



FY27 NPP LDRD Type B Pre-Proposal

Development of a hybrid MCP-PMT with an integrated TimePix4 readout for EIC Detector II

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Proposal title: “Development of a hybrid MCP-PMT with an integrated TimePix4 readout for EIC Detector II”

Primary Investigator: Alexander Kiselev

Other Investigators: Babak Azmoun, Martin Purschke [, Michael Minot (Incom Inc.), Thorbjørn Schoenbeck (ASI, Netherlands)]

Indicate if this is a cross-directorate proposal: No

If yes, identify other directorates/organizations: N/A

Proposal Term:

From: 10/01/2026

To: 09/30/2028

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Several Particle Identification (PID) subsystems of the future Electron-Ion Collider (EIC) Detector II will require single photon detection with a high efficiency, spatial and temporal resolution, as well as an extended photosensor lifetime and a high-performance data driven readout. **We propose to build a functional 2" Micro-Channel Plate Photomultiplier (MCP-PMT) with a 2x2 matrix of TimePix4 chips integrated into its ceramic anode plate**, as a photon detector prototype for these PID subsystems.

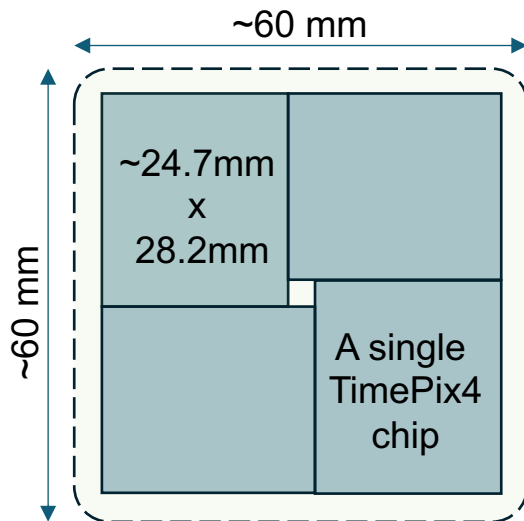
Program: NP

Return on Investment & broader impact on the activities at the laboratory: Proposed R&D will allow BNL to **acquire expertise in building large area vacuum photosensors with an integrated readout**. Such hybrid MCP-PMTs, both in a 2" and a 4" formfactor implementation, can find their **application in other new NP and HEP experiments with BNL participation**, and existing experiment upgrades where a high-performance single photon detection is required. They can further be used in **medical applications** like Positron Emission Tomography (in a multi-photon mode of course).

Total planned funding in FY27 and FY28: \$250k / year for 2 years

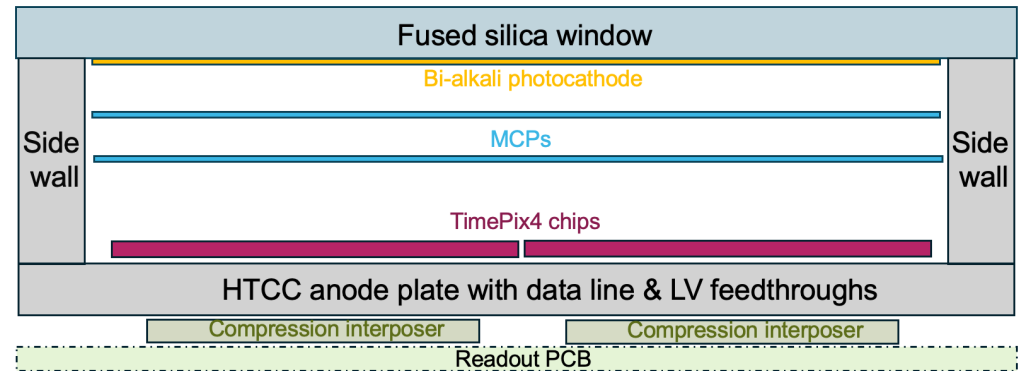
Technical concept

- Place TimePix4 chips inside of the MCP-PMT vacuum volume and pack four of them in a conventional 2" MCP-PMT footprint



A 2" MCP-PMT with 70-75% geometric efficiency

Side view of the stackup



- Expected performance: few hundred μm spatial and <60 ps temporal resolution, achieved with a gain as low as few times 10^4
- Meaning a drastic improvement in the photosensor lifetime (reduced ion backflow) as well as in a hit occupancy these photosensors will tolerate

- Recycle know-how developed during EIC High-Rate Picosecond Photodetector (HRPPD) design and test production, see next slide
- Hopefully, be the first ones to build a functional MCP-PMT in a multi-TimePix4 TSV (Through Silicon Vias) tileable configuration

