

# Update for Discrete Readout & MIT Prototype Comparison December 2025 DESY Testbeam

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ePIC TIC Mtg

Feb 08, 2026

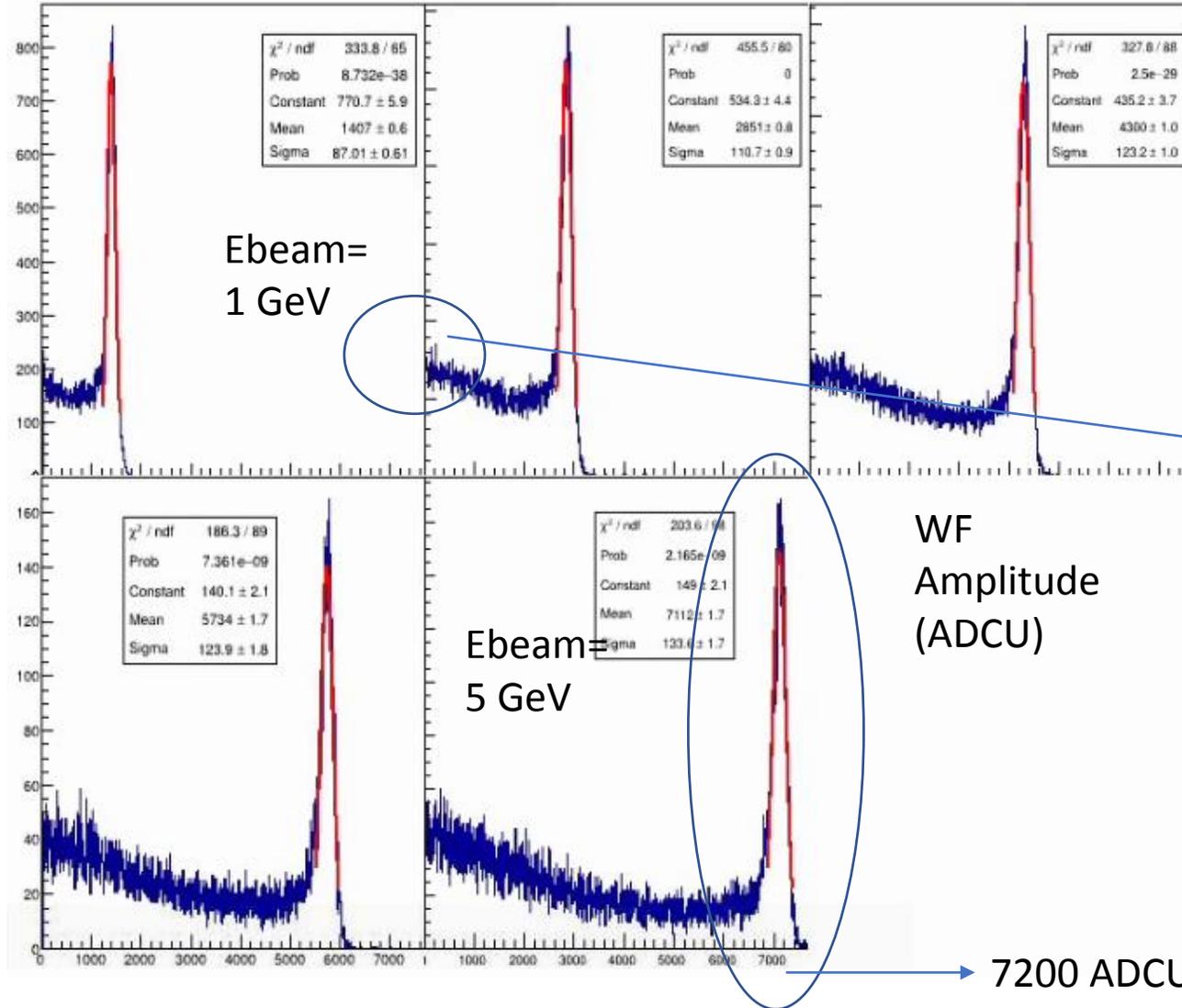


# Testbeam December 2025

- Testbeam DESY December 8-22 2025 -- MIT Prototype Dec 9-10 -- Discrete readout/Orsay prototype Dec ~11-12
  - Two Scintillator trigger → Two 16-Ch 250 MHz Caen V1725s Waveform digitizers / core software provided by MIT – **Milner/Hasell/Cline**
  - Readout by same siPM's as HGCROC – diff amp boards
  - DESY T24 TB area : 1-5 GeV electron energies
- Goals for DISCRETE (Compared to Feb/March 2025)
  - 1) DISCRETE Readout : try stabilization of bias voltage of individual channels/channel current monitoring, **understand backgrounds better**
  - (Get resolution measurements)
  - 2) MIT Prototype : Get Better Measurements for **understanding intrinsic beam resolutions** and backgrounds
  - Improve crystal siPM mounting for poor light coupling
- Tight schedule took most data ~1.5 days (helped by February 25 experience)
  - MIT Prototype/DISCRETE: J. Crafts, D. Hassell, G.Visser, and J. Frantz



