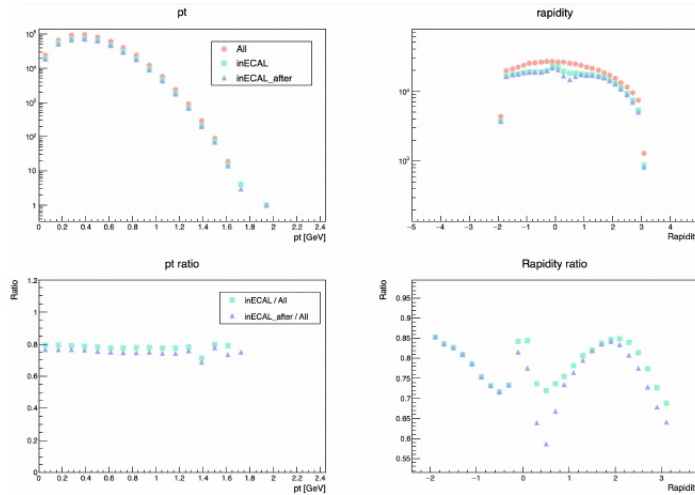
Exclusive, Diffraction, & Tagging Meeting
June 30, 2025

Photons from $J/\psi \rightarrow \eta_c + \gamma$ in ep 10x130 GeV



Using the $J/\psi \rightarrow \eta_c + \gamma$ channel as a benchmark
Represents a general case for studies of charmonium radiative decays, as many of these processes emit photons in a similar energy range.

Acceptance as a function of J/ψ momentum and rapidity



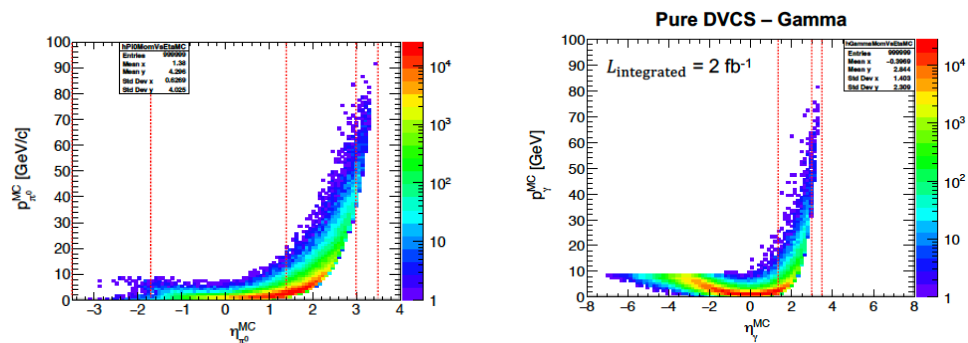
New minimum energy threshold in FEMC results in 2-3% reduction in acceptance overall, with some rapidity dependence

The impact is expected to be significantly smaller for smooth $E_{\min}(\eta)$

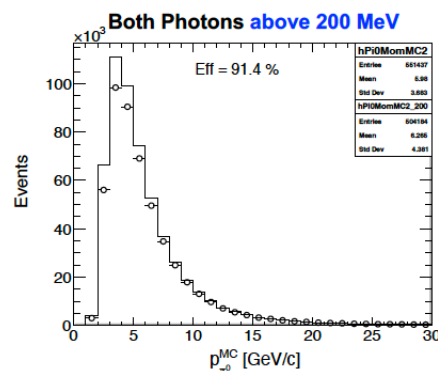
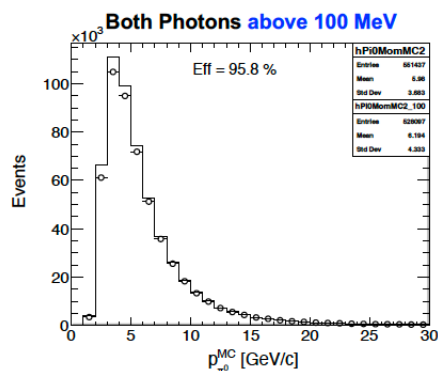
Photon in EMC acceptance $ \eta < 3.5$ & $E > 100$ MeV	78.56%
Photon in FEMC acceptance $1.4 < \eta < 3.5$ & $E > 100$ MeV	22.75%
Fraction of photon rejected due to new threshold (hashed area)	2.62%