Available expertise

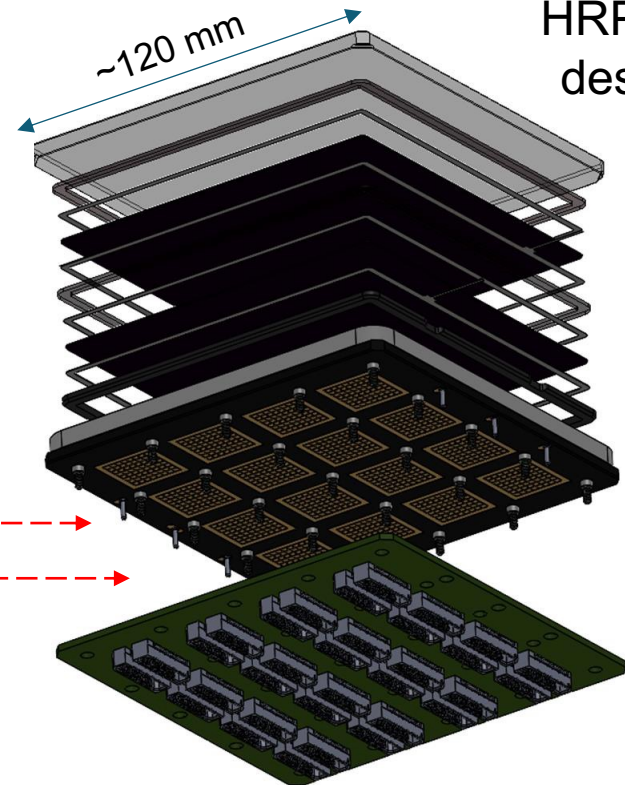
EIC
HRPPD
design

➤ Incom

- One of the (very) few vendors active in multi-anode MCP-PMT R&D
- In-house ALD MCP production, photocathode deposition, MCP-PMT sealing and testing
- Have successfully completed production of the first ten EIC HRPPDs (a 4" MCP-PMT variety)

➤ BNL

- Multi-layer High-Temperature Co-fired Ceramic EIC HRPPD anode and compression interposer based interconnect designs
- Several HRPPD test stations, including a femtosecond laser and aging setups, as well as a setup to perform B-field resilience measurements



➤ ASI

- Several implemented and in-progress TimePix3/4 based specialized detectors
- Expertise in related FPGA hardware and programming
- TimePix4 license

3D-ED

M3

T3

T4

- M&T3: 1x1, 2x2, 2x4, 4x4
- T4: 1x1, 2x2
- Fully integrated workflow with SerialEM, Instamatic, CEOS PanthaRhei, NanoMEGAS

Ultrafast EM

T3

T4

- T3: 1x1, 2x2, 2x4
- T4: 1x1
- Integration with other timing devices and pump probes via TDC
- Python interface
- Luna analysis package

4D-STEM

M3

T3

T4

- M3&T3: 1x1, 2x2, 2x4
- T4: 1x1, 1x2, 2x2
- Fully integrated solution and workflow with LiberTEM
- Live Preview, virtual detectors
- Prepared for riCOM

Ultrafast EELS

M3

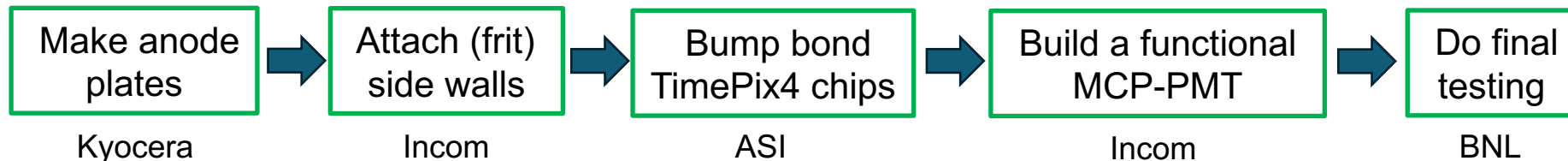
T3

T4

- M3&T3: 1x1, 2x2, 2x4
- T4: 1x1, 1x2, 2x2
- CEOS PanthaRhei integration
- Live Preview and synchronization with scan engine

Work plan

- Year 1: R&D with a demountable vacuum chamber setup
 - Decide on the footprint parameters; design and prepare MCPs, side walls, windows, fixturing
 - Design and build compression interposer interconnect and FPGA interface
 - Use TimePix4 on FR4 carrier board as a 1:1 mockup of the final MCP-PMT design anode plate
 - Use a robust low efficiency (metal) photocathode + a pair of MCPs in a demountable chamber
 - Model and / or tune stackup gaps, cooling setup, *bump bonding and bakeout regimes*
 - Establish expected performance parameters: gain, thresholds, spatial & temporal resolution
 - Order Kyocera High-Temperature Co-fired Ceramic (HTCC) anode plates
- Year 2: Build and test a functionalized sealed 2" MCP-PMT
 - Kyocera ceramic anode plate, 2x2 TimePix4 chips, MCPs, side walls, ...
 - ..., Bi-alkali photocathode on a fused silica window, UHV sealed package
 - Cooling system, high-speed interconnect & FPGA interface will be inherited from Year 1



Summary Slide & Budget request

- We propose building a novel 2” MCP-PMT with four TimePix4 ASICs integrated into the anode plane design, for single photon Cherenkov PID subsystems of EIC Detector II and other NP / HEP experiments
- We have all the necessary expertise to accomplish this task on a time scale of two years
- This R&D will strengthen BNL leading role in high-end physics instrumentation

	Year 1	Year 2
Demountable vacuum chamber construction labor and materials @ BNL	\$10k	
10% FTE Alexander Kiselev	\$20k	\$20k
5% FTE Babak Azmoun	\$10k	
5% FTE Martin Purschke		\$10k
Procurement of Kyocera anodes & Neoconix compression interposers	\$70k	
MCP-PMT design and fixturing @ Incom	\$35k	
Procurement of MCP-PMT components (side walls, windows, spacers, etc)		\$25k
MCP-PMT assembly / testing labor and materials @ Incom		\$60k
TimePix4 ASICs, interfacing M&S @ ASI (labor is in-kind)	\$45k	\$70k
Total	\$190k	\$185k

BNL overhead is not included