# Feb 2025 : Amplitude Distributions –BACKGROUND!

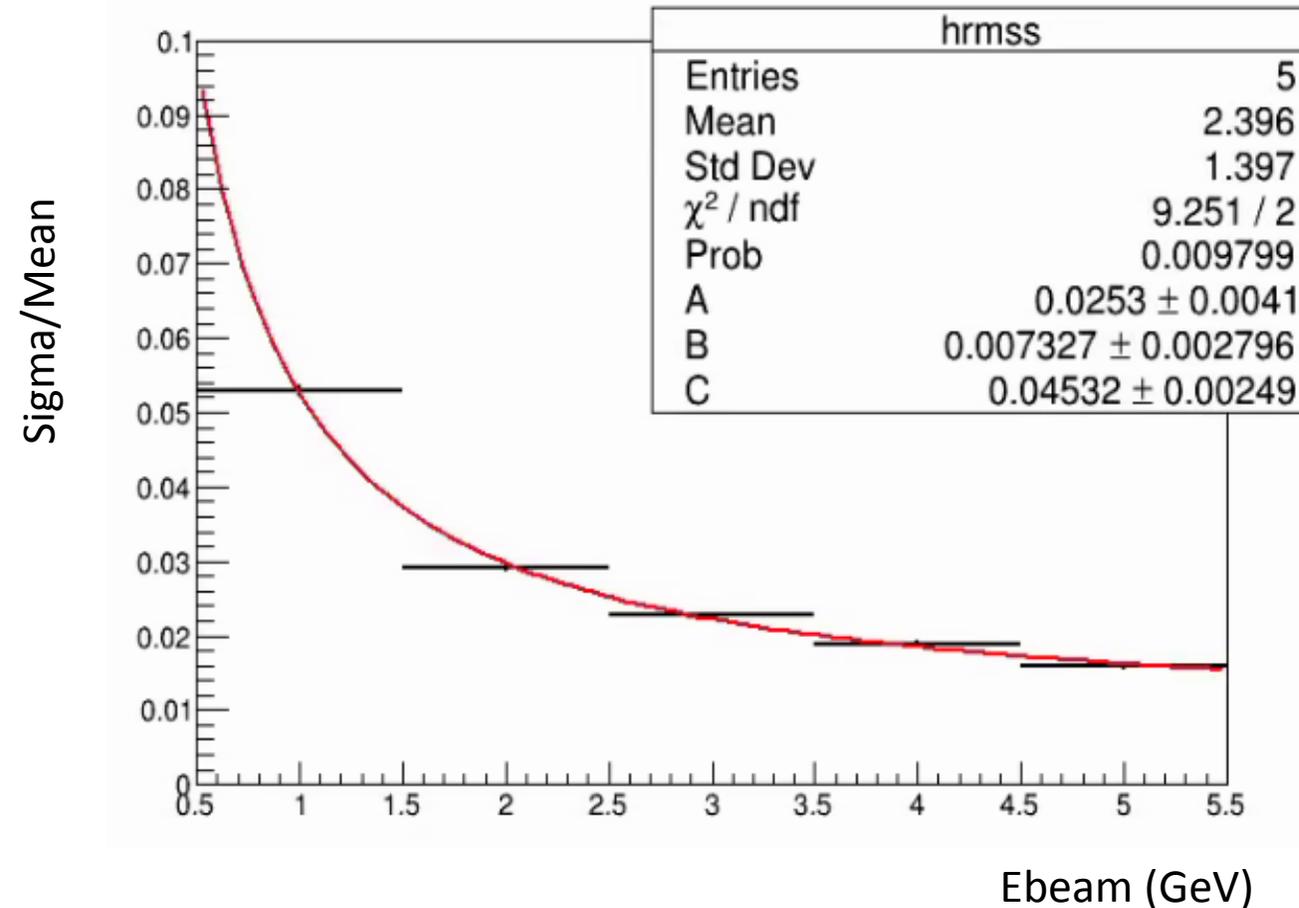


REMINDER FEB. RESULTS:

Mysterious background / low energy tail  
Eventually was subtracted, but still uncertainty on residual effects.

# Feb 2025 Resolution – $\sim 4.5\text{-}5\%$ / E Resolution Term Meaning

- Resolution fit needed a  $1/E$  term -- meaning?
- Remember but we didn't know what the intrinsic BEAM energy spread was



Reso Fit form

$$: \mathbf{A\% / \sqrt{E}} \oplus \mathbf{B\%} \oplus \mathbf{C\% / E}$$

- A term 2.5%
- B term (floated) 0.7%
- **Noise term 4.5%/E. Large :**

Reso 1GeV :0.0529

Reso 2GeV :0.0290

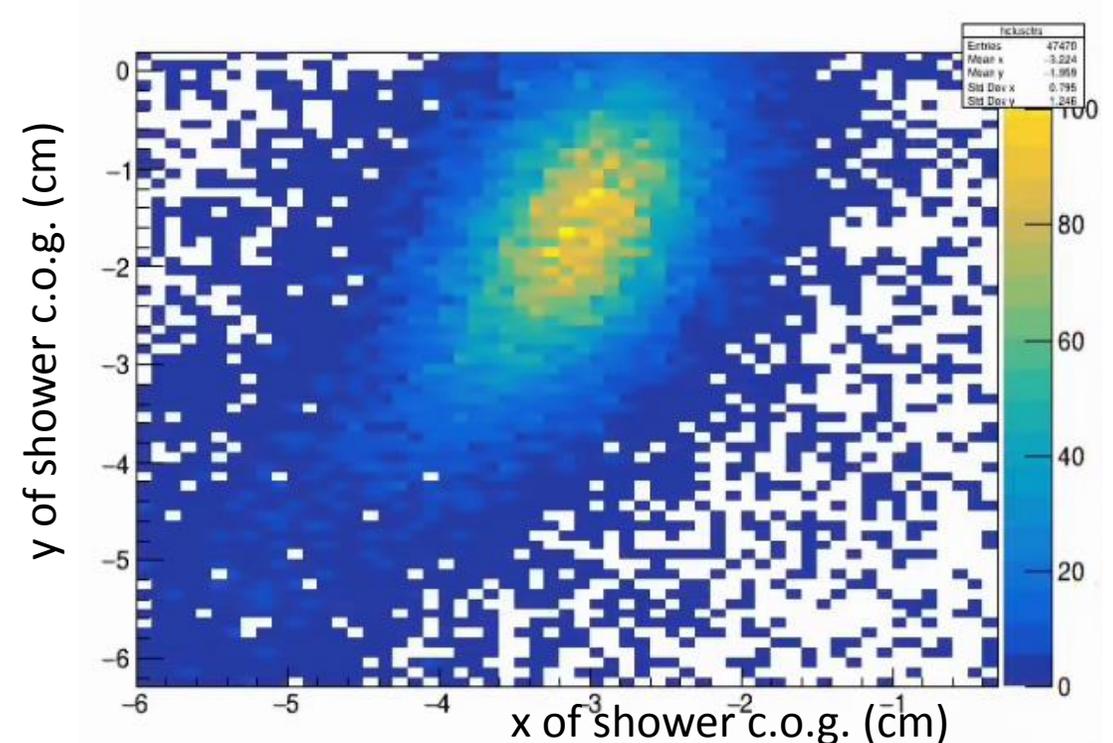
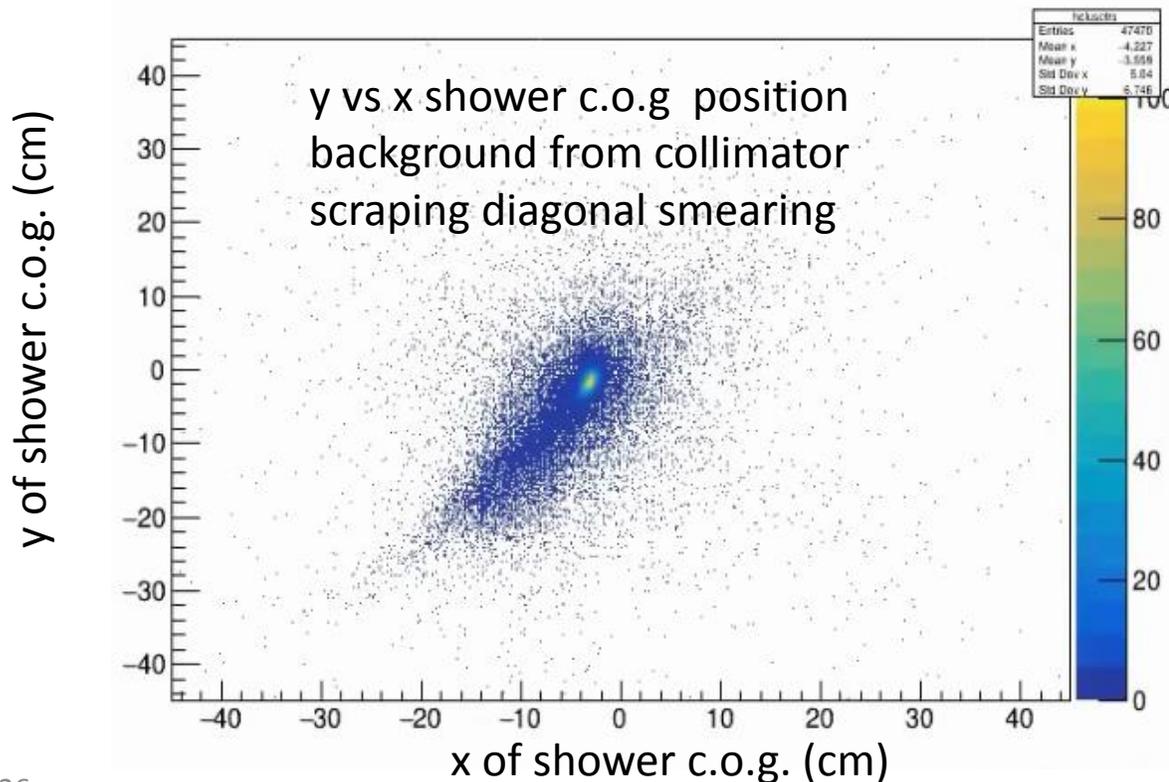
Reso 3GeV :0.0228

