

Fragmentation Function of Charged Pions in Jets using JetScape

McKenna Sleeth
Hard Probes Satellite Workshop, Atlanta
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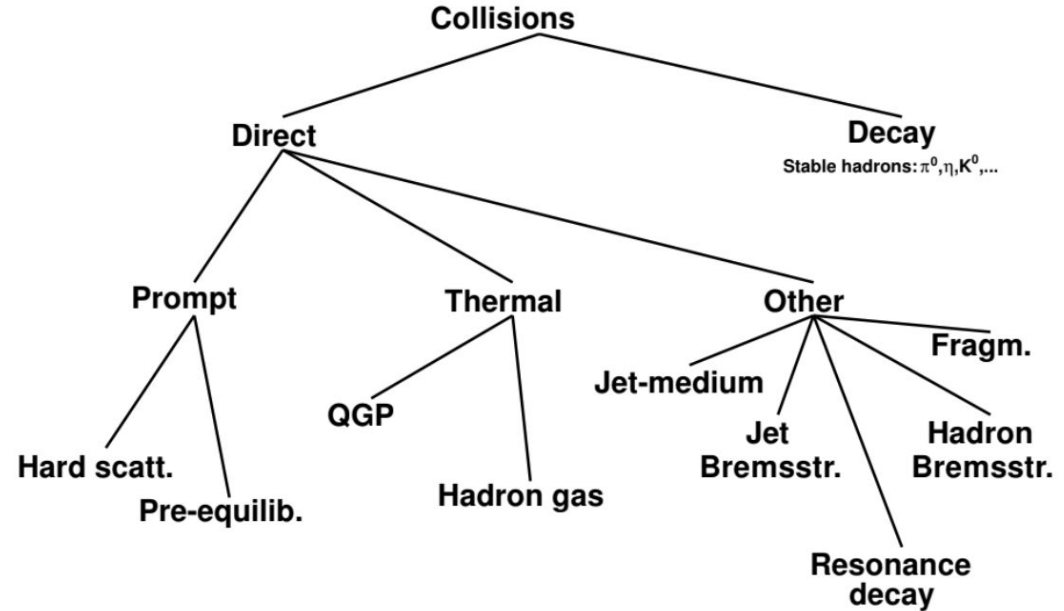


U.S. DEPARTMENT
of **ENERGY**

Motivation and Goal

- Multiple interactions can produce photons in a particle collision
- Some are only produced in heavy-ion collisions (e.g. QGP thermal photons, etc)

Types of Photons in Heavy-Ion Collisions



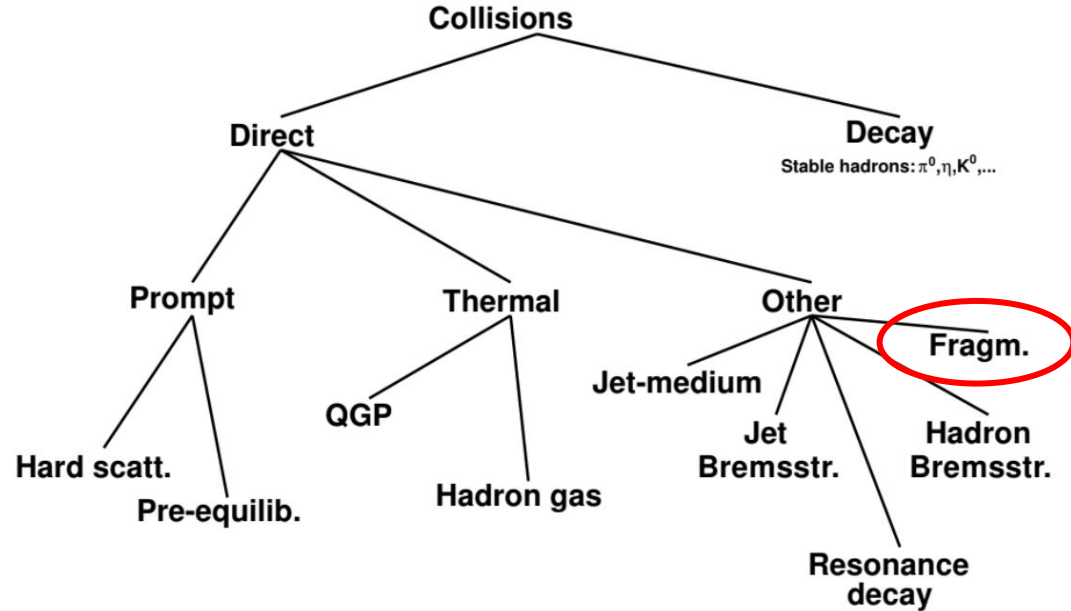
G. David. Rep. Prog. Phys. 27;83(4):046301(2020)



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Types of Photons in Heavy-Ion Collisions

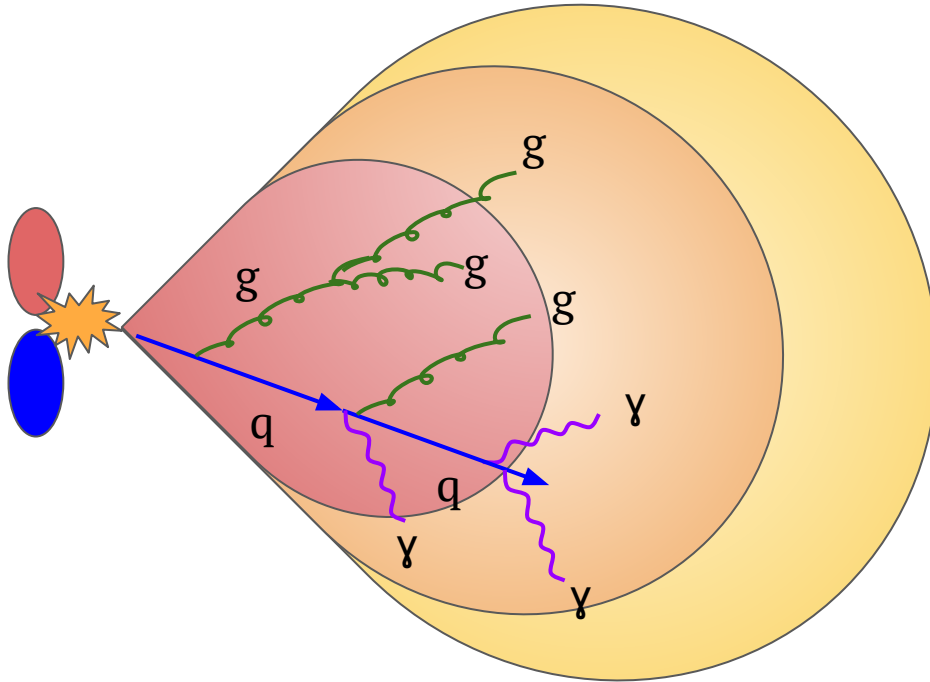


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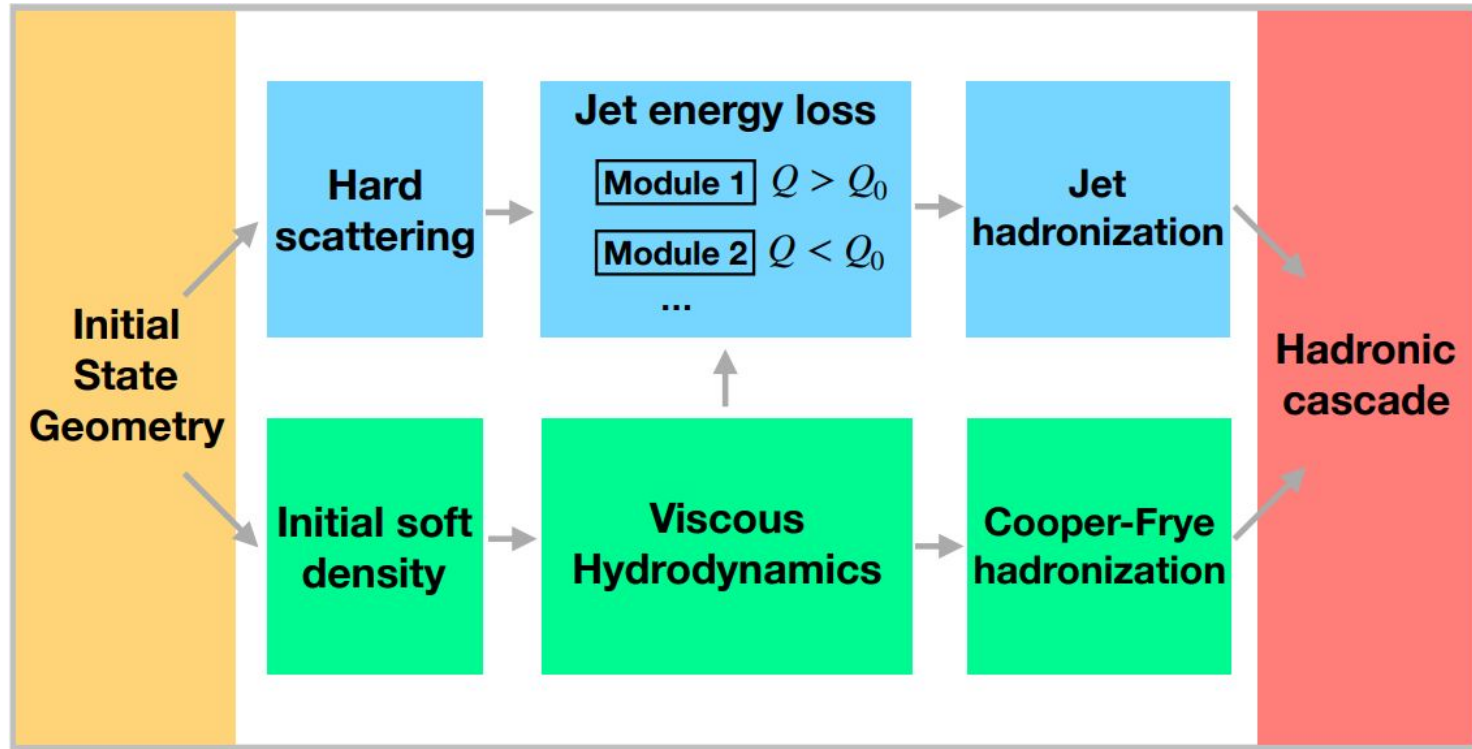


Motivation and Goal

Parton Energy Loss in the QGP:



- Fragmentation photons radiate from quarks, and take a fraction of the momentum of that quark
- It is unknown how well current models can account for medium-induced photons or non-pQCD fragmentation