Exclusive π^0 and DVCS γ

ep 10x130 GeV



$1.4 < \eta < 3.0$



Jihee Kim

Exclusive, Diffraction, & Tagging Meeting
June 16, 2025

$1.4 < \eta < 3.0$, $E_{\text{min}} = 100 \text{ MeV} \rightarrow 200 \text{ MeV}$: 4.4% decrease in eff
 $3.0 < \eta < 3.5$, $E_{\text{min}} = 100 \text{ MeV} \rightarrow 400 \text{ MeV}$: 1.6% decrease in eff

Background to DVCS (upper bound)

(*E. Aschenauer et al, PRD 112, 036010 (2025)*):

<1% for 5x41 GeV

<0.5% for 10x100 GeV

<0.05% for 18x275 GeV

A factor of x2 increase (upper bound) may be expected due to new proposed threshold

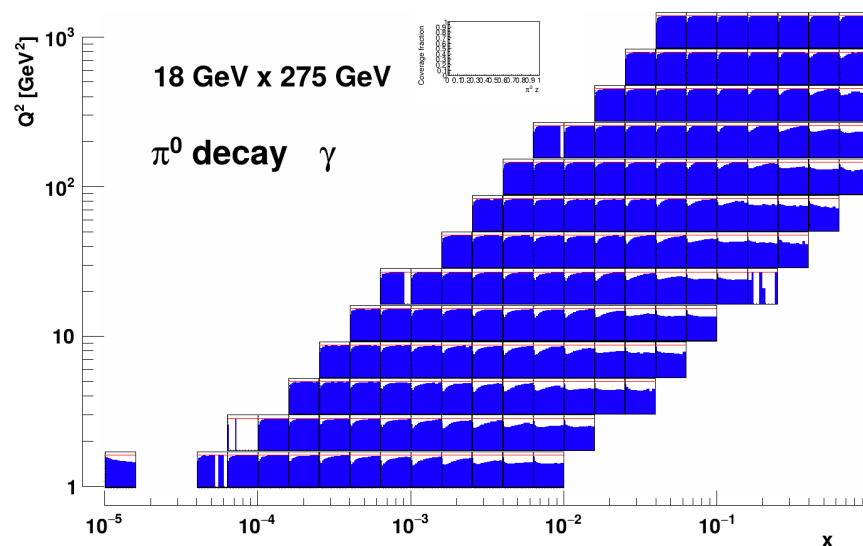
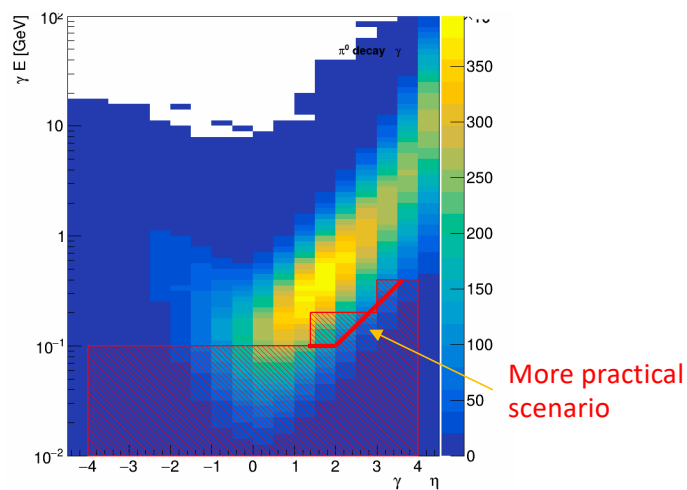
Only minor effect

The impact is expected to be significantly smaller for smooth $E_{\text{min}}(\eta)$

SIDIS: π^0

Ralf Seidl
SIDIS Meeting
July 8, 2025

Not a primary channel, serves mainly as a cross check for charged pion probes (for flavor separation)