Reso 4GeV :0.0189

Reso 5GeV :0.0158

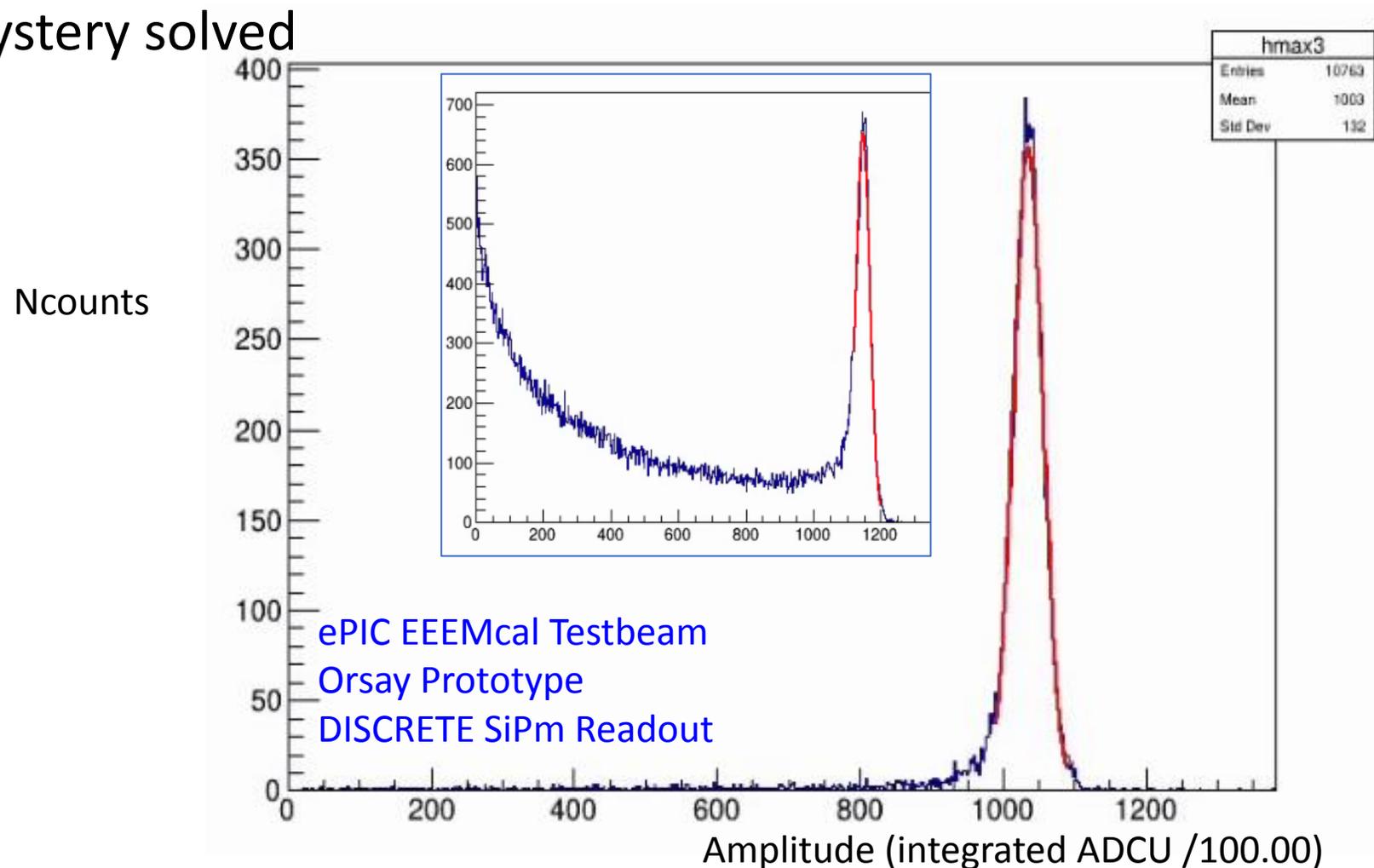
# Collimator discovery → Source of Low E Bkg

- Within < 1 day after our ~1.5 day data-taking was finished analysis of our data allowed us to deduce low E bkg caused by DESY/local collimators layout/combinations
- Fixed for HGCROC running based on first looks at our data
- Although our data was already taken we can make an **offline cut based on shower center of gravity (E C.O.G.) which completely cleans up**



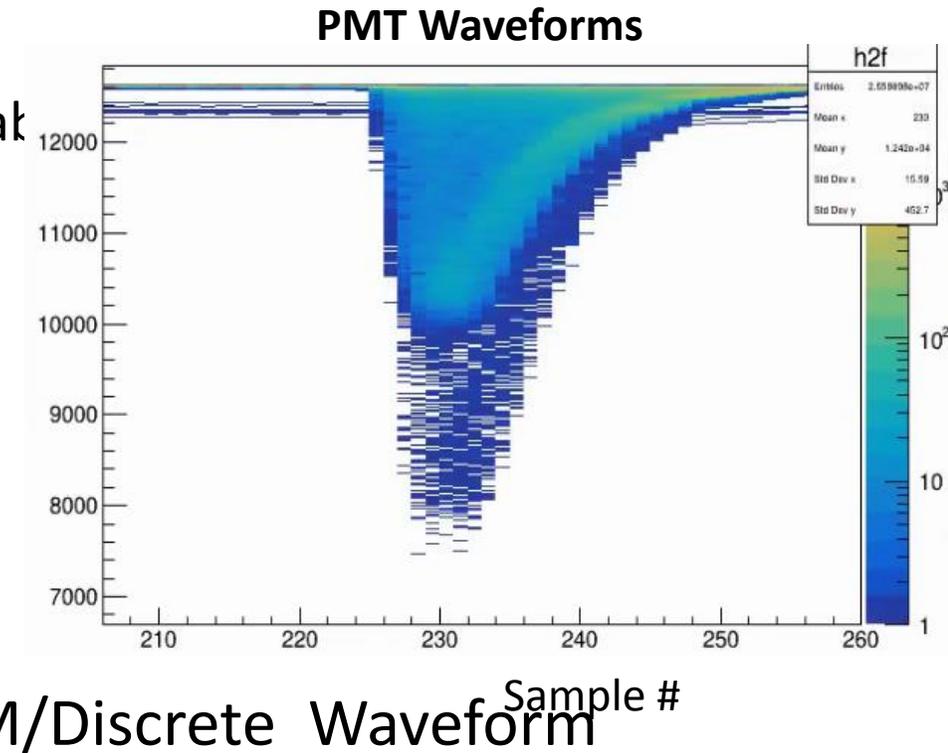
# Cleaned up E=4GeV with offline cut

- ~Near-complete clean up (full prototype 4 GeV Amplitude distribution). Cut value does not alter peak widths themselves but makes analysis easier.
- One mystery solved