- Packages:
 - TRENTO: Initial Conditions
 - PYTHIA: Hard Process Monte Carlo
 - FREESTREAM: Pre-Equilibrium Dynamics
 - MUSIC: Hydrodynamics
 - ISS: Soft-particlization
 - SMASH: Hadronic Transport
 - MATTER + LBT: Energy Loss



- Parameters of my simulations:
 - CM Energy: 200 GeV (RHIC)
 - Centrality: 0-10% (minimal v_2 effects)
 - Hard QCD enabled
 - Prompt Photons disabled
 - Hadron Decay disabled
 - SMASH only decays enabled



Recreating JETSCAPE Observables

- Soft Sector: Flow harmonics (v_2, v_3), pion p_T spectra

$$v_n\{2\} = \sqrt{c_n\{2\}}$$

$$c_n\{2\} = \langle\langle 2 \rangle\rangle$$

$$\langle 2 \rangle = \frac{|Q_n|^2 - M}{M(M-1)}$$

$$Q_n \equiv \sum_{i=1}^M e^{in\phi_i}$$

- Hard Sector: Charged pion cross section, R_{AA}

$$\frac{1}{2\pi p_T} \frac{d^2\sigma}{d\eta dp_T} = \frac{1}{2\pi p_T^{avg}} \sigma^{PP} \frac{d^2N}{d\eta dp_T}$$

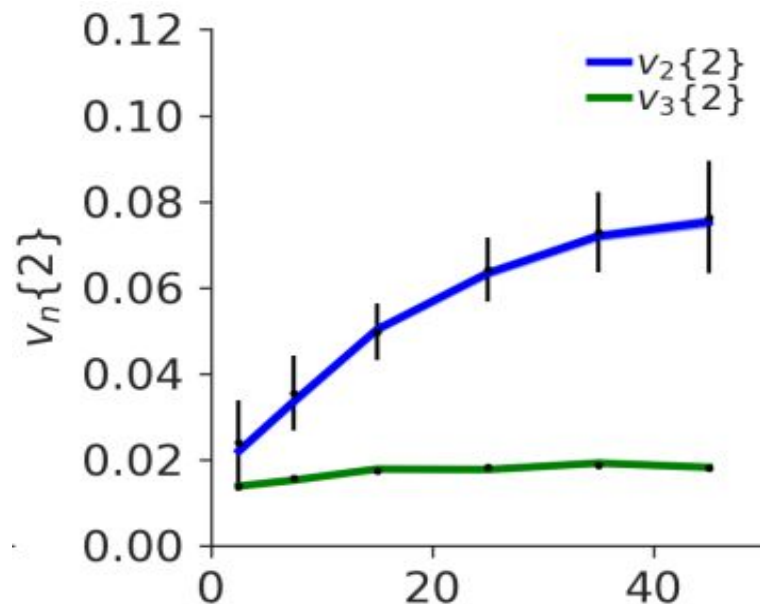
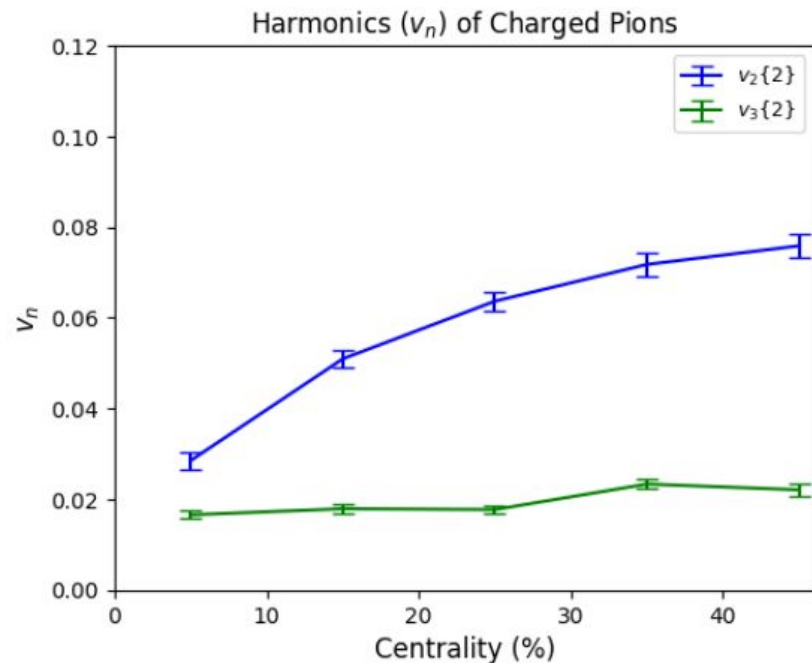
$$R_{AA}(p_T, y; b) = \frac{d^2N_{AA}/dydp_T}{\langle T_{AA}(b) \rangle \times d^2\sigma/dydp_T}$$



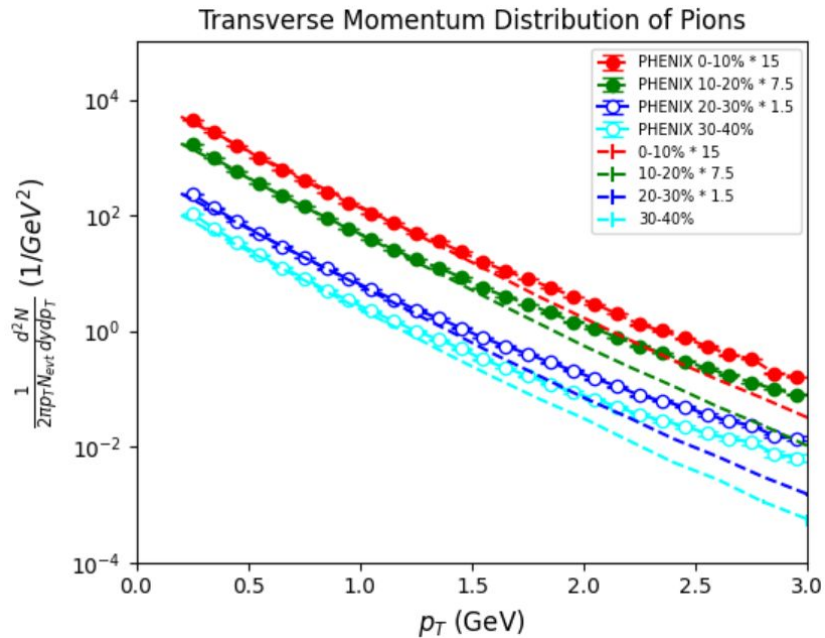
Recreating JETSCAPE Observables

- Soft Sector: Flow harmonics (v_2 , v_3)

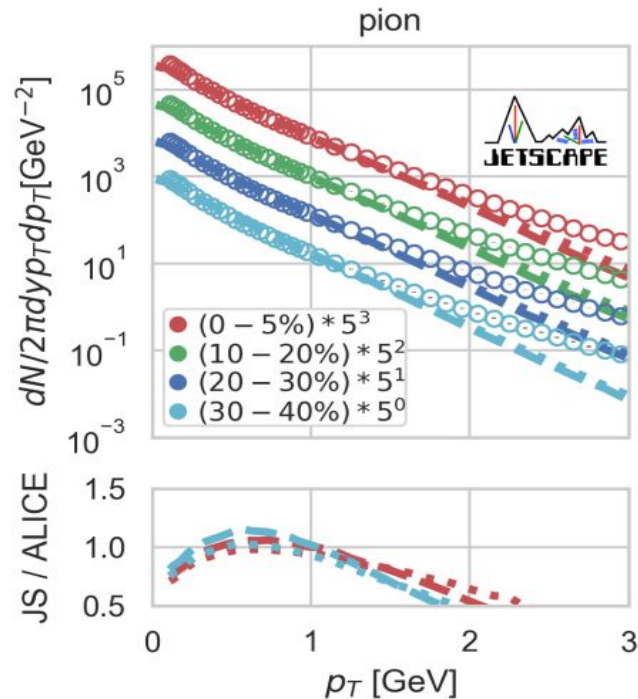
(JETSCAPE. *Phys.Rev.C* 103 (2021) 5, 054904)



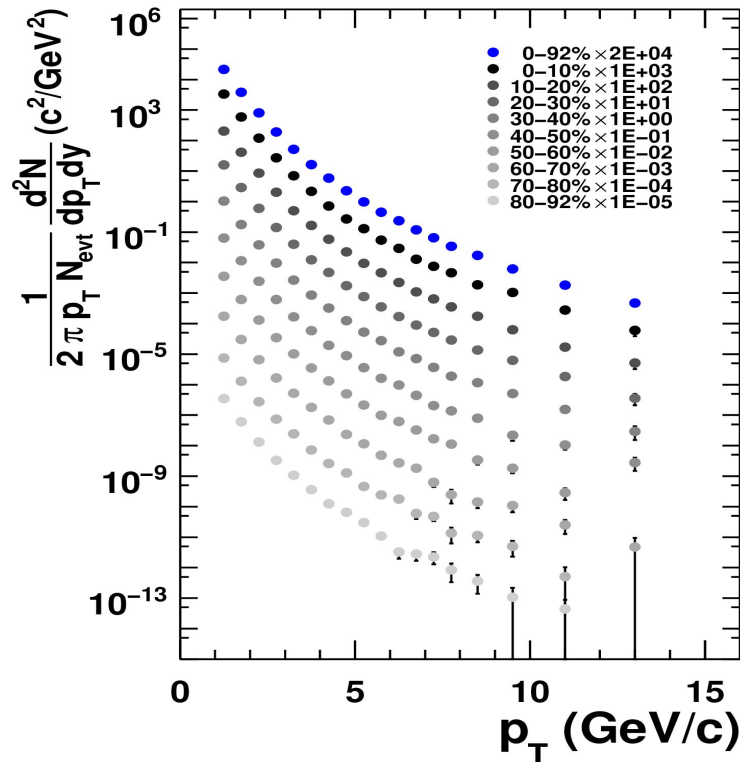
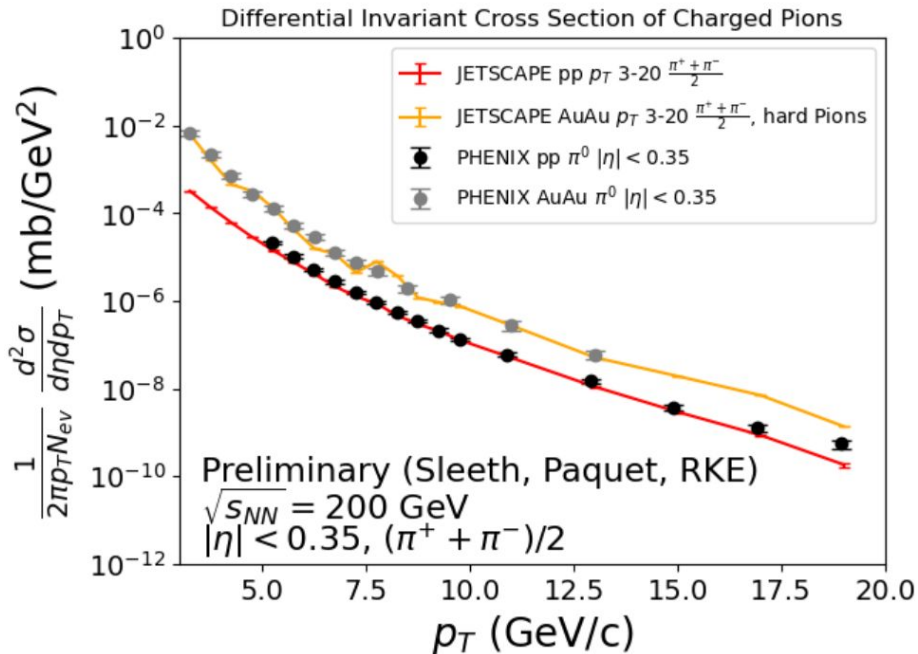
- Soft Sector: Pion p_T Spectra