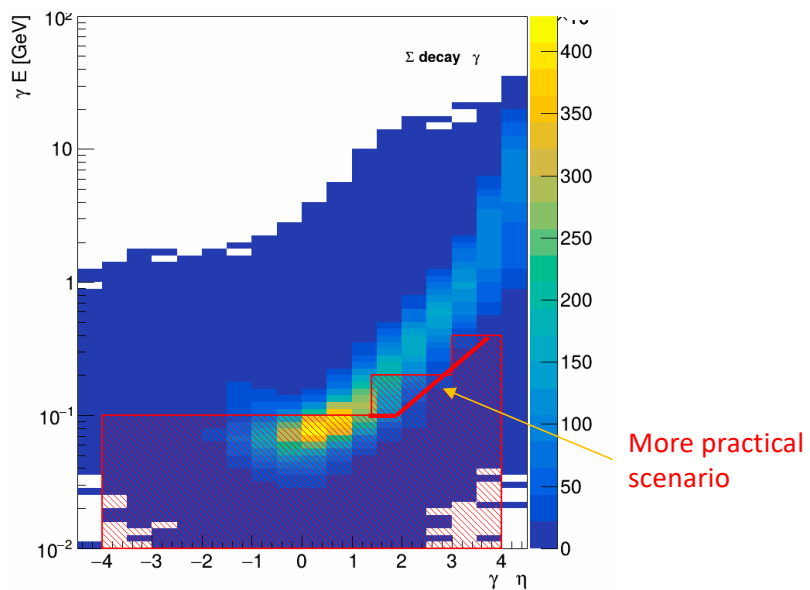


Some minor losses, no phase space reduction

The impact is expected to be significantly smaller for smooth $E_{\min}(\eta)$

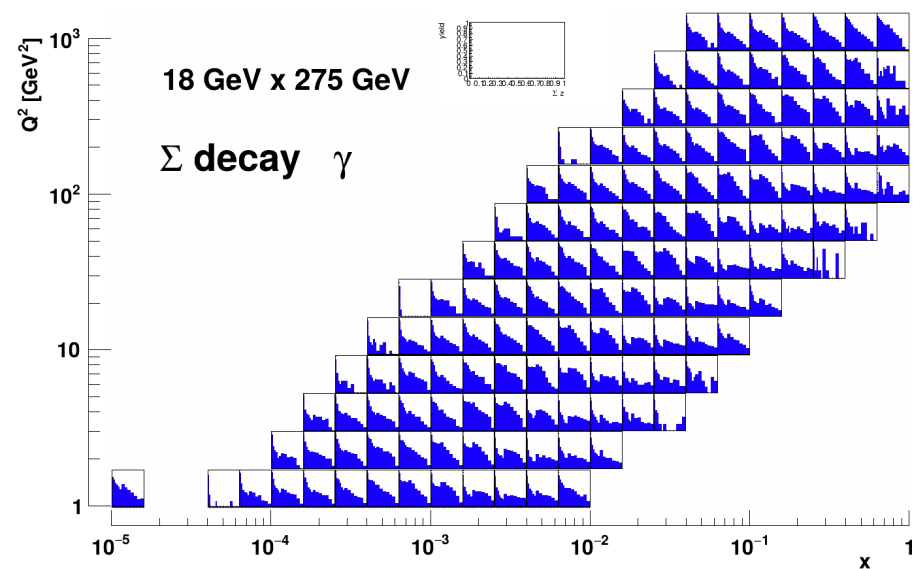
SIDIS: $\Sigma \rightarrow \Lambda \gamma$

Ralf Seidl
SIDIS Meeting
July 8, 2025



YR Section 8.2.5: $\Sigma \rightarrow \Lambda \gamma$

“We concluded that a requirement of γ detection with the nominal resolution in that region for $E_\gamma > 200$ MeV up to $\eta=3.0$ and $E_\gamma > 400$ MeV for $3.0 < \eta < 4.0$ is sufficient to maintain a reasonable acceptance for Σ^0 s.”



Phase space not sacrificed

Losses, mainly from 100 MeV threshold in barrel.