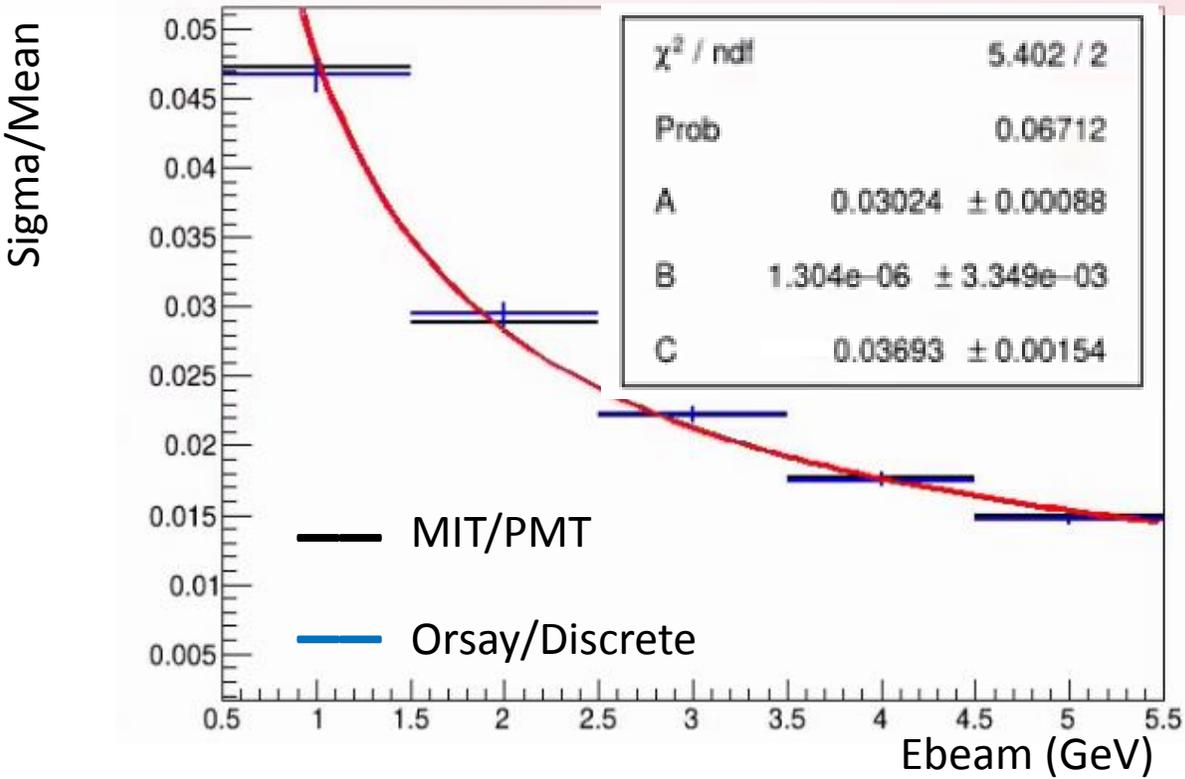


# MIT Prototype / data

- **IDEA: use known reso alt prototype as cross check → intrinsic beam resolution**
- Joshua Crafts (CUA), Doug Hassell / Gerard: MIT Prototype data –analysis by me using same code as for discrete.
- MIT Prototype:
  - ~Identical PbWO Crystals: PMT/Amplification/Bases NPS@Jlak
  - Cooled to -20 Celsius [in principle better reso than NPS)
  - Negative Pulses → Our siPM is positive pulses.
  - + better “ACTIVE” bases than Feb ‘25
    - Performance normal – i.e. linear response etc.
    - As we will see, other than waveforms being negative, it’s hard to distinguish further extracted data from siPM + discrete readout--all checks so far look similar (albeit lightly checked)
- Digitized by same Caen Modules we later used for siPM/Discrete Waveform timing/pedestal subtraction ~ identical
- **Can make SAME C.O.G. cut to clean up low E tail offline**



# New Resolutions/Peak Widths siPM vs MIT/PMT



MIT Prototype/PMT

Reso 1GeV	:0.0473
Reso 2GeV	:0.0288
Reso 3GeV	:0.0222
Reso 4GeV	:0.0177
Reso 5GeV	:0.0149

Orsay Prototype/ siPM/Discrete

Reso 1GeV	:0.0467
Reso 2GeV	:0.0295
Reso 3GeV	:0.0223
Reso 4GeV	:0.0174
Reso 5GeV	:0.0146

**Reso fit:  $3\%/\sqrt{E}$   $\oplus$   $\sim 0-1\%$   $\oplus$   $3.7\%/E$**

- **RESULTS ARE SAME WITHIN STATISTICAL ERRORS**
  - Likely both are measuring beam reso limitation  $\rightarrow$  Third prototype test data from March 2025 DESY trip, from Crytur also shows almost identical point by point RMS's. -- **SLIGHTLY better than Feb data.**
- Presumably puzzling rise at low Ebeam is due to intrinsic DESY beam resolution ? – source of  $1/E$  term need in resolution fits previously
- **NEW Question: will we be limited by beam resolution to quote a resolution?**

# More realistic ePIC performance- 50MHz Mockup

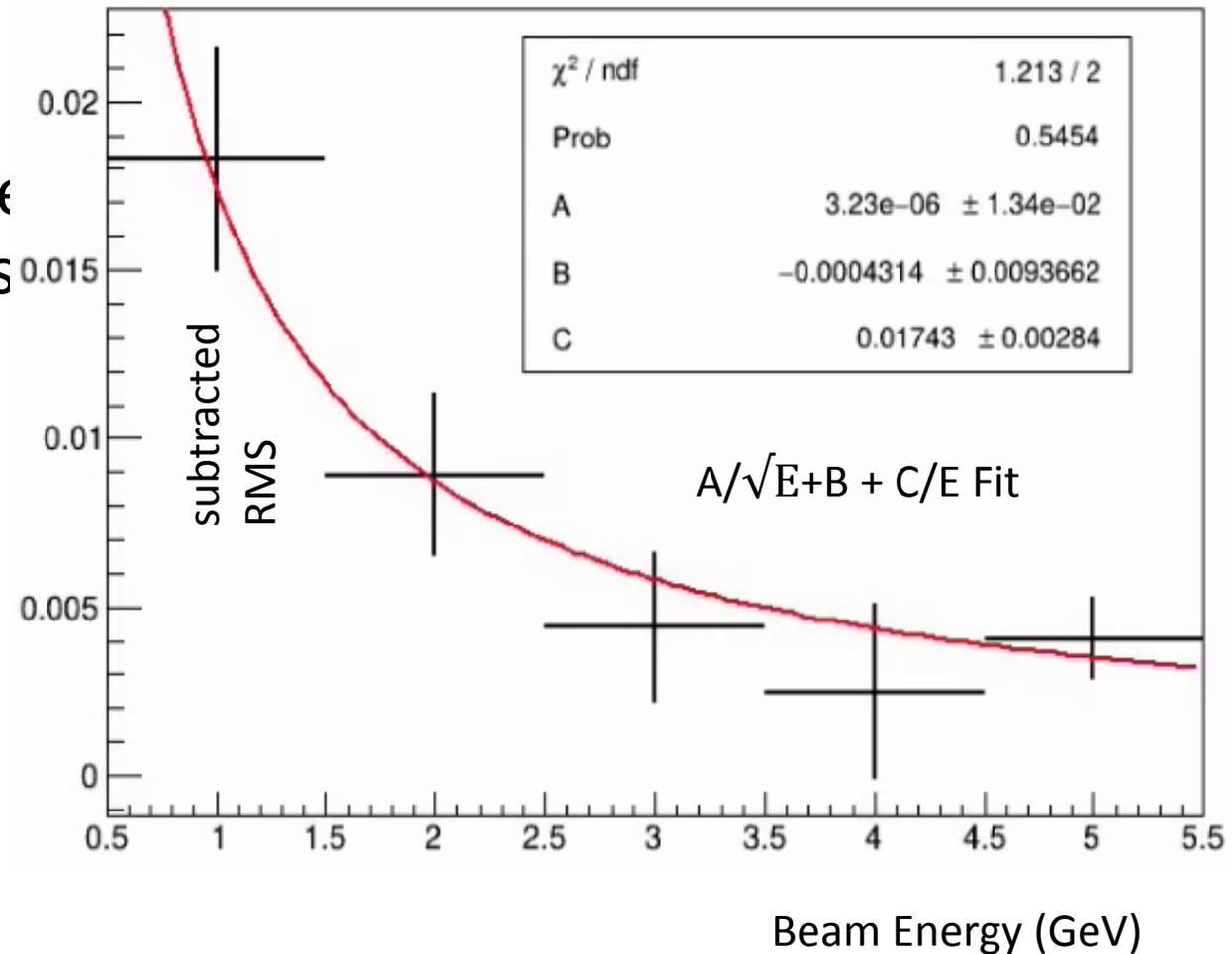
- All previous results (MIT/PMT and siPM/Discrete) are sampling at the full rate of the Caen v1725's → 250 MHz/4 ns intervals
- Use only 1 out of every 5 samples (50 MHz) as first model of realistic ePIC performance w/ flash ADC/discrete type option
- Results (Red) :  $\leq 0.3\%$  worsening
- TODO: Worsen PEDESTAL Calc (using  $\sim 80$  samples now 16), thresholds, etc.