(PHENIX. *PHYS. REV. C* 69, 034909 (2004))

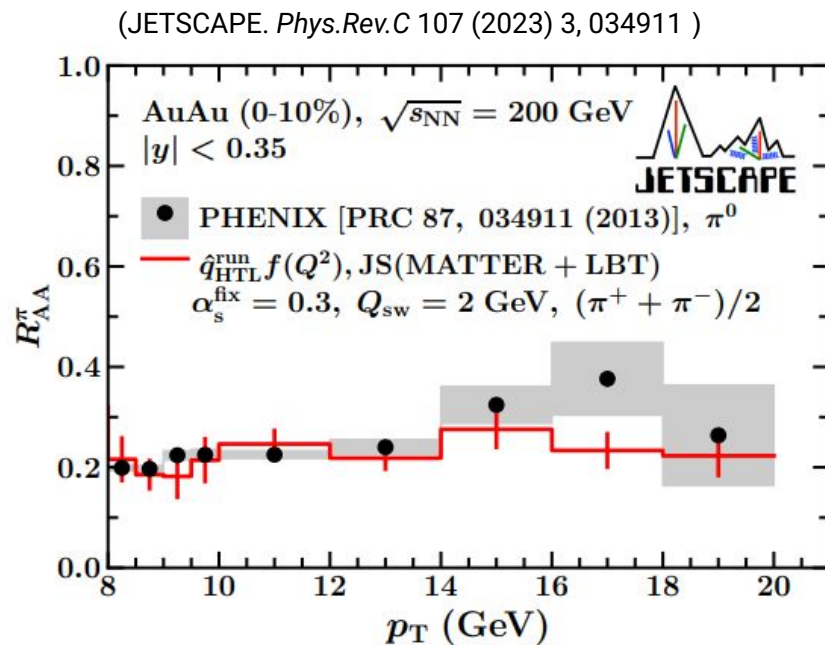
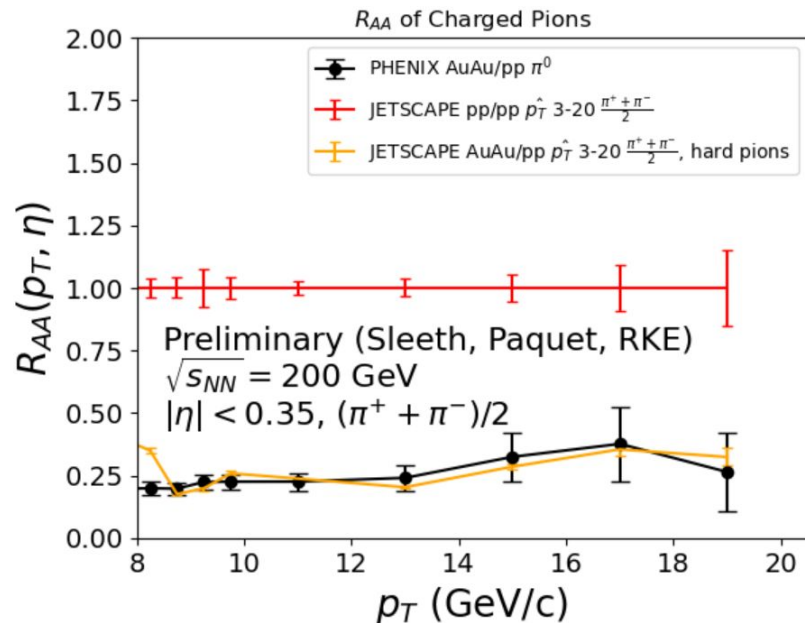


- Hard Sector: Charged pion cross section



Recreating JETSCAPE Observables

- Hard Sector: Charged pion R_{AA}



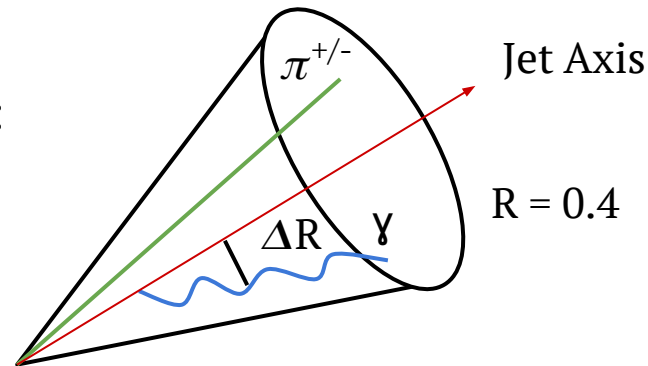
Jet Observables

- Momentum Fraction (z):

$$z = \frac{p_T^\pi}{p_T^{\text{jet}}}$$

- Distance Between Particle and Jet Axis (ΔR):

$$\Delta R = \sqrt{(\Delta\eta)^2 + (\Delta\phi)^2}$$

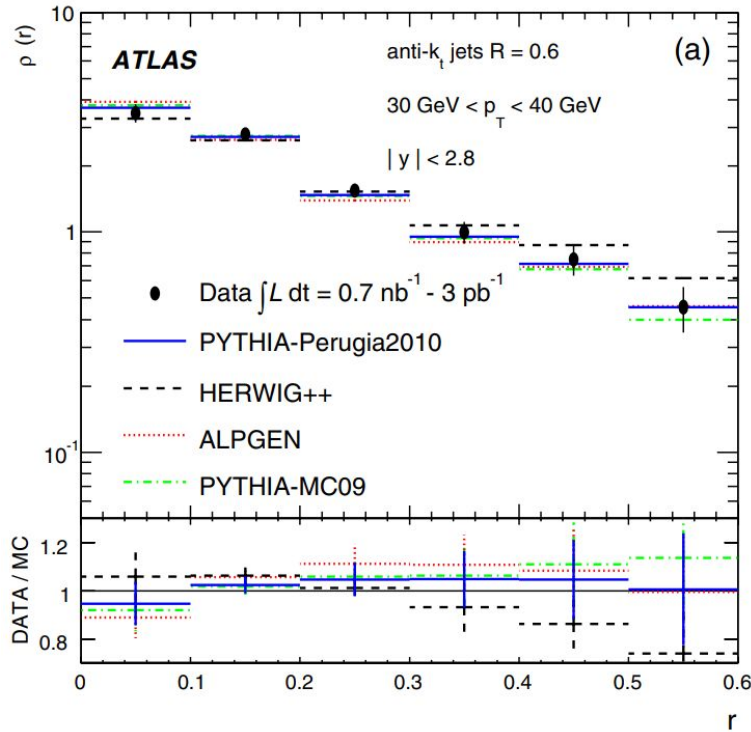


$$\eta = \ln\left(\frac{E + p_z}{E - p_z}\right)$$

$$\phi = \tan^{-1}(p_y/p_x)$$

**These are Ensemble Observables
Quantify Signal vs Background**

Jet Observable in Publications



- Measurements of $\rho(r)$ in pp collisions from ATLAS detector at LHC

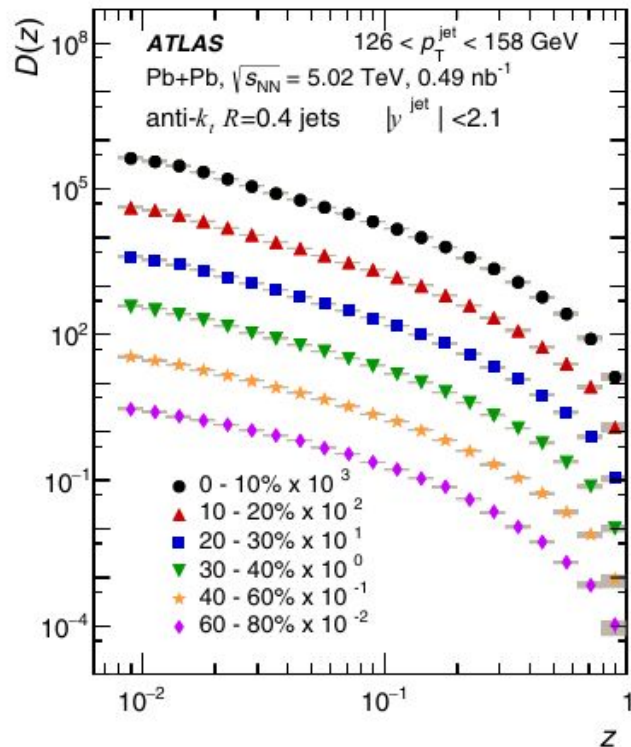
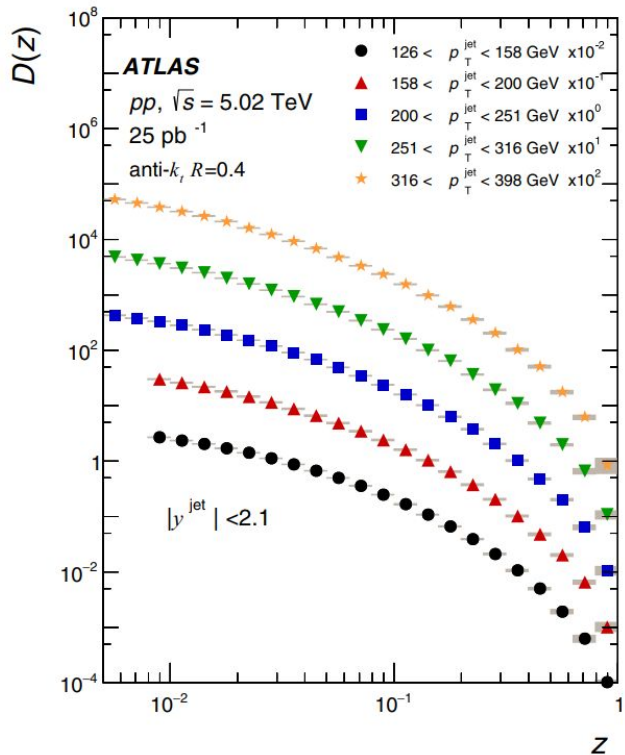
$$\rho(r) = \frac{1}{\Delta r} \frac{1}{N_{\text{jet}}} \sum_{\text{jets}} \frac{p_T(r - \Delta r/2, r + \Delta r/2)}{p_T(0, R)}$$