Minimal effect from FEMC threshold

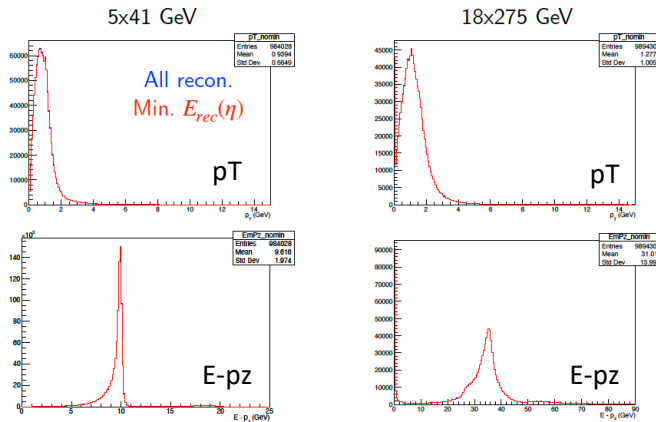
Inclusive DIS

Tyler Kutz, Stephen Maple
Inclusive DIS
Private communication

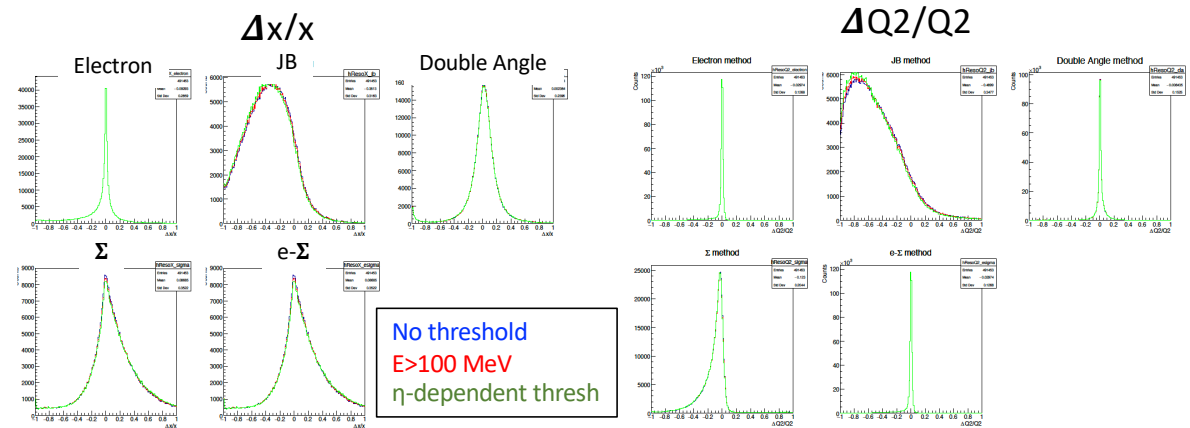
Inclusive kinematics reco with hadronic final state (JB, DA, ...)

$$P_T = \sqrt{\left(\sum_i (E_i - p_{z,i})\right)^2 + \left(\sum_i p_{x,i}\right)^2 + \left(\sum_i p_{y,i}\right)^2}$$

-3.5< η <1.4: E>0.1GeV
1.4< η <3.0: E>0.2GeV
3.0< η <3.5: E>0.4GeV



18x275 GeV, 100<Q²<1000 GeV²



Also checked for 5x41 GeV and different Q2 bins

No impact from increased energy threshold in FEMC

Suggestion

Minimal Energy Requirements change in FEMC:

From: 100 MeV

To: **100-400 MeV from low to high pseudo-rapidity**

Big Thanks to all physics groups for quick responses and studies performed

Backup

YR

Table 3.1: This matrix summarizes the high level performance of the different subdetectors and a 3 T Solenoid. The interactive version of this matrix can be obtained through the Yellow Report Detector Working Group (<https://physdiv.jlab.org/DetectorMatrix/>).