250 MSPS  
Reso 1GeV :0.0467  
Reso 2GeV :0.0295  
Reso 3GeV :0.0223  
Reso 4GeV :0.0174  
Reso 5GeV :0.0146

50 MSPS  
Reso 1GeV :0.0504  
Reso 2GeV :0.0305  
Reso 3GeV :0.0227  
Reso 4GeV :0.0177  
Reso 5GeV :0.0153

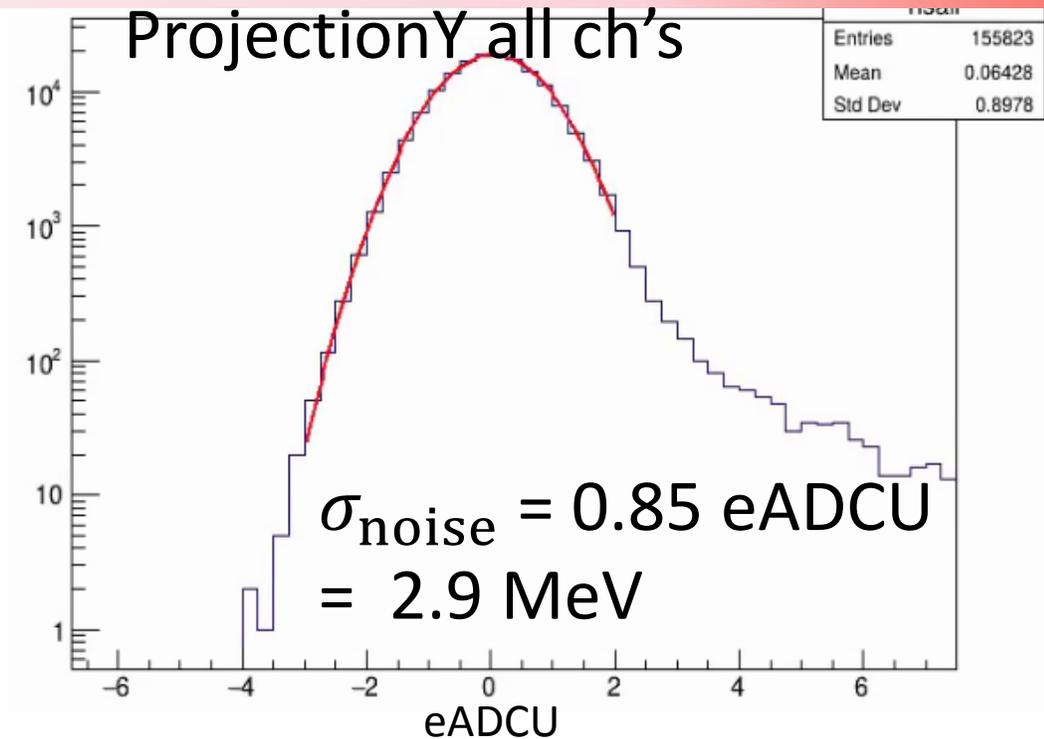
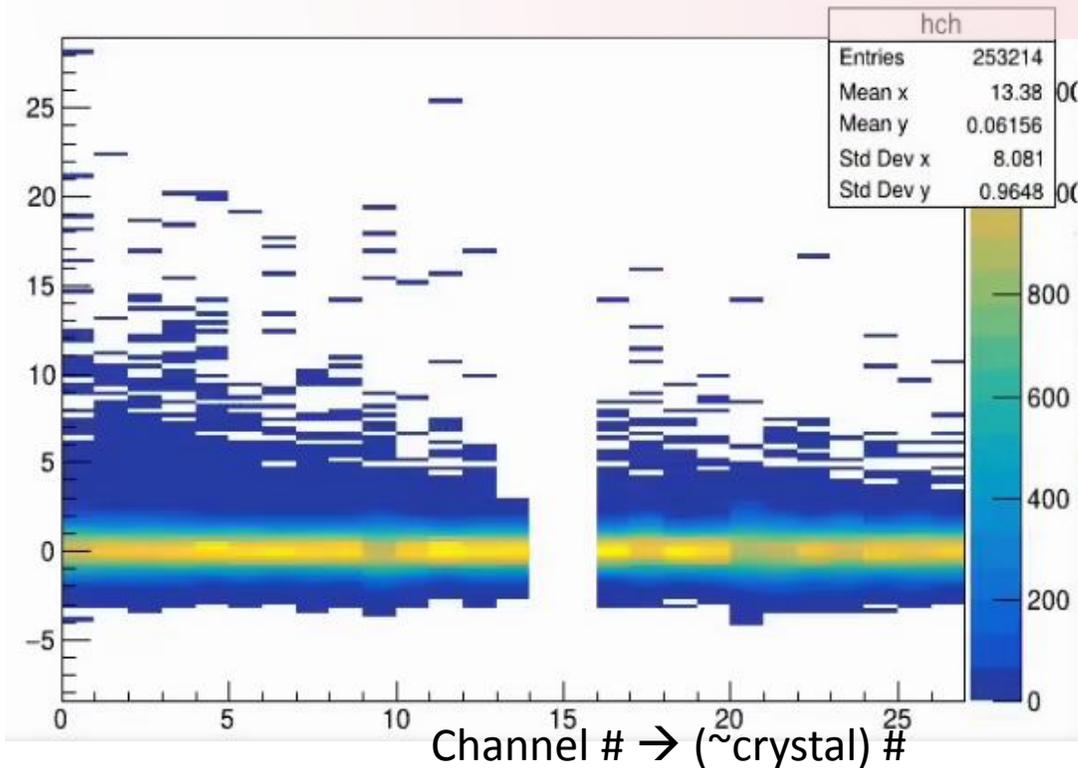
# Residual Subtraction after Beam Resolution

- **IDEA: Use MIT Data as intrinsic beam mom resolution, subtract it**
- Essentially just the quadrature difference of the two sets of points on the previous slide : 250 MHz should have better resolution than these 50MHz → Upper bound for resolution widths ?
  - 1.7 % @ Ebeam 1GeV to 0.5% at high Ebeam
- Pure 1/ E Noise fit works best (other parameters floated, remain negligible)– make sense as electronics noise?