ATLAS, Phys. Rev. D 83, no. 5 (2011): 052003

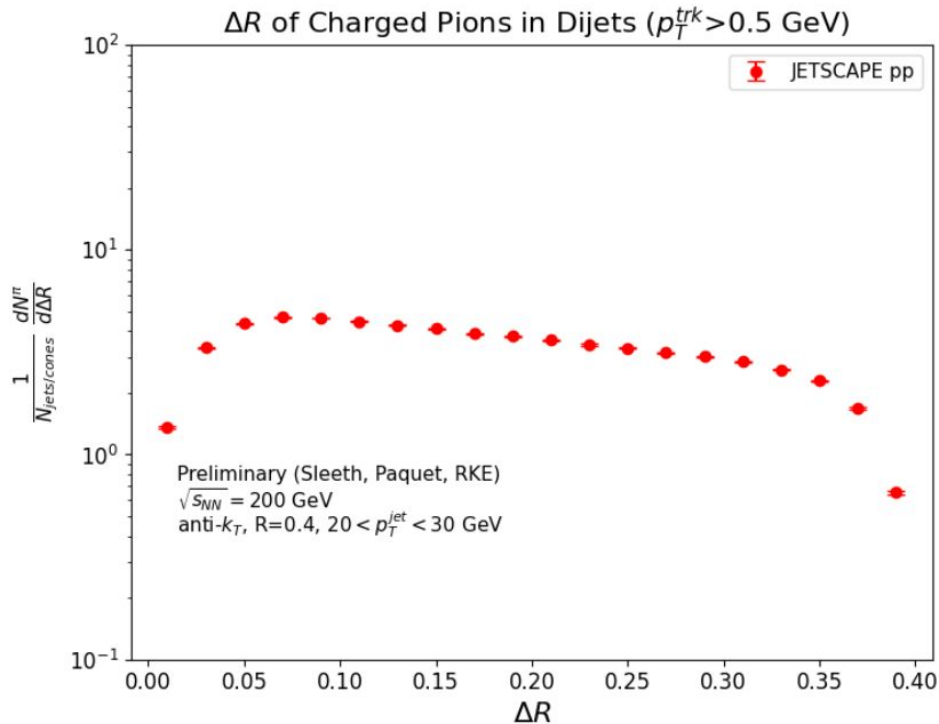
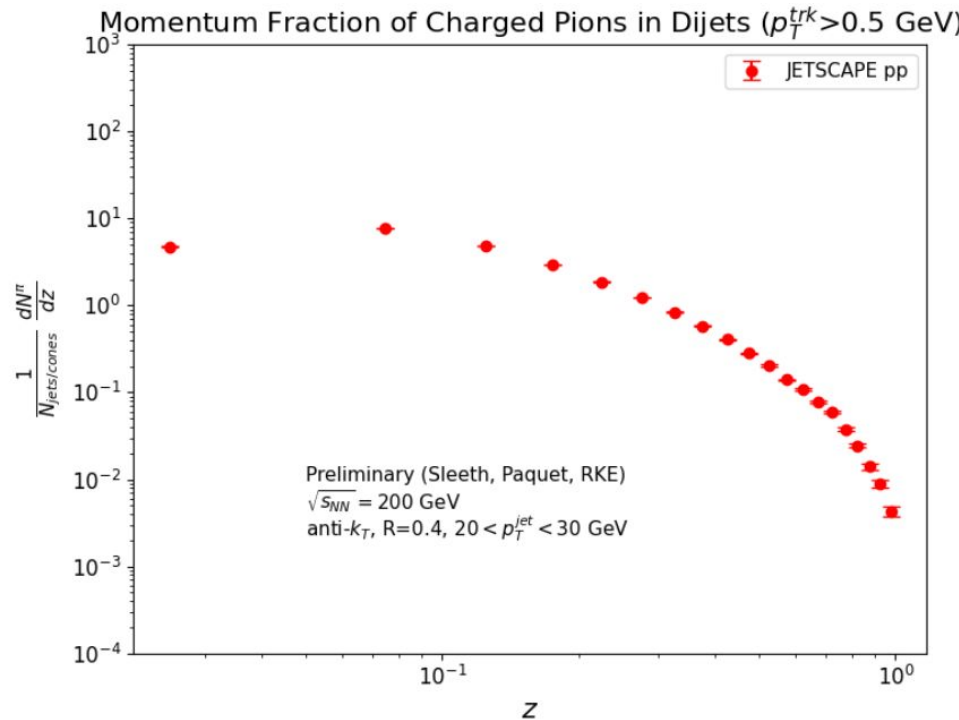


Grid Cone Background Subtraction

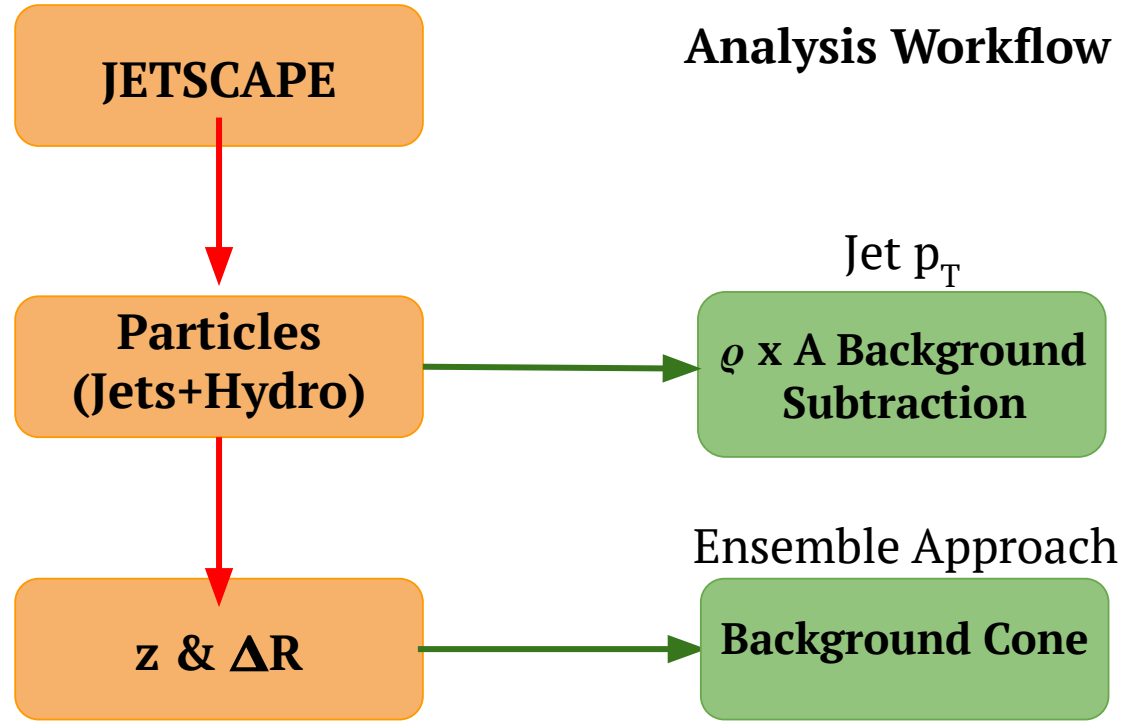
(ATLAS, Phys. Rev. C 98, no. 2 (2018): 024908)



Momentum Fraction and ΔR - pp



Background Subtraction Method



Background Estimation Methods:

- Perpendicular Cones
- Reflected Cones
- Grid Cones

Jet p_T Background Subtraction

- Broad subtraction method from FASTJET3 area-based energy density estimation:

$$p_T^{subtr.jet} = p_T^{jet} - \rho A$$

- Where ρ is the background density, and is defined by:

$$\rho = \text{median} \left[\left\{ \frac{p_{tj}}{A_j} \right\} \right]$$

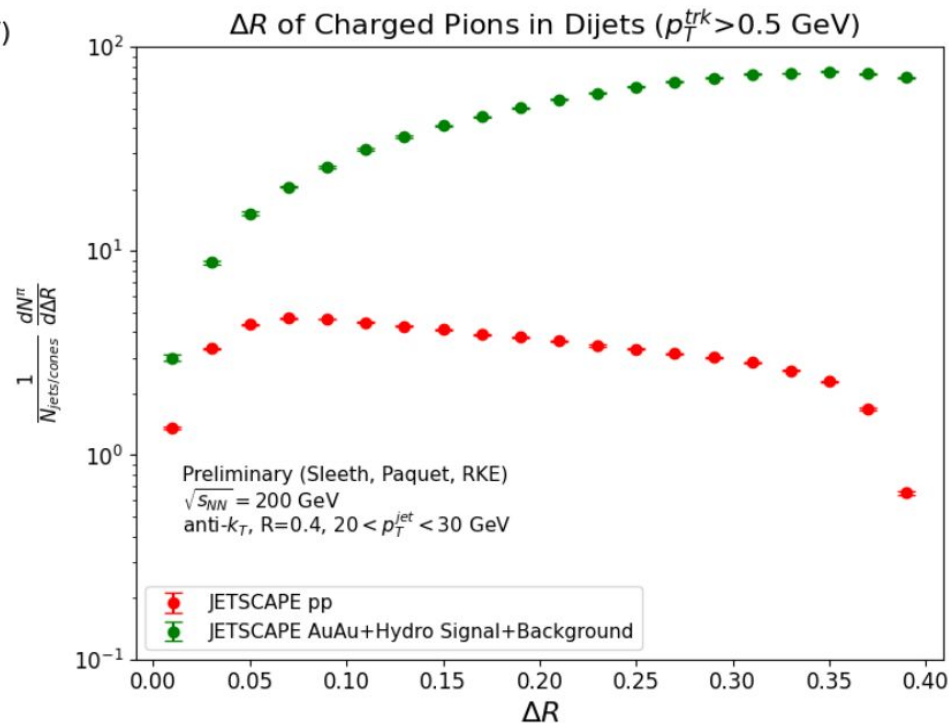
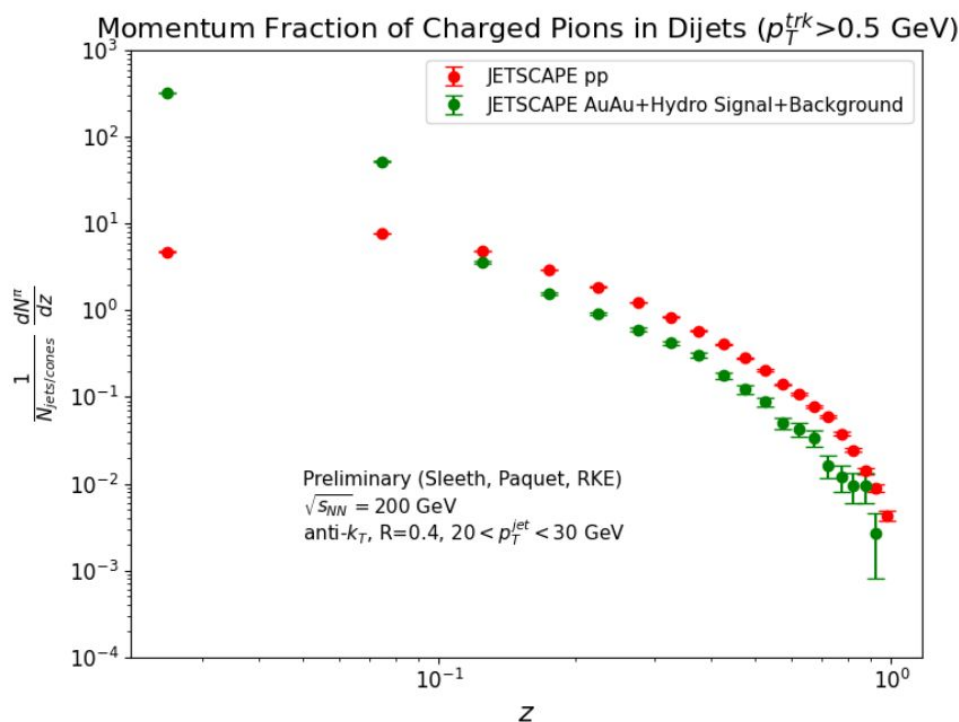
p_{tj} is the scalar p_t calculated for each k_T clustered jet j

A_j is the area of that jet calculated from ghost particles (that do not contribute to p_t)

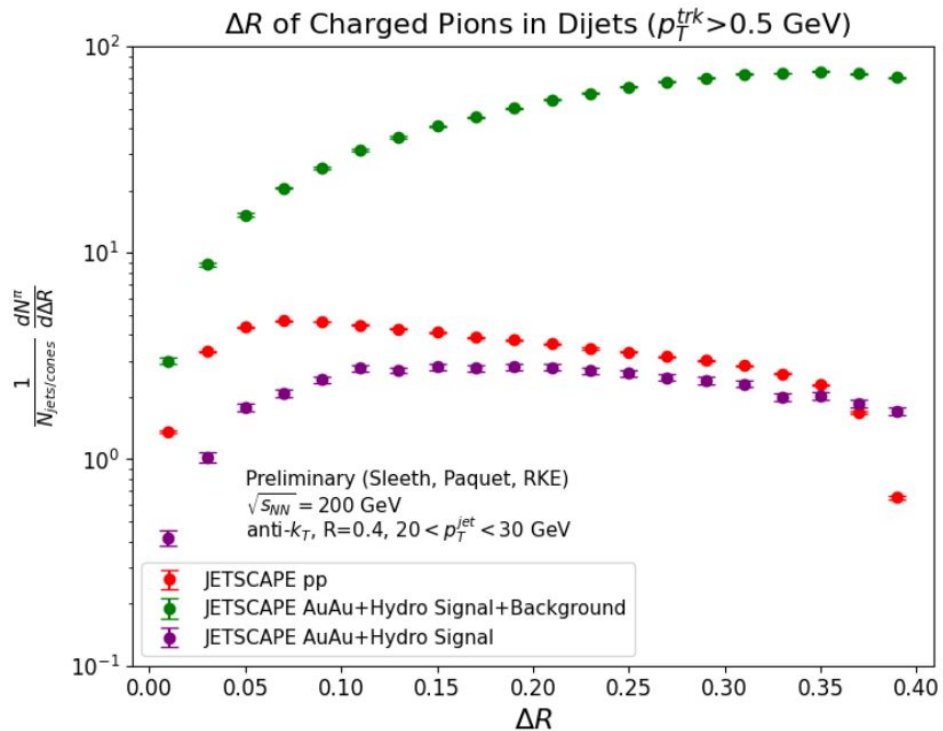
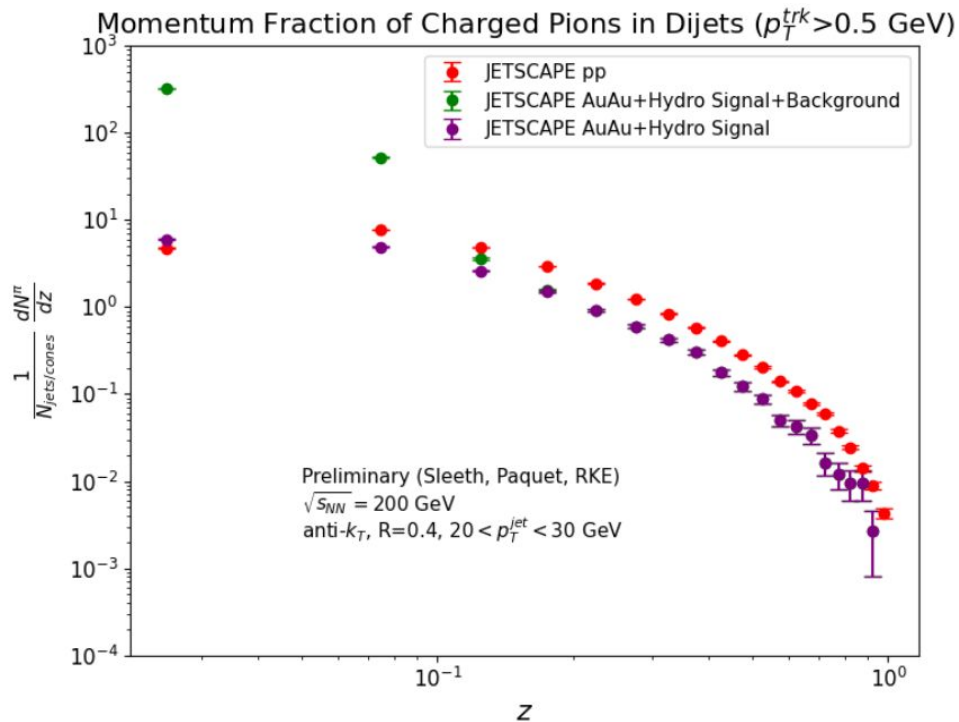
Cacciari & Salam. Phys. Lett. B 659, no. 1-2 (2008): 119-126



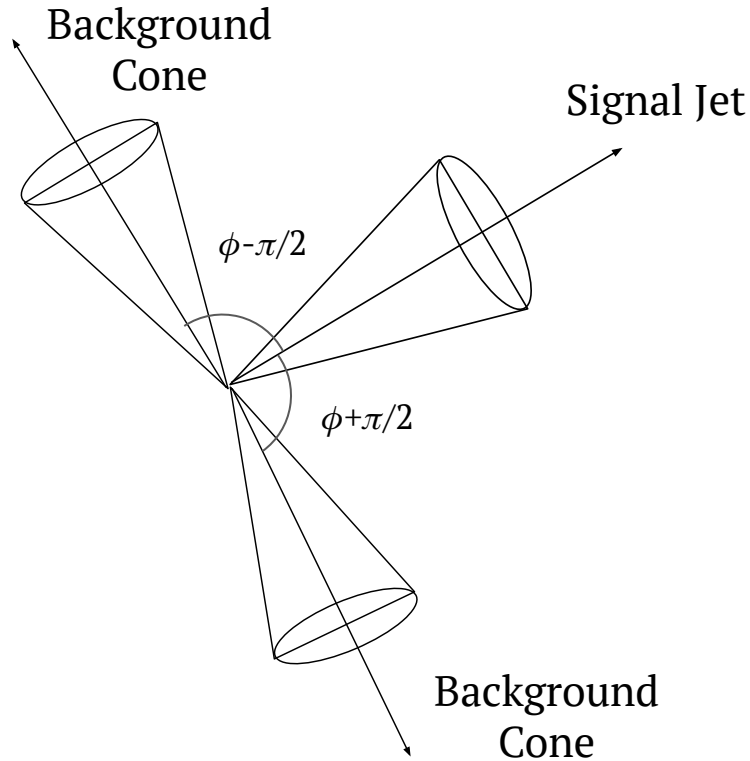
Momentum Fraction and ΔR - AuAu+Hydro Signal+Background