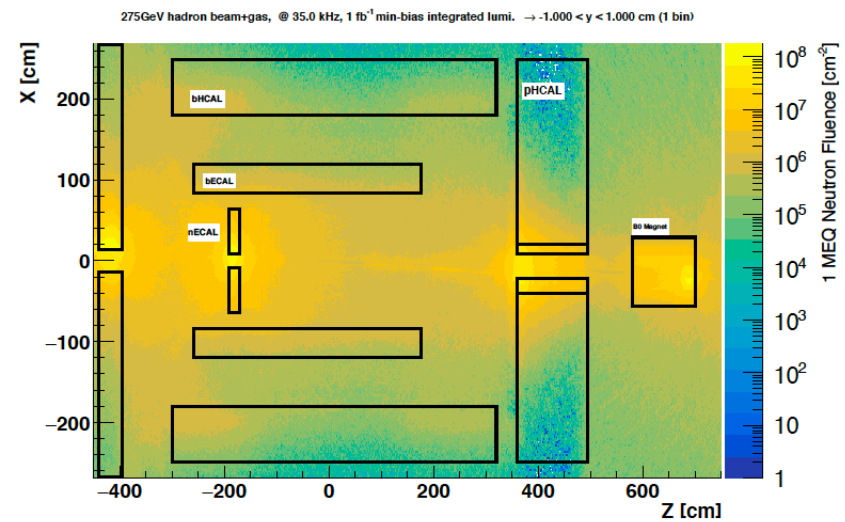
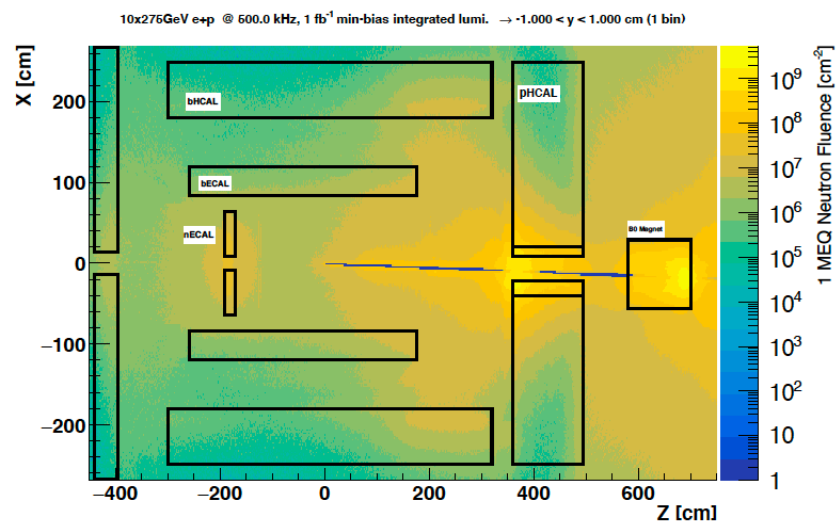
η	Nomenclature	Tracking					Electrons and Photons			e/p		HCAL		Muons
		Resolution	Relative Momentum	Allowed X/X_0	Minimum p_T (MeV/c)	Transverse Pointing Res.	Longitudinal Pointing Res.	Resolution $\sigma_{\eta E}$	PID	Min E Photon	p-Range Separation	Resolution $\sigma_{\eta E}$	Energy	
< -4.6	Low-Q2 tagger	Not Accessible												
-4.6 to -4.0	Backward Detector	Reduced Performance												
-4.0 to -3.5		$\sigma_{\eta E} = 0.1\% \text{pt}/2\%$	150-300	dE/dx1 ~ 40% μm @ 10 μm	dE/dx2 ~ 100% μm @ 20 μm	2NAE @ 2.0% NE @ 1%		\times suppression up to 1.10^4	20 MeV	$\leq 10 \text{ GeV/c}$	$\approx 3\sigma$	50% NE @ 10%	Muons useful for background suppression and improved resolution	
-3.5 to -3.0		$\sigma_{\eta E} = 0.02\% \times p @ 1\%$				2NAE @ 4.0% NE @ 2%		\times suppression up to 1.10^4	50 MeV			50% NE @ 10%		
-3.0 to -2.5		$\sigma_{\eta E} = 0.02\% \times p @ 1\%$				2NAE @ 4.0% NE @ 2%		\times suppression up to 1.10^4	50 MeV			50% NE @ 10%		
-2.5 to -2.0		$\sigma_{\eta E} = 0.02\% \times p @ 1\%$				2NAE @ 4.0% NE @ 2%		\times suppression up to 1.10^4	50 MeV			50% NE @ 10%		
-2.0 to -1.5	$\sigma_{\eta E} = 0.02\% \times p @ 1\%$	2NAE @ 4.0% NE @ 2%				\times suppression up to 1.10^4	50 MeV	50% NE @ 10%						
-1.5 to -1.0	Barrel	$\sigma_{\eta E} = 0.02\% \times p @ 0.5\%$	400	dE/dx1 ~ 30% μm @ 5 μm	dE/dx2 ~ 30% μm @ 5 μm	2NAE @ 12.0% NE @ 2.0%		\times suppression up to 1.10^4	100 MeV	$\approx 6 \text{ GeV/c}$	$\approx 3\sigma$	100% NE @ 10%	$\approx 300 \text{ MeV}$	