Also ~consistent w/ ch.by ch. noise from pedestal run: [See next slide]  
 $\text{sqrt}(25) * 2.9\text{MeV} = 14.5 \text{ MeV}$  vs  $17.4 \text{ MeV}$  @ 1 GeV in above plots

# Pedestal Run $\rightarrow$ Noise $\rightarrow$ for 50 MHz Sampling



- Units of y-axis (all “amplitude”s) are in integrated ADCU’s /20  $\rightarrow$  effective ADCU “eADCU”
- Calibration is 286.7 eADCU per GeV  $\rightarrow$  Noise =  $\sim$ 2.9 MeV for each channel (projection all channels)
- 250 MHz Sampling both Orsay/SiPM & MIT Prototype : 1.5 MeV noise.

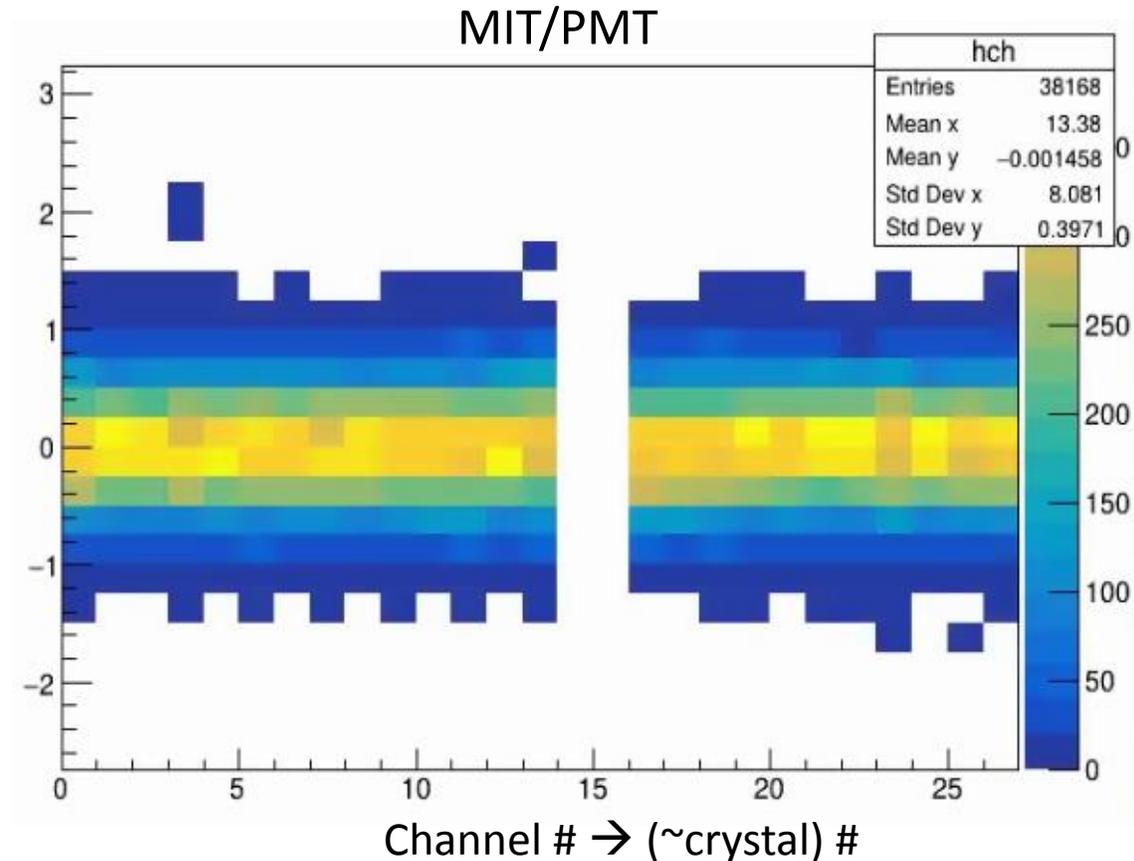
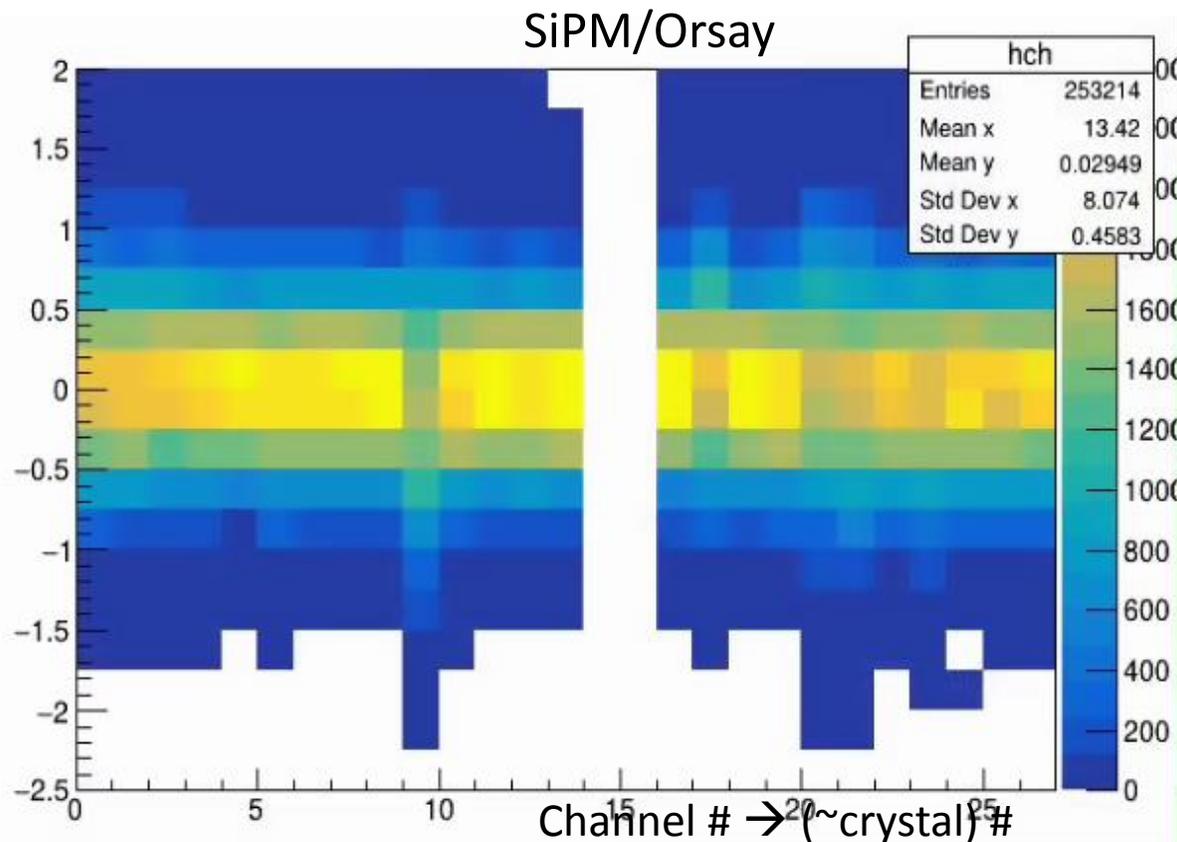
# Conclusions

- Many improvements – better resolutions, smaller noise, fixed low energy tail background, multiple prototypes tested successfully with usable data
- Need further analysis to see if we can quote a resolution that is not limited by the intrinsic beam resolution
- Can characterize background
- More Energy points and quite more statistics are available
  - (in principle could even include last February data as well w/ C.O.G cut?
  - Look at more detailed information from subshowers → AI to extrapolate resolution?