Momentum Fraction and ΔR - AuAu+Hydro Signal



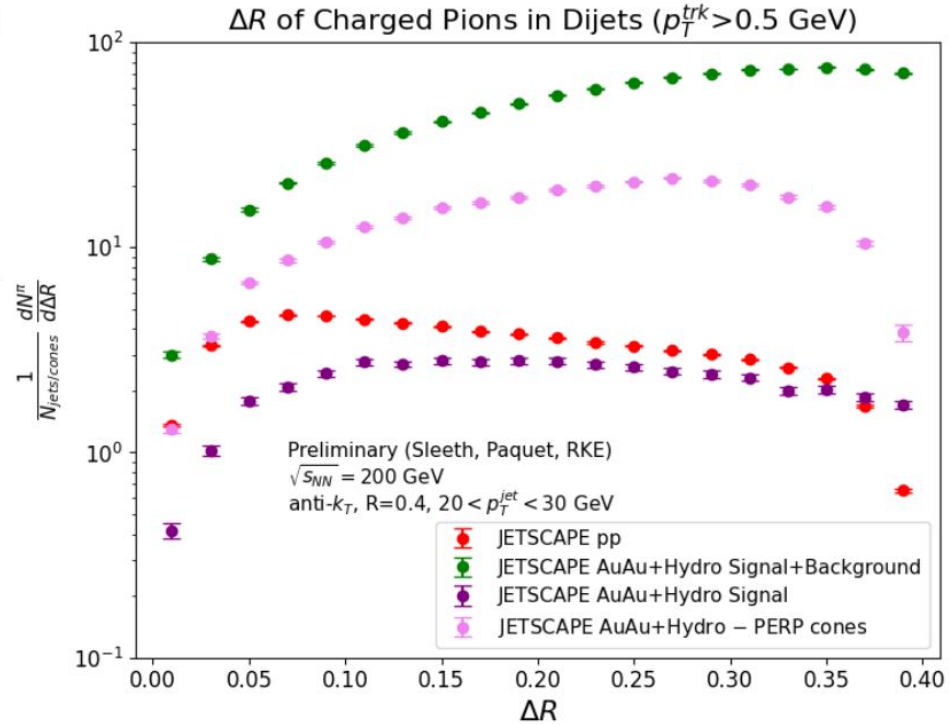
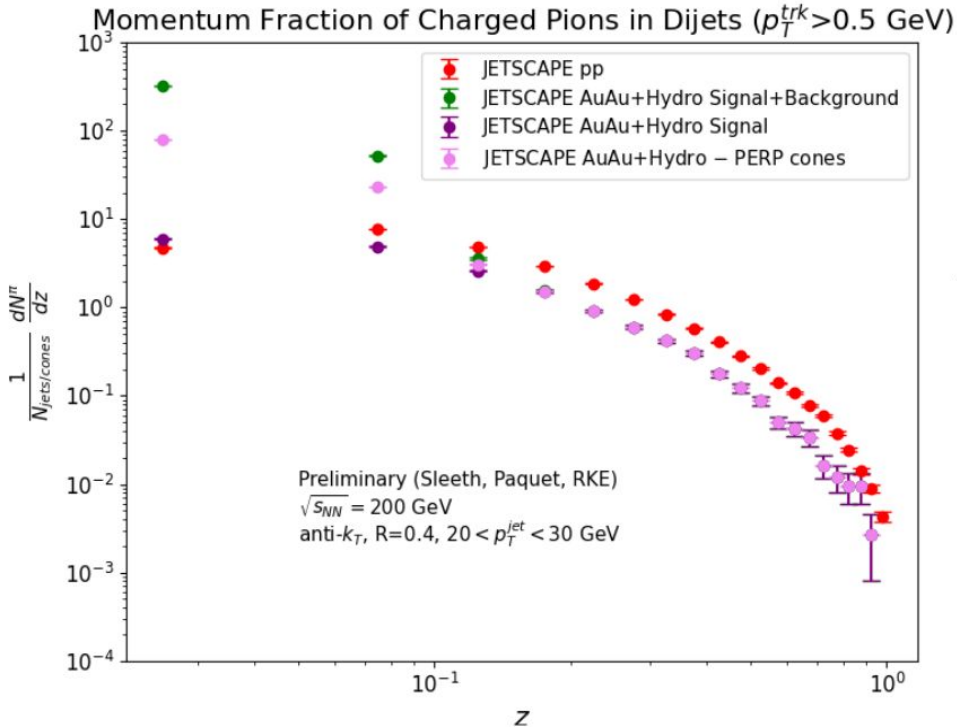
Perpendicular Cone Background Subtraction



- Places two cones that are perpendicular ($+\pi/2$ and $-\pi/2$) in ϕ to the original jet ϕ , the jet η stays the same
- Used in ALICE jet-hadron correlation publication

(ALICE. J. High Energ. Phys. 2012, 53 (2012))

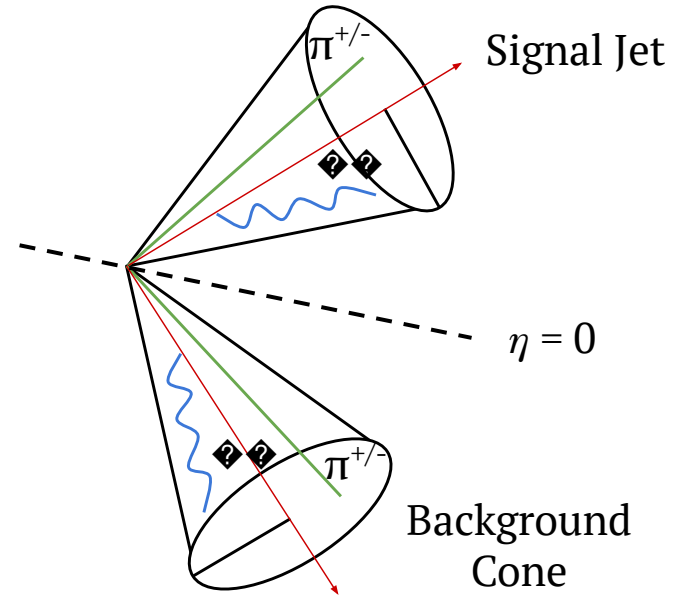
Momentum Fraction and ΔR - Perpendicular Cones



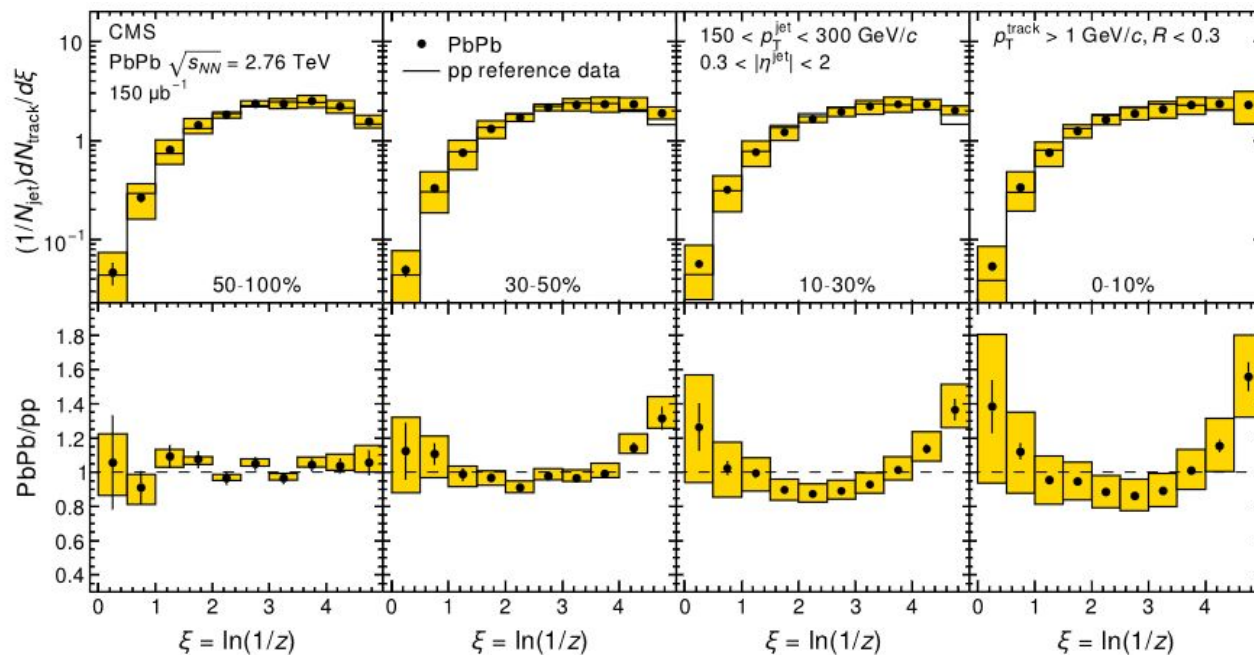
Reflected Cone Background Subtraction

- Reflects the original jet about $\eta=0$ axis
- Excludes jets within $|\eta| < R$ (jet radius) to avoid overlap between signal and background regions
- Used in CMS Fragmentation Function Publications

CMS, Jour. High En. Phys. 2012, no. 10
(October 2012): 87



Reflected Cone Method Background Subtraction



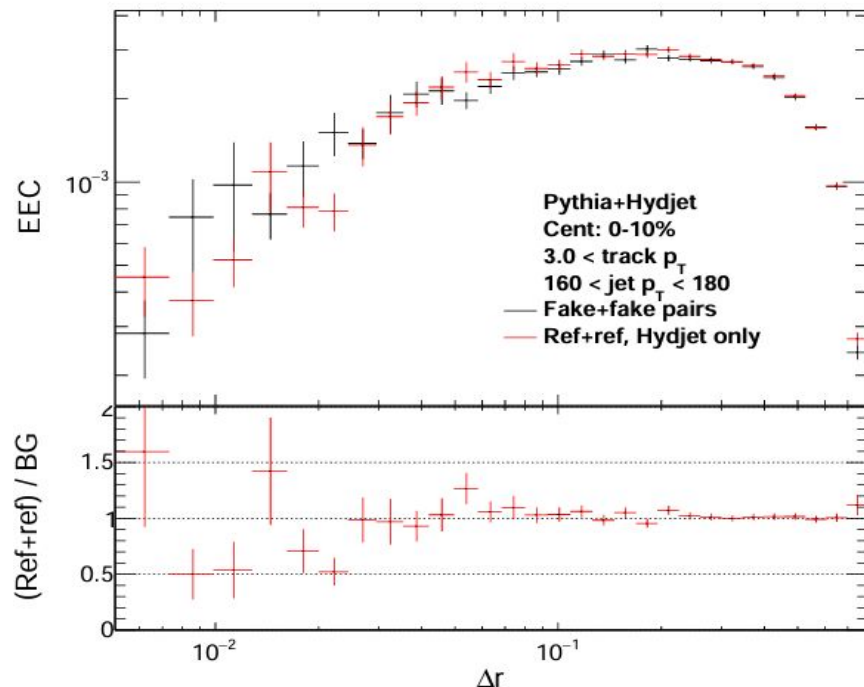
CMS, Jour. High En. Phys. 2012, no. 10 (October 2012): 87