-0.5 to 0.0		$\sigma_{\eta E} = 0.02\% \times p @ 0.5\%$				2NAE @ 12.0% NE @ 2.0%		\times suppression up to 1.10^4	100 MeV			100% NE @ 10%		
0.0 to 0.5	Forward Detectors	$\sigma_{\eta E} = 0.02\% \times p @ 0.5\%$	150-300	dE/dx1 ~ 40% μm @ 10 μm	dE/dx2 ~ 100% μm @ 20 μm	2NAE @ 4.0% NE @ 2%		\times suppression up to 1.10^4	50 MeV	$\approx 6 \text{ GeV/c}$	$\approx 3\sigma$	50% NE @ 10%	Muons useful for background suppression and improved resolution	
0.5 to 1.0		$\sigma_{\eta E} = 0.02\% \times p @ 0.5\%$				2NAE @ 4.0% NE @ 2%		\times suppression up to 1.10^4	50 MeV			50% NE @ 10%		
1.0 to 1.5		$\sigma_{\eta E} = 0.02\% \times p @ 0.5\%$				2NAE @ 4.0% NE @ 2%		\times suppression up to 1.10^4	50 MeV			50% NE @ 10%		
1.5 to 2.0		$\sigma_{\eta E} = 0.02\% \times p @ 0.5\%$				2NAE @ 4.0% NE @ 2%		\times suppression up to 1.10^4	50 MeV			50% NE @ 10%		
2.0 to 2.5		$\sigma_{\eta E} = 0.02\% \times p @ 0.5\%$				2NAE @ 4.0% NE @ 2%		\times suppression up to 1.10^4	50 MeV			50% NE @ 10%		
2.5 to 3.0	Instrumentation to separate charged particles from photons	$\sigma_{\eta E} = 0.1\% \text{pt}/2\%$	150-300	dE/dx1 ~ 40% μm @ 10 μm	dE/dx2 ~ 100% μm @ 20 μm	2NAE @ 4.0% NE @ 2%		\times suppression up to 1.10^4	50 MeV	$\approx 6 \text{ GeV/c}$	$\approx 3\sigma$	50% NE @ 10%	Muons useful for background suppression and improved resolution	
3.0 to 3.5		$\sigma_{\eta E} = 0.1\% \text{pt}/2\%$				2NAE @ 4.0% NE @ 2%		\times suppression up to 1.10^4	50 MeV			50% NE @ 10%		
3.5 to 4.0	Instrumentation to separate charged particles from photons	Reduced Performance												
4.0 to 4.5	Proton Spectrometer	Not Accessible												
> 4.6		Zero Degree Neutral Detector	Not Accessible											