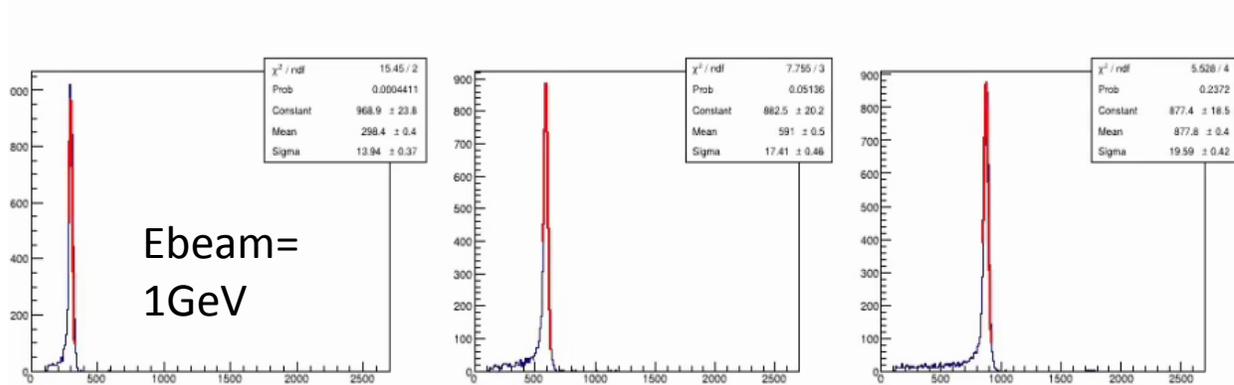
# Backup

# Noise in 250MHz siPM Orsay and MIT/PMT

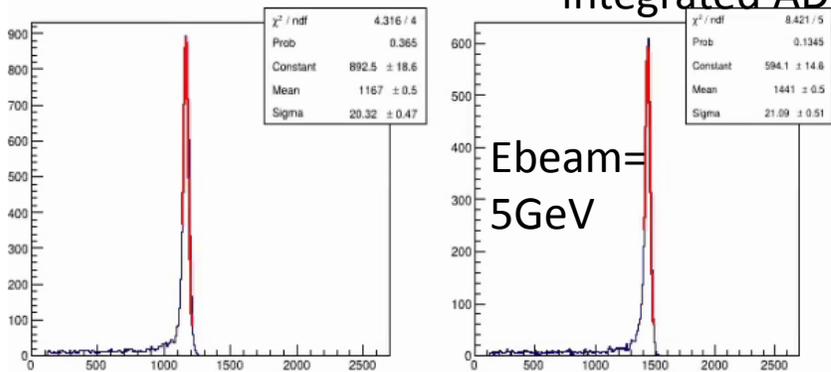
- With full 250 MHz sampling, chbych noise about half is big ( $\sim 1.5$  MeV)
- MIT/PMT readout actually shows 1.6 MeV noise – in a Pedestal run I found  $\rightarrow$  not sure conditions (cleaner) were same as for Orsay/siPM



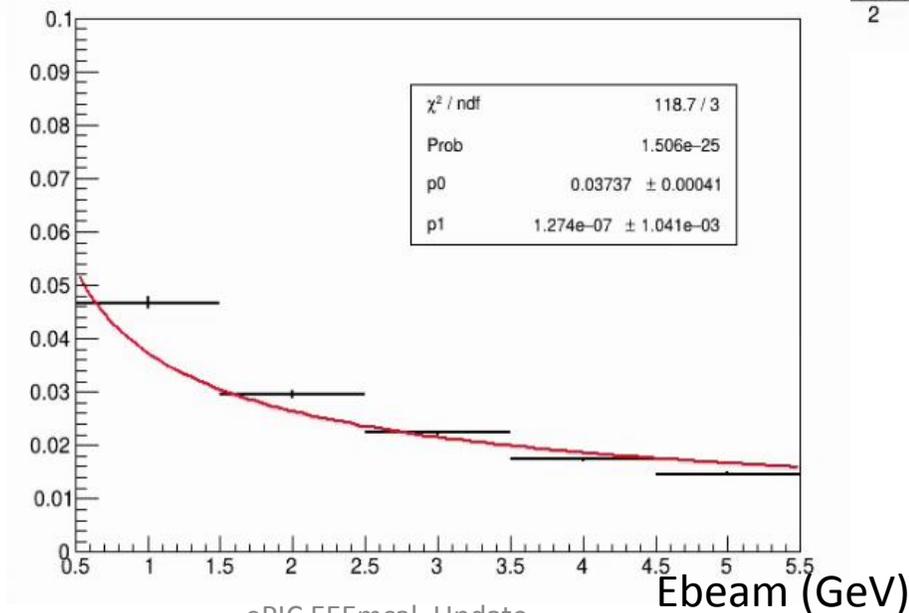
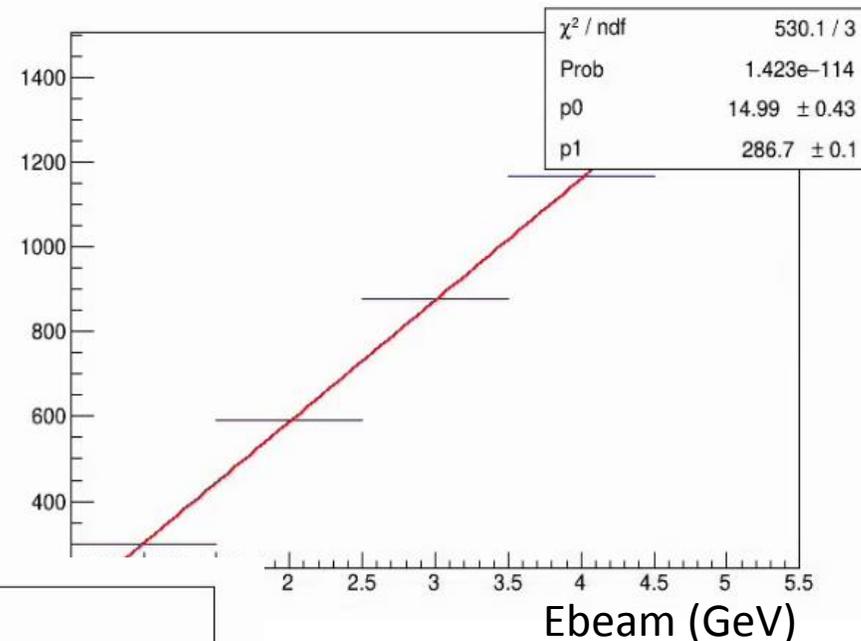
# Orsay / siPM DISCRETE data, using only same Ebeam values as February