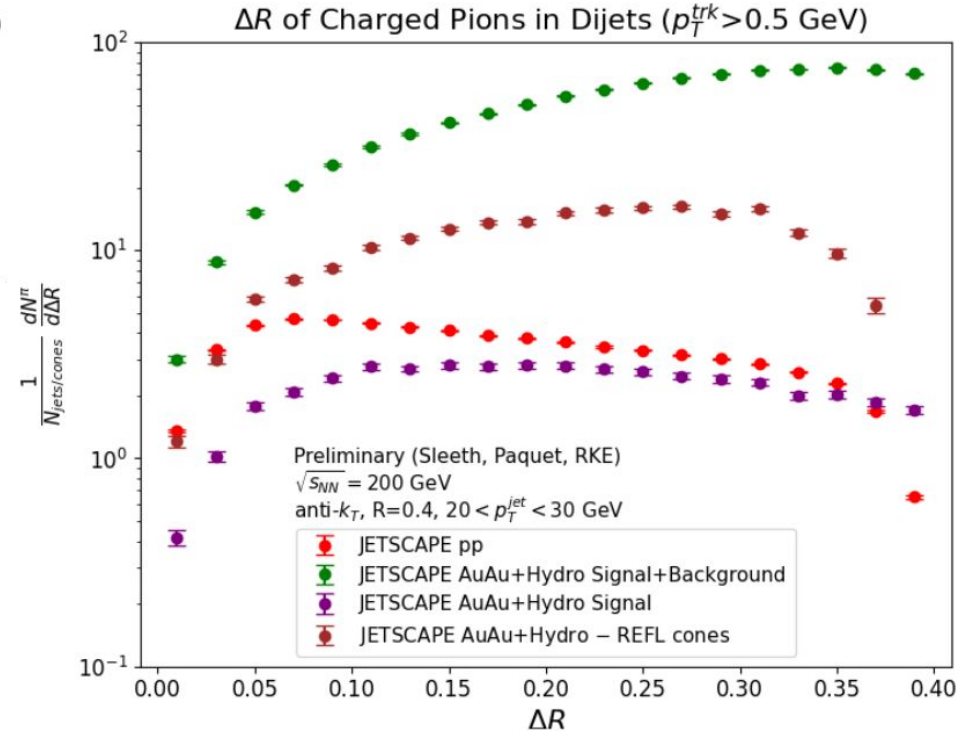
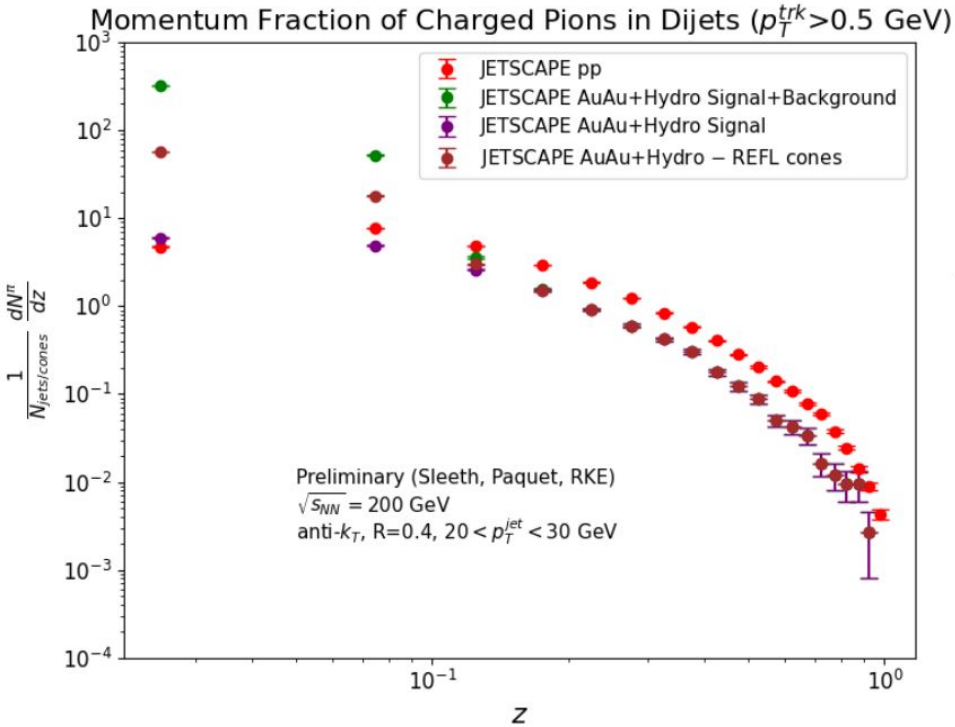
Modified Reflected Cone Background Subtraction

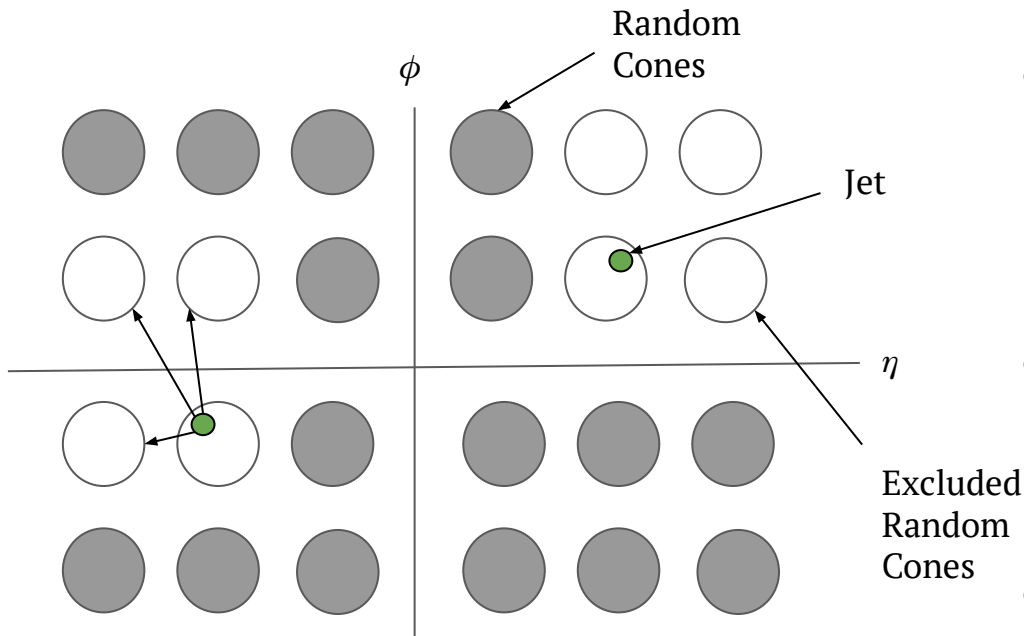
- Excludes jets within these criteria:
 - If $|\eta_{\text{jet}}| > R$: $\eta_{\text{cone}} = -\eta_{\text{jet}}$
 - If $-R \leq \eta_{\text{jet}} < 0$: $\eta_{\text{cone}} = \eta_{\text{jet}} + 2R$
 - If $0 \leq \eta_{\text{jet}} \leq R$: $\eta_{\text{cone}} = \eta_{\text{jet}} - 2R$
- This set of criteria was used for EEC calculations

(Jussi, V. *INT WORKSHOP INT-21R-2B.*)