Table 11.50: This matrix summarizes the high level performance of the different subdetectors and a 3 T Solenoid. The interactive version of this matrix can be obtained through the Yellow Report Detector Working Group (<https://physdiv.jlab.org/DetectorMatrix/>).

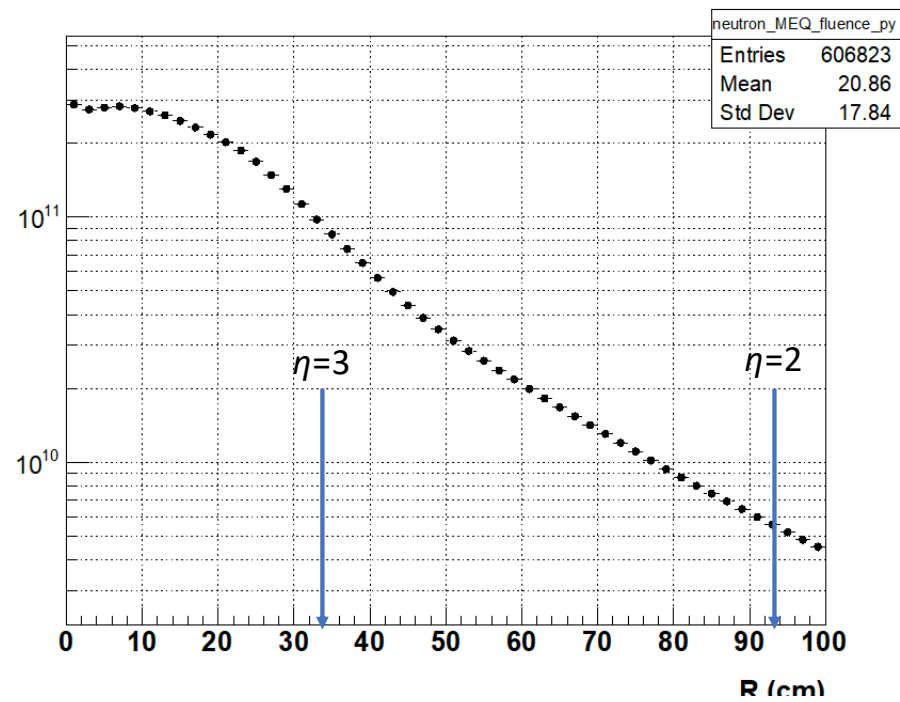
η	θ	Nomenclature	Tracking					Electrons and Photons			n/p		HCAL		Muons	
			Resolution	Relative Momentum	Allowed XZ_{eff}	Minimum p_T	Transverse Pointing Res.	Longitudinal Pointing Res.	Resolution σ_{pt}	PID	Min E Photon	p-Range Separation	Resolution σ_{pt}	Energy		
< -4.6	p/A	Far Backward Detectors	Not Accessible													
-4.6 to -4.0		Backward Detectors	Reduced Performance													
-4.0 to -3.5			$\sigma_{\text{pt}} = 0.2\% \text{pt}/2\%$	70-150 TeV/c	10-100	$\sigma_{\text{pt}} = 2.0\% \text{NE} @ 1\%$	\times suppression up to 1.10^4	20 MeV	$\leq 10 \text{ GeV/c}$							
-3.5 to -3.0			$\sigma_{\text{pt}} = 0.02\% \text{pt}/2\%$	10-100	$\sigma_{\text{pt}} = 2\% \text{NE} @ 140\% \text{NE} @ 2\%$	\times suppression up to 1.10^4	50 MeV	$\leq 6 \text{ GeV/c}$								
-3.0 to -2.5																
-2.5 to -2.0																
-2.0 to -1.5		Central Detectors	$\sigma_{\text{pt}} = 0.02\% \text{pt}/2\%$	35% at $\eta = 0$	200 MeV	$\sigma_{\text{pt}} = 2\% \text{NE} @ 12\% \text{NE} @ 2\%$	\times suppression up to 1.10^4	100 MeV	$\leq 6 \text{ GeV/c}$	$\times 3\sigma$						
-1.5 to -1.0																
-1.0 to -0.5																
-0.5 to 0.0																
0.0 to 0.5																
0.5 to 1.0		Forward Detectors	$\sigma_{\text{pt}} = 0.02\% \text{pt}/2\%$	70-150 TeV/c	10-100	$\sigma_{\text{pt}} = 2.0\% \text{NE} @ 1\%$	\times suppression up to 1.10^4	20 MeV	$\leq 10 \text{ GeV/c}$							
1.0 to 1.5																
1.5 to 2.0																
2.0 to 2.5																
2.5 to 3.0																
3.0 to 3.5	Instrumentation to separate charged particles from photons	$\sigma_{\text{pt}} = 0.1\% \text{pt}/2\%$														
3.5 to 4.0																
4.0 to 4.5	p/A	Proton Spectrometer	Not Accessible													
> 4.6		Zero Degree Neutral Detector	Not Accessible													

Table 10.6: This matrix summarizes the high level requirements for the detector performance. The interactive version of this matrix can be obtained through the Yellow Report Physics Working Group WIKI page (https://wiki.bnl.gov/eicug/index.php/Yellow_Report_Physics_Common).