integrated ADC counts / 100.00

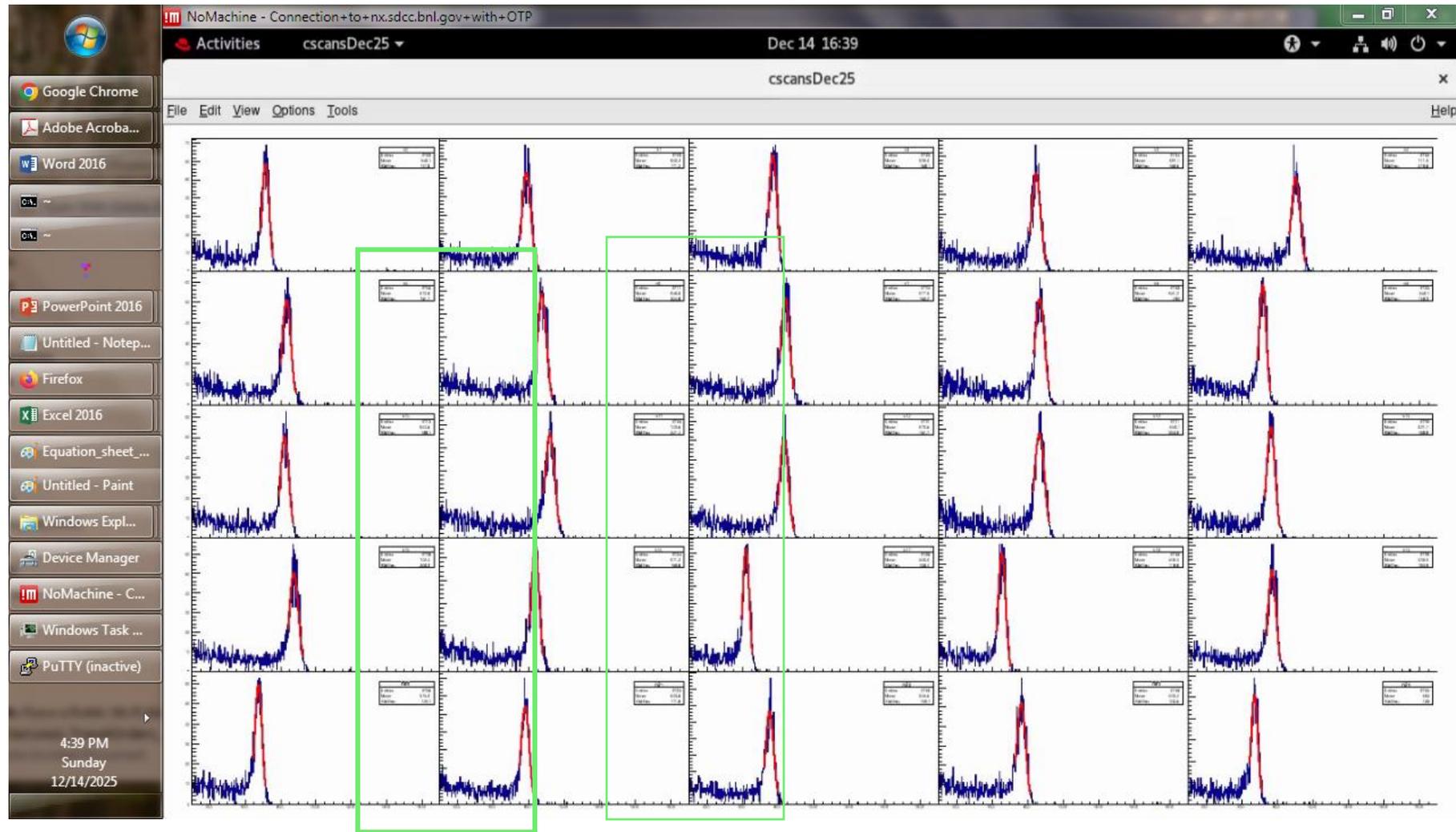


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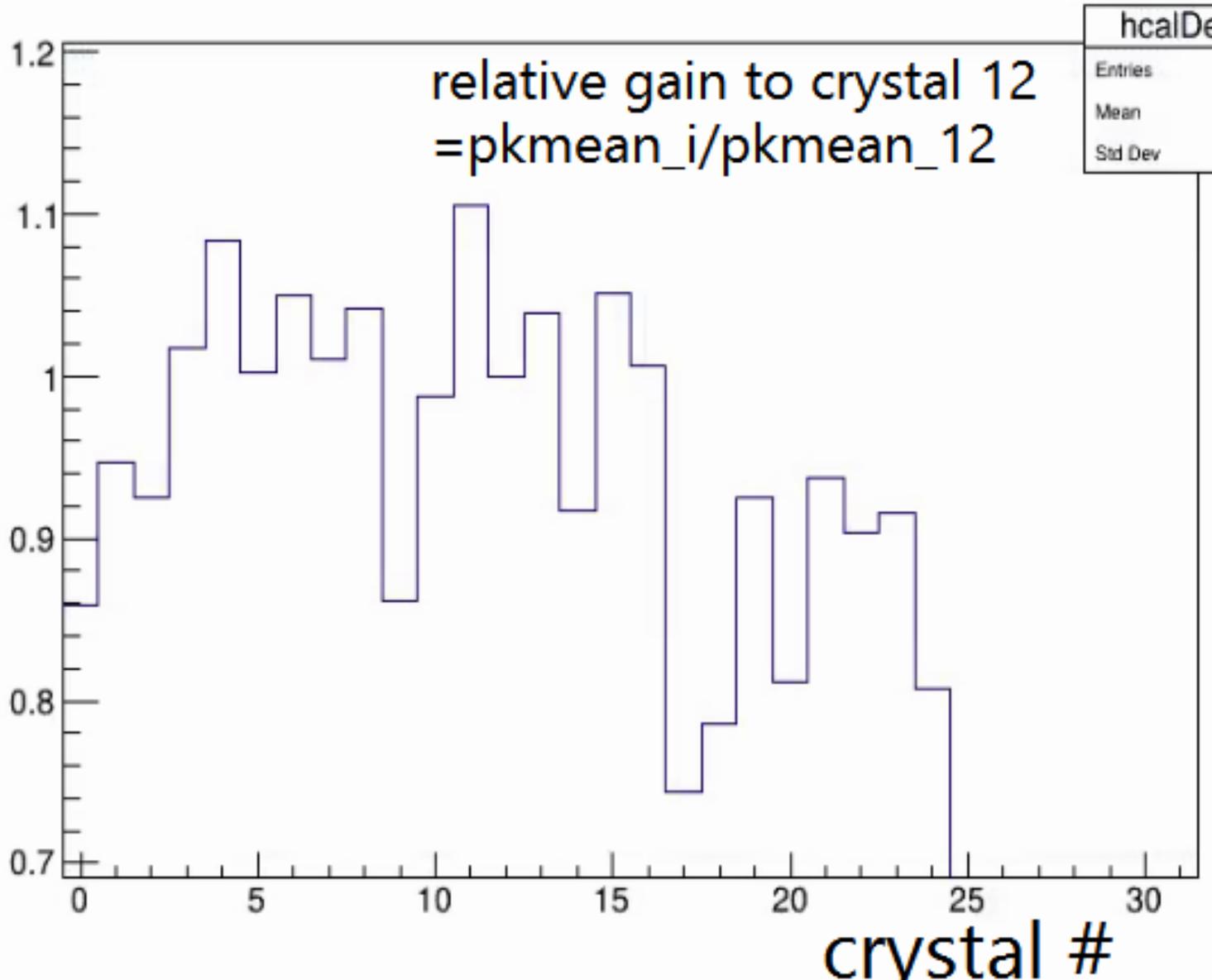


Resolutions slightly better (widths are ~0.5% lower)  
 ~4.5% / E Extra Noise Term needed  
 (Several ways to fit only one shown)

# Relative calibration fits



# Relative calibration



Bigger variation than last year, surprisingly → it was mostly < 10% corrections last year.

This calibration needs a little more variations

# Anti correlations