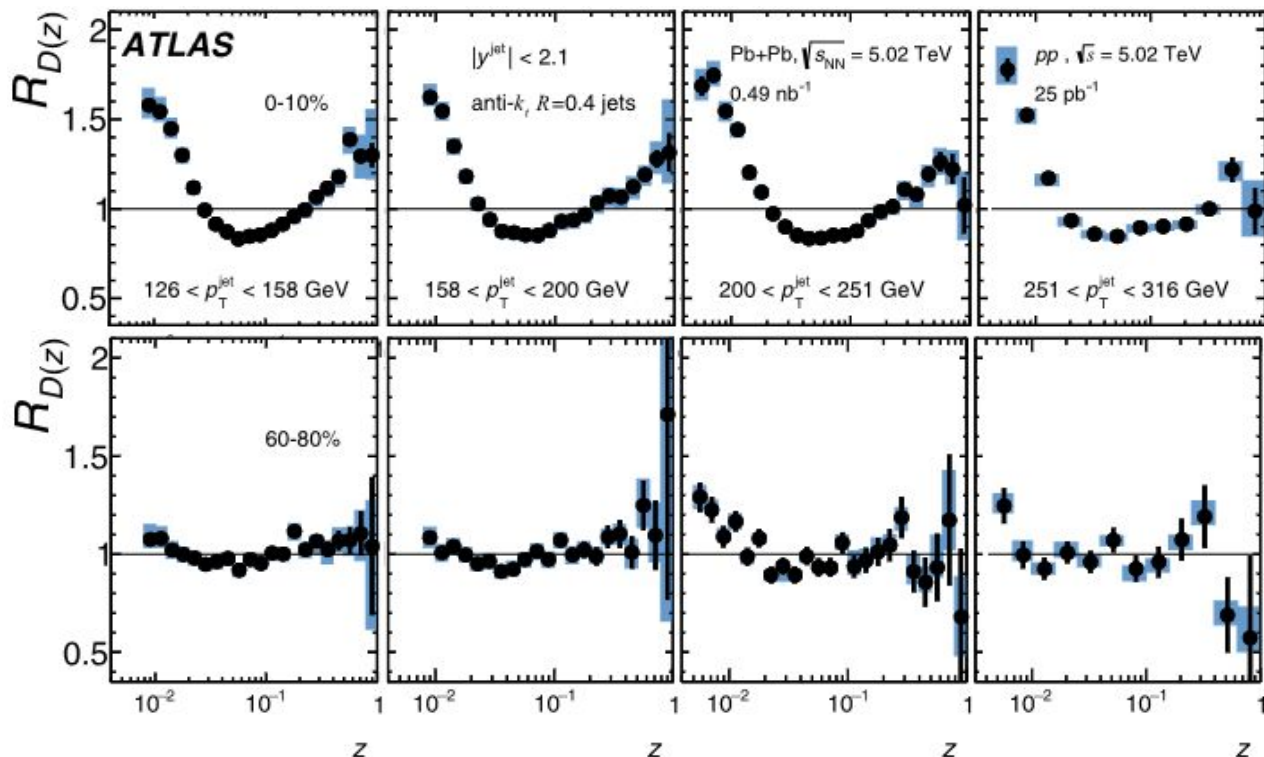


Momentum Fraction and ΔR - Reflected Cones

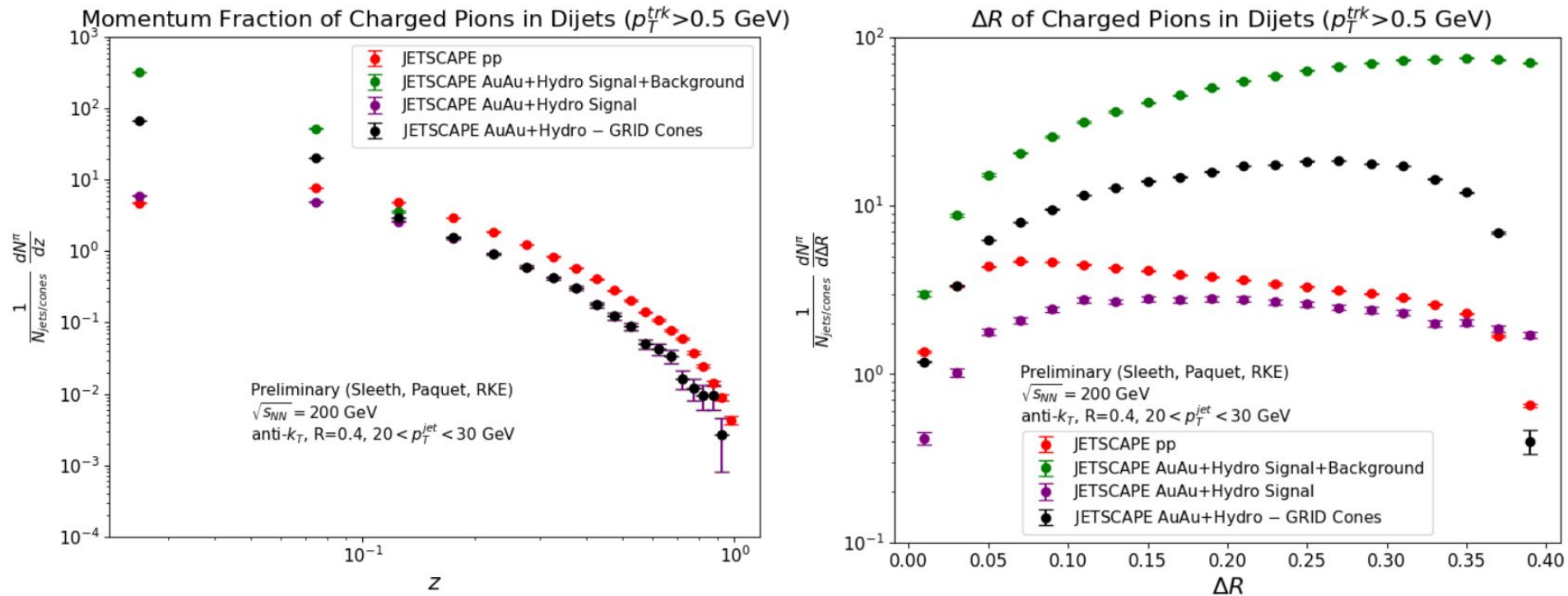




- Places cones in a grid spanning $|\eta| < 1.1$, and $\Delta\phi < 2\pi$ (ATLAS inner detector acceptance) and with radii of $R = 0.4$
- Charged particles of above $p_T = 6$ GeV will be excluded as well as cones within $\Delta R > 0.4$ of the jet
- Used in ATLAS Fragmentation Function Publications



Momentum Fraction and ΔR - Grid Cones



Summary

- First study of jet fragmentation and jet shape at RHIC energies using JETSCAPE
- Original plan was to study energy loss of jets through FF and jet shape of fragmentation photons, but needed a baseline → charged pions in jets
- Background subtraction methods from LHC do not work for background at RHIC for these observables → need to have a good one for future measurements
- Supported by DOE Awards DE-SC0024660 and DE-SC0024347



References

- David, Gabor. "Direct real photons in relativistic heavy ion collisions." Reports on Progress in Physics 83, no. 4 (2020): 046301.
- J. H. Putschke et al. The JETSCAPE framework. 3 2019.
- Mulligan, James. "The JETSCAPE Framework." Presentation at the Jet Tools Conference, University of Bergen, Norway, May 15, 2019. https://indico.cern.ch/event/771644/contributions/3417051/attachments/1844419/3025548/Jetscape_Bergen.pdf.
- CMS collaboration, S. Chatrchyan et al., "Measurement of jet fragmentation into charged particles in pp and PbPb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76$ TeV," Journal of High Energy Physics 2012, no. 10 (October 2012): 87, [https://doi.org/10.1007/JHEP10\(2012\)087](https://doi.org/10.1007/JHEP10(2012)087).
- ATLAS Collaboration, "Study of jet shapes in inclusive jet production in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV using the ATLAS detector," Physical Review D 83, no. 5 (2011): 052003, doi:10.1103/PhysRevD.83.052003
- ATLAS Collaboration. "Measurement of jet fragmentation in Pb+Pb and p+p collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$ TeV with the ATLAS detector." Physical Review C 98, no. 2 (2018): 024908. <https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevC.98.024908>



Backup



Observables

- Soft Sector: Flow harmonics (v_2, v_3), pion p_T spectra

$$v_n\{2\} = \sqrt{c_n\{2\}}$$
$$c_n\{2\} = \langle\langle 2 \rangle\rangle$$
$$\langle 2 \rangle = \frac{|Q_n|^2 - M}{M(M-1)}$$
$$Q_n \equiv \sum_{i=1}^M e^{in\phi_i}$$

- Hard Sector: Charged pion cross section, R_{AA}

$$\frac{1}{2\pi E} \frac{d\sigma}{dE dy} = \frac{1}{2\pi E_{avg}} \sigma_{PP} \frac{dN}{dE dy}$$
$$dN = \Delta N = \frac{N_\gamma}{N_{event}}$$
$$dy = \Delta y = y_{max} - y_{min}$$
$$dE = \Delta E = E_2 - E_1$$
$$E_{avg} = \frac{E_2 + E_1}{2}$$



Simulation Data Sets:

pp	10M Events	230138 Jets
AuAu+nPDF	10M Events	632 Jets
AuAu nPDF+Hydro	100k Events	14736 Subtr. Jets
AuAu+nPDF Quenched	10M Events	19416 Jets



Overview

- Motivation and Goal
- JETSCAPE Framework
- Observables
- Results:
 - Charged Pions
 - Fragmentation Photons
- Summary
- References



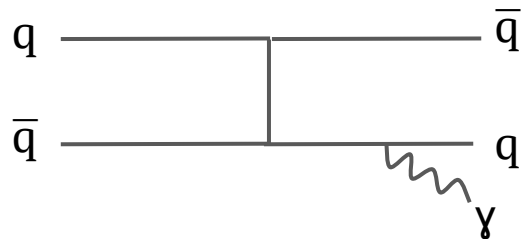
Analysis Parameters

- Particle pseudorapidity: $|1.1|$
- Jet pseudorapidity: $|1.1 - R|$
- Azimuthal acceptance: 2π
- Jet radius: $R = 0.4$
- $20 < p_T^{\text{jet}} < 30 \text{ GeV}$

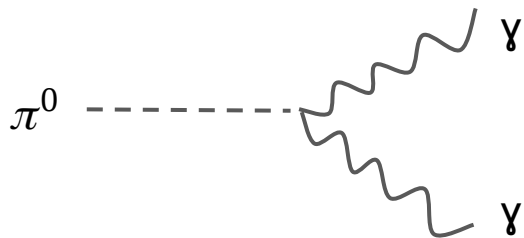


Motivation and Goal

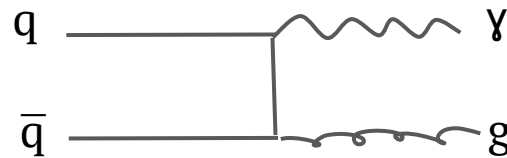
Fragmentation:



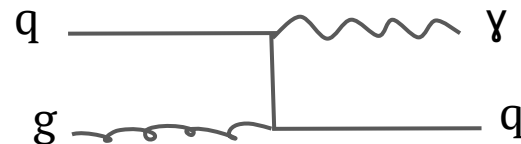
Neutral Pion (Hadron) Decay:



$q\bar{q}$ Annihilation:

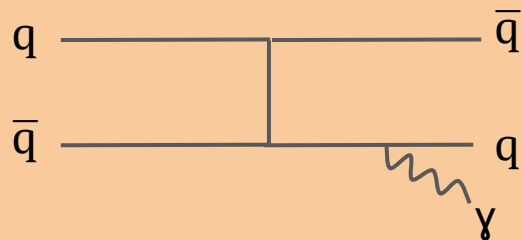


Hard QCD Compton Scattering:

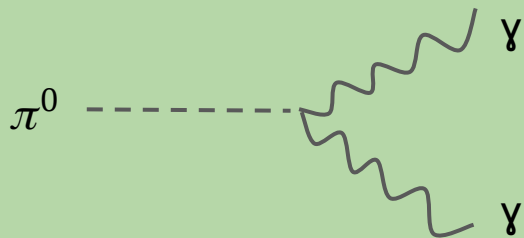


Motivation and Goal

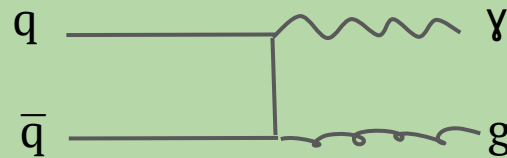
Fragmentation:



Neutral Pion (Hadron) Decay:



$q\bar{q}$ Annihilation:



Hard QCD Compton Scattering:



Results

- Momentum fraction (z) and Distance (ΔR) between charged pion and jet axis

WIP: Photon momentum
fraction from jet:

- pp
- AuAu Jets+nPDF
- AuAu Jets+nPDF+Hydro

WIP: Photon ΔR from jet:

- pp
- AuAu Jets+nPDF
- AuAu Jets+nPDF+Hydro



My JETSCAPE Configuration

- For AuAu Jets+Hydro: $\hat{p}_T$ between 15-100 GeV
 - nReuseHydro: 10 orders of magnitude less than nEvents (one hydro per 10 jets)
 - TRENTO: Parameters follow JETSCAPE publication of soft sector, centrality 0-10%
 - PYTHIA: HardQCD:all = on, PromptPhoton:all = off, Au nPDF EPS09LOR, HadronLevel:Decay = off
 - FREESTREAM: Parameters follow JETSCAPE publication of Au soft sector
 - MUSIC: Parameters follow JETSCAPE publication of Au soft sector
 - iSS: Parameters follow JETSCAPE publication of Au soft sector, repeated samples = 1
 - SMASH: Only decays enabled
 - MATTER: Parameters follow JETSCAPE publication of AuAu (hard sector)
 - LBT: Parameters follow JETSCAPE publication of AuAu (hard sector)



- For AuAu Only Hydro:
 - $n_{\text{ReuseHydro}} = 100$ orders of magnitude less than n_{Events} (100 hydro events)
 - TRENTO: Soft sector parameters, 0-10% centrality
 - FREESTREAM: Soft sector parameters
 - MUSIC: Soft sector parameters
 - iSS: Soft sector parameters
 - SMASH: Only decays enabled



- For AuAu Only Jets:
 - nReuseHydro >> nEvents (not necessary?)
 - TRENTO: Soft sector parameters, 0-10% centrality
 - PYTHIA: HardQCD:all = on, PromptPhoton:all = off, Au nPDF EPS09LOR, HadronLevel:Decay = off
 - MATTER: Hard sector AuAu parameters
 - LBT: Hard sector AuAu parameters



Observables

- Background subtraction methods:
 - FASTJET ρ *A background jet p_T subtraction
 - Full background subtraction:
 - Jets+nPDF+Hydro (quenching) - Only Hydro (random cone)
 - Ratios (show plots?):
 - Jets+nPDF+Hydro (no quenching) / Jets+nPDF (no quenching)
 - Jets+nPDF+Hydro (quenching) / Jets+nPDF (quenching)