Phase	Nomenclature		Tracking				Electrons and Photons			n/p		HCAL		Muons			
			Resolution	Allowed	minimum pT	S Vertex	Resolution σ_{pt}	PID	min E	p-Range	Separat	Resolution σ_{pt}	Energy				
-6.0 to -5.8	p/A	Auxiliary Detectors	low-Q2 tagger	$\sigma_{\text{pt}} \leq 1.5\%$, 10-6 \pm Q2 $\leq 10^{-2}$ GeV ²													
-5.0 to -4.5							300 MeV pions										
-4.5 to -4.0				instrumentation to separate charged particles from photons			300 MeV pions		2% \sqrt{E} (+1-3%)		50 MeV						
-4.0 to -3.5											50 MeV			-50% \sqrt{E} \pm 6%			
-3.5 to -3.0											50 MeV						
-3.0 to -2.5		Central Detector	Backward Calorimeter	$\sigma_{\text{pt}} \text{PT} = 0.1\%$ @ 0.5%				$\epsilon_{\text{e}} \gamma = 30 \mu\text{m}$ \pm 40 μm								muons useful for bkg. Improve resolution	
-2.5 to -2.0				$\sigma_{\text{pt}} \text{PT} = 0.02\%$ @ 0.5%				$\epsilon_{\text{e}} \gamma = 30 \mu\text{m}$ \pm 20 μm	2% \sqrt{E} (+1-3%)	11		5-7 GeV/c		-45% \sqrt{E} \pm 5%			
-2.0 to -1.5				$\sigma_{\text{pt}} \text{PT} = 0.005\%$ @ 0.5%				$\epsilon_{\text{e}} \gamma = 30 \mu\text{m}$ \pm 5 μm	7% \sqrt{E} (+1-3%)	suppression up to 1E+4							
-1.5 to -1.0								$\sigma_{\text{pt}} = 20 \mu\text{m}$, $\sigma(\text{dE}/\text{dX}) = 20 \mu\text{GeV}$ $\mu\text{m} = 5 \mu\text{m}$	7% \sqrt{E} (+1-3%)								
-1.0 to -0.5					-5% or less X						50 MeV		≤ 10 GeV/c		-85% \sqrt{E} \pm 7%		
-0.5 to 0.0			Barrel	$\sigma_{\text{pt}} \text{PT} = 0.005\%$ \pm 0.5%			< 500 MeV pions, 115 MeV kaons	$\epsilon_{\text{e}} \gamma = 30 \mu\text{m}$ \pm 20 μm			50 MeV		≤ 11 GeV/c	$\geq 3 \times$	-85% \sqrt{E} \pm 7%		-500 MeV
0.0 to 0.5								$\epsilon_{\text{e}} \gamma = 30 \mu\text{m}$ \pm 20 μm			50 MeV		5-30 GeV/c		-85% \sqrt{E} \pm 7%		
0.5 to 1.0										50 MeV		≤ 50 GeV/c					
1.0 to 1.5								$\epsilon_{\text{e}} \gamma = 30 \mu\text{m}$ \pm 40 μm	(10-12%) \sqrt{E} (+1-3%)	3 σ eff				35% \sqrt{E}			
1.5 to 2.0				$\sigma_{\text{pt}} \text{PT} = 8.1\%$ \pm 2.0%				$\epsilon_{\text{e}} \gamma = 30 \mu\text{m}$ \pm 100 μm			50 MeV		5-45 GeV/c				
2.0 to 2.5	Forward Detectors																
2.5 to 3.0																	
3.0 to 3.5																	
3.5 to 4.0																	
4.0 to 4.5																	
4.5 to 5.0	p/e	Auxiliary Detectors	instrumentation to separate charged particles from photons	Tracking capabilities are desirable for forward tagging						50 MeV							
5.0 to 5.5																	
5.5 to 6.0																	
6.0 to 6.5	p/e	Auxiliary Detectors	Neutron Detector		300 MeV pions		4.5% \sqrt{E} for photon energy > 20 GeV	~ 3 σ can granularly		50 MeV			30% \sqrt{E} (good), <50% \sqrt{E} (acceptable), 3mrad \sqrt{E} (opt)				
6.5 to 7.0																	
> 7.0																	
7.0 to 7.5	p/e	Auxiliary Detectors	Proton Spectrometer	intrinsically $ R / H < 1\%$, Acceptance: $0.2 \times \mu^+ \times 1.2$ GeV/c													
7.5 to 8.0																	
8.0 to 8.5																	



$n_{eq}(R)$ flux in FEMC



Material in front of FEMC

